The Little OXFORD DICTIONARY OF CURRENT ENGLISH

COMPILED BY
GEORGE OSTLER

OXFORD
AT THE CLARENDON PRESS

PRONUNCIATION

1. **Accent.** The accentuation mark ' is usually placed at the end of the stressed syllable.

2. **Phonetic System.** Where the pronunciation of a word or part of a word cannot be shown by the ordinary spelling and markings, a phonetic spelling is given in round brackets immediately after the black-type word. The phonetic scheme is as follows:

CONSONANTS: b; ch (ch*i*n); d; dh (dh*e* = the); g (go); h; j; k; l; m; n; ng (sing); ngg (finger); p; r; s (si*p*); sh (sh*i*p); t; th (th*i*n); v; w; y; z; zh (vizh*n* = vision).

VOWELS: ā ē ī ō ū ōō (mate mete mite mote mute moot)
ă ĕ ĭ ŏ ŭ ŏŏ (rack reck rick rock ruck rook)
ār ēr īr ōr ūr (mare mere mire more mure)
är ėr ör (part pert port)
ah aw oi owr ow owr (bah bawl boil boor brow bower)

Vowels printed in italic within the brackets indicate vague sounds.

3. **Pronunciation without Respelling.** As far as possible pronunciation is shown without respelling by placing symbols over the word (e.g. ā, ă, ār, ėr, ōō, &c.) in the black type.

(a) The ordinary spelling often coincides with the phonetic system described in par. 2.

(b) The following additional symbols are used in the black type:
ȧ = i (ni'ȧcl, rȧi', cȯll'ege, priv'ȧt)
ïr ür = ėr (birth, burn)
ў ӯ = i, ī (impý, sūnnÿ)

(c) final *e* when unmarked is mute, i.e. not to be pronounced. Thus *ape* is to be pronounced āp. Where final *e* is pronounced, it is marked as in *ré'sumé*.

(d) Unless another pronunciation is indicated, the following letters and combinations have the usual values in English spelling which are shown alongside them:

Vowels.

ae = ē (aegis)
ai = ā (pain)
air = ār (fair)
au = aw (maul)
ay = ā (may)
ea, ee = ē (mean, meet)
ear, eer = ēr (fear, beer)
eu, ew = ū (feud, few)
ie = ē (thief)
ier = ēr (pier)
oa = ō (boat)
ou = ow (bound)
oy = oi (boy)

Consonants.

c is hard and = k (cob, cry, talc) but
c before e, i, y, is soft and = s (ice, icy, city)
dg = j (judgement)
g before e, i, y is soft and = j (age, gin, orgy)
n before k, 'hard' c, q, x = ng (zinc, uncle, tank, banquet, minx)

ñ indicates French nasalization of preceding vowel
ph = f (photo)
qu = kw (quilt)
tch = ch (batch)
x = ks (fox)

Thus in gem the pronunciation of g is not marked because it comes under the rule above: g before e, i, y, is soft and = j; but get is followed by (g) to show that here exceptionally g before e is hard, as in go.

(c) The following terminations have the values shown:

-age = ij (village)
-ate = it or ət (mandate)
-ey = i (donkey)
-ous = əs (furious)
-sm = zm (atheism, spasm)
-tion = shən (salvation)
-ture = -cher as well as -tūr esp. in common words.

☞ The principal symbols used to show the pronunciation are given at the foot of the pages, the series running across four consecutive pages.

SPECIAL SIGNS

* = originating in or used chiefly in the United States.
‖ = foreign word or phrase not thoroughly at home in English and commonly printed in italic.
P = proprietary term (see above)

ABBREVIATIONS

a., aa., adjective(s)
abbr., abbreviation
abs., absolute
acc., according
act., active
adj., adjective, -ival
adv., advs., adverb(s)
advl., adverbial
Alg., algebra
Amer. Ind., American Indian
Anat., anatomy
Anglo-Ind., Anglo-Indian
Ant., antiquities
arch., archaic
Archaeol., archaeology
Archit., architecture
Arith., arithmetic
Astrol., astrology
Astron., astronomy
attrib., attributive(ly)
Austral., Australasian

Bibl., biblical
Biol., biology
Bot., botany

c., cc., century, -ries
Chem., chemistry
collect., collective(ly)
colloq., colloquial(ly)
comb., combination
commerc., commercial
comp., comparative
conj., conjs., conjunction(s)
contempt., contemptuous(ly)
Crick., cricket

dial., dialect
Dynam., dynamics

eccl., ecclesiastical
E. Ind., East Indian
Electr., electricity
Entom., entomology
erron., erroneously

esp., especially
Eth., ethics
Etym., etymology
euphem., euphemism
Eur., European
ex., exx., example(s)
exc., except
excl., exclamation
expr., expressing

facet., facetiously
fem., feminine
fig., figurative(ly)
Footb., football
ft., foot, feet
fut., future

gal., gals., gallon(s)
G.B., Great Britain
gen., generally
Geog., geography
Geol., geology
Geom., geometry
Gk., Greek

Herald., heraldry
hist., historical
hr., hrs., hour(s)

imit., imitative
imperat., imperative
in., inch(es)
ind., indicative
inf., infinitive
int., interj. interjection
interrog., interrogative(ly)
intr., intransitive
Ir. Irish
irreg., irregular(ly)
i. & t., intr. & trans.

joc., jocose, jocular

leg., legal
lit., literal(ly)
Log., logic

Magn., magnetism
Math., mathematics
Mech., mechanics
Med., medicine
metaph., metaphorical(ly)
Metaphys., metaphysics
Meteor., meteorology
Mil., military
Min., mineralogy
mod., modern
Mus., music
Mythol., mythology

n., nn., noun(s)
N.-Amer., North-American
Nat. Hist., natural history
Naut., nautical
Nav. naval
neg., negative(ly)
nom., nominative
N.T., New Testament

obj., objective case
obs., obsolete
opp., (as) opposed (to)
Opt., optics

orig., original(ly)
Ornith., ornithology
O.T., Old Testament

P., proprietary
Parl., Parliament(ary)
part., participle
pass., passive(ly)
Path., pathology
pedant., pedantic(ally)
perf. perfect tense
perh., perhaps
pers., person
Philol., philology
Philos., philosophy
Photog., photography
phr., phrr., phrase(s)
Phys., physics
Physiol., physiology
pl., plural
poet., poetical
Pol., politics
Pol. Econ., political economy
pop., popular
p.p., past or passive participle
pr., pronounce(d)
pred. a., predicative adjective
pref., (as) prefix
prep., preps., preposition(s)
pres., present tense
Print., printing
prob., probable, -ably
pron., pronoun
pronunc., pronunciation
prop., proper(ly)
Pros., prosody
prov., proverb
provl., provincial
pt., past

R.C., Roman Catholic
ref., reference
refl., reflexive(ly)
rel., relative
repr., representing
rhet., rhetorical(ly)
Rom., Roman

Rom. Ant., Roman antiquities

s., singular
S.-Afr., South-African
S. Amer., South-American
Sc., Scotch
sch. sl., schoolboy slang
Sci., science
Sculp., sculpture
sent., sentence
sing., singular number
sl., slang
St. Exch., Stock Exchange
subj., subjective case
subj., subjunctive
suf., suffix
sup., superlative
Surg., surgery

tech., technical(ly)
telegr., telegraphy
theatr., theatrical
Theol., theology
trans., transitive(ly)
trans., by transference
transl., translation
Typ., typography
t. & i., trans. & intr.

U.K., United Kingdom
U.S., United States
usu., usually

v., vv., verb(s)
var., variant
v. aux., verb auxiliary
vb., vbl., verbal
v.i., verb intransitive
v. impers., verb impersonal
voc., vocal(ly)
v. refl., verb reflexive
v.t., verb transitive
vulg., vulgar

W.-Afr., West-African

yd., yds., yard(s)

Zool., zoology

LITTLE OXFORD DICTIONARY

A, a¹ (Mus.) 6th note in scale of C major.
a, an² (a, an; emphat. ā, ăn), a., one but no matter which.
a³, prep. on, in, to (now chiefly used in a-bed, a-foot, &c.).
aard-vark (ard-), n. S. Afr. quadruped between armadillos and ant-eaters. aard-wolf (ard-woolf) n. S. Afr. carnivore between hyenas and civets.
Aar'on (ār-), n. ~'s beard, ~'s rod, kinds of plant.
aback' adv. backwards, behind; taken ~, disconcerted, surprised.
ab'acus (-k-), n. frame used for calculating; (Archit.) upper member of capital, slab supporting architrave.
abaft' (-ah-), adv. in stern of ship, prep. towards stern.
aban'don, v.t. give up, surrender, in any manner. ~ed, a. profligate. ~ment, n.
abandonee' n. underwriter to whom salvage of wreck is abandoned.
abase' v.t. (-sable), humiliate, lower, degrade. ~ment, n.
abash' v.t. put out of countenance. ~ed, a.; ~ment, n.
abate' v.t. & i. (-table), diminish, make or become less; deduct; (Law) put an end to; make null and void. ~ment, n.
ab'atis, n. defence made of felled trees.
abattoir (ab'atwahr) n. public slaughter-house.
Ab'ba (-a-), n. Father.
ab'bacy n. office of an abbot.
abbé (ab'ā), n. French ecclesiastic.
ab'bess, n. head of a nunnery.
ab'bey (-bi), n. (pl. -eys), body of monks or nuns, monastic buildings, church of an abbey.
ab'bot, n. head of an abbey.
abbre'viate, v.t. shorten. ~tion, ~tor, nn.
A B C, n. alphabet; rudiments.
ab'dicate, v.t. & i. renounce formally or by default. ~tion, ~tor, nn.
ab'domen (or abdō'), n. hinder part of an insect, &c. abdom'inal, a.
abduct' v.t. carry off illegally; (of muscle &c.) draw from normal position. ~ion, ~or, nn.
abeam' adv. on a line running from a ship at right angles to her length.
abe'le, n. the white poplar.
aberdevine', n. bird allied to goldfinch, siskin.
aberra'tion, n. mental or moral slip or error; deviation from type; displacement of heavenly body's true position to observer. aber'rant, a. ~rance, n.
abet' v.t. (-tt-), countenance or assist. ~ment, ~tor, nn.
abey'ance (-bā-), n. suspension, temporary disuse.
ab ex'tra, from outside.
abhor' v.t. (-rr-), regard with disgust and hatred, detest. ~rence, n.; ~rent, a.
abide' v.t. & i. (abōde, also abided), dwell; remain, continue; submit to, abide by (comp., by terms, &c.). ~ding, a.
ab'igail, n. lady's-maid.
abil'ity n. power to do a thing; cleverness, mental faculty.
ab init'io, from the beginning.
abiogen'esis, n. spontaneous generation.
ab'ject, a. craven, degraded. n. abject person. ~tion, n.
abjure' (-joor), v.t. (-rable) renounce on oath. ~ation, n.
ab'lative, a. & n. case in Latin nouns, expressing agent, &c.
ab'laut (owt), n. vowel-change in related words.
ablaze' adv. & pred. a. on fire; excited; glittering.
a'ble, a. (abler, ablest), having the power; talented. ~bodied, a. robust, skilled. a'bly adv.
ablu'tion (-loo-), n. ceremonial or ordinary personal washing.

ab'negate, *v.t.* (-gable), deny oneself, renounce. ~tion, ~tor, *nn.*
abnor'mal, *a.* (-lly), exceptional, deviating from type. ~ity *n.*
aboard' (-ōrd), *adv.* & *prep.* on board; 'on a train; alongside.
abode' *n.* dwelling-place.
abode, *p.t.* & *p.p.* of abide.
abol'ish, *v.t.* do away with. ~ment, ~tion, *nn.*
aboli'tionist (-shon-), *n.* supporter of movement against negro slavery.
abom'inable, *a.* detestable, revolting.
abom'inate, *v.t.* loathe, detest. ~tion, ~tor, *nn.*
abori'ginal, *a.* (-lly), indigenous, existing at dawn of history. *n.* aboriginal inhabitant, plant, &c.
abori'gines (-ēz), *n. pl.* aboriginal inhabitants.
abort', *v.i.* miscarry; become sterile.
abor'tion, *n.* miscarriage; dwarfed or misshapen creature. ~ist, *n.* one who procures abortion.
abor'tive, *a.* premature; fruitless.
abound' *v.i.* be plentiful; be rich in; be infested with.
about' *adv.* around from outside or centre; astir; approximately. *prep.* around; near; at a time near to.
above' (-ŭv), *adv.* higher up, overhead, up stream; in addition to. *prep.* over, higher than; of higher rank, &c. than. ~board, without concealment.
abracadab'ra, *n.* cabalistic word used as spell; gibberish.
abrade' *v.t.* (-dable), scrape off, injure by rubbing.
abra'sion (-zhn), *n.* rubbing off; wound made by scraping. **abra'sive**, *a.* grazing; grinding down.
abreast' (-rĕst), on a level and facing the same way; not behind.
abridge' *v.t.* (-geable), condense, shorten; curtail. ~ment, *n.*
abroach' *adv.* pierced to let liquor run from cask.
abroad' (-awd), *adv.* widely; in different directions; away from one's country.
ab'rogate, *v.t.* (-gable), repeal, cancel. ~tion, ~tor, *nn.*
abrupt', *a.* sudden, hasty, disconnected, steep.
ab'scess (-sĕs), *n.* collection of pus in cavity of the body.
abscond' *v.i.* go away secretly; fly from the law. ~ence, *n.*
ab'sence, *n.* being away; non-existence; abstracted state.
ab'sent[1] *a.* not present; not existing. ~-minded, *a.* abstracted. ~ly, *adv.* in absent-minded way.
absent'[2] *v. refl.* to keep away purposely.
absentee', *n.* person not present; landlord living away from home. ~ism, *n.* this practice among landlords.
ab'sinth, *n.* wormwood; liqueur made from this.
ab'sit ō'men! may a suggested foreboding not be realized.
ab'solute (-ōōt), *a.* complete, entire, perfect; unqualified. ~ly, *adv.* in an absolute manner or sense; (colloq.) quite so, yes.
absolu'tion (-ōō-), *n.* forgiveness, esp. eccl. declaration of pardon.
ab'solutism (-ōōt-), *n.* principle of despotic government. ~ist.
absolve' *v.t.* set or pronounce free; acquit.
absorb' *v.t.* swallow up; assimilate; suck up; engross the attention of. ~ability, *n.*
absorb'ent, *a.* tending to absorb. *n.* such substance, organ, &c.
absorp'tion, *n.* the act of absorbing. ~tive, *a.*; ~tivity, *n.*
abstain' *v.i.* keep oneself away; refrain; drink no alcohol. ~er, *n.* one who abstains from all alcoholic liquors.
abstem'ious, *a.* sparing or moderate in food, drink, &c.
absten'tion, *n.* the act of refraining or holding back.
abster'gent, *a.* cleansing. *n.* cleansing substance. **abster'sion**, *n.*; ~sive, *a.*
ab'stinence, *n.* refraining from food, pleasure, &c. total ~, abstaining from alcohol. ~ent, *a.*
ab'stract[1] *a.* not concrete; ideal,

theoretical; abstract, n. essence summary.
abstract' v.t. deduct, take away; steal; summarise. —ed, a. absent-minded.
abstrac'tion, n. withdrawal; stealing; absent-mindedness.
abstruse (-s' a. hard to understand; profound.
absurd' a. unreasonable, ridiculous. —ity n.
abun'dance, n. plenty, more than enough, affluence, wealth.
abun'dant, a. plentiful, rich.
Abu Ben Ad'hem n. from Leigh Hunt's translation (a rich)
abuse (a v.t. (-z), maltreat, treat one of; revile. (-s n. misuse; corrupt practice; ill usage.
abu'sive, a. insulting, vituperative. —ness, n.
abut v.t. & i. (-tt-), border upon, touch upon. —ment, n. —ter, n. owner of adjoining property.
abut'ment, n. lateral support, masonry supporting end of arch, &c.
aby' (-i) v.t. pay the penalty of.
abysm abyss n. the bowels of the earth, bottomless or deep chasm. abys'mal (-z-), a. bottomless. abys'sal, a. more than 300 fathoms below sea-surface.
aca'cia (-sha), n. genus of tree some species of which yield gum arabic.
academ'ic, a. of an academy, scholarly; abstract, unpractical. n. member of university. (pl.) academic arguments. —ally, adv.
academ'ical, a. of college or university. n.pl. college costume.
academi'cian, n. member of an academy, esp. the Royal Academy of Arts.
acad'emy n. place of study, university, college, or school; place of special training; society for cultivating art, learning, &c.
acan'thus, n. kinds of plant, esp. bear's-breech.
Acca'dian, a. of Accad. n. a language found in cuneiform inscriptions.
accede' (aks-), v.i. consent; agree; enter an office; join a party.

accelera'ndo (-ks-), adv. with gradually increasing pace. a. so performed. n. passage so performed.
accel'erate (aks-), v.t. & i. (-atable), make quicker; cause to happen earlier. —tion, n. —tor, n. person or thing that increases any thing's speed, esp. an attachment in motor-cars for this purpose.
ac'cent (aks-), n. prominence given to a syllable by stress or higher musical pitch, national or other peculiar mode of pronunciation; (pl.) speech, rhythmical stress. accent' (aks-), v.t. pronounce with accent; emphasise. —ual, a.; —uate, v.t.; —uation, n.
accept (aks-), v.t. & i. to receive (gift, &c.); answer affirmatively (offer, &c.); treat as true; agree to meet (bill). —able, a. worth accepting, welcome. —ability, n. —ance, n. a consent to receive; accepted bill. —ation, n. sense in which a word is used. accep'tor, n. one who accepts bill; (Wireless) a tuned oscillatory circuit, consisting of inductance and capacity in series, of very low resistance to currents of the frequency to which it is tuned.
ac'cess (aks-), n. approach; addition; attack (of illness). —ible, a. able to be reached. —ibility, n.
accessary (aks'... ak'ses-), n. helper in, or privy to, an act.
accession (aks-shn), n. coming to the throne; acceding to office; attaining to manhood; addition.
accessory (aks-'... ak'ses-), a. additional, adventitious. n. such thing accompaniment.
ac'cidence (aks-), n. part of grammar dealing with inflexions.
ac'cident (aks-), n. event without apparent cause; unexpected event; unintentional act; mishap. —al, a.; —ally, adv.
acclaim' v.t. welcome loudly; hail. n. shout of applause.
acclama'tion, n. loud and eager assent; (pl.) shoutings.

acclī'matize, acclī'mate v.t. (-atable) habituate to new climate. ~tization, acclimation, n.n.

acclĭv'ity, n. an upward slope.

accolāde (or -ahd), n. ceremony of conferring knighthood; (Mus.) vertical line or brace coupling staves.

accommodāte, v.t. (-dable) adapt, harmonize; reconcile; find lodging for. ~ting, a. obliging. ~tion, n. adaptation, adjustment; settlement; lodging; loan. ~tor, n.

accompany (-ŭm-), v.t. (-iable), go with, escort, attend; (Mus.) perform a subsidiary part. ~iment, n. accompanying thing; (Mus.) subsidiary part. ~ist, n.

accom'plice, n. partner in crime or guilt.

accom'plish, v.t. perform, carry out, succeed in doing. ~ment, n. achievement, fulfilment; (pl.) attainments.

accord', v.i. & t. to agree, be consistent with; grant, give. n. consent; treaty of peace; harmony, agreement. ~ance, n.; ~ant, a.

accord'ing, adv. in accordance; ~ as, in proportion as; ~ to, in a manner consistent with; on the authority of.

accord'ingly adv. consequently.

accor'dion, n. portable musical instrument with bellows, keys, and metal reeds. ~ist, n.

accost' v.t. make up to and address; solicit.

accouchement (ăkōōsh'mahn), n. lying-in, delivery.

accoucheur (ăkōōshėr'), n. man midwife; (fem.) ~euse, midwife.

account v.t. & i. consider, regard; give reckoning for; answer, explain. n. counting, reckoning; statement of money received and expended; explanation; ground, reason; narration, account'ancy, n.

account'able, a. responsible, liable; explicable. ~ability, n.

accoun'tant, n. keeper or inspector of accounts.

accou'trements (-ōō-), n.pl. equipment, trappings. accou'tred (-ōōterd), a. equipped, attired.

accred'it, v.t. gain credit for, dispose one to believe; send out with credentials; attribute to. ~ed, a.

accrē'tion, n. growth by organic enlargement; increase by external additions.

accrue (-ōō-), v.i. to come to; increase; be added.

accū'mulāte, v.t. & i. (-lable), heap up, get together; produce or acquire; grow numerous. ~tion, n.; ~tive, a.

accū'mulātor, n. apparatus for storing electricity.

ăcc'ūrate, a. precise, exact, correct. ~acy, n.

accur'sed, a. detestable, annoying; (also accurst) lying under a curse.

accū'sative (-z-), a. & n., ~ case or accusative, that used in Greek and Latin for goal of motion or object of action.

accūse' (-z) v.t. (-sable), indict, charge; lay the blame on. ~sation, n.; ~satorial, ~satory a.a.

accus'tom, v.t. habituate. ~ed, a.

ace, n. the one on dice, cards, &c.; one point at racquets, &c.; (Tennis) service that beats opponent; (Mil.) French airman who has destroyed ten or more hostile aircraft.

Acel'dama (-k-), n. scene of bloodshed or butchery.

acerb'ity, n. bitterness of speech, temper, &c.; sourness, harsh taste.

acē'tic (or -ĕt-), a. of vinegar, sour. ~ acid, acid which gives sourness to vinegar. ă'cetāted, a. treated with acetic acid.

acĕt'ify v.t. & i. (-fiable), turn into vinegar; make or become sour. ~fication, n.

ă'cetone, n. colourless liquid used as solvent.

ă'cetous, a. of vinegar, sour.

acĕt'ylēne, n. colourless gas burning with bright flame.

Achā'tēs (akā'tēz), n. faithful friend.

ache (āk), v.i. suffer continuous or prolonged pain. n. such pain.
achieve' v.t. (-vable), accomplish, perform; attain, acquire, reach. —ment, n. feat achieved; accomplishment.
Achromat'ic (ăk-), a. free from colour; transmitting light without decomposing it. achromatically adv. achro'matism, n., achromatic quality. —tise, v.t. make achromatic.
A'cid, a. sour, sharp. n. sour substance; (Chem.) any of a class of compounds of other elements with hydrogen, most of which are sour. —test, one in which acid is applied to test genuineness, &c.; (fig.) crucial test. acid'ify v.t. & i. —ification, —ity n.
acidim'eter, n. instrument for strength of acids.
acid'ulous, a. somewhat acid. —ulated, a. made acidulous.
ack emma, a., adv. & n. (sl.), a.m.; (sl.) air-mechanic.
acknowledge (ăknŏl'ĭj), v.t. (-geable), admit the truth of, admit, own; announce receipt of letter, &c.; express appreciation of services, &c. acknowledgement, n. thing given or done in return for a service, &c.
aclin'ic, a., —line, magnetic equator on which magnetic needle has no dip.
ac'me, n. highest point.
ac'ne, n. pimply disease.
ac'olyte, n. inferior officer in church attending priest.
ac'onite, n. the plant monk's-hood; the poison found in it.
a'corn, n. fruit of the oak. —shell, cirriped allied to barnacles.
acotyle'don, n. plant with no distinct seed-lobes. —ous, a.
acous'tic, a. of the sense of hearing. —al, a.; acoustically adv.
Acous'tics, n. the science treating of the laws of sound.
Acquaint' v.t. make aware or familiar; inform.
acquain'tance, n. being acquainted with (person, fact, &c.); person one knows. —ship, n.

Acquiesce' v.i. agree esp. tacitly; not object. Acquies'cence, n. —ent, a.
acquire' v.t. (-rable) gain, get, come to have. —ment, n.; (pl.) mental attainments.
Acquisi'tion (-z-), n. the thing acquired; useful addition. —itive, a. desirous of acquiring.
acquit' v.t. (-tt-), declare not guilty, free of blame &c.; refl. perform one's part. —tal, n. deliverance from a charge by verdict, &c. —tance, n. payment of or release from debt; receipt in full.
A'cre (ā'ker), n. measure of land, 4,840 sq. yds.; (pl.) lands, fields. —age, number of acres, extent of land.
Ac'rid, a. bitterly pungent; of bitter temper, &c. acrid'ity n.
Ac'rimony, n. bitterness of temper. Acrimo'nious, a.
Ac'robat, n. rope-dancer, tumbler. Acrobat'ic, a.; —ism, n.
acrop'olis, n. citadel or elevated part of a Greek city, esp. Athens.
across' (-aws), prep. and adv. from side to side; to or on the other side; across one another.
acros'tic, n. poem, &c. in which first or first and last letters of lines form word(s).
Act, n. thing done, deed; decree of legislative body; main division of play. v.t. & i. perform, play one's part; personate character; carry out.
Ac'tinism, n. property of sun's rays that produces chemical changes, as in photography.
Actin'ium, n. radio-active substance found in pitchblende.
Ac'tion, n. doing, working, exertion of energy; thing done; mode or style of movement of horse, machine, batsman, &c.; mechanism of instrument; legal process; battle. v.t. bring an action against. —able, a. affording grounds for an action.
Ac'tive, a. working, acting, operative; consisting in or marked by action; energetic, diligent;

(Gram.) attributing the verbal action to the person or thing whence it proceeds. ~ voice, active of transitive and all forms of intransitive verbs.
ac'tivate, v.t. make (radio-)active.
activ'ity, n. exertion of energy; (pl.) spheres of action.
ac'tor, n. dramatic performer; a doer. ac'tress, n.
ac'tual, a. existing, real; present, current.
actual'ity, n. reality; realism.
ac'tualize, v.t. realize in action; treat realistically. ~zation, n.
ac'tually, adv. in actual fact; for the time being.
ac'tuary, n. expert authority on rates of mortality and insurance statistics. actuar'ial, a.
ac'tuate, v.t. (-atable), serve as motive to; communicate motion to. ~ation, n.
acu'ity, n. sharpness, acuteness.
acu'men, n. keen perception, penetration.
acute, a. sharp, keen, penetrating; clever; (of disease) coming sharply to a crisis, not chronic; (of letter) bearing acute accent. ~ accent, stress mark (').
ad, n. advertisement (colloq.).
ad'age, n. proverb, saw.
‖ adagio (adah'jyō), adv. (in music) slowly. n. slow movement.
Ad'am (ă-), n. the first man. ~'s ale or wine, water. ~'s apple, a cartilaginous projection of the throat.
ad'amant, n. impenetrably hard substance. ~ine, a.
adapt', v.t. suit, fit; modify, alter. ~ability, ~ation, nn.; ~ive, a.
‖ ad captan'dum (vulgus), to take the fancy (of the mob).
add, v.t. & i. join by way of increase or supplement. ~ up or together, find the sum of.
adden'dum, n. (pl. -da), something added, additional remark.
add'er, n. small venomous snake. ~'s-tongue, kind of fern.
addict', v.t. devote or habituate oneself to. (~'ed) n. one addicted to specified drug, &c. ~ion, n.
addi'tion, n. adding; thing added.
addi'tional (-shon-), a. (-lly), added, extra.
ad'dle, a. (of egg) rotten, producing no chicken; muddled, crazy. v.t. make or grow addled. ~-headed or -brained, a. confused in mind.
address', v.t. to direct in speech or writing; write directions for delivery on cover of letter, &c.; apply oneself. n. speech delivered to audience; manner, bearing; superscription of letter; place of residence; (pl.) courtship. ~ee', n. person to whom letter &c. is addressed.
adduce', v.t. (-cible), cite as proof or instance.
adduct', v.t. (of muscles) draw to a common centre. ~ion, n.
ad'enoids (-z), n.pl. spongy tissue at back of nose, often hindering breathing.
adept', a. thoroughly proficient. n. skilled person.
ad'equate, a. sufficient, such as meets the case. ~acy, n.
‖ à deux (ah dêr'), for two.
‖ ad eun'dem, adv. Admitted ~, to the same degree (at another university).
adhere' (-h-), v.i. stick fast to. adhe'sion (-h-), n. adhe'rent (-h-), n. a supporter. a. sticking; due or incident to.
adhe'sion (-hezhn), n. the act of adhering or sticking. ~ive, a. sticking, sticky.
‖ ad hoc, for this purpose.
adian'tum, n. kinds of fern, esp. the black maiden-hair.
adieu (adū'), int. & n. good-bye.
‖ ad infini'tum, for ever.
‖ ad in'terim, for the meantime.
ad'ipose, a. of fat, fatty. adipos'ity, n.
ad'it, n. horizontal entrance to, or passage in, a mine.
adja'cent, a. lying near to, contiguous. ~ncy, n.
ad'jective, n. name of an attribute, added to a thing to describe it more fully. a. additional, not standing by itself. ~i'val, a.

adjoin', v.t. be adjacent to.

adjourn (-jern'), v.t. & i. put off till another time; defer. ~ment, n.

adjudge', v.t. (-jer-, &c.), pronounce judgement on; condemn; award (prize, &c.). ~ment, n.

adju'dicate (-joo'-), v.t. & i. to pronounce judicially upon. ~tion, ~tor, ns.; ~tive, a.

ad'junct, n. subordinate or incidental thing; accompaniment; (Gram.) amplification of predicate, subject, &c.

adjure (-joor'), v.t. (-ra-) charge or request solemnly or earnestly. ~ration, n.

adjust', v.t. arrange, put in order; harmonize; adapt. ~ment, n.

ad'jutant (-joo-), n. army officer assisting superior by communicating orders, conducting correspondence, &c. ~general, assisting general thus. ~ancy, n.

ad'jutant (-joo-), n. large Indian stork.

‖ ad lib'itum, at pleasure.

admin'ister, v.t. & i. (-ad-) manage (affairs, estate, &c.); dispense, supply, furnish, give. ~tration, n. act of administering; the ministry, Government. ~trative, a.; ~trator, n.; ~tratrix, n. (fem. -trices).

ad'mirable, a. worthy of admiration; excellent.

ad'miral, n. (hist., in full Lord High Admiral) commander-in-chief of the navy; naval officer commanding of fleet or squadron; ship carrying the admiral; commander of fishing or merchant fleet. ~ship, n. Red, White ~, kinds of butterfly.

ad'miralty, n. office of admiral; the (Lords Commissioners of) A~, branch of executive superintending the navy; (liter.) command of the seas.

admire', v.t. approve warmly of; look with wonder and pleasure at; (colloq.) compliment, person on. Admira'tion, n. admir'er, n. one who admires; a lover.

admiss'ible, a. capable of being admitted or allowed. ~bility, n.

admis'sion (-shn), n. act of admitting; fee for admitting; acknowledgement of error, &c.

admit', v.t. & i. (-tt-), let in, allow entrance of; accept as valid; acknowledge. ~tance, n. ~tedly, adv. confessedly.

admix', v.t. add as ingredient, mix with. ~ture, n.

admon'ish, v.t. exhort, warn, reprove. ~ment, n.

admoni'tion, n. warning, reproof. admon'itory, a.

‖ ad nause'am, to a disgusting extent.

ado (adoo'), n. fuss; difficulty.

ado'be, n. unburnt brick dried in the sun.

adoles'cent, a. between childhood and manhood or womanhood. n. an adolescent person. ~ence, ~ency, ns.

Ado'nis, n. a beautiful youth loved by Venus; beau, dandy.

ad'onize, v.t. & i. adorn; adorn oneself.

adopt', v.t. take into a relationship; take as one's child; take another's idea; choose (profession, &c.). ~ion, n.; ~ive, a.

ador'able, a. worthy of love; (colloq.) charming, delightful.

adora'tion, n. homage; worship.

adore', v.t. regard with deep respect and affection; worship; pay divine honours to.

ador'er, n. an admirer, lover.

adorn', v.t. deck with ornaments; add beauty to, be an ornament to. ~ment, n.

‖ ad rem, to the purpose.

adre'nal, a. near the kidney. n. the suprarenal capsule. adre'nalin, n. a secretion of the adrenal ductless glands; this extracted from animals for medicinal use.

adrift', adv. in a drifting state (fig.) at the mercy of circumstances.

adroit', a. dexterous, skilful.

adscititious (-tish'us), a. added from without; supplemental.

‖ adscrip'tus gle'bae, a. (of serf) attached to the soil.

‖ ad'sum, I am here.

ad'ūlāte, v.t. (-latable), flatter basely. ~tion, ~tor, nn.; ~tory a.

adult' a. grown up; mature. n. a grown-up person.

adul'terate, v.t. (-rable), falsify by mixing with baser ingredients. ~tion, ~tor, nn.

adul'terate a. spurious, counterfeit; stained by taint of adultery. ~ant, a. used in adulterating. n. such substance.

adul'tery, n. sexual intercourse of man with woman not his wife, either or both being married. adul'terer, ~ess, nn. adul'terine (or -ral), a. of adultery; adulterated, spurious. ~rous, a. guilty of adultery.

ad'umbrate (or adum'-), v.t. (-rable), sketch in outline; indicate faintly; foreshadow; overshadow. ~tion, n.; ~tive a.

ad un'guem (ŭng'gwem) (-ngw-), highly finished.

adust' a. parched; sunburnt.

ad valor'em, in proportion to estimated value of goods.

advance' (-vah-) v.t. & i. (-ceable) move or put forward; help on; make claim, &c.; hasten event; lend money; raise price. n. going forward; progress; overture; rise in price; loan. ~ment, n.

advanced' (-vah-), a. in the front rank. ~ student, ~ studies, not elementary. ~ ideas, ~ thinkers, ahead of the times.

advan'tage (-vah-), n. stronger position, superiority, gain; favourable circumstance; (Tennis) next point won after deuce. v.t. be an advantage to; help, profit.

advanta'geous (-jus), a. giving advantage; beneficial to.

ad'vent, n. season before the Nativity; the Incarnation; coming of important person or event.

adventi'tious (-shus), a. accidental, casual.

adven'ture, n. unexpected or exciting experience; daring enterprise. v.t. & i. to risk, venture.

adven'turer (-cher-), n. one who seeks adventures; speculator; one who lives by his wits. ~ess, n.

adven'turous (-cher-), a. venturesome, enterprising.

ad'verb, n. word qualifying an adjective, verb, or adverb. ~ial, a.

ad ver'bum, word for word.

ad'versary n. antagonist, enemy.

ad'verse, a. opposed, hostile; placed opposite. ~sative, a. (of word) expressing opposition.

adver'sity, n. trouble; misfortune.

advert' v.i. refer or allude to.

ad'vertise (-z), v.t. & i. (-sable) give public notice of by placards; announce for sale, or make one's wants known, in newspapers, &c.; notify. adver'tisement, n.

advice' n. opinion given as to future action; information; (pl.) notice of dispatch of goods; communications from a distance.

advi'sable (-z-) a. expedient, judicious. ~bility n.

advise' (-z), v.t. & i. give advice to; take counsel with; announce consignment; notify. advi'ser, n. counsellor, esp. person habitually consulted.

advised' (-zd), a. deliberate; judicious. advi'sedly adv.

advi'sory (-z-), a. giving advice.

ad vi'tam aut culpam, during good behaviour.

ad'vocate n. one who pleads for another; professional pleader; one who supports or speaks in favour of a policy &c. ad'vocate v.t. (-cable) to plead for or support policy &c. ad'vocacy, n. support, recommendation, of policy, &c.

advowson (-z-), n. right of presentation to a benefice.

ad'ytum, n. (pl. -ta), innermost part of temple; sanctum.

adze, n. kind of axe with arched blade.

ae'dile, n. Roman magistrate superintending public works, &c.

ae'ger, n. note certifying that student is ill.

aegis, n. shield of Zeus or Athena; impregnable defence.

aegro'tat, n. certificate that student is too ill to attend examination, &c.

Aeo'lian, a. of Aeolis; of Aeolus, god of winds. ~ harp, instrument giving musical sounds on exposure to wind.

ae'on, ē'on, n. immense period.

ā'erāte, v.t. [illegible], expose to action of air; charge with carbon dioxide. ~tion, n.

aer'ial (er ĭ-), a. of air, gaseous; ethereal; existing in the air. n. (Wireless) collecting wire.

aerie, aery (ā er-, ē r-), n. nest of bird that builds high up; dwelling perched high up.

ā'eriform, a. of the form of air, gaseous; unsubstantial.

aero- (er ō-), in comb., air, of aircraft. Aerobat'ics, n.pl. feats of aerial aviation. A'erobus, n. [illegible] aeroplane. ~drome, n. aviation ground. ~foil, aeroplane wing or plane. ~gram, n. wireless message. ~lift dropping, n. [illegible].

ā'erolite, ~lith, n. meteorite.

aerodynam'ics, n.pl. the physics of gases in motion.

ā'eronaut (er ō-), n. aerial navigator. ~ic, ~ical, a.

ā'eroplane (er ō-), n. a flying machine heavier than air using planes.

ā'erostat, n. balloonist. ~ic, a.

aerostat'ics, n.pl. physics of gases in equilibrium; science of air navigation.

Aescula'pian, n. god of medicine; a physician.

aesthet'ic, a. concerned with appreciation of the beautiful. ~al, a.; ~ism, ~s, n. aes'thete, n. appreciator of beauty.

aetat'is, ae'tat., aet., pred. a. aged, of or at the age of.

aetiol'ogy, n. assignment of a cause. ~ical, a.

afar', adv. at a distance.

af'fable, a. easy of address, courteous. ~bility, n.

affair', n. business, concern.

affect', v.t. produce an effect on; pose, pretend; move, touch the feelings.

affecta'tion, n. artificial manner; pretentious display.

affec'ted, a. disposed; full of affectation.

affec'tion, n. goodwill, love; bodily disease. ~ate, a. loving.

affi'ance, v.t. (-ced, -ing), promise in marriage. n. trust; betrothal.

affida'vit, n. written statement on oath.

affil'iate, v.t. (-iating), adopt, attach to; fix paternity and maintenance of illegitimate child on. ~tion, ~tor, nn.

affin'ity, n. relationship; resemblance; attraction; (Chem.) tendency of elements to unite.

affirm', v.t. & i. state as a fact; make affirmation. affirma'tion, n. (esp.) declaration by one who conscientiously declines oath. ~ative, a. affirming; n. in phr. the answer is in the affirmative. ~atory, a.

affix', v.t. fasten, append, attach. af'fix, n. thing affixed, addition, prefix or suffix.

affla'tus, n. inspiration.

afflict', v.t. distress, trouble; (pass.) be troubled. ~ion, n. distress, pain.

af'fluence (-lōō-), n. wealth, abundance.

af'fluent (-lōō-), a. rich, abundant. n. tributary stream.

af'flux, n. a flow to a point.

afford', v.t. spare time or money for; supply, furnish.

affor'est, v.t. convert into a forest. ~ation, n.

affray', n. breach of the peace by fighting or riot.

affright' (-rīt), v.t. frighten. n. alarm, terror.

affront' (-unt), v.t. insult openly; face defiantly. n. open insult.

affu'sion (-zhn), n. pouring on, esp. of water in baptism.

afield', adv. on, in, or to the field; away, at a distance.

aflame', adv. in flames, in a glow.

afloat', adv. in a floating condition; at sea; out of debt.

à fond (ah fawn'), thoroughly.

afoot', adv. on foot, in progress.

afore', adv. in front. prep. in

front of. ~named, ~said, previously named, &c. ~thought, premeditated. ~time, previously.
à fortiō'rī, with stronger reason.
afraid', a. in fear, feeling fear or dread; timid.
afresh' adv. with a fresh start.
Afrikaans' (ā-; -ahns), n. one of the official languages of S. Africa.
Afrikan'der (ā-), n. native of S. Africa born of European (esp. Dutch) settlers. ~ Bond, organization for furtherance of Afrikander interests.
aft (ah-), adv. in, near to, or towards stern of ship.
af'ter (ah-), adv. behind; later. prep. behind; past (an hour) in pursuit or quest of; about, concerning; later than; according to. conj. after the time at which. a. later hinder.
af'terbirth, n. membrane enveloping foetus in womb.
af'ter-crop, n. a second crop.
af'terdamp, n. gas left in mine after fire-damp explosion.
af'terglow (-ō), n. glow in the west after sunset.
af'termath, n. grass growing after first crop is mown; results.
af'termost (ah-), adv. most aft.
afternoon', n. time between noon and evening.
af'terthought (-awt), n. idea, &c. that occurs to one later.
af'terwards (ah-, -z), adv. later subsequently.
aga (ag'a, ahgah'), n. chief officer in Mohammedan countries.
again adv. another time, once more; further besides.
against' prep. in opposition to in contrast to in anticipation of. conj. by the time that.
agape' adv. open-mouthed.
ag'ate, n. kinds of chalcedony.
agā'vē, n. kinds of plant, including the American aloe.
āge, n. length of life or existence; historical or other period; (colloq.) a long time. v.t. & i. (-ging), grow old; show signs of age; cause to grow old. ~less, a. never growing old.

aged, a. (ājd) of the age of; (ā'jĭd) old; (of horses) over six years old.
ā'gency, n. active operation, action; instrumentality; office of agent; business establishment.
agen'da, n.pl. items of business to be considered at meeting.
ā'gent, n. person or thing producing an effect; one who represents a person or firm in business.
agent provocateur (ah'zhahn provokahter'), person employed to detect suspected offenders by tempting them to overt action.
agglom'erate, v.t. & i. (-rable), collect into a mass. ~tion, n. a mass. ~tive, a.
agglut'inate (-loo-), v.t. & i. (-nable), unite as with glue; turn into glue; form (words) into compounds. ~tion, n.; ~tive, a.
ag'grandize, v.t. (-zable), increase power rank, or wealth of (State, person). ~ment, n.
ag'gravate, v.t. (-vable), increase the gravity of; (colloq.) annoy. ~tion, ~tor, n.
ag'gregate, a. collected, total. n. whole collection, sum total; broken stone for concrete. v.t. & i. (-gable), collect together unite. ~tion n.; ~tive, a.
aggre'ssion (-shn), n. unprovoked attack. ~sive, a.; ~sor, n.
aggrieved (-vd), a. injured, having a grievance.
aghast (-gahst), a. terrified, amazed.
a'gile, a. quick-moving; nimble, active. agil'ity, n.
a'gio (or ă-), n. (pl. -os), charge for changing paper-money into cash or one currency into another. ~tage, n. exchange business.
a'gitate, v.t. & i. (-table), shake about; disturb, excite; discuss. ~tion, n. disturbed state of mind; keeping of a matter before the public. ~tor, n.
ag'let, aig'let, n. metal tag of a lace; tag or spangle as ornament of a dress; catkin.
ag'nail, n. torn skin at root of finger-nail; resulting soreness.

Ag'nate, a. descended from same male ancestor; of same clan or nation. n. such person.
Ag'nomen, n. additional name.
agnos'tic, n. one who holds that nothing is to be known of a God or of anything but material phenomena. a. of or holding this theory. —ism, n.
Ag'nus Dei (ā-), part of Mass.
ago', ago'ne, a. (of past time) from now
agog', adv. eager; on the look-out.
Ag'onize, v.i. & t. cause agony to, torture; make desperate efforts.
Ag'ony, n. intense bodily or mental suffering; a severe struggle.
Agorapho'bia, n. morbid dread of public places.
Agra'rian, a. relating to landed property; of cultivated land. n. advocate of redistribution of landed property. —ism, n.
Agree, v.i. consent, concur; become or be in harmony with.
Agree'able (-ri-) a. pleasing; well-disposed; conformable.
Agree'ment, n. mutual understanding; legal contract.
agres'tic, a. rural, rustic.
Ag'riculture, n. cultivation of soil. —ral, a.; —ralist, —rist, nn.
aground, adv. upon the bottom of shallow water.
A'gue, n. malarial fever with cold, hot, and sweating stages; fit of shivering. A'gued, a. having ague. A'guish, a. of or like ague; subject to, suffering from ague.
ahead (ahe'd), adv. in advance, in front; forward.
ahoy' (a-h-), int. (naut.) used in hailing.
aid, v.t. help, assist, promote. n. help, helper; helpful thing.
aide-de-camp (ā de kahn), n. (pl. aides-de-camp, pr. ā de kahn), officer assisting general by carrying orders, &c.
Ai'grette, n. tuft of feathers or hair; spray of gems, &c.
ai'guille (-gwe-), n. sharp peak.
ail, v.t. & i. trouble, afflict, in body or mind; be ill. —ment, n.
aim, v.t. & i. direct at; point at; direct one's ambition. n. aiming; object aimed at; purpose. —less, a. purposeless.
air, n. gaseous mixture of oxygen and nitrogen enveloping earth; atmosphere; open space; confident bearing; melody; (pl.) affected manners. v.t. expose to air, ventilate; make known, show off. Compounds denoting things containing air: —ball, —bladder, —cushion, —jacket.
air'craft (-ahft), n. aeroplanes, airships, and balloons. — carrier ship that carries and serves as base for aeroplanes.
air'-gun, n. gun using compressed air as propelling force.
air'less, a. stuffy; still, calm.
air'-line, n. direct line; line of passenger aircraft. air' liner, n. large passenger aircraft.
air'-mail, n. mail carried by aircraft.
air'man, n. aviator.
air'plane, n. aeroplane.
air'-port, n. aerodrome for passenger aircraft.
air'-pump, n. instrument for pumping out air.
air'-raid, n. attack by aircraft.
air'ship, n. flying-machine lighter than air, Zeppelin, &c.
air'-tight, a. impermeable to air.
air'way, n. ventilating passage in mine; route regularly followed by aircraft.
air'y, a. (-ier, -iest, -ily, -iness), breezy; light, thin; sprightly.
aisle (īl), n. division of church; passage between rows of pews; passage-way in building or train.
aitch'-bone, n. rump-bone; cut of beef lying over this.
ajar', adv. (of door) slightly open.
a-kim'bo, adv. with hands on hips and elbows turned out.
akin', pred. a. in relationship, related.
à la (ah lah), in the manner known as.
Al'abaster (-bah-), n. kinds of carbonate or sulphate of lime used for vases, &c. a. of alabaster.
à la carte (ah lah kart'), by the bill of fare.

alack', *int.* expressing sorrow

alac'rity, *n.* briskness, readiness.

à la mode (ah lah mōd'), in the fashion.

alarm', *n.* call to arms, warning sound; warning, or excited anticipation, of danger. *v.t.* give the alarm to; disturb, frighten. ~ism, *n.* panic-mongering. ~ist, *n.* a panic-monger.

alar'um, *n.* signal of alarm; an alarm-clock.

alas' (-ahs), *int.* expressing grief.

alb, *n.* white vestment reaching to feet, worn by priests, &c.

al'batross, *n.* large sea-fish of the tunny kind.

Al'batros, *n.* type of Austrian aeroplane.

al'batross, *n.* kinds of bird allied to petrel; largest sea-fowl.

albe'it (awl-), *conj.* although.

al'bert, *n.* kind of watch-chain.

albes'cent, *a.* growing white.

albi'no (-bē-) (pl. -os), *n.* person (or animal) with white hair and skin, and eyes of a pink colour. ~ism (-bĭ-), al'binism, *nn.*

al'bum, *n.* book for autographs, photographs, &c.

albu'men, *n.* white of egg; a constituent of animal solids and fluids and of seeds, found in white of egg.

albu'minoid, *a.* like albumen. *n.* any of a class of organic compounds forming chief parts of organs and tissues of animals and plants. ~nous, *a.*

albur'num, *n.* sap-wood.

Alcā'ic (ăl-), *a.* of, or in, the metre invented by Alcaeus. *n.pl.* Alcaic strophes.

al'chemy (-k-), *n.* transmutation of baser metals into gold. ~mist, *n.* ~mize, *v.t.* change as by alchemy.

al'cohol, *n.* pure spirit of wine; any liquor containing alcohol. ~ic, *a.* ~ism, *n.* effect of alcohol on the system. ~ize, *v.t.* saturate, treat, with alcohol.

Alcoran (ăl'korahn), *n.* Koran, sacred Mohammedan book.

al'cove, *n.* recess in room, garden.

al'der (awl-), *n.* tree related to birch.

al'derman (awl-), civic dignitary next below mayor. aldermanic, *a.*; ~ry, ~ship, *nn.*

Al'derney (awl-), *n.* cow &c., from Alderney.

Al'dine (awl-), *a.* of or by Aldus Manutius, Venetian printer.

ale, *n.* malt liquor, beer. ~-house, place where ale is retailed.

alem'bic, *n.* apparatus formerly used in distilling.

alert', *a.* watchful, vigilant; nimble. ~ness, *n.*

Alexan'drine (-ĭ-), *a.* consisting of six iambic feet. *n.* A. verse.

alfal'fa, *n.* lucerne.

alfres'co, *adv.* & *a.* in the open air.

al'ga, *n.* (pl. -gae, pr. -jē), seaweed. al'goid, ~gy, *aa.*

al'gebra, *n.* investigation of the properties of numbers by means of general symbols. algebra'ic(al), *aa.* algebra'ist, *n.*

a'lias, *adv.* on other occasions. *n.* (pl. -ases) assumed name.

al'ibi, *n.* (pl. -bis), plea of being elsewhere; [illegible] excuse.

a'lien, *a.* not one's own; foreign; out of harmony. *n.* stranger, foreigner.

a'lienate, *v.t.* (-nable), estrange, transfer, divert. ~ability, ~tor, *nn.* ~tion, *n.* estrangement; insanity.

a'lienism, *n.* study and treatment of mental diseases. ~ist, *n.* specialist in such diseases.

alight' (-īt), *v.i.* dismount, descend; (of birds) come down.

alight' (-īt), *a.* on fire.

align' (-īn), aline, *v.t.* & *i.* place or form in line. ~ment, *n.*

alike', *a.* similar, like. *adv.* similarly, in like manner.

al'iment, *n.* food. alimen'tal, *a.* supplying food. ~ary, *a.* nourishing; concerned with nutrition. ~ation, *n.* nourishment.

al'imony, *n.* allowance due to a wife for support.

al'iquot, *a.* (of part) contained an exact number of times in a whole. *n.* aliquot part.

alive a. living; brisk, active; fully aware of. **al'kali**, n. (pl. -is), any of a series of compounds called bases that neutralize acids. **alkales'cent**, a. slightly alkaline. **alkales'cence**, n.; **al'kalify** v.t. **al'kaline**, a. of alkalis.

al'kaloid, n. nitrogenous basic substance. **-al** a.

all (awl), a. the whole amount, extent, or number. pron. the whole; every one. n. the whole world; everything. adv. entirely quite. **~ in**, quite exhausted.

Allah (ă'la), n. Mohammedan name of God.

all -around, a. all-round.

allay', v.t. repress; assuage.

allege' v.t. (-geable), state or advance as a fact. **allega'tion**, n.

alle'giance (-jans), n. duty of subject to sovereign or government; loyalty.

al'legory, n. narrative describing one subject under the guise of another. **-orical**, a. **-orist**, n.; **-orize**, v.t.

allegret'to, a. & adv. & n. (Mus.) in somewhat lively time. **alle'gro** (-lā-) adv. & a. & n. in quick, lively time.

allelu'ia (-loo'ya), n. song of praise.

alle'viate, v.t. (-iable) mitigate, lessen (pain, evil). **~tion**, **~tor**, nn.; **~tory**, a.

al'ley n. (pl. -eys) narrow street, passage; back lane; enclosure for skittles.

All Fools' Day 1st April.

all-fours, n. one's hands & knees.

All Hallows, All Saints' Day.

alli'ance, n. relation of allies, confederation; union by marriage.

al'ligator, n. American crocodile. **~ apple**, **~ pear**, fruit of W.-Ind. trees.

allitera'tion, n. commencement of several words in same sentence with same letter. **-ate**, v.i.; **-ative**, a.

al'locate, v.t. (-cable), assign to. **~tion**, **~tor**, nn.

allocu'tion, n. formal hortatory address, esp. by Pope.

allop'athy, n. treatment of disease by inducing a different tendency. **allopath'ic**, a.; **-pathist**, n.

allot', v.t. (-tt-), assign; distribute by lot. **-ment**, n. assignment; small plot of land let for cultivation. **-tee**, n. one to whom allotment is made; a plot holder.

allot'ropy n. variation of physical properties without change of substance. **allotrop'ical**, a.

allow' v.t. & i. admit; permit; give periodically; add, deduct, in estimating. **-able**, a. **-ance**, n. fixed sum allowed; deduction from account, &c. **-edly** adv. admittedly.

alloy' v.t. mix with baser metal, debase. n. baser metal mixed with gold; any base mixture.

all right, a. in good state.

all -round', a. good 'all round' or with ability in all departments. **~ man**, **all-roun'der**, nn. one who is able 'all round'.

All Saints' Day 1st Nov.

All Souls' Day 2nd Nov.

all'spice, n. Jamaica pepper.

allude' (-lōōd), v.i. refer covertly or indirectly to; hint at.

allure' v.t. (-rable), entice, tempt; charm. **-ment**, n.

allu'sion (-zhun), n. indirect reference; hint. **-ive**, a.

allu'vion (-lōō-), n. wash of sea or river against shore; matter deposited by flood. **~vium**, n. (pl. -ia), deposit of flood. **-ial**, a.

ally' v.t. (-iable), join in confederation or marriage or for special object. n. also **al'ly** allied state or person.

al'ly n. choice playing-marble.

Al'ma Ma'ter (-ā-), n. one's university or school.

al'manac (awl-), n. yearly calendar of months and days.

almighty (awlmī'ti), a. infinitely powerful; (colloq.) very great. **A. God**, the Deity.

‖**almi'ra**, n. (Anglo-Ind.) cupboard, press, chest of drawers, &c.

almond (ahm-), n. kernel of a fruit allied to plum. **~ cake**, n.; **~ eyes**, n. pl. (almond-shaped).

al'moner (also ahm'ner), n. official distributor of alms.
al'most (awl-), adv. very nearly, all but.
alms (ahmz), n. charitable relief or donation. ~-house, ~man, nn.
al'oe, n. plant with erect spikes of flowers and bitter juice; (pl.) purgative drug from aloe juice.
aloft' (-awft), adv. high up, overhead.
alone', a. solitary, by or to oneself. adv. only, simply.
along', prep. through the length or any part of the length of. adv. within the limits of a thing's length; in company with one; onward, in progress. ~side, adv. close to side of ship, &c.
aloof', adv. away, apart. ~ness, n. unconcern, lack of sympathy.
aloud', adv. in the normal voice, not in a whisper; loudly.
alp, n. mountain-peak.
alpac'a, n. llama with long wool; its wool, fabric thence made.
al'penstock, n. iron-shod staff used in climbing.
al'pha, n. first letter in Greek alphabet. ~ particles, appr. kinds emitted by radium.
al'phabet, n. letters used in a language. alphabet'ical, a.
Al'pine (-i-), a. of the Alps; lofty. ~nist, n. Alpine climber.
already (awlrĕd'i), adv. beforehand; by this time, thus early.
Alsatian (ălsā'shn) (wolf-hound), n. a breed of dog.
al'so (awl-), adv. besides, too.
alt, n. (Mus.) high tone.
al'tar (awl-), n. flat-topped block for offerings to a deity; Communion table. ~piece, n. painting or sculpture behind altar.
al'ter (awl-), v.t. & i. change in character, position, &c.; modify. ~ation, n.
al'terative (awl-), a. tending to alteration. n. medicine or treatment that alters the processes of nutrition.
al'tercate (awl-), v.i. dispute, wrangle. ~tion, n.
al'ter ĕg'ō, n. one's other self, intimate friend.
alternate, a. (awltĕr'nĭt), (of things of two kinds) occurring each after one of the other kind; (of a series or whole) composed of alternate things. v.t. & i. (awl'tĕrnāt), arrange, occur, in alternate order. ~tion, n. alternating current, (Electr.) current which flows in alternate directions in a circuit.
alter'native (awl-), a. offering a choice between two things. n. choice between two (or more) things.
al'ternator (awl-), n. dynamo for producing alternating currents.
although (awldhō'), conj. though.
altim'eter, n. aeronautical instrument showing height above sea level.
al'titude, n. vertical height; height above sea level; (usu. pl.) high place.
al'tō, n. high male voice (pl. -os), highest male voice.
altogether (awltogĕdh'er), adv. entirely; on the whole.
al'to-rilie'vo (-lē-), n. (pl. -os), (Sculpt.) high relief.
al'truism (-rōō-), n. regard for others as a principle of action. ~ist, n.; ~istic, a.
al'um, n. a mineral salt.
alu'mina (-ōō-), n. oxide of aluminium. alumin'ium, n. a white metal. ~nous, a. of alum or alumina.
*alu'minum, n. aluminium.
*alum'na, n. (pl. -nae), fem. of alumnus.
alum'nus, n. (pl. -ni), (former) pupil of school or university.
always (awl'wāz), adv. at all times, on all occasions.
am, 1st pers. sing. of verb to be.
amadavat', āvăt, n. an Indian song-bird.
ayah (ah-), n. (Anglo-Ind.) a child's nurse.
amain', adv. with force; in haste.
amal'gam, n. mixture of a metal with mercury; plastic mixture.

al'moner (also ahm'ner), n. official distributor of alms.
al'most (awl-), adv. very nearly, all but.
alms (ahmz), n. charitable relief or donation. ~house, ~man, nn.
al'oe, n. plant with erect spikes of flowers and bitter juice; (pl.) purgative drug from aloe juice.
aloft' (-awft), adv. high up, overhead.
alone, a. solitary, by or to oneself. adv. only, simply.
along', prep. through the length or any part of the length of. adv. within the limits of a thing's length; in company with one; onward, in progress. ~side, adv. close to side of ship, &c.
aloof', adv. away, apart. ~ness, n. unconcern, lack of sympathy.
aloud', adv. in the normal voice, not in a whisper; loudly.
alp, n. mountain-peak.
alpac'a, n. llama with long wool; its wool; fabric therefrom made.
al'penstock, n. iron-shod staff used in climbing.
al'pha, n. first letter in Greek alphabet. ~particles, rays, kinds emitted by radium.
al'phabet, n. letters used in a language. alphabet'ical(ly), aa.
Al'pine (-ī-), a. of the Alps; lofty. ~ist, n. Alpine climber.
already (awlrĕd'ĭ), adv. beforehand, by this time, thus early.
Alsatian (ălsā'shn) (wolf-hound), n. breed of dog.
al'so (awl-), adv. besides, too.
alt, n. (Mus.) high tone.
al'tar (awl-), n. flat-topped block for offerings to a deity; Communion table. ~piece, n. painting or sculpture behind altar.
al'ter (awl-), v.t. & i. change in character, position, &c.; modify. ~ation, n.
al'terative (awl-), a. tending to alteration. n. medicine or treatment that alters the processes of nutrition.
al'tercate (awl-), v.i. dispute, wrangle. ~tion, n.

alter ego', n. one's other self, intimate friend.
alternate, a. (awlter'nat) (of things of two kinds) occurring each after one of the other kind; (of a series or whole) composed of alternate things. v.t. & i. (awl'ternāt), arrange, occur, in alternate order. ~tion, n. alternating current, (Electr.) current which flows in alternate directions in a circuit.
alter'native (awl-), a. offering a choice between two things. n. choice between two (or more) things.
al'ternator (awl-), n. dynamo for producing alternating currents.
although (awldhō'), conj. though.
altim'eter, n. aeronautical instrument showing height above sea level.
al'titude, n. vertical height; height above sea level; (usu. pl.) high place.
al'to, a. high. n. (pl. -os), highest male voice.
altogether (awltogĕdh'er), adv. entirely; on the whole.
al'to-relie'vo (-lē-), n. (pl. -os), (sculpt.) high relief.
al'truism (-rōō-), n. regard for others as a principle of action. ~ist, n. ~istic, a.
al'um, n. a mineral salt.
alumin'ium (-ūm-), n. oxide of aluminium. alumin'ium, n. a white metal. ~nous, a. of alum or alumina.
alumin'ium, n. aluminium.
alum'nus, n. (pl. -nae), fem. of alumnus.
alum'nus, n. (pl. -ni), (former) pupil of school or university.
always (awl'wāz), adv. at all times, on all occasions.
am, 1st pers. sing. of verb to be.
amadavat', avadavat, n. an Indian song-bird.
amah' (ah-), n. (Anglo-Ind.) a child's nurse.
amain', adv. with force; in haste.
amal'gam, n. mixture of a metal with mercury; plastic mixture.

[illegible]

[illegible] n. a [illegible] from the [illegible] side.

[illegible]

[illegible] n. moving hospital [illegible]

[illegible] n. an ambush.

[illegible]

[illegible] n. friendly relations.

[illegible] n. instrument for measuring electric currents.

[illegible] n. hypothetical radical of ammonia salts.

[illegible] n. coil-shaped fossil shell.

ammuni'tion, n. military stores (now only of powder, shot, &c.)
am'nesty, n. act of oblivion; general pardon.
amoe'ba (-mē-), n. (pl. -bae, -bas), microscopic animalcule perpetually changing shape.
among', ~st (-mŭ-), prep. in the midst of, in the number of.
āmor'al, a. non-moral.
am'orous, a. in love; loving.
amorph'ous, a. shapeless; anomalous.
amor'tize, v.t. (-zable), extinguish debt, esp. by means of a sinking fund. ~zation, n.
amount', v.i. be equivalent to, reach the total of. n. total quantity.
amour' (-oor), n. love affair, intrigue.
‖ amour-propre (ămoor-prŏp'r), n. self-esteem.
ampelop'sis, n. vine-creeper.
ampere (ăm'pār), n. unit of electric current.
ampersand, n. the sign & (and).
amphib'ian, a. & n. (animal) living both on land and in water; aeroplane designed to rise from and alight on either land or water.
amphib'ious, a. living both on land and in water.
amphithea'tre (-ēater), n. round building with tiers of seats surrounding central space; semicircular gallery in theatre.
am'phora, n. (pl. -rae, -ras), Gk. or Rom. two-handled vessel.
am'ple, a. spacious, extensive; abundant; quite enough.
am'plify, v.t. & i. (-fiable), enlarge, add details. ~fication, n. (esp. Electr.) process of increasing the strength of varying or alternating currents.
am'plifier, n. (esp.) appliance increasing force of electric signals in wireless reception.
am'plitude, n. spaciousness.
ampul'la, n. (pl. -ae), Roman globular two-handled flask. ampull'iform, a. bottle-shaped.
am'putate, v.t. (-atable), cut off (limb, &c.). ~tion, ~tor, nn.

amuck' adv. In phr. run ~, run about in frenzied state.
am'ulet, n. thing worn as a charm against evil.
amuse' (-z), v.t. (-sable), excite the risible faculty; find diversion or light occupation for; entertain. ~ment, n.
am'yl, n. (Chem.) the radical of various alcohols some of which are constituents of fusel oil. amyl'ic, a.
amyla'ceous (-shus), a. starchy.
am'yloid, a. starchy. n. starchy food.
an1: see a. an2 conj. (arch.) if.
ā'na, n. (pl. anas), collection of sayings; (pl.) anecdotes of a person.
Anabap'tist, n. one who baptizes over again. ~tism, n. re-baptism; doctrine of anabaptists.
anach'ronism (-k-), n. chronological error; thing out of harmony with the period. ~is'tic, a.
anacon'da, n. large snake of Ceylon; large S. Amer. boa.
anae'mia, n. lack of blood; unhealthy pallor. ~ic, a.
anaesthē'sia, n. insensible condition. ~thet'ic, a. producing anaesthesia; n. drug, &c. producing a. ~thetist, n. one who administers anaesthetics. ~thetize, v.t.; ~thetization, n.
an'agram, n. word or phrase formed from letters of another. ~mat'ical, aa.; ~matist, n.
ā'nal, a. of the anus.
an'alects, n.pl. literary gleanings.
analgē'sia, n. absence of pain. ~gē'sic, ~get'ic, aa. giving analgesia; nn. such drug.
anal'ogous, a. similar, parallel. an'alogue, n. analogous thing.
anal'ogy, n. parallelism, similarity; reasoning from parallel cases. analog'ical, a. ~gize, v.t. & i.; ~gist, n.
an'alyse (-z), v.t. (-sable), ascertain the elements of, examine minutely the constitution of.
anal'ysis, n. (pl. -ses), resolution into simple elements.
an'alyst, n. one who analyses.

[illegible]

an'dante [illegible] adv. & a. [illegible] moderately slow

[illegible]

anec'dote, n. narrative of detached incident. [illegible] n. telling of anecdotes, esp. in old age. [illegible] a. [illegible] n.

[illegible]

an'gle [illegible] n. space between two meeting lines, inclination of two lines to each other, corner.

an'gle [illegible] n. fish-hook. v.i. fish with rod, hook, and bait. **an'gler** [illegible] n. a fisher.

Ang'lican [illegible] a. of the reformed Church of England, esp. of High Church tendencies. [illegible] person. [illegible]

[illegible]

Ang'licism [illegible] n. English [illegible]

Ang'lo- [illegible] in comb. English. **Anglo-Cath'olic**, a. & n. (member) of the party that holds on the catholicity of the Church of England and repudiates the epithet protestant. **Anglo-In'dian**, a. & n. (person) of British birth but living

sung by one choir in answer to another. Anti'phonal, a. sung alternately. ~ary, n. book of antiphons. ~y, n. antiphonal singing.

Antip'odes (-dz), n.pl. region of the earth diametrically opposite, esp. to our own. ~dal, ~de'an, aa.

An'tipope, n. opposition pope.

Antipyret'ic, a. & n. (drug) allaying or preventing fever. Antipy'rin, n. a particular antipyretic. P.

Antiquar'y, n. student or collector of antiquities. ~ar'ian, a. & n. ~rianism, n.

An'tiquated, a. out of date.

Antique' (-ēk), a. of or dating from old times; old-fashioned. n. antique relic, esp. work of art.

Antiq'uity, n. old times, esp. before the middle ages; (pl.) customs, &c. of the ancients; ancient relics.

Antirrhi'num (-ri-), n. snapdragon.

Antiscorbu'tic, a. of use against scurvy. n. a medicine, &c.

Anti-Semit'ic, a. opposed to or hostile to Jews.

~Sē'mite, ~Sem'itism, nn.

Antisep'tic, a. preventing putrefaction. n. a drug, treatment, &c.

Antistroph'e, n. lines recited during returning movement from left to right in Greek chorus. ~oph'ic, a.

Antith'esis, n. (pl. -theses), contrast of ideas marked by parallelism of contrasted words; direct opposite. ~thet'ical, aa.

Antitox'ic, a. serving to neutralize a toxin. Antitox'in, n. s. person.

An'ti-trade, n. wind blowing in opposite direction to trade wind.

An'titype, n. that which a type represents.

Ant'ler, n. branched horn of deer.

An'tonym, n. a word of contrary meaning to another.

An'vil, n. block on which smith works metal.

Anxi'ety (angz-), n. troubled state of mind; uneasiness.

Anxious (ăngk'shus), a. troubled; uneasy in mind; desirous to do.

Any (ĕn'i), a. one, some, every. pron. one, some. adv. at all, in any degree. ~body, n. any person; a person of consequence. ~how, adv. in any way; in any case; at random. ~one, n. anybody. ~thing, n. any thing, any whit. ~way, adv. at any rate. ~ways, ~wise, advv. in any way. ~where, adv. in any place.

An'zac (ă-), n. (pl.) the Australian and New Zealand Army Corps in the great war.

A'orist, n. Greek tense denoting occurrence simply.

Aort'a, n. great artery issuing from left ventricle of heart. ~tic, a.

À outrance (ah oo trahns') to the death.

Apace', adv. swiftly, fast.

Apache' (-ahsh), n. street ruffian.

Ap'anage, App-, n. provision for younger children; dependency; perquisite.

Apart', adv. aside, separately.

Apart'ment, n. single room. *set of rooms; (pl.) set of rooms.

Ap'athy, n. insensibility, indifference, mental indolence. Apathet'ic, a.

Ape, n. tailless monkey; imitator. v.t. imitate. A'pery, n. mimicry.

Aperçu (ăpĕrsü'), n. summary exposition of subject.

Aper'ient (or -ēr-), a. laxative. n. medicine to open the bowels.

Ap'erture, n. opening, gap.

A'pex, n. (pl. -xes, -ices), the topmost point, pointed end.

Apha'sia (-zya), n. loss of speech.

Aphe'lion, n. (pl. -lia), point of orbit furthest from sun.

A'phis, n. (pl. aphides), small insect, plant-louse, ant-cow, &c.

Aph'orism, n. short pithy maxim; definition. ~is'tic, a.

A'piary, n. place where bees are kept. Apiar'ian, a. ~rist, n.

A'pical (or ă-), a. of or at the apex.

A'piculture, n. bee-keeping.

Apiece', adv. severally, each.

A'pish, a. of or like an ape.

Aplomb (ăplawn'), n. self-possession.

Apoc'alypse, n. revelation, esp. that of St. John. ~lyp'tical, aa.

apŏc'opė, n. cutting off of end of word.

apŏc'rypha, n. O.T. books not received genuine; -phal, a. doubtful.

apŏd'osis, n. (pl. -oses), consequent clause in conditional sentence.

ăp'ogee, n. point in an orbit farthest from the earth; climax.

Apŏll'ō, n. Greek sun-god; the sun; man of great beauty.

Apŏll'yon, n. the Devil.

apŏlogĕt'ic, a. regretfully acknowledging fault; of the nature of an apology; -ics, n. pl. reasoned defence, esp. of Christianity.

ăpolō'gia, n. vindication.

apŏl'ogy, n. regretful acknowledgment of offence, explanation, vindication; -gist, n. one who defends by argument; -gize, v.i. make an apology.

ăp'ophthegm (-ŏthĕm), n. terse saying, maxim.

ăp'oplexy, n. a malady suddenly arresting powers of sense and motion; -plĕc'tic, a. of apoplexy.

aposiopē'sis, n. (pl. -ses), sudden breaking off in speech for effect.

apŏs'tasy, n. abandonment of one's religion, party, &c.; -tate, n. one guilty of apostasy; -tatize, v.i.

a posteriō'rī, adv. & a., from effect to cause.

apŏs'tle, n. one of the twelve sent forth by Christ; missionary; leader of reform; -leship, n.; apostŏl'ic, -ical, a. of the Apostles; of the Pope.

apŏs'trophė, n. exclamatory address; sign of omitted letter (see 's); sign of possessive case (boy's, boys').

apŏth'ecary, n. druggist, chemist.

apŏthēō'sis, n. (pl. -oses), deification; transformation; deified ideal; -thē'osize, v.t.

appal' (-awl), v.t. dismay, terrify.

apparā'tus (-t-), n. appliances for scientific or other work.

appă'rel, v.t. (-ll-), dress, attire; n. dress, clothing.

appa'rent (or -ār-), a. manifest.

appari'tion, n. appearance, esp. of a ghost; ghost.

appă'ritor, n. herald; usher.

appeal', v.i. & t. apply to a higher court; call on; make earnest request; n. act or right of appealing.

appear', v.i. become visible; present oneself; be published; seem.

appear'ance, n. appearing; seeming; look, aspect; (pl.) outward show of presumably friendly relations, &c.

appease' (-z), v.t. soothe, pacify, satisfy; -ment, n.

appĕll'ant, a. concerned with appeals; n. one who appeals to a higher court.

appĕll'ate, a. (of court) hearing appeals.

appellā'tion, n. name, title.

appĕll'ative, a. (of common noun) common, not proper; n. such noun.

append', v.t. attach as an accessory; add to; -age, n. accompaniment.

appendici'tis, n. inflammation of vermiform appendix (intestine).

appĕn'dix, n. (pl. -ices or -ixes), subsidiary addition (to book, &c.).

appertain', v.i. belong to, relate to.

ăp'petite, n. desire or craving for food, pleasure, &c.; relish for food; ăp'petizer, n. thing that gives appetite; -tizing, a. inviting.

applaud', v.t. & i. express approval, esp. by clapping; commend.

applause' (-z), n. loud approbation.

ăp'ple, n. fruit of the apple-tree; -cart, in upset one's apple-cart, upset one's plans; -dumpling, apple cooked in paste; -jack, a spirit distilled from cider; — of the eye, the pupil; a cherished object; -pie bed, with sheets so folded that one cannot get one's legs down; -pie order, perfect order; -sauce, n. flattery; (sl.) nonsense!

appli'ance, n. thing applied as a means; instrument, device.

sung by one choir in answer to another. Antiph'onal, a. sung alternately. ~ary, n. book of antiphons. ~y, n. antiphonal singing.

Antip'odes (-z), n.pl. region of the earth diametrically opposite, esp. to our own. ~dal, ~de'an, aa.

An'tipope, n. opposition pope.

Antipyret'ic, a. & n. (drug) allaying or preventing fever. Antipy'rin, n. a particular antipyretic. P

An'tiquary, n. student or collector of antiquities. ~ā'rian, a. & n.; ~rianism, n.

An'tiquated, a. out of date.

Antique' (-ēk), a. of or dating from old times; old-fashioned. n. antique relic, esp. work of art.

Antiq'uity, n. old times, esp. before the middle ages; (pl.) customs, &c. of the ancients; ancient relics.

Antirrhi'num (-ri-), n. snapdragon.

Antiscorbū'tic, a. of use against scurvy. n. a medicine, &c.

Anti-Semit'ic, a. opposed to or hostile to Jews.

~Sem'ite, ~Sem'itism, nn.

Antisep'tic, a. preventing putrefaction. n. a drug, treatment, &c.

Antis'trophe, n. lines recited during returning movement from left to right in Greek chorus. ~troph'ic, a.

Antith'esis, n. (pl. -theses) contrast of ideas marked by parallelism of contrasted words; direct opposite. ~thet'ical, aa.

Antitox'ic, a. serving to neutralize a toxin. Antitox'in, n. a serum.

An'ti-trade, n. wind blowing in opposite direction to trade wind.

An'titype, n. that which a type represents.

Ant'ler, n. branched horn of deer.

An'tonym, n. a word of contrary meaning to another.

An'vil, n. block on which smith works metal.

Anxi'ety (angz-), n. troubled state of mind, uneasiness.

Anxious (angk'shus), a. troubled; uneasy in mind; desirous to do.

Any (ĕn'i), a. one, some, every from one, some. adv. at all, in any degree. ~body n. any person. a person of consequence. ~how adv. in any way; in any case. at random. ~one, n. anybody. ~thing, n. any thing, any whit. ~way adv. at any rate. ~ways, ~wise, advs. in any way. ~where, adv. in any place.

An'zac (ă-), n. (pl.) the Australian and New Zealand Army Corps in the great war.

A'orist, n. Greek tense denoting occurrence simply.

Aort'a, n. great artery issuing from left ventricle of heart. ~tic, a.

À outrance (ah oo'trahns), to the death.

Apace' adv. swiftly; fast.

Apache (-ahsh), n. street ruffian.

Ap'anage, āpp-, n. provision for younger children; dependency; perquisite.

Apart' adv. aside, separately.

Apart'ment, n. single room; ~set of rooms; (pl.) set of rooms.

Ap'athy n. insensibility, indifference, mental indolence. Apathet'ic, a.

Ape, n. tailless monkey; imitator. v.t. imitate. A'pery n. mimicry.

Aperçu (ăpĕr'sū), n. summary exposition of subject.

Ape'rient (or -ĕ-), a. laxative. n. medicine to open the bowels.

Ap'erture, n. opening, gap.

A'pex, n. (pl. -xes, -ices), tip, topmost point, pointed end.

Apha'sia (-zia), n. loss of speech.

Aphē'lion, n. (pl. -lia), point of orbit farthest from sun.

Aph'is, n. (pl. aphides), small insect, plant-louse, ant cow, &c.

Aph'orism, n. short pithy maxim; definition. ~ist'ic, a.

A'piary n. place where bees are kept. Apiā'rian, a.; ~rist, n.

A'pical (or ă-), a. of or at the apex.

A'piculture, n. bee-keeping.

Apiece' adv. severally, each.

A'pish, a. of or like an ape.

Aplomb (ablawn'), n. self-possession.

Apoc'alypse, n. revelation, esp. that of St. John. ~lyp'tic(al), aa.

Ara'bian, a. of Arabia. n. Arab [illegible]
[illegible]
Ar'bi-ter, n. a judge, arbitrator [illegible]
[illegible]
Ar'butus, n. a kind of evergreen.
Arc, n. a part of circumference of circle; luminous discharge between two [illegible] carbons, &c. —lamp, electric lamp with [illegible]
Arcade', n. covered walk lined with arches. [illegible]
[illegible]
Arch, n. curved structure supporting [illegible]
Arch, a. roguish, merry.
Archæol'ogy [illegible], n. study of antiquities or of prehistoric remains. [illegible]
Archa'ic [illegible], a. primitive, antiquated. [illegible]
Archangel [illegible], n. angel of highest rank. Archangelic, a.
Archbish'op, n. a chief bishop, metropolitan. —ric, n. office of a.

Archdea'con, n. Church dignitary [illegible]
[illegible]
Ar'chives [illegible], n. pl. public records; place for these. [illegible]
Arc'tic, a. of the north pole.
Ar'dent, a. eager, zealous, fervent [illegible]
Ar'dour [illegible], n. zeal; warmth.
Ar'duous, a. hard, strenuous.
A'rea, n. extent of surface; region; sunk court in front of basement of house.
A'reca, n. kind of palm. —nut, astringent seed of areca.
Are'na, n. centre of amphitheatre; scene of conflict.
[illegible]
Ar'gent, a. & n. silver or like silver. —iferous, a. yielding silver.
Ar'gil, n. potter's clay. —illaceous, a. of the nature of clay.
Ar'gon, n. a gas, an inert constituent of the atmosphere.

ap'plicable, a. that applies or may be applied. ~bility, n.

ap'plicant, n. one who applies.

applica'tion, n. applying; request; diligence; bringing to bear.

appliqué (-ē'kā), n. cut-out material applied to a surface.

apply', v.t. & i. put close, put in contact; administer (remedy); request; attend closely to.

appoint', v.t. fix (time, &c.); prescribe, ordain; assign post to.

appoint'ment, n. engagement, assignation; (pl.) outfit.

ap'port, n. material thing produced at spiritualist seance.

appor'tion, v.t. assign as share, portion out. ~ment, n.

app'osite (or -z-), a. well put, to the point. ~tion, n. juxtaposition.

appraise' (-z), v.t. (-sable), fix price of, estimate. ~sal, ~ment, nn.

appre'ciable (-shia-), a. perceptible.

appre'ciate (-shi-), v.t. & i. set high value on; estimate rightly; rise in value. ~tion, ~tor, nn. ~tive, ~tory, aa.

apprehend', v.t. seize, arrest; understand; anticipate with fear.

apprehen'sible, a. perceptible to senses. ~bility, n. ~sion, n. arrest; understanding; dread. ~sive, a. afraid, fearful.

appren'tice, n. learner bound to employer for specified term. v.t. (-ceable), bind as apprentice. ~ship, n.

apprise' (-z), v.t. give notice of, inform.

apprize', v.t. set a value on.

approach' v.t. & i. come near to; make overtures to; play a shot. n. access, way towards; (golf) shot that should reach green. ~ability, n.

ap'probate, v.t. approve.

approba'tion, n. sanction, approval. ap'probatory, a.

appro'priate a. suitable, proper. appro'priate v.t. (-iable), take possession of; devote to. ~tion, ~tor, nn. (~tive, a.

approve' (-ōōv), v.t. & i. (-vable), pronounce good; have favourable opinion of; (p.p.) pronounced satisfactory, accepted. ~val, n. favourable opinion.

approv'er (-ōō-), n. one who turns King's evidence.

approx'imate a. fairly correct, near to. approx'imate v.t. & i. be or make near to. ~ation, n. close approach.

appurt'enance, n. appendage; belonging (usu. pl.).

ā'pricot, n. fruit allied to plum.

A'pril (ā-), n. month noted for frequent showers. ~ fool, person hoaxed on Apr 1.

a prio'ri, from cause to effect.

ā'pron, n. garment worn in front of body; (Theatr.) advanced strip of stage for playing scenes before curtain. ~ful, n. (pl. -fuls).

apropos' (-pō), adv. to the point or purpose. ~ of, in connexion with.

apse, n. (pl. -es), arched or domed recess at end of church.

ap'sidal, a. of the form of an apse; of the apsides.

ap'sis, n. (pl. ap'sidēs or apsī'dēs), aphelion or perihelion of planet, apogee or perigee of moon.

apt, a. suitable, appropriate; quick, ready; inclined. ~ly adv.; ~ness, n.

ap'teryx, n. New Zealand bird with rudimentary wings and no tail.

ap'titude, n. fitness, talent.

ā'qua-fort'is, n. nitric acid.

aquamarine (-ēn), n. bluish-green beryl; colour of this.

aquarelle', n. painting with Indian ink and thin water-colours.

aquār'ium, n. tank for aquatic plants or animals; place with such tanks.

aquat'ic, a. living in or near water. n. pl. water sports.

ā'quatint, n. engraving on copper.

ā'qua-vī'tae, n. ardent spirits.

ā'queduct, n. artificial channel for water; conduit.

ā'queous, a. of water, watery.

ā'quiline, a. like an eagle.

A'rab (ă-), n. native of Arabia; A. horse. street~, homeless child.

[illegible]

cultivation of [illegible]

a kind of evergreen [illegible]

[illegible]

centre of amphitheatre [illegible]

[illegible]

ar'gosy, n. richly laden ship.
ar'got (-ō), n. slang, esp. thieves'.
ar'gue, v.t. & i. (-guable), maintain by reasoning; prove; reason. ar'gufy, v.i. argue for the sake of controversy.
ar'gument, n. reason advanced; debate; summary of book. ~ation, n. argumen'tative, a. fond of arguing.
Ar'gus (-ŭ), n. fabulous person with hundred eyes. ~-eyed, a. vigilant.
ar'gyrodite (-jī-), n. a rare mineral containing silver.
ar'ia, n. air, melody.
Ar'ian (ār-), a. of the doctrine of Arius, who denied Christ's divinity. n. holder of this doctrine. ~ism, n.
a'rid, a. dry, parched. ~ity n.
aright' (-īt), adv. rightly.
arise' (-z), v.i. (arose, arisen), appear, spring up, occur.
aristoc'racy, n. the nobility; government by the best citizens. a'ristocrat, n. member of aristocracy. ~crat'ic, a. of the aristocracy; grand.
Aristotel'ian (ă-), a. of Aristotle.
arith'metic, n. science of numbers; computation; use of figures. arithmet'ical, a.; ~ian, n.
ark, n. covered floating vessel; wooden coffer containing tables of Jewish law; a chest. Noah's ~, toy ark with animals.
arm, n. upper limb of human body; sleeve; branch; armlike thing. ~-chair, chair with arms. ~ful (pl. -fuls). ~-pit, hollow under shoulder.
arm, n. particular kind of weapon; (pl.) weapons, heraldic devices. v.t. & i. furnish with arms; take up arms; provide, furnish.
arma'da, n. fleet of war-ships.
armadill'o, n. (pl. -os), animal with body cased in bony armour; small terrestrial crustacean.
Armaged'don (-g-), n. supreme conflict of the nations.
ar'mament, n. force equipped for war; military equipments.
ar'mature, n. arms, armour; piece of soft iron placed in contact with poles of magnet; essential part of a dynamo.
Armin'ian (ar-), a. of the doctrine of Arminius. n. adherent of this doctrine.
armis'tice, n. cessation from hostilities, short truce. A. Day 11th Nov. kept as anniversary of the armistice (1918) that ended hostilities in the First World War.
arm'let, n. band worn round arm.
armor'ial, a. of heraldic arms.
ar'mory, n. heraldry.
ar'mour (-mer), n. defensive covering worn in fighting; protective covering of war-ship. v.t. furnish with armour.
ar'mourer (-mer-), n. maker of arms; official in charge of arms.
ar'moury (-mer-), n. place where arms are kept; arsenal; armourer's workshop.
ar'my, n. land forces of a State; vast number; organized body. ~-list, n. of commissioned officers.
ar'nica, n. kinds of plant, including mountain tobacco; medicine, esp. tincture, made from this.
aro'ma, n. fragrance, sweet smell; a subtle quality. aromat'ic, a.
arose, p.t. of arise.
around', adv. on every side, all round; about (hang ~). prep. on every side of.
arouse' (-z), v.t. (-sable), rouse.
arpeg'gio (-ējō), n. (pl. -os), striking of notes of chord in rapid succession; chord so struck.
arquebus. See harquebus.
a'rrack (or arăk'), n. any Eastern spirituous liquor, esp. one made from coco-palm.
arraign' (-ān), v.t. indict, accuse; find fault with. ~ment, n.
arrange' v.t. & i. (-geable), put in order; settle, form plans; (mus.) adapt (composition).
arrange'ment (-jm-), n. thing arranged; settlement; (pl.) plans.
a'rrant, a. downright, notorious.
a'rras, n. tapestry; hangings of this.
array' v.t. dress, esp. with display; marshal (forces). n. dress; imposing series; martial order.

[illegible]

[illegible]

of ecliptic or degree of zodiac; horoscope.
ascen'sion (-shn), n. ascent, esp. of Christ to heaven; rising of celestial body. A. Day, Holy Thursday.
ascent', n. ascending, rising; upward path or slope.
ascertain' v.t. find out. ~able, a.; ~ment, n.
ascet'ic, a. severely abstinent, severe in self-discipline. n. ascetic person. ~ism, n.
ascribe' v.t. (-bable), attribute, impute; assign.
ascrip'tion, n. act of ascribing.
asep'sis, n. absence of putrefactive matter or harmful bacteria; the aseptic method in surgery.
asep'tic, a. preventing putrefaction by securing absence of bacteria; surgically sterile, sterilized. n. aseptic substance.
asex'ual, a. non-sexual.
ash[1] n. a forest tree. ~en, a. of ash. ~key, seed of ash.
ash[2] n. powdery residue left after combustion of a substance; (pl.) remains of human body after cremation. A. Wednesday, first day of Lent. ash'en, a. of ash; like ashes, pale; grey.
ashamed' (-md), a. abashed, conscious of shame.
ash'lar, n. square hewn stone; masonry of this. ~ing, n. short upright wall in garret cutting off angle of rafters.
ashore' adv. to or on shore.
ash'y, a. of or like ashes; pale.
Asiat'ic (ashi-), a. of Asia. n. native of Asia.
aside' adv. to or on one side, away apart. n. words spoken aside, esp. by actors.
as'inine, a. of asses; stupid.
ask (ah-), v.t. & i. inquire, put a question; make a request.
askance' ~nt', adv. sideways.
askew' adv. obliquely awry.
aslant' (-ahnt), adv. obliquely awry, slantingly across.
asleep' adv. or pred. a. in a state of sleep; (of limbs) benumbed; (of a top) spinning without apparent motion.

aslope' adv. on a slope, crosswise.
asp, n. small venomous serpent.
aspar'agus, n. plant whose vernal shoots are a table delicacy.
as'pect, n. way a thing presents itself to eye or mind; direction in which a thing fronts.
as'pen, n. kind of poplar with tremulous leaves.
asper'ity, n. harshness; roughness.
asperse', v.t. (-sable), attack the reputation of, calumniate. ~sion, n.
as'phalt, n. a bituminous substance, pitch used for paving, &c.
as'phodel, n. kinds of lily.
asphyx'ia, ~xy, nn. suffocation. ~al, a. ~iate, v.t. suffocate. ~tion, ~tor, nn.
as'pic, n. savoury jelly with cold game, eggs, &c. in it.
aspidis'tra, n. foliage plant with broad taper leaves.
as'pirate[1] n. sound of h, consonant blended with this. a. so blended.
as'pirate, v.t. (-rable), pronounce with h; draw out (gas) from vessel. ~tor, n. apparatus for aspirating gas, &c.; winnowing-machine.
aspire', v.i. feel earnest desire or ambition; reach high. ~rant, n. one who aspires. ~ira'tion, n.
as'pirin, n. an analgesic and febrifuge. P
asquint' adv. with a squint.
ass (or ahs), n. long-eared quadruped, stupid fellow.
assegai, -gay (-gī), n. throwing spear of S.-Afr. tribes; also applied to a large S.-Afr. tree (~ tree, ~ wood).
assail' v.t. attack, assault. ~able, a. open to attack. ~ant, n.
assas'sin, n. one hired to kill another treacherously; a murderer. ~ate, v.t. kill by treacherous violence. ~ation, ~ator, nn.
assault', n. attack on fortress, &c. by sudden rush. unlawful personal attack. v.t. make attack upon. ~ of or at arms, display of fencing, &c.
assay' n. trial of metal, test. v.t. make trial. attempt task.

[illegible]

asthma [illegible] n. disease marked by difficulty in breathing.

[illegible]

astound [illegible] v.t. amaze, astonish.
Astrakhan [illegible] n. skin of Astrakhan lamb, with woolly fur.
astral, [illegible] of stars; spiritual.
astray, adv. out of the right way.
astride, adv. with legs wide apart or one on each side of.

astrin'gent (-nj-), a. causing contraction or compression. n. such medicine. ~ency n.

as'trolabe, n. instrument formerly used in taking altitudes, &c.

astrol'ogy, n. study of occult influence of stars on human affairs; (formerly) astronomy. ~ger, n. student of astrology. ~gical, a.

astron'omy, n. science of the heavenly bodies. ~mer, n. student of astronomy. ~omical, &c.

astute' a. shrewd, crafty.

asun'der, adv. apart, in pieces.

asy'lum, n. institution for afflicted persons; refuge; sanctuary.

asymm'etry, n. want of symmetry or proportion.

at (emph. at; āt when emphatic), prep. in, by, toward, on.

ăt'avism, n. resemblance to remote ancestors rather than parents; recurrence of disease after some generations. ~istic, a.

atax'y, n. irregularity of animal functions. atax'ic, a.

atelier (ăt'elyā), n. studio.

ā'theism, n. disbelief in the existence of God. ~ist, n.; ~istic, a.

Athenae'um, n. literary or scientific club; library.

athirst' a. thirsty; eager for.

ăth'lete, n. one who competes or excels in physical exercises.

athlet'ic, a. physically powerful; of athletes. n. (pl.) physical exercises, athletic sports. athlet'icism, n.

athwart' (-ôrt), adv. across, esp. obliquely. prep. across.

ăt'las, n. volume of maps.

ăt'mosphere, n. spheroidal gaseous envelope, esp. that surrounding earth; mental or moral environment; air. ~spher'ical, a. atmospher'ics, n.pl. electric disturbances in the air interfering with the reception of wireless or other telephone messages.

atoll' (or ăt'ŏl), n. round coral reef enclosing lagoon.

ăt'om, n. body too small to be divided; minute portion or thing. ~ic, a. of atoms. ~ism, n. atomic philosophy or theory.

~ist, n.; ~istic, a. ~ize, v.t. reduce to atoms. ~ization, n.

atomi'city n. the number of atoms in the molecule of an element.

ăt'omizer, n. instrument for spraying liquids.

ăt'ony n. atony, thy before emaciated body.

atone' v.t. expiate, make up for. ~ment, n. act of atoning.

aton'ic, a. unaccented.

atrabil'ious (-lye s); ~lyed, a. melancholy, gloomy; splenetic.

atro'cious (-shus), a. heinous, gross. atro'city n. wicked deed.

ăt'rophy n. wasting away for lack of nourishment. v.t. & i. cause atrophy in; suffer atrophy.

ăt'ropine, n. poison of Deadly Nightshade.

attach' v.t. & i. fasten, join; attribute to; adhere, be incident to; bind in friendship; seize by legal authority. ~ment, n. a fastening; esp. affection for.

attaché (atash'ā), n. one attached to ambassador's suite. ~ case, n. small rectangular valise.

attack' v.t. fall upon, assault, assail. n. assault, onset.

attain' v.t. & i. reach, gain, accomplish. ~ability n.; ~able, a. ~ment, n.; (pl.) degree of education or kinds of skill attained.

attain'der n. consequences of sentence of death or outlawry.

attaint' v.t. subject to attainder; infect; sully.

ăt'tar, n. fragrant oil from rose-petals.

attem'per, v.t. qualify by admixture; modify; temper.

attempt' v.t. try; try to overpower (person, fortress, &c.). n. attempting, endeavour.

attend' v.t. & i. apply one's mind to; be present; accompany.

atten'dance, n. attending (lectures, &c.); the persons present.

atten'dant, a. waiting on; accompanying. n. servant.

atten'tion, n. act of applying one's mind, attending; (pl.) ceremonious politeness, courtship.

a. listener. [illegible] ... to atten-tion. —ive, a. heedful, obser-vant, polite.

atten'uate v.t. (-uāt-) make slender or thin, reduce in force or value. atten'uate a. slender. [illegible] —tion, n.

attest v.t. bear witness to, cer-tify; put on oath or solemn declaration. —ation, n.; formal confirmation by signa-ture, oath, &c. —er, n.

Attic, n. room in top story of house in gable.

Attic (-ik), a. Attic dialect. a. of Athens or Attica. —order, square column of any of the five orders.

attire' v.t. (-tīr'), dress, array. n. dress, apparel.

attitude, n. posture of body; settled behaviour as showing opinion. attitu'dinize, v.i. as-sume attitudes; show affectation.

attorn'ey (-tŭr-), n. (pl. -eys) one legally appointed to act for another, solicitor. A. General, chief legal officer appointed to act in cases in which the state is a party.

attract' v.t. draw to oneself; allure, entice. —ion, n. act of attracting; thing that attracts; charm, inducement. —ive, a. in-viting, pleasing. —or, n.

attrib'ute v.t. (-ūte) ascribe as belonging or appropriate to. at'tribute, n. quality ascribed to a person or thing; characteristic quality. —ion, n. ascription. —ive, a. expressing an attribute; qualifying.

attri'tion, n. friction; abrasion; wearing out.

attune' v.t. (-tūn') bring into musical accord; adapt; tune.

auburn (aw-) a. golden-brown.

auc'tion, n. sale in which articles are sold to highest bidder. (earlier form of letting, —, 1. sell by a. —eer' n. holder of a.

auda'cious (-shus), a. daring, bold, impudent. auda'city n.

aud'ible, a. that can be heard. audibil'ity n.

aud'ience, n. a hearer's attention; assembly of listeners.

aud'it, n. official examination of accounts. v.t. examine accounts officially. —or, n. one who audits; a hearer. —o'rial, a.

audi'tion, n. faculty of hearing; trial hearing of an actor.

audito'rium, n. part of building occupied by audience.

aud'itory, a. of hearing. n. hearers, audience.

[illegible] (ō fĕ'), at home in: con-versant, instructed.

[illegible] (ō fŏ̄n'), at bottom.

Auge'an, a. filthy like the stables of Augeas.

au'ger (aw-), n. a boring tool.

aught (awt), n. anything.

augment' v.t. & i. increase; prefix the augment to. aug'ment, n. increase; vowel prefixed to past tenses in Greek and Sanskrit. —ation, n. enlargement, increase. —ative, a. increasing in force the form of the original word.

[illegible] (ō [illegible] se-rē-ŭ [illegible]), quite seriously.

au'gur (aw-), n. soothsayer, pro-phet. v.t. & i. foresee, fore-bode [illegible] token, promise. au'gury n. divination; omen; prophecy.

august', a. venerable, imposing.

Au'gust, n. eighth month of the year, associated with summer heat and holiday season.

auk, n. northern sea bird with short wings used as paddles.

[illegible] (ō naturel'), (cooked) in the simplest way.

aunt (ahnt), n. parent's sister or sister-in-law. A. Sally, game of throwing sticks at wooden head.

au'ra, n. subtle emanation from anything; atmosphere diffused by or attending a person, &c.

au'ral, a. of the ear.

aure'ola, n. celestial crown. aure'ole, n. gold disk or circle of light depicted round head; halo, esp. that seen in eclipses.

au revoir (ō-revwahr'), (good-bye) till we meet again.

au'ricle, n. external ear; either upper cavity of the heart.

auric'ula, n. kinds of primula.

astrin'gent (-nj-), a. causing contraction or compression. n. such medicine. ~ency n.
as'trolabe, n. instrument formerly used in taking altitudes, &c.
astrol'ogy, n. study of occult influence of stars on human affairs; (formerly) astronomy. ~ger, n. student of astrology. ~gical, a.
astron'omy, n. science of the heavenly bodies. ~mer, n. student of astronomy. ~mical, a.
astute', a. shrewd; crafty.
asun'der, adv. apart, in pieces.
asy'lum, n. institution for afflicted persons; refuge; sanctuary.
asymm'etry, n. want of symmetry or proportion.
at (ăt, ət; ăt when emphatic), prep. in, by, toward, on.
ăt'avism, n. resemblance to remote ancestors rather than parents; recurrence of disease after some generations. ~istic, a.
atax'y, n. irregularity of animal functions. atax'ic, a.
atelier (ăt'elyā), n. studio.
ā'theism, n. disbelief in the existence of God. ~ist, n.; ~istic, a.
Athenae'um, n. literary or scientific club; library.
athirst', a. thirsty; eager for.
ăth'lete, n. one who competes or excels in physical exercises.
ăthlet'ic, a. physically powerful; of athletes. n. (pl.) physical exercises; athletic sports. athlet'icism, n.
athwart' (-ôrt), adv. across, esp. obliquely. prep. across.
ăt'las, n. volume of maps.
ăt'mosphere, n. spheroidal gaseous envelope, esp. that surrounding earth; mental or moral environment; air. ~pheric, a. atmospher'ics, n.pl. electric disturbances in the air interfering with the reception of wireless or other telephone messages.
atoll' (or ăt'ŏl), n. round coral reef enclosing lagoon.
ăt'om, n. body too small to be divided; minute portion or thing. ~ic, a. of atoms. ~ism, n. atomic philosophy or theory.
~ist, n.; ~istic, a. ~ize, v.t. reduce to atoms. ~ization, n.
atomic'ity, n. the number of atoms in the molecule of an element.
ăt'omizer, n. instrument for spraying liquids.
ăt'omy, n. atom, tiny being; emaciated body.
atone', v.i. expiate, make up for. ~ment, n. act of atoning.
aton'ic, a. unaccented.
ătrabil'ious (-lyus), a. melancholy, gloomy; splenetic.
atro'cious (-shus), a. heinous, gross. atro'city, n. wicked deed.
ăt'rophy, n. wasting away for lack of nourishment. v.t. & i. cause atrophy in; suffer atrophy.
ăt'ropine, n. poison of Deadly Nightshade.
attach', v.t. & i. fasten, join; attribute to, adhere, be incident to; bind in friendship; seize by legal authority. ~ment, n. a fastening; esp. affection for.
attaché (atash'ā), n. one attached to ambassador's suite. ~ case, n. small rectangular valise.
attack', v.t. fall upon, assault, assail. n. assault, onset.
attain', v.t. & i. reach, gain, accomplish. ~ability, n.; ~able, a. ~ment, n.; (pl.) degree of education or kinds of skill attained.
attain'der, n. consequences of sentence of death or outlawry.
attaint', v.t. subject to attainder; infect; sully.
ăt'tar, n. fragrant oil from rose-petals.
attem'per, v.t. qualify by admixture; modify; temper.
attempt', v.t. try; try to overpower (person, fortress, &c.). n. attempting, endeavour.
attend', v.t. & i. apply one's mind to; be present; accompany.
atten'dance, n. attending (doctors, &c.); the persons present.
atten'dant, a. waiting on; accompanying. n. servant.
atten'tion, n. act of applying one's mind, attending. (pl.) ceremonious politeness, courtship.

address. [ill. calling to attention. ~ive, a. heedful, observant, polite.

attĕn'uate v.t. (-uable), make slender or thin; reduce in force or value. attĕn'uate a. slender rarefied. ~tion, n.

attest' v.t. bear witness to, certify; put on oath or solemn declaration. ~ation, n.; (esp.) formal confirmation by signature, oath, &c. ~or, n.

ăt'tic, n. room in top story of house; a garret.

Ăt'tic (-ĭ-), n. Attic dialect. a. of Athens or Attica. ~ order, square column of any of the five orders.

attire' v.t. (-rable), dress, array. n. dress, apparel.

ăt'titude, n. posture of body; settled behaviour as showing opinion. ăttitū'dinize, v.i. assume attitudes; show affectation.

attor'ney (-ter-), n. (pl. -neys), one's business or legal representative; solicitor. A. General, chief legal officer appointed to act in cases in which the State is a party.

attract' v.t. draw to oneself; allure, entice. ~ion, n. act of attracting; thing that attracts; charm, inducement. ~ive, a. inviting, pleasing. ~or, n.

attrib'ute v.t. (-table), ascribe as belonging or appropriate to; refer. ăt'tribute, n. quality ascribed to a person or thing; characteristic quality. ~tion, n. ascription. ~ive, a. expressing an attribute; qualifying.

attri'tion, n. friction; abrasion, wearing out.

attune' v.t. (-nable), bring into musical accord; adapt; tune.

au'burn (-ern), a. golden-brown.

auc'tion, n. sale in which articles are sold to highest bidder. (cards) form of bridge. ~, v.t. sell by a. ~eer' n. holder of a.

auda'cious (-shus), a. daring, bold; impudent. auda'city n.

au'dible, a. that can be heard. audibĭl'ity n.

au'dience, n. a hearer's attention; assembly of listeners.

au'dit, n. official examination of accounts. v.t. examine accounts officially. ~or, n. one who audits; a hearer. ~ŏr'ial, a.

audi'tion, n. faculty of hearing; trial hearing of applicant.

auditor'ium, n. part of building occupied by audience.

au'ditory a. of hearing. n. hearers, audience.

au fait (ō fā'), at home in conversant, instructed.

au fond (ō fawn'), at bottom.

Augē'an, a. filthy like the stables of Augeas.

au'ger (-g-), n. a boring-tool.

aught (awt), n. anything.

augment' v.t. & i. increase. prefix the augment to. aug'ment n. increase; vowel prefixed to past tenses in Greek and Sanskrit. ~ation, n. enlargement, increase. ~ative, a. increasing in force the idea of the original word.

au grand sérieux (ō grahn sārēĕr'), quite seriously.

au'gur (-er), n. soothsayer, prophet. v.t. & i. foresee, prognosticate; betoken, promise. au'gury n. divination; omen, prophecy.

august', a. venerable, imposing.

Au'gust n. eighth month of the year, associated with summer heat and holiday season.

auk, n. northern sea-bird with short wings used as paddles.

au naturel (ō nătūrĕl'), (cooked) in the simplest way.

aunt (ahnt), n. parent's sister or sister-in-law. A. Sally, game of throwing sticks at wooden head.

aur'a, n. subtle emanation from anything; atmosphere diffused by or attending a person, &c.

aur'al, a. of the ear.

aurē'ola, n. a celestial crown. aur'eole, n. gold disk or circle of light depicted round head; halo, esp. that seen in eclipses.

au revoir (ōrevwahr'), (goodbye) till we meet again.

aur'icle, n. external ear; either upper cavity of the heart.

auric'ula, n. kinds of primula.

auric'ular, a. of the ear or hearing; ~ confession, told privately in the ear (of priest).
aurif'erous, a. yielding gold.
aur'ochs (-ŏks), n. extinct wild ox; European bison.
auror'a (-ar-), n. (A-) goddess of dawn; a luminous electrical radiation from northern (~ borea'lis) or southern (~ austra'lis) magnetic pole.
auscultā'tion, n. listening to movement of heart, &c. ~tory, a.
aus'pice, n. omen, prognostic; (pl.) patronage. auspi'cious (-shus), a. of good omen, promising.
austere', a. morally strict; severely simple; stern. ~ĕr'ity, n.
aus'tral, a. southern.
Australā'sian (-shal), a. of Australasia. n. A. native.
Austrā'lian, n. native of, colonist or resident in, Australia. a. of Australia.
authen'tic, a. trustworthy, entitled to acceptance; genuine, not forged.
authen'ticate, v.t. (-cable), establish the truth, authorship, or validity of. ~tion, ~tor, authenti'city, nn.
auth'or, n. writer of book, &c.; originator. ~ess, n.; author'ial, a.; ~ship, n.
author'ity, n. power or right to enforce obedience; personal influence; person, book, &c. cited as authority. ~tative, a. possessing or claiming authority.
auth'orize, v.t. (-zable), sanction; give authority to. ~zation, n.
autobiog'raphy, n. one's life written by oneself. ~pher, n. writer of such life. ~phic(al), aa.
aut'ocar, n. motor-vehicle.
autoch'thon (-k-), n. (usu. pl.) aboriginal inhabitants. ~ous, a.
aut'ocrat, n. absolute ruler. ~acy, n. absolute rule. ~ic, a.
‖ auto-da-fé (awtōdahfā'), n. (pl. autos-da-fé), sentence of the Inquisition; execution of this.
autogir'o, ~gyr'o, n. form of aeroplane that can descend vertically by means of a windmill revolving freely on its own shaft.
aut'ograph (-ahf), n. own handwriting, esp. signature. ~ic, a.
autom'aton, n. (pl. -ta, -tons), piece of mechanism with concealed motive-power; person acting like a. automat'ic, a. mechanical, unconscious, self-acting; n. a pistol. autom'atism, n. mechanical routine; involuntary action.
automobile' (-ēl), n. motor-car. v.i. ride in motor-car.
auton'omy, n. right of self-government. ~mous, a.
aut'opsy (or awtŏ'-), n. personal inspection; post-mortem. ~ptic, a.
auto-suggestion (-sujĕs'chon), n. hypnotic suggestion proceeding from the subject himself.
aut'otype, n. photographic process for reproducing in monochrome; facsimile so produced. v.t. reproduce thus.
aut'umn (-um), n. third season of the year; (fig.) season of incipient decay. autum'nal, a.
auxil'iary (-lya-), a. helpful, subsidiary; (of verbs) serving to form tenses, &c. of other verbs. n. helper; (pl.) foreign or allied troops in a nation's service.
avail' v.t. & i. be of use or assistance; help, benefit. n. use, profit. ~able, a. capable of being used, at one's disposal. ~ability, n.
av'alanche (-ahnsh), n. falling mass of snow, earth, and ice.
av'arice, n. greed of gain, cupidity. ~ri'cious (-shus), a. greedy.
avast' (-ahst), int. stop, cease.
av'atar, n. descent of deity to earth in incarnate form; incarnation.
avaunt' int. begone.
ā've, int. hail; farewell. n. the ave. A. Maria, devotional recitation and prayer to the Virgin.
avenge' (-j), v.t. (-geable) inflict retribution on behalf of; exact retribution for.
av'enue, n. roadway, approach to house bordered by trees; way of approach (also used fig.).

aver′ v.t. (-rr-), assert, affirm. ~ment, n. positive assertion.
av′erage, n. arithmetical mean, ordinary standard. a. estimated by average, of the usual standard. v.t. (-geable) estimate or reach the average of.
averse′, a. opposed, disinclined, unwilling. ~sion, n. dislike or antipathy thing or person one dislikes.
avert′ v.t. (-tible, -table), ward off turn away from.
ā′viary, n. large cage or building for keeping birds.
ā′viate, v.i. manage or travel in aircraft. ~tion, ~tor, nn.
ăv′id, a. eager, greedy. ~ity n.
ăvizan′dum, n. kinds of districts, &c.
ăvocā′do (-kah-), n. alligator pear.
ăvocā′tion, n. vocation; calling.
avoid′, v.t. shun, keep away from; (Law) annul. ~ance, n.
ăvoirdupois′ (ăverdĭpoiz′), n. system of weights used for ordinary goods; ″weight, heaviness.
avouch′ v.t. guarantee the truth or existence of; affirm. ~ment, n.
avow′ v.t. admit, confess. ~al, n. an open admission. ~edly adv.
avun′cular, a. of an uncle.
await′ (a-), v.t. wait for.
awake (a-), v.i. & t. (past awoke, p.p. awaked or awoke), cease to sleep; become active; rouse from sleep. pred. a. not asleep; vigilant.
awā′ken (a-), v.t. & i. awake, arouse the consciousness of.
award (awôrd′), v.t. adjudge to. n. judicial sentence; thing awarded.
aware′ (a-), a. conscious, not ignorant of. ~ness, n.
awash (-wŏ-), pred. a. flush with or washed by the waves.
away′ (a-), adv. to or at a distance from place, person, &c.
awe, n. reverential fear. v.t. inspire with awe. ~some, a. dread, terrible. ~struck, a.
aw′ful, a. inspiring awe; (colloq.) notable in its kind. ~ly adv. (colloq.) very.
awhile (awīl′), adv. for a time.
aw′kward, a. ill-adapted for use; hard to deal with; clumsy.
awl, n. small pricking-tool.
awn, n. beard of grain, &c.
awn′ing, n. canvas roof; shelter.
awry (arī), adv. crookedly; amiss.
ăxe, n. tool for chopping.
ăx′ial, a. pertaining to an axis.
ăx′iom, n. self-evident truth; established principle, maxim. ăxiomăt′ic, a.
ăx′is, n. (pl. axēs), imaginary line round which a body rotates; straight line between poles or ends.
ă′xle, n. spindle on or with which wheel revolves; axle-tree or either end of this. ~-tree, bar connecting pair of carriage-wheels.
Ax′minster, a. & n. carpet, kind formerly handwoven at Axminster.
ay (ī), int. yes. n. (pl. ayes), affirmative answer or vote.
ayah (ī′a), n. native Indian nurse or lady's maid.
aye (ā), adv. always.
azā′lea, n. kinds of flowering shrubby plant.
ăz′imuth, n. vertical arc of sky from zenith to horizon; angular distance of this from a meridian.
ă′zure (-zher, -zhyer), n. blue unclouded sky; (Herald.) blue colour; bright blue pigment. a. sky-blue.

B

B, b (bē), (Mus.) 7th note in scale of C major.
baa (bah), n. bleat of a sheep. v.i. (baaing, past baa′d), bleat.
baas (bahs), n. (S. Afr.) native mode of addressing white man.
băb′ble, v.i. & t. talk half articulately or excessively; divulge foolishly. n. idle talk. ~r, n.
babe, n. baby.
bā′bel, n. confused noise of talk; confused scene.
băbirous′sa (-boo-), n. E. Asiatic wild hog.
ba′boo (bah-), n. Hindu gentleman (as title=Mr.); Indian English-writing clerk (contempt.) half anglicized Hindu.

babōōn', *n.* large monkey

bā'by, *n.* very young child; childish person. ~car, very small car. ~grand, small grand piano. ~ish, *a.*

băccalaur'eate, *n.* degree of Bachelor

băc'carat (-rah), *n.* a card game.

băc'chanal (-kal), *a.* of Bacchus or his rites. *n.* Bacchant; reveller. ~ā'lia, *n. pl.* festival of Bacchus, drunken revelry. ~ā'lian, *a.*

Băc'chant (-ka-), *n.* priest, priestess, votary, of Bacchus. Bacchante (ba'kănt, bakăn'ti), *n.* (pl. -tes), female Bacchant.

Băc'chus (-kus), *n.* Greek god of wine. ~ic, *a.* Bacchanal.

*băch, *v.i.* (colloq.) to keep house as a bachelor

băch'elor, *n.* unmarried man; university degree below Master. ~hood, *n.* unmarried life.

bacill'us, *n.* (pl. -li), microscopic rod-like vegetable organism, esp. as found in diseased tissues in phthisis, &c. bacill'ary, *a.*

băck, *n.* hinder surface of human body; upper surface of animal's body; hind part of things; the rear football player stationed behind (full, three-quarter, half back). *a.* situated behind; over the past period. *adv.* to the rear; into an earlier position; to a retired or remote position; *back of, behind. *v.t.* & *i.* put or be a back or background to; support with money, argument, &c.; bet on; endorse (cheque, &c.); *address (letter); ride (horse); cause to move back; go backwards; *carry on the back. ~blocks, (Austral.) furthermost fringe of settlement. ~ number, (sl.) out-of-date method, person, &c. ~ out of, withdraw from. ~ seat, make back ~, efface or humble oneself. ~ talk, (sl.) impudent answer. ~ up, support.

băckbite, *v.t.* slander. ~biter, *n.*

băck'bone, *n.* spine, main support; firmness of character.

băckdoor' (dor), *n.* door at back of house.

băck'er, *n.* one who bets.

băckgămm'on, *n.* game on double board with draughts and dice.

băck'ground, *n.* back part of scene; obscurity, retirement.

băck'hand, -hăn'ded, *aa.* delivered with back of hand; indirect. ~er, *n.* such blow; indirect attack.

băckslide', *v.i.* relapse into sin or disbelief. ~r, *n.*

băckstairs', *n. pl.* back or secondary stairs. *a.* secret, underhand.

băck'stitch, *v.t.* sew with overlapping stitches. *n.* such stitch.

băck'sword (-sōrd), *n.* one-edged sword, singlestick.

băck'veld(t) (-ĕlt), *n.* (S. Afr.), remoter parts of the veld.

băck'ward, *adv.* (also -wards), back foremost; back to starting-point; reverse way. *a.* slow in learning.

băck'water (-waw-), *n.* still water beside stream and fed by its back flow

băck'woods, *n. pl.* remote uncleared forest land. ~man, *n.* settler in this.

bā'con, *n.* cured back and sides of pig.

bacter'ium, *n.* (pl. -ia), microscopic unicellular organism found almost everywhere, some causing disease. ~ial, *a.* bacteriŏl'ogy. ~iologist, *nn.*

băd, *a.* (worse, worst), worthless, defective, inefficient, not valid; wicked, depraved; corrupt, decayed, injurious; painful; ill, injured, in pain.

băd, băde, *p.t.* of bid.

bădge, *n.* thing worn as a mark of office, membership, &c.

bădg'er, *n.* quadruped between weasel and bear. *v.t.* worry pester

băd'inage (-ahzh), *n.* banter.

băd'ly, *adv.* defectively, unsuccessfully; to a serious extent.

băd'minton, *n.* game with nets, rackets, and shuttle-cocks.

băf'fle, *v.t.* foil, frustrate, perplex. ~ling, *a.* bewildering.

băff'y, *n.* wooden golf club.

băg, *n.* receptacle of flexible material with opening at top; sac in body for honey, poison, &c.; all a sportsman has shot; (pl., slang) trousers. *v.t.* & *i.* put in bag; secure (game); (colloq.) take possession of, steal; bulge, hang loosely. **~ful**, *n.* (pl. -ls). **~gy**, *a.* loose-hanging.

băgatĕlle', *n.* mere trifle; minor game of billiard kind.

băgg'age, *n.* portable equipment of army; luggage; (joc.) saucy girl.

băg'man (-an), *n.* commercial traveller, packman.

bagnio (băn'yō), *n.* an Oriental prison; brothel.

băg'pipe(s), *n.* musical wind instrument. **~piper**, *n.*

Bahā'dur (-ahd-), *n.* title of respect appended in India to a person's name (and other titles); (Anglo-Ind. sl.) consequential official.

‖**bahār'**, *n.* measure of weight used in India and China, varying from 223 to 625 lb.

bail¹, *n.* security for prisoner's appearance; person who becomes surety. *v.t.* become bail for and secure liberation of; deliver goods in trust. **~able**, *a.* admitting of bail. **~ee**, *n.* one to whom goods are entrusted. **~ment**, *n.* (of goods or prisoner). **~or**, *n.* one who entrusts goods.

bail², *n.* bar separating horses in open stable; (Crick.) either of the crosspieces over the three stumps. **~er**, *n.* ball so bowled as to hit the bails.

bail³, **bale**, *v.t.* (-lable) throw water out of (boats, &c.) with bowls, &c. **~er**, *n.* instrument for bailing.

bail'ie (-li), *n.* Scotch municipal officer corresponding to alderman. **bail'iwick**, *n.* district of bailiff.

bail'iff, *n.* sheriff's officer; agent of lord of manor; steward.

bairn, *n.* (Sc.) child.

bait, *v.t.* & *i.* worry animals by setting dogs at them; worry persons by jeers; give (horse, &c.) food; (of horse) take food thus; stop at inn; put bait on or in (fishing-hook, trap, &c.). *n.* food to entice prey; allurement; halt for refreshment.

baize, *n.* coarse woollen stuff used for coverings.

bāke, *v.t.* & *i.* (-kable), cook by dry heat; harden by heat; be or become baked. **~house**, *n.* place for baking bread, &c. **bā'ker**, *n.* professional breadmaker. **~'s dozen**, thirteen. **bā'kery**, *n.* bakehouse. **baking-powder**, *n.* substitute for yeast.

bā'kelite, *n.* plastic material of phenol and formaldehyde. P

băk'sheesh, *n.* gratuity, tip.

băk'u, *n.* fine kind of straw woven in China.

băl'ance, *n.* weighing-apparatus; regulating-gear of clock, &c.; equilibrium; preponderating weight or amount; excess of assets over liabilities or vice versa, remainder. *v.t.* & *i.* (-ceable), weigh; equalize, match; bring or come into equilibrium. **~-sheet**, *n.* statement of assets and liabilities.

băl'as, *n.* rose-red spinel ruby.

băl'cony, *n.* outside balustraded platform with access from upper floor window; in theatre, seats usu. between dress-circle and gallery.

bald (bawld), *a.* with scalp wholly or partly hairless; without feathers, &c.; bare; meagre, dull.

băl'dachin (-k-), **~quin**, *n.* canopy over throne, &c.

bal'derdash (bawl-), *n.* jumble of words, nonsense.

bal'dric (bawl-), *n.* belt for sword, bugle, &c.

bāle¹, *n.* evil, destruction, woe.

bāle², *n.* package of merchandise.

balee'n, *n.* whalebone.

bāle'fire (-lf-), *n.* great fire in the open, bonfire; beacon-fire.

bāle'ful (-lf-), *a.* pernicious, destructive, malignant.

balk, **baulk** (bawk), *n.* roughly squared timber beam; stumbling-

block; unoccupied area on billiard table; ridge left unploughed. v.t. & i. thwart, hinder; discourage; startle. Jib, shy.

ball[1] (bawl), n. solid or hollow sphere, esp. one used in a game; (Crick.) single delivery of ball by bowler; missile for cannon, rifle, &c. v.i. (of snow &c.) form lumps. balled up, (sl.) muddled, confused, and so unable to go on.

ball[2] (bawl), n. social assembly for dancing. ~room, n.

băl'lad, n. simple song; narrative poem in short stanzas. ~ry, n. ballad poetry. ~monger, n. (contempt.) dealer in ballads.

ballade' (-ahd), n. poem of one or more triplets of 7- or 8-lined stanzas ending with refrain, and envoy.

băl'last, n. heavy material placed in ship's hold for stability; experience, &c. as steadying character. v.t. furnish with ballast.

băl'let (-lā) n. combined performance of professional dancers.

băllis'ta, n. (pl. -ae) ancient military engine for hurling stones, &c. băllis'tic, a. of projectiles. n.pl. science of these.

‖ ballon d'essai (bal'awṅ dĕsā'), experiment to see how a policy &c. will be received; a kite.

băl'lonet, n. one of the interior gasbags of an airship.

balloon', n. round or pear-shaped air-tight envelope inflated with gas so as to rise in air; hollow or inflated thing. ~ed, ~ist, nn.

băl'lot, n. secret voting; ball, ticket, or paper used in ballot; lot-drawing. v.i. vote by ballot; draw lots.

băl'ly, a. & adv. (sl.) expressing speaker's impatience, disgust, &c.

băllyrag', v.t. & i. play practical jokes on; indulge in horse-play.

balm (bahm), n. fragrant exudation; ointment; healing or soothing influence; tree yielding balm.

bălmoral, n. kinds of boot, petticoat, and Scotch cap.

balmy (bahm'ĭ), a. of or like balm; fragrant, mild, soothing; silly.

bal'sam (bawl-), n. balm; kinds of ointment; tree yielding balm; a flowering plant. balsam'ic, a.

băl'uster, n. short pear-shaped pillar; post supporting handrail of staircase; (pl.) posts and handrail. bălustrāde, n. row of balusters with rail or coping as parapet to balcony &c.

bămboo', n. (pl. -oos), tropical giant grass; its stem as stick or material.

bămboo'zle, v.t. hoax, mystify.

băn, v.t. (-nn-), prohibit, interdict. n. a curse; formal prohibition.

banal' (or bā'-), a. commonplace. banăl'ity, n. triviality.

bana'na (-nah-), n. tropical fruit-tree; its finger-shaped fruit.

bănd, n. flat strip of thin material; hoop of iron, rubber, &c.; belt connecting wheels; body of musicians; group of persons. v.i. form into a league; put a band on. ~box, box for millinery. ~master, conductor of musical band. ~saw, endless saw running over wheels. ~sman, ~stand, member of, platform for, musical band.

băn'dage, n. strip of material for binding up wound, &c. v.t. tie up with bandage.

băndănn'a, n. yellow- or white-spotted coloured handkerchief.

băndeau' (-dō), n. (pl. -x, pr. -ōz), woman's hair-fillet; fitting-band inside woman's hat.

băn'dicoot, n. large Indian rat; (Austral.) insectivorous marsupial.

băn'dĭt, n. (pl. -its, -itti), outlaw; brigand.

‖ bŭn'dobust, n. (Anglo-Ind.) organization, arrangement.

băn'dog, n. chained dog; mastiff, bloodhound.

băndoleer', -ier' (-ēr), n. shoulder-belt with cartridge-loops.

băndore'ro (-ār-), n. bandit robber.

băn'dy, v.t. throw or pass to and fro; discuss; exchange. n. hockey; curved stick used in the game. a. (of legs) wide apart at the knees.

bän'dy[2] n. Indian carriage, cart, or buggy. ~-fed, a.

bāne, n. ruin; poison.

băng, v.t. & i. strike or shut noisily; make sound as of blow or explosion; thrash. n. sharp blow; loud noise. adv. with a bang, abruptly; (colloq.) quite, right.

bangle (băng'gl), n. ring bracelet or anklet.

băn'ian, băn'yan, n. Hindu trader (Bengal) native broker to European house; Indian flannel jacket; Indian fig whose branches root themselves over large area.

băn'ish, v.t. condemn to exile; dismiss from one's presence or mind. ~ment, n.

băn'ister, n. = baluster.

băn'jō, n. (pl. -os), instrument like guitar with tambourine body. ~ist, n. banjo player.

bănk[1], n. raised shelf of ground; artificial slope; ground at edge of river; flat-topped mass of cloud. v.t. & i. contain, confine, as or with bank(s); (Aviation) travel with one side higher.

bănk[2], n. establishment for custody of money; the money before keeper of gaming-table. v.t. & i. keep a bank; deposit money at a bank; ~ on, count or rely on. ~-bill, bill drawn by one bank on another. ~-bank-note. ~-holiday, day on which banks and most shops are closed. ~-note, a banker's promissory note payable to bearer on demand.

bănk[3], n. galley-rower's bench; tier in galley; row of organ keys.

bănk'er, n. proprietor, director, &c. of a bank; keeper of gaming bank; gambling card game.

bănk'et, n. auriferous conglomerate like pudding-stone found in S.-Africa.

bănk'rupt, n. insolvent person. a. insolvent; bereft of (quality &c.). v.t. make bankrupt. ~cy, n. insolvency.

bănkshall, n. (Anglo-Ind.) a warehouse; the office of a harbour master or port authority.

bănk'sia (-shia), n. a flowering shrub.

băn'ner, n. flag of a king, country, army, friendly society, &c. ~-state (&c.), leading or pre-eminent state (&c.).

băn'neret, n. knight with vassals under his banner; one knighted on field for valour.

băn'nock, n. Sc. home-made loaf, usu. unleavened and flat.

bănns (-z), n. pl. notice in church of intended marriage, thrice read.

băn'quet, n. sumptuous feast, dinner with speeches. v.t. & i. regale (person); take part in banquet.

bănquette' (-kĕt), n. firing-step in trenches, &c.; bench behind driver in diligence.

băn'shee, n. spirit whose wail portends death in a house.

bănt, v.i. reduce weight by diet.

băn'tam, n. small kind of fowl, of which the cock is pugnacious; small but spirited person; a boxing-weight (8 st. 6 lb.).

băn'ter, n. humorous ridicule. v.t. & i. make fun of, jest.

bănt'ling, n. brat, little child.

Băn'tu (-ōō), n. (pl. same) large group of Afr. negroid races; their languages.

banyan. See banian.

bā'obăb, n. African tree with huge stem and edible fruit.

băp'tism, n. religious rite of immersing in or sprinkling with water in sign of purification and admission to the Church. băptis'mal, a. Băp'tist, one of a sect objecting to infant baptism and practising immersion. ~ery, n. part of building where baptism is administered. băptize' v.t. (-zable), administer baptism to, christen; give a name to.

băr, n. long-shaped piece of rigid material; strip of silver below clasp of medal as extra distinction; (Mus.) vertical line dividing piece into equal time-parts; barrier; counter at which re-

freshments are served; barristers, their profession. v.t. fasten with bars, keep in (or out) thus, obstruct, prevent; exclude. ~maid, ~man, attendant at refreshment bar. ~ sinister, badge of bastardy.

bärb¹ n. recurved point of arrow, fish-hook, &c. v.t. furnish with barb. barbed-wire, for fences, with wire prickles at intervals.

bärb², n. Barbary horse or pigeon.

bärbār'ian, a. uncivilized, wild, uncultured. n. such person.

barbă'ric, a. rude, uncultured.

bar'barism, n. rude or uncultured state; uncultured expression.

barbă'rity, n. savage cruelty.

bar'barize, v.t. & i. make or become barbarous. ~ization, n.

bar'barous, a. uncivilized.

bar'becue, n. framework for smoking or broiling; hog, ox, &c., roasted whole; social gathering where barbecue is served; floor for drying coffee-beans. v.t. roast whole.

bar'bel, n. a fresh-water fish with fleshy appendages at its mouth.

bar'ber, n. one who shaves beards and cuts hair, a hairdresser.

bar'berry, n. a yellow-flowered shrub; its oblong red berry.

barbette' n. platform in fort from which guns fire over parapet; raised gun platform in ship.

bar'bican, n. outer defence to city or castle, esp. tower over gate.

barcarōle', n. gondolier's song.

bärd, n. Celtic minstrel; poet. ~ic, a. of Celtic bards. ~ling, n.

bāre, a. unclothed, uncovered; exposed; unadorned; scanty; mere. v.t. make bare, strip, expose. ~backed, a. on unsaddled horse. ~faced, a. shameless, impudent.

barely (bār'li), adv. scarcely.

bar'gain (-gin), n. agreement on terms of purchase; compact; thing acquired cheap or by bargaining. v.i. haggle, stipulate.

barge, n. flat-bottomed freight-boat; house-boat. ~, v.i. bump heavily. bargee' n. bargeman.

bărĭ'tōne, a. between tenor and bass. n. baritone voice or singer.

bar'ium, n. a white metallic element.

bärk¹ n. outer sheath of tree trunk and branches; tan; quinine. v.t. strip tree of bark; abrade (skin, &c.).

bärk², barque (-k), n. (arch. -poet.) vessel with fore and main masts square-rigged, mizen fore and aft rigged; (poet., usu. -k), ship, boat.

bärk³ v.i. & t. (of dog, fox, &c.) utter sharp explosive cry; speak petulantly; cough. n. sound of barking; report of gun; cough. ~er n. pistol, gun; auction-tout. barking-deer, small species of deer with a short barking call. barking-iron, (sl.) pistol.

bar'ley, n. (pl. -eys), cereal used as food and in malt liquors and spirits; its grain. ~corn, grain of barley. ~-meal, flour ground from barley. ~-sugar, a twisted sweetmeat. ~-water, a soothing decoction for invalids.

barm, n. froth on fermenting malt liquor, yeast. bar'my, a. frothy; (sl.) crazy.

Bar'mecide, a. (also ~dal), illusory. n. giver of illusory gifts.

barn, n. covered building for storing grain, &c. ~ [illegible], kind of [illegible].

bar'nacle¹, n. (usu. pl.) pincers put on horse's nose to keep him still in shoeing, &c.

bar'nacle², n. Arctic goose visiting Britain in winter; crustacean clinging to ship's bottom.

baro'meter, n. instrument measuring atmospheric pressure and used to forecast weather. barometrical, &c.

bar'on, n. title of the lowest rank in the peerage. ~ess, n. baron's wife; female baron in her own right. ~age, n. the barons; book with list of barons. baro'nial, a. of barons or a baron. ~ of beef, double sirloin.

bar'onet, n. one of lowest hereditary titled order. ~age, n. list

of baronets. ~cy n. baronet's rank.

bă'rony n. baron's rank or domain; (Ir.) division of county; (Sc.) large manor.

barŏque' (-k), a. grotesque, whimsical. n. baroque style or ornamentation.

barouche' (-ōōsh), n. four wheeled carriage for four occupants.

barque. See bark. barquentine (-ēn), n. small barque.

bă'rrack, n. (usu. pl.) building for lodging soldiers; building of severely dull appearance. v.t. (sl.) jeer at, cheer ironically.

barracou'ta, -coo'ta (-ōō-), large W. Ind. sea-fish.

bărrage', n. dam built across a river; (bă'rahzh), concentrated gunfire.

bă'rrator, n. litigious person.

bă'rratry, n. vexatious litigation; fraud of master or crew to prejudice of ship's owners.

bă'rrel, n. cylindrical wooden vessel of hooped staves; contents of such vessel; metal tube of gun; a cylinder. v.t. put in barrels. ~-organ, n. musical instrument with pin-studded barrel acting on keys.

bă'rren, a. not bearing, incapable of bearing (children, fruit, &c.); unprofitable.

barrett'er, n. instrument used in wireless receivers for controlling current supply to a valve filament.

barricade', n. barrier. v.t. block or defend with a barricade.

bă'rrier, n. fence, rail, &c. barring advance or access; obstacle, circumstance, &c. that keeps apart.

bă'rrister, n. lawyer entitled to practise in the superior courts; counsellor at law.

bă'rrow¹ (-ō), n. prehistoric grave-mound, tumulus.

bă'rrow² (-ō), n. frame with short shafts used for carrying load, a hand-barrow; two-wheeled hand-cart.

bă'rrow³ (-ō), n. infant's long sleeveless flannel coat.

bar'ter v.i. & t. exchange (goods, rights, &c.). n. trade by exchange.

bartizan' n. battlemented parapet.

bar'ton, n. farmyard.

basalt (băs'awlt, basawlt'), n. a dark green or brown igneous rock. ~ic, ~iform, aa.

bas'cule bridge, n. kind of bridge worked by counterpoise.

bāse¹ a. morally low mean, ignoble; debased; of inferior value. ~-born, a. of low birth, illegitimate.

bāse² n. foundation, bottom, groundwork, principle, starting-point. (Mil.) town or other area in rear of an army where drafts, stores, hospitals, &c. are concentrated. (Chem.) electro-positive compound body that combines with acid to form salt. v.t. found or rest on; establish. bā'sal, bā'sic, aa. of, at, forming, the base, fundamental; ~ic (Chem.) of salts having the base atomically more than the acid. basi'city n. acid's power of combining with bases.

bāse'ball, n. U.S. national game played with bat and ball, 9 players on each side; ball used in it.

bāse'less, a. groundless, unfounded.

bāse'ment, n. lowest part of structure; story below ground level.

bāsh, v.t. strike so as to smash in.

bashaw' n. = pasha.

băsh'ful, a. shy; sheepish.

bashi-bazouk' (-ōōk), n. mercenary of Turkish irregulars.

basic, basicity. See base².

bă'sil (-z-), n. an aromatic herb.

basil'ica, n. oblong hall with double colonnade and apse.

basil'icon, n. kinds of ointment.

bă'silisk (-z-), n. fabulous reptile blasting by its breath or look; lizard with crest inflated at will.

bā'sin, n. round vessel for holding water &c. hollow depression, tract drained by river; a land-locked harbour.

bā'sis, n. (pl. bases), foundation,

thing to work upon, main principle.
bask (bah-), v.i. lie or sit warming oneself in the sun.
bas'ket (bah-), n. wicker vessel of plaited osier, cane, &c. ~ful, n.
bas-relief' n. shallow carving or sculpture on background.
bass¹ n. kinds of fish of perch family, including common perch.
bass² bast, n. inner bark of the lime-tree, other similar fibre. ~broom, coarse fibre broom.
bass³ a. deep-sounding; of lowest part in music. n. bass voice or singer or part. ~ viol, violoncello.
bas'set, n. short-legged dog used for badgers, &c.
bassinet' n. hooded wicker cradle or perambulator.
bassoon' n. double-reed wood instrument, used as bass to oboe.
bast. See bass²
bas'tard, a. born out of wedlock; hybrid, counterfeit. n. illegitimate child, counterfeit thing. ~ize, v.t. declare bastard. ~ization, n. **bas'tardy** n. illegitimacy.
baste¹ v.t. sew together with temporary stitches.
baste² v.t. moisten (roasting meat) with fat; thrash, cudgel.
bastille' (-ēl), n. fortress; prison.
bastina'do, n. (pl. -oes), caning on soles of feet. v.t. cane thus.
bas'tion, n. pentagonal projection from a fortification. ~ed, a.
bat¹ n. nocturnal mouse-like winged quadruped.
bat², n. wooden implement for striking ball, esp. in cricket; batsman. v.t. & i. use bat, have innings. ~sman, ~ting, nn. performer, performance, with bat.
bat³ n. (sl.) pace; 'spree, good time.' ~ round, i. have a good time; go from place to place in quest of pleasure.
batch, n. loaves baked at a time; group, collection of things.
bate¹ v.t. & i. (-table), let down; fall off in force, restrain; deduct.
bate², n. (sch. sl.) rage.

bateau (-tō; pl. -eaux, pr. -tōz), n. a light river-boat, esp. the long tapering boats with flat bottoms used by French Canadians.
bath (bahth), n. (pl. pr. -dhz), washing, immersion; vessel or place for bathing in; (pl.) bathing-place. v.t. (pr. -th) give a bath to. ~-room, n.
Bath-brick (bahth-), n. a preparation for cleaning metal. ~chair, invalid's wheeled chair. ~stone, building stone quarried at Bath.
bathe (-dh), v.t. & i. immerse in water, &c.; moisten all over; take a bath; (of sunlight, &c.) envelop. n. the act of bathing. **ba'ther** (-dh-), n. bathing-machine, wheeled dressing-box for sea-bathing.
ba'thos (or -ă-), n. fall from sublime to ridiculous.
bat'ik, n. (material patterned by) Javanese method of painting parts with wax and then dyeing.
batiste' (-ēst), n. fine light cotton or linen fabric.
bat'man (-an), n. officer's or warrant-officer's servant.
bat'on, n. staff of office; conductor's wand for beating time.
batrach'ian (-k-), a. of frogs or other animals that discard gills and tail. n. such animal.
bat'ta, n. (Anglo-Ind.), extra pay during a campaign; addition to pay of officers serving in India.
battal'ion (-yon), n. large body of men in battle array; body forming part of regiment.
batt'els, n.pl. (Oxf. Univ.) college accounts, esp. for provisions.
batt'en¹ n. board for flooring; strip of wood, esp. to secure hatchway tarpaulin. v.t. strengthen or fasten with battens.
batt'en² v.i. feed, grow fat.
batt'er, v.t. & i. strike repeatedly so as to bruise or break; criticize severely. n. mixture of ingredients beaten up with liquid for cooking. ~ing-ram, military engine for assailing walls.
batt'ery, n. (Law) infliction of

blows or menacing touch to clothes or person. (Mil.) emplacement for one or more guns, artillery unit of guns and men and vehicles or (more rarely) horses.

bat'tle, n. combat, esp. of organized forces. v.i. struggle with or against. ~-axe, medieval weapon. ~-cruiser, heavy-gunned ship of higher speed and lighter armour than battleship. ~-plane, large fighting aeroplane. ~-ship, war ship of most heavily armed and armoured class.

bat'tledore (-tld-), n. wooden instrument used in washing; bat for striking shuttlecock. ~ and shuttlecock, a game.

bat'tlement (-tl-), n. (usu. in pl.) indented parapet; this and roof.

battue (bătōō'), n. driving of game by beaters to sportsmen; battue shooting-party; wholesale slaughter.

bau'ble, n. showy trinket.

bawbee', n. (Sc.) halfpenny.

bawd, n. procuress. ~y, a. obscene.

bawl, v.t. & i. speak noisily; ~ out, reprove loudly.

bay¹, n. kind of laurel with deep-green leaves; (pl.) conqueror's or poet's bay wreath. ~-berry, a West-Indian tree; wax myrtle. ~ rum, perfume distilled from bayberry leaves.

bay², n. part of sea filling wide-mouthed opening of land; recess in mountains. ~ salt, salt got from sea-water by evaporation.

bay³, n. division of wall between buttresses, &c.; projecting window-space. ~ window, window filling a bay.

bay⁴, n. bark of large dog, esp. chorus of pursuing hounds. v.i. & t. (of large dog) bark, bark at. at ~, said of hunted animals surrounded by dogs and unable to escape; often fig. of persons.

bay⁵, a. (of horse) reddish-brown. n. bay horse.

bayadère' n. Hindu dancing-girl.

bay'onet, n. stabbing blade attached to rifle. v.t. stab with bayonet.

bayou (bī'ōō), n. marshy offshoot of a river.

bazaar' (-zār) n. Oriental market; fancy fair to raise funds.

be (bē, bĭ), v.i. (pres. ind. am, art, is, pl. are; past ind. 1 & 3 was, 2 wast, pl. were; pres. subj. be; past subj. were, exc. 2 sing. wert arch.; imperat. be; part. being; p.p. been), exist, occur; remain, continue; have a certain state or quality.

beach, n. sandy or pebbly shore of sea. v.t. run (boat, &c.) ashore, haul up. ~-comber (-ōmer), n. long rolling wave; white man in Pacific islands, &c. who lives by collecting jetsam.

bea'con, n. signal-fire on hill or pole; signal; signal-station.

bead, n. small ball pierced for threading with others; small knob in front sight of gun; moulding like row of beads. v.t. furnish with beads; string together. ~-roll, list. bea'ding, n. bead moulding. bea'dy a. small and bright.

bea'dle, n. parish officer; church or court officer; mace-bearer. ~dom, stupid officiousness.

beads'man (-zman), n. almsman.

bea'gle, n. small hound for hunting hares; spy, bailiff, &c.

beak, n. bird's bill; hooked nose; prow of war-ship; spout; (sl.) a magistrate.

beak'er, n. large drinking-cup; lipped glass for experiments.

beam, n. long piece of squared timber supported at each end; bar of balance; horizontal cross-timbers of ship; ray of light or of electric radiation; bright look. v.t. & i. emit light; shine; look radiantly upon. ~-ends, side of ship. ~ system, wireless telegraphy in which a short-wave beam is projected by reflection from a parabolic mirror.

bean, n. plant with kidney-shaped seed in long pods; such seed; seed of coffee and other plants; (sl.) coin; (sl.) head. ~-feast, work men's annual outing. old bean,

thing to work upon, main principle.
bask (bah-), v.i. lie or sit warming oneself in the sun.
bas'ket (bah-), n. wicker vessel of plaited osier, cane, &c. ~ful, n.
bas-relief' n. shallow carving or sculpture on background.
bass¹ n. kinds of fish of perch family, including common perch.
bass² bast, n. inner bark of the lime-tree, other similar fibre. ~broom, coarse fibre broom.
bass³, a. deep-sounding; of lowest part in music. n. bass voice or singer or part. ~ viol, violoncello.
bass'et, n. short-legged dog used for badgers, &c.
bassinet' n. hooded wicker cradle or perambulator.
bassoon' n. double-reed wood instrument, used as bass to oboe.
bast, See bass².
bas'tard, a. born out of wedlock; hybrid, counterfeit. n. illegitimate child, counterfeit thing. ~ize, v.t. declare bastard. ~ization, n. bas'tardy n. illegitimacy.
baste¹ v.t. sew together with temporary stitches.
baste² v.t. moisten (roasting meat) with fat; thrash, cudgel.
bastille' (-ēl), n. fortress; prison.
bastina'do, n. (pl. -oes), caning on soles of feet. v.t. cane thus.
bas'tion, n. pentagonal projection from a fortification. ~ed, a.
bat¹ n. nocturnal mouse-like winged quadruped.
bat² n. wooden implement for striking ball, esp. in cricket; batsman. v.i. & t. use bat, have innings. ~sman, ~ting, ns. performer, performance, with bat.
bat³ n. (sl.) pace; spree, good time. ~ round, i. have a good time; go from place to place in quest of pleasure.
batch, n. loaves baked at a time; group, collection, of things.
bate¹ v.t. & i. (-table), let down; fall off in force; restrain; deduct.
bate² n. (sch. sl.) rage.

bateau' (-tō; pl.-eaux, pr. -tōz), n. a light river-boat, esp. the long tapering boats with flat bottoms used by French Canadians.
bath (bahth), n. (pl. pr. -dhz), washing, immersion; vessel or place for bathing in; (pl.) bathing-place. v.t. (pr. -th) give a bath to. ~room, n.
Bath-brick (bahth-), n. a preparation for cleaning metal. ~chair, invalid's wheeled chair. ~stone, building stone quarried at Bath.
bathe (-dh), v.t. & i. immerse in water &c.; moisten all over; take a bath; (of sunlight, &c.) envelop. n. the act of bathing. ba'ther (-dh-), n. bathing-machine, wheeled dressing-box for sea-bathing.
ba'thos (or -ā-), n. fall from sublime to ridiculous.
bat'ik, n. (material patterned by) Javanese method of painting parts with wax and then dyeing.
batiste' (-ēst), n. fine light cotton or linen fabric.
bat'man (-an), n. officer's or warrant-officer's servant.
bat'on, n. staff of office; conductor's wand for beating time.
batrach'ian (-k-), a. of frogs or other animals that discard gills and tail. n. such animal.
batt'a, n. (Anglo-Ind.), extra pay during a campaign; addition to pay of officers serving in India.
battal'ion (-yon), n. large body of men in battle array; body forming part of regiment.
batt'els, n.pl. (Oxf Univ.) college accounts, esp. for provisions.
batt'en¹ n. board for flooring; strip of wood, esp. to secure hatchway tarpaulin. v.t. strengthen or fasten with battens.
batt'en² v.i. feed; grow fat.
batt'er, v.t. & i. strike repeatedly so as to bruise or break; criticize severely. n. mixture of ingredients beaten up with liquid for cooking. ~ing-ram, military engine for assaulting walls.
batt'ery, n. (Law) infliction of

blows or menacing touch to clothes or person. (Mil.) emplacement for one or more guns, artillery unit of guns and men and vehicles (or more rarely) horses.
bat'tle, n. combat, esp. of organized forces. v.i. struggle with or against. ~-axe, medieval weapon. ~-cruiser, heavy-gunned ship of higher speed and lighter armour than battleship. ~-plane, large fighting aeroplane. ~-ship, war ship of most heavily armed and armoured class.
bat'tledore (-tldor), n. wooden instrument used in washing; bat for striking shuttlecock. ~ and shuttlecock, a game.
bat'tlement (-tel-), n. (usu. in pl.) indented parapet; this and roof.
battue (bătōō'), n. driving of game by beaters to sportsmen; battue shooting-party; wholesale slaughter.
bau'ble, n. showy trinket.
baw'bee, n. (Sc.) halfpenny.
bawd, n. procuress. ~y a. obscene.
bawl, v.t. & i. speak noisily. ~ out, reprove loudly.
bay¹ n. kind of laurel with deep-green leaves; (pl.) conqueror's or poet's bay wreath. ~-berry, a West-Indian tree; *wax myrtle. ~ rum, perfume distilled from bayberry leaves.
bay² n. part of sea filling wide-mouthed opening of land; recess in mountains. ~ salt, salt got from sea-water by evaporation.
bay³ n. division of wall between buttresses, &c.; projecting window-space. ~ window, window filling a bay.
bay⁴ n. bark of large dog, esp. chorus of pursuing hounds. v.i. & t. (of large dog) bark, bark at. at ~, said of hunted animals surrounded by dogs and unable to escape; often fig. of persons.
bay⁵ a. (of horse) reddish-brown. n. bay horse.
bayadère' n. Hindu dancing-girl.
bay'onet, n. stabbing blade attached to rifle. v.t. stab with bayonet.
*bayou (bī'ōō), n. marshy offshoot of a river.
bazaar (-zār'), n. Oriental market; fancy fair to raise funds.
be (bē, bĭ), v.i. (pres. ind. am, art, is, pl. are; past ind. 1 & 3 sing. was, pl. were; pres. subj. be; past subj. were, (2 sing. wert arch.); imperat. be; part. being; p.p. been) exist, occur; remain, continue; have a certain state or quality.
beach, n. sandy or pebbly shore of sea. v.t. run (boat, &c.) ashore, haul up. ~-comber (-kōmer), n. long rolling wave; white man in Pacific islands, &c. who lives by collecting jetsam.
bea'con, n. signal-fire on hill or pole; signal, signal-station.
bead, n. small ball pierced for threading with others; small knob in front sight of gun; moulding like row of beads. v.t. furnish with beads, string together. ~-roll, list. bea'ding, n. bead moulding. bea'dy a. small and bright.
bea'dle, n. parish officer, church or court officer, mace-bearer. ~dom, stupid officiousness.
beads'man (-zman), n. almsman.
bea'gle, n. small hound for hunting hares; spy, bailiff, &c.
beak, n. bird's bill; hooked nose; prow of war-ship; spout; (sl.) a magistrate.
beak'er, n. large drinking-cup; lipped glass for experiments.
beam, n. long piece of squared timber supported at each end; bar of balance; horizontal cross-timbers of ship; ray of light or of electric radiation; bright look. v.t. & i. emit light, shine; look radiantly upon. ~-ends, side of ship. ~ system, wireless telegraphy in which a short-wave beam is projected by reflection from a parabolic mirror.
bean, n. plant with kidney-shaped seed in long pods; such seed; seed of coffee and other plants; (sl.) coin; *(sl.) head. ~-feast, work-men's annual outing; old bean,

(colloq.) familiar term of address to a parent, &c. beans, n. (sl.) any troublesome enforcement.

bear¹ (bār), n. heavy thick-furred quadruped; rough surly person (Great Bear); speculator for a fall in price of stocks. ~-garden, scene of tumult. ~-leader, travelling tutor. ~'s-grease, pomade. ~skin, Guards' tall furry cap. ~ish, a. rough-mannered, surly.

bear² (bār), v.t. & i. (past bōre, arch. bāre; p.p. bōrne), carry or support; endure, tolerate; give birth to; produce, yield. ~able, a. endurable.

beard, n. hair of lower part of face; chin tuft of goat, &c.; awn of grass. v.t. oppose openly, defy. ~ed, a. ~less, a. youthful.

bear'er (bār-), n. bringer of letter &c., presenter of cheque; carrier of coffin; (Anglo-Ind.) palanquin-carrier, domestic servant.

bear'ing (bār-), n. behaviour; heraldic charge; relation, aspect; direction, relative position. ~-rein, rein forcing horse to arch its neck.

beast, n. animal; quadruped; bovine animal; brutal man, person one dislikes. ~ly a. dirty disgusting; (colloq.) annoying. ~liness, n. beastly conduct.

beat, v.t. & i. strike repeatedly; flog or whip; hammer metal; (of sun, rain, &c.) strike persistently; defeat, overcome; perplex; mark (time, &c.) with regular strokes; rouse game; *defraud, make (one's way) by fraud. n. stroke on drum; movement of conductor's baton; measured sequence of strokes, &c., e.g. in verse (heartbeat); appointed round; *election-district; *something surpassing; *newspaper success against rivals; *a shiftless fellow ~er, n. man employed to rouse game. *(sl.) ~ it, go, get out.

beatif'ic, a. making blessed. beat'ify, v.t. make happy. ~fication, n. act of blessing.

beat'itude, n. blessedness; (pl.) the blessings in Matt. v 3–11.

beau (bō), n. (pl. -s, pr. -z), dandy; suitor.

‖ beau geste (bō zhĕst'), n. a display of magnanimity

beau id'éal (bō), n. one's highest type of excellence.

‖ beau monde (bō mawnd), n. fashionable society

Beaune (bōn), n. a red Burgundy

beaut'eous (bū-), a. endowed with beauty

beaut'iful (bū-), a. having beauty; capital, excellent.

beaut'ify (bū-), v.t. (-fied), make beautiful. beaut'ifier (bū-), n. thing that beautifies.

beaut'y (bū-), n. combination of qualities that delights the sight or mind; person or thing possessing this. ~-sleep, that before midnight. ~-spot, small patch stuck on woman's face as foil to complexion. a beautiful scene.

beav'er¹ n. amphibious broad-tailed soft-furred rodent; its fur; hat of this.

beav'er² n. lower face-guard of helmet.

becall' (-kawl), v.t. (arch. or vulg.) call (person) names.

becalm (-ahm), v.t. make calm.

became', p.t. of become.

because' (-kŏz, -kawz), adv. by reason, conj. for the reason that.

beck¹, v.t. & i. beckon. n. significant nod or gesture.

beck² n. brook, mountain stream.

beck'et, n. (naut.) anything fixed as attachment for ropes, &c.

beck'on, v.t. & i. make mute signal; summon thus.

becloud', v.t. cover with clouds.

become' (-kŭm), v.i. & t. come to be, begin to be; suit, befit, look well on. becom'ingly (-kŭ-), adv. suitably, gracefully.

bed, n. couch to sleep on; animal's resting-place, litter; flat base on which thing rests; garden plot for plants; bottom of sea, river, &c.; stratum. v.t. prepare bed for (horse, &c.); plant in a bed. ~chamber, bedroom. ~clothes, sheets, blankets, &c. ~fellow, sharer of bed. ~-pan, chamber

utensil for use in bed. ~-plate, base of machine, &c. ~-ridden, a. confined to bed by infirmity ~-rock, solid rock below superficial formations (fig.) foundation, bottom. ~-room, for sleeping in. ~-spread, coverlet. ~-stead, framework of bed. ~-tick, large bag of feathers, &c. for bed.
bedab'ble, v.t. splash with liquid.
bedaub' v.t. smear with paint, &c.
bed'ding, n. mattress and bedclothes litter for cattle, &c.
bedeck' v.t. adorn.
be'del, n. official with duties chiefly processional. See beadle.
bedev'il, v.t. (-ll-), treat diabolically; bewitch. ~-ment, n. maddening trouble or confusion.
bedew' v.t. cover with drops.
bedim v.t. (-mm-), make dim.
bedi'zen, v.t. dress out gaudily
bed'lam, n. madhouse; scene of uproar. ~-ite, n. lunatic.
bed'ouin (-oo-), n. (pl. same) Arab of the desert; gipsy
bedrag'gle, v.t. wet (dress, &c.) by trailing it.
bed'straw, n. kinds of plant.
bee, n. social insect producing wax and honey; busy worker; meeting for combined work, &c. ~-hive, house for bees. ~-line, straight line between two places. ~s'wax, wax secreted by bees.
beech, n. a smooth-barked glossy leaved tree, its wood. ~-mast, fruit of beech, beech-nuts. beech'en, a. of beech.
beef, n. flesh of ox, bull, or cow (of man) muscle; ox or cow ~-eater, yeoman of guard. ~-steak, slice of beef ~-tea, stewed beef juice. beef'y a. solid, muscular.
been, p.p. of be.
beer, n alcoholic liquor made from fermented malt, &c., flavoured with hops, &c. ~-house, one licensed for beer but not for spirits. ~-money allowance in lieu of beer. beer'y a. betraying influence of beer.

beest'ings (-z), n.pl. first milk of cow after parturition.
bees'wing (-z-), n. second crust in old port, old wine.
beet, n. kinds of plant with succulent root used for salad, &c. and sugar-making. ~-root, root of beet plant.
bee'tle, n. heavy-headed tool for ramming, crushing, &c.
bee'tle n. coleopterous insect. a. projecting, shaggy scowling. v.i. overhang. ~-browed, a. with overhanging brow ~-crusher, large boot or foot.
befall (-awl), v.t. & i. happen, happen to.
befit', v.t. (-tt-), be suited to.
befog', v.t. (-gg-), envelop in fog.
befool' v.t. make a fool of.
before', adv. ahead; in front; previously already prep. in front of, ahead of; in the presence of earlier than. conj sooner than; rather than.
before'hand, adv. in anticipation, in readiness, before the time.
befoul, v.t. make foul.
befriend' (-rend), v.t. act as a friend to, help at need.
beg, v.t. & i. (-gg-), ask for something by way of alms, live by begging; ask for favour, leave, &c; make entreaty ~ the question, assume by implication the very fact one is trying to prove.
began, p.t. of begin.
beget' (-g-), v.t. (past begot, arch. begat, p.p. begotten), procreate, give rise to. ~-ter, n.
beg'gar, n. one who begs, esp. lives by begging; poor or penniless person (colloq.) fellow v.t. reduce to poverty ~-ly a. poor needy; mean. ~-y n. extreme poverty ~-my-neighbour, card game.
begin' (-g-), v.t. & i. (begin, begun), set about, make a start with; originate; *get near (to being something). ~-ner, n. one who starts anything a learner ~-ning, n. time at which thing begins; source, origin.

begird' (-g-), v.t. (begirt), gird, encircle.

begone' (-awn), int. away with you!

begō'nia, n. plant with petal-less flowers and ornamental foliage.

begot, **-ten**, p.t. & p.p. of beget.

begrime' v.t. (-mable), make grimy.

begrudge' v.t. (-geable), grudge.

beguile (-gīl), v.t. (-liable), delude, cheat; charm, amuse; cause (time, &c.) to pass easily. **~ment**, n.

bē'gum, n. (in India) queen or lady of rank.

begun, p.p. of begin.

behalf' (-hahf), n. part, interest.

behave' v.i. & ref. conduct oneself, act in specified manner.

behā'viour (-yer), n. manners, conduct, way of behaving.

behead' (-hĕd), v.t. cut off the head of; execute thus.

beheld' p.t. & p.p. of behold.

behē'moth (or bē'h-), n. huge creature.

behest', n. command.

behind', adv. & prep. in or to the rear; in concealment; too late; in arrear. **~hand**, a. & adv. in arrear, behind time, too late.

behold' v.t. see with the eyes; (imperat.) take notice, observe.

behō'lden, a. under obligation to.

behoof', n. use, advantage.

behove' (-hōv), v.t. be incumbent on; befit.

beige (bāzh), n. dress-material of undyed unbleached wool; the colour of this. a. of this colour.

bē'ing, n. existence; person or thing that exists; constitution.

belā'bour (-ber), v.t. thrash.

belā'ted, a. overtaken by darkness; coming too late.

belaud' v.t. heap praises on.

belay' v.t. (-layed), coil rope round cleat, &c. to secure it. **~ing pin**, n. fixed pin for belaying on.

belch, v.t. & i. emit wind noisily from stomach through mouth; (of volcano, gun, &c.) emit fire, smoke, &c. n. belching eructation.

bel'cher, n. parti-coloured neckerchief.

bel'dam(e), n. hag; virago.

beleag'uer (-ger), v.t. besiege.

bel'emnite, n. common fossil of pointed bullet shape.

bel'fry, n. bell tower; bell space in church tower.

belie v.t. (-lying), fail to confirm or act up to; give false notion of.

belief' n. trust, confidence; acceptance of thing as true; what one believes.

believe' v.t. & i. (-vable), accept as true; have faith in.

believ'er, n. one who believes; (esp.) adherent of one's religion.

belike' adv. probably, perhaps.

belit'tle, v.t. disparage, dwarf.

bell, n. cup-shaped metal instrument emitting musical sound when struck; bell-shaped thing. **~-boy**, hotel page. **~-founder**, caster of bells. **~-man**, town-crier. **~-hop**, (sl.) hotel page. **~-metal**, alloy of copper and tin. **~-pull**, cord, &c., attached to bell wire. **~-ringer**, **~-ringing**, person) ringing changes, &c. on church bells. **~-tent**, bell-shaped tent. **~-wether**, leading sheep of flock with bell on neck.

belladon'na, n. deadly nightshade; drug got from this.

belle, n. handsome woman; reigning beauty.

belles-lettres (bĕl-lĕt'r), n. studies or writings of purely literary kind.

bell'icose, a. inclined to fight.

bellig'erent, a. waging regular war; engaged in conflict. n. belligerent nation, party or person. **~ency**, n. status of a belligerent.

bell'ow (-ō), v.i. & t. roar like bull; roar or cry with pain. n. bellowing sound.

bell'ows (-ōz), n. pl. contrivance for driving air into fire, organ, &c.

bell'y, n. abdomen, stomach; cavity or bulging part of anything. v.t. & i. swell out. **~ful**, n. as much as one wants.

belong' v.i. be the property of.

be attached to. ~ings, n.pl. one's property or relatives.
belov'ed, a. (-ŭv'ĭd) & p.p. (-ŭvd'), dearly loved. n. beloved person.
below' (-ō), adv. at or to a lower level; in a lower position or rank. prep. lower in position, amount, degree, rank, &c., than; unworthy of, beneath.
belt, n. strip of leather &c. worn round waist; strap connecting wheels; a much zone or district. v.t. put belt round; thrash.
bel'védère, n. raised turret to view scenery from.
bemire' v.t. besmirch.
bemoan' v.t. lament.
bemuse' (-z), v.t. stupefy.
bench, n. long seat of wood or stone; judge's or magistrate's seat; court of law; carpenter's or laboratory table; level stretch on mountain-side. ~er, n. senior member of Inns of Court.
bend, v.t. & i. (bent), force into a curve or angle; receive such shape; incline from the vertical; submit, force to submit. n. bending, curve; bent part of thing. ~ sinister (Herald.), parallel lines indicating bastardy.
ben'der, n. (sl.) sixpenny-bit.
beneath' adv. & prep. below, under.
Benedi'cite, n. canticle; grace at table. ~dic'tion, n. canticle.
ben'edict, n. newly-married man.
benedic'tion, n. utterance of a blessing; a blessing. ~tory, a.
benefac'tion, n. doing good; charitable gift. ben'efactor, n. patron, donor. ~tress, n.
ben'efice, n. church living. ben'eficed (-st), a. holding a benefice.
benef'icent, a. doing good; actively kind. benef'icence, n.
benefi'cial (-shl), a. advantageous, serviceable.
benefi'ciary (-sha-), a. holding by feudal tenure. n. holder of living; receiver of benefits.
ben'efit, n. advantage, profit; allowance from Benefit Society, &c.; performance, game, &c., of which proceeds go to a particular player or person; (sl., iron.) fine time or job. v.t. & i. do good to, receive benefit.
benev'olent, a. desirous of doing good; charitable. ~ence, n.
Bengal (-awl), a. ~ light, firework used for signals. ~ tiger, the tiger proper.
Bengalí (bĕnggawl'ĭ), a. of Bengal. n. native, language, of Bengal.
benight'ed (-nīt-), a. overtaken by night; involved in intellectual or moral darkness.
benign' (-īn), a. kindly, gentle; favourable, salutary. benig'nant, a. kindly, gracious. ~ancy, ~ity, nn. kindliness.
ben'ison (-zn), n. benediction.
bent¹, n. kinds of stiff-stemmed grass; stiff flower-stalk of grass also called bennet, bent-grass.
bent², n. inclination, bias.
bent, p.t. & p.p. of bend.
Ben'thamism (-ta-), n. doctrine of the greatest happiness of greatest number.
benumb' (-m), v.t. make numb or torpid; paralyse.
ben'zene, n. aromatic hydrocarbon got from coal-tar.
ben'zine, n. mixture of liquid hydrocarbons got from mineral oils and used for removing grease-stains.
ben'zoin (or -ōin), n. aromatic resin.
ben'zol, -ole, n. benzene.
ben'zoline, n. benzine.
bequeath' (-dh), v.t. leave by will; transmit to posterity.
bequest', n. thing bequeathed.
berate', v.t. scold.
bere, n. kinds of barley.
bereave', v.t. (bereaved or bereft), rob, deprive; leave desolate. ~ment, n. loss by death.
be'ret (-ā), n. kind of tam-o'-shanter cap.
berg, n. iceberg; (S. Afr.) mountain.
berg'amot, n. tree of orange kind; perfume from its fruit.
berg'amot², n. kind of pear.
berhyme' v.t. write verses about.
be'riberi, n. disease like dropsy.

Berlin', n. four-wheeled covered carriage, with hood behind. ~ wool, fine dyed knitting wool.

be'rry, n. any small round juicy stoneless fruit. ~ried, a.

berserk'(er), n. wild Norse warrior fighting with frenzy.

berth, n. sea-room; ship's place at wharf; sleeping-place; situation. v.t. moor ship in berth; provide sleeping-berth for.

be'ryl, n. kinds of (esp. green) precious stone; mineral species including emerald.

beseech' v.t. (-sought, pr. -sawt), entreat; ask earnestly for.

beseem' v.t. suit, be fitting for.

beset' v.t. hem in, assail.

beshrew' (-rōō), v.t. wish a curse to.

beside' prep. at the side of, close to; compared with; wide of.

besides' (-dz), prep. in addition to; otherwise than. adv. also, as well; else.

besiege' v.t. lay siege to; crowd round; assail with requests.

beslo'bber, beslu'bber, v.t. cover with slaver; flatter fulsomely; (slob-) kiss effusively.

besmear', v.t. smear.

besmirch' v.t. soil, discolour.

be'som (or -ē-; -z-), n. long-handled broom made of twigs.

besot' v.t. stupefy mentally or morally. ~ted, a.

besought, p.t. & p.p. of beseech.

bespangle (-ăng'gl), v.t. cover with spangles.

bespa'tter, v.t. spatter all over; cover with abuse.

bespeak', v.t. (past -spoke; p.p. -spoken), engage beforehand; order (goods); be evidence of.

besprinkle (-ing'kl), v.t. sprinkle.

Bess'emer pro'cess, n. method of making steel by passing current of air through molten pig-iron.

best, a. & adv. (superl. of good, well) of, in, the most excellent kind, way. v.t. (colloq.) get the better of.

bestead' (-ĕd), v.t. & i. avail, help.

be'stial, a. of beasts; brutish. ~ity n.; ~ize v.t. be'stiary n. medieval treatise on beasts.

bestir' v.refl. exert, rouse oneself.

bestow' (-ō), v.t. confer as gift; deposit. ~al, ~ment, nn.

bestrew' (-rōō) v.t. (p.p. -ewed, -ewn), strew; be scattered over.

bestride' v.t. (past -ode, p.p. -idden, -id, -rid), sit astride on; stand astride over.

bet, v.t. & i. risk one's money, &c., against another's on result of event. n. a wager.

betake' v.refl. (-took, -taken), go to, have recourse to.

be'tel, n. leaf of a plant, chewed by Indians with areca nut. ~-nut, areca nut.

bête noire (bāt nwahr), n. one's abomination.

beth'el, n. hallowed spot; a place of worship.

bethink' v.refl. (-thought, pr. -awt), reflect, stop to think.

betide v.t. & i. happen; happen to.

betimes' (-mz), adv. in good time.

beto'ken, v.t. be a sign of.

be'tony, n. purple-flowered plant.

betook, p.t. of betake.

betray' v.t. give up or reveal treacherously; be disloyal to; reveal involuntarily. ~al, n.

betroth' (-dh), v.t. bind with promise to marry. ~al, n.

bett'er, a. (compar. of good) having good qualities in a higher degree. n. one's betters, persons of higher rank; one's better, more skilful person. adv. (compar. of well) in a higher degree; in a better way. v.t. & i. improve; improve upon, surpass. ~ment, n. improvement.

between prep. in or into a space or interval; to and from; in shares among. adv. between two or more points. betw. een two extremes. ~maid, servant helping two others. ~whiles, adv. in the intervals.

betwixt prep. between.

bev'el, n. tool for setting off angles; sloping edge or surface. v.t. & i. reduce to a bevel; have other than right angle.

bev'erage, n. liquor for drinking.

bev'y n. a company.

bewail, v.t. & i. mourn for.
beware', v.i. & i. take heed, be on one's guard.
bewil'der, v.t. perplex, confuse. ~ment, n. state of confusion.
bewitch, v.t. cast magic spell on; delight. ~ment, n.
bewray (bĭrā'), v.t. reveal.
bey (bā), n. Turkish governor.
beyond', adv. at or to the farther side, further on; besides. prep. at or to the farther side of; more than; except. n. the ~, the future life, the unknown.
bev'el, n. sloped edge of chisel, &c.; groove for watch-glass, &c.
bézique' (-ēk), n. card-game.
bhang (băng), n. Indian hemp used as narcotic and intoxicant.
bian'nual, a. twice a year.
bi'as, n. (game of bowls) bowl's oblique course due to its lop-sided or (orig.) lead loading; predisposition, prejudice; oblique direction. v.t. (-s- or -ss-), give a bias to, prejudice.
bib, v.t. & i. drink much or often, tipple. n. child's chin-cloth; apron-top. bib'ber, n. one who drinks frequently.
bib'-cock, n. cock or tap with turned-down nozzle.
Bi'ble, n. Old and New Testament. bib'lical, a. of the Bible.
bibliog'raphy, n. history of books, their editions, &c.; list of books of any author, subject, &c. ~pher, n. writer of bibliography. bibliograph'ical(ly), aa.
bibliol'ater, n. worshipper of books. ~try, n. such worship. ~trous, a.
bibliomā'nia, n. rage for collecting books. ~iac, n. great book-collector.
bib'liophile, n. book-lover.
bibliop'ole, n. seller of (esp. rare) books. bibliop'oly, n. selling of books.
bib'ūlous, a. addicted to drink.
bicam'eral, a. with two chambers.
bicarb'onate, n. carbonate containing a double amount of the acid.
bice, n. a dull blue or green pigment.

bicentēn'ary, a. pertaining to 200 years. n. two hundredth anniversary or its celebration.
biceph'alous, a. two-headed.
bi'ceps, n. (pl. -cepses) muscle with double head or attachment.
bick'er, v.i. quarrel, wrangle; (of stream, rain, &c.) brawl, patter. ~ing, n. wrangling.
bicus'pid, a. two-cusped.
bi'cycle, n. two-wheeled pedal-driven vehicle. v.i. ride on b.
bid, v.t. & i. (past bād, bĭde, bĭd; p.p. bidden, bĭd), command; invite; offer price; proclaim (defiance, &c.). n. offer of price; *(col.) invitation. bidd'able, a. obedient. ~ding, n. command; offers at auction.
bide, v.t. & i. (bided, bode), abide.
bienn'ial, a. two-year long, two-yearly. n. plant lasting two years.
bier, n. stand on which coffin is taken to the grave.
biff (sl.), n. smart blow. v.t. strike (person).
biff'in, n. red cooking-apple.
bi'fid, a. cleft into two parts.
bifō'cal, a. (of spectacle-lenses) with two focal lengths, for distant and near vision.
bifō'liate, a. of two leaves.
bi'furcate (-ferkāt), v.t. & i. divide into two branches, fork. a. (-ferkat), forked. ~tion, n. fork of branch, &c.
big, a. large, of the largest kind; grown up; pregnant; important; boastful. ~ bug, n. important person. ~ end, crankpin end of engine connecting-rod. ~ noise, bigwig. ~ three, four, &c. (sl.) the predominant few in any affair. ~ wig, n. important person.
big'amy, n. having two wives or husbands at once. ~mist, n. such person. ~mous, a.
*__big'-horn__, n. Rocky Mountain sheep.
bight (bīt), n. loop of rope; recess of coast, small bay.
big'ot, n. violent and unreasonable adherent of a creed or view. ~ed, a.; ~ry, n.

bijou (bē'zhōō), n. (pl. -oux, pr. -zōō), jewel, trinket. a. small and elegant. ~terie, n. jewelry.
bike, n. & v.i. (colloq.) bicycle.
bīlā'bial, a. (of consonants) produced by the two lips.
bīlăt'eral, a. of, on, or with two sides; between two parties.
bil'berry, n. a shrub and its deep-blue edible fruit, whortleberry.
bil'bo, n. (pl. -oes), sword.
bil'boes (-ōz), n.pl. iron bar with sliding shackles for prisoner.
bile, n. bitter fluid secreted by liver to aid digestion; derangement of bile; peevishness.
bilge, n. the nearly horizontal part of ship's bottom; belly of barrel; rubbish, rot. v.t. & i. stave in the bilge of; spring leak in the bilge. ~-water, foul water in bilge.
bil'iary (-lyer-), a. of the bile.
bīling'ual (-nggwal), a. of, in, or speaking two languages.
bil'ious (-lyus), a. affected by derangement of the bile. ~ness, n.
bilk, v.t. evade payment; cheat.
bill¹, n. halberd (also ~hook) concave-edged pruning-instrument.
bill², n. beak (of bird); narrow promontory; point of anchor-fluke. v.i. (of doves) stroke bill with bill; ~ and coo, exchange caresses.
bill³, n. draft of proposed Act of Parliament; (Law) written statement of case, bill of indictment; note of charges for goods, work done, &c.; promissory note; bank-note; poster (to fill the bill). v.t. announce on poster, plaster with bills. ~-broker, dealer in bills of exchange. ~-head, printed account form. ~-sticker, man who posts up bills.
bill'et¹, n. order requiring person to board and lodge soldier; place where troops are lodged; appointment, job. v.t. quarter soldiers on town, &c.
bill'et², n. thick piece of firewood; (Archit.) short roll at intervals in hollow moulding.
billet-doux (bĭl'idōō'), n. love-letter.
bil'liards (-lyardz), n. game with cues and balls on cloth-covered table. billiard-marker, attendant marking score.
billings'gate (-ĭ-), n. violent abuse.
bil'lion (-yon), n. a million millions.
bil'low (-ō), n. great wave. v.i. rise or move in billows. ~y, a.
bill'y, n. (Austral.) tin can serving as kettle, &c. in camping out.
bill'ycock, n. hard felt hat.
bill'y-goat, n. male goat.
bil'tong, n. (S. Afr.) sun-dried meat in strips.
bimĕt'allism, n. use of both gold and silver as legal tender at fixed ratio to each other. bimetall'ic a. ~ist, n.
bin, n. receptacle for corn, coal, wine, refuse, &c.; canvas receptacle used in hop-picking.
bī'nary, a. dual, of two.
bind, v.t. (bound), tie, fasten, attach together; wreathe (head, &c.) with material; be obligatory on, impose obligation on; ratify (bargain); fasten (sheets of book) into cover. n. (Mus.) curved line between two notes to be sounded continuously. ~er, n. bookbinder; sheaf-binding machine; anything that binds. ~ery, n. bookbinder's workshop. ~ing, a. obligatory on; n. book-cover, bandage.
bind'weed, n. kinds of convolvulus, &c.
bine, n. flexible shoot; stem of climbing plant, esp. hop.
binn'acle, n. box of ship's compass.
binŏc'ular, a. for two eyes. n. a binocular field or opera glass.
bīnō'mial, a. & n. (Algebraic expression) consisting of two terms, joined by + or −. ~ial, ~inal, a. (of scientific nomenclature) employing two names, esp. those of genus and species.
biogĕn'esis, n. hypothesis that living matter arises only from living matter.
biŏg'raphy, n. written life of a person. ~pher, n.; ~phical, a.
biŏl'ogy, n. science of physical life of animals and plants. biolo'gical, a. ~gist, n.

bī'oplasm (-zm), *n.* living protoplasm. bī'oplast, *n.* small separate portion of bioplasm.

bipar'tite, *a.* consisting of two parts; in which two parties are concerned. biparti'tion, *n.*

bī'ped, *a.* two-footed. *n.* such animal.

bī'plane, *n.* two-planed aeroplane.

biquadrat'ic, *a.* of the fourth power. *n.* fourth power of a number.

birch, *n.* a smooth-barked forest tree; bundle of birch twigs for flogging schoolboys. *v.t.* flog with birch-rod. ~en, *a.* of birch.

bird, *n.* feathered vertebrate; (sl.) first-rate person, animal, or thing. ~-fancier, dealer in birds. ~-lime, sticky stuff set to catch birds. ~-seed, kinds of seed given to caged birds. ~ of passage, migratory. ~'s-eye view of town, &c. as seen from above. ~'s-nesting, *v.i.* hunting for nests.

bird's-eye (-dz), *n.* kinds of plant with small bright flowers; tobacco in which ribs are cut as well as fibre. ~-maple, wood of the sugar maple.

birett'a, *n.* square cap of R.C. and other clerics.

birth, *n.* bringing forth of offspring; being born; origin, beginning; descent. ~-day anniversary of one's birth. ~-mark, blemish on one's body from birth. ~-place, where one was born. ~-rate, births per thousand of population. ~-right, rights to which one is born.

‖ bis, *adv.* (in references) in two places; (Mus.) twice; repeat.

bis'cuit (-kit), *n.* kinds of unleavened bread, usu. dry and crisp; flat thin cake of this; (U.S.) small scone.

bisect', *v.t.* divide into two (usu. equal) parts. ~ion, *n.* ~or, *n.* bisecting line.

bisex'ual, *a.* of two sexes.

bish'op, *n.* governor of diocese; piece in chess; mulled and spiced wine. ~ric, *n.* office of bishop.

‖ bismil'lah, *int.* in the name of Allah (Mohammedan exclamation).

bis'muth (-z-), *n.* a reddish-white metal used as alloy &c.

bi'son, *n.* wild ox; buffalo.

bisque¹ (-k), *n.* right of scoring unearned point at tennis, or playing extra turn at croquet, &c.

bisque² (-k), *n.* unglazed white china for statuettes.

bissex'tile, *a.* & *n.* leap (-year).

bis'tort, *n.* herb with flesh-coloured flowers.

bis'tre (-er), *n.* brown pigment made from soot; this colour.

bit, *n.* small piece or amount; cutting part of tools, &c.; mouth-piece of bridle. *v.t.* put bit into mouth (of horse); restrain.

bitch, *n.* female dog, fox, or wolf; abusive term for a woman.

bite, *v.t.* & *i.* (past bit, p.p. bitten, occas. bit), seize with the teeth; penetrate; grip; corrode. *n.* act of biting; wound so made. bi'ting, *a.* cutting; severe.

bitt'er, *a.* tasting like wormwood; virulent; biting; harsh.

bitt'ern, *n.* a marsh bird allied to the heron.

bit'umen, *n.* kinds of inflammable mineral substance (naphtha, petroleum, asphalt, &c.). bitū'minous, *a.*

bi'valve, *a.* two-valved; (of shell-fish) with double shell. ~vular, *a.*

biv'ouac (-vōō-) *n.* temporary encampment without tents, &c. *v.i.* (-ck-), resort to bivouac.

bizarre, *a.* of fantastic appearance or effect; whimsical.

*blab (blab), blah, (sl.) blunder; foolish talk.

blab, *v.t.* & *i.* be indiscreet in talk; tell secret.

black, *a.* darkest of all colours; dark-skinned; dusky; gloomy; wicked; sullen. *n.* black colour, paint, clothes, speck; negro. *v.t.* make black; polish with blacking. ~ art, magic. ~ belt, negro area of U.S. ~ cap, put on by judge in sentencing to death. ~ coffee, without milk. ~ draught, an

sparkent. ~ jack, leather wine-bottle. ~-letter, old type like German. ~-out, obliterate. ~ pudding, sausage of blood, suet, &c. ~ Rod, chief usher of House of Lords. ~-shirts, fascisti.
blackamoor, n. negro; black man.
black'ball (-bawl), v.t. reject candidate in club ballot by means of a black ball.
blackbee'tle, n. cockroach.
black'berry, n. fruit of bramble.
black'bird, n. European song-bird; *redwing, crow-blackbird, &c., negro.
black'board (-bôrd), n. for chalk writing in class-room, &c.
black'cap, n. kinds of bird.
black'cock, n. male of black grouse.
black'en, v.t. & i. make or grow black; speak evil of, defame.
blackguard (blăg'ard), n. scoundrel, foul-mouthed fellow. v.t. abuse scurrilously. ~guardly (blăg'ard-), a.
black'ing, n. polish for boots.
black-lead (-lĕd) v.t. polish with plumbago (black lead).
black'leg, n. swindler esp. on turf; workman who works for employer whose men are on strike.
black'mail, n. extortion by threats. v.t. extort money from thus.
black'smith, n. smith working in iron. *~-shop, smithy.
black'thorn, n. shrub bearing sloes.
black'wood, n. name given to various species of trees and their timber in N.S. Wales, East Indies, and W. Australia.
bladd'er, n. membranous bag in human or other animal body; inflated thing.
blade, n. flat narrow leaf of grass and cereals; leaf-like part of bat, oar, spade, &c.; cutting-piece of knife, &c.; flat bone of shoulder; gay dashing fellow.
blae'berry (blā-), n. (north.) bilberry.
*blah. See [illegible].
blain, n. inflamed sore.
blame, v.t. (-mable), find fault with. n. censure. ~ful, ~worthy, aa. deserving blame. ~less, a. innocent.
blanch (-ah-), v.t. & i. make white; grow pale.
blancmange (blamahnzh'), n. white jelly of isinglass, &c., and milk.
bland, a. polite, suave; mild; balmy. bland'ishment, n. flattering attentions. ~ly, adv.
blank, a. not written or printed on; void of interest, result, &c. n. empty space in document, &c.; *printed form with blank spaces. *~ book, book of clean paper. ~ cartridge, n. without ball. ~ cheque, n. one with amount left for payee to fill in. ~ verse, n. unrhymed verse.
blank'et, n. large woollen sheet as bed-covering, horse-cloth, &c. *covering, inclusive. v.t. cover with blanket; stifle, keep quiet (scandal, &c.); toss in blanket as punishment. *~ Indian, wild or semi-civilized Indian.
blank'ly, adv. helplessly, flatly.
blare, v.t. & i. make sound of trumpet; trumpet forth. n. blaring sound.
blarn'ey, n. cajoling talk. v.t. & i. cajole, use blarney.
|| blasé (blahza'), a. tired of pleasure.
blaspheme', v.t. & i. (-mable), talk impiously; profane in words. blas'phemous, a. blas'phemy, n. impious speech, profanity.
blast (-ah-), n. strong gust; sound of wind-instrument; current in blast-furnace. v.t. blow up with explosive; blight, shrivel. ~-furnace, one with draught of compressed hot air driven into it by engine.
blas'toderm, n. germinal skin round yolk in impregnated ovum.
bla'tant, a. loudly obtrusive.
blather. See blether.
blauw'bok (-ow-), n. (S. Afr.) large antelope with bluish hair.
blaze¹, n. bright flame or fire; violent outburst of passion. v.i. flame; burn with excitement, &c.
blaze², n. white mark on face of horse or ox, or chipped in bark

of tree to mark route. v.t. mark tree or path with blazes.
blaze² v.t. (-zable), proclaim.
bla'zer, n. coloured jacket for boating, &c.
bla'zon, n. heraldic shield, coat of arms, or banner. v.t. describe or paint (arms) heraldically proclaim. ~ment, n. ~ry, n. heraldic devices, art of blazoning.
bleach, v.t. & i. whiten in sunlight or by chemical process.
*bleach'ers, n. unroofed seats at baseball field, &c.
bleak¹ n. kinds of small fish.
bleak² a. dreary, bare, chilly.
blear, a. dim-sighted, filmy. ~eyed, a. with blear eyes.
bleat, v.t. & i. utter cry of sheep, goat, or calf; speak foolishly. n. cry of sheep, goat, or calf.
bleed, v.t. & i. (bled), emit blood; draw blood surgically from; extort money from; feel pity.
blem'ish, v.t. spoil the beauty of, mar. n. flaw, defect, stain.
blench, v.i. flinch, quail.
blend, v.t. & i. (blended; also blent), mix; mingle intimately become one. n. mixture.
blende, n. sulphide of zinc.
Blen'heim (-nim), n. kind of spaniel. ~ orange, kind of apple.
blent. See blend.
bless, v.t. (past & p.p. blessed, pr. tense, -est; also blest), consecrate; praise; invoke God's favour on; make happy; thank. bless'ed, blest, a. consecrated; revered; in paradise. ~edness, n. ~ing, n. declaration, invocation, or bestowal of divine favour, grace at meals; thing one is thankful for.
blath'er, blith'er (-dh-), v.i. talk nonsense. n. such talk.
blew, p.t. of blow¹
blew'it (-ōō-), n. a mushroom.
blight (-īt), n. kinds of plant disease, species of aphis hazy atmosphere. v.t. exert baleful influence on, wither. blight'er (-īt-), n. (sl.) annoying person.
Blighty (-īt-), n. (Army sl.) home after foreign service.

bli'mey int. (sl.) expr. surprise.
blind, a. without sight without moral or mental discernment reckless. v.t. deprive of sight, make mentally blind. n. obstruction to sight *screen in hunting; screen on window; *horse's blinker. ~ alley one closed at one end (often fig.). *~ pig, *~ tiger (sl.) illicit liquor-shop. ~ness, n.
blind'fold, a. & adv. with eyes bandaged, without circumspection. v.t. deprive of sight with bandage.
blind'ly adv. without seeing, recklessly.
blind'-man's-buff' n. indoor game.
blind'-worm (-ērm) n. slow-worm.
blink, v.t. & i. move the eyelids, look with eyes opening and shutting, ignore or shirk (facts). n. blinking movement.
blink'ers, n.pl. horse's eye-screens.
bliss, n. gladness, joy. ~ful, a.
blis'ter, n. vesicle on skin filled with serum; plaster applied to raise blister. v.t. & i. raise blister on; become covered with blisters. (sl.) bore, weary.
blithe (-dh), a. gay, joyous. ~some, a. somewhat blithe.
blizz'ard, n. blinding snowstorm.
bloat, v.t. & i. cure (herring) by salting and smoking slightly inflate, become inflated. bloat'er, n. bloated herring.
blob, n. drop of liquid small round mass or spot; (Crick.) duck's egg.
block, n. log, tree-stump; large piece of wood or stone mould for shaping hats on. piece of wood engraved for printing obstruction; spot on which batsman rests bat before play square of buildings in town. v.t. obstruct; stop (ball) with bat; shape (hat).
blockade n. shutting-up of a place by hostile forces. v.t. subject to blockade.
block'head (-hĕd), n. dolt.
block'house, n. detached fort; timber building with loopholes.
blond, blonde, a. light auburn.

of fair complexion. n. blond person.

blood (blŭd), n. red liquid circulating in veins of higher and lower animals; murder, bloodshed; race, descent; relationship; man of fashion. v.t. give first taste of blood to hound; (Med.) bleed.

***blood'ed** (-ĭd), a. of good stock.

blood'hound (-ow-), n. large dog formerly used for tracking cattle, slaves, &c.; (fig.) detective.

blood'less (-lĭ-), a. without blood or bloodshed; unfeeling.

blood'shed (-ĕ-), n. spilling of blood, slaughter.

blood'shot (-ŏ-), a. (of eye) suffused with blood.

blood'-stained (-ā-), a. stained with blood.

blood'sucker (-ŭ-), n. leech; extortioner, sponger.

blood'thirsty (-ē-), a. eager for bloodshed.

blood'-vessel (-ĕ-), n. vein or artery conveying blood.

bloody (blŭd'ĭ), a. pertaining to blood; involving bloodshed; cruel; (in foul language) damned.

bloom, n. flower; flourescence, prime; freshness. v.i. bear blooms; be in flower; flourish.

bloom², n. mass of puddled iron hammered into thick bar. ~ery, ~ary n.s. place where blooms are made.

bloom'er, n. (sl.) blunder.

bloom'ers (-z), n.pl. woman's knickerbockers.

blos'som, n. flower; mass of flowers on tree. v.i. open into flower.

blot, n. spot of ink, &c.; blemish, disgraceful act. v.t. make blot on; stain (character); dry with blotting-paper; obliterate.

blot², n. exposed place in backgammon.

blotch, n. inflamed patch, &c. on the skin; dab of ink, &c.; (sl.) blotting-paper. ~ed, ~y aa.

blott'er, n. pad of blotting-paper.

blott'ing-paper, n. absorbent paper for drying inkmarks.

blouse (-owz), n. workman's loose upper garment; woman's loose dress-body visible to waist; *(U.S. army) undress tunic jacket.

blow¹ (-ō), v.i. & t. (blew, pt. blōn; blown), move as wind does; puff, pant; make or shape (bubble, glass) by blowing; sound by blowing; (of fly) deposit eggs on; (of electric fuse) melt when overloaded. n. blowing, puff of fresh air; fly-blow. (sl.) ~ in, spend; drop in. ~-out, (sl.) large meal, burst in pneumatic tyre.

blow² (-ō), v.i. (blew, pt. -ōn; blown), come into, be in, flower, a flowering condition.

blow³ (-ō), n. hard stroke with fist, hammer, &c.; disaster, shock.

blow'er (-ōer), n. sheet of iron for creating draught of fire.

blow'fly (-ō-), n. meat fly.

blow'-pipe (-ō-), n. tube for heating flame by blowing air into it.

blow'y (-ōĭ), a. windy.

blowzed (-zd), a. red-faced, coarse looking; dishevelled. ~zy, a.

blub, v.i. (school sl.) shed tears.

blubb'er, n. whale fat; weeping. a. (of lips) swollen, protruding. v.i. & t. sob out (words), sob.

blucher (blōō'kĕr), n.pl. low-cut laced boots.

bludg'eon (-ŭjn), n. heavy stick.

blue (blōō), a. coloured like sky or deep sea. n. blue colour; *blue uniform; laundress's blue powder; sky; sea; colour, member of party; (award to) athlete representing university; (sl.) doumps; Royal Horse Guards. v.t. make blue; (sl.) spend extravagantly. ~bell, n. wild hyacinth, (north.) harebell. ~ book, Parliamentary or Privy-Council report; *directory of prominent persons. ~bottle, blowfly, blue cornflower. ~coat boy, scholar in Christ's Hospital and certain charity schools. *~ grass, a fodder grass of Kentucky and Virginia; region of this. ~ gum, kind of eucalyptus. ~jacket, seaman in Navy. *~ laws, severe Puritan-

cal laws. ~ Peter, blue flag with white square, hoisted before sailing. ~ ribbon, ribbon of the Garter; badge of teetotalism. ~ rock, kind of pigeon. ~stocking, woman having or affecting literary tastes and learning.

bluff, a. with perpendicular broad front; blunt, frank, hearty. n. bluff cliff, headland; blustering demeanour, threat, &c. v.t. & i. impose upon; hoodwink.

blun'der, v.i. & t. move blindly; make gross mistake; mismanage. n. stupid or careless mistake.

blun'derbuss, n. short gun with large bore firing many balls.

blunt, a. dull, not sensitive; without edge or point; plain-spoken. n. (sl.) ready money; (pl.) grade of short thick needle. v.t. make blunt.

blur, n. smear; dimness. v.t. smear with ink; make indistinct.

blurb, n. (sl.) publisher's commendatory advertisement of book summary &c. preceding magazine stories and articles.

blurt, v.t. utter abruptly or tactlessly (usu. blurt out).

blush, v.i. become red in the face; be ashamed. n. glance, glimpse; blushing.

blus'ter, v.i. & t. (of wind, waves, person) storm boisterously; bully. n. blustering; self-assertive talk.

bo'a, n. large non-poisonous snake; woman's throat-wrap. ~constrictor, boa or python.

Boanerges (-ēz), n. loud-voiced preacher or orator.

boar (bōr), n. uncastrated pig.

board (bōrd), n. thin plank; slab of board or boards; cardboard used in bookbinding; (pl.) the stage; table; daily meals; councillors, committee. on board, on ship, train, &c. v.t. & i. cover with boards; provide, be provided, with meals at fixed rate; come alongside (ship), embark on. ~-fences, close fences of boards. ~ wages, servant's pay in lieu of food. ~-walk, footway of boards.

board'er (bôr-), n. one who is lodged and fed at a certain price; boy at boarding-school; one who boards ship.

board'ing (bôr-), n. erection of boards. ~-house, ~-school, where persons or boys and girls board.

boast, n. vainglorious statement; thing one is proud of. v.i. & t. brag; magnify one's actions. ~ful, a. apt to boast.

boat, n. small open oared or sailing vessel; steamer; boat-shaped receptacle. v.i. sail or row or go in a boat, esp. for amusement. ~-hook, long pole with hook. ~-house, shed for boats. ~man, one who lets out boats; a waterman. ~-race, rowing contest. boat'er, n. hard straw hat.

boatswain (bō'sn), n. ship's officer in charge of sails, &c.

bob¹, n. weight on pendulum, &c.; bobbed hair; knot of hair; curl; horse's docked tail; jerk, curtsy; kinds of change in bell ringing. v.i. & t. move up and down; rap, jerk; cut (hair) to hang short of shoulders. ~-sled, ~-sleigh, two short sleighs coupled for drawing logs or for tobogganing. ~-tail, docked tail, horse or dog with this. a. bobtailed. ~-wig, short curled, not full-bottomed.

bob², dry ~ wet ~ nn. cricketing or boating Etonian.

bob³, n. (sl.; pl. same) shilling.

bobb'ery, n. (Anglo-Ind., sl.), noisy disturbance, row.

bobb'in, n. cylinder for holding thread, &c.; reel, spool; small bar and string for raising door latch.

bobb'inet, n. machine-made cotton net imitating lace.

bobb'ish, a. (sl.) brisk, well.

bobb'y, n. (sl.) policeman.

bob'olink, n. N. Amer. song-bird.

bob'stay, n. rope holding bowsprit down.

Boche (-sh), n. & a. (sl.) German.

bode, v.t. & i. foresee, foretell; portend. ~ful, a. ominous.

bod'ice, n. close-fitting part of

woman's dress down to waist; inner vest over stays.
bodiless, bodily. See body.
bŏd'kin, n. blunt thick needle for drawing tape, &c. through hem; pin for fastening hair.
bŏd'y, n. man or animal dead or alive; trunk apart from head and limbs; bodice; person; aggregate of persons or things; solidity substance. v.t. give shape to. ~guard, retinue, escort. ~servant, valet. bŏd'iless, a. incorporeal, separated from the body. bŏd'ily, a. of or affecting the body; adv. in person, as a whole.
Bō'er (boor, bōr) n. Dutch-descended S.-African. a. of the Boers.
bŏg, n. wet spongy ground, morass. v.t. submerge in bog. ~-trotter, Irishman.
bog'gle, v.i. start with fright; demur, equivocate; fumble.
bŏgg'y (-gĭ), a. spongy.
bō'gie (-gĭ), n. under-carriage pivoted below end of locomotive, &c.
bō'gle, n. goblin; scarecrow.
bō'gus, a. sham.
bō'gy, -gey (-gĭ), n. (pl. -ies, -eys), the devil; goblin, bugbear (-ey; also *Colonel Bogey*) score that good golfer should do hole or course in.
bohea (-hē), n. black tea of lowest quality.
Bohē'mian, a. socially unconventional; of free-and-easy habits. n. such person, esp. artist. ~ism, n.; ~ize, v.i.
boil¹, n. hard inflamed suppurating tumour.
boil², v.i. & t. bubble up with heat; be agitated like boiling water; cook by boiling. n. boiling-heat. *boiled, a. (sl.) intoxicated. ~ shirt, (sl.) cotton or linen shirt with starched front.
boil'er, n. vessel for boiling, esp. for making steam in engine; water-heating tank of kitchen-range. ~ deck, lower deck of steamer.
boil'ing, n. food prepared by boiling. ~ hot (colloq.), very hot. ~-point, temperature at which water boils.
bois'terous, a. violent, rough; noisily cheerful.
bōld, a. courageous, enterprising, confident; impudent, immodest; vigorous, well-marked, clear.
bōle, n. stem, trunk.
bolér'ō (-ār-), n. (pl. -os), Spanish dance; woman's short loose jacket with or without sleeves.
bōll, n. round seed-vessel of flax, cotton, &c. *~-weevil, *~-worm, (attacking cotton bolls).
bōll'ard, n. post on ship or quay for securing rope.
Bŏl'shĕvik, n. advocate of proletarian dictatorship in Russia by soviets; (pop.) any revolutionary. ~vism, n.; ~vist, n. & a.
bō'lster, n. long stuffed pillow. v.t. & i. support with bolster, prop up; pad with bolsters.
bōlt¹, n. short heavy arrow of crossbow; discharge of lightning; door-fastening; headed metal pin secured with rivet or nut; running away. v.i. & t. dart off, run away, (of horse) break from control; *desert political party; *run away from, avoid; gulp down unchewed; fasten with bolt. adv. quite (upright).
bōlt², boult (bōlt) v.t. sift.
*bō'lter, n. political deserter.
bō'lter, boul'ter (bōl-), n. sieve, sifting-machine.
bō'lus, n. big pill.
bŏmb (-m), n. case of explosive fired from gun or thrown by hand. v.t. & i. assail with or throw bombs. ~-proof, a. safe from bombs.
bŏmb'er (-mer), n. soldier, aeroplane, using bombs.
bŏmbard', v.t. batter with shot and shell; assail with abuse, &c. ~ment, n.
bŏmbardier' (bŭmb-), n. artillery N.C.O. below sergeant.
bŏm'bazine (-zēn; also bŭ-), n. twilled dress-material of worsted with silk or cotton, or alone.

bŏm'bast, n. inflated talk. ~ic, a.

‖ bō'na fī'dē, a. genuine, sincere. adv. genuinely. ~ fi'dēs (-z), n. honest intention, sincerity.

*bonăn'za, n. rich mine; source of great wealth.

bŏn'bŏn, n. sweetmeat; Christmas cracker.

bŏnd¹ n. that which binds or unites; covenant or binding agreement; (pl.) fetters, chains. v.t. place goods in bond; guarantee payment by issue of bonds. ~holder, person holding a bond. bonded warehouse, place in which importer's dutiable goods are stored to await Customs duty.

bŏnd² a. (obs. exc. in comb.) in slavery, not free. ~man, ~maid, ~servant, ~slave, ~woman, serf or slave. ~service, serfdom.

bŏn'dage, n. serfdom or slavery; confinement, constraint.

bōne, n. any of the separate parts of a vertebrate skeleton; thing made of bone or ivory; *dollar. v.t. rid of bones; (sl.) steal. ~dry, a. dry as a bone. *~head, stupid person. ~setter, person who treats fractures, &c. without being a qualified surgeon. ~shaker, (colloq.) bicycle without rubber tires.

bŏn'fīre, n. large open-air fire.

bŏn'gō, n. large striped African antelope.

bŏn'homie (-ŏmē), n. geniality.

bŏn'īface, n. innkeeper.

‖ bon mot (bawn mō) (pl. bons mots, bawn mō), witty saying.

‖ bŏnne, n. nursemaid or servant-maid. ~ bouche (bōōsh), titbit.

bŏnn'ĕt, n. woman's brimless outdoor headdress; Scotch cap; bonnet-like structure; hinged cover over motor of car; accomplice or decoy. v.t. provide with bonnet; crush down hat over eyes of a person.

bŏnn'y, a. comely, healthy-looking.

bŏn'tĕbŏk, n. S. Afr. antelope, also called Pied Antelope.

‖ bon ton (bawn tawn), good breeding, the fashionable world.

bō'nus, n. something extra, esp. addition to dividends or wages.

‖ bon vivant (bawn vē'vahn), gourmand.

bō'ny, a. having much bone.

bōnze, n. Buddhist priest.

boo, int. expressing contempt. n. (pl. -s), the sound boo. v.i. & t. emit boos, hoot (speaker, &c.).

*boob, n. (sl.) booby.

boo'by, n. silly or awkward fellow; kinds of gannet. ~ prize, for last or lowest competitor. ~trap, things balanced on door ajar to fall on head of first comer.

boo'dle, n. *money for political bribery &c.; a card-game.

book, n. a number of leaves of paper, either written or printed on, fastened together and bound in cover; a literary composition made available for reading in such manner; main division of treatise, &c. or of the Bible; libretto; (pl.) merchant's accounts, list of members, &c.; (Turf) person's bets on a race. v.t. enter in book or list; secure (seat, &c.) in advance. ~binder, one who binds books. ~binding, n. ~case, case with shelves for books. ~concern, publishing house. ~keeper, one who keeps business accounts. ~keeping, n. ~maker, one who compiles books for profit; a professional betting man. ~muslin, fine kind of muslin folded like a book. ~plate, label with owner's name, crest, &c. for pasting in books. ~seller, one who sells books. ~selling, n. ~shop, ~stall, ~store, for sale of books. ~work, study of rule, &c. as opposed to practice. ~worm, book-destroying insect; great reader. booking-clerk, clerk who issues tickets. ~hall, ~office, esp. for sale of tickets.

book'ie, n. (sl.) betting book-maker.

book'ish, a. given to book-lore.

boom¹ n. spar stretching sail-foot and attached at one end to mast;

floating timber barrier across harbour, &c.

boom² n. deep resonant sound; sensational activity in commerce, &c. v.i. & t. emit boom; (of commodity &c.) be in great demand; create boom by advertising, &c.

boo'merang, n. Australian missile of curved wood that can be so thrown as to return to thrower.

boon¹ n. a request; favour, gift.

boon² a. bounteous; convivial.

boor, n. ill-mannered man. ~ish, a. unmannerly.

boost, n. *a hoist, lift-up; puff. v.t. *help with a push, boom; (Electr.) supplement voltage of battery. *boo'ster, n. indefatigable promoter.

boot¹ n. advantage (now only in phr. to boot, as well, into the bargain). v.t. (arch.) be of avail. ~less, a. unavailing.

boot² n. foot-covering of leather, &c. coming above the ankle; (hist.) instrument of torture; luggage-receptacle in coach. ~jack, appliance for pulling boots off. ~lace, ~maker, &c. ~tree, a pl. moulds for keeping boots in shape. boo'ted, a. having boots on. ~less, a. without boots. bootee' n. kinds of lady's and infant's boot.

booth (-dh), n. structure of canvas or wood erected at fairs, &c.

*boo'tlegger (-g-) n. one who smuggles or sells by retail prohibited liquor. ~ging, n.

boots, n. servant at an inn.

boo'ty, n. plunder or profit acquired in common; a prize.

booze, v.i. fuddle oneself with drink. n. drinking-bout; drink. ~hoisting, (sl.) drinking liquor. boo'zy, a. drunk, given to drink.

bora'cic, a. of borax.

bo'rage (bŭ-), n. blue-flowered plant used to flavour claret-cup, &c.

bo'rax, n. a salt used as antiseptic and in soldering.

bo'rder, n. side, edge, boundary or part near it; distinct edging round anything. v.t. & i. be border to; finish thing off with border. bo'rderer, n. dweller on the English and Scottish frontier.

bore¹ p.t. of bear

bore² v.t. & i. (-rable), make hole esp. with revolving tool; (Racing) push another horse aside; weary by tediousness. n. hollow of gun-barrel, its diameter, calibre; tiresome person, twaddler.

bore³ n. tide-wave of exceptional height rushing up estuary.

Bo'reas, n. the north wind. bo'real, a. of Boreas, of the north.

bore'dom (-rd-), n. bored state.

bo'ric, a. of boron.

born, p.p. of bear, a. destined from birth (to be a poet, &c.).

bo'ron, n. non-metallic element.

borough (bŭ'ro), n. town with a municipal corporation.

bo'rrow (-ō), v.t. & i. get temporary use of, with promise of returning; borrow money; plagiarise; (Golf) allow for wind or slope.

Bo'rstal, n. ~ system, of imprisonment for young criminals.

bo'rzoi, n. Russian wolf-hound.

bos (sl.), n. bad shot or guess. v.t. & i. make bos, miss, bungle.

bo'scage, -k-, n. shrubs or trees.

bosch (bŏsh), (S.-Afr.) n. a wood, bush. ~bok, antelope, bushbuck. ~man, Bushman. ~vark, species of wild pig. ~veldt, bush country.

bosh (colloq.), n. foolish talk, nonsense, int. ridiculous thing said.

bo'sky a. with shrubs or trees.

bo'som (bŏŏ-), n. the breast, that part which is about the breast; an enclosure or enfolding space. ~friend, n. confidential friend.

boss¹ n. master, manager or overseer. v.t. be boss of, control.

boss², n. protuberance, round knob or stud. ~ed, a. having bosses.

bot, n. a parasitic worm; (pl.) horse-disease caused by it.

bota'nic, ~al, a. of botany.

bo'tanist, n. student of botany.

bo'tanize, v.i. study plants.

bo'tany, n. science of plants.

bŏtch, *v.t.* patch, mend clumsily. *n.* clumsy patch. ~er, *n.*

bōth, *a.* the pair of. *pron.* both persons or things.

bŏth'er (-dh), *v.t.* & *i.* give trouble to, perplex; take trouble. *n.* worried state, fuss. *int.* of impatience. ~ation, *n.* & *int.* bother. ~some, *a.* bothering.

bŏth'y -ie, *n.* (Sc.) hut, cottage; one-roomed building.

bō-tree, *n.* name given in Ceylon to the Pipal tree, allied to the Banian.

bŏt'tle[1] *n.* narrow-necked vessel, with cork or stopper. *v.t.* store in bottles. (sl.) nab, catch. ~-holder, pugilist's attendant at fight. ~-washer, underling.

bŏt'tle[2] *n.* bundle of hay or straw.

bŏt'tom, *n.* lowest part of anything, the base; what is below the surface; bottom of ship's hull; =bottom-land. *v.t.* touch bottom of (sea, &c.); find truth of. ~-land, low land along river. ~less, *a.* unfathomable. ~most, *a.* lowest down. ~ry *n.* borrowing of money by owner on security of ship.

bŏt'ūlism, *n.* sausage-poisoning.

boudoir (bōōd'wahr), *n.* lady's private room.

bough (-ow), *n.* branch of tree.

bought, *p.t.* & *p.p.* of buy.

bougie (bōō'zhē), *n.* surgical instrument for exploring passages of the body.

bouillon (bōōl'yawn), *n.* broth.

boul'der (bōl-), *n.* detached rock; large water-worn stone.

boulevard (bōōl'vahr), *n.* broad tree-lined street.

bounce, *v.t.* & *i.* (of ball, &c.) spring up after striking ground; (of person) jump up, esp. in anger; boast; bustle or bluff; *eject summarily. *n.* a rebound from ground; boast; falsehood, assurance, *adv.* startlingly. boun'cer, *n.* (esp. *sl.*) big specimen, great lie; *chucker-out. ~cing, *a.* big and hearty.

bound[1] *n.* (usu. in *pl.*) encircling boundary limit. *v.t.* be the boundary of. ~less, *a.*

bound *v.i.* (of ball, &c.) recoil from wall or ground; spring, leap. *n.* recoil of ball, &c.; a springy upward or forward movement.

bound *a.* ready to start or on the way for.

bound[4] bounden, *p.t.* & *p.p.* of bind.

boun'dary, *n.* limiting line; (cricket) hit to limit of field scoring 4 or 6 runs.

boun'der, *n.* (colloq.) cheerfully or noisily ill-bred person.

boun'teous, ~tiful, *aa.* showing bounty; generous, profuse.

boun'ty *n.* profuse giving, charitable gifts; State payment to manufacturers of a commodity to encourage its production.

bouquet (bōōkā'), *n.* cut flowers arranged for carrying in the hand; perfume of wine.

bouquetin (bōō'ketin), *n.* the Alpine ibex.

bourb'on (boor-) *n.* (polit.) stubborn conservative; Kentucky whisky.

bourgeois[1] (boorzh'wah), *a.* of the class between the gentry and the labourers. *n.* bourgeois person.

bourgeois[2] (berjois'), *n.* a size of printing-type (9-point).

bourgeoisie (boorzhwahzē'), *n.* the bourgeois class.

bourn[1] (-oor), *n.* a stream.

bourn[2] bourne (-oor), *n.* goal or destination.

bourse (-oor), *n.* foreign money-market.

bout, *n.* spell or turn; trial of strength.

‖ **bouts rimés** (bōō rēmā'), *n.* (versifying to) set rhymes.

bō'vine, *a.* of oxen; dull, inert.

bŏv'ril, *n.* kind of beef-tea. P

bow[1] (bō), *n.* weapon for shooting arrows; implement used in playing fiddle, &c.; slip-knot with one loop or two; ribbon, &c., so tied. ~-head, Greenland whale. ~-legged, *a.* bandy. ~man, archer. ~window, curved bay window.

bow² v.i. & t. bend or kneel in sign of submission or reverence, signify submission to authority; incline one's head in salutation. n. bowing of head or body.

bow³ n. fore-end of boat or ship; rower nearest bow.

bowd'lerize, v.t. expurgate book. ~ism, ~ization, nn.

bow'el, n. (pl.) entrails, one's inside, feelings of compassion.

bow'er¹ n. anchor at ship's bow.

bow'er² n. dwelling, lady's room, arbour, leafy nook.

•bowie (bō'i), ~-knife, nn. long hunting-knife used in U.S.

bowl¹ (bōl), n. basin, esp. for drink or food; hollow of tobacco-pipe, spoon, &c. ~ful n.

bowl² (bōl), n. (pl.) game played on green with biased wooden balls, (sing.) such ball; ball used in skittles. v.i. & t. play bowls or skittles; roll, go along at smart even pace; (Crick.) deliver ball, put batsman out by bowling. bowl'ing (bō-), n. game of skittles. ~-alley covered-in for skittles. ~-crease, line from behind which bowler in cricket delivers ball. ~-green, ground for bowls.

bowl'er¹ (bō-), n. person bowling at cricket; player at bowls.

bowl'er² (bō-), n. hard felt hat.

bow'line (bō-), n. knot used in making fixed end loop.

bow'sprit (bō-), n. spar running forward from ship's bow.

bow'yer (bō-), n. maker or seller of bows.

box, n. kinds of evergreen shrub; wood of these; receptacle of rigid material; driver's seat in front of carriage; small compartment in a theatre. v.t. & i. put in box; fight with boxing-gloves or (rarely) bare fists. ~-car, enclosed freight-car. ~-cloth, close-woven stuff like baize. ~-office, place for booking seats. ~-seat, seat beside the driver on box. ~ the compass, (Naut.) rehearse points of compass correctly; (transf.) make complete revolution (in opinion, &c.) and end where one began. ~-tree, & ~-wood, wood of the box-tree.

box'er¹, n. glove-fighter, pugilist.

Box'er², n. member of Chinese anti-foreign secret society.

box'ing, n. art of fighting with fists, usu. gloved. ~-day first weekday after Christmas when Christmas-boxes are given. ~-gloves, padded gloves used in boxing. ~-weights, nn. Heavy (over 12 st. 10 lb.), Light Heavy (12 st. 10 lb.), Middle (11 st. 11 lb.), Light Middle (11 st. 2 lb.), Welter (10 st. 8 lb.), Light Welter (10 st.), Light (9 st. 7 lb.), Feather (9 st.), Bantam (8 st. 7 lb.), Fly (8 st.).

boy, n. male child or youth, son; used familiarly instead of 'man', often with my, old; native male servant. ~ scouts, ~s' brigade, movements for developing character and physique of boys.

boy'cott, v.t. refuse to hold relations with. n. such refusal.

boy'hood, n. boyish age, boyh.

boy'ish, a. of boys, lively or high-spirited.

brace, v.t. (-ceable), strengthen or tighten, make taut. n. thing that braces or connects; (pl.) trouser-suspenders; pair or couple. •brā'cer, n. (sl.) pick-me-up.

brace'let (-sl-), n. ornament for arm or wrist. ~ed, a.

brā'cer¹ n. wrist-guard in archery and fencing.

brack'en, n. fern abundant on heaths; mass of this.

brack'et, n. projection from wall serving as a support, corbel; angular support for something fastened to a wall; marks used in pairs for enclosing words or figures, viz. ( ), [ ], { }. v.t. support with bracket; enclose in brackets; couple names, &c. together.

brack'ish, a. saltish (of water).

bract, n. (Bot.) small leaf or scale below calyx. brac'teate, a. having bracts.

brad, n. thin small nail.

brad'awl, n. small boring tool.

brad'bury, n. (sl.) currency note.
brae, n. (Sc.) hill-side.
brag, v.i. & t. talk boastfully, boast of. n. boastful statement or talk; a card-game.
braggado'cio (-shĭ-), n. bragging talk, boaster. brag'gart, n. boaster; (attrib.) bragging.
Brahm'a, n. supreme Hindu deity.
brahmapoo'tra, usu. shortened to brahma, n. breed of fowl.
brah'min, n. member of Hindu priestly caste. ~ee n. female brahmin. ~ism, n.
brahmin'ical, a. belonging to brahmin caste, &c. ~ duck, the ruddy sheldrake.
braid, n. plaited tress of hair, silk or thread or wire woven into a band; v.t. form into braid; trim with braid, interweave.
brail, n. (pl.) trussing-cords along sail-edge. v.t. truss (sail).
braille, n. printing for the blind with embossed letters.
brain, n. nervous organ in interior of skull; (pl.) substance of the brain, intellectual ability. v.t. dash out brains of. ~fag, nervous exhaustion. ~fever, inflammation of brain. ~pan, cranium. ~wave, bright idea. brai'ny, a. mentally smart, inventive.
braise (-z), v.t. stew tender with bacon, herbs, &c.
brake[1], n. bracken.
brake[2], n. thicket, brushwood.
brake[3], v.t. crush (hemp, flax) by beating. n. toothed braking-instrument; heavy harrow.
brake[4], n. apparatus for checking motion of wheel, vehicle, or train; a large wagonette. v.t. & i. apply brake, check with brake. ~van, guard's compartment in which train-brake is worked. brakes'man (-en), n. man in charge of brake.
bra'mah, n. kind of lock; its key.
bram'ble, n. blackberry bush, any wild prickly shrub; (Sc.) blackberry. bram'bly, a.
bram'bling, n. the mountain finch.
bran, n. husks separated from flour. ~pie, n. tub of bran into which children dip for toys.
branch (-ah-), n. shoot of a tree, small bough, twig; offshoot or subdivision of something. v.i. send branches forth; divide into distinct parts. ~ed, ~y, aa.
brand, n. piece of burning or smouldering wood, torch; sword (poet.); iron stamp used red-hot, mark left by it, stigma; particular kind of goods. v.t. stamp with brand, impress indelibly; stigmatize. brand-new', a. conspicuously new.
brăn'dish, v.t. wave or flourish.
brant, n. = brent.
bran'dy, n. strong spirit distilled from wine or grapes. ~pawnee, (Anglo-Ind.) brandy and water.
brash[1], n. loose broken rock or ice; hedge refuse, &c.
*brash[2], a. (sl.) brittle; hasty, saucy.
brass (-ahs), n. yellow alloy of copper with zinc; sepulchral tablet of brass; (fig.) effrontery; (sl.) money. ~hat, (Army sl.) officer of high rank. ~tacks, (sl.) actual details.
brassard', n. badge on arm.
brass'y (-ah-), a. like brass in colour or sound or taste. n. brass-soled golf-club.
brat, n. child (contempt.).
brava'do (-ah-), n. (pl. -os), ostentatious or simulated boldness.
brave, a. ready to confront and steady in enduring danger or pain; finely dressed, showy; excellent. n. Red-Indian warrior. v.t. defy, dare, challenge.
bra'very, n. brave conduct or temper; bright colours, fine clothes.
bra'vo (-ah-), n. (pl. -os), hired assassin or bully; cry of bravo! int. excellent! well done!
bravur'a (-oor-), n. (Mus.) brilliant execution, passage requiring this.
brawl, n. noisy quarrel. v.i. engage in brawl; (of stream) be noisy.
brawn, n. muscle, lean flesh; meat of pig's head. ~y, a. muscular.

brim'stone, *n.* sulphur.
brin'dled (-dld), *a.* brown with streaks of other colour.
brine, *n.* salt and water for pickling; salt water, the sea; tears. *v.t.* treat with brine.
bring, *v.t.* (brought, pr. -awt), fetch, cause to come along with one, convey in one's hand; conduct; prevail upon; prefer (charges). ~ about, cause. ~ off, succeed in. ~ round, restore to consciousness. ~ up, raise; rear; ... in court.
1 brin'jal, -jaul (-awl), *n.* (Anglo-Ind.) fruit of the egg-plant.
brink, *n.* edge of precipice, &c.
brī'ny, *a.* of brine or sea, salt. *n.* (joc.) the sea.
briquette' (-kĕt), *n.* block of compressed coal-dust.
brisk, *a.* active, lively, quick.
brisk'et, *n.* animal's breast next ribs, esp. as joint of meat.
bri'stle (-sl), *n.* a short stiff hair. *v.i.* & *t.* (of hair, &c.) stand up, make bristle; show temper; be thickly set (with obstacles, &c.).
bris'tling, *n.* sardine-like fish.
Bris'tol, *n.* (attrib.) ~ board, kind of cardboard for drawing on. ~ fighter, type of aeroplane.
Britann'ia (-yă), *n.* Britain personified. ~ metal, a silvery alloy.
Britann'ic, *a.* of Britain.
Brit'ish, *a.* of the ancient Britons; of Great Britain. ~warm, kind of short military overcoat for officers. Brit'isher, *n.* native of G.B. ~ism, *n.* idiom of G.B.
Brit'on, *n.* one of the race found by the Romans in S. Britain; (poet., rhet.) modern British person.
brit'tle, *a.* apt to break, fragile.
broach, *n.* roasting-spit; kinds of boring-bit. *v.t.* bore or begin drawing from (cask); start using; bring up for discussion.
broad (-awd), *a.* large across, extensive, comprehensive, tolerant; of specified breadth; manifest, unmistakable. *n.* expanse of water formed by widening of stream; broad part of the back. *adv.* broadly. ~arrow, mark cut or stamped on Government stores. B. Church, section favouring comprehension.
broad'cast (-awd-), *a.* (of seed) scattered or thrown about by the hand without drills or rows. *adv.* in this manner. *v.t.* & *i.* (past broadcasted, p.p. -cast), to sow thus; (of news, &c.) disseminate widely; (Wireless) transmit speeches, music, &c. by wireless telephony to owners of receiving sets; speak, sing, &c. for such transmission. *n.* (esp. attrib.) the practice, &c. of broadcasting (broadcast licence, programme, &c.)
broad'cloth (-aw-), *n.* fine black kind of cloth.
broad'en (-aw-), *v.t.* & *i.* make broader.
broad'sheet (-aw-), *n.* large sheet of paper printed on one side.
broad'side (-aw-), *n.* ship's side; all guns on one side; almost simultaneous firing of these; a broadsheet.
broad'sword (-aw-, -sōrd), *n.* sword with broad straight blade.
brocade', *n.* fabric with raised pattern. ~ed, *a.* so woven.
broc'coli, *n.* species of cauliflower.
brō'chure (-shoor), *n.* stitched booklet, pamphlet.
brock, *n.* badger.
brogue (-g), *n.* rude form of shoe; marked Irish or other accent.
broil[1], *n.* quarrel, tumult.
broil[2], *v.t.* & *i.* cook on fire or gridiron; make or be very hot.
broke, *p.t.* of break.
brō'ken, *a.* in pieces, shattered, ruined, infirm, incomplete. ~-hearted, *a.* crushed by grief. ~ meat, *n.* scraps. ~-winded, *a.* disabled by ruptured air-cells.
brō'kenly, *adv.* spasmodically.
brō'ker, *n.* middleman, agent; dealer in second-hand furniture; appraiser and seller of distrained goods. ~age, *n.* broker's fees or commission. brō'king, *n.* broker's trade.
brol'ly, *n.* (sl.) umbrella.
brō'mate, brō'mide, *nn.* kinds of compound of bromine.

brō'mide, a. containing bromine.
brō'mine, n. (Chem.) a liquid element with rank smell.
brō'mism, n. morbid state due to use of bromine.
brŏnc'hial (-ngk-), a. of the ramifications of the windpipe.
brŏnchī'tis (-ngk-), n. inflammation of bronchial mucous membrane.
brŏn'cō, n. wild or half-tamed horse of California, &c.
brŏnze, n. brown alloy of copper and tin; its colour; work of art in it; (attrib.) made of or coloured like bronze. v.t. & i. give bronze surface to, make or grow brown, tan.
brooch (-ō-), n. ornamental safety pin worn as fastening of dress.
brood, n. birds or other animals produced at a hatch or birth; (contempt.) children of a family, a gang or crew. v.i. sit on eggs; meditate deeply; fret over. brood'y, a. (of hen) wishing to sit.
brook¹, v.t. tolerate, put up with; admit of (delay &c.).
brook², n. small stream. ~let, n.
broom, n. yellow-flowered shrub; long-handled sweeping-brush. ~stick, n. broom-handle.
broth (-aw-), n. thin meat soup.
broth'el, n. house of prostitution.
broth'er (-ŭdh-), n. son of the same parents; companion, equal; member of religious order (pl. brethren); fellow member of Church, guild, order, &c. ~-in-law, n. one's wife's or husband's brother, one's sister's husband.
broth'erhood (-ŭdh-), n. set of brothers or comrades; brotherliness.
broth'erly (-ŭdh-), a. like a brother. ~liness, n.
brougham (-ōōam), n. short closed 4-wheel horse or electric carriage or car.
brought, p.t. & p.p. of bring.
brow, n. arch of hair over eye (usu. in pl.); forehead; edge of cliff, hill, &c.; summit of pass. ~beat, v.t. bear down with looks and words.

brown, a. toast-coloured, dark skinned. n. brown colour or pigment. v.t. & i. make or grow brown. ~ bread, bread made of unbolted flour. ~ paper, kind used for packing, &c. ~ study, reverie.
brown'ie, n. benevolent sprite haunting house and doing household work; junior member (ages 8-11) of Girl Guides.
Brown'ing, n. automatic pistol. P
browse (-z), v.t. & i. feed on leaves and young shoots; (fig.) read for enjoyment. n. browsing or material for it.
Bru'in (-ōō-), n. name for a bear.
bruise (-ōōz), n. injury caused by blow or pressure; dint in wood, &c. v.t. & i. pound, grind small, batter; inflict bruise on, be susceptible to bruises.
bruis'er (-ōōz-), n. a prize-fighter.
bruit (-ōō-), v.t. spread about.
Brumma'gem, a. counterfeit, cheap and showy.
brunette' (-ōō-), n. woman of dark complexion; also used attrib.
brunt, n. stress of shock or attack.
brush, n. cleaning or hair-dressing or painting implement; fox's tail; skirmish; brushwood. v.t. & i. touch lightly; graze in passing; use brush on. ~wood, undergrowth, bushes and saplings. ~work, painter's manipulation.
brusque (-ōōsk), a. blunt, offhand.
Brus'sels (-z). In comb. ~ carpet, ~ lace, kinds made at Brussels. ~ sprouts, kind of cabbage with buds.
bru'tal (-ōō-), a. as of the brutes; coarsely sensual or callously cruel. brutal'ity (-ōō-), n.
bru'talize (-ōō-), v.t. destroy the human qualities in.
brute (-ōōt), a. not gifted with reason. n. animal other than man, large or formidable beast; human being of low type; (colloq.) person one dislikes.
‖ bru'tum fŭl'men (-ōō-), n. empty threat.
bry'ony, n. climbing hedge plant.
bub, n. brother (child's usu.).

bŭb'ble, n. globe or half-globe of liquid enclosing air or gas; a visionary project. v.i. send up or rise in bubbles; (fig.) boil over (with joy, anger, &c.).
bŭb'bly, a. full of bubbles, gurgling. ~-jock, (Sc.) turkey-cock.
bū'bō, n. (pl. -oes) inflamed swelling in groin or armpit. **bubŏn'ic**, a. accompanied by buboes.
bŭccaneer', n. sea-rover. ~ing, a. piratical. n. piratical roving.
bŭck, n. male of fallow-deer, reindeer, chamois, antelope, hare, or rabbit; *male sheep, ram; *male negro or Indian; dandy; act of buckjumping; *buck-shot; *(sl.) dollar; *(sl.) object to mark position of the deal in card-games (to pass the buck). v.i. (of horse) = buck-jump. ~-horn, horn of deer. ~-hound, small variety of deer-hound. ~-jump, (of horse) jump vertically with back arched. ~-shot, large coarse shot. ~-skin, soft leather made from skin of deer, goat, &c. ~-tooth, a projecting tooth. ~ up, (sl.) make haste, cheer up. **bŭck'er**, n. bucking horse. **bŭck'ish**, a. dandified.
bŭck, v.t. bait (assault, at, or in).
bŭck'ĕt, n. a vessel for carrying or holding water, &c.; socket for whip, carbine, &c. v.t. & i. ride (horse) hard, go at utmost speed, row hurried stroke. ~ful, n. (pl. -fuls). ~-shop, office for speculative dealings in stocks, &c.
bŭc'kle, n. clasp with hinged tongue used for straps, &c. v.t. & i. fasten with buckle; put on; bend one's energies to work, crumple up under pressure.
bŭck'ler, n. small round shield; (fig.) protector or protection.
bŭck'ram, n. coarse linen or cloth stiffened with paste, &c.
bŭck'shee, a. & adv. (sl.) free.
bŭck'wheat (-wēt), n. cereal with seeds shaped like beech-mast.
bucŏl'ic, a. farming, rustic, pastoral. n. pastoral poem.
bŭd, n. projection from which branch or leaf-cluster or flower develops; flower or leaf not fully open; *débutante. v.t. & i. put forth buds, sprout as buds; begin to grow or develop; graft.
***bŭd**, n. brother (familiar form of address).
Bŭddh'ism (-ŏod-), n. Asiatic religion founded by Gautama Buddha. ~ist, n.
bŭddlei'a (-lēa), n. shrub with lilac or yellow flowers.
***bŭd'dy**, n. (sl.) chum.
bŭdge, v.t. & i. (-geable), move in the least degree.
bŭdgerigar', n. Australian love-bird.
bŭd'gĕt, n. contents of bag, bundle of letters, &c.; Chancellor of Exchequer's annual estimate of revenue and expenditure, similar estimate of body or person. v.i. ~ for, allow or arrange for in budget.
bŭff, n. stout velvety dull-yellow leather; colour of this. a. of this colour. v.t. polish with buff.
bŭff'alō, n. (pl. -oes), kind of ox. v.t. to overpower, overawe.
bŭff'er, n. apparatus for deadening or sustaining concussion, esp. on railways; (sl.) man, fellow.
bŭff'ĕt, n. blow with the hand; blow dealt by wave, &c. or by fortune; side-board or recessed cupboard; (pron. boof'ā) refreshment bar. v.t. & i. deal blows to, struggle with.
bŭffoon', n. person who makes himself ridiculous to raise laughter, coarse jester. v.i. play the buffoon. ~ery, n.
bŭg, n. small blood-sucking insect infesting beds; *any insect. ~-hunter, n. (colloq.) entomologist.
bŭg'abŏŏ, n. object of baseless terror.
bŭg'bear (-bār), n. object of terror, dreaded event, &c.
bŭg'gy, n. light horse-drawn vehicle for one or two persons (formerly used esp. in U.S., India).
***bŭg'house**, a. crazy.
bū'gle, n. kinds of plant.

bū'gle[1] *n.* (pl.) long glass beads sewn on dresses as ornament.

bū'gle[2] *n.* brass instrument like small trumpet. *v.i.* & *t.* sound bugle, sound call on bugle.

bū'gler, *n.* bugle-sounder.

bū'glet, *n.* bicyclist's small bugle.

bū'gloss, *n.* rough-leaved plant.

buhl (-ōōl), *n.* inlaid work of brass and tortoise-shell.

build (bĭ-), *v.t.* & *i.* (built), construct or erect by successive additions; (fig.) base hopes on. *n.* make or proportions of ship, carriage, or of person's or animal's body.

buil'der (bĭ-), *n.* (esp.) a contractor for building houses.

buil'ding (bĭ-), *n.* house or other structure with roof and walls.

***built** (bĭ-), *p.p.* constituted by nature.

bulb, *n.* globular stem of some plants; roundish swelling in cylindrical organ or tube.

bul'bous, *a.* bulb-shaped, having bulb or bulbs; swollen.

bulbul (bōōl'bōōl), *n.* Eastern song-thrush.

bulge, *n.* irregular swelling-out of a surface or line; *advantage, upper hand. *v.i.* form or show bulge.

bul'ger, *n.* wooden golf-club with bulging face.

bulk, *n.* contents of ship's hold, cargo; the mass or greater part; size, magnitude, volume. *v.i.* seem of specified bulk or importance. ~head, upright partition in ship's hull between cabins or watertight compartments.

bul'ky, *a.* large, unwieldy.

bull[1] (-ōō-), *n.* Papal edict.

bull[2] (-ōō-), *n.* statement so made as to imply an absurdity.

bull[3] (-ōō-), *n.* male of ox, elephant, whale, and other large animals; bull's-eye in shooting; (Stock Exch.) person interested in sending prices up. ~-calf, young bull. ~-dose, (sl.) compel by show of force; bully. ~-fight, baiting of bulls with horsemen, &c. ~-puncher, (Austral.) bullock-driver. ~-terrier, cross between bulldog and terrier.

bullace (bōōl'ĭs), *n.* small wild plum.

bull'dog (-ōō-), *n.* breed of dog noted for tenacity; tenacious person. (sl.) University proctor's attendant.

bull'et (-ōō-), *n.* missile for rifle, pistol, or machine-gun.

bull'etin (-ōō-), *n.* short official statement of invalid's condition, &c.

bull'finch (-ōō-), *n.* fine-plumaged song-bird; quickset hedge with ditch.

bullion (bōōl'yun), *n.* gold or silver in the lump or by weight. ~ist, *n.* advocate of metallic currency.

bull'ock (-ōō-), *n.* gelded bull.

bull's-eye (-ōōlz-ī), *n.* hemispherical lens, lantern having it; centre of target; kind of sweetmeat.

bull'y (-ōō-), *n.* hired ruffian; blusterer, browbeater; schoolboy tyrant; tinned beef; (Footb.) scrummage in the Eton game. *v.t.* & *i.* play the bully, browbeat, overawe by threats. *a.* (sl.) first rate, slap-up. ~ off, start play in hockey with crossed sticks. *~-rag, (sl.) maltreat, ballyrag.

bul'rush (-ōō-), *n.* tall rush, esp. reed-mace, papyrus.

bul'wark (-ōō-), *n.* earthwork or other material defence; person or principle that protects; ship's side above deck.

***bum** (sl.) *a.* worthless, good-for-nothing. *n.* loafer, ne'er-do-well. *v.i.* & *t.* drink to excess, tramp, live life of a vagabond.

bum-bailiff, *n.* sheriff's officer for arrests, &c.

bum'-boat, *n.* boat plying with fresh provisions for ship.

bum'ble-bee, *n.* loud-humming bee.

bum'bledom (-ld-), *n.* consequential minor officials and their ways.

bum'ble-puppy, *n.* unskilled whist, tennis, &c.; game with tennis-ball slung to post.

bum'malo, *n.* small fish found off

southern Asia, used, when dried, as a relish.

*bum'mer n. worthless loafer.

bump, n. collision of two surfaces, swelling caused by it; a protuberance, esp. with a bump. v.t. & i. inflict bump or bumps on; strike or come bump against; jolt, (of cricket-ball) rise abruptly. bum'py a.

bum'per, n. brimming glass; great harvest, record score, &c.; (Motoring) spring fender for mitigating collisions.

bump'kin, n. awkward country lout.

bump'tious (-shus), a. self-assertive.

bun, n. small soft currant cake; hair dressed in bun-shape; (sl.) have buns on, be intoxicated.

bunch, n. set of things growing or fastened together; group of people; herd of cattle. v.t. & i. arrange in bunch or bunches; gather in folds; come or cling together. ~-grass, various grasses of western U.S. bun'chy a. forming a bunch.

*bun'co, v.t. (sl.) swindle (~-game, -man, -steerer).

bund, n. (Anglo-Ind.) embankment, causeway, quay.

bun'der, n. (Anglo-Ind.) landing-place or quay; seaport; harbour. ~-boat, boat used for communicating with ships in harbour, &c.

bun'dle, n. odds and ends tied up in cloth, &c.; sticks, &c. bound up together. v.t. & i. tie in a bundle; throw confusedly into a receptacle; go or send unceremoniously away.

bung, n. stopper of cork or other material for bung-hole; (sl.) lie. v.t. stop up. ~-hole, hole by which cask is filled. bunged up, (of eye, nose, pipe, &c.) stopped up.

bung'alow (-ngg-), n. one-storied house, orig. lightly built.

bungle (bŭng'gl) v.t. & i. go awkwardly to work, mismanage, fail. n. piece of bungling.

bun'ion (-yun), n. inflamed swelling on foot.

bunk¹ n. sleeping-berth. *v.i. to have a, go to, bed. *~-house, h. with berths for lumbermen, &c.

bunk² v.i. & n. (sl.) Bunk, do a ~, abscond, vanish.

*bunk³ n. big talk, bunkum.

bunk'er, n. ship's coal-bin; a receptacle; military dug-out; pit or hollow impeding golfer, (fig.) obstacle. bunk'ered (-erd), p.p. entrapped in bunker.

bunk'um, -combe (-um), n. insincere talk, claptrap.

bunn'y, n. pet name for rabbit. ~-hug, an American dance.

Bun'sen burn'er (-sen-), n. an invention for burning mixed air and gas, giving great heat.

bunt, n. (Naut.) baggy middle of sail; *baseball batted to point within the infield. ~-line, n. rope used in furling.

bun'ting, n. kinds of small bird; flags or their material.

buoy (boi) n. anchored float as navigation mark, &c. v.t. bring to surface of water, keep afloat; sustain; mark with buoys.

buoy'ant (boi-), a. apt to float, light; cheerful. ~ancy, n.

bur, n. clinging seed-vessel or other part of plant, plant producing burs; person hard to shake off.

bur'berry n. a waterproof material, garment made of it. P.

bur'bot, n. eel-like freshwater fish.

bur'den, n. load, task, weight of grief, obligatory expense; (often -then) ship's tonnage; refrain of song, theme. v.t. load, encumber, lie heavy on. ~some, a. imposing a burden.

bur'dock, n. plant with prickly flowers and dock-like leaves.

bureau' (-rō), n. (pl. -eaux pr. -ōz), writing-desk; chest of drawers; office, esp. of a Government department.

bureau'cracy (-rō-), n. government by bureaux, centralization, officialism. ~crat, n. ~cratic, a.

*burg, n. (sl.) town.

burgee' n. swallow-tailed pennant of yacht, &c.

bûr'geon (-jn) *v.i.* & *s.i.* bud, shoot.
bûr'gess, *n.* freeman of borough, citizen; M.P. for borough or corporate town or university.
burgh (bŭ'rŭ), *n.* Scotch borough.
bûrg'her (-ger) *n.* citizen or member of a burgh.
bûrg'lar, *n.* person attempting burglary.
bûrg'lary, *n.* breaking into house by night with felonious intent. burglar'ious, *a.* bûr'gle (colloq.), *v.t.* & *i.* commit burglary.
bûrg'omaster (-ah-), *n.* Dutch or Flemish mayor.
bûr'gundy, *n.* kinds of wine.
bu'rial (bĕ-) *n.* burying, esp. of dead body; funeral. ~-case, coffin.
bûr'in, *n.* engraver's tool.
bûrke, *v.t.* murder, esp. by stifling; (fig.) stifle inquiry &c.
burlesque' (-lĕ), *a.* of derisively imitative kind. *n.* dramatic or literary parody; this branch of art. *v.t.* make or give burlesque of.
bûr'ly, *a.* of stout sturdy build.
bûrn[1] *n.* (Sc.) brook, stream.
bûrn[2] *v.t.* & *i.* (burnt, sometimes -ed), consume or be consumed by fire, blaze or smoulder; feel intense heat or emotion; injure by burning; brand; (of seeker in hiding-game) draw near object of search. *n.* sore or mark made by burning; burnt area in forest, &c.
bûrn'er, *n.* part of lamp, &c. that shapes the flame.
bûrn'et, *n.* brown-flowered plant.
bûrn'ish, *v.t.* & *i.* polish by friction, take such polish.
burnt, *p.t.* & *p.p.* of burn.
bûrr, *n.* whirring sound; sound of a strongly pronounced *r*.
bu'rro, *n.* donkey.
bŭ'rrow (-ō), *n.* hole excavated by animals as dwelling. *v.i.* & *t.* make or live in burrow; excavate.
bûrs'ar, *n.* treasurer of college &c.; holder of bursary. bursar'ial, *a.* bûrs'ary, *n.* bursar's office; allowance to poor scholar.
bûrst, *v.t.* & *i.* fly violently asunder or give way suddenly, explode, rush forth; (part.) full to overflowing. *n.* bursting, explosion, outbreak; spurt, continuous gallop.
bŭ'ry (bĕ-), *v.t.* commit (corpse) to earth or tomb or sea, celebrate burial rites over; inter, hide in earth; consign to oblivion.
bŭs, *n.* (pl. buses), omnibus; (Air Force sl.) aeroplane; motor-car. *v.i.* go by bus.
bŭs'by (-z-), *n.* tall fur cap with cloth bag on right side worn by hussars and others.
bush (-ŏŏ-) *n.* shrub, clump of shrubs; (Austral., S. Afr.) woodland, forest. ~-bean, kidney bean. ~-buck, small African antelope. ~-hog, wild pig of S. Africa. ~-book, bill-hook. ~-lawyer, New Zealand bramble. ~-man, earliest known S. Afr. native race; dweller or traveller in Australian bush. ~-ranger, Australian brigand living in bush. ~-whacker, person who cuts down bush; backwoodsman; implement for cutting brushwood. bushed (-sht), (Austral.) lost in bush.
bush[2] *n.* perforated plug; metal lining of orifice.
bush'el (-ŏŏ-), *n.* measure of capacity (8 gal.) for corn, fruit, &c.
bush'y (-ŏŏ-), *a.* like a bush.
business (bĭz'nĭs), *n.* one's occupation or affairs; one's province or duty; work, employment; (Theatr.) dumb-show; a commercial firm or its interests.
busk, *n.* stiff rib in stays.
busk'er, *n.* (sl.) wandering actor &c.
bŭs'kin, *n.* high boot; ancient tragic actor's boot; the tragic drama.
bŭss, *n.* & *v.t.* kiss.
bust[1], *n.* sculptured head, shoulders, and chest; contour of breast and neck.
bust[2] *n.* (sl. or vulgar) burst. *v.i.* burst, go bankrupt.
bus'tard, *n.* large running bird.
bŭ'stle (-sl), *v.i.* & *t.* make show of activity; hurry about. *n.* ex-

cited activity; padding inside top of woman's skirt behind.
busy (bĭz'ĭ), a. working with concentrated attention, fully employed; fussy, meddlesome. v.t. engage, occupy, keep busy.
but, adv. only. prep. except, without, outside of or apart from. conj. unless, if not, yet, still.
butch'er (-ŏŏ-), n. slaughterer of animals for food, meat-dealer; one who delights in bloodshed. v.t. slaughter (people) needlessly or wantonly. butch'ery (-ŏŏ-), n. wanton slaughter, massacre; slaughtering department in camps, &c.
but'ler, n. man-servant in charge of wine, plate, &c.
butt, n. large cask (108–140 gal.)
butt², n. mound behind target, (pl.) shooting-range; object of ridicule, person habitually teased.
butt³, n. thicker end of an object.
butt⁴, v.t. & i. push or run one's head into; go headlong into (affair, &c.).
*butte (būt), n. isolated hill or peak rising abruptly.
but'ter, n. yellow fatty food-substance made from cream. v.t. spread butter on bread, &c.; (colloq.) flatter. —boat, sauce-boat. —fingered, a. given to letting things slip. —fingers, butter-fingered person. —milk, liquid left after butter-making. —sauce, made of melted butter, flour, &c.
but'tercup, n. kinds of yellow-flowered ranunculus.
but'terfly, n. diurnal insect with large wings, often of brilliant colours; showy person, trifler.
*but'ternut, n. large oily nut of the white walnut tree of N. America; also, the tree itself.
but'terwort (-wŭrt), n. violet-flowered bog-plant.
but'tery, n. place in colleges, &c. where provisions are kept.
but'tock, n. either protuberance of seat of body; hind part of beasts; (pl.) seat, hind-quarters.
but'on, n. disk sewn to garment, &c. to fasten part of the dress; (pl., as sing.) page with many-buttoned coat; small knob or projection; unopened flower-bud. v.t. & i. fasten with buttons; enclose in buttoned garments, &c. (usu. with up, in, down). —hole, n. hole into which button fits; flower(s) to be worn in button-hole; v.t. seize person to secure his attention. —hook, hook for fastening buttons.
but'tress, n. support built against a wall, &c.; a prop; person, &c. that strengthens a cause, &c. v.t. support or strengthen.
bux'om, a. plump, comely.
buy (bī), v.t. (bought, pr. -awt), obtain in exchange for money or other consideration; obtain by bribery. *n. bargain.
buy'er (bī-), n. one who buys.
buzz, n. humming like bee's, confused sound. v.t. & i. make a buzz; spread secretly. —saw, circular saw.
buz'zard, n. kinds of falcon; kind of vulture.
buzz'er, n. steam-whistle; electric buzzing-machine for sending signals (Army sl.) signaller.
by (bī), adv. near, at hand; aside, in reserve; past. prep. near to, beside, within reach of; along, via, past; surrounded with; through the action, agency, means, or instrumentality of; as soon as, not later than; in accordance with. — and by, before long; n. the future. —blow, a side-blow; bastard child. —election, election caused by death or resignation. —lane, side lane. —name, nickname. —pass, secondary gas-jet always alight from which main jet is lit when wanted; piece of new road relieving traffic by connecting two points of the old. —path, unfrequented path. —play, dumb show of minor characters on stage. —product, substance, &c. produced incidentally in the making of something else. —road, side road. —street,

side street. ~ the by incidentally parenthetically. ~way secluded road, &c., less known department of subject.

bye, n. run made at cricket without ball being struck by the batsman; a goal at lacrosse; (in sports where competitors are paired) position of an individual or crew or team left over after heats are drawn.

by'gone (bigawn), a. no longer existent. n.pl. the past.

by'-law, bye-, (bi-), n. regulation made by local authority &c.

byre, n. cow-house.

by'stander, n. spectator.

by'word (bi'werd) n. familiar saying, object of derision.

by'woner, n. (S. Afr.) sub-occupier of farm land, paying rent in kind or service.

Byzan'tine (or bi-), a. of Byzantium or Constantinople; of the architectural style of the Eastern Roman Empire.

C

C, c (sē), as roman numeral, 100; (Mus.) first note of natural major scale.

cab, n. hackney carriage, esp. of brougham or hansom shape or taxi; shelter on engine for crew. v.i. go by cab. ~man, driver of cab. ~stand, place where cabs stand for hire.

cabal' n. secret intrigue political clique. v.i. join in or act as cabal.

‖ cab'aret (-ā), n. French tavern; entertainment in restaurant, &c. while guests are at table.

cab'bage, n. kinds of green vegetable with round heart. v.i. form a head like a cabbage.

cab'bage n. shreds (or large pieces) of cloth appropriated by tailors in cutting out clothes. v.t. appropriate (cloth, &c.) surreptitiously.

cab(b)'ala, n. Jewish oral tradition; occult lore. cab(b)'alism, ~ist, nn.; cabbalis'tic, a.

cab'by n. (colloq.) cabman.

ca'ber, n. pine-trunk used in Sc. sport of tossing the caber.

cab'in, n. small dwelling, esp. of wood hut, private or public room on ship. ~boy ship's waiter. cab'ined (-nd), a. cramped in small space.

cab'inet, n. closet, private room; body of Ministers attending councils with Prime Minister case with drawers or shelves or compartments. ~maker, skilled joiner.

ca'ble, n. anchor rope or chain. (as measure) 100 fathoms, thick rope of wire or hemp; (Teleg.) submarine line containing insulated wires, message sent by this. v.i. & t. use telegraphic cable, wire message thus. ~car, tram-car worked by underground cable. ~gram, message sent by cable.

cabobs' n.pl. meat cooked in small pieces on skewers.

*caboo'dle, n. (sl.) group, lot, set.

caboose', n. cook-room on ship's deck; *car for use of conductor, brakemen, &c. on a freight-train.

cabriolet' (-lā), n. kind of chaise.

caca'o, n. tree, or its seed, yielding cocoa and chocolate.

cach'alot (-sh-) n. kinds of whale.

cache (-sh), n. hidden store of provisions, &c. v.t. store in cache.

cachet (kăsh'ā), n. mark of authenticity; any distinctive stamp; capsule for medicine.

cachinnate (-k-) v.i. laugh loudly ~tion, n.; ~tory a.

cachou (kăsh'oo), n. pill for sweetening the breath.

cacique' (-ēk), n. Amer. Ind. chief.

cac'kle, n. clucking of hen, cackling of geese, glib inconsequent talk. v.i. & t. emit cackle; utter or express with cackle.

cacod'aemon, n. an evil spirit.

cacoë'thes (-ēz) n. itch for doing something foolish.

cacoph'ony n. ugly sound, esp. of words or music. ~nous, a.

cac'tus, n. succulent spiny plant. cacta'ceous (-shus), a.

cad, n. low ill-bred fellow. ~dish, a. dishonourable, ill-bred.

cadāv'erous, a. of corpse-like pallor.
cadd'ie, n. golfer's attendant.
cadd'is, -ice, n. water-larva in cylindrical case of straw, &c.
cadd'y, n. small box for tea.
cā'dence, n. measured movement of sound; intonation.
cadĕt', n. younger son; student in naval or military college. ~ corps, of schoolboys, &c., receiving military training.
cadge, v.i. & t. (-geable), get by begging or sponging. **cadg'er**, n. pedlar, hawker; sponger.
cadi, kā- (kah'dĭ), n. (pl. -is), Mohammedan judge.
cad'mium, n. a tin-like metal.
cadre (kahd'er), n. permanent expandable regimental establishment.
cadū'ceus, n. (pl. -eī) ancient herald's wand, esp. as symbol of Mercury.
cadū'cous, a. fleeting, unenduring; (Bot., Zool.) of parts falling off when work is done.
caec'um (sē-), n. (pl. -ca) blind gut or first part of large intestine.
Caes'arism, ~ist (sēz-), nn. belief, believer, in autocracy.
caesur'a (sēz-), n. point of natural pause in a metrical line. **caesur'al** (sēz-), a.
café (kăf'ā), n. coffee-house or restaurant; *bar-room.
***cafeter'ia**, n. restaurant where the patrons serve themselves with food.
caff'eine, n. alkaloid in coffee and tea plants.
cage, n. prison of wire or with bars, esp. for animals; open framework, miners' lift car &c. v.t. confine in cage.
cahoot' n. (colloq.) in cahoot(s) in league or partnership.
caique (kī-ēk'), n. Turkish boat.
cairn, n. pyramid of stones.
cairngorm' n. yellow or wine-coloured gem-stone.
caiss'on (or kasoon'), n. water-tight case used in laying foundations under water; ammunition chest or wagon.
cait'iff, n. coward or rascal.
cajole' v.t. (-lable) persuade or soothe by flattery or deceit. ~ment, cajolery (-ol-), nn.
cake, n. small flat loaf; a compound of bread sweetened with sugar currants, and other ingredients; flattish compact mass. v.t. & i. form into cohesive mass, harden. ~-walk, dance developed from negro contest in graceful walking with cake for prize. **cā'ky**, a. lumpy cohesive.
cal'abash, n. kinds of gourd and fruit-tree; a shell from these as drinking or cooking vessel.
***calaboose'** n. (colloq.) prison.
calaman'der, n. a hard cabinet wood of Ceylon and India.
calam'ity, n. grave disaster; distressed state. ~tous, a. causing or marked by calamity.
calash n. hooded carriage; (Canada) two-wheeled one-seated vehicle with driver's seat on splash-board; carriage-hood; hood protecting bonnet, &c.
calcar'eous, a. containing carbonate of lime or limestone.
calceolar'ia, n. plant with slipper-shaped flower.
cal'cify, v.t. & i. (-iable), convert into lime; suffer such change. ~fication, n.
cal'cine, v.t. & i. (-nable), reduce to quicklime or powder by burning or roasting; suffer this. ~nation, n.
cal'cium, n. a metal, the base of lime.
cal'culate, v.t. & i. (-lable), compute by figures, ascertain by exact reckoning; *suppose, believe; (p.p.) intentional, premeditated. ~tion, ~tor, nn.
cal'culus, n. (pl. -li), (Med.) concretion in some part of body; (Math.) particular method of calculation.
caldron. See cauldron.
Caledō'nian, a. pertaining to Scotland. n. a Scot.
cal'endar, n. system fixing civil year's beginning, &c.; almanac or table exhibiting year's ar-

rangement; register or list. v.t. enter in list; arrange, analyse, and index (documents).

cal'ender, n. roller-machine for cloth, &c.; steam mangle. v.t. press in calender.

cal'ends, ka-, n.pl. first of month in ancient-Roman calendar.

cal'enture, n. sailor's delirium in tropics showing sea as fields.

calf¹ (kahf), n. (pl. -ves) young of cow or of elephant, whale, deer, seal, &c.; stupid fellow.

calf² (kahf), n. (pl. -ves), fleshy hinder part of leg below knee.

cal'ibrate, v.t. (-brable), find calibre of, calculate irregularities before graduating. ~tion, n.

cal'ibre (-er), n. internal diameter of gun or tube; moral weight, degree of importance.

cal'ico, n. (pl. -oes), cotton cloth, esp. plain white kinds; printed cotton cloth. a. variegated.

cal'iph, -if, n. successor of Mohammed, official head of Islam.

cal'iphate, n. caliph's office.

cal'ix, n. (pl. -ices), (Anat.) cup-like cavity or organ.

calk (kawk), n. sharp iron set in horse-shoe or boot to save slipping. v.t. provide with a calk.

calkin (kawk'in), n. turned-down edge of horse-shoe.

call (kawl) v.t. & i. speak in loud tone; utter a summons; pay brief visit; convoke; name, describe. ~ down, reprove, scold. n. shout, bird's cry, signal on bugle, &c.; a summons; short visit; (Bridge) turn to bid.

call'er¹ (kaw-), n. visitor.

cal'ler² a. (Sc.) fresh (fish, air &c.).

calli'graphy n. handwriting.

call'ing (kaw-), n. profession.

cal'lipers, n. (pl.) compasses for measuring diameter of bullets, tubes, &c. v.t. measure with callipers.

callisthen'ics, n.pl. exercises to develop strength and grace.

callos'ity n. hardness of skin, hardened part, insensible lump.

cal'lous, a. hardened, horny; unfeeling, unsympathetic.

cal'low (-ō) a. unfledged; raw inexperienced.

calm (kahm) a. tranquil, windless, unagitated (colloq.) impudent. v.t. & i. make or become calm, pacify. n. calm state.

cal'omel, n. a purgative medicine.

calo'ric, n. heat, bodily warmth.

cal'orie, n. unit of heat.

calorif'ic, a. heat-producing.

calorim'eter n. heat-measuring instrument.

cal'trop, n. four-spiked iron ball thrown down to maim cavalry horses, kinds of plant.

cal'umet, n. Amer. Ind. tobacco-pipe, esp. as symbol of peace.

calum'niate, v.t. (-iable), slander utter calumny about. ~tor, n.; ~nious, a.

cal'umny n. defamation, slander.

cal'vary n. representation of the Crucifixion.

calve (kahv), v.i. produce a calf.

Cal'vinism, n. Calvin's theology esp. his doctrine of predestination adherence to this. ~ist, n.

calx, n. (pl. calces), ashes left after smelting.

ca'lyx (or -ā-), n. (pl. -yces, -yxes), whorl of leaves called sepals forming outer case of bud.

cam, n. (in a wheel, &c.) part so shaped as to convert rotary into reciprocal motion.

‖ camaraderie (kămarah'derē), n. fraternizing disposition or conduct of comrades.

‖ camaril'la, n. cabal or junta.

cam'ber, n. convex form of deck, road, &c. v.t. construct with camber.

Cam'brian, a. of Wales. n. Welshman.

cam'bric, n. fine linen.

came, p.t. of come.

cam'el, n. large quadruped with one hump (Arabian ~) or two (Bactrian ~); type of aeroplane.

camel'lia (or -ē-), a flowering evergreen.

camel'opard, n. (rare) giraffe.

Cam'embert (-ār), n. small cheese.

cam'eo, n. (pl. -eos), onyx or similar stone carved in relief.

cam'era, n. photographing apparatus. ~ obscura, n. apparatus projecting on paper image of distant object.

cami-knick'ers, n.pl. woman's undergarment of camisole and knickers combined.

cam'ion, n. low flat four-wheeled horse or motor truck.

cam'isole, n. under-bodice.

cam'let, n. a light cloth.

cam'omile, n. aromatic herb. ~ tea, infusion of the flowers.

camouflage (-ōōflahzh), n. disguise of guns, ships, &c. by obscuring outline with splashes of various colours; (transf.) means of throwing people off the scent. v.t. hide by camouflage.

camp, n. place where troops, &c. are lodged in tents, &c. v.i. & t. encamp, be in camp. ~-bed, ~-chair, ~-stool, folding-up bed, &c. ~-follower, non-military hanger-on of camp. ~-meeting, religious open-air meeting.

campaign (-ān), n. series of military operations; military service in the field; organized course of action (e.g. in politics). v.i. serve on campaign.

campanil'e (-nēl-), n. detached bell-tower. ~ology n. bell-lore.

campan'ula, n. kinds of plant with bell-shaped flowers.

cam'phor, n. crystalline aromatic bitter substance. ~ate, v.t. impregnate with camphor.

cam'pion, n. wild flowering-plant.

cam'pong, n. (Anglo-Ind.) camp.

cam'pus, n. (Amer.) open space for martial exercises; grounds of a school or college.

can¹, n. metal vessel for liquid. v.t. pack (food) in cans for preserving; (sl.) discharge, suppress.

can², aux. (2 s. canst, 3 can; neg. cannot, can't pr. kahnt; past & cond. could pr. kōōd, couldst or couldest), be able to; have the right to (do); be permitted to; feel inclined to.

Canad'ian, a. of Canada. n. Canadian person. ~ canoe, open canoe with single-bladed paddle.

canaille (kanah'y), n. the rabble.

canal', n. artificial watercourse. ~ize, v.t. make into canal; direct into channel.

canard', n. an unfounded rumour.

canar'y, n. cage songbird of yellow plumage; wine from the Canary Islands. a. bright-yellow.

canas'ter, n. tobacco-leaf dried and broken up.

cancan (kahn'kahn), n. high-kicking dance.

can'cel, v.t. & i. cross out, annul, countermand, neutralize; (Arith.) strike out factor. ~lation, n.

can'cer, n. the Crab in the zodiac; malignant tumour; (fig.) corruption. tropic of C., northern tropic. ~al, ~ous, ~roid, aa.

candela'brum, n. (pl. -a), large, branched, candlestick.

can'did, a. unprejudiced; free from dissimulation; outspoken.

can'didate, n. one who seeks some office or honour. ~acy, ~ature, n. being candidate.

candied. See candy.

can'dle, n. cylinder of wax or tallow enclosing wick for giving light. ~light, artificial light. ~-power, unit of light-measure. ~stick, stand for holding candle.

Can'dlemas, n. feast of Purification of the Virgin, 2nd Feb.

can'dour (-der), n. candidness.

can'dy, n. crystallized sugar; sweetmeat; sweets. v.t. & i. preserve, fruit, &c. by coating with candy. can'died (-dĭd), a. coated with sugar; (fig.) sugared, honeyed.

can'dytuft, n. plant with white, pink, or purple flowers.

cane, n. (collect.) stems of giant reeds and grasses or slender palms; stem of raspberry &c.; walking-stick, rod for punishment. v.t. beat with cane; weave cane into (chair, &c.).

canē'phorus, n. (pl. -ri), sculptured youth or maid with basket on head.

ca'nine, a. of the dog. ~ tooth, between incisors and molars.

can'ister n. small box for tea, &c. ~-shot, case-shot.

can'ker, n. kinds of disease (of human mouth, horse's hoof, fruit-trees) (fig.) corrupting influence; destructive caterpillar or larva. v.t. consume with canker, corrupt; (p.p.) soured, malignant.

can'na, n. bright-flowered ornamental-leaved plant.

can'nel, n. hard bright-flamed coal rich in oil and gas.

can'nibal, n. man or animal that feeds on his own species; (attrib.) having this habit. ~ism, n. ~istic, a.

can'nikin, n. small can.

cann'on', n. (billiards) hitting of two balls successively by player's ball. v.i. make cannon; (of person or thing) come into collision without stopping.

cann'on², n. mounted gun throwing projectile larger than bullet. ~-ball, round shot. cannonade', n. continuous gunfire; v.i. & t. fire continuously, bombard.

cannot. See can¹.

cann'y, a. shrewd, quiet, circumspect. ca' ~ v.i. go gently. n. practice or policy of limiting output of labour.

canoe' (-nōō) n. light boat propelled with paddles. v.i. (-oeing) go in canoe. ~ist, n.

căn'on, n. Church decree; criterion; list of Bible books accepted by the Church; member of cathedral chapter.

cañon. See canyon.

canon'ical, a. appointed by canon law; authoritative or accepted. n.pl. clergy's appointed costume.

căn'onize, v.t. admit to calendar of saints. ~ation, n.

căn'onry, n. office of canon.

căn'opy, n. covering hung or held up over throne, bed, person, &c. a roof-like projection; (fig.) sky or overhanging shelter. v.t. supply or be a canopy to.

canŏ'rous, a. melodious.

cănt¹, n. bevel, slanting surface; tilted position; oblique push or jerk. v.t. & i. push or jerk or hold out of level; be in tilted position.

cănt², n. temporary catchwords; insincere pious or moral talk. v.i. use cant.

can't. See can¹.

căn'taloup (-ōōp), n. small melon.

cantănk'erous, a. cross-grained, quarrelsome.

cantā'ta (-ah-), n. choral work like oratorio but usu. shorter.

canteen, n. camp or barrack shop for liquor, provisions, &c.; refreshment-room in works, &c. soldier's mess-tin or water-bottle; chest fitted with cooking or table utensils.

căn'ter, n. easy gallop. v.i. & t. go, make go, at a canter.

căn'terbury, n. stand for portfolios, music, &c.

Căn'terbury bell, n. kinds of campanula.

cănthă'rides (-z), n.pl. (Med.) dried Spanish Fly.

căn'ticle, n. a divine song.

căn'tilever, n. bracket projecting from wall to support balcony &c. ~ bridge, bridge in which great cantilevers run out from the piers.

căn'tle, n. slice cut off; hind bow of saddle.

căn'tō, n. (pl. -os), division of poem.

canton, n. (kăn'ton or kăntŏn'), any state of the Swiss Confederation. v.t. (kăntōōn') put (troops) in quarters. canton'ment (-ōōn-), n. lodgings of troops; (in India) permanent military station.

cantōr'ial, a. of the precentor's or north side of the choir.

Canuck', n. (sl.) French-Canadian, *Canadian (horse).

căn'vas, n. coarse cloth of hemp or flax. a picture. *~-back, species of wild duck.

căn'vass, v.t. & i. discuss, ask votes of. n. canvassing for votes.

canyon, cañon (kăn'yon), n. deep gorge.

caoutchouc (kow'chŏŏk) n. unvulcanized rubber.
cap, n. soft brimless outdoor head-dress; indoor head-dress; cap-like covering. v.t. confer degree on; (Sport) select for representative team; crown; take off or touch one's cap to.
ca'pable, a. able, competent; susceptible of. ~bility n.
capa'cious (-shus), a. roomy, of large content.
capa'citate, v.t. make capable.
capa'city, n. cubic content; mental power; function or character.
cap-a-pie' (-pē), a. from head to foot.
capa'rison, n. harness, trappings. v.t. put caparison upon.
cape¹, n. short sleeveless cloak.
cape², n. headland, promontory; the C~, Cape of Good Hope, also ~Cape Province. Cape boy, ~coloured people, (S. Africans) of mixed black and white descent. Cape cart (S. Afr.), hooded cart usu. drawn by two.
ca'per¹, n. a shrub; (pl.) its buds pickled. ~cress, n.
ca'per², n. frisky jump; lark, spree. v.i. cut capers.
capercail'zie, ~lzie, n. largest bird of grouse kind.
cap'ful (-ŏŏl), n. (pl. -ls), enough to fill a cap.
capilla'rity, n. degree of capillary attraction or repulsion.
capill'ary, a. of the hair; of hair-like fineness. n. capillary tube, minute blood-vessel.
cap'ital, a. of chief importance, principal, primary, leading, first-class, excellent; fatal, vital; punishable with death. n. capital city; capital letter; head or cornice of a pillar; stock with which company, &c. starts; accumulated wealth. ~levy, confiscation of a proportion of all capital.
cap'italism, n. organization of production by capitalists. ~istic, a.
cap'italist, n. person who uses or possesses capital; a rich man.
cap'italize, v.t. use as capital; compute or realize present value of periodical payments in capital. ~zation, n.
capita'tion, n. reckoning by the head (esp. poll-tax).
Cap'itol, n. temple of Jupiter in Rome; °Congress house; °State house.
capit'ular, a. of a cathedral chapter.
capit'ulate, v.i. surrender on terms.
capitula'tion, n. summary of headings; terms of agreement; surrender on terms; the Capitulations, agreements securing privileged legal status to foreigners in Turkey &c.
ca'pon, n. castrated cock.
cap'oral (-ahl), n. a French tobacco.
capot', n. taking of all tricks in piquet. v.t. beat by capot.
caprice' (-ēs), n. unaccountable change of mind or conduct, freakish fancy. capri'cious (-shus), a. liable to caprice.
Cap'ricorn, n. the goat in the zodiac. tropic of ~, southern tropic.
cap'riole, n. trained horse's high leap and kick. v.i. do this.
cap'sicum, n. kinds of plant with hot capsules; the red pepper made from them.
capsize', v.i. & t. overturn (of boat).
cap'stan, n. a revolving barrel for winding cable in, &c.
cap'sule, n. enclosing membrane; plant's seed-case; gelatine case for taking physic in.
cap'tain (-tin), n. chief, leader; naval or military officer; master of merchant ship; leader of side in games.
cap'taincy (-tĭn-), n. position of captain.
cap'tion, n. a heading, headline.
cap'tious (-shus), a. given to carping, quibbling.
cap'tivate, v.t. (-vable), fascinate by one's beauty or other attraction. ~tion, n.
cap'tive, a. taken prisoner; in confinement; unable to escape. n. captive person or animal. captiv'ity, n.

căp'tor, ~tress, nn. taker, female taker, of captive.
căp'ture, n. seizing of person, &c. as captive; taking of fortress, &c. v.t. make capture of.
Căpŭchin, n. Member of order of Franciscan friars (after 1528).
car, n. chariot or other wheeled vehicle; motor-car, tram-car; railway carriage; pendant of air-ship or balloon.
carabineer', n. horse-soldier armed with a carbine.
că'racole, n. trained horse's half turn to right or left. v.i. perform caracole.
ca'racul (-ōōl) n. kind of astrakhan.
carafe' (-ahf), n. table water bottle.
că'ramel, n. burnt sugar for colour for spirit, &c.; a sweetmeat.
că'rapace, n. tortoise's and crustaceans' upper shell.
că'rat, n. unit of weight for gems and of fineness for gold.
că'ravan, n. company travelling together for safety in the East, &c.; house on wheels.
cărava'nserai (-rī) n. Eastern inn with inner court for caravans.
că'ravel, căr'vel, n. kinds of light ship.
că'raway (-a-w-) n. plant with small fruit (~seeds) used in cakes.
carb'ide, n. compound of carbon with an element.
carb'ine, n. short rifle.
carbohy'drate, n. kinds of compound of carbon with hydrogen and oxygen.
carbŏl'ic ă'cid, n. a disinfectant and antiseptic. carb'olize, v.t. treat with this.
carb'on, n. a non-metallic element found as diamond, graphite, and charcoal, and in compounds; charcoal pencil used in electric lighting. ~-paper, thin paper laid with carbon for taking copies of letters, &c. carbona'ceous (-shus) a. containing carbon.
Carbona'ri (-rē), n.pl. members of Italian secret republican society.
carb'onate, n. salt of carbonic acid.
carbŏn'ic, a. of carbon. ~ acid, n. gas formed in combustion of carbon.
carbonif'erous, a. coal-producing.
carb'onize, v.t. (-izable) convert into carbon. ~ization, n.
carborun'dum, n. compound of carbon and silicon used in polishing. P
carboy' n. bottle of strong glass protected by wicker.
carb'uncle, n. garnet cut in boss shape; inflamed skin-tumour. carbun'cular ~cled, aa.
carburet', v.t. combine (element) with carbon; charge with carbon. carburett'er, ~tor, n. apparatus mixing air with petrol vapour for combustion in motor engines, &c.
carc'ass, n. dead body of beast or (contempt.) person; framework or skeleton or worthless remains.
card' n. toothed instrument or wire brush. v.t. treat with card, comb.
card' n. thick paper or pasteboard; ticket of admission, invitation, label, &c.; one of the 52 pieces making up a pack; (pl.) card-playing; (sl.) a queer character. ~board, pasteboard for making boxes, &c. ~case, receptacle for one's visiting cards. ~ index, index with each item on separate card. ~sharper swindler at card-games.
card'amom, n. an E. Ind. spice.
card'iac, a. of the heart. n. heart-stimulant.
card'igan, n. warm sleeved overwaistcoat.
card'inal, a. fundamental, central; of deep scarlet. n. a prince of R.C. Church; cardinal colour or number; scarlet grosbeak. ~ numbers, one, two, &c.
care, n. anxiety concern; task, thing to be seen to; serious attention. v.i. & t. feel concern or interest.
careen' v.t. & i. turn (ship) on one side for repair; heel over.
career' n. spell of rapid progression; course through life. v.i. go swiftly or wildly.

care'ful (-ōōl-), a. painstaking, watchful, cautious, solicitous.
care'less (-lĭ-), a. unconcerned, thoughtless, negligent, inaccurate.
caress' n. fondling touch, kiss. v.t. bestow caress on.
că'ret, n. omission-mark (^).
căre'tăker n. person left in charge of house, &c.
căre'worn, a. showing effects of anxiety.
căr'gō, n. (pl. -oes), ship's freight.
Că'rib, n. aboriginal native of some W. Ind. islands; their language.
căr'ibou (-bōō), n. N. Amer. reindeer.
căricatūre' n. grotesque representation of person, &c. v.t. make or give caricature of. —rist, n.
cā'ries (-z), n. decay of tooth or bone.
că'rillon (-lyon), n. chime of bells; air played on bells.
cā'rious, a. affected with caries.
cârk'ing, a. burdensome.
căr'man (-an), n. van-driver.
Carm'elite, n. a white friar.
carm'ine, n. vivid crimson pigment and colour.
carn'age, n. great slaughter.
carn'al, a. fleshly, sensual, worldly. —ism, —ăl'ity, nn.; —ise, v.t.
carnā'tion, n. rosy-pink colour; clove-pink. a. of rosy pink.
carn'ival, n. festive days preceding Lent; riotous revelry.
carnĭv'ora, pl. the carnivorous order of mammals.
carn'ivore, n. one of the carnivora.
carnĭv'orous, a. flesh-eating.
că'rol, n. joyous song, warbling, Christmas hymn. v.i. utter carol.
'căr'om, n. cannon at billiards.
carŏt'id, n. & a. either of two main arteries serving the head.
carouse' (-z), n. drinking-bout, drunken revelry. v.i. hold carouse.
carp¹ n. a pond fish.
carp² v.i. take exceptions, indulge in fault-finding.
carp'al, a. of the carpus.
carp'el, n. pistil or pistil-cell.
carp'enter, n. artificer in woodwork. v.i. & t. do carpenter's work. —try, n. such work.
carp'et, n. textile fabric for covering floor; expanse of grass, &c. v.t. cover with carpet. —bag, travelling bag. —bagger, adventurer, itinerant politician.
carp'us, n. (pl. -pi), the small bones connecting hand and forearm, wrist, horse's knee, &c.
că'rriage (-rĭj), n. conveying of goods, &c., cost of this; manner of carrying oneself; wheeled vehicle.
că'rrier n. person conveying parcels for hire; part of bicycle, &c. for carrying luggage, &c.; person or animal conveying germs of disease. — wave, tone-modulated high-frequency oscillations from a wireless transmitter.
că'rriole, n. small open carriage.
că'rrion, n. dead flesh; garbage.
cărronāde' n. kind of ship's gun.
că'rrot, n. an edible root. (pl., sl.) red hair, red-haired person. că'rroty, a. (sl.) red-haired. sal.
că'rry, v.t. & i. (-iable), convey, transport, bear, support; have about the person ready for use. ~on, go on; flirt. n. drill; the position of carrying sword; (golf) ball's flight before pitching; portage between rivers, &c.
cart, n. strong two-wheeled vehicle for heavy work. v.t. & i. carry in cart, use cart. —horse, horse of heavy build. —wright, maker of carts. cart'age, n. carting or its cost. cart'er, n. driver of cart. cart'ful (-ōōl), n. (pl. -ls).
carte, n. a bill of fare.
'carte blanche (bl-) blahnsh, authorization to do what one will. 'carte-de-visite (vizēt'), photograph 3½ in. by 2½.
cartel, kr- n. written challenge to duel; agreement for exchange of prisoners; manufacturers' union.
Carthū'sian (-zĭan), n. (pl.) order of monks; (coll.) member of it or of the Charterhouse or of Charterhouse School.
cart'ilage, n. firm elastic structure

in vertebrates. cărtĭlă'ginous, a. of or like cartilage, gristly.
cărtŏg'raphy, n. map-drawing. ~pher, n. worker in cartography.
căr'tomancy, n. divination by playing-cards.
cărton, n. inner bull's-eye on targets; cardboard box, cardboard.
cartoon', n. design-sketch on stout paper; humorous topical illustration. v.t. draw cartoon of. ~ist, n.
cartouche' (-ōōsh), n. scroll ornament; oval ring enclosing name and title of Egyptian king.
cart'ridge, n. charge of explosive made up in case. ~-paper, thick and rough paper for drawing and large envelopes.
că'runcle, n. fleshy lump.
cārve, v.t. & i. cut up (meat) at or for the table; cut figures or patterns in wood, &c.
carvel. See caravel.
cār'ver, n. one who carves; (pl.) carving knife and fork.
cār'ving, n. carved wood, &c. ~-fork, ~-knife, implements for meat-carving.
căryăt'id, n. female figure as pillar.
căscāde', n. small or artificial waterfall; wavy fall of lace, &c.
cāse¹, n. instance of thing's occurring; hypothetical or actual situation; plight or condition; (Law) suit or cause; (relation expressed by) inflexion of nouns.
cāse², n. box, cabinet, crate, bag, or sheath designed to hold something. v.t. (-sable), enclose in case. ~-bottle, square bottle to fit in case with others. ~-harden, v.t. harden surface of; (fig.) render callous. ~-knife, large knife kept in sheath. ~-shot, bullets in tin box fired from gun.
cā'sein, n. protein in cheese.
cāse'mate (-sm-), n. embrasured room in wall of fortress.
cāse'ment (-sm- -zm-), n. hinged window or part of window.
cash¹, n. money in the form of coin or bank-notes. v.t. give or obtain cash for (cheques, &c.). ~ in, settle accounts; die.
cash², n. (pl. same), one of various coins of low value in the East Indies and China.
căshew' (-ōō), n. W.-Ind. tree bearing cashew-nut.
căshier'¹, n. person in charge of cash in bank or office.
căshier'², v.t. dismiss from service.
căsh'mere, n. soft fabric of Cashmere goat's wool.
cā'sing, n. enclosing material.
casī'no (-ē-), n. (pl. -os), public hall for gambling, dancing, &c.
cask (-ah-), n. vessel for holding liquor, a barrel.
cas'ket (-ah-), n. small box for holding valuables.
casque (-k), n. (arch.) helmet.
cassā'tion, n. act of annulling.
cassa'va (-sah-), n. W. Ind. plant; its starch or flour.
căs'serole, n. vessel in which food is both cooked and served.
că'ssia (-sha), n. kind of cinnamon.
căs'sock, n. long close tunic worn by some clergymen.
căs'sowary (-ōw-), n. kinds of large bird related to ostrich.
cast¹ (-ah-), v.t. & i. throw, fling, drop; give or get decision against; (of animals) slough or shed or lose; (of dam) drop prematurely; give vote; add up; shape in mould; assign part to.
cast² (-ah-), n. throw of missile, dice, net, lead, fishing-line, &c.; mould for casting, thing cast in it; form or type; slight squint.
căstanet', n. dancer's clicking-instrument.
cast'away (-ah-), n. shipwrecked person; reprobate.
caste (-ah-), n. any of the E.-Ind. hereditary classes with members shunning intercourse with other castes; exclusive class elsewhere.
cas'tellan, n. castle-warden.
cas'tellated, a. built like castle, with battlements, &c.
cas'tigate, v.t. (-gable), punish, chastise. ~tion, ~tor, nn.
Castile (-ēl) soap, n. hard, usu. mottled kind.
cast'ing-vote (-ah-), n. vote to decide an equal division.
cast iron (cahst īrn), n. iron shaped

by casting. cast-iron', a. of cast iron; of extreme rigidity.

castle (kah'sl), n. building designed to serve both as residence and fortress; (Chess) piece with battlemented top, rook.

cas'tor¹ (-ah-), n. substance from beaver used in medicine and perfumery; (sl.) hat.

cas'tor² (-ah-), n. condiment-holder, (pl.) cruet-stand; small swivelled wheel of table-leg, &c.

cas'tor oil (-ah-), n. purgative and lubricant vegetable oil.

castrate', v.t. (-table), remove testicles of, geld. ~tion, n.

ca'sual (-zhoo- -zū-), a. due to chance; not permanent. n. casual labourer; one in receipt of occasional poor-relief.

ca'sualty (-zhoo-, -zū-), n. mishap; (pl.) losses in battle, &c.

ca'suist (-zhoo- -zū-), n. person who examines special cases as affected by conflicting moral rules; sophist, quibbler. ~ical, a.; ~ry, n.

[ca'sus bell'ī], n. act justifying war.

cat, n. small domestic quadruped; any feline animal; spiteful woman, scratching child; cat-o'-nine-tails; tapered wood used in tip-cat. ~call, shrill whistle. ~fish, kinds of fish. ~ice, unsound, bubbly ice. ~o'-nine-tails, 9-lashed rope whip for flogging. cat's-cradle, child's game. ~'s-eye, a precious stone. ~'s-meat, horseflesh prepared for cats. ~'s-paw, person used as tool by another; slight breeze rippling the water.

catachrē'sis (-k-), n. misapplication of words.

cat'aclysm, n. deluge, political or social upheaval. ~clys'mic, a.

cat'acomb (-ōm), n. subterranean gallery with recesses for tombs.

cat'afalque (-k), n. stage for display of coffin at funeral.

catalec'tic, a. a syllable short.

cat'alepsy, n. disease with recurrent trances. catalep'tic, a. & n. (person) having catalepsy.

cat'alogue (-g), n. complete list, usu. in alphabetical or other systematic order. v.t. make catalogue of. [~ raisonné (-zonā'), descriptive catalogue arranged in subjects, &c.

catal'ysis, n. effect of substance that produces chemical change without itself changing. ~lyst, n., ~lytic, a.

catamaran', n. raft of yoked logs or boats; cross-grained woman.

cat'apult, n. ancient engine for hurling stones or darts; boy's shooting contrivance.

cat'aract, n. waterfall; downpour; opacity of crystal lens of eye producing partial blindness.

catarrh' (-ar), inflammation of a mucous membrane; cold in the head; catarrh'al (-rah), a.

catas'trophe, n. dénouement of drama; subversive event; great disaster. catastroph'ic, a.

catch, v.t. & i. (caught, pr. kawt), capture, lay hold of, seize; hold; overtake; receive infection; become entangled; apprehend. n. act of catching; thing or person caught or worth catching; question designed to trick; (crick.) chance or act of catching; musical round. ~ing, a. highly infectious, (of melody &c.) attractive. ~ment, n. basin from which rainfall flows into river. ~penny, a. intended merely to sell, claptrap. ~pole, n. sheriff's officer. ~word, n. theatrical temporary phrase in politics, &c. ~y, a. (of tune) easily caught up.

cate, n. (arch.) a dainty.

catechet'ical (-k-), a. teaching orally; proceeding by question and answer; of the Catechism.

cat'echism (-k-), n. piece of catechising; form of instruction drawn up by way of question and answer. cat'echist (-k-), n. one who catechises.

cat'echise (-k-), v.t. (-sable), instruct by question and answer; put questions to.

cat'echu (-tchoo), n. astringent

substances with much tannin from bark, wood, or fruits, of Eastern plants.
catechu'men (-k-), *n.* convert under instruction before baptism.
categor'ical, *a.* (of statements) unconditional, absolute, explicit.
cat'egory, *n.* a class, rank, or order of ideas or things.
caten'a, *n.* connected series.
caten'ary, *n.* curve formed by a hanging chain.
ca'ter, *v.i.* purvey food; provide amusement &c. for.
cat'eran, *n.* (Highland) marauder fighting-man.
cat'erpillar, *n.* larva of butterfly or moth.
cat'erwaul, *v.i.* scream like cats.
cat'gut, *n.* twisted intestines of beasts used for fiddle-strings, &c.
cathar'sis, *n.* (pl. -ses), purgation; outlet to emotion afforded by drama.
cathar'tic, *a.* purgative. *n.* such drug.
cathed'ral, *n.* principal church of diocese with bishop's throne.
Cath'erine-wheel, *n.* rotating firework; somersault turned sideways.
cath'eter, *n.* tube for passing into the bladder.
cath'olic, *a.* universal, all embracing, broad-minded; including all Christians, or all of the Roman Church. *n.* member of the Catholic Church, more esp. of the R.C. Church. cathol'icism, *n.* adherence to the Catholic Church. catholi'city, *n.* comprehensiveness; accordance with Catholic Church doctrine. cathol'icize, *v.t.*
cat'kin, *n.* hanging flower of willow, hazel, &c.
cat'mint, *cat'nip, *n.* aromatic plant.
catop'tric, *a.* of reflexion of light. catop'trics, *n.*
catsup. See ketchup.
cat'tle, *n.* livestock, esp. oxen; (sl.) horses; contemptible people. ~plague, rinderpest.

cau'cus, *n.* local committee for political party organization.
caud'al, *a.* of the tail.
caud'ate, *a.* tailed.
cau'dle, *n.* warm spiced gruel.
caught, *p.t.* & *p.p.* of catch.
caul, *n.* membrane sometimes enclosing child's head at birth.
caul'dron, *n.* large boiling vessel.
caul'iflower (kŏl-), *n.* cabbage with large edible flower-head.
caulk (-awk), *v.t.* stop up seams of ship with oakum and pitch.
caus'al (-z-), *a.* of the nature of cause and effect.
causal'ity (-z-), *n.* universal operation of cause and effect as a belief. causa'tion (-z-), *n.* causing, causality.
cause, *n.* what produces an effect; ground or reason or motive for action; justification; case of party to law-suit; side in a struggle, &c. *v.t.* (-sable), effect; occasion to do something.
‖ cause célèbre (kōz sĕlĕ'br), pl. -s -s, pr. as sing.), law-suit that excites much interest.
cause'less (-z-), *a.* groundless, without justification.
causerie (kōzerē'), *n.* (pl. -s, pr. as sing.), newspaper or magazine article of informal kind.
cause'way (-zw-), caus'ey (-z-), *nn.* raised road across low or wet ground, raised footway.
caus'tic, *a.* that burns or corrodes; sarcastic, biting. *n.* a caustic substance. causti'city, *n.*
cau'terize, *v.t.* sear with caustic or cautery. ~zation, *n.*
cau'tery, *n.* hot iron for surgical searing; such searing.
cau'tion, *n.* avoidance of rashness, attention to safety; warning; (sl.) strange person, staggering event. *v.t.* warn, admonish.
cau'tionary (-sho-), *a.* of a warning kind.
cau'tious (-shus), *a.* disposed to or exhibiting caution.
cavalcade', *n.* company of riders.
cavalier', *n.* horseman; gallant; lady's protector or escort; 17th-c. royalist. *a.* brusque, discourteous.

cav'alry, n. horse-soldiers.
‖ cavati'na (-tē-) n. short simple song; smooth melodious air.
cave¹ n. underground hollow usu. with horizontal entrance; ~-dweller, prehistoric man living in caves; ~man, cave-dweller. v.t. & i. hollow out; ~ in, subside or give inwards; yield to pressure, submit.
cā'vē² int. (sch. sl.) look out! (as warning of approach of master, &c.).
cavē'at, n. (Law) process to suspend proceedings.
cav'endish, n. kind of strong cake tobacco.
cav'ern, n. cave. ~ed, a.
cav'ernous, a. full of caverns; huge or deep as a cavern.
cav'iar(e) n. pickled sturgeon-roe; ~ to the general, good thing unappreciated by the ignorant.
cav'il, v.i. take exception at, find fault. n. frivolous objection.
cav'ity, n. a hollow place.
cavort' v.i. prance.
caw n. cry of crows. v.i. utter caw.
cayenne' (kāĕn'), n. red capsicum pepper.
cay'man, cai- n. S.-Amer. reptile allied to crocodile.
ceano'thus, n. flowering shrub.
cease, v.i. & t. desist from; stop doing; come to an end.
cease'less (-sl-), a. incessant.
cē'cils (-sl), n.pl. kind of fried forcemeat balls.
cē'dar n. tree with fragrant fine-grained wood; its wood.
cēde, t. (-dable), transfer territory to; give up, yield.
cedill'a, n. mark written under c (ç) to show sibilance.
ceil'ing (sēl-), n. lining of plaster work at top of a room.
cel'andine, n. kinds of yellow spring flower.
celanese' n. kind of artificial silk. P.
cel'ebrant, n. priest celebrating Mass or Eucharist.
cel'ebrate, v.t. & i. (-brable), duly perform (rite, &c.); keep festival or commemorate event; publish abroad, extol; (p.p.) famous. ~tion, ~tor, nn.
celeb'rity, n. fame; widely known person.
celer'iac, n. turnip-rooted celery.
celer'ity n. dispatch, swiftness in acting.
cel'ery, n. a salad vegetable.
celes'tial, a. of the sky; of Heaven; divinely good or beautiful; Chinese. n. inhabitant of China.
cel'ibacy n. unmarried state; cel'ibate, a. practising celibacy; n. such person.
cell, n. anchoret's one-roomed dwelling; small room; unit of voltaic battery; one of cavity or interstice in natural structure.
cell'ar, n. underground room for storing wine, coal, &c. ~age, n. cellar accommodation. ~er n. keeper of monastery's wine and food. ~et' n. case, &c., for wine-bottles in dining-room.
'cello (ch-), see violoncello.
cell'ular, a. consisting of cells.
cell'ule, n. cavity-cell or cell of protoplasm, small cell.
cell'uloid, n. hard elastic substance made chiefly of cellulose.
cell'ulose, n. substance forming framework of plants.
celt¹, n. chisel-edged prehistoric tool.
Celt² K- (pl.) peoples speaking or having spoken languages akin to that of the (ancient Gauls) member of such people. ~ic, a. of the Celts. n. the Celtic language.
cement' n. substance of lime and clay setting like stone; substitute for glue; binding agency. v.t. apply cement to, unite firmly.
cem'etery, n. burial-ground other than churchyard.
cen'otaph (-ahf), n. monument to one whose remains are elsewhere.
cense, v.t. adore or perfume with incense. cen'ser, n. incense-burning vessel.
cen'sor, n. official who examines plays, books, news, &c. to suppress what is immoral or seditious or inopportune; person assuming the right of judging others. v.t.

examine plays, &c., as censor. ~ship, n.
censor'ial, ~ious, aa. given to judging others.
cěn'sure (-sher) n. expression of disapproval or blame. v.t. (-rable), blame or utter censure.
cěn'sus, n. official numbering of the population.
cent, n. a hundred as standard number; hundredth of a dollar
cěn'tal, n. 100 lb.
cěn'taur (-tor), n. man-horse of mythology; a perfect horseman.
cěn'taury, n. kinds of plant.
centenar'ian, n. one aged 100 or more.
centē'nary, a. centennial. n. hundredth anniversary.
cěntěn'nial, a. of or having lasted 100 years. n. centenary
centěs'imal, a. reckoning or reckoned by hundredths.
cěn'tigrade, a. having 100 degrees.
cěn'tigramme, cěn'tilitre (-lēter), ~mètre (-ter), nn. the hundredth part of a gramme, litre, metre.
centime (sahntēm'), n. French coin, 1/100 franc.
cěn'tipede, n. many-footed crawling wingless animal.
cěn'tō, n. (pl. -os), work composed of quoted scraps.
cěn'tral, a. relating to the centre; leading, principal. ~ăl'ity, n.
cěn'tralism, ~ist, nn. belief, believer, in centralization.
cěn'tralize, v.t. & i. (-izable), concentrate (administration) under one control, subject (State, &c.) to this system. ~ization, n.
cěn'tre (-ter), n. middle point of anything; (Footb.) centre forward. a. at or of the centre. v.t. & i. (-tring, -trable), be concentrated; place in centre; find centre of. ~ forward, player in Association football.
cěn'trebit, n. kind of boring-tool.
cěn'treboard, n. (boat with) board that can be lowered to deepen keel.
cěn'tric(al), aa. at or near the centre; from a centre.
centrĭ'city, n. relation to centre.

centrif'ugal, a. flying or tending from a centre.
centrip'etal, a. tending to a centre.
cěn'tuple, a. hundredfold. centū'plicate, v.t. make a hundredfold.
centū'rion, n. captain of a century in Roman army
cěn'tury, n. (Rom. hist.) company in army; 100 years; any set of 100. ~plant, American aloe.
cěphăl'ic, a. of, in, the head. ~index, ratio of width to length of skull.
cěrăm'ic, a. of the art of pottery. ~s, cě'ramist, nn.
cerăs'tium, n. hoary-leaved herb.
Cěr'berus, n. three-headed dog guarding Hades.
cēre, n. naked waxlike membrane at base of some birds' beaks. ~cloth, waxed or other winding-sheet.
cēr'eal, a. of edible grain. n. (usu. pl.) kinds of edible grain; breakfast dish of some cereal.
cěrebĕll'um, n. little or hinder brain.
cě'rebral, a. of the brain.
cěrebrā'tion, n. working of the brain. cěrebro-spī'nal, a. of brain and spine.
cě'rebrum, n. the brain proper
cēre'ment (sērm-), n. (usu. pl.) grave-clothes.
cěremō'nial, a. with or of ceremony; formal. n. system of rites or ceremonies. ~ism, ~ist, nn.
cěremō'nious, a. addicted or showing addiction to ceremony
cě'remony, n. religious rite, piece of formal procedure, polite observance; punctilious behaviour
ceriph. See serif.
cer'ise (-ēz), n. & a. light clear red.
cěr'tain (-tn), a. settled, unfailing; unerring, reliable; indisputable; some. ~ly adv. I admit it, no doubt, yes. ~ty n. undoubted fact, absolute conviction.
cěrt'es (-z), adv. assuredly
certif'icate, n. (-it), document formally attesting a fact. v.t. (-āt), furnish with certificate.
cěr'tify, v.t. (-fiable), give certain information of, testify

cer'titude, n. feeling certain.
ceru'lean (-ōō-), a. sky-blue.
ceruse' (-ōōs), n. white lead.
cer'vical (or servī'-), a. of the neck.
cess, n. a rate or tax.
cessā'tion, n. ceasing.
cě'ssion (-shn), n. ceding.
cess'pool, n. well sunk to receive house-drainage.
cetā'cean (-shn), a. of the Cetacea or marine mammals. n. such animal. cetā'ceous (-shus), a.
ceťerach (-k), n. kinds of fern.
cha (-aw -ah), n. (Army sl.) Chinese name (ch'a) for tea.
Chablis (shab'lē), n. a white wine.
chafe, v.t. & i. (-fable), rub (skin, &c.) to restore warmth; make or become sore by rubbing; irritate or show irritation; fret. n. sore; heated state.
chā'fer, n. kinds of beetle.
chaff (-ahf), n. separated grain-husks; chopped hay and straw; worthless stuff; light irony or banter. v.t. banter, tease with irony.
chaff'er, v.i. bargain, haggle. n. chaffering. ~er, n.
chaff'inch, n. common small finch.
chagrin (shagrēn'), n. acute disappointment. v.t. mortify, vex.
chain, n. series of links; set of facts linked together; (pl. or sing.) fetters, binding influence; measuring line, its length (66 ft.). v.t. secure with a chain. ~-armour, armour of interlaced rings. ~-bridge, suspension bridge. ~-gang, convicts chained together at work, &c. ~-mail, chain-armour. ~-smoker, one who lights cigarette, &c., from stump of last one smoked. ~-stores, shops belonging to one firm.
chair, n. seat for one, usu. movable; seat of authority, professorship, mayoralty; chairman; a sedan. v.t. install in chair; carry aloft in chair. ~man, person who presides over meeting, Board, or Committee. ~woman, woman chairman.
chaise (shāz), n. pleasure or travelling carriage.
chalced'ony (k-), n. precious stones of quartz kind.
chald'ron (-awl-), n. coal measure, 36 bushels.
chalet (shal'ā), n. Swiss wooden cottage; street lavatory.
chal'ice, n. goblet (poet.); Eucharist-cup.
chalk (-awk), n. white soft limestone; coloured substance used in crayons. v.t. rub, draw or write with chalk. chalk'y (-awk-), a.
chall'enge (-j), n. calling to account; invitation to a contest. v.t. (-geable), call to account; take exception to; dispute statement; claim attention; invite to a contest.
chalyb'eate (ka-), a. impregnated with iron (of water).
chā'mber, n. bedroom or other room; (pl.) set of rooms; deliberative body; house of parliament or its debating-room; cavity in machinery, revolver, &c.
chā'mberlain (-lin), n. officer managing royal or princely household; treasurer of corporation, &c.
chā'mbermaid, n. inn housemaid.
chamē'leon (ka-), n. lizard noted for changing colour.
cham'fer, n. groove cut in a surface; bevel on an edge. v.t. make chamfer(s) on.
chamois, n. 1 (sham'wah), small European mountain antelope. 2 (sham'ĭ), soft leather from sheep, goats, &c.
champ, v.t. & i. munch (fodder) or mouth (bit) noisily. n. sound of champing.
champagne (shampān'), n. kinds of sparkling wine.
champaign (-ān), n. open country.
cham'perty, n. offence of assisting in a suit with a view to sharing the proceeds. ~tous, a.
cham'pion, n. person who fights for others; athlete, beast, &c., that has defeated all competitors. a. (vulg.) first-class, prime. v.t. maintain the cause of. ~ship.

n. position of having defeated all rivals in some sport.

champlevé (shahnp'levā), or ~ enamel, n. enamel in which the colours are filled into hollows made in the surface.

chance (-ahns), n. way things fall out, probability or prospect of any occurrence; a possible catch at cricket; *(dial.) number, quantity. a. fortuitous. v.i. & t. befall, happen; risk, leave to fate.

chan'cel (-ah-), n. railed-off eastern part of church.

chan'cellery (-ah-), n. chancellor's department or staff or offices; office attached to an embassy.

chan'cellor (-ah-), n. kinds of State or law official; titular head of a university.

Chan'cery (-ah-), n. division of the High Court of Justice.

chan'cy (-ah-), a. risky.

chandelier' (sh-), n. branched hanging support for lights.

chand'ler (-ah-), n. dealer in candles, oil, &c. ~y, n.

change (-j), n. variation, alteration, substitution of one for another; money in small coins; (pl.) different orders in which peal of bells can be rung. v.i. & t. make or become different, alter; interchange or exchange; give or get money change. change'able (-ja-), a. inconstant, given to change. ~ability, ~ful, ~less, aa.

change'ling (-jl-), n. elf-child; child substituted for another.

‖ chank, n. a large kind of shell used by the Hindus for offering libations, &c.

chann'el, n. bed in which water runs; passage for liquid; groove or flute; medium or agency; narrow piece of water connecting two seas. v.t. form channel(s) in; groove.

chant (-ah-), n. song, melody for psalms; droning music, sing-song talk. v.t. & i. sing; intone, sing to a chant.

chan'ter (-ah-), n. melody-pipe of bagpipe.

chan'ticleer (-ah-), n. domestic cock.

chan'tress (-ah-), n. female singer.

chan'try (-ah-), n. endowment for singing of masses; its chapel or priests.

chan'ty (-ah-), shan'ty, n. sailors' heaving-chorus.

cha'os (k-), n. formless welter of matter conceived as preceding creation; utter confusion. chaot'ic, a. utterly without order.

chap¹, n. (sl.) fellow, boy.

chap², n. (pl., also chops) jaws, cheeks; (usu. pl.) crack(s) in skin, &c. v.t. & i. develop chaps, cause to chap. ~-fallen, or chop-fallen, a. dejected. chapp'y, a. chapped.

chaparajos (chahparah'hōs), chaps (or sh-), n. cowboy's leather or sheepskin leggings.

*chaparral', n. (thicket of) dwarf evergreen oak.

chap'-book, n. cheap book of tales, ballads, tracts, &c.

chap'el, n. place of worship attached to institution or private house; oratory with altar in church; Nonconformist place of worship.

chap'eron (sh-), n. lady in charge of girl on social occasions. v.t. act as chaperon to. ~age, n.

chap'lain (-lin), n. clergyman of institution, private chapel, ship, regiment, &c. ~cy, n.

chap'let, n. wreath or circlet for head; string of beads; rosary.

chap'man, n. hawker, pedlar.

chap'ter, n. division of a book; canons of cathedral or collegiate church, or members of monastic or knightly order; meeting of these. ~-house, room in which chapter meets.

char¹, v.i. now usu. for chare. char'woman, n. woman hired by the day or hour for house-work.

char², n. fish of trout kind.

char³, v.t. & i. burn to charcoal; scorch or blacken with fire.

char-à-banc (shă'rabang) (pl. chars-à-banc) or charabanc (pl. charabancs), n. long vehicle with seats looking forward.

cha'racter (kă-), *n.* distinctive mark; a letter, sign; mental or moral nature, reputation; testimonial of qualities; actor's part; person in novel, play, &c.

characteris'tic (k-), *a.* distinguishing, in character. *n.* such trait or mark or quality.

cha'racterize (k-), *v.t.* (-zable), describe character of, impart character to. ~zation, *n.*

charade (sharahd'), *n.* game of guessing word from acted clue.

char'coal, *n.* residue of burnt wood, &c.; form of carbon.

chare, char, *n.* (usu. in *pl.*) odd jobs of house-work. *v.i.* (-rr-) (-ring) work by the day at house-cleaning.

charge, *n.* filling of explosive or electricity or the like (Herald.) device, bearing; expense, price demanded; task, duty or commission; exhortation; trust, custody; thing or person entrusted; accusation; impetuous attack. *v.t.* & *i.* supply with charge of explosive, &c.; entrust with task; solemnly urge; accuse; demand as price or enter cost to; attack at a gallop or run. ~-account, running account at shop, &c.

charge'able (-jabl), *a.* subject to charge or expense; accusable.

‖ **chargé d'affaires** (shar'zhā dăfār'), *n.* (*pl.* -gés, pr. as sing.), deputy ambassador, ambassador at minor court.

char'ger, *n.* military officer's horse; a large flat dish.

cha'riot, *n.* stately vehicle; car used in ancient fighting.

charioteer', *n.* chariot-driver.

cha'ritable, *a.* kind in giving alms; lenient in judging others.

cha'rity, *n.* Christian good feeling; kindness; leniency in judging others; almsgiving; institution for helping the helpless (often used attrib.).

chari'vari (sh-), *n.* hurly-burly.

char'latan (sh-), *n.* impostor pretending to knowledge or skill. ~ism, ~ry, *nn.*

Charles'ton, *n.* and *v.i.* dance with side-kicks from the knee.

char'lock, *n.* field mustard.

char'lotte (sh-), *n.* pudding of cooked fruit under bread-crumbs.

charm, *n.* word(s) or act(s) or object having occult power; attractiveness or power of giving delight; trinket resembling amulet. *v.t.* subject to a spell, bewitch, protect by magic; captivate, delight. ~er, *n.* (esp., joc.) beautiful woman.

charmeuse (sh- -ûrz), *n.* soft smooth silk fabric.

char'nel-house, *n.* place containing corpses or bones.

‖ **char'poy**, *n.* (Anglo-Ind.) light Indian bedstead.

chart, *n.* navigator's sea map; sheet of tabulated or diagrammatic information. *v.t.* make chart of.

char'ter, *n.* written grant of rights by sovereign or legislature; privilege or admitted right. *v.t.* grant charter to; hire ship by charter party; hire vehicle, &c. ~-party, indenture between ship-owner and merchant.

char'tered (-erd), *a.* granted or protected by charter; privileged.

Char'tism, ~ist, *nn.*, principles, adherent, of the People's Charter movement of 1837-48.

chartreuse (shartrerz'), *n.* kinds of liqueur.

char'y, *a.* cautious; sparing of praise, &c.

chase¹, *v.t.* (-sable), emboss or engrave metal.

chase², *v.t.* (-sable), try to overtake, pursue; ~ oneself, (sl.) go away. *n.* hunting; the attempt to catch anything by pursuit; unenclosed park-land. **cha'ser**, *n.* pursuer; gun in bow or stern for use during chase; (sl.) water or beer drunk after spirit; horse for steeple-chasing.

chase³, *n.* frame for pages of type.

chasm (kă'zm), *n.* deep cleft, gulf, fissure; wide difference.

chassis (shăs'ĭs), *n.* (*pl.* same), base-frame of carriage, motor-car, &c.

chāste, a. pure, virtuous, modest; pure in taste or style, unadorned. ~ness, n. purity, chastity.
chā'sten (-sn), v.t. discipline by pain, punish; refine, temper.
chastise' (-z), v.t. punish, beat. ~ment, n. punishment.
chas'tity, n. chasteness.
chas'uble (-z-), n. sleeveless mantle as celebrant's vestment.
chat, v.i. exchange views and news. n. such talk, stone-chat or whin-chat or warbler.
château (shăt'ō), n. (pl. -x, pr. -z) French country-house.
chat'elaine (sh-), n. appendage to woman's belt for carrying keys, &c.; mistress of household.
chatt'el, n. (usu. in pl.) movable possessions.
chatt'er, v.i. & t. talk fast, incessantly, trivially, or indiscreetly; (of teeth) rattle together. n. chattering. ~box, n. child given to chatter. chatt'y[1] a. talkative, fond of chat.
‖chatt'y[2] n. (Anglo-Ind.) an E. Ind. pot for water.
chauffeur (shōfẽr'), n. motor-car driver.
chaulmoo'gra oil, n. vegetable fat used in treatment of leprosy.
chauv'inism (shōv-), n. bellicose patriotism. ~ist, n.; ~istic, a.
chaw v.t. chew (vulg.); ~-up, utterly defeat. ~-bacon, (sl.) bumpkin.
cheap, a. inexpensive, easily got; of little account. ~ Jack, travelling hawker.
cheap'en, v.t. & i. bargain, beat down the price of.
cheat, v.t. & i. trick, defraud; get by fraud. n. a deception; swindler; unfair player.
check, int. announcing check at chess. n. exposure of king at chess involving loss of game unless he can be extricated; sudden arrest of motion, stoppage; rebuff; slight military reverse; restraint; means of checking accuracy; receipt or registration ticket; cheque; crossl-lined pattern. v.t. & i. (Chess) subject (opponent or his king) to check; arrest motion of, restrain; test accuracy of; find fault with, rebuke; give in return for receipt; dispatch as registered or booked.
checked (-kt), a. of check pattern.
check'ers, n. game of draughts.
check'mate, n. inextricable check at chess; final defeat in any enterprise. v.t. defeat at chess; discomfit or frustrate.
ched'dar, n. kind of cheese.
cheek, n. side of face below the eye; (colloq.) saucy speech, effrontery; (pl.) jaws of vice, twin pieces in machines. cheek'y a. (colloq.) impudent.
cheep, v.i. & n. (make) chick's shrill note. ~er, n. young bird.
cheer, n. frame of mind; food, fare; shout of applause. v.t. & i. comfort, gladden, urge on; applaud. ~ful, a. in good spirits. ~less, a. gloomy, dreary. ~ily, adv. with a will. ~y a. lively and genial. cheerio, (sl.) int. of encouragement.
cheese (-z), n. food made by pressing curds, cake or ball of this within rind. ~-cake, tartlet filled with compound of curds, &c. ~monger n. dealer in cheese, butter, &c. chees'y (-z), a. like cheese; (sl.) stylish.
chee'tah, n. kind of leopard, used for hunting deer in India.
chef (sh-) n. male head-cook.
‖ chef-d'œuvre (shādẽ'vr), n. (pl. *ch-*, pr. as sing.), a masterpiece.
Chell'ean (sh-), a. (Archaeol.) of the palaeolithic epoch represented by remains found at Chelles in France.
chem'ical (k-), a. of or made by chemistry. n. substance obtained by or used in chemical process.
chemise (shĭmēz'), n. woman's body under-garment. chemisette (sh- -z-), n. bodice filling neck-opening of dress.
chem'ist (k-), n. expert in chemistry; dealer in drugs.
chem'istry (k-), n. science of the

elements & compounds & their laws of combination & behaviour.

chenille (shĕnēl'), n. velvety cord for trimming dresses and furniture.

cheque (-k), chĕck, n. written order to banker to pay sum of money.

che'quer (-ker), chĕck'er n. (often pl.) pattern consisting of squares often alternately coloured. v.t. mark with chequers, variegate, break uniformity of.

che'rish, v.t. tend lovingly; keep in one's heart, cling to.

cheroot' (sh-), n. cigar with both ends open.

che'rry n. small stone-fruit, tree bearing it, wood of this. a. cherry-coloured, of bright red. ~ pie, n. heliotrope.

che'rub, n. (pl. -s, -im), angelic being; beautiful child. ~ic, a.

cher'vil, n. a salad herb.

chess, n. game for two players with 32 ~men on chequered ~board of 64 squares.

chest, n. large box of wood or other material; coffer; part of the body enclosed by ribs.

che'sterfield, n. kinds of overcoat, and couch.

che'stnut (-sn-), n. glossy brown seed or nut of edible and non-edible kinds, tree bearing either; bright brown, horse so coloured; stale anecdote. a. chestnut-coloured.

cheval'-glass (sh-, -ahs) n. tall mirror swung on uprights.

chevalier' (sh-), n. member of certain orders of knighthood.

chevaux-de-frise (shevōdefrēz'), n. line of iron spikes set in timber, &c., to stop cavalry.

chev'iot, n. cloth of Cheviot sheep's wool.

chev'ron (sh-), n. V-shaped bar in heraldry and architecture; on sleeve of Services, sign of N.C.O. rank or (inverted) long service.

chev'y (-vi-), chivy', n. chase, game of prisoner's base. v.t. & i. chase; scamper.

chew (-ōō), v.t. & i. work about between teeth, crush or indent thus; meditate on, ruminate over. n. spell of chewing; quid of tobacco.

chiaroscuro (kyărŏskoor'ō), n. treatment of light and shade in painting; use of contrast and relief in literature.

chias'mus (kī-), n. cross-correspondence order of two phrases.

chibouk', -que (-ōōk), n. long Turkish tobacco-pipe.

chic (sh-), a. stylish, in the fashion.

chica'ne (sh-), v.i. & t. use chicanery; cheat. n. chicanery; (Bridge) hand with no trumps, holding of it.

chica'nery (sh-), n. legal trickery, underhand dealing, sophistry.

chick, n. young bird or child. ~-wire, ~-yard, for enclosing domestic fowl. chick'abiddy, n. term of endearment to child, &c.

chick² chĭk, n. (Anglo-Ind.) screen-blind made of finely-split bamboo laced with twine.

chick'en, n. young of domestic fowl, fowl of any age; its flesh as food; youthful person. ~-hearted, a. cowardly, timid. ~-pox, mild eruptive disease.

chick'ling, n. common cultivated vetch.

chick'-pea, n. dwarf pea.

chick'weed, n. small plant.

chic'ory n. root ground and used with or instead of coffee.

chide, v.t. & i. (chid, p.p. chidden or chid; -ding), rebuke, scold.

chief, n. leader or ruler; head of tribe or clan; (colloq.) head of department, &c. a. first in importance or influence; prominent, leading. ~dom, ~ship, nn.

chief'ly, adv. above all; mainly but not exclusively.

chief'tain (-tin), n. military leader; chief of clan or tribe or robber-band. ~cy, ~ship, nn. chieftain's position.

chiff-chaff, n. bird of warbler kind.

chiffon (shif'on) n. thin gauze; (pl.) dress-trimmings, frills, &c.

chiffonier' (sh-), n. low movable cupboard or sideboard.

chignon (shēn'yōn) *n.* mass of hair over pad at back of head.

chig'oe, *n.* Tropical flea.

chil'blain, *n.* itching blain on hand, foot, ear, or nose.

child, *n.* (pl. children), young human being; descendant or follower or product of. ~bed, ~birth, parturition. ~hood, period of being a child. ~ish, *a.* of or like a child. ~like, *a.* innocent or frank or simple.

Chil'dermas, *n.* festival of Holy Innocents (28 Dec.).

chill, *n.* unpleasant coldness of air &c. *a.* lacking warmth. *v.t.* & *i.* make or become cold; depress, dispirit.

chi'l'i, *n.* dried capsicum pod.

‖ chil'lum, *n.* (Anglo-Ind.) the part of the hookah containing the tobacco, &c.; loosely the hookah, act of smoking.

‖ chil'umchee, *n.* (Anglo-Ind.) wash-hand basin of brass or tinned copper.

chil'ly, *a.* rather cold, sensitive to cold; cold-mannered.

chime, *n.* set of attuned bells, succession of notes given by them. *v.i.* & *t.* (-mable), ring chimes on bells; show hour by chiming; agree, fall in with.

chimaer'a (ki- or kī-), *n.* a bogy wild impossible scheme or fancy. chimer'ical, *a.* imaginary.

chim'ney (pl. -eys), *n.* structure by which smoke or steam is carried off; glass tube protecting lamp-flame. ~piece, mantel. ~pot, pipe at top of chimney. ~pot hat, man's silk hat. ~sweep, man or boy who cleans chimneys of soot.

chimpanzee', *n.* manlike ape.

chin, *n.* front of lower jaw.

chi'na, *n.* ware made of china-clay or kaolin, porcelain. *a.* made of china.

chinch, *n.* bed-bug. ~bug, insect destructive to wheat, &c.

chinchil'la, *n.* a grey fur.

chin'-chin, (int. of greeting and farewell (cl.; also as *n.* & *v.i.*).

chine¹ *n.* deep narrow ravine.

chine² *n.* backbone; joint of meat from backbone; hill-ridge.

Chinese' (-z), *a.* of China. *n.* Chinese language or native (pl. same). ~ lantern, collapsible lantern of coloured paper. Chinee' *n.* (sl.) Chinaman.

chink¹ *n.* clinking sound; narrow slit, peep-hole. (sl.) coin. *v.i.* & *t.* emit chink, shake coins together with chink.

Chink² *n.* (sl.) Chinaman.

chink'apin, chinqu'apin (ˈingko-) *n.* N. Amer. dwarf chestnut.

chintz, *n.* colour-printed glazed cotton cloth.

chip, *v.t.* & *i.* break edge of, cut into small pieces; suffer chipping. *n.* piece cut off, chipped place, (pl., colloq.) potatoes cut small and fried. counter in games of chance.

chip'munk, -muck, *n.* N. Amer. squirrel.

Chipp'endale, *n.* a light and solid style of drawing-room furniture.

chipp'y *a.* dry, uninteresting (sl.) parched, irritable.

chi'romancy (ki-), *n.* foretelling by inspecting the hands.

chirop'ody (kir-), *n.* treatment of hands, feet, &c. ~dist, *n.*

chirp, *n.* short sharp note as of sparrow. *v.i.* & *t.* emit chirp(s), express thus, talk merrily. chirp'y *a.* cheerful. chir'rup, *n.* chirping sound. *v.i.* make chirrup.

chis'el (-zl), *n.* edged tool for cutting. *v.t.* cut with chisel; (sl.) defraud, treat unfairly.

chit¹ chitt'y, *n.* (Anglo-Ind.) report, certificate of character, or other document.

chit², *n.* young child, little woman.

chit-chat, *n.* small-talk, gossip.

chitt'erlings, *n.pl.* smaller intestines of pig, &c. as food.

chiv'alry *n.* medieval knightly system inclination to defend weaker party; knights or gallant gentlemen. ~ric, ~rous, *aa.*

chive, *n.* herb of leek kind.

chivy. See chevy.

chlor'al (kl-), *n.* a hypnotic and anaesthetic.

chlo'ride (kl-), *n.* compound of chlorine; bleaching agent.
chlo'rine (kl- -ēn), *n.* non-metallic element; a yellow-green gas.
chlo'rodyne (kl-), *n.* a patent anodyne.
chlo'roform (kl-), *n.* thin liquid whose inhaled vapour produces insensibility. *v.t.* render insensible with this. **~ist,** *n.* surgeon's assistant giving chloroform.
chlo'rophyll (kl-), *n.* colouring matter of green parts of plants.
chlorō'sis (kl-), *n.* anaemic disease in young women, green-sickness.
chock, *n.* block of wood, a wedge. *v.t.* make fast with chocks.
chock-full, *adj.* stuffed.
choc'olate, *n.* paste or cake of ground cacao seed; drink made of this; (pl.) sweets made with it; dark brown colour. *a.* chocolate coloured.
choice, *n.* act of choosing; preference; variety to choose from; thing chosen. *a.* of picked quality; exquisite.
choir (kwīr), quire (arch.), *n.* organized band of singers; chancel of a church; birds singing. *v.t.* & *i.* (poet.) sing in chorus.
choke, *v.t.* & *i.* (-kable), stop breath of, suffocate, block up passage; have coughing-fit. *n.* fit of choking; (Elec. tr.) low-resistance coil cutting down current or changing its phase. **~-cherry** astringent wild cherry. **~-damp,** carbonic acid gas in mines, &c.
chō'ker, *n.* (sl.) white tie; high stand-up collar.
‖ **chō'kidar,** *n.* (Anglo-Ind.) a watchman.
chō'ky, *n.* (Anglo-Ind.) custom or toll station; a lock-up.
chol'er (k-), *n.* bile; anger; irascibility. **chol'eric** (k-), *a.* irascible.
chol'era (k-), *n.* (English ~) bilious disorder with diarrhoea and vomiting; (Asiatic ~) non-bilious often fatal epidemic disease.
choose (-z), *v.t.* & *i.* (chose, chosen; -sable), select out of greater number; decide as between alternatives.
chop¹ *v.t.* & *i.* cut with axe or heavy edge-tool; mince; cut words short; (of waves, &c.) swing this way and that. *n.* chopping stroke; small cut-off portion of mutton, pork, &c. **chop'per** *n.* large-bladed short axe; cleaver. **chop'py** *a.* (of wind, sea) jerky, rough.
chop² *n.* (India, China) seal; official impress or stamp; licence; trade-mark, brand of goods.
chop³ See chap³.
chop'stick, *n.* (pl.) pair of ivory, &c., sticks used as fork in China.
*chop suey (sōō'ĭ), *n.* kind of Chinese stew.
chor'al (k-), *a.* of, for or sung by choir; of or with chorus.
chorale, chorāl' (korahl') *n.* simple tune or hymn.
chor'alist, *n.* choral singer.
chord¹ (k-), *n.* string of harp, &c.; also fig., of the emotions; straight line joining ends of arc.
chord² (k-), *n.* harmonious combination of simultaneous notes.
chore, *n.* odd job; (usu. pl.) daily light work of house, farm, &c. *v.i.* do odd jobs: chore(s).
choreograph, ~er (k-), *ns.* designer of ballet. ~y *n.*
chor'ic (k-), *a.* of, for, or like a Greek chorus.
chor'ister (kō-), *n.* member of choir; choir-boy; *leader of choir.
chor'tle (sl.), *v.i.* chuckle loudly. *n.* such sound.
chor'us (k-), *n.* band of singers, choir; thing sung or said by many at once; refrain of a song. *v.t.* (-used), say or sing in chorus.
‖ **chose jugée** (shōz zhōō'zhā), *n.* thing it is idle to discuss.
chose(n), See choose.
chota hazri (hah-), *n.* (Anglo-Ind.) light early breakfast.
chou (shōō), *n.* large ornamental knot or rosette of ribbon, &c.
chough (chŭf), *n.* red legged crow.
chouse, *v.t.* & *n.* (colloq.) swindle.
chow¹ *n.* *(Army sl.) food.
Chow² *n.* Chinese breed of dog.

*chow'der, n. stew of fresh fish or clams, with pork, onions, biscuit, &c.

‖ chow'ry, n. (Anglo-Ind.) a whisk or fly-flapper.

chrism (k-), n. consecrated oil.

christen (kri'sn), v.t. baptize and give name to child. ~ing, n. ceremony of baptism.

Christendom (kri'sn-), n. Christian countries as a whole.

Christian (kris'tyan), a. of Christ or his teaching; professing the Christian religion; (sl.) civilized or decent. n. a professor of the religion of Christ; (colloq.) civilized being, decent person. ~ era, the era counted from supposed year of Christ's birth. ~ name, the name given at christening. ~ Science, system by which Christian faith is alleged to overcome disease, &c. without medical treatment. ~ Scientist, adherent of this.

Christian'ity (k-), n. Christian faith, quality or character.

Chris'tianize (krischa-), v.t. make Christian.

Christ'like (k-), a. partaking of the nature and attributes of Christ.

Christmas (kris'm-), n. Christmas-day or Christmas-tide. ~-box, small present given at C. ~ card, greeting of good will. ~ Day, festival of Christ's birth, 25 Dec. ~ rose, white-flowered winter blooming hellebore. ~-tide, holiday season, 24 Dec. to 1 Jan. ~-tree, small fir hung with candles and presents. Christ'masy (krism-), a. of festive appearance, &c.

chromat'ic (k-), a. of colour in colours; of or having notes not included in diatonic scale.

chromat'ics (k-), n. science of colour.

chrome (k-), n. pigment got from compounds of chromium.

chrō'mium (k-), n. a metal.

chromolith'ograph (-ahf), chrō'mo (pl. -os), (k-), n. picture lithographed in colours.

chron'ic (k-), a. constantly present or recurring, confirmed, permanent; (vulg.) bad, intense.

chron'icle (k-), n. register of events in order of time. v.t. enter in chronicle or diary, record in newspaper. chron'icler (k-), n.

chronolo'gical (k-), a. according to sequence of time.

chronol'ogy (k-), n. science of computing dates; arrangement or table of events with dates.

chronom'eter (k-), n. time-measuring instrument.

chrys'alis (k-), n. form taken by insect in stage between larva and imago; case enclosing it.

chrysan'themum (k-), n. garden plant flowering in autumn.

chrysober'yl, chrys'olite, chrys'oprase (-az), (k-), nn. yellowish-green, olive-green, apple-green, precious stones.

chub, n. thick river fish.

chubb'y, a. plump, round-faced.

chuck¹, n. part of lathe holding work. v.t. fix in chuck.

chuck² (colloq.), v.t. fling, throw carelessly; jerk (under the chin); (with out) expel (intruder, &c.); (sl., with it) cease, give up. n. act of chucking. ~-farthing, quoit-game with coins. chucker-out, n. (sl.) one who expels (troublesome person) from meeting, &c.

chuck³, n. (term. voc.) darling.

*chuck⁴, n. (sl.) food, grub.

chuck⁵, int. calling fowls or urging horse. v.i. utter this.

chuc'kle, n. quiet laugh; hen's call. v.i. make chuckle.

chuc'kle-head (-hed), n. dolt. ~-headed, a. stupid.

‖ chudd'ar, n. (Anglo-Ind.) large sheet worn as a shawl by women.

chukk'er, n. each period of play in game of polo.

chum (colloq.), n. familiar friend. v.i. be intimate with, occupy same rooms together.

chumm'y, n. type of car body.

chump, n. (colloq.) lump of wood; thick end of loin of mutton; (sl.) head; blockhead.

chunk, *n.* (colloq.) lump cut or broken off.

‖ **chupatty** (chŭpăt'ĭ), *n.* (Anglo-Ind.) a small cake of unleavened bread.

chuprassi (chŭprăs'ĭ), *n.* (Anglo-Ind.) uniformed servant of high Government official or of Government office; attendant, messenger.

church, *n.* building for Christian worship; collective body of Christians; body adhering to one particular form of worship; the clerical profession. *v.t.* hold church service over woman after childbirth. **~man**, **~woman**, member of established Church. **~war'den**, elected lay representative of parish; a long clay pipe. **~yard**, enclosed ground round church.

churl, *n.* ill-bred or cross-grained fellow; niggard; (arch.) peasant, low-born person. **~ish**, *a.*

churn, *n.* butter-making machine; large milk-can. *v.i.* & *t.* make butter by agitating in churn; stir to and fro.

‖ **chur'rus**, *n.* resinous exudation of the hemp-plant, used in India as an intoxicant.

chute (shōōt), *n.* slide for conveying things to lower level; rapid smooth fall of water over slope.

chut'ney, *n.* (pl. -eys), hot relish of fruits, chillies, &c.

chyle (kīl), *n.* milky fluid into which chyme is converted.

chyme (kīm), *n.* pulp into which gastric secretion converts food.

cica'da, *n.* winged chirping insect.

cic'atrice, *n.* scar of healed wound. **cic'atrize**, *v.t.* & *i.* skin over, heal. **~zation**, *n.*

ci'cely, *n.* kinds of flowering plant allied to parsley and chervil.

cicero'ne (chĭcherō-), *n.* (pl. -ni, pr. -nē), guide who explains things.

Cicero'nian, *a.* pure as Cicero's Latin. *n.* expert in Cicero.

ci'der, *n.* fermented apple-juice as drink.

‖ **ci-devant** (sē'devahṅ'), *a.* former late.

cigar', *n.* tobacco-leaf rolled into cylinder. **cigarette'**, *n.* cut tobacco rolled in paper.

cil'ia, *n.pl.* eye-lashes; similar fringe on leaf or insect's wing. **cil'iary** (-lyă-), *a.*

Cimmer'ian, *a.* extremely dark.

cinch (sĭnch), *n.* saddle-girth; (sl.) sure hold, advantage, easy job, foregone conclusion. *v.t.* girth tightly up; (sl.) get a sure hold on a thing.

cincho'na (-k-), *n.* kinds of tree yielding Peruvian bark.

cinc'ture, *n.* girdle, belt, fillet.

cin'der, *n.* slag; piece of coal that has ceased to burn. **~-path**, running track. **cin'dery**, *a.*

Cinderell'a dance (sin-), *n.* dance ending at midnight.

cin'é-camera, *n.* motion-picture camera.

cin'ema, cinematograph theatre; **the ~**, cinematography, moving pictures.

cinemat'ograph (-ahf), *n.* apparatus producing pictures of motion by the rapid projection on a screen of a great number of photographs taken successively on a long film. **cinematograph'ic**, *a.* **cinematog'raphy**, *n.*

ciné-projec'tor, *n.* projector for cinematograph pictures.

cinera'ria, *n.* kinds of flowering plant with ashy down on leaves.

cin'erary, *a.* of ashes (esp. of urn holding cremated ashes).

Cingalese' (-nggalēz), obsolete form of Sinhalese.

cinn'abar, *n.* red mercuric sulphide; vermilion.

cinn'amon, *n.* an E.-Ind. tree, its aromatic yellowish-brown inner bark as spice; colour of the bark. *a.* cinnamon-coloured.

cinque'foil (-kf-), *n.* plant with five-lobed leaves.

Cinque Ports (-ngk), *n.pl.* certain ports (orig. five) on S.E. coast with ancient privileges.

ci'pher, *n.* arithmetical symbol 0; any single arabic figure; secret writing; a monogram. *v.t.* & *i.*

do sums, work (sum) out; put into cipher writing.

cir'ca, prep. (abbr. c., circ.) about.

Cir'ce, n. enchantress, temptress. Circe'an, a. pertaining to Circe, bewitching, tempting.

circle, n. perfectly round plane figure, line enclosing it; roundish enclosure, ring; set or coterie or class; period or cycle. v.i. & t. move in a circle, revolve; surround.

cir'clet, n. small circle; circular band as ornament for head.

cir'cuit (-kit), n. circular or circuitous course; judge's progress through district to hold courts, such district; (Electr.) path of current. circū'itous, a. roundabout, indirect.

cir'cular, a. having the shape of a circle; moving in a circle. n. notice sent round to customers and others. ~ise, v.t. send circular to.

cir'culāte, v.i. & t. (-lable), be or put in circulation.

circulā'tion, n. movement from and back to a starting-point; passing from place to place or hand to hand; current coins; extent of sale of newspapers, &c. ~tor, n.; ~tory, a.

circumam'bient, a. (of fluids) surrounding.

cir'cumcise (-z), v.t. (-sable), cut off the foreskin; (fig.) purify.

circumci'sion (-zhn), n. action of circumcising; practised as religious rite by Jews and Mohammedans; surgical operation.

circum'ference, n. line enclosing circle; distance round thing.

cir'cumflex, a. & n. mark (ˆ) over vowel to indicate length, &c.

circum'fluent (-loo-), a. flowing round anything.

circumfuse' (-z), v.t. (-sable), pour round; bathe or surround.

circumgyrā'tion, n. rotation, turning this way and that.

circumja'cent, a. situated around.

circumlocū'tion, n. roundabout expression; evasive talk. ~tory a.

circumnav'igāte, v.t. (-gable), sail round. ~tion, ~tor nn.

circumpō'lar, a. about or near one of the earth's poles.

cir'cumscribe, v.t. (-bable), (of line, &c.) enclose or outline; mark or lay down limits of; confine.

circumscrip'tion, n. limitation; inscription round coin, &c.

circumsō'lar, a. moving round sun.

cir'cumspect, a. wary; taking everything into account. ~ion, n. exercise of caution.

cir'cumstance, n. (pl.) all the surroundings of an act, a person's material welfare or situation; an occurrence or detail; (colloq.) comparable thing. cir'cumstanced (-st), a. in such and such circumstances.

circumstan'tial (-shl), a. with many details; accidental, not essential; particular, minute. circumstantial'ity (-shi-), n.

circumvallā'tion, n. rampart or entrenchment made round place.

circumvent', v.t. overreach, outwit.

cir'cus, n. arena for equestrian and other exhibitions; open circle with streets converging on it; show of trained horses, &c.

cirque (-k), n. natural amphitheatre.

ci'rriped, n. kinds of crustacean.

ci'rrus, n. (pl. -ri), form of cloud with diverging woolly filaments.

cis'tern, n. reservoir for water.

cis'tus, n. kinds of flowering shrub, rock rose.

cit'adel, n. fortress protecting or dominating a city.

cite, v.t. (-table), summon at law; adduce as instance, quote in support. citā'tion, n. summons; reference; (Mil.) official commendation of conduct of soldier or unit.

cith'ern, cit'tern, n. lute guitar.

cit'izen, n. burgess or freeman of city; townsman, civilian; inhabitant (of State). ~ship, n.

cit'rāte, n. salt of citric acid.

cit'ric ă'cid, n. an acid existing in the juice of the citron.

clinch, clinch, *v.t.* & *i.* secure nail by hammering point sideways; (of fingers, teeth, hand) close tight; make conclusive, confirm, (of boxers) come to close quarters. *n.* clenching or clenched state. **clin'cher**, **clin'cher**, *n.* argument, &c. that settles a question.

clere'story (-ēr-), *n.* windowed part of wall of cathedral, &c. above aisle roof.

cler'gy, *n.* all persons in holy orders. **~man**, *n.*

cler'ic, *n.* clergyman. *a.* clerical. **cle'rical**, *a.* of clergy(man), of clerks. *n.* member of clergy party in a parliament, &c. **~ism**, **~ist**, *nn.*; **~ize**, *v.t.*

clerk (-ârk, -ërk), *n.* person employed to keep accounts, &c.; lay officer of parish church, man of business and keeper of records in municipal and other public offices; clergyman; scholar or penman. *v.i.* act as clerk. **~ess**, *n.* **~ly** *a.* good in penmanship. **~ship**, *n.*

clev'er, *a.* quick and neat in movement; skilful, ingenious.

clew, *n.* ball of thread or yarn, sail-corner to which tacks and sheets are fastened. *v.t.* draw up or let down clews in furling and unfurling sails.

cliché (klē'shā), *n.* hackneyed literary phrase.

click, *n.* sharp sound; (S.-Afr. languages) sharp non-vocal suction sound as articulation; catch in machinery. *v.i.* make click; (sl.) have luck, secure one's object; (sl.) get on friendly terms with.

cli'ent, *n.* person using the services of a lawyer or other professional man, customer.

clientèle, *n.* clients; customers, frequenters of theatre, &c.

cliff, *n.* a steep rock-face.

climacte'ric, *a.* constituting a turning-point, critical. *n.* critical point in physical development.

cli'mate, *n.* place's weather characteristics; region of certain climate. **~at'ic**, *a.*; **~atol'ogy**, *n.*

cli'max, *n.* ascending scale; series arranged in climax, culmination.

climb (-m) *v.t.* & *i.* make way up hill, tree, ladder, &c.; (of sun, aeroplane, &c.) mount slowly; (of plant) go up wall or other support by clinging; rise in social scale. *n.* piece of climbing; place to be climbed.

cli'mber (-mer), *n.* one who climbs; climbing plant.

clime, *n.* region, tract.

clinch(er). See clench(er).

cling, *v.i.* (clung), maintain grasp, keep hold, adhere closely.

cling'stone, *n.* peach, nectarine, with pulp adhering to stone.

clin'ic, *n.* clinical method of teaching, class so taught.

clin'ical, *a.* of or at the sickbed.

clink¹, *n.* sharp ringing sound. *v.i.* & *t.* emit clink, touch glasses together in toasts, &c.

clink², *n.* (sl.) prison.

clink'er¹ *n.* brick vitrified on surface, mass of slag or fused brick.

clink'er² *n.* (sl.) first-class specimen; good shot or stroke.

clink'er-built' (-bĭ-), *a.* (of boat) with planks overlapping; secured with clinched nails.

clink'ing, *a.* (sl.) excellent.

clip¹ *v.t.* grip tightly. *n.* appliance for holding things together.

clip², *v.t.* cut short with shears; pare edge of coin; curtail. *n.* shearing or haircutting; yield of wool.

clip'per, *n.* instrument for clipping (usu. pl.), swift mover; ship of raking build; (sl.) thing excellent of its kind.

clip'ping, *n.* piece clipped off. *a.* (sl.) first-rate.

clique (-ēk), *n.* exclusive set of associates. **cli'quy** (-ēkĭ), *a.*

cloak, *n.* loose sleeveless outdoor garment; pretext. *v.t.* & *i.* put on one's cloak, cover, hide. **~-room**, room for temporary deposit of luggage.

clock¹ *n.* machine measuring time and indicating it on a dial. **~work**, *n.* mechanism on clock principle (attrib.) mechanical, precise, regular.

clock² n. ornamental pattern on sides of stocking or sock.

clod, n. lump of earth or clay; a lout. ~dish, a. stupid, phlegmatic. ~hopper, bumpkin, lout. ~pole, stupid rustic.

clog, n. log fastened to leg as impediment; wooden-soled shoe. v.t. & i. confine with clog; be an encumbrance to, impede; choke up; adhere. clogg'y a. apt to clog, sticky.

clois'ter, n. convent, monastic house; covered walk, esp. of convent, college, or cathedral buildings. v.t. shut up in convent, immure. clois'tral, a. clois'tered (-erd), a. having cloister-walls; secluded, monastic.

close¹ a. shut; tight; stifling; secret; niggardly; near together; compact, dense; nearly even. adv. closely. n. enclosed place; a passage or entry, small enclosed field. ~stool, chamber-pot mounted in stool with cover.

close² (-z), v.t. & i. (-sable), shut, be declared shut; finish; draw near to; come to terms with. n. conclusion, end; a grapple. clo'sing-time, a shutting-up time.

clos'et (-z-), n. private or small room; cupboard; water-closet. ~ed, a. in private consultation.

clo'sure (-zher), n. closing, closed state; closing of debate. v.t. apply closure to.

clot, n. lump of adhesive matter; congealed mass. v.t. & i. form into clots; curdle.

cloth (-aw-; pl. -dhz), n. woven or felted stuff; table-cover; woollen material for clothes.

clothe (-dh), v.t. (clothed or clad), provide with clothes, put clothes upon, be as clothes to.

clothes (-dhz, -ōdhz) n.pl. wearing-apparel, garments.

clo'thier (-dh-), n. cloth-maker; dealer in cloth or clothes.

clo'thing (-dh-), n. clothes.

cloud, n. visible condensed watery vapour floating in the air; mass of smoke or dust; great number moving together; louring look. v.t. & i. overspread or darken with clouds, gloom, trouble, or imbecility; become overcast. ~berry n. mountain raspberry. ~less, a. ~scape, picture of clouds. ~y, a. obscured with clouds, lacking clearness.

clough (-ŭf), n. ravine.

clout, v.t. patch (shoe, garment); hit or rap. n. a cloth; piece of clothing; rap or blow; iron plate on boot &c. to save wear.

clove¹ n. dried bud of tropical tree, spice, the tree. ~gilly-flower, n. clove-scented Pink.

clove² n. one sector of a bulb of garlic, &c.

clove³ p.t. See cleave²

clove hitch, n. hitch securing rope round spar, &c., at right angles.

clo'ver, n. kinds of trefoil used as fodder. in ~, in luxury.

clown, n. rustic, lout; jester in pantomime or circus. ~ish, a.

cloy, v.t. sate, surfeit.

club, n. heavy stick used as weapon; kinds of stick used in golf &c.; body of persons associated for social or other purposes. v.t. & i. strike with club; bring or come together; contribute to a common expense. club'bable, a. sociable.

club'foot, n. a malformation of the foot. ~ed, a.

cluck, n. hen's cry. v.i. make cluck.

clue (-ōō) n. guiding or suggestive fact; thread of story; train of thought.

clum'ber n. breed of spaniel.

clump, n. cluster of trees; a lump. v.t. & i. tread heavily; plant in clump.

clum'sy (-z-), a. awkward in movement or shape, ill-contrived, ill-conceived; tactless.

clung, p.t. & p.p. of cling.

clus'ter, n. bunch of flowers or fruits; group of things. v.t. & i. form a cluster; arrange in a cluster.

clutch¹ v.t. & i. seize eagerly, grasp tightly. n. tight grasp; coupling device in machine.

clutch² n. brood of chickens.

clut'ter, n. untidy state; turmoil. v.t. & i. bustle about; litter.
coach, n. state carriage; four-wheeled vehicle; railway carriage; tutor or trainer. v.i. & t. travel by coach; prime with facts. ~man, n. driver of any horse carriage.
coadj'utor (-ōō-), n. assistant.
coag'ulant, n. coagulating agent.
coag'ulate, v.i. & t. (-lable), change from fluid to solid state; clot, curdle, set. ~tion, n.
coal, n. black mineral used as fuel &c. v.t. & i. put coal into (ship &c.); take in coal. ~box, coal-scuttle. ~cellar, underground room for keeping coal. ~field, district in which coal is found. ~gas, gases extracted from coal. ~heaver, one who carries and loads coal. ~hole, a small place for keeping coal. ~master, ~owner, owner or lessee of colliery. ~measures, series of coal with intervening strata. ~mine, ~pit, mine or pit from which coal is dug. ~scuttle, portable vessel for coal.
coalesce' v.i. come together and form one; combine in a coalition. coales'cence, n. ~nt, a.
coali'tion, n. fusion into one whole; temporary combination between parties. ~ist, n.
coal'mouse, ~tit, nn. dark species of titmouse.
coarse (kōrs), a. common, inferior; rough; lacking delicacy; unrefined; vulgar (of language) obscene. ~ness, n.
coars'en (kōr-), v.t. & i. make or become coarse.
coast, n. sea boundary; line of shore. v.i. sail along coast; travel downhill on toboggan or without work on bicycle. ~guard, a coast police. ~line, shape of a. ~wise, a. & adv. along coast.
coat, n. sleeved outer body garment; covering of any animal; covering of paint, &c. v.t. cover with paint, dust, &c. ~ armour, heraldic arms. ~of arms, herald's tabard; heraldic bearings.
coatee' n. short-tailed coat.
coat'ing, n. coat of paint, &c.; cloth for coats.
coax, v.t. use blandishments on, persuade, force gently.
coax'ial, a. with common axis.
cob, n. stout short-legged riding-horse; male swan; cob-nut; stalk of maize-ear; (pl.) coal in roundish lumps; round-headed loaf; wall-material of clay, &c.
co'balt (-awlt), n. a metal; deep blue pigment made from it.
cob'ble, n. (pl.) paving pebbles; coals of cobble size. v.t. mend, patch clumsily.
cob'bler, n. mender of shoes; clumsy workman; iced drink.
cob'le, n. kind of fishing-boat.
cob'nut, n. kind of hazel nut.
co'bra, n. venomous hooded snake.
cob swan (-ŏn), n. male swan.
cob'web, n. spider's network or thread; entanglement.
co'ca, n. Bolivian shrub.
cocaine' n. drug from coca producing numbness. ~ism, n. morbid state resulting from excess of cocaine.
cocain'ize, v.t. treat with cocaine.
coc'cyx (-ks-), n. bone ending spinal column.
coch'in-chin'a, n. breed of fowl.
coch'ineal, n. dried insects yielding scarlet dye and carmine.
cock¹ n. male of domestic fowl; any male bird; hammer of gun-lock, cocked position of hammer. v.t. & i. set in upright or slanting position; raise. ~a-hoop, a. exultant. ~eyed, a. (sl.) squinting; set aslant, one-sided. ~ of the walk, dominant person in any company. ~shot, ~shy, object set up to be thrown at; throw at this.
cock² n. small conical heap of hay. v.t. put (hay) in cocks.
cockade', n. badge in hat.
cock-a-leek'ie, n. Scotch dish of fowl with leeks.
cockatoo' n. crested parrot.
cock'atrice (or -ī-), n. basilisk.
cock'boat, n. small ship's boat.

cock'chafer, n. chestnut-coloured loud-humming beetle.
cocked hat, n. brimless hat with points before, behind, and above.
cock'er¹, v.t. pamper, coddle.
Cock'er² n. According to ~, correct, regular.
cock'er³, n. breed of spaniel.
cock'erel, n. young cock.
cockle¹ n. plant growing in corn. ~-bur, kind of weed.
cockle², n. edible bivalve; cockle-shell; bulge or wrinkle. v.i. & t. wrinkle, pucker.
cock'ney n. (pl. -eys), native of London. London English. a. of cockneys. ~ism, n. cockney idiom or pronunciation.
cock'pit, n. cock-fighting arena; place of many battles; place on orlop deck on man-of-war, used as hospital in action. (Aeronaut.) space for pilot, &c. in fuselage of aeroplane.
cock'roach, n. the black-beetle.
cocks'comb (-ml), n. cock's crest; kinds of plant.
cocksure' (-shoor), a. quite convinced of; dogmatic, confident.
cock'tail, n. horse of racing stamp but not thoroughbred; social upstart; drink of spirits with bitters and sugar.
cock'y, cock'sy, cŏc'ky, aa. conceited, pert. (prov.) cock-a-hoop.
co'co, n. (pl. -os), tropical palm bearing coco-nut. ~-nut, seed of coco with edible white lining enclosing liquid called coco-nut milk.
co'coa (-kō), n. powder of crushed cacao seeds, often with other substances; drink made from this or the seeds.
cocoon', n. silky case spun by larva (esp. of silkworm) to protect it as chrysalis.
cod¹, n. large sea fish. ~-liver oil, a medicinal oil.
cod² v.t. & i. (sl.) hoax, fool.
cod'dle, v.t. & i. treat, treat oneself, as invalid; pamper. n. person who coddles.
code, n. a systematized body of laws; set of rules; system of signals; arbitrary symbols used for brevity or secrecy. v.t. put into code symbols.
co'dex, n. (pl. -dices), ancient manuscript volume.
codg'er, n. (sl.) queer fellow.
cod'icil, n. supplement modifying or revoking a will.
cod'ify v.t. (-fiable), frame laws into code. ~fication, n.
cod'lin(g), n. variety of apple.
co-ed, n. (sl.) girl student at co-educational institution.
co-educa'tion, n. training boys and girls in same school &c.
coeffi'cient (-shnt), thing or person that contributes to an effect. (Alg.) expression of quantity standing before another as multiplying it.
coe'qual, a. & n. equal.
coerce' v.t. (-cible) constrain into obedience. ~cive, a. coer'cion (-shn), n. forcible compulsion, government by force. ~ist, n.
coessen'tial (-shl), a. of the same substance.
coeter'nal, a. alike eternal.
coe'val, a. of same age, duration, or epoch. n. such person, &c.
coexec'utor, ~trix (-gz-), nn. joint executor.
coexist' (-gz-) v.i. exist at the same time. ~ent, a. ~ence, n.
coexten'sive, a. extending over same space or time.
cof'fee (-fi), n. a shrub; its seeds or a powder made from them; infusion of this as hot drink. ~-house, refreshment place. ~-room, dining-room of inn.
cof'fer, n. box for valuables. (pl.) funds or treasury.
cof'fin, n. burial-chest.
cog, n. the tooth of a wheel.
co'gency, n. force, strength.
co'gent, a. (of reasoning, &c.) compelling assent, convincing.
co'gitable, a. that can be conceived by thought.
co'gitate, v.i. & t. think deeply. ~tion, ~tor, nn. ~tive, a.
cognac (kŏn'yăk), n. French brandy.
cog'nate, a. descended from same

ancestor; kindred; related to. n. relative; cognate word.
cogni'tion, n. knowing or perceiving or conceiving; knowledge, notion. ~al, a.
cog'nitive, a. having the power of knowing.
cogn'izable (kŏgn-), a. within the cognizance of court knowable.
cog'nizance (kŏgn-), n. being aware, judicial notice crest or other badge.
cog'nizant (kŏgn-), a. having cognizance of; having cognition.
cogno'men, n. nickname, surname.
cogno'vit, n. defendant's acknowledgement that plaintiff's cause is just.
cohab'it, v.i. live together as husband and wife. ~ation, n.
coheir', coheir'ess (kōĕr-), nn. male, female, joint heir.
cohere', v.i. stick together, remain united, be well knit or consistent. cohē'rence, n. ~ent, a. holding together; not incongruous or rambling.
cohē'sion (-zhn), n. force with which parts cohere; union; dependence. cohē'sive, a.
co'hort, n. tenth part of Roman legion; (pl.) troops, band.
coif, n. kind of close cap.
‖ coiffeur (kwahfêr), n. hairdresser. ‖ coiffure (kwahfūr), n. way hair is dressed.
coign (koin), n. corner or external angle; wedge.
coil, v.t. & i. dispose in concentric rings; take or twist into spiral or circular shape. n. coiled length of rope, wire, &c.
coin, n. piece of stamped metal money; (collectively) money. v.t. & i. make money by stamping metal; turn into money.
coin'age, n. coining; coins; system of coins in use.
coincide', v.i. occur simultaneously, agree or be identical with. coin'cidence, n. notable concurrence of events. ~ent, ~en'tal, aa.
coin'er, n. maker of false coin.
coir (koi'er), n. coco-nut fibre.
coi'tion, n. sexual copulation.
coke, n. residue of coal after distillation of volatile parts.
col, n. depression in mountain-chain.
cō'la, kō- n. W.-Afr. tree; its seed. ~-nut, ~-seed.
col'ander (kŭ-), cul'ender, n. perforated vessel, cook's strainer.
col'chicum (-kĭ-), n. meadow-saffron; drug from it.
cold, a. of low temperature; feeling cold; lacking ardour; undemonstrative, apathetic. n. prevalence of low temperature; catarrh of nose or throat. ~ cream, a cosmetic.
cole, n. kinds of cabbage. ~-seed, plant yielding colza oil.
coleop'terous, a. of the order Coleoptera or beetles.
cole'slaw, cold-, n. salad of cabbage sliced or chopped.
col'ic, n. griping belly pain.
colis. See colon
collab'orate, v.i. work in combination with another. ~tion, ~tor, nn.
collap'sible, -ible, a. folding.
collapse', n. tumbling down or falling to ruin; physical or mental break-down. v.i. suffer collapse, fall to ruin; break down.
coll'ar, n. neckband of shirt or dress; chain or band round animal's neck; chain worn as ornament by knights of several orders. v.t. seize by the collar, lay hold of; (Rugby Footb.) stop opponent by clasping hold of him; (sl.) appropriate.
coll'arbone, n. the bone joining breastbone and shoulder-blade.
collarette', n. woman's collar of lace, fur &c.
collate', v.t. (-able), compare in detail gather and place in order; appoint to benefice.
collat'eral, a. side by side; subordinate but from same source; connected but aside from main line. n. collateral kinsman.
colla'tion, n. collating; bestowing; a light repast.
coll'eague (-ēg), n. an associate in office; a coadjutor.
coll'ect', n. a short prayer

collect'², v.t. & i. assemble, accumulate, bring or come together; gather contributions, rates, &c.; concentrate one's thoughts.

collecta'nea, n.pl. miscellany of passages, &c.

collec'tion, n. collecting; collecting of money at church service &c.; sum so collected; set of collected specimens.

collec'tive, a. representing or including many; combined, aggregate, common. n. (Gram.) collective noun. ~ noun, used in sing. to express many individuals. ~ ownership, by all for common benefit.

collec'tivism, n. (theory of) collective ownership of land and means of production. ~ist, n. & a.

collec'tor, n. one who collects specimens, curiosities, money due, &c.; in India, the chief administrative official of a district, whose special duty is the collection of revenue. ~ship, n.

coll'een, n. (Anglo-Ir.) girl.

coll'ege, n. body of colleagues; corporation of scholars forming part of a university; school for boys with similar foundation; (Sc., U.S., &c.) incorporated and endowed institution of highest grade; (name assumed by) other educational institutions; buildings of any college.

colle'gian, n. member of a college; (vulg.) university man.

colle'giate, a. constituted as a college.

collide', v.i. come into collision.

coll'ie, n. Scotch sheep-dog.

coll'ier (-yer), n. coal-miner; coal-ship, member of its crew.

coll'iery (-yer-), n. coal-mine.

colli'sion (-zhn), n. violent encounter of moving bodies; clash of opposed interests, &c.

colloca'tion, n. relative situation.

collo'cutor, n. one's partner in colloquy.

collo'dion, n. solution of gun-cotton in ether.

colloque' (-ŏk), v.i. (colloq.) talk confidentially.

coll'oid, a. gluey; (Chem., of substances) in non-crystalline solid state. n. colloid substance.

coll'op, n. slice of meat.

collo'quial, a. proper or peculiar to everyday talk, not literary &c. ~ism, n. colloquial word or idiom; use of these.

coll'oquy, n. talk, dialogue.

coll'otype, n. gelatine photographic plate that can be printed from in ink.

collu'sion (-ōōzhn), n. fraudulent secret understanding between ostensible opponents. ~ive, a.

colly'rium, n. (pl. -ia), eye-salve; suppository.

col'ocynth, n. bitter-apple; purgative of colocynth.

cō'lon¹, n. greater part of the large intestine. coli'tis, colonī'tis, nn. inflammation of the colon.

cō'lon², n. punctuation-mark or stop (:).

colonel (kûr'nl), n. army officer next in rank to a brigadier; lieutenant ~, commander of a military unit (colonel used as courtesy title). ~cy, n. colonel's status.

colō'nial, a. of a colony. n. inhabitant of a colony.

col'onist, n. settler in or part-founder of a colony. col'onize, v.t. & i. (-zable), establish or join colony. ~zation, n.

colonnade', n. series of columns with entablature.

col'ony, n. settlement of emigrants in a new country; persons of foreign nation or of one trade living in a town; birds, &c. similarly congregated.

col'ophon, n. tail-piece at end of old books.

colophō'ny, n. kind of dark resin.

Colora'do beet'le (-rah-), n. a potato pest.

colora'tion (kŭl- kō-), n. disposition of colours.

‖ **coloratur'a** (-oora), n. florid passages in vocal music.

colorif'ic (kŏ- kŭ-), a. colour-producing.

coloss'al, a. like a colossus, huge; (colloq.) splendid, glorious.
colŏss'us, n. (pl. -i, -uses) statue of gigantic size; gigantic person or personified power.
colŏs'tomy, n. incision in colon to provide artificial anus in stricture, &c.
colour (kŭl'er), n. sensation produced in eye by rays of decomposed light; any particular hue; pigment. (pl.) flag of regiment or ship; show of reason, pretext. v.t. & i. give colour to; paint or stain or dye; blush; make plausible. ~able, a. specious, plausible, counterfeit. ~-blind, a. unable to distinguish some colours. ~ed, a. negro, of negro origin. ~ful, a. ~ing, n. coloration, artist's use of colour. ~ist, n. artist. ~less, a. wanting in character or vividness.
colporteur' (-ter), n. book hawker esp. one employed to distribute Bibles and religious literature.
colt, n. young horse, tiro, esp. cricket professional in first season. (Naut.) rope-end used in thrashing. v.t. thrash with colt.
Colt, n. Colt revolver or pistol. P
col'tsfoot, n. large-leaved yellow flowered weed.
Colum'bia, n. America; the United States personified.
col'umbine, n. garden plant; (C-) female character in pantomime.
col'umn (-m), n. round pillar, esp. one with base and capital; column-shaped thing; narrow-fronted deep arrangement of troops in successive lines.
col'za, n. cole-seed. ~ oil, n. oil used in lamps.
co'ma, n. unnatural heavy sleep or stupor. co'matose, a. in or like coma.
comb (-m), n. toothed strip of rigid material for the hair; part of machine having similar shape; red fleshy crest of cock, &c.; honeycomb. v.t. & i. draw comb through hair; curry horse; dress wool with comb; to search.
com'bat (kŏ-, kŭ-), n. fight. v.t. & i. do battle; engage in contest; oppose or strive against.
com'batant (kŏ-, kŭ-), a. having actual fighting as function. n. combatant soldier, &c.
com'bative (kŏ-, kŭ-), a. pugnacious or disputatious.
combina'tion, n. set of things or persons combined; united action; chemical union; (pl.) under-garment for body and legs.
combine', v.t. & i. (-nable), bring into union; possess in combination; co-operate. n. combination of persons, esp. to influence prices or course of trade.
combus'tible, a. capable of burning, easily set alight. n.pl. combustible things. ~bility n.
combus'tion (-schn), n. destruction by fire; oxidation.
come (kŭm), v.i. (came, p.p. come), draw near, advance towards; arrive at; happen; become; prove, turn out. ~ across, (sl.) pay what one owes. ~-down, downfall.
come-at-able (kŭ-), a. accessible.
come'dian, n. actor; player of comic parts.
comédienne, n. comedy actress.
comedietta, n. short comedy.
com'edy, n. amusing play depicting everyday life; branch of drama concerned with comedies.
come'ly (kŭm'li), a. pleasant to look at; proper, decent.
comes'tibles, n.pl. things to eat.
com'et, n. heavenly body with starlike nucleus and tail of light. com'etary, a.
com'fit (kŭ-), n. sweetmeat.
com'fort (kŭ-), n. relief in trouble, consolation; (pl.) things that make life easy. v.t. soothe, console; make easy.
com'fortable (kŭ-), a. at ease in body or mind; promoting comfort. n. stuffed or quilted coverlet for bed.
com'forter (kŭ-), n. one who comforts, esp. the Holy Ghost; woollen scarf; baby's dummy teat.
com'fortless (kŭ-), a. without provision for comfort.

com'frey (kŭ-), *n.* (pl. -eys), tall bell-flowered ditch-plant.

com'ic, *a.* of or like comedy facetious, burlesque, funny. *n.* music-hall comedian. ~ strip, *n.* drawings in newspaper &c.

com'ical, *a.* mirth-provoking queer, odd. comical'ity, *n.*

com'ity, *n.* courtesy; civility.

comm'a, *n.* punctuation-mark (,).

command' (-ah-), *v.t.* & *i.* order, issue orders, be in command, restrain or hold in check, have at disposal; look down over, dominate. *n.* order given; exercise or tenure of authority, troops or district under commander.

commandant', *n.* military governor of fortress, &c.

commandeer', *v.t.* impress or seize for military purposes.

comman'der (-ah-), *n.* a leader, naval officer ranking next to captain. ~-in-chief, *n.* commander of all land-forces of a State, or of all ships on a station.

comman'ding (-ah-), *a.* in command, exalted or impressive, dominant.

command'ment (-ah-), *n.* divine command; mandate, order.

comman'do (-ah-), *n.* (pl. -os) (S. Afr.) body of troops under one command.

commem'orate, *v.t.* (-rable), celebrate in speech or writing or by some ceremony; be a memorial of. ~tion, *n.* a public celebration. ~tive, *a.* ~tor, *n.*

commence' *v.t.* & *i.* (-ceable), begin. ~ment, *n.* beginning, start.

commend' *v.t.* entrust for safe keeping, praise. ~able, *a.* praiseworthy. ~ation, *n.* praise. ~atory, *a.* commending.

commen'surable (-sher-), *a.* measurable by same standard, proportionate to. ~bility, *n.* ~rate, *a.* coextensive, proportionate.

comm'ent, *n.* explanatory remark, criticism; observation; annotation. *v.i.* annotate, expound; make remarks upon.

comm'entary *n.* running comments on a book or remarks on a speech or performance. comm'entator, *n.* writer or speaker of commentary.

comm'erce, *n.* exchange of merchandise, intercourse or dealings, a card game.

commer'cial (-shl), *a.* pertaining to commerce. *n.* (vulg.) commercial traveller. ~ traveller, agent sent out to solicit custom for firm.

commina'tion, *n.* cursings, denunciation. comm'inatory, *a.* threatening vengeance.

commingle (koming'gl), *v.t.* & *i.* mix, unite.

comm'inute, *v.t.* reduce to minute particles. ~tion, *n.* pulverization.

commis'erate (-z-), *v.t.* & *i.* (-rable) pity, have commiseration for. commisera'tion (-z-), *n.* compassion, pity. commis'erative, *a.*

commissar' *n.* head of a Government department of the U.S.S.R.

commissar'iat, *n.* food and store department of army; family's or person's food supply.

comm'issary *n.* person deputed by superior power, head of commissariat. commissar'ial, *a.*

commi'ssion (-shn), *n.* act of committing; task committed to person, body or board of persons constituted to discharge a task; (Mil., Nav.) warrant appointing a commissioned officer; brokerage; percentage on sales, &c. *v.t.* empower or appoint by commission; empower a person to do some service.

commissionaire (-shn-), *n.* pensioned soldier employed as porter, &c.

commi'ssioner (-shn-), *n.* member of a permanent Government board or other commission; representative of supreme authority in a district or Government department.

comm'issure (-shoor), *n.* (Anat.) a band, seam, suture.

commit' *v.t.* entrust, consign, imprison; perpetrate; pledge, involve, compromise. ~ment, *n.* arrangement that restricts free-

dom of action. ~tal, n. committing to prison; committing of oneself.
committ'ee (-tĭ), n. body to which the considering or ordering of any matter is referred.
commix' v.t. & i. mix, mingle. ~ture, n. blending.
commode' n. chest of drawers; close-stool.
commod'ious, a. roomy
commod'ity, n. article that meets needs or can be traded in.
comm'odore, n. commander of squadron of ships; senior captain of ships sailing together or shipping line; captain of pilots. Air C~ officer of Royal Air Force.
comm'on, a. shared by all; of ordinary kind; occurring often, of inferior quality vulgar; (of gender of a noun) indifferently masculine and feminine. n. lands belonging to a community; place of unenclosed waste land. ~ law, unwritten law of England derived from ancient usage. ~ sense, good practical sense in everyday matters.
comm'onage, n. right of common; land held in common.
comm'onalty, n. the common people.
comm'oner, n. person below rank of peer; person with right of common.
comm'only adv. usually frequently
comm'onplace, n. trite quotation or everyday saying; platitude. a. lacking originality or individuality.
comm'ons (-z) n. pl. the common people; the lower house of Parliament; food, diet.
comm'onwealth (-wĕl-), n. general body of the people; a free community.
commo'tion, n. agitated stir.
comm'unal, a. of a commune; on communalistic principles. ~ism, n. local autonomy as basis of State organization. ~istic, a.
comm'une, n. small territorial administrative district. v.i. (also commu'ne) hold intimate converse with.
commun'icant, n. receiver of Communion; imparter of news.
commun'icate, v.t. & i. (-cable), impart to others, have communication with; receive Communion.
communica'tion, n. imparting or exchange of information; connexion between places.
commun'icative, a. given to talking openly, not reserved.
commun'ion (-yon), n. intercourse; fellowship celebration of the Lord's Supper or participation in it.
[communiqué (komū'nikā), n. official intimation.
comm'unism, n. community of goods as a social system. ~ist, n.; ~istic, a.
commun'ity, n. joint ownership body of persons, &c. having community of life (e.g. members of a State, town, convent, &c.). ~ singing, in which all present join.
comm'utator, n. device for altering direction of current.
commute' v.t. & i. (-table), buy off by exchange diminish; change; buy and use commutation ticket. ~tation, n. commutation ticket, season-ticket issued by railroad for trips between specified places. commu'ter, n. holder of season-ticket.
com'pact[1] n. binding agreement or understanding.
compact'[2] a. close, dense; well-knit; terse. v.t. make compact.
compan'ion (-yon), n. comrade, mate; an associate; thing that matches with another; member of lowest grade of Knightly Order. v.t. & i. act as companion to; associate with. ~able, a. sociable. ~ship, n. fellowship.
com'pany (kŭ-), n. being with another or others persons assembled together; guests; body of persons combined for commercial or other end; (Mil.) part of battalion.
com'parable, a. comparable of

comparison (*with*); fit to be compared (*to*).
compa'rative, *a.* working or perceiving by comparison; not absolute. ~ly *adv.*
compare' *v.t.* & *i.* liken to; estimate similarity of; put side by side for comparison; bear comparison with. *n.* comparison.
compa'rison, *n.* comparing; a simile or illustration.
compart'ment, *n.* a division, space partitioned off.
com'pass (kŭ-), *n.* circuit, extent, area, range; instrument with magnetic needle indicating points of the compass; instrument for describing circles on paper. *v.t.* go round, surround, hem in; attain or bring about.
compa'ssion (-shn), *n.* pity. compa'ssionate (-sho-), *a.* feeling or showing compassion. compa'ssionate' (-sho-), *v.t.* regard or treat with compassion.
compa'tible, *a.* consistent; agreeable with. ~bility *n.*
compa'triot, *n.* fellow-countryman.
compeer' *n.* an equal.
compel' *v.t.* force or constrain; bring about irresistibly.
compe'ndious, *a.* abridged; brief.
compe'ndium, *n.* (pl. -s, -dia), an abridgement or summary.
com'pensate, *v.t.* & *i.* (-sable), counterbalance; recompense.
compensa'tion, *n.* that which compensates. ~tor, *n.*; ~tory *a.*
compete', *v.i.* strive against others; contend for a prize.
com'petence, *n.* competent ability; a sufficiency. ~cy, *n.*
com'petent, *a.* having the qualifications required by law or by the work in hand; open or permissible.
competi'tion, *n.* competing; contest. compe'titive, *a.*; ~tor, *n.*
compila'tion, *n.* that which is compiled; compiled book.
compile', *v.t.* (-lable), collect together (facts, quotations, &c.).
compla'cency *n.* pleasure and satisfaction; gratification.
compla'cent, *a.* self-satisfied; in pleasant mood.
complain' *v.i.* bewail; make complaint; inform against. ~ant, *n.* plaintiff in certain suits.
complaint' *n.* statement that one is aggrieved or dissatisfied; formal protest; bodily ailment.
complaisance (-z-), *n.* civility; desire of pleasing.
complaisant (-z-), *a.* disposed to please; obliging.
com'plement' *n.* what completes or consists with; complete set or provision; full number.
compleme'ntary *v.t.* act as complement to. ~ary *a.*
complete' *a.* having all its parts; finished. *v.t.* (-table), bring to entirety; finish.
comple'tion, *n.* completing.
com'plex, *a.* consisting of parts; complicated, involved. *n.* a complex whole; (Psychol.) kind of mental abnormality. ~ity *n.* state of being complex.
comple'xion (-kshn), *n.* colouring and skin-texture of the face.
compli'ance, *n.* acquiescence.
compli'ant, *a.* yielding.
com'plicate *v.t.* (-cable), make complicated, entangle. ~d, *a.* intricate, involved, hard to unravel. ~tion, *n.* complicated state; complicating circumstances.
compli'city *n.* accompliceship.
com'pliment', *n.* polite expression or implication of praise.
com'pliment', *v.t.* pay compliments to; flatter. ~ary *a.* laudatory, by way of compliment.
com'pline, *n.* (in Catholic ritual) last daily service.
comply' *v.i.* act according to request or command or rules.
compo'nent, *a.* going to the making of a whole; constituent. *n.* component part.
comport' *v.t.* & *i.* behave or conduct oneself; be compatible or in harmony with.
compose' (-z), *v.t.* & *i.* (-sable), (of elements, &c.) form or constitute; construct in one's mind

become tranquil; make up or reconcile; set up type. ~ed, a. quiet, calm. ~edly, adv. calmly
compŏ'ser (-z-), n. one who composes, esp. music.
cŏm'posite (or -it; -z-), a. consisting of different parts or materials. n. whole made of different elements.
composi'tion, n. composing; thing composed; a mixture; agreement or compromise.
compŏs'itor (-z-), n. type-setter.
cŏm'pŏst, n. compound manure.
compō'sure (-zher), n. calmness.
cŏm'pōte, n. fruit in syrup.
compound'¹ v.t. & i. mix or combine into a whole; settle by mutual concession; condone.
cŏm'pound¹ a. composite; compounded; not simple. n. a mixture; compound word.
cŏm'pound² n. (India, China, &c.) enclosure round buildings.
comprehĕnd' v.t. grasp mentally; be inclusive of; comprise
comprehĕn'sible, a. intelligible.
comprehĕn'sion (-shn), n. understanding; inclusion; grasp
comprehĕn'sive, a. embracing much, of wide scope.
compress'¹ v.t. (-ble) squeeze together; bring into smaller compass. ~ibility, ~ion, nn.
cŏm'press² n. pad for compressing artery, &c.
comprise' (-z), v.t. (-sable), contain; include.
cŏm'promise (-z), n. agreement attained by mutual concession. v.t. (-sable) adjust by mutual concessions; bring oneself (or another) under suspicion.
compŏrovin'cial (-shl), a. & n. (person, esp. bishop) of the same (esp. archiepiscopal) province.
comptrŏ'ller, n. controller
compŭl'sion (-shn), n. compelling.
compŭl'sory, a. done or acting under compulsion.
compŭnc'tion, n. pricking of conscience.
compute' v.t. calculate, reckon, count. ~able, a.; ~tation, n.
cŏm'rade (kŏm'rid, kŭ-), n. mate or fellow; companion or associate. ~ship, n.
Cŏm'tism, n. positivism.
cŏn, v.t. study or learn.
cŏn' v.t. direct steering of ship.
[con amō're, adv. with enthusiasm.
conā'tion, n. the exertion of willing that desire or aversion shall issue in action.
concatenā'tion, n. connexion as of chain-links; string or series of ideas, events, &c.
cŏn'cave, a. of interior curvature—opp. to convex. concăv'ity n.
conceal' v.t. hide or keep secret. ~ment, n.
concede' v.t. (-dable), grant; admit as true; allow
conceit (-sēt), n. one's notion of oneself; vanity; far-fetched comparison. ~ed, a.
conceive (-sēv), v.t. & i. (-vable), become pregnant; form in the mind; formulate in words.
cŏn'centrāte, v.t. & i. (-table), bring to bear on one point; collect one's thoughts or efforts. ~tion, n. collection to one point; mental faculty of exclusive attention. ~tive, a.; ~tor n.
concĕn'tric, a. having common centre. concentrĭ'city n.
cŏn'cept, n. idea of a class of objects; general notion.
concĕp'tion, n. conceiving; thing conceived; an idea. ~al, a. ~tive, a. capable of conceiving. ~tual, a. of mental conceptions.
concern' v.t. relate to; affect; be relevant to; mix oneself up in; feel anxiety about. n. thing that concerns one; (pl.) one's affairs; solicitude; firm or enterprise. ~ing, prep. about. ~ment, n.
cŏn'cert¹ n. combined action; a musical entertainment.
concert'² v.t. plan, contrive; prearrange; (p.p., Mus.) arranged in parts.
concerti'na (-tē-), n. wind-instrument pressed by the hands.
concer'tō (-chār-), n. (pl. -os), musical piece for solo instrument with orchestral accompaniment.
concĕs'sion (-shn), n. conceding or

thing conceded monopoly or similar privilege. ~aire' n. holder of concession. ~ive, a.
conch (-ngk), n. shellfish or its shell. ~ol'ogy n. study of shells.
concil'iate, v.t. (-ieāt), propitiate; win over from hostility; reconcile. ~tion, n. bringing of opponents into harmony. ~tor, n. ~tory, a.
concise' a. brief, condensed.
con'clave, n. cardinals' meeting place for papal election; any meeting for secret consultation.
conclude (kon-klōōd'), v.t. & i. (-dable), bring or come to an end; finish, settle; infer.
conclusion (kon-klōō zhn), n. ending, close; inference; final opinion. conclu'sive, a. convincing.
concoct' v.t. compound fabricate; make in concert. ~ion, n. concocting, concocted thing.
concom'itance, n. co-existence.
concom'itant (-n-k-), a. attendant, accompanying. n. (usu. in pl.) concomitant circumstances.
con'cord, n. harmonious relations (Gram.) agreement in gender, person, &c. between words. ~ant, a. agreeing; in harmony.
concord'ance (-n-k-), n. agreement; index of words used by author or in book, esp. Bible.
concord'at (-n-k-), n. compact between church and state.
con'course (-ôrs), n. a flocking together; a crowd, throng.
con'crete, a. having objective reality; not abstract. n. a concrete thing or word; composition of gravel, cement, &c. concrete' v.i. solidify; form into a mass.
concre'tion (-n-k-), n. mass of coalesced particles; morbid formation in the body. ~ary a.
con'cubine, n. woman who cohabits with a man without marriage. concu'binage, n. such cohabitation.
concu'piscence (-n-k-), n. sexual lust. concu'piscent, a. lustful.
concur' (-n-k-), v.i. occur together, coincide; agree. concur'rence, n. ~rent, a. concurring.

concus'sion (kon-kŭshn) n. violent shaking or shock; head injury due to heavy blow.
condemn (-m), v.t. censure, blame; give judicial decision against; pronounce unfit for use. condemna'tion, n. condem'natory a.
condense v.t. & i. (-sable), make denser or briefer; compress; consolidate. ~sability. condensa'tion, n.
condens'er, n. apparatus for converting steam to water.
condescend' v.i. deign to do; stoop; (part.) patronizing.
condescen'sion (-shn), n. condescending manner or act.
condign (-in) a. adequate.
con'diment, n. relish or seasoning for use with food.
condi'tion, n. quality; state; attribute; (pl.) circumstances; stipulation; social rank. v.t. be a condition of; make terms; stipulate. ~al, a. not absolute.
condole v.i. express sympathy in sorrow with. condo'lence, n.
condomin'ium, n. joint control of a state by other states.
condone v.t. (-nable), treat as nonexistent. condona'tion, n.
con'dor, n. large S. Amer. vulture.
condottier'e (-tyārĭ), n. (pl. -ri, pr. -rē), captain of mercenaries.
conduce v.i. tend to produce or effect. ~cive, a.
con'duct n. one's actions; management; convoy, escort. conduct' v.t. lead, escort, control, manage; behave oneself; transmit (heat, &c.). ~ion, n. (Phys.) conducting of heat, electricity, &c. ~ive, a.; ~ivity n. (Phys.)
conduc'tor, n. director of orchestra; official in charge of passengers; conductive substance or object. ~tress, n.
conduit (kŭn'dit), n. channel or pipe, aqueduct.
cone, n. tapering figure with circular base; pine-cone, fir-cone.
confab'ulate, v.i. talk together. ~tion, ~tor, nn.
confec'tion, n. sweetstuff; light

and elegant article of female attire. ~er, n. dealer in pastry sweets, &c. ~ery, n.

confed'eracy, n. league, conspiracy; league of confederate States.

confed'erate, a. leagued together. n. partner in a design; accomplice. v.t. & i. (-at; -rable), make league with; make a confederation. ~á'tion, n. permanent union of sovereign States for common external action.

cŏn'fĕr' cf., = imperat. compare.

confĕr'' v.t. & i. bestow; take counsel; meet for discussion.

cŏn'ference, n. meeting for discussion, exchange of views.

confĕr'ment, n. conferring of honours, &c.

confĕss' v.t. & i. acknowledge, plead guilty to, disclose one's sin to confessor; (of priest) hear confession of.

confĕss'edly, adv. avowedly.

confĕ'ssion (-shn), n. acknowledgement of guilt, &c.; confession to priest; statement of one's principles. ~al, a. of confession. n. confessor's stall.

confĕss'or, n. one who avows his religious faith, priest who hears confessions and gives absolution.

confĕtt'i, n.pl. sweets or discs of coloured paper used as missiles in carnival, at weddings, &c.

cŏnfidant' n. (fem. -ante), person to whom one confides one's private affairs.

confide' v.t. & i. repose confidence in, impart; (port.) unsuspicious.

cŏn'fidence, n. firm trust; confidence in oneself; assurance. ~ trick, method of swindling.

cŏn'fident, a. feeling or showing assurance; positive.

cŏnfiden'tial (-shl), a. imparted in confidence; enjoying confidence.

configurā'tion, n. aspect as produced by relative disposition of parts.

confine'' v.t. (-nable), keep within limits; confine to limits; imprison, hold in custody; (pass.) be brought to bed of a child.

cŏn'fine' n. a boundary; (pl.) the border or edge of.

confine'ment, n. being confined; imprisonment; child-birth.

confirm' v.t. make stronger; ratify; corroborate; administer confirmation to. ~and, n. candidate for confirmation. ~ation, n. corroborating circumstance or statement, rite in which persons confirm the vows made for them at baptism. ~ative, ~atory, aa. corroborating.

cŏn'fiscāte, v.t. (-cable), seize private property for the public treasury, seize as by authority. ~tion, ~tor, nn.; ~tory, a.

cŏnflagrā'tion, n. a widespread fire, great outbreak of war, &c.

cŏn'flict, n. trial of strength; strife; conflicting state.

conflict'' v.i. be at odds or inconsistent with, contend with.

cŏn'fluent (-ōōent), a. merging into one. n. one of confluent streams, &c. cŏn'fluence (-ōōens). cŏn'flux, nn. meeting of confluents, concourse.

conform' v.t. & i. adapt, make like; comply with rules or general custom. ~able, a. adapted or corresponding to. ~ation, n. thing's structure. ~ist, n. conformer to Anglican usages. ~ity, n. correspondence to or harmony with.

confound' v.t. mix up, confuse; astound; baffle; ~ it, you, a mild imprecation; (p.p.) accursed, disagreeable.

cŏnfrater'nity, n. a brotherhood.

‖ confrère (kŏn'frār), n. fellow-member of profession, &c.

confront (-ŭnt), v.t. bring face to face; face or be confronted with. ~ation, n.

confuse' (-z) v.t. (-sable), throw into disorder; obscure, mix up.

confū'sion (-zhn) n. confused state; tumult; discomfiture.

confute' v.t. (-table), prove erroneous. cŏnfūtā'tion, n.

‖ congé (kawn'zhā), n. dismissal.

congeal' (-j-), v.t. & i. solidify by freezing or otherwise.

‖ congee. See congé.

congĕlā'tion (-j-), n. congealing.

con'gener (-j-), n. thing or person of the same kind.
congen'ial (-j-), a. of kindred temper, suiting one's disposition; pleasurable to. ~ial'ity n.
congen'ital (-j-), a. born with one, dating from birth.
cong'er (-ngg-), n. large sea eel.
conger'ies (-jeriez), n. mass of small bodies heaped together.
conges'ted (-j-), a. suffering congestion.
conges'tion (-jeschon), n. abnormal accumulation of blood in an organ, population in a district, &c.
conglom'erate (-at), n. mass of pebbles cemented into a kind of stone; mixture of things. ~ed, a. stuck together in a mass. conglomera'tion, n.
congou' (-nggoo), n. a black China tea.
congrat'ulate (-n-g-), v.t. (-lable) offer congratulations to; felicitate.
congratula'tion (-n-g-), n. expression of pleasure in another's good fortune (usu. in pl.). ~tory a.
cong'regate (-ngg-), v.t. & i. (-gable) flock together, assemble.
congrega'tion, n. assembly of people, esp. for religious worship. ~al, a. public; of Congregationalism. Congrega'tionalism, n. system by which individual churches are self-governing. ~alist, n. adherent of such church.
cong'ress (-ngg-), n. formal meeting of delegates for discussion; Senate and House of Representatives of the U.S. ~man, member of U.S. Congress, esp. of House of Representatives. congres'sional (-nggresho-), a.
cong'ruence (-nggroo-), congru'ity (-nggroo-), nn. accordance, harmonious relation; correspondence. cong'ruent, cong'ruous, aa.
co'nic, a. of the form of a cone. ~ sections, curves made by intersection of right circular cone with plane. ~al, a. cone-shaped. co'nics, n. study of conic sections.
‖ conicopol'y n. (Anglo-Ind.) a native clerk or writer in the Madras Presidency.
co'nifer, n. coniferous tree.
conif'erous, a. bearing fruit-cones.
conjec'ture, n. guessing, guesswork. v.t. & i. (-rable), make conjecture, guess. ~al, a. depending on conjecture.
‖ con'jee, -gee (-j-), n. (Anglo-Ind.) water in which rice has been boiled.
conjoin' v.t. & i. make into or become a single whole. conjoint' a. conjoined, combined.
con'jugal (-oo-), a. of marriage between married persons.
con'jugate (-oo-), v.t. & i. (-gable), inflect (verb), enter into conjugation. a. (-it) conjoint growing in pairs.
conjuga'tion (-oo-), n. conjoining; reproductive fusion of cells; inflexion scheme of verbs.
conjunct' a. associated with or assisting another.
conjunc'tion, n. conjoining, simultaneous occurrence; word used to connect sentences together. ~al, a. ~tive, a. serving to join.
conjuncti'va, n. mucous membrane connecting eyelid and eyeball. conjunctivi'tis, n. inflammation of this.
conjunc'ture, n. position of affairs at particular moment.
conjura'tion (-oo-), n. solemn entreaty; incantation.
conjure¹ (-oor) v.t. entreat solemnly to do something.
conjure² (kun'jer), v.i. & t. produce magical effects; do sleight-of-hand tricks; call up spirits.
conjurer, ~or (kun'jerer), n. adept at sleight-of-hand.
conk, n. nose. ~y a. big nosed.
conk, v.i. (sl.) break down, give out (esp. of mechanism).
connate' a. congenital; (of leaves) united at base.
connat'ural (-cher-), a. congenital; of the same nature.
connect' v.t. & i. join, link, unite; (p.p., of narrative, &c.) having internal connexion; coherent. ~ive, a. serving as connexion.

connex'ion (-kshon), ~nec'tion, n. being linked together or in communication or intercourse; that which connects; set of persons linked by some bond; relationship.
conning'-tower, n. warship's shot-proof pilot-house.
***connip'tion**, n. (US.) attack of hysteria; fit of rage.
conni'vance, n. pretence of being unaware; winking at offence.
connive', v.i. look on in connivance at misdoing.
connoisseur' (-nisër), n. a critical judge, esp. of the fine arts.
connote' v.t. (-table), imply, betoken, mean; include in its meaning. ~tation, n. ~tative, a.
connu'bial, a. connected with marriage.
co'noid, a. more or less conical. n. conoid object.
con'quer (-nker), v.t. & i. overcome; acquire by conquest; master one's difficulties or passions.
con'queror (-nker-), n. person who conquers; deciding game; horse-chestnut that has broken others in boys' game of conquerors.
con'quest, n. conquering; what is won by it; winning of person to affection; person so won.
consanguin'eous (-nggw-), a. related by birth; near of kin.
consanguin'ity (-nggw-), n. kinship.
con'science (-shens) n. faculty distinguishing between right and wrong; consciousness that one's actions are right or wrong.
conscien'tious (-shiens), a. obedient to dictates of conscience. ~ objector, person who pleads conscience as a reason for refusing to obey some law or command.
con'scious (-shus), a. having knowledge of one's thoughts and feelings; awake to one's surroundings; aware of. ~ness, n. person's thoughts and feelings as a whole.
conscribe' (-b-), enrol by conscription. **conscript'** v.t.
con'script, n. conscripted man.
conscrip'tion, n. compulsory enlistment for national service.
con'secrate, v.t. (-rable), make sacred; devote to sacred purpose; sanctify. ~tor, n.; ~tory a.
consecra'tion, n. setting apart for sacred purposes; dedication.
consec'utive, a. following, consequential; orderly and unbroken.
consen'sus, n. agreement of opinion on the part of all concerned.
consent' v.i. agree to; acquiesce in. n. agreement; consenting or words expressing it.
consenta'neous, a. in accord; done by common consent.
consen'tient (-shent) a. agreeing.
con'sequence, n. that which comes from any cause or principle; importance; moment; influential position.
con'sequent, a. that results; following as a consequence.
consequen'tial (-shl) a. of the nature of a corollary; self-important. ~tiality (-shi-), n.
con'sequently adv. as a result; accordingly; therefore.
conser'vancy n. board controlling river or port.
conserva'tion, n. preserving; continuance; conserved state.
conser'vative, a. of conserving tendency; opposed to change; (of estimate) moderate. n. member of Conservative party; person of conservative disposition. ~tism, n.
conservatoire' (-twahr), n. public school of music and declamation (on Continent).
con'servator, n. member of conservancy; custodian of museum, &c.; person who secures the conserving of.
conser'vatory, n. greenhouse for tender plants.
conserve' v.t. (-vable), preserve, keep from decay or change. n. preserved fruit, &c.
consid'er, v.t. & i. contemplate; deliberate thoughtfully; reckon with, take into account; show consideration for.

consid'erable, a. of some importance; worthy of regard.
consid'erate, a. thoughtful for the feelings or rights of others.
considera'tion, n. considering; thing worth considering; thing given or done as inducement; considerateness. consid'ering prep. in view of.
consign (-in), v.t. commit or hand over; send goods for delivery. ~ee, ~or, nn. person to whom, by whom, goods are consigned. ~ment, n. consigning goods consigned.
consist' v.i. be composed of; be compatible with. ~ence, n. degree of density in liquids, &c. ~ency n. being consistent. ~ent, a. compatible, not contradictory; constant to same principles.
consis'tory n. kinds of ecclesiastical council or court.
consola'tion, n. alleviation of grief or disappointment. consol'atory a. giving comfort.
console' v.t. (-lable), bring consolation to.
con'sole n. bracket serving as ledge to support something.
consol'idate, v.t. & i. (-dable), solidify; strengthen, combine (estates, debts, &c.) into one. ~tion, ~tor nn. ~tory a.
consols' (-z), n.pl. Government consolidated stock.
con'sonance, n. agreement in sound, musical concord; agreement in meaning, taste, &c.
con'sonant, a. agreeable, consistent. n. non-vowel letter; sound that forms a syllable only in combination with a vowel. ~al, a.
con'sort n. spouse; partner; ship sailing with another.
consort' v.i. associate or keep company be in harmony.
conspec'tus, n. general view; synopsis.
conspic'uous, a. striking to the eye, readily seen eminent.
conspir'acy n. plot or plotting for evil-doing. ~ator, n.
conspire' v.i. take part in conspiracy; agree together.
con'stable (kŭ-), n. great officer of royal household; policeman below sergeant's rank. Chief ~, head of police force of county &c. constab'ulary a. & n. (organized body) of police.
con'stancy n. faithfulness; tenacious adherence steadiness.
con'stant, a. not subject to variation continual firm. n. quantity that does not vary ~ly adv. always, often.
constella'tion, n. fixed stars forming a group to the eye.
consterna'tion, n. paralyzing sense of calamity
con'stipate, v.t. affect with constipation. ~tion, n difficulty in evacuating the bowels.
constit'uency n. body electing representative place represented.
constit'uent, a. making part of a whole appointing, electing. n. constituent part; member of elective body voter
con'stitute, v.t. (-table), appoint, make into establish; be the essence or components of.
constitu'tion, n. constituent parts, essential nature bodily predisposition; form in which a State is organized; system of laws and customs.
constitu'tional (-sho-), a. of or due to one's constitution; in harmony with the constitution of the State. n. walk taken as healthy exercise. ~ism, ~ist, nn.
con'stitutive, a. having power to constitute constituent.
constrain' v.t. compel; hinder by force; hold in constraint.
constraint n. compulsion; repression of feeling; embarrassment.
constrict' v.t. compress; encircle and squeeze. ~ion, n. ~ive, a. ~or n. constrictive muscle.
construct' v.t. fit together frame, build. ~or, n.
construc'tion, n. thing constructed; syntactical connexion interpretation. ~al a.
construc'tive, a. tending to construction of a positive kind.

con'strue (-ōō), v.t. combine grammatically with; interpret; translate word for word.
consubstan'tial (-shl), a. of one substance. consubstantia'tion (-shi-), n. presence of body and blood of Christ in the Eucharist.
con'sul, n. a Roman official; State agent in foreign town.
con'sular, a. relating to a consul.
con'sulate, n. office of consul; consul's official residence.
consult' v.t. & i. take counsel with; seek information or advice from. ~ation, n. ~ative, a. deliberative; advisory.
consume' v.t. & i. (-mūm), destroy; use up; eat or drink; waste away; be exhausted.
consu'medly, adv. excessively.
consu'mer, n. user of product.
consumm'ate a. of the highest perfection or completeness.
con'summate v.t. (-āt), bring to completion; be the crown of. ~tion, ~tor, nn.
consump'tion, n. consuming; wasting disease, esp. tuberculosis.
consump'tive, a. tending to or affected with tuberculosis, &c. n. consumptive person.
con'tact, n. touch; connexion.
conta'gion (-jn) n. communication of disease by contact; corrupting influence. ~gious, a.
contain' v.t. have within, include; comprise; restrain.
contam'inate, v.t. (-āt), pollute, infect. ~tion, ~tor, nn.
contang'o (-ngg-), n. (pl. -os), percentage paid by buyer of stock for postponement of transfer.
contemn' (-m), v.t. feel contempt for; scornfully regard.
con'template, v.t. (-āt), survey steadily with eyes or mind; have in view. ~tion, n. meditative state. ~tor, n.
contem'plative, a. thoughtful.
contemporan'eous, a. belonging to, existing at, the same time.
contem'porary a. of these times; contemporaneous. n. contemporary person or newspaper.
contempt' n. feeling of scorn; disrespect; disobedience to lawful authority.
contemp'tible, a. deserving contempt.
contemp'tuous, a. feeling or showing contempt; apt to despise.
contend', v.t. & i. strive for; act in emulation; dispute, contest.
content' a. satisfied with; ready to accept. v.t. make content; meet demands of. n. contentment. (also kŏn'tĕnt) amount that vessel can contain; (pl.) what is contained; table of contents of book. ~ed, a. enjoying contentment. ~ment, n. satisfaction; happiness.
conten'tion, n. strife; what a disputant contends.
conten'tious (-shus), a. given to or involving contention.
conter'minous, a. having a common boundary or end.
contest', v.t. impugn, controvert; contend or compete for. ~ant, n.
con'test n. contending; a competition.
con'text, n. what precedes and follows word or passage of a discourse. contex'tual, a.
contex'ture, n. inter-relation of components; style of composition.
contigu'ity n. contact; nearness.
contig'uous, a. adjoining, next to; neighbouring.
con'tinence, n. restraint; chastity.
con'tinent a. self-restraining.
con'tinent n. the mainland of Europe; any of the main divisions of the earth. ~al, a. characteristic of the Continent of Europe.
contin'gency n. being contingent; contingent event.
contin'gent (-j-), a. that may happen; conditional. n. quota of draft of troops.
contin'ual, a. occurring on every occasion; seeming incessant.
contin'uance, n. continuing in existence or operation; duration.
continua'tion, n. going on with or resuming something; thing that continues something else; (pl., sl.) trousers. contin'uative, a.

continue, v.t. & i. (-uable), go on with; remain in existence; take up again. continu'ity, n. uninterrupted connexion.
contin'uous, a. connected without break; uninterrupted.
contort', v.t. twist or force out of normal shape. contor'tion, n. ~ionist, n. acrobat.
con'tour (-oor), n. outline of a figure, object, coast, &c.
con'traband, n. prohibited traffic; smuggled goods. ~ist, n. smuggler.
contracep'tive, a. & n. preventive of conception. contracep'tion, n. use of contraceptives.
con'tract¹ n. business agreement, bargain; compact.
contract'² v.t. & i. make a contract; catch (cold, &c.); draw together; make or become smaller; shorten.
contrac'tile (or -īl), a. capable of or producing contraction.
contrac'tion, n. shrinking; diminution; word-shortening or contracted word.
contrac'tor, n. maker of a contract; a builder; contracting muscle.
contrac'tual, a. of a contract.
contradict', v.t. & i. deny; oppose verbally; be at variance with.
contradic'tion, n. verbal denial; direct opposition; inconsistency.
contradic'tory, a. given to contradiction; conflicting.
contradistinc'tion, n. distinction by opposite qualities.
contradistin'guish (-ngw-), v.t. distinguish by opposite qualities; set in sharp contrast.
contral'to, n. (pl. -os), lowest of the female voices; contralto singer.
contrap'tion, n. (sl.) queer machine or appliance.
contrapun'tal, a. of counterpoint. ~ist, n. contrapuntal expert.
contrari'ety, n. contrariness.
con'trariwise (-z), adv. on the other hand; in the opposite way.
con'trary, a. opposed in nature or tendency or direction; (contrar'y) perverse, vexatious. n. thing's opposite. adv. contrarily.
con'trast¹ (-ah-), n. difference between things as shown by placing them against each other; thing in marked contrast to another.
contrast'² (-ah-), v.t. & i. put in or subject to or be in contrast.
contravene', v.t. (-nable), infringe, conflict with. ~ven'tion, n. opposition; infringement.
‖contretemps (kawn'tretahn), n. unexpected hitch.
contrib'ute, v.t. & i. (-table), give to a common stock; bear a part.
contribu'tion, n. payment made in aid of a common fund or collection; something contributed.
contrib'utor, n. one that bears a part; a subscriber; writer in a newspaper, &c.
contrib'utory, a. that contributes; contributing to some purpose or fund.
con'trite, a. sorrowing for sin.
contri'tion, n. sorrow for sin.
contri'vance, n. contriving; contrived article or appliance.
contrive', v.t. & i. (-vable), devise, think out; plan, manage.
control', n. restraint; means of checking the results of book-keeping or experiment; safeguarding; supervision; (Spiritualism) personality actuating a medium; station at which aeroplanes, motors, &c., in races are allowed time to stop for overhauling, &c.; (pl.) devices giving stability to aeroplane in turning, &c.; gear-lever, &c. of motor-car, &c. v.t. have control of; govern; restrain.
control'ler, n. officer controlling expenditure; one that governs.
controver'sial (-shl), a. of controversy; disputable. ~ist, n.
con'troversy, n. disputation, esp. argument conducted in the press.
controvert', v.t. call in question; dispute the truth of.
con'tumacy, n. stubborn disobedience. contuma'cious, a.
con'tumely, n. insulting language or treatment. ~li'ous, a.
contuse' (-z), v.t. (-sable), bruise.

contū′sion (-zhn), *n.* bruise.
conŭn′drum, *n.* riddle.
cŏnvalĕsce′ *v.i.* be convalescent.
cŏnvalĕs′cence, *n.* convalescent state.
cŏnvalĕs′cent, *a.* recovering from sickness. *n.* convalescent person.
‖ convenances (kawṅ′vĕnahṅs), *n. pl.* conventional propriety.
convēne′ *v.t.* & *i.* (-nable), summon; hold meeting.
convē′nience, *n.* what suits one; useful appliance; water-closet; (pl.) comforts.
convē′nient, *a.* fit, suitable, well-adapted; opportune.
cŏn′vent, *n.* religious community esp. of women; its house.
convĕn′ticle, *n.* meeting or meeting-house, esp. of dissenters.
convĕn′tion, *n.* convening; assembly for transaction of business; an agreement; custom.
convĕn′tional (-shn-), *a.* depending on custom. ~ity *n.*; ~ism, *n.*
convĕn′tual, *a.* of convents.
convērge′ *v.i.* (-geable), move with or show gradual approximation. ~ent, *a.*; ~ence, *n.*
convēr′sable, *a.* fond of or pleasant in conversation.
cŏn′versant, *a.* well acquainted with subject; familiar.
cŏnversā′tion, *n.* familiar discourse; intercourse. ~al, *a.* of or in conversation; colloquial. ~alist, *n.* practised talker.
‖ conversazio′ne (-tsi-), *n.* social meeting of scientific or artistic kind.
convērse′ *v.i.* hold converse; commune. cŏn′verse *n.* familiar talk; communion.
cŏn′verse *a.* turned round or upside down; put the other way. *n.* converse statement or position.
convēr′sion (-shn), *n.* change from one state into another.
convērt′ *v.t.* change into another substance; bring over to another opinion; turn to godliness. ~ible, *a.* capable of conversion.
cŏn′vert *n.* person converted.
cŏn′vĕx, *a.* of exterior curvature. convĕx′ity, *n.* convex surface.

convey′ (-vā), *v.t.* transport, transmit; transfer; make known; seem to mean.
convey′ance (-vāa-), *n.* a carriage; deed conveying property. ~er, ~cing, *nn.* lawyer preparing conveyances; his work.
convĭct′ *v.t.* prove guilty.
cŏn′vĭct, *n.* sentenced criminal.
convĭc′tion, *n.* convicting; verdict of guilty; firm belief.
convĭnce′ *v.t.* (-cible), bring to a belief; produce conviction.
convĭv′ial, *a.* of or for a feast; festive. convĭviăl′ity, *n.* convivial temper.
cŏnvocā′tion, *n.* convoking; provincial synod of clergy.
convōke′ *v.t.* (-cable), call together; summon to an assembly.
cŏn′volute(d) (-ōōt, -ōōtĭd), *a.* coiled or spiral.
cŏnvolū′tion (-ōō-), *n.* coiled state; one turn of a coil or spiral.
convŏl′vŭlus, *n.* kinds of twining plant, esp. bindweed.
convoy′ *v.t.* escort (ship, &c.) for defence; (joc.) conduct or escort. cŏn′voy *n.* an escort; convoyed party.
convŭlse′, *v.t.* (-sible), affect with convulsion or convulsions.
convŭl′sion (-shn), *n.* bodily seizure with muscular spasms (usu. pl., and esp. as a disorder of children); any irregular or violent motion; (pl.) uncontrollable laughter.
convŭl′sive, *a.* as in convulsions.
cō′ny, ~ey, *n.* (pl. -ies, -eys), rabbit; (Bibl.) rock-badger.
coo, *n.* soft murmuring sound. *v.i.* & *i.* talk amorously or softly.
cooee, *int.* used as long-distance signal by Australians.
cook, *v.t.* & *i.* prepare food by heat; cook food; undergo cooking; (colloq.) falsify (accounts, &c.); (sl.) exhaust. *n.* one who does cooking. ~book, cookery-book. ~house, (Naut.) ship's galley. ~maid, maid who assists the cook. ~room, kitchen (in Anglo-Ind. establishments always detached from house).

coo′ker, n. cooking apparatus; apple, &c. suited for cooking.
coo′kery, n. art of cooking.
coo′kie, -ky, n. (Sc.) plain bun; *small flat cake.
cool, a. cold to a slight degree; unperturbed, self-possessed; lacking zeal or cordiality. v.i. & t. make or become cool.
coo′ler, n. vessel for cooling.
coo′lie, n. East Indian or Chinese hired labourer.
coomb, coombe (kōōm), n. hollow on flank of hill; steep valley.
coon, n. racoon; *negro; *fellow chill.
coop, n. cage or pen for confining fowls. v.t. put in coop; shut up in narrow compass.
coop′er, n. maker or repairer of casks, pails, &c. v.t. repair (casks, &c.). ~age, n. cooper's work (-shop) or charges.
co-op′erate, v.i. make joint efforts. ~tion, n. production or distribution by co-operators who share the profits. ~tive, a. on basis of co-operation. ~tor, n.
co-opt′, v.t. elect as colleague or member. ~ation, n. ~ative, a. of or by co-optation.
co-ord′inate, a. equal in status. n. (pl.) set of distances from known points or lines or planes sufficing in combination to fix thing's position. v.t. put in co-ordinate relation. ~tion, ~tor, nn.; ~tive, a.
coot, n. kinds of water bird.
cop, v.t. (sl.) catch. ~ it, catch it, receive punishment.
copai′ba (-pib-), n. a balsam.
co′pal, n. kinds of resin used for varnish.
copart′ner, n. a joint partner. ~ship n. association with others in something. ~y, n.
cope¹, n. vestment like long cloak; (fig.) vault (of heaven); coping of wall, &c. v.t. provide with coping.
cope² v.i. contend with; oppose; keep level with (task, &c.).
co′peck, n. Russian coin (¼d.).
Coper′nican, a. according to the theory of Copernicus.

co′ping, n. top course of masonry. ~-stone, stone used in coping; (fig.) consummation.
co′pious, a. plentiful; abounding in words; exuberant.
cop′per¹ n. (sl.) policeman.
cop′per² n. metal of brownish-pink colour; bronze coin; washing cauldron; (attrib.) made of copper. v.t. cover with copper. *~head, venomous species of serpent. ~plate, n. copper plate for engraving or etching; print taken from it. ~smith, artificer in copper; (India) the crimson-breasted barbet.
cop′peras, n. ferrous sulphate.
cop′pice, copse, n. wood of small trees grown for periodical cutting.
cop′ra, n. dried coco-nut kernels.
cop′rolite, n. fossil dung.
coproph′agous, a. feeding on dung.
copse. See coppice.
Copt, n. native Egyptian Christian. ~ic, n. language of Copts.
cop′ula, n. part of verb be connecting subject with predicate. cop′ulate, v.i. unite sexually. ~tion, n. cop′ulative, a. serving as copula, connecting predicate with subject; of sexual union.
cop′y, n. reproduction of something; pattern of handwriting; matter to be set up in type; school exercise for translation. v.t. & i. (-iable), make copy of; imitate; crib from neighbour in examination. ~-book, book of handwriting exercises.
cop′yhold, n. land tenure resting on custom of a manor. a. held by this tenure. ~er, n.
cop′yist, n. imitator, transcriber.
cop′yright (-rīt), n. exclusive right to sell copies of a work. a. protected by copyright. v.t. secure copyright of.
coquet′ (-kĕt), v.i. play the coquette, flirt; dally or trifle.
co′quetry (-kĭt-), n. coquetting, coquettish appearance.
coquette′ (-kĕt), n. woman who plays with men's affections.

coquett'ish (-kĕt-), a. artfully attracting or consciously pretty

cō'racle, n. boat of skin-covered wicker.

cŏ'ral, n. hard substance secreted by kinds of sea polyp; toy of polished coral for children cutting teeth. (attrib.) red as coral. ~-island, one formed by growth of coral.

cŏ'ralline, a. of or like coral.

cŏr'bel, n. stone or timber projection from a wall.

cŏr'bie, n. raven, carrion crow.

cord, n. rope of small diameter or thick string; measure for wood; (pl.) corduroy breeches. v.t. secure with cord, make (wood) into cords. ~age, n. cords or ropes.

cor'date, a. heart-shaped.

cordelier' n. Franciscan friar with knotted cord round waist.

cor'dial, a. stimulating; heartfelt, sincere, hearty, warm. n. cordial drink; liqueur; heartening influence. cordiăl'ity n.

cor'dite, n. a smokeless explosive.

cor'don, n. string-course; chain of military posts, line or ring of police, &c.; ornamental cord or braid.

cor'dovan, a. & n. (leather) of Cordova.

cor'duroy, n. coarse thick ribbed cotton stuff for working-clothes. ~-road, road made of tree-trunks laid across swamp, &c.

cord'wainer, n. shoemaker.

core, n. the heart or innermost part of anything; horny capsule containing seeds of apple, &c.; hard centre of boils or corns.

co-rel'igionist (-je-), n. person of same religion.

coreŏp'sis, n. plant with rayed, usu. yellow flowers.

co-respon'dent, n. person proceeded against together with respondent in divorce suit.

coria'ceous (-shus), a. leathery.

coriăn'der, n. plant with fruit used as flavouring.

Corin'thian, a. of Corinth; of the Cl. order. ~ order, one of the five orders of architecture.

cork, n. bark of the cork-tree; piece of cork as float or as bottle-stopper. v.t. close up with cork; bottle up one's feelings. ~ jacket, life-belt of cork. ~-screw, instrument for extracting corks. cork'y, a. buoyant, lively.

cork'er, n. (sl.) thing that is meant to close a matter, e.g. heavy blow, retort, notable lie.

cor'morant, n. voracious sea-bird; rapacious person.

corn, n. a grain or seed of a cereal plant; (collect.) cereals in growth or their seed after threshing; maize. v.t. preserve (meat) by sprinkling with salt. ~-brash, of maize. ~-chandler, retail dealer in corn. ~-cob, centre of ear of maize, used for tobacco-pipe bowls, &c. ~-crake, the landrail. ~-dodger, fried cake of corn flour. ~-exchange, corn market. ~-factor, corn merchant. ~-flour, fine-ground maize flour. ~-flower, blue-flowered plant growing among corn. ~-juice, (sl.) whisky. ~-meal, Indian meal. ~-pone, corn-bread. ~-stalk, (colloq.) tall slight person (applied as nickname to Australians). ~-starch, starch made from corn, esp. a fine flour used for puddings, &c.

corn² n. tender place on foot with hard centre.

cor'nea, n. horny transparent structure in front of eyeball.

cor'nel, n. kinds of tree, esp. Cornelian Cherry; fruit of this.

cornel'ian (also car-), n. dull-red chalcedony.

cor'ner, n. angle of a room, box, &c.; remote place; hemmed in, monopolistic buying up of the whole of commodity. v.t. drive into a corner; establish corner in commodity. ~-boy, ~-man', street loafer. ~-man, man at either end of a row of minstrels. ~-stone, (fig.) indispensable part or basis.

cor'net, n. instrument of trumpet class (also ~-à-piston, cornet-player); kinds of organ-stop;

(hist.) junior officer of cavalry troop; conical ice-cream wafer.

cor'nice, n. moulding of room-wall just below ceiling; projection under which curtains hang.

cornopean. See cornet.

cornūcō'pia, n. horn of plenty.

corŏll'a, n. flower's inner envelope consisting of petals.

corŏll'ary, n. proposition that follows without need of separate proof from one proved.

cō'ronach (-k), n. Highland dirge.

cō'ronal, n. circlet for the head. a. of the crown of the head.

corōnā'tion, n. ceremony of crowning a sovereign.

cŏ'roner, n. officer holding inquest on corpse to ascertain cause of death. ~ship, n.

cŏ'ronet, n. peer's or peeress's small crown. ~ed, a.

corō'zo, n. (pl. -os) S.-Amer. tree yielding corozo-nuts.

cor'poral, n. non-commissioned officer below sergeant.

cor'poral, a. of the body; ~ punishment, flogging. corporal'ity, n. being or having a body.

cor'porate, a. of, forming, or having a corporation.

corporā'tion, n. body of persons authorized to act as an individual; (colloq.) large belly; municipal ~, the ~, mayor, aldermen, and councillors.

corpor'eal, a. having body, material, tangible. ~ĭty, n.

cor'posant (-z-), n. ball of light seen on ship in storm.

corps (kōr; pl. kōrz), n. a military force; organized body.

corpse, n. dead body of person.

cor'pulence, n. bulkiness of body. cor'pulent, a. fleshy, bulky.

cor'pus, n. body of writings of a particular kind; collection.

cor'puscle (-sl), n. microscopic or minute body; atom, particle. corpus'cular, a. of corpuscles.

corral', n. pen or enclosure for cattle, &c.; (Ceylon) enclosure for the capture of wild elephants; laager. v.t. put or keep in corral; surround, encircle.

correct', a. in accordance with the facts; true, accurate, proper. v.t. set right; admonish for fault; counteract or neutralize. ~ion, n. correcting. ~itude, n. correct behaviour. ~ive, a. serving to correct. n. corrective measure or drug. ~or, n.

cŏ'rrelate, n. either of two things or words necessarily implying each other. v.i. & t. (-lable) be in or have correlation; bring into correlation.

correlā'tion, n. mutual relation; the relation of correlates.

correl'ative, a. having reciprocal relation. n. a correlate.

correspond', v.i. have points of agreement with; be analogous; exchange letters with.

correspŏn'dence, n. relation between things that answer to each other in some respect; analogy; exchange of letters; letters.

correspŏn'dent, a. corresponding. n. one who writes a letter to another or for a newspaper; an agent.

cŏ'rridor, n. passage or gallery with doors leading into many rooms.

corrigen'dum, n. (pl. -da), thing to be corrected, esp. in book.

cŏ'rrigible, a. that can be corrected.

corrŏb'orant, a. & n. tonic.

corrŏb'orate, v.t. (-rable), give support to; confirm. ~tion, ~tor, nn. ~tive, ~tory, aa.

corrŏb'oree, n. Australian native dance.

corrōde, v.t. & i. (-dable), affect with or suffer corrosion; eat into.

corrō'sion (-zhn), n. wearing away from the surface inwards.

corrō'sive, a. producing corrosion. n. corrosive agent.

cŏ'rrugate (-ōō-), v.t. & i. (-gable), contract into wrinkles; bend (iron) into wavy ridges. ~tion, n. ~tor, n. brow-contracting muscle.

corrupt', a. rotten; depraved; venal. v.t. & i. (-ible), make corrupt, deprave, bribe; rot, decompose. ~ibility, n.

corrup'tion, n. corrupting; corrupt state; depravity.
corsage' (-ahzh), n. what a woman is wearing about the bust.
cor'sair, n. Mohammedan or (loosely) other privateer.
corse, n. (poet.) corpse.
cors'et, n. pair of stays.
cors'let, ~selet (-sl-), n. piece of armour covering trunk; woman's tight-fitting garment.
‖ cortège (kortāzh'), n. procession.
Cor'tes, n. Spanish or Portuguese parliament.
cor'tex, n. outer covering of some organs, esp. outer grey matter of brain; bark.
cor'tical, a. of the nature of a cortex or of rind or bark. cor'ticated, a. having cortical covering.
corun'dum, n. crystallized mineral allied to sapphire and ruby.
co'ruscate, v.i. sparkle. ~tion, n. flash; quick vibration of light.
corvée (kōrv'ā), n. system of exacting unpaid labour.
corvette', n. flush-decked warship with one tier of guns.
cor'vine, a. of raven or crow.
Cor'ybant, n. priest of Cybele performing rites with frenzied dances and cries. corybăn'tic, a.
cor'ymb, n. raceme with flat or flattish top. cor'ymbose, a.
coryphae'us, n. leader of a chorus; spokesman, &c. of party.
cos, n. crisp long-leaved lettuce.
co-sig'natory, n. person or State signing document with others.
co'sine, n. (trigonometry) sine of complement of given angle (abbrev. cos).
cosmet'ic (-z-), a. beautifying. n. preparation for hair or skin.
cos'mic, a. of the universe.
cosmog'ony (-z-), n. genesis of the universe; theory of this.
cosmog'raphy (-z-), n. description or mapping of universe or earth. ~pher, n.; ~aph'ical, a.
cosmol'ogy (-z-), n. study of the universe in all its parts. cosmolo'gical, a.; ~gist, n.
cosmopol'itan (-z-), a. of all parts of the world; free from national prejudices. n. cosmopolitan person. ~ism, n.
cosmop'olite (-z-), n. citizen of the world. ~tism, n.
cos'mos¹ (-z-), n. the ordered universe; ordered system of ideas, &c.
cos'mos² (-z-), n. plant with single dahlia-like flower.
Coss'ack, a. & n. (one) of a south Russian people skilled in horsemanship and famous as cavalry.
coss'et, v.t. pamper, pet.
‖ coss'id, n. (Anglo-Ind.) a courier.
cost (-aw-), v.t. involve the payment or sacrifice of; have as price. n. what thing costs; (pl.) legal expenses.
cos'tal, a. of the ribs.
cos'tard, n. large ribbed apple.
cos'termonger (-mŭng-), n. hawker of fruit, fish, &c.
cos'tive, a. constipated.
cost'ly (-aw-), a. costing much, expensive; sumptuous.
costume', n. one's outer clothes; style of dress.
costum'ier, n. dealer in, maker of, costumes.
co'sy (-z-), ~zy, a. snug, comfortable. n. quilted cover for teapot to retain warmth.
cot¹, n. cottage; small erection for shelter, cote.
cot², n. (Anglo-Ind.) light bedstead; swinging bed on board ship; child's bed.
cote, n. shelter for animals.
cot'erie, n. set of persons with exclusive interests; select circle.
cothur'nus, n. (pl. -ni), buskin of Greek tragic actor.
cotill'ion, ~llon (-lyon), n. kinds of dance; music for them.
cott'age (-ij), n. small house, esp. in the country; residence at pleasure-resort. cott'ager (-ij-), n. dweller in a cottage.
cott'ar, n. Scottish peasant occupying cottage on farm.
cott'er, n. kinds of wedge or pin.
cott'on, n. a plant; the white downy fibrous covering of its

seeds; thread spun or cloth woven from this. v.i. be compatible or congruous; take to person or custom. cŏtt'ony a.

cotyle'don, n. primary or seed leaf in plant embryos.

couch¹ n. piece of furniture made for reclining on. v.t. & i. have one's bed or lair; lie ready to spring; set down or express in specified terms.

couch² (-ow-, -ōō-), n. usu. in comb. ~-grass, grass-weed with long creeping roots, quitch.

couch'ant, a. (Herald.) in couching attitude.

Coué'ism (kōō'āizm), n. systematic auto-suggestion of a sanguine kind.

cougar (kōō-), n. large feline beast.

cough (-awf), n. expulsion of air from the lungs; noise made by this; respiratory affection impelling to frequent coughs. v.i. & t. make cough. ~ up, (sl.) pay over money, &c.

could, p.t. of can¹

couloir, I coulée (kōōl'ī, kōōl'ā) n. dry ravine; (Geol.) lava flow.

coulisse (kōōlēs'), n. groove for thing to slide in.

couloir (kōōl'wahr), n. steep gully in mountain-side.

coulomb' (kōōlom), n. quantity of electricity conveyed in one second by current of one ampere.

coul'ter (kōl-) n. vertical blade in front of share in plough.

coun'cil, n. any deliberative or administrative body.

coun'cillor, n. member of council.

coun'sel, n. deliberation or debate; advice; a barrister.

coun'sellor, n. adviser.

count¹ v.t. & i. reckon (the number of) by counting; include or be included in reckoning; have no numerical value. n. one's reckoning; a counting; item in an indictment.

count², n. title of foreign noble.

coun'tenance, n. expression of face; favouring look; moral support. v.t. (-cable), give countenance to; look on with favour at.

coun'ter¹ n. small disk, &c. used in scoring at cards, &c., token piece at draughts, &c.; banker's or shopkeeper's table. ~-jumper (contempt.) shop assistant.

coun'ter² n. part between horse's shoulders and below its neck; fencing-parry. a. opposite. adv. in the contrary direction. v.t. & i. meet or baffle (opponent, &c.) with answering move.

counteract' v.t. neutralize or hinder by contrary action.

coun'ter-attack, v.t. & i., & n. attack after close of enemy's attack.

counter-attrac'tion, n. attraction of contrary tendency; rival attraction.

counterbal'ance, n. weight balancing another. v.t. (-ancie) neutralize by contrary power or influence.

coun'terblast (-ah-) n. energetic declaration against something.

coun'ter-charge, n. & v.t. charge in answer to another.

coun'tercheck, n. check that operates against another; retort.

coun'ter-claim, n. claim set up against another.

coun'terfeit, a. & n. (-fit) (thing) made in imitation, forged, not genuine. v.t. (-fēt), imitate; forge; simulate.

coun'terfoil, n. part of cheque, receipt, &c. retained as record.

counterir'ritant, n. thing used to produce surface irritation and so relieve internal trouble.

coun'termand¹ (-ah-), n. order issued in revocation of previous one. countermand'² v.t. revoke order; recall by countermand.

coun'termarch, n., & v.t. & i. march in contrary direction to that previously followed.

coun'termark, n. additional mark on goods. v.t. put countermark upon.

coun'termine, n. mine made to blow up enemy mine before it

is ready. v.t. & i. (-nable) make countermine; (fig.) counterplot.

coun'terpane (-pn, -pān), n. coverlet or quilt of bed.

coun'terpart, n. thing resembling another, corresponding part.

coun'terplot, n. plot contrived to defeat another. v.i. make counterplot.

coun'terpoint, n. melody added as accompaniment to given melody.

coun'terpoise (-z), n. counter balancing weight or force; equilibrium. v.t. counterbalance; compensate.

coun'ter-reformā'tion, ~-revolu'tion (-ōō-), nn. movements undoing the original one wholly or in part.

coun'tersign (-in), n. word to be given in answer to sentry's challenge; countermark. v.t. add confirming signature to. ~sig'nature, n.

countervail' v.t. & i. counter balance; avail against.

coun'terwork (-ûrk), v.i. try to frustrate.

coun'tess, n. wife or widow of count or earl.

coun'ting-house, n. building or room devoted to book-keeping.

count'less, a. too many to count.

coun'trified (kŭn-, -id), a. rural in appearance or manners.

coun'try (kŭn-), n. region; territory of a nation; land of one's birth; rural districts. ~ dance, any native English dance. ~ house, ~ seat, residence of country gentleman. ~man, rustic member of rural-labourer class; man of one's own country or specified district. ~side, rural district or its inhabitants.

coun'ty, n. territorial division of U.K., a shire; division of a State; people of a county; the county families. ~ borough, one ranking as administrative county. ~ council, elected governing body of administrative county. ~ court, court for civil actions. v.t. sue in county court for debt. ~ seat, county town.

coup (kōō), n. successful stroke or move. || coup de grâce (de grahs), finishing stroke. || ~ de main (de măn), sudden vigorous attack. || ~ d'état (dātah), violent or illegal change of government. || ~ d'oeil (-dĕ'ē), comprehensive glance; view as taken in by this. || ~ de théâtre (de tāah'tr), dramatically sudden or sensational act.

coupé (kōōp'ā), n. close carriage for two; half-compartment at end of railway-carriage.

cou'ple (kŭ-), n. leash for two hounds; married or engaged pair; two, a brace. v.t. & i. link or fasten or associate together.

coup'let (kŭ-), n. pair of successive lines of rhyming verse.

coup'ling (kŭ-), n. link connecting railway-carriages or parts of a machine.

coup'on (kōō-), n. detachable ticket entitling holder to something.

cou'rage (kŭ-), n. bravery, boldness; fortitude. courā'geous, a.

courier (kōō-), n. express messenger; servant employed to make travelling arrangements.

course (kōrs), n. going on in space or time; race or career; line of conduct or action; a series; ground on which race is run; distinct part of a meal; continuous layer of stone, &c. in building. v.t. & i. pursue (game); run about, run (esp. of liquids); chase; use hounds in coursing.

cours'er (kōr-), n. swift horse.

court (kōrt), n. space enclosed by wall or buildings; confined yard; area within walls or marked boundaries used in some games; sovereign's residence; his establishment and retinue; assembly of judges or other persons acting as tribunal; place in which justice is administered; qualified members of a corporation; meeting of these. v.t. pay court to; seek the favour or love of; invite. ~card, king, queen, knave. ~ martial, n. judicial court of naval or military officers. v.t. try

by this. ~yard, space enclosed by buildings.

court'eous (kōr- kôr-), a. polite or considerate in manners.

courtesan, -zan (kôrtĭzăn'), n. refined or high-placed harlot.

court'esy (kôr-, kôr-), n. courteous behaviour or disposition.

court'ier (kôr-), n. frequenter of royal Court.

court'ly (kôr-), a. in the manner of Courts; ceremonious; flattering.

court'ship (kôr-), n. courting, wooing, esp. of intended wife.

cous'in (kŭz-), n. child of one's uncle or aunt. ~hood, ~ship, nn.; ~ly a.

cove[1] n. small bay or inlet of coast; sheltered nook; (Archit.) concave arch, esp. of ceiling. v.t. provide (room, &c.) with cove; slope (fireplace) inwards.

cove[2] n. (sl.) fellow, chap.

co'venant (kŭ-), n. compact, bargain, sealed contract, clause of this. v.t. & i. make covenant with. co'venanted (kŭ-), a. bound by a covenant.

co'venanter, n. one who covenants, esp. (Sc. hist.) an adherent of the Covenants of 1638 and 1643.

Cov'entry n. In phr. send one to ~, combine to cut him.

co'ver (kŭ-), v.t. be over the whole top of; overlie or lie above; conceal or shield; suffice to defray (expenses); report for newspaper &c. n. thing that covers whole or part of something; shelter; screen or pretence. ~let, bed-cover lying over other bedclothes. ~point, (Crick.) fielder behind point to stop balls first man misses; his place in the field.

co'vert (kŭ-), a. secret, disguised; not open or explicit. covert (kŭv'-ert), n. wood or thicket affording cover for game.

co'verture (kŭ-), n. covering; wife's position under husband's care.

co'vet (kŭ-), v.t. long to possess; desire eagerly. ~ous, a. avaricious, grasping.

co'vey (kŭ-), n. (pl. -eys), brood of partridges, esp. flying together.

cow[1] n. (pl. -s, arch. kine), female ox, esp. of domestic kind; female of elephant, rhinoceros, whale, seal, &c. ~boy boy in charge of cows *man in charge of cattle on ranch. *~catcher fender in front of locomotive. ~heel, stewed foot of cow or ox. ~herd, one who tends cows at pasture. ~hide, n. leather or whip of cow's hide; v.t. thrash with cowhide. ~puncher, (U.S. & Austral.) cow-boy ~shot, (Crick. sl.) violent pull made in crouching position. ~spanker, (Austral.) cow-boy.

cow[2] v.t intimidate.

cow'ard, n. faint-hearted, pusillanimous person; (attrib.) cowardly ~ice, n. cowardly conduct. ~ly a. of or like a coward.

cow'er, v.i. crouch or shrink with fear or with cold.

cowl, n. monk's hooded cloak; its hood, hood-shaped top of chimney or shaft. ~ed, a.

cow'pox, n. disease on cows' teats, source of vaccine.

cowr'ie,n. small sea-shell of Indian Ocean, used as money in parts of Asia, &c.

cow'slip, n. yellow-flowered plant growing in pastures.

cox, n. coxswain, esp. of racing boat. v.t. & i. act as cox.

cox'comb (-ōm), n. person given to showing off; (hist.) medieval jester's cap like cock's comb. coxcomb'ical, a. ~ry, n.

cox'swain (-kson) n. boat's helmsman, esp. one in charge of ship's boat. steersman of racing boat. ~less, a.

coy a. modest, shy (usu. of girl).

coyō'te (kō-, kī'ōt), n. N Amer prairie-wolf.

co'zen (kŭ-), v.t. & i. cheat.

co'zenage (kŭ-), n. cozening.

crab, n. crustacean with ten legs, esp. edible species; crab-apple; kinds of winch and capstan. v.t. & i. cry down, depreciate; criticize with intent to frustrate.

—apple, fruit of the crab-tree. —louse, parasite infesting human body. —tree, wild apple-tree with fruit of harsh sour flavour. catch a ~, in rowing, get oar jammed under water by faulty stroke.

crabb'ed, crabb'y, aa. contorted, perverse, cantankerous.

crack, n. sudden sharp noise, resounding blow; fracture; piece of burglary; a talk. v.t. & i. suffer a crack or partial break; (of whip, &c.) make crack; (of voice) suffer change of tone; talk together; (s.p.) crazy. a. of great reputation. adv. sharply.

*crack'-jack, n. outstanding person.

crack'er, n. kind of firework; explosive bonbon; thin crisp biscuit; *unsweetened biscuit.

crac'kle, n. sound of repeated slight cracking. v.t. emit crackle.

crack'ling, n. crackling sound; crisp skin of roast pork.

crack'nel, n. crisp soft biscuit.

crack'sman, n. burglar.

cra'dle, n. infant's bed on rockers; place in which thing is first nurtured; frame for conveying something; gold-washing basket. v.t. be the cradle of; wash (ore).

cra'dling, n. wood or iron framework, used in building.

craft (-ah-), n. skill, cunning; art, trade; boat(s), vessel(s).

crafts'man (-ah-), n. one who practises a craft. ~ship, n.

craf'ty (-ah-), a. cunning, artful.

crag, n. steep rugged rock.

crags'man (-en), n. rock-climber.

crake, n. bird of the rail kind.

cram, v.t. & i. fill to repletion; fill mind with facts, &c. required for examination; pack tightly; eat greedily. n. crowded or close-packed state; cramming for examination; (sl.) lie. ~mer, n. person who crams examinees; (sl.) lie.

cram'bo, n. game in which one player gives word to which another finds a rhyme.

cramp, n. contraction of muscles from sudden chill, strain, &c.; kinds of clamp for holding masonry or timbers together. v.t. restrict; enclose too narrowly; (p.p.) affected with muscular cramp; (of space) too narrow; (of handwriting) too small or close.

cram'pons (-z), n.pl. spiked appliances attached to boots for ice-climbing.

cran, n. measure (37½ gal.) for fresh herrings.

cra'nage, n. use of crane; dues paid for this.

cran'berry, n. a shrub or its acid red berry used in tarts.

crane, n. large wading bird; machine for moving heavy weights. v.t. & i. (-naid), stretch one's neck or head; move weights with crane. ~-fly, daddy-long-legs. ~'s-bill, kinds of wild geranium.

cra'nium, n. (pl. -ia), bones enclosing the brain, brain-pan; skull. cra'nial, a. craniolo'gical, a. craniol'ogist, ~ogy, nn.

crank, n. arm projecting from an axle used to produce rotary motion, elbow-joint at angle of bell-wire; fanciful speech; eccentric notion, fad; faddist. v.t. set (motor engine) going by turning a crank. cran'ky, a. shaky or crazy; capricious, crotchety eccentric.

cran'nog, n. ancient lake-dwelling in Scotland or Ireland.

cran'ny, n. chink, crevice, crack. cran'nied, a.

crape, n. gauzy wrinkled fabric, usu. of black silk.

craps, n.pl. simplified form of hazard.

crap'ulence, n. state following excessive drinking or eating. ~lent, ~lous, aa.

crash[1], n. violent fall or impact; sudden downfall or collapse. v.i. fall with a crash; make a loud crash.

crash[2], n. coarse linen cloth.

crass, a. grossly stupid; without

crassitude, stupidity, of thick coarse texture. ~itude, n.
crate, n. open-work case of wooden bars or wicker for goods.
crā'ter, n. volcano-mouth; bowl-shaped cavity.
cravat', n. kind of neckcloth.
crave, v.t. & i. have a vehement desire for, request, beg for.
crā'ven, a. cowardly, abject. n. cowardly person or animal.
craw, n. crop of birds or insects.
crawl, v.i. advance on hands or knees or on the belly; move with extreme slowness, creep, sneak about. n. crawling motion; slow walk; fast stroke in swimming. crawl'er, n. one that crawls; baby's overall; slow-moving cab; louse. *heliograph.
cray'fish, craw'~, n. fresh-water lobster-like crustacean.
cray'on, n. stick or pencil of coloured chalk; picture drawn with crayons.
craze, v.t. drive crazy. n. general or individual mania.
crā'zy, a. unsound, shaky; mad; half-witted; madly eager for.
creak, n. harsh noise as of unoiled hinge. v.i. emit creak.
cream, n. oily part of milk convertible into butter; best part of anything, the pick; (attrib.) cream-coloured. v.i. & t. form cream or scum, skim off the cream. cream'ery, n. shop where milk, cream, &c. are sold. ~y, a.
crease, n. line made by folding; wrinkle; (Crick.) white line defining position of bowler (bowling-~) and limit of batsman's ground (popping-~). v.t. & i. (-sable), make creases, develop creases.
create', v.t. (-table), bring into existence; invest with rank; originate; make a fuss. creā'tive, a.
creā'tion, n. creating (esp. the world); all created things; production of the human mind.
creā'tor, n. The C~, the Supreme Being; one who creates. ~tress.
crea'ture (krē'cher), n. human being or animal; person's dependant or tool; contemptible person.
crèche (-āsh), n. public nursery for infants.
crē'dence, n. belief; credit.
creden'tials (-shalz), n.pl. letters of recommendation.
cred'ible, a. believable, worthy of belief. ~bility, n.
cred'it, n. belief, trust; good reputation; allowing of deferred payment; sum at person's disposal in bank. v.t. believe; carry to credit side of account. ~able, a. praiseworthy.
cred'itor, n. person or body to whom one owes money.
crē'dō, n. (pl. -os), creed.
cred'ūlous, a. too ready to believe. credū'lity, n.
creed, n. formal summary of Christian doctrine; set of opinions on any subject.
creek, n. inlet on sea-coast or arm of river; small stream.
creel, n. angler's fishing-basket.
creep, v.i. (crept), crawl along the ground, move stealthily or slowly; be servile; experience shivering sensation. n. (pl.) spell of creeping shrinking horror. ~y, a.
creep'er, n. creeping or climbing plant.
cremate', v.t. (-table), consume by fire, as method of disposing of corpses. ~tion, n.
cremā'tor, n. person, furnace cremating corpses or rubbish. cremator'ium (pl. -s, -ia), n. establishment for cremation.
Cremōn'a, n. violin made at C.
cren'ellated, a. having battlements or loopholes. ~tion, n.
crē'ole, n. person born in W. Indies, Mauritius, &c., but of European or negro race; descendant of French or Spanish settlers in Louisiana.
crē'osote, n. oily antiseptic liquid distilled from wood-tar.
‖ crêpe (-āp), n. crapy fabric other than black mourning crape. ~ de Chine (de-shēn), a strong glossy crêpe. ~ rubber, washed rubber

crep'itāte, v.i. make crackling noise. ~ātion, n.

‖ crêpon (krĕp'ŏn), n. stuff like crape, but firmer.

crept, p.p. of creep.

crepus'cūlar, a. of twilight; (Zool.) active, &c. at twilight.

crescĕn'dō (-sh-), adv., n., & a. (passage of music to be played) with gradually increasing volume.

cres'cent, n. figure of moon in first or last quarter; Mohammedan badge; row of houses of curved shape. a. crescent-shaped.

cress, n. kinds of plant with pungent edible leaves.

cres'set, n. fire-basket slung to give light.

crest, n. comb or tuft on animal's head; plume or central ridge of helmet; mane of horse, &c.; top of mountain, end of foam on wave; heraldic device. v.t. & i. serve as crest to; crown; reach top of. ~fallen, a. mortified, dejected.

crētā'ceous (-shus), a. chalky.

crē'tin, n. deformed idiot.

crē'tinism, n. combination of idiocy and deformity. ~ous, a.

cretŏnne', n. unglazed colour-printed cotton cloth.

crevasse', n. deep open split or chasm in glacier.

crev'ice, n. chink, fissure.

crew¹ (-ōō), n. ship's or boat's company; set; gang, mob.

crew², See crow.

crew'el (-ōō-), n. thin worsted for tapestry and embroidery.

crib, n. barred rack for fodder; bin for grain, salt, &c.; child's bed; (sl.) place of work; dealer's cards at cribbage, thrown out from other players' hands; plagiarism; translation for (esp. illegitimate) use of students. v.t. & i. confine in small space; plagiarize or copy or use crib.

crib'bage, n. card-game for two, three, or four persons. ~-board, board with holes for scoring.

crick, n. spasmodic affection of muscles. v.t. produce crick in.

crick'et¹ n. chirping insect.

crick'et² n. open-air game with ball, bats, and wickets. ~er, ~ing, as not ~, (colloq.) infringing the code of fair play.

cried, p.t. of cry.

crī'er, n. officer who makes public announcements.

cri'key, int. (sl.) expressing astonishment.

crime, n. act punishable by law; wicked act; sin. v.t. (Mil.) charge with or convict of military offence.

crim'inal, a. of the nature of crime. n. person guilty of crime. ~ity, n. state of being criminal.

crim'inate, v.t. & i. (-able), impute crime to; prove guilty of crime; censure. ~tion, n.; ~tive, ~tory, aa.

criminolog'ogy, n. study of crime.

crim'iny, int. (arch.) expressing surprise.

crimp¹ n. agent who entraps men for seamen or soldiers. v.t. entrap thus; impress.

crimp² v.t. press into small folds; frill, corrugate.

crim'son (-z-), a. & n. rich deep red (colour). v.t. & i. turn crimson; dye crimson.

cringe (-j), v.i. cower; behave obsequiously. n. act of cringing.

crinkle (kring'kl), n. wrinkle, short bend or turn. v.t. & i. form crinkles (in). crink'ly, adv.

crin'oline, n. hooped petticoat used to expand skirt; structure to ward off torpedoes.

crip'ple, n. lame person. v.t. lame, disable; (fig.) impair.

crī'sis, n. (pl. -ēs), turning-point; time of acute danger.

crisp, a. brittle; bracing; brisk, decisive; curly. n. (pl.) potato-crisps. v.t. & i. press into short folds; make or become crisp.

criss'-cross (-aws), n. ~-row, the alphabet; crossing of lines, currents, &c. a. crossing; in cross lines, adv. in criss-cross manner. v.i. go or make criss-cross.

cris'tāte, a. (Nat. Hist.) crested.

critēr'ion, n. (pl. -ia), principle taken as standard in judging.

crit'ic, n. person who attempts or is skilled in criticism.

crit'ical, a. censorious, fault-finding; skilled in criticism; of the nature of a crisis.

crit'icaster, n. feeble critic.

crit'icism, n. judging of merit; animadversion; critical observation.

crit'icize, v.t. & i. (-zable), discuss critically; find fault with.

critique (-ēk), n. critical essay.

croak, n. deep hoarse note of a frog or raven. v.i. & t. utter croak, be hoarse; talk gloomily. ~er, n. prophet of ill. ~y, a.

crō'chet (-shi), n. kind of knitting with hooked needle. v.t. & i. (-cheted, pr. -shid), do crochet, make by crochet.

crock, n. earthenware jar; broken-down horse; worn-out or disabled person. v.t. make (person) into a crock. crŏck'ery, n. earthenware vessels, plates, &c.

crock'et, n. ornament on inclined side of a pinnacle, &c.

croc'odile, n. large amphibious reptile; hypocritical enemy; (loc.) school walking two-and-two.

crō'cus, n. dwarf bulbous plant with yellow or purple flowers.

Croe'sus (krē-), n. wealthy man.

croft (-aw-), n. small piece of arable land close to house; crofter's holding. crof'ter (-aw-), n. joint tenant of Scotch divided farm.

Crô-Magnon (-mahnyon'), a. applied to a European race of the Stone Age, so called from the discovery of remains in the cave of Cro-Magnon in Dordogne.

crom'lech (-k), n. stone circle (esp. in France); (formerly) tomb of huge stones.

crone, n. withered old woman.

crō'ny, n. intimate friend.

crook, n. hooked staff, esp. of shepherd or bishop; bend, curve; wry turn; (sl.) swindler, criminal. v.t. & i. bend into a crook.

crŏoked (-kt), a. crutched.

crook'ed, a. not straight, bent, twisted; not straightforward.

croon, n. low monotonous singing. v.i. & t. utter croon; hum softly.

crop, n. pouch in bird's gullet; thick end of whip, whip-handle; produce of cultivated lands; cropping of hair. v.t. & i. poll or clip; bite off or eat down grass, &c.; sow, plant, raise crop; reap; yield harvest.

crŏp'per, n. person or thing that crops; (sl.) heavy fall.

crō'quet (-ki), n. lawn game with hoops, wooden balls, and mallets; croqueting. v.t. & i. (-queting, -ted, pr. -kiing, -kid), drive away (player's ball) by striking one's own ball placed in contact with the other; do this.

croquette (-kĕt), n. rissole.

crore, n. one hundred lacs.

crō'sier, ~zier (-zhyer), n. pastoral staff of bishop or abbot.

cross (-aw-), n. stake used by the ancients for crucifixion, usu. with transverse bar; model of this as emblem of the Christian religion; cross-shaped thing, decoration in some Orders of knighthood; sign of cross as religious act; line that intersects another; affliction; trial or annoyance; intermixture of breeds; a hybrid. a. transverse; reaching from side to side; intersecting; (colloq.) peevish, out of humour. v.t. & i. place crosswise; make sign of cross; draw line across; go across (road, sea, &c.); meet and pass (each other); thwart; traverse obstacles; (of animals or plants) interbreed, cross-fertilize; (of persons) cause (animals, plants, &c.) to cross.

cross'-bearer (-aw-; -ār), n. person carrying processional cross.

cross'belt (-aw-), n. belt for cartridges, &c., from shoulder to opposite hip.

cross'bill (-aw-), n. bird whose mandibles cross when bill is closed.

cross'bones (-aws-), n.pl. two arm or thigh bones crossed.
cross'bow (-aws-; -ō), n. weapon formed of a bow fixed across a wooden stock.
cross'-breed (-aws-), n. hybrid animal.
cross-butt'ock (-aws-), n. wrestling-throw over the hip.
cross-coun'try (-aws-kŭn-), a. across fields, not following roads.
crosse, n. netted crook used in lacrosse.
cross-examina'tion (-aws-ĕgz-), n. examination of witness with a view to shaking his evidence. ~**-exam'ine**, v.t. subject to cross-examination.
cross'-grained (-aws-), a. (of wood) with grain running irregularly; (fig.) perverse, intractable.
cross-hatch' (-aws-), v.t. engrave with intersecting parallel lines.
cross'ing (-aws-), n. an intersection; place where street is crossed.
cross'patch (-aws-), n. ill-tempered child or woman.
cross-pur'pose (-aws-), n. contrary purpose; (pl.) a game.
cross-ques'tion (-aws- -chn), n. question put in cross-examination. v.t. cross-examine.
cross'-road (-aws-), n. one that crosses another or joins two.
cross'tie, n. transverse piece of timber &c.
cross'wise (-awswīz), adv. in the manner of a cross.
cross'-word (-aws-wĕrd), a. ~ puzzle, puzzle in which words to be written horizontally and others crossing them vertically on chequered paper are indicated by means of clues.
crotch'et, n. (Mus.) black-headed note with stem; whim or fad. ~**eer**, n. faddist. ~**y**, a.
cro'ton, n. kind of plant. ~ oil, drastic purgative.
crouch, v.i. stoop, bend, esp. timidly or servilely. n. crouching.
croup¹ (-ōō-), n. throat-disease of children, with sharp cough.
croup(e)² (-ōō-), n. rump, hind-quarters, esp. of horses.
croup'ier (-ōō-), n. raker-in of money at gaming-table.
crow (-ō), v.i. (past crowed, arch. crew, -ōō), utter cock's cry; (of infants) utter joyful sounds; exult. n. cock's cry; infant crowing; kinds of bird of black or black and grey plumage. ~**-blackbird**, the purple grackle and allied species. ~**-pheasant**, (Anglo-Ind.) popular name of a bird held in India to give omens.
crow'bar (-ō-), n. bar of iron used as a lever.
crow'berry (-ō-), n. black-berried heath shrub; large cranberry.
crowd, n. throng, dense multitude; (colloq.) set, lot. v.t. & i. form crowd, come in crowds; fill, cram; force into; thrust out.
crow'-foot (-ō-), n. kinds of buttercup.
crown, n. wreath for the head; monarch's head-covering or circlet; supreme governing power in a monarchy; British coin of 5s.; top of the head or of a hat; completion. v.t. put crown on; make king or queen; be the consummation or reward of; put finishing touch to.
crow's'-foot (-ō-), n. small compound wrinkle about the eye.
crow's'-nest (-ō-), n. barrel at mast-head for look-out man.
cru'cial (-ōōshl), a. decisive, critical; (Anat.) transverse.
cru'cible (-ōō-), n. vessel in which metals can be fused.
crucif'erous (-ōō-), a. with four equal petals arranged crosswise.
cru'cifix (-ōō-), n. image of Christ on the cross. **crucifix'ion** (-kshn), n. crucifying, esp. that of Christ. **cru'ciform** (-ōō-), a. cross-shaped. **cru'cify** (-ōō-), v.t. put to death on cross; mortify or chasten.
crude (-ōō-), a. in the natural or raw state; not digested; unripe; (fig.) ill-digested, unpolished, lacking finish. **crud'ity** (-ōō-), n. crudeness.

cru'ĕl (-ōō-), a. callous to others' pain, painful, distressing.
cru'ĕlty (-ōō-), n. cruel temper or conduct.
cru'ĕt (-ōō-), n. small stoppered bottle for use at table; cruet-stand. ~-stand, one holding cruets, mustard-pot, &c.
cruise (-ōōz), v.i. sail about without precise destination. n. cruising voyage. crui'ser (-ōōz-) n. high-speed warship of intermediate armament.
crŭmb (-m), n. small fragment, esp. of bread; soft inner part of bread. v.t. cover, thicken, with crumbs; break into crumbs. crŭmb'y (-mĭ), a.
crŭm'ble, v.i. & t. break, fall, into crumbs or fragments.
crŭm'bly, a. apt to crumble.
crŭmm'y, a. (sl.) (of women) plump, comely; jolly; rich.
crŭmp (colloq.), v.t. hit (esp. cricket-ball) hard. n. hard hit; heavy fall; exploding shell.
crŭm'pĕt, n. flat soft cake eaten hot with butter; (sl.) head.
crŭm'ple, v.t. & i. crush together into creases; become creased.
crŭnch, n. sound made by chewing crisp food or treading on gravel. v.t. & i. chew loud; make or emit this sound.
crŭpp'er, n. strap passing round horse's tail; horse's croup.
crusāde' (-ōō-), n. medieval military expedition to recover Palestine; campaign or movement against recognized evil. v.i. take part in crusade.
cruse (-ōōz), n. earthenware jar.
crŭsh, v.t. compress with violence so as to break, bruise, or crumple; overwhelm. n. crowded mass of persons, &c.; (colloq.) crowded social gathering.
crŭst, n. hard outer part of bread; pastry covering pie; surface of earth, &c.; deposit of port. v.t. & i. cover with, form into, crust, become covered with crust.
crŭstā'cean (-shn) n. crustaceous animal.
crŭstā'ceous (-shus) a. crust-like or crusted; of the *Crustacea* or hard-shelled animals.
crŭs'ty, a. with much or hard crust; irritable, surly.
crŭtch, n. staff for lame person's support, prop.
crŭtched (-cht), a. supported on crutch; having cross-piece.
crŭx, n. knotty point, puzzle.
crȳ, v.i. & t. (cried, -iable), utter a shrill call; weep or wail. n. (pl. -ies), loud inarticulate utterance of grief, pain, fear, joy, &c.; urgent appeal; phrase, &c. that serves to rally partisans; spell of weeping. ~ing, a. (of evils) flagrant, demanding redress.
crĭpt, n. vault, esp. one below church used as burial-place.
crĭp'tĭc, a. of mysterious import; veiled in obscurity.
crĭp'togăm, n. plant without stamens or pistil; non-flowering plant. ~ic, crĭptŏg'amous, aa.
crĭp'togrăm, n. piece of cipher writing. ~grăph'ic, a.
crĭs'tal, n. a transparent mineral like ice or glass; glass of especial transparency; cut-glass vessels; (Nat. Sci.) aggregation of molecules. a. made of, like, as clear as, crystal. ~ receiver, ~ set, simple form of wireless receiving apparatus.
crĭs'talline, a. of or like or clear as crystal.
crĭs'tallīze, v.t. & i. (-zable), form into crystals or (fig.) into definite permanent shape. ~zā'tion, n.
crĭs'talloid, a. & n. crystal-like (body) of crystalline structure.
cŭb, n. young fox or other wild beast; ill-mannered child or youth. cŭbb'ing, n. cub-hunting. cŭbb'ish, a. ill-mannered.
cŭbb'y-hōle, n. snug place.
cūbe, n. solid figure contained by six equal squares; product of a number multiplied by its square. v.t. find cube of (number).
cū'bĭc, a. of three dimensions; involving the cubes of numbers.
cū'bĭcal, a. cube-shaped.
cū'bĭcle, n. small separate sleeping compartment in dormitory.

cū'biform, a. cube-shaped.
cū'bism, n. recent style in art of so presenting objects as to give the effect of an assemblage of geometrical figures. cū'bist, n.
cū'bit, n. measure about 18 in.
cuck'old, n. husband of adulterous wife. v.t. make a cuckold of.
cuc'koo (koo-), n. migratory bird appearing in spring; its call.
cū'cumber, n. long fleshy fruit of a creeping plant; the plant.
cud, n. ruminant's half-digested food.
cud'bear (-bār), n. a dye stuff; the lichen it is made from.
cud'dle, v.t. & i. fondle; nestle together. n. close embrace.
cudd'y, n. cabin of half-decked ship; (Sc.) donkey.
cud'gel, n. thick stick as weapon. v.t. beat with cudgel.
cue, n. actor's words serving as signal for another to speak, &c.; hint, intimation; billiard-player's rod.
cuff, v.t. strike with the hand. n. a blow; end of coat or shirt sleeve; linen wrist-band.
|| cui bo'no (kī), who profited by it? (pop.) to what purpose?
cuirass' (kw-), n. breast and back plate forming body armour. cuirassier' (kwĭr-), n. cavalryman with cuirass.
cuisine (kwizēn'), n. cooking methods; the feeding at hotel, &c.
cul-de-sac (kōōl' de săk), n. blind alley.
cū'linary, a. of or for cooking.
cull, v.t. pick (flowers); select.
cul'minate, v.i. reach highest point of development; (Astron.) reach meridian. ~tion, n.
cul'pable, a. blameworthy; criminal. ~bility, n.
cul'prit, n. prisoner at the bar; an offender.
cult, n. system of religious worship; devotion to person or thing.
cul'tivate, v.t. (-able), till, raise crops from land; (fig.) improve, develop; pay attention to, cherish. ~tion, ~tor, nn.
cul'ture, n. tillage; refinement; artificial rearing of bees, fish, bacteria, &c. cul'tural (-cher-), a.
cul'tured (-cherd), a. exhibiting culture.
cul'verin, n. obsolete cannon.
cul'vert, n. tunnel-drain for water crossing road, canal, &c.
cum'ber, v.t. hamper, hinder; burden. n. embarrassment. ~some, ~brous, aa. hampering; inconveniently large or heavy.
|| cum'bly, cum'bly n. (Anglo-Ind.) a blanket; coarse woollen cloth.
cum'in, n. plant with aromatic seed.
cumm'erbund, n. waist-sash.
|| cum'shaw n. (in Chinese ports) a gratuity; bakhsheesh.
cū'mulative, a. representing the sum of many items.
cū'mulus, n. (pl. -li), heaped-up mass of cloud.
cūnē'iform, a. wedge-shaped; of inscriptions, composed of cuneiform marks. n. cuneiform characters.
cunn'ing, n. skill, dexterity; skill in deceit or evasion. a. possessed of cunning.
cup, n. drinking-vessel of any material or form; (fig.) draught of sorrow or joy; gold or silver or plated trophy in wine-cup shape as prize; rounded cavity, socket, &c. v.t. bleed by means of a cupping-glass. cup'ful (-ōōl), n.
cupboard (kŭb'erd), n. shelved closet or cabinet.
cūpid'ity, n. greed of gain.
cū'pola, n. rounded dome forming roof; kind of furnace; ship's or fort's revolving gun-turret.
cū'preous, a. of copper, coppery.
cur, n. worthless or snappish dog; ill-bred or cowardly fellow.
curaçao (-sō), n. orange-peel liqueur.
cū'racy, n. curate's office.
cūrar'e, n. vegetable poison paralysing motor nerves.
cūrass'ow (-ō), n. S. Amer. bird like turkey.
cū'rate, n. parish priest's salaried clerical assistant.

cū'rative, a. tending to cure. n. curative drug or measure.
cūrā'tor, n. person in charge of something, esp. of museum or library; member of a board. ~ship, n.
curb, n. part of a bridle; (fig.) constraint, check; = kerb. v.t. apply curb to; restrain.
curd, n. coagulated substance formed by action of acids on milk; (pl.) broken-up curd as food. curd'y, a.
cur'dle, v.t. & i. coagulate, form into curd.
cure, n. remedy; course of treatment; spiritual charge. v.t. (-rable), restore to health, heal, remedy; preserve (meat, &c.). cure'less, a. incurable.
cure², n. (sl.) eccentric person.
curé, n. (kū'rā), French parish priest.
curette, n. surgeon's scraping instrument. v.t. scrape with this.
cur'few, n. ringing of bell at fixed evening hour.
cūr'iō, n. (pl. -os), curious object of art.
cūrio'sity, n. desire to know; inquisitiveness; strange or rare thing.
cūr'ious, a. eager to learn; inquisitive; strange, surprising.
curl, v.t. & i. bend; coil into spiral shape; proceed in a curve; play at curling. n. spiral lock of hair; spiral or incurved form.
cur'lew, n. long-billed wading bird with musical cry.
cur'ling, n. game played on ice with large flattish stones.
curl'y, a. having curls.
curmudg'eon (-jn), n. churlish or miserly fellow.
cu'rrant, n. a dried fruit; fruit of kinds of Ribes.
cu'rrency, n. time during which a thing is current; money current in a country; ~ note, inconvertible legal-tender note for £1 or 10s.
cu'rrent, a. in circulation or general use; not yet superseded. n. moving body of water, air, or electricity; general tendency or course.
cu'rricle, n. light two-wheeled two-horse carriage.
curric'ulum, n. (pl. -la) appointed course of study.
cu'rrier, n. leather-dresser.
cu'rry¹, n. (Anglo-Ind.) dish of rice, dressed with spiced mincemeat, fish, &c.; (Eng.) dish of meat, &c. cooked with curry powder, a preparation of turmeric.
cu'rry², v.t. rub down or dress (horse); dress (leather). ~-comb, metal comb for horses, &c.
curse, n. invocation of destruction or punishment; thing whose effects are disastrous. v.t. & i. (-sable), utter curse against; be a curse to. curs'ed, a. under a curse; damned.
cur'sive, n. running script. a. in cursive.
cursor'ial, a. (Zool.) having limbs adapted for running.
cur'sory, a. without attention to details; rapid, desultory.
curt, a. noticeably or rudely brief; over-concise.
curtail', v.t. cut down, shorten, reduce. ~ment, n.
cur'tain (-tn), n. cloth, &c. suspended as screen. v.t. provide, shut off, with curtains. ~-fire, barrage.
cur'tilage, n. area attached to dwelling-house.
curt'sy, n. woman's act of deference. v.i. drop curtsy.
curve, n. line of which no part is straight. v.t. & i. (-vable), bend so as to form a curve. cur'vature, n. curving, curved shape.
curvet', n. horse's frisky leap. v.i. perform this.
curvilin'ear, a. of curved lines.
cush'at, n. wood pigeon.
cushion (koo'shn), n. bag of silk, cloth, &c. filled with soft material; elastic lining of billiard-table's sides. v.t. furnish with cushions; place or leave (billiard-ball) close to cushion.

from a standard; (Gram.) manner of declining nouns.
declina'tion, n. downward bend; angular distance of star &c. N. or S. of celestial equator; deflection of compass-needle from true N. and S. ~al, a.
decline' v.t. & i. (-nable), show a downward tendency; decrease, deteriorate; refuse; rehearse or make the case-forms of (nouns, &c.). n. gradual decrease or deterioration; decay wasting disease.
decliv'ity, n. downward slope.
declutch' v.i. disengage clutch.
decoc'tion, n. extraction of essence by boiling.
decode' v.t. (-dable), decipher.
‖ **décolleté** (dākŏl'tā), a. (fem. -ée), low-necked; in low-necked dress.
decompose' (-z) v.t. & i., separate (substance) into its elements; rot. **decomposi'tion**, n.
decontrol' v.t. release (trade, &c.) from Government control.
dec'orate, v.t. (-rable), adorn, beautify; invest with badge of honour. ~tive, a.
decora'tion, n. decorating; badge, medal, &c.; (pl.) flags, &c. put up on festive occasion. "D— Day," Memorial Day
dec'orator, n. tradesman who paints and papers houses.
decor'ous, a. not offending against decency or seemliness.
decor'um, n. seemliness, propriety etiquette.
decoy' n. netted pond into which wild duck may be enticed; bird, or person, used to entice others; an enticement. v.t. entice by a decoy
decrease, v.t. & i. (dĭkrēs') diminish. n. (dē'krēs) diminution.
decree' n. authoritative order; judicial decision. v.t. ordain by decree. ~ nisi, (law.) order for divorce after fixed period.
dec'rement, n. decrease.
decrep'it, a. enfeebled with age infirm. ~ude, n.
decre'tal, n. Papal decree.
decry' v.t. disparage, cry down.

dec'uple, a. tenfold. n. tenfold amount. v.t. & i. multiply by 10.
ded'icate, v.t. (-cable), devote to the service of God; give up to some special purpose; inscribe (book, &c.). ~tion, n. dedicating; words in which book is dedicated. ~tor, n. ~tory, a.
deduce' v.t. (-cible), infer; draw a conclusion from facts.
deduct' v.t. subtract; take away or withhold. ~ion, n. deducting, amount deducted; deducing; inference. ~ive, a. deducing.
deed, n. thing consciously done; feat, reality legal document. v.t. convey or transfer by deed.
deem, v.t. believe, consider, judge. ~ster, n. Manx judge.
deep, a. going far down or far in; immersed in; profound heart-felt; hard to fathom. n. abyss, pit the sea. adv. far down or in. deep'en, v.t. & i.
deer, n. kinds of ruminant quadruped. ~forest, wild land reserved for deer-stalking. ~hound, large rough-haired greyhound. ~stalker, sportsman stalking deer; pattern of cloth hat.
deface' v.t. (-cable), disfigure; make illegible. ~ment, n.
‖ **de fac'to**, in fact, whether by right or not.
defal'cate, v.i. be guilty of defalcation. ~tor, n.
defalca'tion, n. misappropriation of funds; breach of trust concerning money
defame' v.t. (-mable), attack the good fame of. **defama'tion**, n.; **defam'atory**, a.
default' n. failure to act or appear or pay v.i. fail to meet obligations.
defeat' v.t. worst in battle or other contest frustrate, baffle. n. lost battle or contest; frustration. ~ism, n. conduct tending to bring about acceptance of defeat. ~ist, n. & a.
def'ecate, v.t. & i. (-cable), clear of impurities, refine; void excrement. ~tion, ~tor, nn.

defect' *n.* lack of something; shortcoming, blemish.
defec'tion, *n.* abandonment of one's leader or cause.
defec'tive, *a.* incomplete, faulty wanting, deficient.
defence *n.* defending from, resistance of, attack; (Mil., pl.) fortifications; defendant's case in law-suit. ~less, *a.*
defend *v.t.* & *i.* ward off attack from, keep safe, protect; conduct the defence in law-suit.
defen'dant, *n.* person accused or sued in court of law
defen'der, *n.* one who defends.
defen'sible, *a.* easily defended justifiable. ~bility *n.*
defen'sive, *a.* serving for defence. *n.* state or posture of defence.
defer' *v.t.* put off, postpone. ~ment, *n.* **defer'** *v.i.* change one's course in deference to another's advice.
def'erence, *n.* compliance with advice, &c. of another; respectful conduct. **deferen'tial** (-shl), *a.* showing deference.
defi'ance, *n.* challenge to fight; open refusal to obey
defi'ant, *a.* expressing defiance.
defi'ciency (-shn-), *n.* lack or shortage; thing wanting; deficit.
defi'cient (-shnt), *a.* insufficient in quantity, force, &c.
de'ficit (or def'-), *n.* deficiency in a sum of money &c.; excess of liabilities over assets.
defile', *v.i.* (drill) march in file. *n.* narrow gorge or pass.
defile' *v.t.* (-lable), make dirty pollute profane. ~ment, *n.*
define' *v.t.* (-nable), mark out (limits, boundary); fix or show clearly; state meaning precisely
def'inite, *a.* with exact limits; determinate, distinct, precise.
defini'tion, *n.* statement of the precise meaning of a term.
defin'itive, *a.* to be regarded as final; not subject to revision.
deflate *v.t.* (-table), empty (balloon, &c.) of its gas or air; reduce inflation of (currency). ~tion, *n.*

deflect' *v.t.* & *i.* turn aside from the straight course. **deflex'ion** (-kshn), ~lec'tion, *n.*
deflow'er, *v.t.* deprive of virginity; ravage strip of flowers.
deform' *v.t.* spoil the aspect or shape of disfigure; (p.p.) misshapen. **deforma'tion,** *n.* perverted or changed form. ~ity *n.* deformed state abnormality
defraud *v.t.* fraudulently deprive, cheat,
defray' *v.t.* provide money for.
deft, *a.* dextrous, adroit.
defunct', *a.* dead obsolete.
defy' *v.t.* challenge to do or prove something resist openly, present insuperable obstacles to.
degen'eracy *n.* degenerate state.
degen'erate, *a.* (-it) having lost qualities proper to the kind, *n.* (-it) degenerate person. *v.i.* (-āt) become degenerate. ~a'tion, *n.*
deglutı'tion (-lōō-), *n.* swallowing.
degrada'tion, *n.* degrading disgrace thing that degrades.
degrade *v.t.* (-dable), reduce to lower rank; debase. ~ding, *a.*
degree *n.* stage in ascending or descending scale unit of angular or of thermometric measurement university rank.
dehis'cent, *a.* (of seed-vessels) gaping, bursting open.
de'ify, *v.t.* (-fiable), make a god of; worship. ~fication, *n.*
deign (dān), *v.t.* & *i.* condescend to do vouchsafe, grant.
‡ **de'i grā'tiā** (-shi-), *adv.* by God's grace.
de'ism, *n.* belief in the existence of God without accepting revelation. **de'ist,** *n.* **deis'tic,** *a.*
de'ity *n.* divine status or nature a god. The D— God.
deject' *v.t.* dispirit, cast down. ~ion, *n.* downcast mood.
‖ **déjeuner** (dā'zhœnā), *n.* ceremonial luncheon.
‡ **de jure** (joor-), rightful, by right.
delaine' *n.* a light dress fabric.
dela'tion, *n.* act of informing against a person.
delay' *v.t.* & *i.* put off hinder.

n. disguised state; device or garb used to disguise.

disgust', n. violent distaste; loathing; disappointment. v.t. affect with disgust. ~ful, a.

dish, n. shallow vessel for holding food; a particular kind of food. v.t. put in dish(es) for serving; (sl.) baffle by superior strategy.

dishabille (-sabēl), n. negligently or partly dressed state; undress.

dishea'rten (-har-), v.t. discourage, deject. ~ment, n.

dishe'velled (-ld), a. with disordered hair, unkempt, untidy.

disho'nest (-sŏn-), a. fraudulent; knavish; insincere. ~y, n.

disho'nour (-sŏner) v.t. treat with contumely; bring dishonour upon. n. dishonoured state; loss of repute. ~able, a. shameful; unprincipled.

disillu'sion, ~ise (-ōōzhe-), v.t. open the eyes of, wake to (disappointing) realities. ~ment, n.

disinclina'tion, n. slight dislike or unwillingness.

disincline', v.t. inspire with disinclination, make disaffected.

disinfect', v.t. purge of infection. ~ant, a. having disinfecting qualities; n. disinfectant substance. ~ion, n.

disingen'uous, a. insincere; not candid.

disinhe'rit, v.t. deprive of right of inheriting. ~ance, n.

disinte'grate, v.t. & i. (-rable), separate into component parts; lose cohesion. ~tor, ~tion, nn.

disinter', v.t. unbury, exhume; unearth. ~ment, n.

disin'terested, a. not influenced by self-interest or partiality.

‖ **disje'cta membra**, n.pl. fragments, scattered remains.

disjoin', v.t. separate, disunite.

disjoint', v.t. take to pieces at the joints; dislocate; (p.p., of talk or style) incoherent.

disjunc'tion, n. disjoining, separation. ~ive, a. disjunctive.

disk, disc, n. thin flat circular object or semblance of this.

dislike', v.t. (-kable), feel aversion to. n. such feeling.

dis'locate, v.t. (-table) put limb out of joint; put out of gear. ~tion, n.

dislodge', v.t. (-geable), force out of position occupied. ~ment, n.

disloy'al, a. unfaithful, untrue to allegiance; disaffected. ~ty, n.

dis'mal (-z-), a. cheerless, dreary.

disman'tle, v.t. deprive of defences, equipment, or furniture.

dismast' (-ah-), v.t. deprive (ship) of mast(s).

dismay', n. loss of courage; horrified amazement. v.t. affect with dismay; reduce to despair.

dismem'ber, v.t. tear or cut limb from limb; partition (country). ~ment, n.

dismiss', v.t. send away, disband, discharge, cashier; put out of one's thoughts; (Crick., of fielding side) put (batsman, side) out (usu. for so many runs). n. (Mil.) release of squad after drill, &c. ~al, n.; ~ible, a.

dismount', v.i. & t. alight or cause to alight from horseback; take (gun, &c.) from its mount.

disobe'dience, n. disobeying; rebelliousness. ~ent, a.

disobey' (-bā), v.t. & i. disregard orders, break rules.

disoblige', v.t. (-geable), refuse to consult the convenience or wishes of. ~obli'ging, a.

disor'der, n. confusion; bodily or mental ailment; infractions of discipline. v.t. disturb the healthy working of. ~ly, a. untidy, riotous or ill-disciplined.

disor'ganise, v.t. destroy system, &c. of; throw into disorder. ~ation, n.

disown' (-ōn), v.t. refuse to own; repudiate, disclaim, renounce.

dispa'rage, v.t. (-geable), speak slightingly of; depreciate. ~ment, n.

dis'parate, a. essentially different.

dispa'rity, n. unequal state or degree.

dispark', v.t. convert park-land to other uses.

dispart', v.t. & i. separate.

dispa'ssionate (-shə-), *a.* devoid of emotion; impartial.
dispatch', des-, *v.t.* send to destination; kill; get business done promptly. *n.* dispatching; rapidity; official message.
dispel', *v.t.* dissipate; disperse.
dispen'sable, *a.* that can be dispensed with or dispensed.
dispen'sary, *n.* place where medicine is dispensed.
dispensa'tion, *n.* distributing, dealing out; an exemption; order of things regarded as established by Providence.
dispense', *v.t.* & *i.* deal out (justice, &c.); make up and issue medicines; exempt; ~ *with*, do without, discharge.
dispen'ser, *n.* one who dispenses, esp. maker-up of medicines.
dispeo'ple (-pēpl), *v.t.* depopulate.
disper'sal, *n.* act of dispersing.
disperse', *v.t.* & *i.* (*-sable*), break up from assembled state; go or make go various ways. **~sion**, *n.* dispersed state; dispersal.
dispi'rit, *v.t.* make despondent.
displace', *v.t.* (*-ceable*), shift from proper position; oust, remove from office. **~ment**, *n.* displacing; weight of liquid displaced by an object floating or immersed in it.
display', *v.t.* spread out to view; exhibit. *n.* displaying; exhibition; ostentation.
displease (-z), *v.t.* (*-sable*), offend; make angry; excite disapprobation of.
displea'sure (-lezher), *n.* resentment; annoyance; vexation.
displume (-ōō-), *v.t.* strip of feathers.
disport', *v.refl.* move about for enjoyment. *n.* (*arch.*) pastime.
dispo'sable (-za-), *a.* that can be disposed of or disposed.
dispo'sal (-zl), *n.* disposing of; bestowal; sale; management.
dispose' (-z), *v.t.* & *i.* place in order; adjust; incline mind to; do; bestow; ~ *of*, get rid of.
disposi'tion (-zi-), *n.* disposing or arrangement; temperament.
dispossess' (-ze-), *v.t.* oust or dislodge. **~ion**, **~or**, *nn.*
dispraise (-z), *v.t.* disparage, censure. *n.* disparagement; blame.
disproof', *n.* refutation.
dispropor'tion, *n.* want of symmetry; being out of proportion. **~ed**, *a.* **~ate**, *a.* unsymmetrical.
disprove (-ōōv), *v.t.* prove false; show fallacy of; refute.
dis'putable, *a.* open to question.
dis'putant, *n.* controversialist.
disputa'tion, *n.* argumentative debate, discourse, or treatise.
disputa'tious (-shus), *a.* fond of argument or controversy.
dispute', *v.i.* & *t.* hold debate; quarrel; controvert; contend; resist. *n.* controversy; debate; quarrel; difference of opinion.
disqualifica'tion (-ŏl-), *n.* that which disqualifies.
disqual'ify (-ŏl-), *v.t.* (*-fiable*), make unfit or ineligible.
disqui'et, *n.* uneasiness, perturbation, anxiety. *v.t.* perturb. **~ness**, **disqui'etude**, *nn.*
disquisi'tion (-zi-), *n.* an elaborate exposition or dissertation.
disregard', *v.t.* ignore, be uninfluenced by. *n.* neglect.
disrel'ish, *n.* want of liking for. *v.t.* regard with distaste.
disrepair', *n.* bad state for want of repairing.
disrep'utable, *a.* bearing a bad character; not respectable.
disrepute', *n.* ill repute; discredit.
disrespect', *n.* lack of deference. **~ful**, *a.* showing disrespect.
disrobe', *v.t.* & *i.* undress; uncover.
disrupt', *v.t.* shatter; separate. **~ion**, *n.* violent severance; split, schism. **~ive**, *a.*
dissatisfac'tion, *n.* discontent.
dissat'isfy, *v.t.* fail to satisfy; make discontented.
dissect', *v.t.* cut in pieces; anatomize; examine or criticize. **~ion**, **~or**, *nn.*
dissem'ble, *v.t.* & *i.* conceal or disguise; be hypocritical.
dissem'inate, *v.t.* (*-nable*), spread abroad. **~tion**, **~tor**, *nn.*
dissen'sion (-shn), *n.* discord.

the lower classes in India, and as an army ambulance.
doom, *n.* fate, destiny; judicial sentence; the Last Judgement. *v.t.* condemn, sentence (esp. in *p.p.*). **dooms'day**, *n.* the Last Judgement.
door (dōr), *n.* barrier at the entrance to a building, room, safe, &c.; (fig.) means of approach. **—keeper**, porter. **—mat**, for rubbing boots on before entering. **—way**, entrance to a building.
dope, *n.* thick liquid; kinds of varnish; (sl.) drug, esp. narcotic; (sl.) information secured before race, &c. about past performances of athlete, &c. *v.t.* & *i.* (-ped), treat with dope; take narcotics; (sl.) predict result of race, &c.
dor, *n.* kinds of beetle.
Dor'a, *n.* nickname (initials) of the Defence Of the Realm Act.
Dorc'as, *n.* in comb. *Dorcas meeting*, meeting of a society of ladies to make clothes, &c. for the poor. **— society**, such body.
dor'ia, dor'ea, *n.* a kind of striped Indian muslin.
Dor'ic, *a.* of the Dorian race in ancient Greece; (of dialect) broad, rustic. *n.* dialect of ancient Greece. **— order**, one of the five orders of architecture.
Dork'ing, *n.* breed of fowl.
dor'mant, *a.* lying inactive as in sleep. concealed. **—ancy** *n.*
dor'mer, **—window** *n.* upright window set in sloping roof.
dor'mitory *n.* sleeping-room with a number of beds; suburban or country district of city people's residences.
dor'mouse, *n.* (pl. -mice), small hibernating rodent.
dorm'y, *a.* (Golf) as many holes ahead as holes to play.
do'rothy bag, *n.* lady's open-topped handbag hung at wrist.
dorp, *n.* (S.-Afr.) small town.
dor'sal, *a.* of or on the back.
dor'ter, **—tour**, *n.* (hist.) bedroom, dormitory.
dor'y *n.* edible sea-fish.
dose, *n.* amount of medicine, &c. administered at one time. *v.t.* (-sed), give medicine to; blend or adulterate with.
doss, *v.i.* (sl.) sleep in dosshouse. **—house**, *n.* common lodging house.
doss'ier, *n.* set of documents bearing on person's antecedents.
dost, 2 pers. sing. pres. of do.
dot, *n.* small spot, a point; small child, tiny object. *v.t.* mark with dot(s); place here and there.
dot, *n.* woman's marriage-portion.
do'tage, *n.* feeble-minded senility.
do'tard, *n.* man in his dotage; old fool.
dote, *v.i.* be feeble-minded or silly; be passionately fond of.
doth, 3 pers. sing. pres. of do.
dott'erel, *n.* kind of plover.
dot'tle, *n.* remnant of tobacco in smoked pipe.
dott'y *a.* dotted; (sl.) limping or shaky; rather mad.
dou'ble (dŭ-) *a.* twofold; consisting of two parts; of twice the amount or intensity; of two kinds; deceitful. *adv.* twice the amount; two together. *n.* person or thing mistakable for another; game between two pairs of players; twice the amount; (mil.) double time. *v.t.* & *i.* make or become double; increase twofold; clench (fist); (mil.) go at the double; make sudden turn; play two parts in same piece. **double-barrelled**, (of gun) with two barrels. **—bass**, deepest-toned instrument of violin kind. **—cross**, betray self to both sides. **—dealer**, insincere person. **—dyed**, (of scoundrel, &c.) confirmed, utter. **—edged**, (of argument, &c.) damaging to user as well as opponent. **double entendre** (doobl ahtahn'dr), phrase capable of two meanings; use of such phrases. **—faced**, hypocritical. **—header**, (Baseball) two games between the same teams in immediate succession on the same day.
doub'let (dŭ-), *n.* man's close

body-garment in 14th–18th centuries. word that is etymologically the same as another.
doubloon' (du-), *n.* Spanish gold coin slightly over £1.
doubt (dowt) *n.* feeling of uncertainty; state not allowing of certainty; suspicion. *v.t.* & *i.* feel doubt, disbelieve in, feel distrust of, be apprehensive.
doubt'ful (-owt-), *a.* feeling or giving rise to doubt; uncertain.
doubt'less (-owt-) *adv.* certainly.
douce (dōōs) *a.* (Sc.) sedate, quiet-mannered.
‖ **douceur** (dōō'ser) *n.* gratuity, bribe.
douche (dōōsh) *n.* jet of water applied externally or internally. *v.t.* & *i.* (-chable) administer douche to; douche oneself.
dough (dō), *n.* flour moistened and kneaded; (sl.) money. ~**boy** boiled dumpling; *(sl.) infantry man in U.S. army. **doughy** (dō'ĭ), *a.* like dough.
dought'y (dowt-), *a.* valiant.
dour (-oor), *a.* (Sc.) grim, stubborn.
dove (dŭv) *n.* pigeon; a type of gentleness or innocence. ~**cot(e)**, pigeon-house.
dove'tail (-ŭv-), *n.* joint made with tenon shaped like dove's tail. *v.t.* & *i.* fit together thus.
dow'ager, *n.* woman with title or property derived from her late husband.
dowd'y *a.* lacking smartness, ill-dressed. *n.* dowdy woman.
dow'er, *n.* widow's share for life of husband's estate; natural gift or talent. *v.t.* give dowry to; endow with talent, &c.
dowl'as, *n.* kind of strong calico.
down¹ *n.* open high land.
down² *n.* fine soft short hair or feathers or fluff.
down³ *adv.* towards or in a lower place or state; from earlier to later time; on the ground. *prep.* downwards along, through, or into; at a lower part. *a.* directed downwards. *v.t.* (colloq.) put, throw, knock, or bring down.
down'cast (-ah-), *a.* (of eyes) looking down; (of person) dejected.
down-east'er, *n.* New Englander, esp. inhabitant of Maine.
down'fall (-awl), *n.* fall from prosperity or power; downpour.
down'-heart'ed (-hah-), *a.* despondent.
down'hill, *n.* downward slope. *a.* descending, declining.
down'pour (-pŏr), *n.* heavy fall of rain, &c.
down'right (-rīt), *a.* plain, straightforward, blunt. *adv.* thoroughly, quite.
downstairs' *adv.*, *n.*, & *a.* (to, in, of) lower part of a house.
down'ward *a.* & *adv.* ~**wards**, *adv.* from a higher to a lower place.
down'y *a.* of or like down; (sl.) knowing, sly.
dow'ry *n.* property brought by a wife at marriage; a talent.
dowse, **douse**, *v.t.* & *i.* (-sable) throw water over, drench; extinguish (light); (pr. z) use dowsing rod. **dows'er** (-z-), *n.* user of dowsing-rod. **dowsing rod** (-z-), *n.* divining rod.
doxol'ogy, *n.* formula of praise.
doyen (dwl'yen), *n.* senior member of a body of colleagues.
doze, *v.i.* yield to sleep, be half asleep. *n.* light sleep.
doz'en (dŭ-), *n.* set of twelve.
drab¹ *a.* of dull light brown; dull, monotonous. *n.* drab colour.
drab² *n.* slut, prostitute.
drachm (-ăm), *n.* unit of weight, 1/16 oz. avoird., 1/8 oz. apoth. ancient drachma.
drach'ma (-k-) *n.* (pl. -as, -ae) ancient and modern Greek coin (franc).
Draco'nian, ~**don'ic**, *aa.* rigorous as the laws of Draco.
draff (-ahf), *n.* dregs, refuse.
draft (-ah-), *n.* body of men drawn from depot, &c.; order for drawing money; bill or cheque drawn; sketch of work to be done; rough copy of document. *v.t.* dispatch (men) as draft; make draft of

(document). ~s'man, drafter of documents.

drag, v.t. & i. draw along with force; trail or go heavily; use grapnel; harrow; check with drag. n. check on progress, retarded motion; iron shoe to retard wheel and vehicle; coach-like 4-horse vehicle; boat using lure drawn before hounds; kinds of harrow, sledge, rake, net, and grapnel.

drag'gle, v.t. & i. make dirty and wet by trailing; hang trailing. ~tail(ed), n. & a. (woman) with draggled skirts.

drag'oman, n. (pl. -ans, -en), interpreter in Near East.

drag'on, n. fire-breathing monster like winged crocodile or snake; vigilant person, duenna.

drag'onfly, n. long-bodied gauze-winged insect.

dragoon', n. cavalryman of certain regiments; (hist.) mounted-infantry man. v.t. subject to oppression; force into submission.

drain, v.t. & i. draw off (liquid) by ditches, pipes, &c.; drink to the dregs; exhaust; run dry. n. channel or pipe carrying off water, sewage, &c.; (colloq.) drop of liquor. drain'age, n. draining; what is drained off.

drake¹, n. fly used in fishing.

drake², n. male duck.

dram, n. a drachm; small draught of strong drink.

dra'ma (-ah-), n. a stage play; dramatic art; play-like series of events.

dramat'ic, a. of drama; forcible, theatrical; striking.

dramat'is perso'nae, n.pl. characters of drama.

dram'atist, n. playwright.

dram'atize, v.t. (-zable), turn into drama. ~zation, n.

drank, p.t. of drink.

drape, v.t. (-pable), cover, hang, adorn, with cloth, &c.; arrange in graceful folds. dra'per, n. dealer in cloth, linen, &c. dra'pery, n. draper's wares or trade; clothing or hangings disposed in folds.

dras'tic, a. strongly operative; vigorous; violent.

drat, v.t. curse, bother (person, thing). drat'ted, a. cursed.

draught (-ahft), n. traction; one drawing of net; one continuous act of drinking; dose of medicine; depth of water ship draws; current of air; (pl.) game on chess-board with 12 uniform pieces (draughtsmen) on each side; artist's sketch for picture. ~y, a. abounding in currents of air.

draughts'man, (pl. -men), ~woman, person who makes drawings; piece in draughts. ~ship, n.

draw¹, n. act of drawing; thing that draws custom or attention; drawing of lots; drawn game.

draw², v.t. & i. (drew, pt. -n, drawn), pull, drag, haul; attract; derive, deduce, infer; inhale; extract; entice; extort, force; elicit; take from or out; pull into or out of position; protract; make picture by tracing lines; describe in words; write out (bill, cheque, &c.); bring (game, &c.) to undecided conclusion; obtain by lot.

draw'back, n. thing that qualifies satisfaction; amount of excise or import duty remitted or repaid on exports.

draw'bridge, n. bridge hinged for drawing up or drawing aside.

draw'er, n. one who draws; sliding receptacle in table, chest, &c. (pl.) two-legged undergarment.

draw'ing, n. act of pulling, dragging, or hauling; delineation with pencil; a sketch.

draw'ing-room, n. reception-room; levee or court reception.

drawl, n. indolent or affected slowness of speech. v.t. & i. speak or utter with drawl.

draw'-well, n. well with rope and bucket for drawing water.

dray, n. low cart for carrying heavy loads, esp. beer-barrels. ~horse, ~man, nn.

dread (-ĕd), v.t. & i. anticipate with terror; be in great fear of. n. great fear; awe. a. dreaded.

dread'ful (-fdl-), *a.* terrible; troublesome or horrid.

dread'nought (dréd'nawt) *n.* kind of heavy coat and cloth; powerful modern battleship type.

dream, *n.* a sleeping vision; indulgence in fancy; a day dream, reverie. *v.i. & t.* (-ed pr. -ĕmt, or -ed), experience a dream; allow oneself to believe or think that; fall into reverie. **~land**, *n.* region outside the laws of nature. **~y**, *a.* given to reverie; vague.

drear'y (poet.) drear *a.*, dismal, gloomy, dull.

dredge¹ *n.* apparatus for clearing mud, &c., oyster-net. *v.t. & i.* (-geable) use dredge; clean or fetch up with dredge. **dredg'er**¹ *n.* one who fishes with a dredge; a dredge.

dredge² *v.t.* (-geable) sprinkle with flour, &c. **dredg'er**² *n.* box for sprinkling flour, &c.

dreg, *n.* (pl.) sediment, grounds, refuse; (sing.) small remnant.

drench, *v.t.* wet all over; force (beast) to take dose. *n.* dose for beast. **drench'er**, *n.* heavy rainstorm. **~ing**, *n.* a soaking.

Dres'den (-z-), *a.* **~ china**, **~ porcelain**, kind produced in Saxony esp. in 18th c.

dress, *v.t. & i.* (Mil.) take up exact alignment; clothe, clothe oneself; put dressing on (wound, &c.); prepare food; trim. *n.* clothing, esp. external. **~ circle**, first gallery in theatres. **~ coat**, swallow-tailed for evening dress. **~maker**, woman making women's dresses. **~ rehearsal**, final one in costume.

dress'er, *n.* one who dresses; kitchen sideboard with shelves.

dress'ing, *n.* ointment, &c. applied to a wound; manure; sauce or stuffing; a scolding or thrashing. **~-case**, case with toilet requisites. **~-gown**, loose girdled gown.

dress'y, *a.* given to smart dress.

drew, *p.t.* of draw.

drib'ble, *v.t. & i.* flow or let flow in drops; (Footb.) work ball forward with repeated touches of feet. *n.* dribbling flow; piece of dribbling.

drib'let, *n.* small instalment.

dried, *p.t.* of dry.

drift, *n.* being driven by current; inaction; bearing of speaker's words; matter heaped by wind or collected by water; (S.Afr.) ford. *v.i. & t.* be carried by current; heap or be heaped into drifts; go aimlessly. **~-net**, net employed in fishing for herring, mackerel, &c.

drift'er, *n.* boat with drift-net.

drill¹ *n.* boring tool or machine; exercising of soldiers, &c.; seed-sowing machine; small furrow. *v.t. & i.* bore (hole, &c.); subject to or undergo drill; sow in rows.

drill² *n.* coarse twilled fabric.

drill³ *n.* kind of baboon.

drink, *v.i. & t.* (drank, drunk & drunken), swallow liquid; absorb moisture. *n.* liquid for drinking; act of drinking. **~ables**, *n.pl.* things to drink.

drip, *v.i. & t.* fall or let fall in drops. *n.* process of dripping.

drip'ping, *n.* grease that has dripped from roasted meat.

drive, *v.t. & i.* (drove driven; -vable), urge onwards by force; chase (game, &c.) from large area into small; convey or be conveyed in vehicle; impel, propel; carry along. *n.* excursion in carriage; carriage road; driving of game, cattle, or enemy; stroke in cricket, golf, tennis.

driv'el, *v.i.* slaver; talk silly stuff. *n.* silly nonsense. **~ler** *n.*

dri'ver, *n.* one who or that which drives; coachman; golf-club.

driz'zle, *v.i.* fall in fine dense rain. *n.* such rain.

droll, *a.* amusing, odd, queer.

droll'ery, *n.* quaint humour.

drom'edary (or -ŭm-), *n.* camel bred for riding.

drone, *n.* male or non-worker bee; idler; deep monotonous hum. *v.i. & t.* buzz; talk or utter with drone.

†drool, *v.i.* drivel.

droop, *v.i. & t.* incline or hang

down; languish, lose heart. n. drooping state.

drŏp, n. portion of liquid; draught of strong drink; sweetmeat; dropping or fall; drop-kick. v.t. & i. fall or shed in drops; let fall; lose money; leave hold of; sink to lower level; lower (eyes, &c.); sink to ground; (Footb.) make goal by drop-kick, take drop-kick. ~ curtain, curtain let down between the acts in theatre. ~-kick, kicking of football as it bounds after being dropped from hands. ~-letter, letter delivered from office where it is posted.

drŏp'lĕt, n. a little drop.

drŏp'pings (-z), n.pl. what has dropped; dung of beasts &c.

drŏp'sy, n. disease with watery fluid collecting in body. drop'sical, a.

drŏsh'ky, n. Russian carriage; cab in German towns.

drŏss, n. scum of molten metal; impurities; refuse. dross'y, a.

drought (-owt), (poet.) drouth, nn. thirst; continuous dry weather, wanting rain. drough'ty, a.

drōve, n. moving herd or flock; crowd in motion. drō'ver, n. driver of or dealer in cattle.

drōve, p.t. of drive.

drown, v.t. & i. be suffocated or suffocate by immersion; drench or flood; (of sound, &c.) overpower; deaden (grief) with drink.

drowse (-z), v.i. be half asleep.

drow'sy (-zi), a. half asleep.

drŭb, v.t. thrash, whack; beat into or out of. ~bing, n.

drŭdge, v.i. work hard at distasteful tasks. n. person who drudges. drudg'ery, n.

drŭg, n. simple substance used in medicine; unsaleable commodity. v.t. & i. adulterate or stupefy with drugs; administer or take drugs. ~store, druggist's shop.

drŭg'gĕt (-g-), n. coarse woollen stuff; over-carpet.

drŭg'gist (-g-), n. dealer in drugs.

Dru'id (-ōō-), n. ancient Gallic or British priest; Eisteddfod official; member of a modern Order of Druids. ~ess, ~ism, nn.

drŭm, n. musical instrument of various kinds; cylindrical structure or object; tympanum of the ear; (arch.) large evening party. v.t. & i. play drum; tap or thump continuously. ~-fire, heavy continuous rapid artillery fire. ~-head, skin of drum. ~-major, regimental band-leader. ~stick, stick for beating drum; lower joint of cooked fowl's leg; *the stick-conductor

drŭmm'er, n. player of drum; commercial traveller.

drŭnk, p.p. of drink. pred. a. intoxicated; overcome by strong drink. n. (sl.) drinking-bout; case of drunkenness. drunk'ard, n. person often drunk. ~en, a. given to drunkenness.

drupe (-ōō-), n. stone-fruit.

drȳ, a. without or deficient in moisture; without rain; thirsty; hard; teetotal, free from sale of intoxicants; uninteresting. v.t. & i. make or become dry. ~ goods, non-liquid goods; drapery, mercery. ~-nurse, woman tending but not suckling child. ~ rot, decay in wood not exposed to air; moral or social decay.

drȳ'ad, n. wood-nymph.

Dry'asdust, n. dull antiquary or historian. a. dry uninteresting.

dry'salter (-awl-), n. dealer in tinned foods, drugs, oils, &c.

dry'shod, a. with feet dry.

dū'al, a. of double nature; forming a pair; twofold. n. (Gram.) dual number or form. ~ism, n. duality; recognition of two independent principles or powers. ~ist, n.; ~istic, a.; dūăl'ity, n.; ~ize, v.t.

dŭb, v.t. confer knighthood on; give person a title or nickname. *dub, n. (sl.) fool.

dŭb, n. (Anglo-Ind.) a small copper coin; money in general, *cash*

dŭb'bar, n. (Anglo-Ind.) a large

oval leathern vessel, used for holding and transporting ghee or oil.

dŭbb'in(g), n. grease for supplying leather.

dūbī'ety, n. feeling of doubt.

dū'bious, a. occasioning doubt; not clear or decided; uncertain.

dūbĭtā'tion, n. hesitation.

dū'bĭtative, a. expressing doubt.

dū'cal, a. pertaining to a duke.

dŭc'at, n. gold coin about 9s., formerly current in Italy &c.

Duce (dōō'chā), n. (It.) chief.

dŭch'ess, n. duke's wife or widow; (sl.) coster's wife (abbr. dutch).

dŭch'y, n. reigning duke's territory.

dŭck¹, n. kinds of swimming bird; darling; bob of head; (Crick.) duck's-egg. ~-bill, ornithorhyncus. ~'s-egg, batsman's score of 0. ~-hawk, peregrine falcon. ~weed, a water-plant.

dŭck², v.t. & i. dip head under water and emerge; push head of (person) under water; bob down to avoid blow &c.; drop curtsy. ~ out, leave.

dŭck³, n. strong linen or cotton material; (pl.) trousers of it.

dŭck'ling, n. young duck.

dŭck'y, n. (nursery) darling.

dŭct, n. conduit; (Anat.) tube conveying chyle or other liquid.

dŭc'tile (or -īl), a. capable of being drawn into wire; plastic; docile. dŭctĭl'ity, n.

dŭd, n. (sl.), (pl.) clothes, rags; shell, &c. that fails to go off; futile plan or person.

dūde, n. foppish person.

dŭdg'eon (-jn), n. resentment; state of wrath or indignation.

dŭdeen' (dōō-), n. (Ir.) short clay pipe.

dūe, a. that ought to be given to a person; proper, adequate; owing, payable as a debt or an obligation. adv. exactly; duly. n. person's fair share; (usu. pl.) fixed toll(s) or fee(s). ~-bill, written acknowledgement of debt.

dū'el, n. fight with weapons between two persons; two-sided contest. v.i. fight duel. dū'ellist, n. duel-fighter.

dūĕnn'a, n. governess, female guardian, chaperon.

dūĕt', n. musical composition for two voices or instruments.

dŭff, n. (sl.) dough; plum-pudding.

dŭff'el, n. coarse woollen cloth.

dŭff'er, n. (colloq.) inefficient or stupid person.

dŭg¹, n. udder, beast's teat.

dŭg², p.t. & p.p. of dig.

dū'gong (-ōō-), n. herbivorous sea mammal of Indian seas.

dŭg'-out, n. underground shelter for use of troops in trenches; hollowed tree as canoe; retired officer &c. recalled to service.

dui'ker (dī-), n. small S. Afr. antelope.

dūke, n. sovereign of a duchy; British peer of highest rank. ~dom, duchy; duke's dignity.

dŭl'cet, a. sweet, soothing.

dŭl'cimer, n. musical instrument from which piano descends.

dŭll, a. lacking intelligence; not bright; wanting liveliness. v.t. & i. make or grow dull; lose keenness. dŭll'ard, n. slow-witted person.

dū'ly, adv. properly, fitly, rightly; sufficiently; punctually.

dū'ma (dōō-), n. Russian pre-revolutionary parliament.

dŭmb (-m), a. unable to speak; silent, taciturn; (colloq.) dull, stupid. ~-bell, short bar used in pairs to exercise muscles; (sl.) stupid tongue-tied person. ~found, confound to dumbness.

dŭm'dŭm (bullet), n. soft-nosed expanding bullet.

dŭmm'y, n. sham article; mere tool; lay figure. a. sham.

dŭmp, v.t. shoot or deposit rubbish; throw down; send surplus goods to foreign market at low price. n. rubbish-heap; (Mil.) temporary depot of munitions at front; (pl.) depression, melancholy.

dŭmp'ling, n. ball of dough boiled in stew &c.

dŭmp'y, a. short and stout.

dŭn¹ a. of dull greyish brown. n. dun colour; dun horse, &c.
dŭn² n. importunate creditor. v.t. importune for payment.
dŭnce, n. bad learner; dullard.
dŭn'derhead (-hĕd), n. blockhead. ~headed, a. grossly stupid.
dūne, n. mound of dry shifting sand on coast.
dŭng, n. excrement of animals; manure. v.t. manure. (hand) ~hill, manure-heap. dŭng'y a.
dŭngaree' (-ngg-), n. coarse Indian calico; (pl.) overalls.
dŭn'geon (-jn), n. subterranean cell for prisoners.
dŭn'lin, n. red-backed sandpiper.
duodĕc'imal, a. of twelve; proceeding by twelves.
duodĕc'imo (or 12mo), n. book size, 12 leaves to the sheet.
duodē'num, n. part of small intestine next stomach.
dū'ologue (-g), n. dialogue of two speakers.
dūpe, v.t. (-pable), deceive and make use of. n. duped person.
dū'ple, a. (of ratio) double; (time) of two beats to the bar.
dū'plex, a. of two parts; twofold. ~ telegraphy by which one wire transmits messages both ways at once.
dū'plicate, a. (-kĭt), double exactly like or reproducing another example. n. (-kĭt) such example. v.t. (-āt), make copies of. ~tion, n. doubling making of copies. ~tor, n. apparatus for making copies.
dūplĭ'city, n. deceitfulness.
dū'rable, a. capable of lasting; resisting wear. dūrabĭl'ity n.
‖dū'ra mā'ter, n. outer membrane of the brain.
dū'rance, n. imprisonment.
dūrā'tion, n. time thing lasts.
dŭrbar' n. levee of Indian sovereign or Anglo-Ind. governor.
dūr'ess(e) (also dūrĕs'), n. forcible restraint; threats or other illegal compulsion.
dūr'ing, prep. throughout or at a point in the duration of.
‖dur'ra, dh- (dŭ-), Indian millet.
dŭrst, p.t. of dare.
dŭsk, n. partial darkness; obscurity. dŭs'ky, a. in scanty light; dark-coloured.
‖Dussĕh'rah, n. annual Hindu festival extending over nine nights or ten days.
dŭst, n. powder of earth or fine particles of matter. v.t. sprinkle with powder; clear of dust. ~bin, receptacle for rubbish. ~man, scavenger.
dŭs'ter, n. cloth for dusting furniture; person who does this.
dŭs'ting, n. clearing of dust; (sl.) thrashing; tossing at sea.
‖dustoor' -ry n. (Anglo-Ind.) custom, usage, fashion; customary commission.
‖dus'tuck, dus'tuk, n. (Anglo-Ind.) passport.
dŭs'ty, a. powdery; dust-covered.
Dŭtch¹ a. of Holland or its people or in their language. n. the Dutch language. ~ auction, sale in which price is reduced till purchaser is found. ~man, native of Holland; (colloq.) a German. ~ oven, metal box with open side attachable to grate. ~ treat, (colloq.) one in which each pays his own way.
dŭtch² n. (coster sl.) wife.
dū'teous, a. dutiful.
dū'tiable, a. liable to customs duties, &c.
dū'tiful, a. regular and willing in the discharge of duty.
dū'ty n. moral or legal obligation; office or function; tax levied on article or transaction.
duŭm'vir (-er), n. (pl. -rs, -ri), member of board of two equal officials. ~ate, n. such board.
dwāle, n. Deadly Nightshade.
dwarf (-awf) n. much undersized person; (attrib.) stunted or undersized. v.t. stunt in growth; make look small. ~ish, a.
dwĕll, v.i. (dwelt), keep one's attention fixed; write or speak at length on; inhabit; reside.
dwĕll'ing, n. house, residence.
dwĭn'dle, v.i. waste away; diminish; lose importance.

dy'ad, n. two; set of two.
dye, v.t. (dyed, dyeing), colour tinge, make of specified colour. n. colour produced by dyeing; hue; matter used to dye with. dy'er, n.
dynam'ic, a. of motive force or force in operation; of dynamics. n. energising or motive force. —al, a. of or in dynamics.
dynam'ics, n.pl. (usu. with sing. vb. &c.), branch of physics treating of the action of force; physical or moral forces in any sphere.
dy'namist, n. expert in dynamics.
dy'namite, n. high explosive of nitro-glycerine and absorbent. v.t. shatter with this. dy'namiter, —tard, nn. user of explosives, esp. for revolutionary purposes.
dy'namo, n. (pl. -os), machine converting mech. into electr. energy. —electric, a. of current electr.
dynamom'eter, n. instrument measuring energy expended.
dy'nast (or dĭ-), n. member of dynasty.
dy'nasty, n. line of hereditary rulers. dynas'tic (or dĭ-), a.
dyne, n. (Phys.) unit of force.
dys'entery, n. a disease of the bowels. dysenter'ic, a.
dyspep'sia, n. indigestion.
dyspep'tic, a. having or subject to dyspepsia. n. dyspeptic person.

E

E, e (ē), n. (Mus.) third note in scale of C major.
each, a. & pron. (of two or more) every one taken separately.
eag'er (-g-), a. full of keen desire; ardent; impatient.
ea'gle, n. large bird of prey; figure of eagle as ensign, or lectern in church; U.S. gold coin worth 10 dollars. eag'let, n. young eagle.
eagre (ā'ger, ē-), n. large tidal wave in a river.
ear¹, n. organ of hearing; ear shaped thing. —ache, pain in drum of ear. —mark, n. owner's mark on ear of sheep, &c. v.t. mark sheep, &c. thus; assign (fund, &c.) to some definite purpose. —phone, head-phone. —ring, ornament worn in lobe of ear. —trumpet, tube used by partly deaf person.
ear², n. spike or head of corn containing the flowers or seeds.
earl (ërl), n. nobleman ranking next to marquis. —dom, n.
earl'y (ër-), a. & adv. soon; betimes; in advance of others.
earn (ërn), v.t. obtain as reward of work or merit. earn'ings (ërn-), n.pl. money earned.
earn'est (ër-), a. serious, not trifling; ardent, zealous. n. seriousness. earn'est (ër-), n. money paid as instalment to confirm contract; foretaste.
earth (ër-), n. the world we live on; dry land; soil, mould; the ground. v.t. & i. cover roots with earth; (of fox) run to earth. —born, mortal. —closet, substitute for water-closet. —nut, kinds of tuber esp. peanut. —work, bank of earth in fortification. —worm, worm living in earth.
earth'en (ër-), a. made of earth or of baked clay. —ware, n. baked clay; vessels made of this.
earth'ly (ër-), a. of the earth; terrestrial. —liness, n. worldliness.
earth'quake (ër-), n. volcanic convulsion of earth's surface.
earth'y (ër-), a. of or like earth or soil; grossly material.
ear'wig, n. insect formerly thought to enter head by ear; (collog.) small centipede.
ease (ēz), n. freedom from pain, trouble or constraint; quiet, rest; facility. v.t. & i. relieve from pain, &c.; relax, slacken. —ful, a. at rest.
eas'el (-z-), n. frame to support picture, blackboard, &c.
ease'ment (-zm-), n. right of way; supplementary building; relief from pain, &c.

east, *n.* part of horizon where the sun rises; eastern parts, orient. *a.* from or towards the east.
Eas'ter, *n.* festival of Christ's resurrection. ~ dues or offerings, voluntary gifts collected for the parson of a parish at Easter. ~ egg, painted or imitation egg as Easter gift.
eas'terly, *a.* from or to the east.
eas'tern, *a.* of or in the east. *n.* inhabitant of the east.
east'ward(s), *adv.* towards the east.
eas'y (-z-), *a.* free from bodily or mental pain, worry, &c.; not difficult; easily gained (money); not ceremonious; compliant; tranquil. *adv.* in comfortable fashion. *n.* short stop in rowing. ~-chair, arm-chair designed for comfort. ~-going, not fussy; content with things as they are. ~ mark, one who is easily fooled.
eat, *v.t.* & *i.* (past ate or eat, pr. ĕt; *p.p.* eaten, pr. ēten), masticate and swallow (food); destroy, consume. ~able, *n.* (usu. pl.) solid food. eat'ing, *n.* act of consuming food. ~-house, restaurant. eats, (sl.) food.
‖ **Eau-de-Cologne** (ō'dĕkolōn'), *n.* perfume made at Cologne. ‖ eau-de-vie (ōdĕvē'), *n.* brandy.
eaves (ēvz), *n.pl.* projecting lower edge of roof. ~dropper, *n.* one who stands under eaves, &c., to overhear secrets. ~dropping, *n.*
ebb, *n.* reflux of tide; decline, decay. *v.i.* flow back; decline.
eb'on, *a.* (poet.) of ebony.
eb'onite, *n.* vulcanized rubber.
eb'ony, *n.* kind of hard black wood. *a.* made of, black as, ebony.
ebull'ient, *a.* boiling; exuberant. ~ence, ~ency, *nn.*
ebulli'tion, *n.* boiling; outbreak.
écarté (ākar'tā), *n.* a card-game for two.
eccen'tric (-ks-), *a.* not concentric; not placed centrally; not circular; irregular; odd, whimsical. *n.* eccentric person.
eccentri'city, *n.* deviation from a centre; singularity of conduct.
ecclesias'tic (-z-), *n.* clergyman. ~al, *a.* of the church or clergy.
ecclesiol'ogy (-z-), *n.* science of church building and decoration. ecclesiolo'gical, *a.*; ~gist, *n.*
éch'elon (-sh-), *n.* formation of troops in parallel divisions, each with its front clear of that in advance.
echi'nus (-k-), *n.* animal inhabiting spheroidal prickly shell; sea-urchin.
ĕch'ō (-k-), *n.* (pl. -oes), repetition of sound by reflection of sound-waves; close imitation. *v.t.* & *i.* resound with echo; be repeated; repeat (person's words).
éclair (ākl-), *n.* finger-shaped cake filled with cream and iced.
‖ **éclaircissement** (āklārsēsmahn'), *n.* explanation of conduct or situation.
‖ **éclat** (āklah'), *n.* brilliant success; prestige.
eclec'tic, *a.* drawing one's philosophy from various schools; catholic. *n.* eclectic person.
eclipse', *n.* interception of light of sun, moon, &c., by another body; loss of brilliance or splendour. *v.t.* intercept light; outshine, surpass.
eclip'tic, *a.* of eclipses. *n.* the sun's apparent orbit.
ec'logue, *n.* a pastoral poem.
econom'ic, *a.* pertaining to economy; on business lines; paying costs. *n.pl.* political economy. ~al, *a.* saving, frugal; of economics.
econ'omist, *n.* manager user of money &c.; thrifty person; writer on political economy.
econ'omize, *v.t.* & *i.* (-zable), use sparingly; practise economy; avoid expense. ~zation, *n.*
econ'omy, *n.* management of concerns and resources of a state, a business, or a household; frugality, frugal use.
ec'stasy, *n.* exalted state of feeling; trance; poetic frenzy.
ecstat'ic, *a.* of or in ecstasies.

ec'zema, n. a skin disease.
edā'cious (-shus), a. fond of eating, greedy. edā'city, n.
Edd'a (ĕ-), n. collection of ancient Icelandic poems.
edd'y, n. small whirlpool; smoke, &c. moving like this. v.i. & t. move in eddies.
edelweiss (ā'delvīs), n. Alpine white-flowered plant.
E'den (ē-), n. abode of Adam and Eve; delightful place or state.
eden'tāte, a. toothless.
edge, n. cutting side of blade; edge-shaped thing; boundary line. v.t. & i. sharpen; give or form a border to; advance obliquely. —bone, the aitch-bone. —tool, cutting-tool (in fig. sense edged tool). —ways (-wāz), —wise (-wīz), adv. with edge foremost; edge to edge.
edg'ing, n. border; fringe.
ed'ible, a. fit to eat. n. (usu. in pl.) edible thing. edibil'ity, n.
ē'dict, n. order proclaimed by authority.
ed'ifice, n. building; fabric.
ed'ify, v.t. instruct; improve morally. —fication, n.
ed'it, v.t. prepare for publication (book, newspaper, &c.). edi'tion, n. copies of book, newspaper, &c. printed at one time. [édition de luxe (French ed dě lüks), a handsome edition. ed'itor, —tress, nn. one who conducts a newspaper or periodical, or prepares a work for publication. editor'ial, a. of an editor. n. article written or sanctioned by an editor; newspaper leader.
ed'ucate, v.t. (-cable), bring up (child); train mentally and morally; instruct. —ā'tion, n. —tional, a. —tionalist, nn. advocate of, person concerned with, education. —tive, a.; —tor, n.
educe' v.t. bring out, develop; infer; extract. edū'cible, a.; educ'tion, n.
eel, n. a snake-like fish (often as type of evasiveness).
e'en, e'er, poet. for even, ever.
eer'ie, —ry, a. strange; weird.
eff'ace, v.t. (-ceable), rub or wipe out, obliterate. —ment, n.
effect', n. result, consequence; impression; (pl.) property. v.t. bring about, accomplish.
effec'tive, a. operative; striking; fit for service; existing.
effec'tual, a. answering its purpose. —ly, adv. efficaciously.
effec'tuāte, v.t. bring about, fulfil. —tion, n.
effem'inate, a. womanly, womanish; voluptuous. —acy, n.
effen'di, n. Turkish title of government officials and members of learned professions.
effervesce', v.i. give off bubbles of gas. —ent, a.; —ence, —ency, nn.
effēte, a. worn out; feeble.
effica'cious (-shus), a. producing desired effect. eff'icacy, n.
effi'cient (-shent), a. competent, capable. effi'ciency, n.
eff'igy, n. portrait, image.
effloresce', v.i. burst into flower; (Chem.) turn to powder on exposure to air. —ent, a.; —ence, n.
eff'luence (-lōō-), n. flowing out (of liquid, &c.); what flows out.
eff'luent (-lōō-), a. flowing out. n. stream from larger stream, sewage tank, &c.
efflu'vium (-lōō-), n. (pl. -ia) exhalation affecting sense of smell.
eff'lux, efflu'xion (-lukshn), nn. effluence.
eff'ort, n. exertion; endeavour.
effron'tery (-ŭn-), n. impudence.
efful'gence, n. lustre, brightness.
efful'gent, a. bright, radiant.
effuse' (-z), v.t. pour forth. —sion, n. outpouring; poem, &c. —sive, a. demonstrative, gushing.
eft, n. newt.
egg, n. spheroidal body produced by female of birds, &c., containing germ of new individual.
egg, v.t. incite, urge on.
eg'lantine (or ēg-), n. sweet briar.
ē'go, n. I; one's self.
ē'goism, n. systematic selfishness; self-opinionatedness. —ist, n.; —istic(al), aa.
ē'gotism, n. practice of talking

about oneself; self-conceit. ~ist, n. ~istic(al), aa.

egre'gious (-jus), a. notable, distinguished (now depreciatory).

e'gress, n. going out; way out.

e'gret (or ēg-), n. Lesser White Heron; down on thistle, &c.

Egyptian (ĭjĭp'shn), a. of Egypt. n. Egyptian native; gipsy.

Egyptŏl'ogy (ē-), n. study of Egyptian antiquities. ~gist, n.

ei'der (ī-), n. an Arctic duck. ~down, breast-feathers of eider; quilt stuffed with eiderdown.

eight (āt), a. one more than seven (8, VIII); crew of eight in rowing boat. ~fold, a. eight times the number. eighth (ātth), a. & n. eighth'ly, adv.

eightee'n (ā-), a. one more than seventeen (18, XVIII). ~th, a. & n.

eigh'ty (ā-), a. eight times ten (80, LXXX). ~tieth, a. & n.

eirē'nicon (ī-), n. step tending to peace.

eistedd'fod (āstĕdh'vŏd), n. congress of Welsh bards.

ei'ther (īdh-, ē-), a. one or other of two, pron. each one.

ejă'culate, v.t. & i. (-lable), utter suddenly, cry out. ~tion, ~tor, nn.; ~tory, a.

ĕject' v.t. throw out, expel, emit. ~ion, ~ment, ~or, nn.

ek dum, adv. (Anglo-Ind.) at once, quickly.

ēke, v.t. (with out) supply the deficiencies of; prolong.

ēke, adv. (arch.) also.

ĕlă'borate, a. (-ăt), minutely worked out; highly finished. v.t. (-āt), work out in detail. ~tion, ~tor, nn. ~tive, a.

‖ élan (ĕlahn), n. vivacity, dash.

ē'land, n. S. Afr. antelope.

ēlapse' v.i. (of time) pass away.

ĕlă'stic (or -lah-), a. having power to resume normal shape; springy; buoyant; not inflexible. n. elastic cord or string; *elastic band worn as garter &c. ēlasti'city (or ĕl-), n.

ēlāte' a. in high spirits, exultant. proud. v.t. (-table), make elate. ēlā'tion, n.

ĕl'bow (-ō), n. bend of the arm; elbow-shaped bend, &c. v.t. thrust, jostle. ~grease, vigorous polishing, hard work.

ĕld, n. old age; olden time.

ĕl'der¹ n. a white-flowered tree. ~ wine, from elder berries.

ĕl'der² a. of greater age; senior. n. person of greater age; official in certain religious bodies.

ĕl'derly a. growing old.

ĕl'dest, a. first-born or oldest surviving (son, daughter, &c.).

‖ El Dorado (ĕldorah'dō), n. (pl. -os), fictitious region rich in gold.

ĕl'dritch, a. weird, hideous.

ĕlecampane' n. plant with bitter leaves and root; a sweetmeat.

ēlĕct' v.t. choose, pick out; choose by vote; choose for salvation. a. chosen; select.

ēlĕ'ction, n. choosing, esp. by vote.

ēlectioneer' (-shon-), v.i. busy oneself in political elections.

ēlĕc'tive, a. appointed by election, entitled to elect; *(of course of study) optional, chosen voluntarily.

ēlĕc'tor, n. one entitled to elect. ~al, a. ~ate, n. body of electors.

ēlĕc'tress, n. female elector.

ēlĕc'tric, a. of, charged with, or capable of developing electricity. ~al, a. concerned with electricity. ĕlectri'cian (-shn), n. one skilled in electricity.

ĕlectri'city (or ēl-), n. condition of molecules or ether produced by chemical action, heat, or magnetism; study of this.

ēlĕc'trify, ēlĕc'trise, v.t. charge with electricity; convert (railways, transport, &c.) to electric working; startle, excite. ~fication, ~sation, nn.

ēlĕc'tro, n. & v.t. (colloq.) electroplate, electrotype.

ēlĕctro-, in comb. = of, by or caused by electricity. ~cute v.t. execute (criminal) by electricity. ~cū'tion, n. ēlĕc'trode, n. either pole of galvanic battery. ēlĕctrodyna'mics, ~kine'tics, nn.

dynamics, kinetics, of electricity. ~lyse (-īz), v.t. decompose by galvanic action; electrol'ysis, n. this process. ~mag'net, piece of soft iron surrounded by wire coil through which electricity has passed. ~magne'tism, production of magnetism by electric current. electrop'athy, n. electrical treatment of disease. ~plate, v.t. coat with silver by electrolysis; n. ware so coated. ~posi'tive (-z-), a. of positive electricity. ~scope, n. instrument indicating presence or quantity of electricity. ~stat'ics, n. statics of electricity. ~type, n. copy in metal formed by deposition of copper on a mould by galvanic action, esp. for printing; v.t. make copy thus.

elec'tron, n. (Phys., Chem.) indivisible unit of the charge of negative electricity of an atom, rotating (in numbers constant for each element) about the positive nucleus of every atom. ~ic, a.

elec'trum, n. alloy of silver and gold used by the ancients; (Mineral.) native argentiferous gold.

elec'tuary, n. medicinal powder, &c. mixed with syrup.

eleemos'ynary (or -z-), a. of or dependent on alms; charitable.

el'egance, n. grace, refinement.

el'egant, a. graceful, tasteful; of refined luxury; n. person with pretensions to taste and fashion.

elegi'ac, a. suited to elegies, mournful; n. (pl.) elegiac verses.

el'egy, n. song of lamentation, esp. for the dead; poem in elegiac metre.

el'ement, n. component part; unanalysable substance; any of the four elements—earth, water, air, fire; congenial surroundings; (pl.) rudiments of learning or of an art.

elemen'tal, a. of or like the powers of nature; essential.

elemen'tary, a. rudimentary; unanalysable.

el'ephant, n. quadruped with proboscis and ivory tusks. elephan'tine, a. clumsy, unwieldy. elephanti'asis, n. disease of skin causing it to resemble elephant's hide.

el'evate, v.t. lift up, raise.

eleva'tion, n. raising aloft; exaltation, dignity; height above given level.

el'evator, n. that which elevates, lift; hoisting-machine; *warehouse for storing grain.

elev'en, a. one more than ten (11, XI); side of eleven persons at cricket, &c. elev'enth, a.

elf, n. (pl. elves), a supernatural being, small or mischievous creature. ~ish, a. ~-lock(s), tangled mass of hair.

el'fin, a. of elves, elf-like; n. dwarf, child.

elic'it, v.t. draw out.

elide', v.t. omit in pronunciation.

el'igible, a. desirable, suitable. eligibil'ity, n.

elim'inate, v.t. remove, expel, set aside. ~tion, ~tor, nn.

eli'sion (-zhn), n. suppression of vowel or syllable in pronouncing, of passage in book, &c.

élite (ālēt'), n. the pick of.

elix'ir (-er), n. alchemist's preparation designed to change metal into gold; sovereign remedy.

elk, n. animal of the deer kind; kinds of deer and antelope.

ell, n. a measure of 45 inches.

ellipse', n. an oval figure.

ellip'sis, n. (pl. -pses, pr. -psēz), n. omission of words needed to complete sense. ellip'tic(al), aa.

ellip'soid, n. solid of which all plane sections through one axis are ellipses and through the other ellipses or circles.

elm, n. tree with rough doubly serrated leaves.

elocu'tion (or ĕl-), n. mode or style of oral delivery. ~ary, a.; ~ist, n.

éloge (ālōzh'), n. discourse in honour of a deceased person.

elo'gium, el'ogy, nn. panegyric, or eulogy; [illegible]

elon'gate (-ngg-), v.t. lengthen, extend, draw out. ~tion, n.

elope' v.i. run away clandestinely; abscond. ~ment, n.

el'oquence, n. fluent and powerful speech. **el'oquent,** a.

else, adv. besides; instead, other wise; if not. ~where, adv. in or to some other place.

elu'cidate (-lōō-), v.t. throw light on, explain. ~tion, ~tor, nn.; ~tive, ~tory, aa.

elude' (-lōō-), v.t. escape adroitly from; avoid; baffle.

elu'sion (-lōōzhn), n. an escape artifice. ~sive, ~sory, aa.

Elys'ium (ilĭz-), n. (Gk. Myth.) abode of the blessed after death; place of ideal happiness. **Elys'ian,** a.

ema'ciate (or -ā-; -shĭ-), v.t. make lean, waste. ~tion, n.

em'anate, v.i. issue, originate, proceed. **emana'tion,** n. that which proceeds from a source. ~tive, a.

eman'cipate, v.t. free from legal, social, or other restraint. ~tion, n. liberation from slavery &c. ~tor n.; ~tory a.

emas'culate, v.t. (-āt), castrate enfeeble; weaken by excisions. a. (-ĭt), castrated; effeminate. ~tion n. ~tive, ~tory aa.

embalm' (-ahm), v.t. preserve (body) with spices; preserve from oblivion; make fragrant. ~ment, n.

embank', v.t. shut in by banks, stone structure, &c. ~ment n.

embar'go, n. (pl. -oes), order for bidding ships to enter or leave a port; suspension of commerce.

embark' v.t. & i. put or go on board ship; engage in enterprise. **em barka'tion,** n. embarking on ship.

embar'rass, v.t. encumber, esp. with debt; perplex. ~ment, n.

em'bassy, n. ambassador's function, office, or residence; deputation.

embat'tle, v.t. set in battle array; furnish with battlements.

embay' v.t. bring (vessel) into bay; enclose as in bay. ~ment n.

embed', im- v.t. fix in surrounding mass.

embell'ish, v.t. beautify adorn; enrich. ~ment, n.

em'ber' n. (usu. pl.) small piece of fuel in dying fire.

em'ber' a. E. days, days of fasting and prayer

em'ber' n. usu. ~goose, ~diver, an Orkney sea-fowl.

embez'zle, v.t. appropriate fraudulently. ~ment, n.

embit'ter, v.t. make bitter; aggravate; exasperate ~ment, n.

embla'zon, v.t. adorn with figures of heraldry; celebrate, extol.

em'blem, n. symbol, type, device. v.t. symbolize. ~atical, aa.

embod'y, v.t. (-ĭdĭ-), clothe (spirit) with body form into unit; include. ~diment, n.

embol'den, v.t. encourage.

em'bolism (-zm), n. obstruction of artery &c. by clot of blood, &c. esp. as cause of paralysis.

[illegible] ([illegible]), n. [illegible], usu. of women.

embos'om (-ōōz-), v.t. embrace.

emboss' v.t. carve or mould in relief. ~ment, n.

embow'el, v.t. disembowel.

embow'er, v.t. enclose in bower.

embrace' v.t. fold in the arms, clasp, enclose accept, adopt; include. n. folding in the arms.

embra'sure (-zher, also [illegible]), n. bevelling of wall at sides of window &c.; opening in parapet for gun.

em'brocate, v.t. bathe, foment. ~tion, n. liquid for rubbing limb, &c.

embroid'er v.t. ornament with needlework; embellish.

embroid'ery n. embroidered work; adventitious ornament.

embroil' v.t. confuse, distract; involve in hostility. ~ment, n.

em'bryo, n. (pl. -os), embryo of [illegible] thing in embryo. ~ology, ~logist, nn.; ~onic, a.

emend' v.t. remove errors; correct. ~ation, ~ator nn.; ~atory, a.

em'erald, n. bright-green precious stone; colour of emerald.

emerge' v.i. come up or out into

view; issue; appear; crop up. ~ence, n. emerging. ~ent, a.
ēmer'gency, n. sudden juncture needing prompt action.
ēme'ritus, a. & n. professor, retired from service.
ēmer'sion (-shn), n. emerging; reappearance after an eclipse.
ĕm'ery, n. coarse corundum for polishing metal, &c.
ĕmĕt'ic, a. that causes vomiting. n. emetic medicine.
ĕm'igrant, a. emigrating. n. one who emigrates.
ĕm'igrāte, v.i. & t. (-rable), go to settle in another country; assist to emigrate. ~tion, n.
ĕm'inence, n. recognized superiority; rising ground.
ĕm'inent, a. distinguished, notable. ~ly adv. notably, decidedly.
ĕmir' (-ēr), n. Arab prince or governor. ~ate, n. district under an emir.
ĕm'issary, n. one sent on (esp. odious or underhand) mission.
ēmi'ssion (-shn), n. act of giving out; thing given out. ~ive, a.
ēmit', v.t. give out, put forth.
ĕmm'et, n. (dial.) ant.
ēmŏll'ient (-lyent), a. softening, soothing. n. emollient application.
ēmŏl'ument, n. (usu. in pl.) profit from employment; salary.
ēmō'tion, n. mental agitation or feeling; excited mental state.
ēmō'tional (-shon-), a. of the emotions, given to emotion.
ĕmpăn'el, v.t. enter on panel.
ĕm'peror, n. ruler of an empire.
ĕm'phasis, n. significant stress on word(s), vigour of expression. ĕm'phasize, v.t. lay stress on.
ĕmphăt'ic, a. forcible, strong; (of words) bearing the emphasis.
ĕm'pire, n. supreme and wide dominion; territory of an emperor. ~ Day, May 24th.
ĕmpi'ric, a. relying on experiment, not on theory. n. empiric scientist, physician, &c.; quack. ~al, a.; ~ism, ~ist, nn.
ĕmplāce'ment (-sm-), n. putting in position; platform for guns.
ĕmplāne', v.i. & t. go or put on board aeroplane.
ĕmploy', v.t. use (thing, time, energies, &c.); use services of; keep at work. n. service.
employé, fem. ~ée (ŏnplwah'yā), ĕmployee' nn. person employed for wages.
ĕmploy'er, n. one who uses another's services.
ĕmploy'ment, n. work, one's trade; business entrusted to one.
ĕmpōr'ium, n. centre of commerce; (vulg.) shop.
ĕmpow'er, v.t. authorize; enable.
ĕm'press, n. wife of an emperor; female ruler of an empire.
ĕmprise' (-z), n. an enterprise.
ĕmp'ty (-mt-), a. containing nothing; (colloq.) hungry; meaningless. n. empty truck, box, &c. v.t. & i. remove contents of, transfer; become empty; (of river) discharge itself.
ĕmpŭr'ple, v.t. make purple.
ĕmpyrē'an, a. & n. (of the) highest heaven as sphere of fire or abode of God; (of) the sky. ~rēal, a.
ē'mū, n. Australian bird allied to the cassowary.
ĕm'ūlāte, v.t. try to equal or excel; imitate. ~tion, ~tor, nn., ~tive, a. ĕm'ūlous, a. desirous of fame &c.; zealously imitative of.
ēmŭl'sion (-shn), n. milky liquid with oily particles suspended in it. ēmŭl'sify, v.t. make an emulsion of. ~sive, a.
ĕnā'ble, v.t. empower; supply with means (to do).
ĕnăct', v.t. ordain, decree; play (part). ~ment, n. law enacted.
ĕnăm'el, n. glass-like coating on metal; any hard smooth coating; kinds of cosmetic veneer; painting done on enamel. v.t. coat with enamel.
ĕnăm'our (-mer), v.t. inspire with love; make fond of.
en bloc (ahn blŏk), in a lump.
ĕncae'nia (-sē-), n. dedication festival.
ĕncāge', v.t. put in a cage.
ĕncămp', v.t. & i. settle in camp lodge in tents. ~ment, n.

elope' v.i. run away clandestinely; abscond. ~ment, n.

el'oquence, n. fluent and powerful speech. **el'oquent,** a.

else, adv. besides; instead; otherwise; if not. ~where, adv. in or to some other place.

elu'cidate (-loo-) v.t. throw light on, explain. ~tion, ~tor, nn.; ~tive, ~tory aa.

elude' (-loo-), v.t. escape adroitly from; avoid; baffle.

elu'sion (-loozhn), n. an escape artifice. ~sive, ~sory, aa.

Elys'ium (ilĭz-), n. (Gk. Myth.) abode of the blessed after death; (place of) ideal happiness. **Elys'ian,** a.

ema'ciate (or -ā-; -shĭ-) v.t. make lean, waste. ~tion, n.

em'anate, v.i. issue, originate, proceed. **emana'tion,** n. that which proceeds from a source. ~tive, a.

eman'cipate, v.t. free from legal, social, or other restraint. ~tion, n. liberation from slavery &c. ~tor, n.; ~tory a.

emas'culate, v.t. (-āt), castrate enfeeble; weaken by excisions. a. (-ăt), castrated, effeminate. ~tion, n.; ~tive, ~tory aa.

embalm' (-ahm), v.t. preserve (body) with spices; preserve from oblivion; make fragrant. ~ment, n.

embank', v.t. shut in by banks, stone structure, &c. ~ment n.

embar'go, n. (pl. -oes), order forbidding ships to enter or leave a port; suspension of commerce.

embark' v.t. & i. put or go on board ship; engage in enterprise. **embarka'tion,** n. embarking on ship.

emba'rrass, v.t. encumber esp. with debts; perplex. ~ment, n.

em'bassy, n. ambassador's function, office, or residence; deputation.

embat'tle, v.t. set in battle array; furnish with battlements.

embay' v.t. bring (vessel) into bay; enclose as in bay. ~ment, n.

embed', im-, v.t. fix in surrounding mass.

embell'ish, v.t. beautify adorn; enrich. ~ment, n.

em'ber¹ n. (usu. pl.) small piece of fuel in dying fire.

em'ber² a. E. days, days of fasting and prayer.

em'ber³ n. usu. ~goose, ~diver, an Orkney sea-fowl.

embez'zle, v.t. appropriate fraudulently. ~ment, n.

embitt'er, v.t. make bitter; aggravate; exasperate. ~ment, n.

embla'zon, v.t. adorn with figures of heraldry; celebrate, extol.

em'blem, n. symbol, type; device. v.t. symbolize. ~atical, aa.

embod'y, v.t. (-odĭ-) clothe (spirit) with body; form into unit; include. ~diment, n.

embol'den, v.t. encourage.

em'bolism (-zm), n. obstruction of artery &c. by clot of blood, &c. esp. as cause of paralysis.

embonpoint (ahnbawnpwahn') n. plumpness, esp. of woman.

embo'som (-ooz-), v.t. embrace.

emboss' v.t. carve or mould in relief. ~ment, n.

embow'el, v.t. disembowel.

embow'er, v.t. enclose in bower.

embrace' v.t. fold in the arms, clasp, enclose; accept, adopt; include. n. folding in the arms.

embra'sure (-zher, also embrazhoor'), n. bevelling of wall at sides of window &c. opening in parapet for gun.

em'brocate, v.t. bathe, foment. ~tion, n. liquid for rubbing limb, &c.

embroi'der, v.t. ornament with needlework; embellish.

embroi'dery, n. embroidered work; adventitious ornament.

embroil' v.t. confuse, distract; involve in hostility. ~ment, n.

em'bryo, n. (pl. -os), unborn offspring; thing in embryo. ~ol'ogy, ~ologist, nn.; ~on'ic, a.

emend' v.t. remove errors; correct. ~ation, ~ator, nn.; ~atory a.

em'erald, n. bright-green precious stone; colour of emerald.

emerge' v.i. come up or out into

view; issue; appear; crop up. ~ence, n. emerging. ~ent, a.
emer'gency, n. sudden juncture needing prompt action.
emer'itus, a. E. professor, retired from service.
emer'sion (-shn), n. emerging; reappearance after an eclipse.
em'ery, n. coarse corundum for polishing metal, &c.
emet'ic, a. that causes vomiting. n. emetic medicine.
em'igrant, a. emigrating. n. one who emigrates.
em'igrate, v.i. & t. (-rable), go to settle in another country; assist to emigrate. ~tion, n.
em'inence, n. recognized superiority; rising ground.
em'inent, a. distinguished, notable. ~ly, adv. notably, decidedly.
emir' (-ēr), n. Arab prince or governor. ~ate, n. district under an emir.
em'issary, n. one sent on (esp. odious or underhand) mission.
emi'ssion (-shn), n. act of giving out; thing given out. ~ive, a.
emit', v.t. give out, put forth.
emm'et, n. (dial.) ant.
emoll'ient (-yent), a. softening, soothing. n. emollient application.
emol'ument, n. (usu. in pl.) profit from employment; salary.
emo'tion, n. mental agitation or feeling; excited mental state.
emo'tional (-shon-), a. of the emotions, given to emotion.
empa'nel, v.t. enter on panel.
em'peror, n. ruler of an empire.
em'phasis, n. significant stress on word(s); vigour of expression. em'phasize, v.t. lay stress on.
emphat'ic, a. forcible, strong; (of words) bearing the emphasis.
em'pire, n. supreme and wide dominion; territory of an emperor. ~ Day, May 24th.
empir'ic, a. relying on experiment, not on theory. n. empiric scientist, physician, &c.; quack. ~al, a.; ~ism, ~ist, nn.
emplace'ment (-sm-), n. putting in position; platform for guns.

emplane', v.i. & t. go or put on board aeroplane.
employ', v.t. use (thing, time, energies, &c.); use services of; keep at work. n. service.
employé, fem. ~ée (ahmplwah'yā), employee', nn. person employed for wages.
employ'er, n. one who uses another's services.
employ'ment, n. work; one's trade; business entrusted to one.
empor'ium, n. centre of commerce; (vulg.) shop.
empow'er, v.t. authorize, enable.
em'press, n. wife of an emperor; female ruler of an empire.
emprise (-z), n. an enterprise.
emp'ty (-mt-), a. containing nothing; (colloq.) hungry; meaningless. n. empty truck, box, &c. v.t. & i. remove contents of; transfer; become empty; (of river) discharge itself.
empur'ple, v.t. make purple.
empyre'an, a. & n. (of the) highest heaven as sphere of fire or abode of God; (of) the sky. ~real, a.
e'mu, n. Australian bird allied to the cassowary.
em'ulate, v.t. try to equal or excel; imitate. ~tion, ~tor, nn., ~tive, a. em'ulous, a. desirous of fame &c., zealously imitative of.
emul'sion (-shn), n. milky liquid with oily particles suspended in it. emul'sify, v.t. make an emulsion of. ~sive, a.
ena'ble, v.t. empower; supply with means (to do).
enact', v.t. ordain, decree; play (part). ~ment, n. law enacted.
enam'el, n. glass-like coating on metal; any hard smooth coating; kinds of complexion-veneer; painting done on enamel. v.t. coat with enamel.
enam'our (-mer), v.t. inspire with love, make fond of.
en bloc (ahn), in a lump.
encae'nia (-sēn-), n. dedication festival.
encage', v.t. put in a cage.
encamp', v.t. & i. settle in camp; lodge in tents. ~ment, n.

encase' v.t. surround as with a case. ~ment, n.
encaus'tic, a. burnt in. n. encaustic painting.
enceinte (ahnsahnt'), a. pregnant. n. (fortif.) enclosure.
enchain' v.t. chain up; fetter.
enchant' (-ah-), v.t. bewitch; delight. ~ment, ~ress, nn.
encir'cle, v.t. surround.
enclasp' (-ah-), v.t. clasp.
en'clave n. territory surrounded by foreign dominion.
enclose' (-z) v.t. (-sable), surround, fence in; shut up; hem in.
enclo'sure (-zher) n. enclosing; enclosed land; thing enclosed.
enco'miast, n. panegyrist; composer of encomiums. ~ic, a.
enco'mium, n. eulogy; formal or high-flown praise.
encom'pass (-kum-), v.t. shut in, surround, encircle.
encore (ongkor'), int. again! once more! n. the cry encore. v.t. & i. call for repetition.
encoun'ter, v.t. meet hostilely; meet with (person, obstacle, &c.). n. hostile or casual meeting.
encour'age (-kŭ-), v.t. (-geable), make bold; urge; further, promote. ~ment, n.
encroach v.i. intrude on others' territory &c. ~ment, n.
encrust' v.t. & i. cover with or form a crust.
encum'ber, v.t. hamper, impede; burden with debt. ~brance, n. burden, impediment; mortgage, &c. on property.
encyc'lical, a. for wide circulation. n. Pope's a. letter.
encyclopaed'ia (-pē-), n. (pl. -as), book of information on all branches of knowledge. ~ic, a.; ~ist, n.
end, n. limit; extreme point or part; conclusion; destruction; death; result; object. v.t. & i. bring or come to an end.
endan'ger (-j-), v.t. bring into danger.
endear' v.t. make dear. ~ment, n. act, &c. showing affection.
endeav'our (-dĕver), v.i. & i. try strive. n. attempt, effort.
endem'ic, a. regularly found among a people, &c. disease.
end'ing, n. result, conclusion; end of word, verse, or story.
en'dive, n. curly-leaved chicory used as salad.
end'less, a. unending, continual.
endo- pref within. ~car'dial, pertaining to the endocardium. ~cardi'tis, inflammation of the endocardium. ~car'dium, lining membrane of the heart. ~carp, inner layer of pericarp. ~crine, inner surface of skull. ~crine, secreting internally ductless. ~derm, inner layer of blastoderm. ~gen, plant that develops wood in interior of stem. ~dog'enous, growing from within. ~plasm, inner soft layer of protoplasm. ~scope, instrument for viewing internal parts of body. ~sperm, albumen enclosed with embryo in seeds. ~spore, inner coat of spore; spore formed in a case.
endog'amy, n. custom of marrying only within the tribe. ~mous, a.
endorse' v.t. write on back of document, cheque, &c.; confirm. ~ment, n.
endow' v.t. give permanent income to; invest with powers, qualities, &c. ~ment, n.
endue' v.t. (-uable), clothe; put on; endow with qualities, &c.
endur'ance, n. power of enduring.
endure' v.t. & i. undergo; bear; last.
en'ema (or ĕnē'ma), n. injection of liquid, &c. into the rectum; the syringe used.
en'emy, n. hostile person, opponent; hostile force or ship. a. of or belonging to the enemy.
energet'ic, a. forcible; operative; vigorous; full of energy.
en'ergize, v.t. infuse energy into.
en'ergy, n. force, vigour, activity; capacity for work.
en'ervate, v.t. deprive of vigour. ~tion, n.
enfant terrible (ahnfahn' tĕrēbl').

n. child who asks awkward questions, repeats talk, &c.
enfee'ble, v.t. make feeble. ~ment, n. weakness.
enfeoff (-fēf), v.t. invest with fief convey. ~ment, n.
‖ en fête (ahn fāt), engaged in holiday-making.
enfilade' n. artillery fire sweeping a line from end to end. v.t. subject (troops, &c.) to enfilade.
enfold' v.t. wrap; embrace.
enforce' v.t. press, urge compel observance of. ~ment, n.
enfran'chise (-z), v.t. (-sable), set free give electoral franchise to. ~ment (-izm-) n.
engage' (-n-g-), v.t. (-geable) bind by contract or promise pledge oneself employ occupy; bring or come into conflict. ~ment, n.
engen'der (j-), v.t. give rise to.
en'gine (j-), n. complex mechanical contrivance; locomotive; means, instrument. ~-driver, driver of locomotive.
engineer' (j-), n. one who designs and constructs military works or works of public utility; one skilled in mechanical engineering work. v.t. & i. construct, manage, act, as engineer; (colloq.) contrive.
engir'dle (-n-g-), v.t. surround as with a girdle.
Eng'lish (ingg-), a. of England. n. the English language.
engraft' (-ah-), v.t. insert; implant; incorporate add.
engrain' v.t. make (dye) sink deeply in also used fig.
engrave', v.t. (-vable) cut in lines on metal plate for printing carve impress deeply (on memory). engra'ving, n. copy of picture from engraved plate.
engross' v.t. write out in large letters or in legal form; monopolise, absorb. ~ment, n.
engulf' v.t. swallow up (sea, in gulf). ~ment, n.
enhance' v.t. (-ceable), heighten, intensify; exaggerate. ~ment, n.
enig'ma, n. riddle; puzzling person or thing. enigmat'ical, a.
enjoin' v.t. prescribe; command.
enjoy' v.t. take delight in; have use of. ~able, a.; ~ment, n.
enkin'dle, v.t. set on fire.
enlace' v.t. encircle enfold.
enlarge' v.t. & i. expand grow larger expatiate' reproduce on larger scale. ~ment, n.
enlight'en (-lit-), v.t. instruct; inform; shed light on. ~ment, n.
enlist', v.t. & i. enrol, be engaged, for military service; get the support of. ~ment, n.
enliv'en, v.t. animate, inspirit, brighten. ~ment, n.
‖ en masse (ahn mas), all together
enmesh' v.t. entangle as in a net.
en'mity n. hatred, hostility
enno'ble, v.t. make (person) a noble; make noble. ~ment, n.
ennui (ŏn'wē), n. feeling of boredom.
enor'mity n. great wickedness crime deviation from right.
enor'mous, a. very large.
enough (-nŭf'), a. sufficient. n. as much or many as necessary adv. to the necessary degree.
enounce' v.t. (-ceable) enunciate.
‖ en passant (ahn păsahn), adv. by the way
enquire. See inquire.
enrage' v.t. make furious.
‖ en rapport (ahn rapôr'), adv. in touch with.
enrap'ture, v.t. delight intensely
‖ en règle (ahn rāgl), adv. in due form.
enrich', v.t. make rich. ~ment, n.
enrobe' v.t. put robe on.
enrol' v.t. (-ll-), insert name in list; incorporate as member; register deed record. ~ment, n.
‖ en route (ahn rōōt) adv. on the way
ensconce v.t. establish safely
‖ ensemble (ahnsahmbl), n. thing viewed as a whole.
enshrine' v.t. (-nable), enclose as in shrine; cherish.
enshroud', v.t. cover completely
en'sign (-in, -sīn), n. badge, emblem; banner flag (also) lowest commissioned officer in infantry (U.S. Navy (ensign)) lowest commissioned officer

en'silage, n. storage in silo; fodder so stored.
ensile', v.t. put into silo.
enslave', v.t. (-vable) make a slave (often fig.); ~ment, n.
ensnare', v.t. (-rable) entrap.
ensphere', v.t. enclose (poet.).
ensue', v.t. & i. happen later; result from; (Bibl.) seek after.
ensure (inshoor') v.t. (-rable) make safe or certain; secure.
entab'lature, n. the architrave, frieze, and cornice of a column.
entail' v.t. settle landed estate on persons successively so that it cannot be bequeathed at pleasure; impose on; necessitate. n. such settlement; estate so secured.
entan'gle (-nggl), v.t. catch in snare, &c.; involve in difficulties; make (thing) tangled; complicate. ~ment, n.
‖ entente (cordiale) (ahntahnt' kordiahl'), n. friendly understanding between States.
en'ter, v.t. & i. go or come in; engage in; insert in book, &c.; give in name as competitor for or for admission to.
enter'ic, a. of the intestines. n. enteric fever, ~ fever typhoid.
enteri'tis, n. bowel inflammation.
en'terprise (-z), n. bold undertaking; readiness to engage in one.
en'terprising, a. full of enterprise.
entertain', v.t. receive as guest; amuse; harbour, keep in mind. ~ment, n. hospitality; amusement; public performance.
enthral' (-awl), v.t. enslave; captivate. ~ment, n.
enthrone', v.t. place (king, bishop, &c.) on throne. ~ment, n.
enthu'siasm (-zi-), n. ardent zeal. enthuse' v.t. (colloq.) show enthusiasm.
enthu'siast (-zi-), n. person full of enthusiasm; visionary. ~ic, a.
entice' v.t. allure. ~ment, n.
entire' a. complete; not broken; not castrated; of one piece.
entire'ly (-irli), adv. wholly.
entire'ty (-irti), n. sum total.
enti'tle, v.t. give book, &c. the title of; give a claim to.
en'tity, n. thing with real existence.
entomb' (-oom), v.t. place in tomb; serve as tomb for. ~ment, n.
entomol'ogy n. study of insects. ~gical, a.; ~gist, n.; ~gize, v.i.
‖ entourage (ontoorahzh'), n. surroundings; attendant persons.
‖ entr'acte (ŏ'ntrakt), n. interval between acts of a play.
en'trails (-z), n.pl. inner parts.
entrain, v.t. & i. put (troops, &c.) or get into a train.
entrance'[1] (-ah-), v.t. throw into trance; overwhelm with joy &c.
en'trance[2] n. coming or going in; right of admission; door or passage for entrance.
en'trant, n. one who enters room, profession, &c., or for race.
entrap', v.t. catch as in trap.
entreat', v.t. ask earnestly; beg.
entreat'y, n. earnest request.
entrée (on'trā), n. right or privilege of admission; made dish.
entrench' v.t. surround with trench; also fig. ~ment, n.
‖ entrepôt (ŏ'ntrepō), n. mart.
‖ entre nous (ontre noo) adv. between you and me.
‖ entresol (ŏ'ntresŏl), n. low story between first and ground floor.
entrust' v.t. charge with (duty &c.); confide to (thing, secret, &c.).
en'try n. coming or going in; entrance; alley; entering, item entered.
entwine', v.t. interweave.
enu'merate, v.t. count; specify. ~tion, ~tor, nn.; ~tive, a.
enun'ciate (-shi-), v.t. state definitely; proclaim; pronounce. ~tion, ~tor, nn.; ~tive, a.
envel'op, v.t. wrap up, cover; surround (enemy). ~ment, n.
en'velope (also ŏn-), n. cover of letter; wrapper, covering.
enven'om, v.t. put poison on or into; infuse venom into.
en'viable, a. calculated to excite envy. en'vious, a. full of envy.
envi'ron, v.t. form a ring round.

surround. ~ment, n. surrounding; surrounding objects or circumstances. envi'rons (-z; or en'virons), n.pl. district round town, &c.

envi'sage (-z-), v.t. look in the face; view, contemplate.

en'voy, n. messenger; minister plenipotentiary; (also -oi) short final stanza of some poems.

en'vy, n. bitter contemplation of another's success; object of this. v.t. feel envy of.

enwrap', v.t. wrap, enfold.

enzoot'ic, a. & n. (disease) regularly affecting cattle, &c. in a particular district or at a particular season.

en'zyme, n. (Chem.) a chemical or unorganized ferment as distinguished from yeast and other living ferments.

ē'ocene, a. (Geol.) of the lowest division of Tertiary strata.

eolith'ic, a. of the period preceding the palaeolithic age.

ēozo'ic, a. (of strata) showing the earliest indications of animal life.

ē'pact (or ĕp-), n. number indicating excess of solar over lunar year.

ĕp'aulet(te) (-pol-), n. shoulder-piece of officer's uniform.

épergne (āpĕrn'), n. centre ornament for dinner-table.

ephem'era (pl. -rae), ~ron (pl. -rons, -ra), n. insect living only a day; short-lived thing.

ephem'eral, a. short-lived, transitory. ephemeral'ity, n.

ēph'od, n. Jewish priestly vestment.

ĕph'or, n. a Spartan magistrate.

ĕp'ic, a. narrating heroic deeds or embodying a nation's history; of heroic type or scale. n. epic poem. ~al, a.

ĕp'icene, a. for or having the characteristics of both sexes.

ĕp'icure, n. one who is dainty in eating or drinking. ĕp'icurism, n. such daintiness.

ĕpicūrē'an, a. devoted to refined sensuous enjoyment. n. such person. ~ism, n.

ĕp'icycle, n. circle with centre on circumference of a greater.

ĕpidĕm'ic, a. (of disease, crime, &c.) prevalent for the time among community. n. such disease.

ĕpidĕr'mis, n. outer layer of animal's skin, cuticle; plant's true skin below cuticle.

ĕpigăs'trium, n. part of abdomen above stomach. ~tric, a.

ĕpiglŏtt'is, n. cartilage at root of tongue, depressed in swallowing. ~tic, a.

ĕp'igram, n. short poem with witty ending; pointed saying. ~măt'ic, a. ~'matist, n.

ĕp'igraph (-ahf), n. inscription. ~y, n. study of epigraphs.

ĕp'ilepsy, n. disease in which person falls down unconscious, with spasms and foaming.

ĕpilĕp'tic, a. of or subject to epilepsy. n. such person.

ĕp'ilogue (-g), n. concluding part of book, &c.; speech or short poem delivered at end of a play.

ĕpiph'any, n. manifestation of Christ to the Magi.

ĕp'iphyte, n. plant growing on another; vegetable parasite on animal.

ĕpis'copacy, n. government of church by bishops; the bishops.

ĕpis'copal, a. of or governed by bishop(s). ĕpiscopā'lian, a. of a government or church; n. adherent of a church. ĕpis'copate, n. a office, see; the bishops.

ĕp'isode, n. incidental narrative or digression. ĕpisŏd'ic(al), aa.

ĕpis'tle (-sl), n. a letter; poem, &c. in form of letter.

ĕpis'tolary, a. of or carried on by letters.

ĕpis'toler (-stol-), n. (Eccl.) reader of the Epistle.

ĕp'itaph (-ahf), n. words inscribed on tomb.

ĕpithalā'mium, n. (pl. -ums, -ia), nuptial song or poem.

ĕp'ithet, n. adjective expressing quality or attribute; appellation.

ĕpit'omē, n. summary, abstract. ĕpit'omize, v.t.

epizoo'tic, a. & n. (disease) temporarily prevalent among animals.
e'poch (or ē-; -k), n. beginning of an era; period marked by notable events.
ep'ode, n. third division in lyric ode.
epon'ymous, a. commemorated by adoption of the name.
ep'opee, n. epic poem.
ep'os, n. early unwritten epic poetry; epic poem.
e'quable, a. uniform, even; not easily disturbed. ~bility n.
e'qual, a. the same in number, size, merit, &c.; adequate; evenly matched. n. person, &c., equal to another. v.t. be equal to.
equal'ity (-ŏl-), n. being equal.
e'qualize, v.t. make equal. v.i. (in games) reach opponent's score. ~zation, n.
equanim'ity, n. composure, calm.
equate' v.t. state equality of; treat as equivalent.
equa'tion, n. making equal, balancing; (Math.) statement of equality. ~al a.
equa'tor, n. a great circle of the earth, equidistant from poles. equator'ial, a. of or near the e.
eq'uerry, n. officer of prince, &c., in charge of horses; an officer of British royal household.
eques'trian, a. of horseriding. n. (fem. -trienne), rider or performer on horse.
equiang'ular (-ngg-), a. having equal angles.
equidis'tant, a. at equal distances.
equilat'eral, a. having all sides equal.
equili'brate, v.t. & i. balance; counterpoise. ~tion, n.
equilib'rium, n. state of balance; mental balance.
equimul'tiple, n. number having common factor with another.
e'quine, a. of or like a horse.
equinoc'tial (or ĕ-; -shal), a. of, or happening at or near, the equinox. n. equinoctial line; (pl.) equinoctial gales.
e'quinox, n. time at which sun crosses equator and day and night are equal.
equip' v.t. supply with requisites; dress for journey. eq'uipage, n. carriage, horses, and attendants; requisites, outfit. ~ment, n. equipage; soldier's accoutrements.
e'quipoise (-z), n. equilibrium; counterbalancing weight. v.t. counterbalance; hold in suspense.
equipoll'ent, a. equal in power, force, &c. ~ence, n.
eq'uitable, a. fair, just.
equita'tion, n. riding.
eq'uity, n. fairness; principles of justice supplementing law.
equiv'alent, a. equal in value; corresponding. n. equivalent amount, &c. ~ence, ~ency, nn.
equiv'ocal, a. of double or doubtful meaning; dubious. equivocal'ity n. ~ate, v.i. use words ambiguously. ~ation, ~ator, nn.
e'quivoque (or ĕ-, -ōk), ~oke, n. a pun; ambiguity.
er'a, n. system of chronology starting from particular period.
erad'icate, v.t. root out, extirpate. ~tion, ~tor, nn.
erase' (-z), v.t. rub out, obliterate.
Eras'tian (-t-), a. & n. (adherent) of the doctrine of subordination of ecclesiastical to secular power. ~ism, n.
era'sure (-zher), n. rubbing out.
ere (ār), prep. & conj. before; sooner than. ~while, adv. of old.
erect' a. upright, vertical. v.t. raise erect; build; form. erec'tile (or -īl), a. that can be erected. ~ion, ~or, nn.
e'remite, n. hermit. ~it'ic, a.
er'go, adv. (usu. joc.) therefore.
er'got, n. a disease of rye, &c. ~ism, n. disease caused by bread of flour so affected.
E'rin (ē-), n. (poet.) Ireland.
eris'tic, a. controversial; aiming at victory rather than truth.
er'mine, n. animal of weasel kind; its fur.
erne, n. the golden eagle.
erode', v.t. gnaw away; wear out. ero'sion (-zhn), n.; ~sive, a.
erot'ic, a. of love; amatory.

ĕrr, v.i. make mistakes; be incorrect; sin.
ĕ'rrand, n. short journey with a message, commission, &c.; ~-boy, one employed on errands.
ĕ'rrancy, n. erring state or conduct.
ĕ'rrant, a. roaming in quest of adventure; itinerant; erring. ~ry, n. condition, conduct, &c. of knight errant.
ĕrrăt'ic, a. uncertain in movement, conduct, opinion, &c.
ĕrrā'tum, n. (pl. -ta) error in printing, &c.
ĕrrō'neous, a. incorrect.
ĕ'rror, n. mistake; wrong opinion; transgression.
Erse (ĕrs), a. & n. Irish form of Celtic.
ĕrst'while, adv. formerly.
ĕrŭbĕ'scent (-rōō-), a. reddening.
ĕructā'tion, n. belching.
ĕ'rudite (-rōō-), a. learned.
ĕrudi'tion (-rōō-), n. learning.
ĕrŭpt', v.i. break out. ~ion, n. outbreak (of volcano, anger, &c.); rash, pimples. ~ive, a. bursting forth.
ĕrysĭp'ĕlas, n. a disease producing red colour on skin.
ĕscalā'de, n. scaling of walls with ladders.
ĕs'calator, n. moving staircase.
ĕscapā'de, n. flighty piece of conduct.
ĕscā'pe, v.i. & t. get free; find a way out; elude, avoid. n. escaping; leakage.
ĕscā'pement (-pm-), n. mechanism regulating motion of watch, &c.
ĕscă'rp, n. steep bank under rampart. ~ment, n.
ĕschatŏl'ogy (-k-), n. doctrine of death and judgement.
ĕscheat', n. lapse of property to crown, &c.; property so lapsing. v.t. & i. confiscate; revert by e.
ĕschew' (-ōō), v.t. abstain from.
ĕscort, n. (ĕs'kort), n. body of armed men as guard; person accompanying another as protection. v.t. (ĭskort'), act as escort.
ĕscritoi're (-twar), n. writing desk with drawers, &c.
ĕs'culent, a. fit for food. n. esculent thing.
ĕscŭtch'eon (-chon), n. shield with armorial bearings; pivoted keyhole cover.
Eskimo (ĕs'kimō), n. (pl. -os or -ox), one of a race in Arctic coasts of North America.
ĕsotĕ'ric, a. meant for the initiated; private, confidential.
ĕspă'lier, n. lattice-work for tree, &c.; tree trained on espalier.
ĕspărt'o, n. kind of grass.
ĕspĕ'cial (-shal), a. chief; more than ordinary; particular.
ĕspĕ'cially (-sha-), adv. chiefly; more than in other cases.
Esperan'to (ĕ-), n. an artificial universal language.
ĕspī'al, n. espying; spying.
ĕs'pionage, n. use of spies.
ĕsplanā'de, n. level space, esp. one used as promenade.
ĕspous'al (-zl), n. espousing; (usu. pl.) marriage, betrothal.
ĕspouse (-z), v.t. (-zable), marry; support (cause).
‖ ĕsprit' (-rē), n. sprightliness, wit. ~ de corps (de kōr), regard for a body one belongs to.
ĕspy', v.t. catch sight of.
ĕsquī're, n. (abbr. *Esq.*), title of courtesy; (arch.) squire.
ĕssay, n. (ĕs'ā), literary composition; attempt. v.t. [illegible] (ĕsā'), attempt; test. ĕs'sayist, n. essay-writer.
ĕs'sence, n. an existence or entity; indispensable quality or element; perfume.
ĕssĕn'tial (-shl), a. of or constituting a thing's essence. n. indispensable element. ~ity, n.
ĕstăb'lish, v.t. set up; settle; place beyond dispute.
ĕstăb'lishment, n. establishing; established church; staff, household; house of business.
ĕstā'te, n. landed property or movables; one's assets and liabilities.
ĕsteem, v.t. think highly of; consider. n. favourable opinion.
ĕs'timable, a. worthy of esteem.
ĕs'timate, n. (-ĭt), approximate

ĕpizoŏ'tĭc, *a.* & *n.* (disease) temporarily prevalent among animals.
ĕ'pŏch (*or* ĕ-; -k), *n.* beginning of an era; period marked by notable events.
ĕp'ōde, *n.* third division in lyric ode.
ĕpŏn'ymous, *a.* commemorated by adoption of the name.
ĕp'ŏpee, *n.* epic poem.
ĕp'ŏs, *n.* early unwritten epic poetry; epic poem.
ĕ'quable, *a.* uniform, even; not easily disturbed. ~**bĭlity**, *n.*
ē'qual, *a.* the same in number, size, merit, &c.; adequate; evenly matched. *n.* person, &c. equal to another. *v.t.* be equal to.
ĕqual'ity (-ŏl-), *n.* being equal.
ē'qualize, *v.t.* make equal. *v.i.* (in games) reach opponent's score. ~**zation**, *n.*
ēquanim'ity, *n.* composure, calm.
ēquate', *v.t.* state equality of; treat as equivalent.
ēquā'tion, *n.* making equal, balancing; (Math.) statement of equality. ~**al**, *a.*
ēquā'tor, *n.* a great circle of the earth, equidistant from poles. **ēquator'ial**, *a.* of or near the e.
ĕq'uerry, *n.* officer of prince &c. in charge of horses; an officer of British royal household.
ēques'trian, *a.* of horseriding. *n.* (fem. -*trienne*), rider or performer on horse.
ēquiăng'ular (-ngg-), *a.* having equal angles.
ēquidĭs'tant, *a.* at equal distances.
ēquilăt'eral, *a.* having all sides equal.
ēquĭl'ibrāte, *v.t.* & *i.* balance; counterpoise. ~**tion**, *n.*
ēquilĭb'rium, *n.* state of balance; mental balance.
ēquimŭl'tiple, *n.* number having common factor with another.
ē'quine, *a.* of or like a horse.
ēquinŏc'tial (*or* ĕ-; -shal), *a.* of or happening at or near the equinox. *n.* equinoctial line; (pl.) equinoctial gales.
ē'quinŏx, *n.* time at which sun crosses equator and day and night are equal.

ēquip', *v.t.* supply with requisites; dress for journey. **ĕq'uipage**, *n.* carriage, horses, and attendants; requisites, outfit. ~**ment**, *n.* equipage; soldier's accoutrements.
ē'quipoise (-z), *n.* equilibrium; counterbalancing weight. *v.t.* counterbalance; hold in suspense.
ēquipŏl'lent, *a.* equal in power, force, &c. ~**ence**, *n.*
ĕq'uitable, *a.* fair, just.
ĕquĭtā'tion, *n.* riding.
ĕq'uity, *n.* fairness; principles of justice *supplementing law*.
ēquĭv'alent, *a.* equal in value; corresponding. *n.* equivalent amount, &c. ~**ence**, ~**ency**, *nn.*
ēquĭv'ocal, *a.* of double or doubtful meaning; dubious. **ēquivocăl'ity**, *n.* ~**ate**, *v.i.* use words ambiguously. ~**ation**, ~**ator**, *nn.*
ĕ'quivoque (*or* ē-; -k) ~**oke**, *n.* a pun; ambiguity.
ēr'a, *n.* system of chronology starting from particular period.
ērăd'icāte, *v.t.* root out, extirpate. ~**tion**, ~**tor**, *nn.*
ērāse' (-z), *v.t.* rub out, obliterate.
Ērastiăn (-t-), *a.* & *n.* (adherent) of the doctrine of subordinating ecclesiastical to secular power. ~**ism**, *n.*
ērā'sure (-zher), *n.* rubbing out.
ēre (ār), *prep.* & *conj.* before; sooner than. ~**while**, *adv.* of old.
ērĕct', *a.* upright, vertical. *v.t.* make erect; build, form. **ērĕc'tile** (*or* -īl), *a.* that can be erected. ~**ion**, ~**or**, *nn.*
†**ĕr'emite**, *n.* hermit. ~**ĭt'ic**, *a.*
†**ĕrgo**, *adv.* (usu. joc.) therefore.
ĕr'gŏt, *n.* a disease of rye &c. ~**ism**, *n.* disease caused by bread of flour so affected.
Ē'rin (ĕ-), *n.* (poet.) Ireland.
ĕris'tic, *a.* controversial; aiming at victory rather than truth.
ĕr'mine, *n.* animal of weasel kind; its fur.
Ērne, *n.* the golden eagle.
ērōde', *v.t.* gnaw away; wear out. **ērō'sion** (-zhn), *n.* ~**sive**, *a.*
ĕrŏt'ic, *a.* of love; amatory.

ĕrr, v.i. make mistakes; be incorrect; sin.
ĕ'rrand, n. short journey with a message, commission, &c. ~-boy, one employed on errands.
ĕ'rrancy, n. erring state or conduct.
ĕ'rrant, a. roaming in quest of adventure; itinerant; erring. ~ry, n. condition, conduct, &c. of knight errant.
ĕrrăt'ic, a. uncertain in movement, conduct, opinion, &c.
ĕrrā'tum, n. (pl. -ta), error in printing, &c.
ĕrrō'neous, a. incorrect.
ĕ'rror, n. mistake; wrong opinion; transgression.
Erse (ērs), a. & n. Irish form of Celtic.
ērst'while, adv. formerly.
ĕrubĕ'scent (-rōō-), a. reddening.
ĕructā'tion, n. belching.
ĕ'rudite (-rōō-), a. learned.
ĕrudi'tion (-rōō-), n. learning.
ĕrŭpt', v.i. break out. ~ion, n. outbreak (of volcano, anger, &c.); rash, pimples. ~ive, a. bursting forth.
ĕrysip'elas, n. a disease producing red colour on skin.
ĕscalāde' n. scaling of walls with ladders.
ĕs'calator, n. moving staircase.
ĕscapāde' n. flighty piece of conduct.
ĕscāpe' v.i. & t. get free; find a way out; elude, avoid. n. escaping; leakage.
ĕscāpe'ment (-pm-), n. mechanism regulating motion of watch, &c.
ĕscarp' n. steep bank under rampart. ~ment, n.
ĕschatŏl'ogy (-k-) n. doctrine of death and judgement.
ĕschēat' n. lapse of property to crown, &c.; property so lapsing. v.t. & i. confiscate; revert by e.
ĕschew' (-ōō), v.t. abstain from.
ĕscort, n. (ĕs'kort), n. body of armed men as guard; person accompanying another as protection. v.t. (ĭskôrt'), act as escort.
ĕscritoire' (-twahr) n. writing-desk with drawers, &c.
ĕs'culent, a. fit for food. n. esculent thing.
ĕscŭtch'eon (-chon) n. shield with armorial bearings; pivoted keyhole cover.
Es'kimo (ĕs'kĭmō), n. (pl. -os, or -os), one of a race in Arctic coasts of North America.
ĕsotĕ'ric, a. meant for the initiated; private, confidential.
ĕspăl'ier n. lattice-work for trees, &c.; tree trained on espalier.
ĕspar'tō, n. kind of grass.
ĕspĕ'cial (-shal) a. chief; more than ordinary; particular.
ĕspĕ'cially (-sha-), adv. chiefly; more than in other cases.
Esperan'tō (ĕ-), n. an artificial universal language.
ĕspī'al, n. espying; spying.
ĕs'pionage, n. use of spies.
ĕsplanāde' n. level space, esp. one used as promenade.
ĕspous'al (-z-), n. espousing; (usu. pl.) marriage, betrothal.
ĕspouse' (-z), v.t. (-sable), marry; support (cause).
ǁ ĕsprit' (-rē), n. sprightliness, wit. ~ de corps (de kôr), regard for a body one belongs to.
ĕspy' v.t. catch sight of.
ĕsquire' n. (abbr. Esq.), title of courtesy; (arch.) squire.
ĕssay n. (ĕs'ā), literary composition; attempt. v.t. (ĕsā'), attempt; test. ĕs'sayist, n. essay-writer.
ĕs'sence, n. an existence or entity; indispensable quality or element; perfume.
ĕssĕn'tial (-shl), a. of or constituting a thing's essence. n. indispensable element. ~ity n.
ĕstăb'lish, v.t. set up; settle; place beyond dispute.
ĕstăb'lishment, n. establishing; established church; staff; household; house of business.
ĕstāte' n. landed property or movables; one's assets and liabilities.
ĕsteem' v.t. think highly of; consider. n. favourable
ĕs'timable, a. worth
ĕs'timate, n. (-

judgement of value, &c.; price quoted for specified work. v.t. (-āt), form an estimate of. ~tion, n. judgement; opinion; esteem. ~tor, n.

estop′ v.t. (Law) bar preclude. estopp′age, n. estopp′el, n. the being precluded from a course by previous action of one's own.

estrade′ (-ahd), n. low platform.

estrange′ (-j), v.t. alienate person from another. ~ment, n.

estreat′ v.t. take out record of (fine, &c.) and return it to Court of Exchequer to be prosecuted. n. copy of such record.

es′tuary, n. tidal mouth of river.

esū′rient, a. hungry; starveling.

et cet′era (abbr. etc., &c.), and the rest; and so on.

etch, v.t. & i. reproduce (picture, &c.) by engraving metal plate, &c. with acid, &c.; practise this art. etch′ing, n. art of engraving thus; copy from plate.

eter′nal, a. that always (has existed and) will exist; constant. eter′nalize, v.t.

eter′nity, n. being eternal; infinite time; future life.

Etesian (ĭtē′zhn), a. ~ winds, NW wind in Mediterranean for about 40 days in summer.

ē′ther, n. clear sky; upper air; a medium assumed to permeate space; volatile liquid used as anaesthetic.

ethē′real, (-ĭ-), a. light, airy; heavenly. ~al′ity, n.; ~ization, n.; ~ize, v.t.

ē′therize, v.t. put (patient) under ether. ~zation, n.

eth′ic, eth′ical, aa. of ethics.

eth′ics, n.pl. (rarely sing.) science of morals; moral principles.

eth′nical, aa. of race; heathen.

ethnog′raphy, n. description of races of men. ethnograph′ical, aa.

ethnol′ogy, n. science of races. ethnolo′gical, aa.

ē′thos, n. characteristic spirit of community, people, or system.

ē′tiolāte, v.t. (-lable), make pale by excluding light; give sickly hue to. ~tion, n.

ĕtiquette′ (-kĕt) n. conventional rules of manners; unwritten code of professional conduct.

ĕt′na, n. small spirit-lamp and boiler in one piece.

étui′ (-wē), étwee′ n. case for needles, &c.

ĕtymol′ogize, v.t. & i. trace the etymology of; study etymology. ~ist, n.

ĕtymol′ogy n. (account of) word's formation and sense-development. ĕtymolo′gical, a.

ĕt′ymon, n. primary word whence another is derived.

eucalyp′tus, n. (pl. -tuses), kinds of plant, esp. Australian gum tree. ~ oil, a disinfectant.

eu′charist (-k-), n. the sacrament of the Lord's Supper. ~ic, a.

eu′chre (-ker), n. a card-game. v.t. gain advantage over.

Eu′clid, n. (pop.) geometry as a science or subject. (mod.) the geometry of ordinary experience, accepting Euclid's axioms as indisputable.

eugen′ic, a. of the production of fine offspring. n.pl. science of this. eu′genist, n.

eu′logize, v.t. extol, praise highly. eu′logist, n.; eulogis′tic, a.

eu′logy, n. speech or writing in praise of person; praise.

eu′nuch (-k), n. castrated person.

eupep′tic, a. having good digestion.

euph′emism, n. substitution of mild for blunt expression; such substitute. ~is′tic, a.

euphō′nium, n. bass saxhorn.

euph′ony n. pleasantness or smoothness of sounds, esp. in words. euphon′ic, euphō′nious, aa. euph′onize, v.t.

euph′rasy n. the plant eyebright.

euph′uism, n. high-flown style of writing. ~ist, n.

Eurasian (ūrā′shn), a. of mixed European and Asiatic (esp. Indian) parentage; of or pertaining to Europe and Asia considered as one continent. n. Eurasian person.

eurē'ka (ūr-), *int.* I have found it.
eurhyth'mic, *a.* in or of harmonious proportion (esp. in architecture). eurhyth'mics, *n.pl.* harmony of bodily movement, esp. as developed with the aid of music into a system used in education.
eu'sol, *n.* a solution of hypochlorous acid, an antiseptic.
euthanā'sia (-z-, -zh-), *n.* gentle and easy death.
ēvac'ūāte, *v.t.* (-uable), make empty, clear; withdraw from. ~tion, *n.*
ēvāde', *v.t.* (-dable), escape from, avoid; elude, baffle.
ēval'ūāte, *v.t.* find, state, the number or amount of. ~tion, *n.*
ĕvanĕsce', *v.i.* fade from sight, disappear. ĕvanĕs'cence, *n.* ~cent, *a.* quickly fading.
ēvan'gel (-j-), *n.* the Gospel; political or other creed.
ēvangĕl'ical (-j-), *a.* of or according to the Gospel teaching; (esp. -ical) of the Protestant or Low Church school. *n.* member of evangelical school. ~ism, *n.* doctrine of evangelical school.
ēvan'gelist (-j-), *n.* writer of any of the four Gospels; preacher of the Gospel; mission-worker; 'evangelist. ~ism, *n.* preaching of the Gospel, evangelization. ~istic, *a.*
ēvan'gelize (-j-), *v.t.* preach the Gospel to. ~zation, *n.*
ēvap'orāte, *v.t.* & *i.* turn into vapour; exhale moisture. ~tive, *a.*; ~tion, ~tor, *nn.*
ēvā'sion (-zhon), *n.* act or means of evading; shuffling excuse. ēvā'sive, *a.* evasive.
ēve, *n.* evening or day before a festival, &c.; time just before an event; evening.
ē'ven¹, *n.* evening. ~song, Evening Prayer. ~tide, evening.
ē'ven², *a.* level, smooth; uniform; equal; equable, calm; divisible by 2. *v.t.* make equal; treat as equal. *adv.* neither more nor less than; simply; notwithstanding.
ē'vening (-vn-), *n.* close of day, esp. sunset to bedtime.
ēvent', *n.* occurrence of a thing; item of programme, esp. in sports; result; happening.
ēvent'ful, *a.* full of incidents.
ēven'tual, *a.* happening under certain conditions; final.
ēventūăl'ity, *n.* possible event.
ēven'tūāte, *v.i.* turn out, end; happen, come to pass.
ĕv'er, *adv.* at all times; always; at any time; ever so (colloq.) very.
ĕv'ergreen, *a.* always green or fresh. *n.* such tree or shrub.
ĕverlăs'ting (-ah-), *a.* lasting for ever; perpetual. *n.* eternity; flower retaining colour when dried.
ĕvermore', *adv.* for ever, always.
ĕv'ery (-vr-), *a.* each one of all. ~body, *pron.* every person. ~day, *a.* occurring every day; ordinary. ~one, *pron.* everybody. ~thing, *pron.* all things. ~where, *adv.* in every place.
ēvict', *v.t.* expel by legal process. ~ion, *n.* dispossession. ~or, *n.*
ĕv'idence, *n.* indication, sign; facts available as proof. *v.t.* be evidence of, indicate.
ĕv'ident, *a.* obvious, manifest.
ĕviden'tial (-shl), -tiary, *aa.* relating to or furnishing evidence.
ē'vil (-vl, -vil), *a.* bad, harmful. *n.* evil thing; sin, harm. *adv.* in evil manner. ~doer, *n.* sinner.
ēvince', *v.t.* show, indicate.
ēvis'cerāte, *v.t.* disembowel.
ēvocā'tion (or ĕv-), *n.* act of calling out. ēvŏc'ative, *a.*
ēvōke', *v.t.* call up (feelings, &c.).
ēvolū'tion (or ĕ-; -lōō-), *n.* evolving; origination of species by development from earlier forms; change in disposition of troops or ships. ~al, ~ary, *aa.*; ~ism, ~ist, *nn.*
ēvŏlve', *v.t.* & *i.* (-vable), unfold, open out; set forth in order; develop by natural process.
ēvŭl'sion, *n.* forcible extraction.
ewe (ū), *n.* female sheep.
ew'er, *n.* pitcher; water-jug.
exăc'erbāte, *v.t.* aggravate; irritate. ~tion, *n.*
exăct' (-gz-), *a.* precise, accurate, strictly correct. *v.t.* enforce payment of (fees, obedience, &c.).

exac'tion (-gz-), *n.* exacting; illegal or exorbitant demand.
exac'titude (-gz-), *n.* exactness.
exact'ly (-gz-), *adv.* quite so.
exag'gerate (igzăj-), *v.t.* carry beyond truth; overstate. ~tion, ~tor, *nn.* ~tive, *a.*
exalt (igzawlt'), *v.t.* raise in rank, power, &c.; praise, extol.
exalta'tion (-awl-), *n.* elevation, raising on high; elation.
examina'tion (-gz-), *n.* minute inspection; testing of knowledge or ability by questions.
exam'ine (-gz-), *v.t.* & *i.* (-nable), investigate or inquire into; test proficiency of (pupils, &c.) by questions. **examinee'**, **exam'iner** (-gz-), *nn.*
exam'ple (igzah-), *n.* thing illustrating general rule; model, pattern; specimen; precedent.
ex'arch (-k), *n.* (Byzantine empire) governor of distant province; (Eastern Ch.) patriarch, bishop. ~ate, *n.* office, province, of exarch.
exas'perate (-gz-), *v.t.* (-rable), irritate (person); (*p.p.*) angry at or irritated by; aggravate (pain, &c.). ~tion, ~tor, *nn.*
‖ **ex cathe'dra**, *adv.* & *a.* authoritatively (lit. from the chair).
ex'cavate, *v.t.* (-vable), hollow out; remove soil by digging. ~tion, ~tor, *nn.*
exceed', *v.t.* & *i.* be greater than, go beyond; be pre-eminent.
exceed'ingly, *adv.* very.
excel', *v.t.* & *i.* surpass; be pre-eminent.
ex'cellence, *n.* great merit.
ex'cellency, *n.* title of ambassadors, governors, &c.
ex'cellent, *a.* very good.
excel'sior, *int.* higher; *n.* soft shavings of wood for stuffing, &c.
except', *v.t.* & *i.* exclude from general statement, &c.; make objection against. *prep.* (*excepting* is also used) not including; but. *conj.* unless.
excep'tion, *n.* excepting; thing or case excepted; objection.
excep'tionable (-shon-), *a.* open to exception.
excep'tional (-shon-), *a.* forming an exception; unusual.
excerpt', *v.t.* extract, quote (passage from book, &c.). *n.* (also ĕk'-s-), such passage. ~ion, *n.*
excess', *n.* fact of exceeding; amount by which thing exceeds; unreasonable indulgence. ~ive, *a.*
exchange', *n.* giving one thing and receiving another in its place; mode of settling debts without use of money; building where merchants assemble for trade. *v.t.* & *i.* give in exchange; take back in exchange; interchange.
exchang'eable (-jabl), *a.* that may be exchanged. ~bility, *n.*
excheq'uer (-ker), *n.* national treasury, money of private person. ~bill, bill of credit issued by authority of parliament.
excise'[1] (-z), *n.* duty charged on certain home goods; tax on licences to pursue certain trades, &c. *v.t.* make person pay excise. ~man, officer collecting excise and enforcing excise laws. **excī'sable**, *a.* liable to excise.
excise'[2] (-z), *v.t.* cut out or away. **exci'sion** (-zhon), *n.*
excī'table, *a.* capable of being excited. ~bility, *n.*
ex'citant, *a.* & *n.* stimulant.
excita'tion, *n.* exciting, rousing; stimulation. ~tive, ~tory, *aa.*
excite', *v.t.* set in motion; stir up; stimulate to activity; move to strong emotion.
excite'ment (-tm-), *n.* agitation, excited state of mind.
exclaim', *v.t.* & *i.* cry out, esp. in anger, surprise, &c.
exclama'tion, *n.* vehement outcry; clamour. **exclam'atory**, *a.*
exclude' (-ōōd), *v.t.* shut out; make impossible, preclude.
exclu'sion (-ōōzhon), *n.* act of shutting out or rejecting.
exclu'sive (-ōōs-), *a.* excluding; not inclusive; (of society, &c.) disposed to exclude outsiders.
excog'itate, *v.t.* think out, devise. ~tion, ~tor, *nn.*

excommu'nicate, *v.t.* cut off from sacraments or communication with the Church. ~tion, *n.* ~tor *n.*, ~tive, ~tory *aa.*

excor'iate, *v.t.* strip, peel off (skin) ~tion, *n.*

ex'crement, *n.* waste matter discharged from bowels; dung.

excres'cence, *n.* abnormal or morbid outgrowth.

excres'cent, *a.* redundant.

excrete', *v.t.* separate and expel from system. ~tion, *n.* ~tive, ~tory, *aa.*

excru'ciate (-krōōshi-), *v.t.* pain acutely torture. ~tion, *n.*

ex'culpate, *v.t.* (-table), clear from imputation. ~tion, *n.* ~tory *a.*

excur'sion (-shon), *n.* short journey or trip, taken for pleasure. ~ist, *n.* member of excursion party

excur'sive, *a.* digressive.

excur'sus, *n.* (pl. -uses), discussion of special point in book.

excuse' *v.t.* (-z), (-sable), lessen blame forgive grant exemption to. *n.* (-s), apology; exculpation. excus'atory *a.*

ex'eat, *n.* leave of absence.

ex'ecrable, *a.* abominable.

ex'ecrate, *v.t.* & *i.* express or feel abhorrence for utter curses. ~tion, *n.*; ~tory *a.* & *n.*

exe'cutant (-gz-), *n.* performer esp. of music.

ex'ecute, *v.t.* (-table), carry out, perform put to death.

execu'tion, *n.* executing skill in performing music; destructive work seizure of goods for debt; capital punishment. ~er, *n.* one who executes criminals.

exec'utive (-gz-), *a.* concerned with execution esp. of laws and sentences. *n.* executive branch of government or of a society. "the E~, Governor of a State, President of U.S.

exec'utor (-gz-), *n.* person appointed by testator to execute his will. ~trix (pl. -trices), female executor. executor'ial, *a.*

exege'sis, *n.* exposition, esp. of Scripture. exeget'ic, *aa.*

exem'plar (-gz-), *n.* model; type.

exem'plary (-gz-), *a.* fit to be imitated, serving as an example.

exem'plify (-gz-), *v.t.* (-fiable), give or be an example of. ~fication, *n.*

exempt' (-gz-), *a.* free (from taxation, disease, &c.). *v.t.* make exempt.

exemp'tion, *n.* being exempt.

ex'equies (-kwiz), *n.pl.* funeral rites.

ex'ercise (-z) *n.* employment of faculties, &c.; practice, use of limbs in walking, &c.; task set for bodily or mental training "formal programme of events. *v.t.* & *i.* use; give exercise to take exercise, perplex, worry

exert' (-gz-), *v.t.* exercise bring to bear, put forth. ~ion, *n.*

exfo'liate, *v.i.* come off in scales or layers. ~tion, *n.*

exhala'tion (-ksha-), *n.* evaporation; puff of breath; effluvium.

exhale' *v.t.* & *i.* give off, be given off, in vapour breathe out.

exhaust' (-gzaw-), *v.t.* draw off consume, use up empty of contents; tire out. *n.* passage for exit of used steam or motive fluid from engine cylinder; process of exhausting air in vessel. ~ible, *a.*; ~ibility, ~ion, *nn.*

exhaus'tive (-gzaw-), *a.* tending to exhaust; comprehensive.

exhib'it (-gz-), *v.t.* display manifest, show publicly *n.* thing exhibited.

exhibi'tion (-ksi-), *n.* display public show allowance to students. ~er *n.* student holding an exhibition. exhib'itioner (-gz-), *n.* one who exhibits in show, &c.

exhil'arate (-gz-), *v.t.* (-rable), enliven, make cheerful. ~tion, *n.*

exhort' (-gz-), *v.t.* admonish earnestly; urge to action. exhorta'tion (-ksor-), *n.*; exhort'ative, ~atory (-gz-) *aa.*

exhume' *v.t.* (-mable), disinter. ~mation, *n.* disinterment.

ex'igence, ~ency *nn.* urgent need; (pl. -cies) pressing needs.

ex'igent, *a.* urgent exacting

ex'igible, *a.* that may be exacted.

exig'uous, a. scanty, small, slender. exigū'ity, n.

ex'ile, n. penal banishment; long absence from one's country &c.; person in exile. v.t. banish.

exist' (-gz-), v.i. be, have being; live, sustain life. ~ent, a.

exis'tence (-gz-), n. fact, mode, of living; all that exists.

ex'it, n. going out; way out; departure; death.

‖ ex'it, v.i. (pl. exeunt, pr. -iŭnt), (stage direction) goes off stage.

‖ ex li'bris, n. book plate.

ex'odus, n. a departure.

‖ ex offi'cio (-shiō), adv. & a. in virtue of one's office.

exog'amy, n. custom compelling a man to marry outside his tribe. exog'amous, a.

exon'erate (-gz-), v.t. free from blame; exculpate. ~tion, n.

exorb'itant (-gz-), a. grossly excessive; extravagant. ~ance, n.

ex'orcize, v.t. expel (evil spirit) by invocation, &c.; clear of spirits. ~ism, ~ist, nn.

exor'dium, n. (pl. -iums, -ia) introductory part of discourse or treatise. exor'dial, a.

exote'ric, a. intelligible to outsiders; ordinary, popular.

exot'ic (-gz-), a. introduced from abroad. n. exotic plant, &c.

expand' v.t. & i. spread out; develop; increase; become genial.

expanse' n. wide area or extent of land, space, &c. ~sible, a.; ~sibility, ~sion, nn.

expan'sive, a. able or tending to expand; extensive; genial.

‖ ex par'te, adv. & a. from or on behalf of one side only.

expa'tiate (-shi-), v.i. speak or write copiously. ~tion, n.

expa'triate (or -pā-), v.t. (-iable) banish. ~tion, n.

expect' v.t. reckon on; anticipate; look for; suppose.

expec'tant, a. expecting; looking for. n. one who expects office, &c. ~ancy, n.

expecta'tion, n. anticipation; what one expects; probability; (pl.) prospects of inheritance.

expec'torate, v.t. & i. cough or spit out from chest or lungs. ~tion, ~tor, nn.

expe'dient, a. suitable, advisable; more politic than just. n. contrivance, device. ~ence, ~ency, nn.

ex'pedite, v.t. help on, facilitate the progress of; dispatch.

expedi'tion, n. promptness, dispatch; (men, fleet, sent on) journey or voyage for some definite purpose. ~ary, a. (to be) employed on an expedition.

expedi'tious (-shus) a. done with or marked by expedition.

expel' v.t. throw out; eject.

expend' v.t. spend (money, time, care); use up, consume.

expen'diture, n. expending (of money, &c.); amount expended.

expense' n. cost, charge; (pl.) outlay in executing commission, &c.

expen'sive, a. costly.

expe'rience, n. knowledge based on personal observation or contact; incident that affects one. v.t. find by experience; suffer, undergo.

expe'rienced (-st), a. having had much experience; knowing.

exper'iment, n. (-ent), procedure tried on the chance of success, or as a test. v.i. (-ent), make an experiment. ~ation, n.

experimen'tal, a. based on or done by way of experiment. ~ist, n. ~ize, v.i. try experiments.

expert, a. (ĕxpert'), practised, skilled. n. (ĕx'pert), person expert in subject.

ex'piate, v.t. pay the penalty of, make amends for (sin). ~tion, ~tor, nn.; ~tory, a.

expire' v.t. & i. breathe out; die; die out; come to an end. expira'tion, n.; expir'atory, a.

expi'ry, n. termination.

explain' v.t. make known; make intelligible; account for.

explana'tion, n. statement or circumstance that explains.

explan'atory, a. serving to explain.

exple'tive (or ĕks'pli-), a. serving to fill out sentence, &c. n. expletive word, esp. oath.

ex'plicable, *a.* explainable.
ex'plicate, *v.t.* develop (idea, &c.). ~tive, ~tory, *aa.* explanatory.
expli'cit, *a.* expressly stated; definite; outspoken.
explode', *v.t.* & *i.* (-dable), discredit; (cause to) go off with loud noise.
exploit, *n.* (ĕks'ploit), brilliant feat. *v.t.* (ĭksploit'), work (mine, &c.); utilize for one's own ends. ~ation, *n.*
explore', *v.t.* (-rable), examine (country &c.) by going through it; examine by touch; inquire into. ~ration, *n.* ~ative, ~atory, *aa.*
explo'sion (-zhn), *n.* going off with loud noise; outbreak.
explo'sive, *a.* tending to explode. *n.* explosive agent or material.
expo'nent, *n.* person who explains or interprets; type, representative; algebraic symbol.
export, *v.t.* (ĭkspôrt'), send goods to another country. *n.* (ĕks'-), exported article; (usu. pl.) amount exported. ~ation, *n.*
expose' (-z), *v.t.* (-sable), leave unprotected; subject to risk, criticism, &c.; exhibit for sale; disclose, unmask.
‖ **exposé** (ĕkspō'zā), *n.* statement of facts; showing up.
exposi'tion (-zi-), *n.* description, explanation; exhibition of goods, &c. expo'sitor, *n.*; ~tory, *a.*
‖ **ex post fac'to**, *a.* retrospective.
expos'tulate, *v.i.* make (esp. friendly) remonstrance. ~tion, ~tor, *nn.*; ~tory, *a.*
expo'sure (-zher), *n.* exposing, being exposed; unmasking.
expound', *v.t.* set forth in detail; explain, interpret.
express', *v.t.* represent in words, make known; squeeze out; *send by express. *a.* definitely stated, explicit; meant, done, &c., for special purpose. *n.* express train, messenger; express agent, company. *adv.* with speed. ~ible, *a.*
expre'ssion (-shn), *n.* expressing; word, phrase; aspect of face; tone; style. ~al, *a.*
expres'sive, *a.* serving to express; significant.
express'ly, *adv.* explicitly.
expro'priate, *v.t.* dispossess; take away. ~tion, ~tor, *nn.*
expul'sion (-shn), *n.* expelling; banishment. ~ive, *a.*
expunge' (-j), *v.t.* remove, omit.
ex'purgate (-per-), *v.t.* (-gable), purge, purify; remove objectionable parts (of book, &c.). ~tion, ~tor, *nn.*; expurgato'rial, ex'purgatory, *aa.*
ex'quisite (-z-), *a.* of extreme beauty or delicacy; acute, keen. *n.* coxcomb.
ex-ser'vice, *a.* that has been but is no longer in one of the fighting services.
ex'tant (or ĭkstănt'), *a.* (of document, &c.) still existing.
extem'pore, *adv.* & *a.* without preparation, off-hand. ~ra'neous, ~rary, *aa.* extem'porize, *v.t.* & *i.* produce extempore, speak extempore. ~zation, *n.*
extend', *v.t.* & *i.* stretch out; reach; accord to; prolong; enlarge; tax the powers of. ~ible, *a.* exten'sible, *a.*; ~bility, *n.*
exten'sile (or -īl), *a.* that can be protracted or enlarged.
exten'sion (-shn), *n.* extending; enlargement, additional part.
exten'sive, *a.* large, far-reaching.
exten'sor, *n.* muscle that straightens a joint.
extent', *n.* space covered; large space or tract; size.
exten'uate, *v.t.* (-uable), lessen by partial excuse the gravity of; mitigate. ~tion, ~tor, *nn.*
exter'ior, *a.* outer, outward. *n.* exterior aspect or part.
exter'minate, *v.t.* root out, destroy utterly. ~tion, ~tor, *nn.*
exter'nal, *a.* outside; outward. *n.pl.* non-essentials. ~al'ity, *n.* ~ize, *v.t.* give attributes, external existence to. ~ization, *n.*
extraterrito'rial, *a.* free from jurisdiction of territory one resides in. extraterritorial'ity, *n.*
extinct', *a.* no longer burning, quenched; that has died out.

far'thingale (-thingg-), n. (hist.) hooped petticoat.

fa'sces (-sēz), n. bundle of rods and an axe carried before Roman magistrate.

fa'scia (-shia), n. (Archit.) long flat surface of wood or stone, stripe, band.

fa'scicle, -icule, n. bunch, bundle; part of book.

fa'scinate, v.t. make (victim) powerless by one's presence or look; charm irresistibly. ~tion, ~tor nn.

fascine' (-ēn), n. long fagot used for lining trenches.

Fa'scism (-sh-), n. principles and organization of Italian national-ist anti-communist corporative government or institutions of this. Fa'scist, n. & a.

fash, v.t. & n. (Sc.) trouble, bother.

fa'shion (-shn), n. make, shape, style, way, manner; custom, esp. in dress. v.t. form, shape.

fa'shionable (-shon-), a. characteristic of persons of fashion.

fast¹ (fah-), v.i. go without food, esp. as religious observance. n. fasting; going without food.

fast² (fah-), a. firm, fixed, steady; rapid; pleasure-seeking. adv. firmly, tightly; quickly.

fasten (fah'sn), v.t. & i. attach, fix, secure; become fast.

fa'stener, fa'stening (fahsn-), nn. clasp, &c., to fasten things with.

fa'sti, n.pl. records, annals.

fastid'ious, a. squeamish, hard to please.

fast'ness (fah-), n. firmness, strength; stronghold; rapidity.

fat, a. well fed, plump; greasy, oily; resinous; fertile, profitable. n. fat part of thing; oily substance in animal bodies. v.t. & i. fatten. ~head, dolt.

fa'tal, a. destructive, ruinous; deadly, ending in death.

fa'talism, n. belief that all is predetermined; submission to all that happens as inevitable. ~ist, n.; ~istic, a.

fatal'ity, n. supremacy of fate; calamity; death by accident.

fa'ta morga'na (fah-, -gah-), n. kind of mirage.

fate, n. power predetermining events from eternity; what is destined; death, destruction. v.t. preordain; (p.p.) doomed.

fate'ful (-tf-), a. fraught with destiny; decisive; fatal.

fa'ther (fahdh-), n. male parent; forefather; originator; priest of religious order &c.; oldest member; (pl.) elders. v.t. beget; originate; pass as father or author of. ~-in-law, n. wife's or husband's father. ~hood, n.; ~less, a.

fa'therland (fahdh-), n. one's country.

fa'therly (fahdh-), a. like a father.

fa'thom (-dh-), n. measure of 6 ft., esp. in soundings. v.t. sound (water); comprehend. ~less, a.

fatigue' (-ēg), n. weariness from exertion; wearying task. v.t. tire.

fat'ling, n. young fatted animal.

fatt'en, v.t. & i. make or grow fat; enrich (soil).

fatt'y, a. of or like fat. n. (colloq.) fat child, &c.

fatu'ous, a. silly, senseless; impotent. fatu'ity, n.

fau'cet, n. tap for barrel, pipe, &c. tap of any kind.

fault, n. defect, blemish; offence; misdeed (Tennis, &c.) ball wrongly served; (Hunt.) loss of scent, check; (Geol.) break in continuity of strata, &c. ~-finding, a. & n. querulous(ness), censorious(ness). ~less, faul'ty, aa.

faun, n. Latin rural deity with horns and tail.

faun'a, n. (pl. -ae, -as), the animals of a region or epoch.

fauteuil (fō'tö'ĕ), n. theatre stall.

faux pas (fō pah), n. act that compromises one's reputation.

fa'vour (-ver), n. liking, goodwill, approval; partiality; aid; thing given or worn as mark of favour; (arch.) looks. v.t. regard, treat with favour; oblige; treat with partiality; resemble in features.

fa'vourable (-ver-), a. well disposed; commendatory; promising, auspicious, helpful, suitable.

fā'vourite (-vĕr-), a. habitually preferred. n. favourite person; horse, &c. expected to win contest.
fā'vouritism (-vĕr-), n. practice of having favourites.
fawn¹ n. fallow deer in first year; light yellowish brown. a. fawn-coloured. v.t. & i. bring forth.
fawn² v.i. (of dog, &c.) show affection by frisking, grovelling, &c.; lavish caresses upon; behave servilely.
fay n. (poet.) fairy.
feaze, v.t. (sl.) discompose, disturb.
fē'alty n. duty of a feudal vassal to his lord; faithful adherence.
fear n. emotion caused by impending evil; alarm, dread. v.t. & i. be afraid; be anxious; hesitate; shrink from. fear'ful, a. terrible, afraid; (colloq.) annoying, &c. fear'less, a. feeling no fear, brave. fear'some, a. (usu. joc.) formidable.
fea'sible (-z-), a. practicable, possible; plausible. ~bility, n.
feast, n. religious anniversary; village festival; sumptuous entertainment; (fig.) gratification. v.i. & t. (cause to) partake of feast; fare sumptuously; regale.
feat, n. notable act, esp. of valour; surprising performance.
fea'ther (fĕdh-), n. the plume or quill of birds; plume worn in hat, &c.; (rowing) action of feathering. v.t. & i. furnish, line, coat with feathers; enrich; turn oar so as to pass through air edgeways. ~brain'(ed), ~head(ed), flighty or silly (person). ~weight, light person or thing, a boxing-weight (9 st.). feathered (fĕdh'erd), a. feath'ery, a.
fea'ture, n. (usu. pl.) part(s) of the face; external appearance; characteristic part of thing. v.t. be a feature of; portray; make special display of, star. ~less, a. lacking distinct features.
fĕb'rifuge (or fē-), n. medicine to reduce fever; cooling drink.
fē'brile, a. of fever.
Fĕb'ruary n. second month.
fĕck'less, a. (Sc.) lacking purpose or resource; helpless, futile.
fē'culence, n. turbidness; dregs.
fē'culent, a. turbid, fetid.
fĕcund (or fē-), a. fertile. fecundity, n.
fĕ'cundate (or fē-), v.t. make fecund; impregnate. ~tion, n.
fed, see feed. ~up, (sl.) tired, bored.
fĕd'eral, a. (of States) united, but independent in internal affairs. ~ism, ~ist, nn. ~ise, v.t.
fĕd'erate, v.t. & i. unite on federal basis or for common object. a. (-at), so united. ~tion, n. federating; federal society. ~tive, a.
fee, n. sum payable to officials, professional men, &c. for their services; charge; gratuity; inherited estate. v.t. pay fee to; engage for fee.
fee'ble, a. weak; wanting in character or intelligence.
feed, v.t. & i. (p.t. fed) supply with food; graze; comfort, keep in hope; take food. n. feeding; (colloq.) meal; pasturage, fodder.
feed'er, n. one who eats; one who feeds a machine; child's bib; tributary; feeding-apparatus in machine.
feed'pipe, n. pipe carrying water, &c. to machine, &c.
feel, v.t. & i. (felt), explore by touch; perceive by touch; experience; be affected by; have pity for. n. sense of touch.
feel'er, n. organ of touch in some animals; tentative suggestion.
feel'ing, n. sense of touch; physical sensation; emotion; (pl.) susceptibilities; consideration for others; conviction or opinion. a. sensitive, sympathetic.
feign (fān), v.t. & i. pretend, simulate; practise simulation; invent, forge, imagine.
feint (fā-), n. sham attack, blow, &c., meant to deceive opponent; pretence. v.i. make feint.
fĕl'spar, n. kinds of crystalline white or flesh-red mineral.
fĕlĭ'citate, v.t. (-ĭsit), congratulate. ~tion, n. (usu. in pl.).

Feli'citous, a. apt, well-chosen, happy. **Feli'city**, n. great happiness; bliss; felicitous phrase.
Fe'line, a. of cats; catlike.
Fell¹, n. animal's hide or skin with the hair; thick matted wool.
Fell², n. (in names) hill; stretch of moorland.
Fell³, a. fierce, destructive.
Fell⁴, v.t. strike down; cut down (tree); stitch down (seam).
Fell⁵, p.t. of fall.
Fe'llah (-a), n. (pl. -ahen, -ahs), Egyptian peasant.
Fe'lloe (-ō, -lĭ), **fe'lly**, n. (section of) circumference of wheel.
Fe'llow (-ō), n. comrade, associate; counterpart, equal; co-opted graduate member of a college; member of some learned society; (colloq.) man, boy. a. of same class; associated in joint action, &c. ~-feeling, sympathy.
Fe'llowship (-lō-), n. sharing; companionship; body of associates; status of college fellow.
Fe'lo de se, n. (pl. felos-, -os), self-murderer; self-murder (no pl.).
Fe'lon, n. a criminal; small abscess. a. cruel, murderous.
Fe'lony, n. crime graver than misdemeanour. **Felo'nious**, a.
Felt¹, n. cloth of matted wool, &c.
Felt², p.t. of feel.
Felu'cca, n. coasting vessel with oars or lateen sails or both.
Fe'male, a. of the offspring-bearing sex; (of plants) fruit-bearing, having pistil and no stamens. n. female person or animal.
Feminal'ity, n. feminine peculiarity or knick-knack, &c.
Fe'minine, a. of women; womanly; [illegible] **Feminin'ity**, n.
Fe'minism, n. influence of women; belief in or advocacy of it. ~ist, n. **Fe'minize**, v.t. & i. (-ablz), make or become feminine.
Fe'moral, a. of the thigh.
Fen, n. low marshy tract of land. **Fe'nny**, a. [illegible]
Fence, n. art of using sword; hedge, &c. enclosing field; guard in machine; receiver of stolen goods. v.i. & t. practise sword-play; (fig.) parry, evade; surround as with fence; deal in stolen goods. ~-month, ~-time, close time.
Fe'ncible, n. (hist.) soldier liable only for home service.
Fe'ncing, n. art of sword-play; fences, material for fences.
Fend, v.t. & i. ward off; provide for.
Fe'nder, n. thing used to keep something off; frame round hearth to keep in falling coals.
Fe'nian, n. one of a league among Irish in U.S. for overthrowing English rule in Ireland. ~ism, n.
Fe'nnel, n. yellow-flowered herb used in sauces.
Fe'nugreek, n. leguminous plant with seeds used in farriery.
Feoff (fĕf), n. = fief.
Feoff'ment (fĕf-), n. a mode of conveying freehold estate. feoffee (fĕfē'), feoff'or, ~er, (fĕf-), nn. one to whom, one by whom, land is so conveyed.
Fe'ral, **fe'rine**, aa. wild; untamed; uncultivated; brutal.
Ferash' (-ăsh), n. (Anglo-Ind.) menial servant who spreads carpets, pitches tents, &c.
Fe'retory, n. shrine; tomb; bier; chapel for shrines.
Fe'rial, a. (of day) not a festival or fast.
Feringhee (-nggĭ), n. (Indian term for) European, now used chiefly of the Indian-born Portuguese.
Fe'rment, n. (fer'ment), leaven, fermenting-agent; tumult. v.t. & i. (ferme'nt'), suffer, subject to, fermentation; excite, foment. ~able, ~ative, aa.
Fermenta'tion, n. process like that induced by leaven in dough, with effervescence, heat, and change of properties; excitement.
Fern, n. kinds of vascular cryptogam with feathery fronds.
Fe'rnery, n. place for growing ferns.
Fero'cious (-shus), a. fierce, cruel. **Fero'city**, n.
Ferri'ferous, a. containing iron.

fe'rret[1], n. kind of polecat used in catching rabbits, rats, &c. v.t. & i. hunt with ferrets; clear out, drive out, with ferrets; rummage about, search for.

fe'rret[2], n. cotton or silk tape.

fe'rriage, n. conveyance by ferry; charge for using ferry.

fe'rric, fe'rrous, aa. of or containing iron.

ferrif'erous, a. iron-yielding.

fe'rrotype, n. positive photograph on thin iron plate; this process.

ferrous. See ferric.

ferrugi'nous (-rōō-), a. of iron-rust; rust-coloured, reddish-brown.

fe'rrule, -rul, n. metal ring or cap at end of stick, &c.

fe'rry, v.t. & i. take or go in boat, work boat, over river, canal, or strait. n. place, provision, for ferrying. ~-bridge, large ferry transporting railway train. ~man, one who ferries passengers.

fe'rtile (or -īl), a. bearing abundantly, fruitful. fertil'ity, n.

fe'rtilize, v.t. (-zable) make fertile, fecundate. ~zation, ~zer, nn.

fe'rule (-ōōl), n. flat ruler with pierced end for punishing boys.

fe'rvent, a. hot, glowing; ardent, intense. fe'rvency, fe'rvour (-er), nn. fe'rvid, a. ardent.

fe'scue, n. small stick, teacher's pointer; kinds of grass.

fe'stal, a. of a feast; gay.

fe'ster, v.i. generate matter, cause suppuration; rankle; rot. n. festering condition.

fe'stival, n. festal day; celebration, merry-making.

fe'stive, a. of a feast; joyous.

festi'vity, n. gaiety, festive celebration; (pl.) festive proceedings.

festoo'n, n. hanging chain of flowers, ribbons, &c. v.t. adorn with, form into, festoons.

fetch, v.t. & i. go for and bring back; draw forth; be sold for; deal (blow). n. trick.

fe'tching, a. attractive.

fête (fāt), n. festival, entertainment. v.t. entertain, make much of. ‖ fête-champêtre (fāt shahn-pātr'), outdoor fête.

fe'tid (or fē-), foe'tid (fē-), a. stinking.

fe'tish (or fē-), -chism (-sh), n. inanimate object worshipped by savages; principle, &c. irrationally reverenced. ~ism, ~ist, nn.

fe'tlock, n. part of horse's leg where tuft of hair grows.

fe'tter, n. shackle for the feet; band; (pl.) captivity; restraint. v.t. bind as with fetters.

fe'ttle, n. condition, trim.

feud[1], n. lasting mutual hostility between two tribes or families.

feud[2], n. fief; feudal benefice; territory held in fee.

feu'dal, a. of a feud or fief, held of a lord on condition of service; of or like the feudal system. ~ism, ~ist, nn. feu'datory, a. feudally subject to; n. feudal vassal.

fe'ver, n. morbid condition with high temperature; nervous excitement. v.t. throw into fever; (p.p. fig.) restless, agitated. ~ish, a. having symptoms of fever; excited, restless.

fe'verfew, n. herb formerly used as a febrifuge.

few, a. not many. n. small number of persons or things; small number. ~ness, n.

fey (fā), a. with the mind in abnormal state; fated to die.

fez, n. Turkish cap.

‖ fiancé (fēahn'sā), n. (fem. -ée), one's betrothed.

fias'co, n. (pl. -os), failure, break-down.

fi'at, n. authorization; decree.

fib[1], n. trivial lie. v.i. tell fib. fib'ber, fib'ster, nn.

fib[2] (Boxing), n. blow. v.t. hit.

fi'bre (-ber), n. thread-like filament; substance formed of fibres; character; small root or twig. ~ silk, artificial silk. fi'bred (-herd), a. fi'bril, n. small fibre. fi'brous, a.

fi'brin, n. insoluble protein present in clotted blood or plasma.
fi'broid, a. fibre-like. n. fibroid uterine tumour.
fib'ula, n. (pl. -ae, -as), splint bone on outer side of leg; brooch.
fi'chu (-shōō), n. shawl of lace, &c. for shoulders and neck.
fic'kle, a. inconstant, changeable.
fic'tile, a. made by potter; of pottery.
fic'tion, n. invention; invented statement or narrative. ~al, a.
ficti'tious (-shus), a. not genuine; assumed; imaginary.
fid'dle, n. violin; (Naut.) contrivance for stopping things from rolling off table. v.i. & t. play fiddle; potter, move aimlessly. ~stick, fiddle-bow; (usu. pl., as int.) nonsense. fidd'ler, n. fidd'ling, a. petty, trifling.
fidel'ity, n. faithfulness, loyalty; accuracy.
fidg'et, n. restless state or mood; one who fidgets. v.i. & t. move restlessly; be or make uneasy, worry. fidg'ety, a.
fidu'cial (-shl), a. having the nature of trust or reliance.
fidu'ciary (-shi-), a. held or given in trust. n. trustee.
fie (fī), int. expressing sense of outraged propriety.
fief, n. See feud².
field, n. ground, esp. for pasture or tillage; tract rich in some product; scene of battle; expanse of sea, snow, &c.; all competitors, or all except favourite; (Crick.) fieldsman, fielders. v.i. & t. act as fieldsman in cricket, &c.; stop and return ball. ~-cornet, magistrate of township in Cape Province, &c. ~-day, manoeuvring exercise or review; (fig., as ~-day) great occasion, important debate; athletic meeting. ~-events, sports other than races. ~-fare, kind of thrush. ~-glass, binocular telescope for outdoor use. ~-hospital, ambulance; temporary hospital near field of battle. F~ Marshal, army officer of the highest rank. ~s'man, fielder at cricket. ~-sports, esp. hunting, shooting, and fishing.
field'er, n. fieldsman at cricket or baseball.
fiend, n. the devil; superhumanly wicked (*or clever) person; (col.) person addicted to some harmful practice. ~ish, a.
fierce, a. violent in hostility; raging, vehement; intense.
fier'y (fir-), a. consisting of fire, flaming; flashing; inflaming; irritable; spirited; (of cricket pitch) making ball rise dangerously.
fife, n. shrill flute; fifer. v.i. play fife. fi'fer, n. fife-player.
fifteen', a. & n. one more than fourteen, 15, XV; Rugby football side of fifteen players. ~th, a. & n.
fifth, a. & n. next after fourth. fif'ty, a. & n. five times ten, 50, L. ~fifty-fif'ty, half and half, equal shares. fif'tieth, a. & n.
fig¹, n. soft pear-shaped many-seeded fruit; valueless thing. ~-leaf, device for concealing what is indecorous. ~wort, brown-flowered herb.
fig², v.t. ~ out (rig out), dress up. n. dress, condition.
fight (fīt), v.i. & t. (fought, pr. fawt), contend in battle or single combat or with the fists; maintain against opponent. n. fighting, battle; (fig.) strife, conflict. fight'er (fīt-), n.
fig'ment, n. invented statement; imaginary thing.
fig'urant, fem. -ante, n. ballet-dancer.
figura'tion (or -gur-), n. act of formation; form, shape.
fig'urative, a. metaphorical; emblematic; pictorial, plastic.
fig'ure (-ger), n. external form; bodily shape; image; emblem, type; diagram, illustration; evolution in dancing; a character denoting number (fig.). v. draw, v.t. & i. represent in diagram or picture; imagine; calculate, estimate, be estimated; make ap-

pearance, —head, carved bust, &c. over ship's cutwater; merely nominal leader, &c. (joc.) person's face.
figurine' (-ēn), n. statuette.
fil'ament, n. thread-like body; fibre; part of stamen that supports anther. —ary, —ous, aa.
fil'ature, n. reeling silk from cocoons; establishment for reeling silk.
fil'bert, n. nut of the hazel.
filch, v.t. steal, pilfer.
file¹, n. instrument for reducing or smoothing objects. v.t. smooth, reduce, remove, with file; elaborate, polish. fil'ings, n.pl. particles rubbed off by file.
file², n. stiff pointed wire or other device for holding papers; (Mil.) front-rank man and his rear-rank man or men; row of persons, &c. one behind another. v.t. & i. march in file; place papers on file.
fil'ial (or fi-), a. of, befitting, a son or daughter.
filiā'tion (or fi-), n. parentage; descent; branch of a society.
fil'ibeg, phil'ibeg, n. (Sc.) kilt.
fil'ibuster, n. one who wages unauthorized warfare against foreign state; one who delays legislation. v.i. act as filibuster.
fil'igree, fil'agree, n. fine tracery of gold or other wire.
fill, v.t. & i. make or become full; spread over, pervade; satisfy, satiate; occupy. n. a full supply. fill'er, n. vessel, &c. for filling others. —ing, n.
fil'let, n. ribbon, &c. for binding hair or worn round head; (pl.) animal's loins; undercut of sirloin; boneless strip of fish, &c. (Archit.) narrow flat band between mouldings. v.t. bind, encircle, with fillet; divide (fish) into fillets.
fill'ip, n. smart stroke given with the finger; stimulus; mere trifle. v.t. strike slightly and smartly; give fillip to.
fill'y, n. female foal; (sl.) girl.
film, n. thin skin or layer; (Photog.) gelatin, &c. used instead of plate or spread on paper or plate; celluloid roll used in cinema, its contents as shown; dimness over eyes. v.t. & i. cover, become covered, with film; take picture of (scenes) for the cinema. film'y, a.
fil'oselle, n. floss silk.
fil'ter, n. device for cleaning liquid from impurities. v.t. & i. (also fil'trate), pass (liquid), flow through filter. filtrā'tion, n.
filth, n. loathsome dirt; garbage; obscenity. filth'y, a.
fin, n. fish's propelling and steering organ; (sl.) hand.
fi'nal, a. at the end, coming last; conclusive, decisive. n. final heat or game in athletics; (coll. or pl.) final examination.
finā'le (-nah-), n. last movement of instrumental composition; close of opera, drama, &c.
final'ity, n. final act, state, or utterance; being final.
finance' (or fi-), n. management of money; (pl.) pecuniary resources. v.t. & i. find capital for; deal with money. finan'cial (or fi-; -shl), a. finan'cier (or fi-), n. one skilled in finance; capitalist.
finch, n. kinds of small bird.
find, v.t. (found) come across, meet with, obtain; discover; ascertain; determine; supply. n. discovery of treasure, first-class player, &c.
fi'nder, n. discoverer.
fi'nding, n. verdict of jury.
fin de siècle (făn de syākl), a. advanced, modern; decadent.
fine¹, n. sum fixed as penalty; sum paid for privilege. v.t. & i. (-nable) punish by fine; pay consideration for privilege.
fine², a. of high quality; pure, refined; thin, in small particles; excellent; handsome; imposing; bright, free from rain; smart, showy; fastidious. n. fine weather. adv. finely. v.t. make (beer) clear; (of liquid) become clear; (with away, down, off)

make or become finer. ~-draw v.t. sew together with imperceptible join. ~-drawn, a. subtle, extremely thin. ~-spun, a. delicate, too subtle.

fi'nery, n. showy dress or decoration; hearth where cast iron is made malleable.

finesse', n. subtle management; artfulness. v.i. & t. use finesse; manage by finesse.

fing'er (-ngg-), n. one of the four terminal members of the hand; finger-like object. v.t. touch, turn about, with the fingers; take (bribe, &c.). ~-post, signpost at turning of road. ~-print, impression of finger, esp. as used for identifying criminal. ~-stall, cover to protect finger.

fing'ering¹ (-ngg-), n. management of the fingers in playing upon an instrument.

fing'ering² (-ngg-), n. wool for stockings.

fi'nial, n. ornamental top to gable, canopy, &c.

fin'ical, fin'icking, aa. over-nice, fastidious; too much finished.

fi'nis, n. the end.

fin'ish, v.t. & i. bring to an end, come to the end; perfect, put final touches to. n. last stage, decisive result; completed state. fin'isher, n. workman doing final operation; crushing blow, &c.

fi'nite, a. bounded, limited.

finn'an, n. (also ~ haddock), smoke-cured haddock.

finn'y, a. like or having fins.

fiord, fjord (fy-), n. narrow arm of the sea between cliffs.

fir, n. (also ~-tree), kinds of coniferous tree with needles placed singly on shoots; their wood. ~-cone, fruit of fir. firr'y, a.

fire, n. state of combustion; flame, glow; burning fuel, conflagration; burning heat; fervour, spirit. v.t. & i. set fire to; catch fire; (cause to) become heated or excited; cause to explode; (of gun) go off; propel from gun. ~-arm, gun, pistol, &c. ~-brand, piece of burning wood; kindler of strife. ~-brigade, organized body of firemen. ~-bug, incendiary. ~-damp, (miner's name for) carburetted hydrogen, explosive when mixed with air. ~-dog, andiron. ~-engine, for extinguishing fire. ~-escape, apparatus for escape from house on fire. ~-fly, insect emitting phosphorescent light. ~-irons, tongs, poker, and shovel. ~-man, man employed to extinguish fires; tender of furnace, &c. ~-out, (sl.) expel. ~-place, grate or hearth in room. ~-plug, (abbr. F.P.), connexion in water-main for hose. ~-side, space round fireplace. ~-warden, officer protecting forests against fire. ~-water, whisky. ~-work, device giving spectacular effect by use of combustibles; (fig., pl.) display of wit, &c. fire'less cook'er, apparatus cooking with heated plates.

fir'ing, n. fuel; act of discharging firearms; cauterizing.

firk'in, n. small cask; half kilderkin.

firm¹, n. partners in business.

firm², a. of solid structure; fixed, steady; steadfast, resolute; (of offer) not liable to cancellation after acceptance. v.t. & i. solidify; fix firmly.

firm'ament, n. vault of heaven. firmamen'tal, a.

fir'man, n. Oriental sovereign's edict, passport, &c.

first, a. the ordinal of 1; earliest in time or order; of highest repute, &c. n. first-class honours at university, &c.; first prize at show, &c. adv. before all or something else; for the first time. ~-aid, given before doctor comes. ~-fruits, season's products as offered to God; first results. first'ling (-st-), n. first-fruits. first'ly, adv. in the first place, first.

firth, frith, n. arm of the sea, estuary.

fis'cal, a. of public revenue. n. (Scot.) legal official; (S. Afr.) kind of shrike.

14th, anniversary of adoption of Stars and Stripes by Congress. ~officer (vice- rear-) admiral. ~ship, with admiral on board. ~staff, pole on which flag is hung. ~wagging, (sl.) signalling with flags held in hands.

flag² v.i. hang down; droop; fall off in interest.

flagell'ant, n. one who scourges himself. a. self-scourging; given to flogging. fla'gellate, v.t. scourge. ~tion, ~tor, nn.

flageolet' (-jol-), n. wind-instrument with mouthpiece at end.

flagi'tious (-shus), a. deeply criminal, heinous.

flag'on, n. vessel to hold liquor.

fla'grant, a. glaring, scandalous.

flail, n. hand threshing-implement with which grain is beaten out.

||flair, n. selective instinct for what is good, paying, &c.

flake, n. light fleecy tuft or piece, esp. snow; thin broad piece; layer. v.t. & i. fall in, sprinkle with, flakes; take, come (off, &c.) in flakes. fla'ky, a.

flam, n. sham story, hoax.

flam'beau (-bō), n. (pl. -x or -s, pr. -z), lighted torch.

flamboy'ant, a. florid, gorgeous. n. kinds of flame-coloured flower.

flame, n. visible combustion; bright light; passion, esp. love; sweetheart. v.i. emit flames; break out into anger; shine, gleam.

flam'en, n. a god's priest.

fla'ming, a. very hot or bright.

flaming'o (-ngg-), n. (pl. -oes), bird with long legs and neck.

||flâneur (flah'nėr), n. idler.

flange (-j), n. projecting flat rim, collar, or rib.

flank, n. side of body between ribs and hip; side of body of troops or fleet. v.t. guard or strengthen on the flank; attack on flank.

flann'el, n. open woollen stuff, usu. napless; (pl.) (white) flannel trousers. a. made of flannel. flannelette', n. cotton fabric imitating flannel. flann'elled (-ld) a. dressed in flannels.

flap, v.t. & i. strike, drive (flies, &c.) with broad thing; (of bird) strike with flat of wing; sway about, flutter. n. light stroke of broad thing; broad hanging piece, e.g. table-leaf, pocket-cover. ~jack, small cake of flour fried in grease.

flapp'er, n. flat fly-killer; young wild-duck, &c. (sl.) girl in late teens; (sl.) hand.

flare, v.i. blaze with bright unsteady flame. n. bright unsteady light; outburst of flame.

flar'ing, a. flaming; gaudy.

flash, v.i. & t. break into flame or sparks; gleam; appear or occur suddenly; fill or flood (stream, &c.) with water. n. sudden short blaze; signal light used at sea; instant; sudden short access; rush of water let down weir to take boats over shallows; ostentation. a. gaudy, showy; counterfeit; slang. ~light, used for signals, lighthouses, and night photography. ~point, temperature at which vapour from oil, &c. ignites.

flash'ing, n. strip of metal to obviate flooding or soaking at joint of roofing, &c.

flash'y, a. gaudy, tawdry.

flask (-ah-), n. pocket bottle of metal or glass; gunpowder case. flask'et (-ah-), n. small flask; long shallow basket.

flat, a. horizontal, level; prostrate; smooth; dull, lifeless; (Mus.) below the true pitch. n. plain, lowland, level ground; (Mus.) note a semitone below natural pitch; suite of rooms on one floor; (sl.) duffer, dupe. ~car, railroad freight-car without sides or roof. ~fish, sole, turbot, plaice, &c. ~footed, with feet not normally arched; (sl.) determined, blunt. ~iron, for heating linen, &c. ~race, over level ground. ~ rate, the same in all cases, not proportional. flatt'en, v.t. & i. make or become flat.

flatt'er, v.t. fawn upon; over-

violently; throw hard. n. throw cast; impetuous dance.
flint, n. hard stone found in steel-grey lumps; piece of flint used with steel to produce fire. ~lock, (lock of) gun discharged by spark from flint. **flin'ty**, a.
flip, n. fillip, flick; mixture of beer and spirits. v.t. & i. propel, strike, with flip; make a flick.
flip'-flap, n. kind of somersault; a cracker; noise of flapping.
flipp'ant, a. treating serious things lightly; disrespectful. **~ancy**, n.
flipp'er, n. limb used by turtle, &c. in swimming.
flirt, v.t. & i. flirt, jerk; n. sudden jerk. woman who encourages, man who pays, attentions for amusement. **flirta'tion**, n. playing at courtship.
flit, v. i. migrate, depart; pass lightly or rapidly about.
flitch, n. side of hog cured.
flivv'er, n. (sl.) Ford motor-car.
float, v.i. & t. rest, drift, on surface of liquid; hover before eye or mind; (of water) support, bear along; circulate (rumour); launch (company, scheme). n. thing that floats, or rests, on surface of liquid; raft; low-bodied cart.
float'age, n. floating; flotsam; ships, &c. afloat on river.
floata'tion, flot-, n. floating, esp. of company or scheme.
float'ing, a. that floats; variable.
floc'cose, a. like tufts of wool.
flock¹ n. lock, tuft, of wool, &c.; (pl.) wool-refuse, &c. ~bed, stuffed with flocks. **flock'y**, a.
flock² n. large number of people, animals of one kind feeding or kept together; congregation in relation to its pastor. v.i. congregate, go in flocks.
floe, n. sheet of floating ice.
flog, v.t. beat with whip, stick, &c.; cast fishing-line repeatedly over.
flood (flŭd), n. (also ~tide) inflow of tide; inundation; downpour. v.t. & i. inundate; irrigate; come in great quantities. ~gate, for admitting or excluding water.
flood'-light, n. & v.t. (illuminate with) copious artificial lighting directed on to building, &c.
floor (-ōr), n. lower surface of room; rooms on one level in house; story; level area. v.t. furnish with floor; knock down, confound, nonplus; overcome. ~cloth, substitute for carpet. ~walker, overseer in large retail store.
floor'er (-ōr-), n. knock-down blow; disconcerting news, &c.
flop, v.i. & t. sway about heavily; sit down in clumsy way; cause to fall with soft dull thud; (sl.) fail. n. flopping motion and sound; (sl.) failure. adv. with a flop. **flopp'y**, a.
flor'a, n. (pl. -ae, -as), (list of) plants of a region.
flor'al, a. of flowers or flora.
flores'cence, n. flowering time or state.
flor'et, n. any of the small flowers of composite flower.
flor'iculture, n. cultivation of flowers. ~ral, a. ~rist, n.
flor'id, ornate, flowery; ruddy, high-coloured. **florid'ity**, n.
flo'rin, n. English silver coin (2s.); (hist.) English gold coin.
flor'ist (or flŏ-), n. one who deals in, raises, or studies flowers.
flor'uit (-ōō-), n. period at which person lived.
floss, n. rough silk enveloping cocoon. **floss'y**, a.
flotill'a, n. small fleet.
flot'sam, n. floating wreckage.
flounce¹ v.i. go, move, abruptly or impatiently. n. fling, jerk.
flounce² n. ornamental strip round woman's skirt. v.t. trim with flounces.
floun'der, n. small flat-fish.
floun'der² v.i. struggle and plunge; proceed in bungling or struggling fashion.
flour (-owr), n. finer part of meal got by bolting. v.t. sprinkle with flour. **flour'y** (-owr-), a.
flou'rish (flŭ-), v.i. & t. grow vigorously; thrive, prosper; wave or throw about. n. ornamental

violently; throw hard. n. throw, cast; impetuous dance.
flint, n. hard stone found in steel-grey lumps; piece of flint used with steel to produce fire. ~lock, (lock of) gun discharged by spark from flint. flin'ty a.
flip, n. fillip, flick; mixture of beer and spirits. v.i. & t. propel, strike, with flip; make a flick.
flip'-flap, n. kind of somersault; a cracker; noise of flapping.
flipp'ant, a. treating serious things lightly; disrespectful. ~ancy n.
flipp'er, n. limb used by turtle, &c. in swimming.
flirt, v.t. & i. fillip, jerk; n. sudden jerk; woman who encourages, man who pays, attentions for amusement. flirtā'tion, n. playing at courtship.
flit, v.i. migrate, depart; pass lightly or rapidly about.
flitch, n. side of hog cured.
flivv'er, n. (sl.) Ford motor-car.
float, v.i. & t. rest, drift, on surface of liquid, hover before eye or mind; (of water) support, bear along; circulate (rumour); launch (company, scheme). n. thing that floats, or rests, on surface of liquid; raft; low-bodied cart.
float'age, n. floating; flotsam, ships, &c. afloat on river.
floatā'tion, flot-, n. floating, esp. of company or scheme.
float'ing, a. that floats; variable.
flocc'ulent, a. like tufts of wool.
flock¹ n. lock, tuft, of wool, &c.; (pl.) wool-refuse, &c. ~-bed, stuffed with flocks. flock'y, a.
flock² n. large number of people; animals of one kind feeding or going together; congregation in relation to its pastor. v.i. congregate, go in flocks.
floe, n. sheet of floating ice.
flog, v.t. beat with whip, stick, &c.; cast fishing-line repeatedly over.
flood (flŭd), n. (also ~-tide) inflow of tide; inundation; downpour. v.t. & i. inundate; irrigate; come in great quantities. ~-gate, for admitting or excluding water.
flood'-light, n. & v.t. (illuminate with) copious artificial lighting directed on to buildings, &c.
floor (-ōr) n. lower surface of room; rooms on one level in house; story; level area. v.t. furnish with floor; knock down, confound, nonplus; overcome. ~-cloth, substitute for carpet. ~-walker, overseer in large retail store.
floor'er (-ōr-), n. knock-down blow; disconcerting news, &c.
flop, v.i. & t. sway about heavily; sit down in clumsy way; cause to fall with soft dull thud; (sl.) fail. n. flopping motion and sound; (sl.) failure. adv. with a flop. flopp'y a.
flor'a, n. (pl. -as, -ae), (list of) plants of a region.
flor'al, a. of flowers or floras.
flores'cence, n. flowering time or state.
flor'et, n. any of the small flowers of a composite flower.
flor'iculture, n. cultivation of flowers. ~ral, a.; ~rist, n.
flor'id, a. ornate, flowery; ruddy, high-coloured. florid'ity n.
flor'in, n. English silver coin (2s.); (hist.) English gold coin.
flor'ist (or flŏ'-), n. one who deals in, raises, or studies flowers.
flor'uit (-ōō-), n. period at which person lived.
floss, n. rough silk enveloping cocoon. floss'y a.
flotill'a, n. small fleet.
flot'sam, n. floating wreckage.
flounce¹ v.i. go, move, abruptly or impatiently. n. fling, jerk.
flounce² n. ornamental strip round woman's skirt. v.t. trim with flounces.
floun'der¹, n. small flat-fish.
floun'der² v.i. struggle and plunge; proceed in bungling or struggling fashion.
flour (-owr), n. finer part of meal got by bolting. v.t. sprinkle with flour. flour'y (-owr-), a.
flou'rish (flŭ-), v.i. & t. grow vigorously; thrive, prosper; wave or throw about. n. ornamental

[illegible] in [illegible] [illegible] of [illegible], [illegible], &c. [illegible] fracture of bones, &c.

[illegible] v.t. & i. [illegible] by word or act. [illegible] v.i. [illegible] or act.

[illegible]

[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] to fall.

[illegible] n. a kind of [illegible]

[illegible] [illegible] produced in a trans[illegible] body by [illegible] action of [illegible]

[illegible]

violently throw hurl. n. throw cast; impetuous dance.

flint, n. hard stone found in steel-grey lumps; piece of flint used with steel to produce fire. ~lock, lock of gun discharged by spark from flint. flin'ty a.

flip, n. fillip, flick; mixture of beer and spirits. v.t. & i. propel, strike, with flip; make a flick.

flip-flap, n. kind of somersault; a cracker; noise of flapping.

flipp'ant, a. treating serious things lightly; disrespectful. ~ncy n.

flipp'er, n. limb used by turtle, &c. in swimming.

flirt, v.t. & i. fillip, jerk; n. sudden jerk; woman who encourages, man who pays, attentions for amusement. flirta'tion, n. playing at courtship.

flit, v. i. migrate, depart; pass lightly or rapidly about.

flitch, n. side of hog cured.

flivv'er, n. (sl.) Ford motor-car.

float, v.t. & i. rest, drift, on surface of liquid; hover before eye or mind; (of water) support, bear along; circulate (rumour); launch (company scheme). n. thing that floats, or rests, on surface of liquid; raft, low-bodied cart.

float'age, n. floating flotsam; ships, &c. afloat on river.

flota'tion, flot-, n. floating, esp. of company or scheme.

float'ing, a. that floats; variable.

floc'culent, a. like tufts of wool.

flock¹ n. lock, tuft, of wool, &c.; (pl.) wool-refuse, &c. ~bed, stuffed with flocks. flock'y a.

flock² n. large number of people animals of one kind feeding or kept together; congregation in relation to its pastor. v.i. congregate, go in flocks.

floe, n. sheet of floating ice.

flog, v.t. beat with whip, stick, &c.; cast fishing-line repeatedly over.

flood (flŭd), n. (also ~-tide) inflow of tide; inundation; downpour. v.t. & i. inundate; irrigate; come in great quantities. ~gate, for admitting or excluding water

flood'-light, n. & v.t. (illuminate with) copious artificial lighting directed on to building, &c.

floor (-ôr), n. lower surface of room; rooms on one level in house; storey; level area. v.t. furnish with floor; knock down, confound, nonplus; overcome. ~cloth, substitute for carpet. ~walker overseer in large retail store.

floor'er (-ôr-), n. knock-down blow; disconcerting news, &c.

flop, v.i. & t. sway about heavily; sit down in ungainly way; cause to fall with soft dull thud; (sl.) fail. n. flopping motion and sound; (sl.) failure. adv. with a flop. flopp'y a.

flor'a, n. (pl. -as, -ae), list of plants of a region.

flor'al, a. of flowers or flora.

flores'cence, n. flowering time or state.

flor'et, n. any of the small flowers of a composite flower.

flor'iculture, n. cultivation of flowers. ~tural a.; ~rist n.

flor'id, a. ornate, flowery; ruddy high-coloured. florid'ity, n.

flor'in, n. English silver coin (2s.); (hist.) English gold coin.

flor'ist (or flŏ'-), n. one who deals in, raises, or studies flowers.

flor'uit (-ōō-), n. period at which person lived.

floss, n. rough silk enveloping cocoon. floss'y a.

flotill'a, n. small fleet.

flot'sam, n. floating wreckage.

flounce¹ v.i. go, move, abruptly or impatiently. n. fling, jerk.

flounce² n. ornamental strip round woman's skirt. v.t. trim with flounces.

floun'der¹ n. small flat-fish.

floun'der² v.i. struggle and plunge; proceed in bungling or struggling fashion.

flour (-owr), n. finer part of meal got by bolting. v.t. sprinkle with flour. flour'y (-owr-), a.

flou'rish (flŭ-), v.i. & t. grow vigorously; thrive, prosper; wave or throw about. n. ornamental

curve in writing; waving of weapon, hand, &c.; florid passage; fanfare of horns, &c.

flout, v.t. & i. express contempt for by word or act, scoff at. n. mocking speech or act.

flow (-ō), v.i. glide along as a stream; circulate; (of talk, style, &c.) move easily; (of dress) hang easily; gush out; be in flood. n. flowing; rise of tide; copious supply.

flow'er, n. reproductive organ in plant; flowering plant; state of blooming; best part, pick of, prime of; (pl.) ornamental phrases. v.i. bloom, blossom.

flow'eret, n. small flower, floret.

flow'ery, a. abounding in flowers; full of fine words.

flown, p.p. of fly.

fluc'tuate, v.i. vary, rise and fall; be unstable. ~tion, n.

flue¹ (floo), n. fluff of cotton, &c.

flue² (floo), n. smoke-duct in chimney; tube for conducting heat.

flu(e)³ (floo), n. (colloq.) influenza.

flue⁴ (floo), n. fishing-net.

flu'ent (floo-), a. copious and ready; flowing. flu'ency (-oo-), n.

fluff, n. feathery stuff given off by blankets, &c.; soft fur or down. fluff'y, a.

flu'id (floo-), a. moving readily; not solid or rigid or stable. n. fluid substance, e.g. gas or liquid. fluid'ify (floo-), v.t. make fluid. fluid'ity (floo-), n.

fluke¹ (flook), n. parasitic worm in sheep's liver.

fluke² (flook), n. triangular plate on arm of anchor; barbed head of lance, &c.; (pl.) whale's tail.

fluke³ (flook), n. lucky accidental stroke. v.i. & t. make fluke; get, hit, &c. by fluke. fluk'y (floo-), a.

*flume (floom), n. artificial channel; ravine with stream.

flumm'ery, n. kinds of sweet dish; empty compliments; trifles.

flumm'ox, v.t. (sl.) bewilder.

flung, p.t. of fling.

flunk'ey, n. (pl. -eys) footman; toady, snob. ~ism, n.

*flunk, n. failure in studies, esp. in examination. v.i. & t. fail, cause to fail.

flu'or (floo-), n. kinds of gem-like mineral containing fluorine.

fluoresc'ence (floo-), n. coloured luminosity produced in a transparent body by direct action of light. fluoresce (floo-), v.i. exhibit fluorescence. ~ent, a.

flu'orine (floo- or -in), n. non-metallic element grouped with bromine, chlorine, and iodine.

flu'rry, n. nervous hurry, agitation; gust, squall. v.t. agitate.

flush¹, v.i. & t. spurt, rush out; cleanse (drain) by flow of water; glow, blush. n. rush of water; sudden abundance; rush of emotion, elation; flushing of drain; glow, blush, freshness, vigour. a. full, in flood; having plenty (of money); abundant; level or even with.

flush², n. set of cards all of one suit.

flus'ter, v.t. & i. confuse, flurry; be in a flurry. n. flurry.

flute (floot), n. musical instrument with blow-hole and finger-holes or keys; semicylindrical vertical groove in pillar, &c. v.i. & t. play flute; make grooves in. flut'ist (floo-), n. flute-player.

flutt'er, v.i. & t. flap wings without flying or in short flights; descend, &c. quiveringly; flit, hover; be agitated, agitate; move irregularly. n. fluttering; tremulous excitement; stir, sensation; (colloq.) speculation, gamble.

flu'ty (floo-), a. soft and clear in tone.

flu'vial, flu'viatile (or -īl) (floo-), aa. of, found in, rivers.

flux, n. morbid discharge of blood, excrement, &c.; flowing; inflow of tide; continuous succession of changes; substance mixed with metal, &c. to help fusion; (Math.) continued motion. v.t. & i. issue in a flux; make fluid, fuse.

flu'xion (-kshn), n. (Math.) rate of change of a continuously varying quantity. ~al, ~ary, aa.

fly¹, n. two-winged insect; kinds

of plant-disease caused by flies. ~-blown, tainted. ~-catcher, kinds of bird. ~-trap, trap for flies; kinds of plant.

fly², v.i. & t. (flew pr. flōō, flown pr. flōn), move through air with wings or in aircraft; jump clear over (fence, &c.); set or keep (flag) flying; travel swiftly; hasten, rush; flee. n. flying; one-horse hackney-carriage; speed-regulating device in machinery; strip or lap on a garment to contain or cover button-holes; (theatr. pl.) space over proscenium. ~-leaf, blank leaf at beginning or end of book. ~-wheel, heavy wheel regulating machinery. ~-weight, boxing weight (8st.).

fly³, a. (sl.) knowing, wide-awake.

fly'ing, a. & n. ~-boat, form of seaplane in which a boat serves as both fuselage and float. ~ buttress, from pier to wall on a slope with open space below it. ~ column, of troops for rapid marching. ~ fish, either of two kinds of fish which are able to rise in the air. ~ fox, family of fruit-eating bats, found only in the East and in Australia. ~ jump, leap with running start. ~-man, airman. ~-officer, R.A.F. rank below flight-lieutenant. ~ start, running starting-point at full speed.

foal, n. young of horse, ass, &c. v.t. & i. bear foal.

foam, n. froth formed in liquid; froth of saliva or perspiration. v.i. emit foam, froth, gather foam. foam'y, a.

fob¹, n. (hist.) small pocket for watch, &c. in man's breeches; short chain or ribbon for watch, &c., with seal attached.

fob², v.t. cheat, trick, palm off.

fō'cal, a. of, at, a focus. ~-ize, v.t. focus. ~-ization, n.

fō'cus, n. (pl. -ci pr. -sī, -cuses), point at which rays meet after reflection or refraction; a central point. v.t. & i. adjust focus of (lens, eye); concentrate (mind, &c.) on.

fŏdd'er, n. dried food, hay, &c. for cattle. v.t. give fodder to.

foe, n. enemy; opponent. (arch.) enemy in war; also ~man.

foe'tus (fē-), fē'tus, n. developed embryo in womb or egg. foe'tal (fē-), a. foe'ticide (fē-), n. killing of foetus.

fog¹, n. aftermath; rank grass.

fog², n. vapour suspended at or near earth's surface; thick mist. v.t. envelop as in fog; perplex. fogg'y (-g-), a.

fō'gy, ~-ey (-g-), n. old-fashioned fellow (usu. old fogy).

foi'ble, n. weak point, fault; point half of sword or foil.

foil¹, n. thin sheet of metal; thing that sets another off by contrast. v.t. set off by contrast.

foil², v.t. & i. baffle, parry; spoil scent. n. track of hunted animal.

foil³, n. blunt-edged sword with button on point.

foist, v.t. introduce surreptitiously or wrongfully; palm off on.

Fŏkk'er, n. German aeroplane.

fold¹, n. enclosure for sheep; church, body of believers. v.t. enclose (sheep) in fold.

fold², v.t. & i. double flexible thing over upon itself; be folded; clasp, envelop, wrap. n. folding; line made by folding.

fōl'der, n. (pl.) folding eye-glasses; cover for holding loose papers.

fōliā'ceous (-shus), a. of or like leaves; laminated.

fō'liage, n. leaves, leafage.

fō'liate¹, a. leaf-like, having leaves. fō'liate², v.t. & i. split into laminae; decorate with foils. ~-tion, n.

fō'liō, n. (pl. -os), n. leaf of paper, &c. numbered only on front; once-folded sheet of paper giving two folios or four pages; book of the largest size. [illegible] portfolio.

folk (fōk), n. nation, race; (pl.) people in general; people of specified class; relatives. ~-custom, ~-dance, ~-song, of the people. ~-lore, traditional beliefs, &c.; study of these.

fŏl'licle, n. small sac or vesicle; cocoon. **follĭc'ūlar**, a.

fŏl'low (-ō), v.t. & i. go or come after; pursue; take as guide; be the necessary inference; grasp meaning of. ~ **on**, v.i. (Crick., of side) go in again out of turn; n. doing this.

fŏl'lower (-ōer), n. adherent, admirer, maidservant's admirer.

fŏl'lowing (-ō-), n. body of adherents. a. now to be named.

fŏl'ly, n. foolishness; foolish act, conduct, idea, &c.

fomĕnt' v.t. bathe with lotion; foster. **fōmentā'tion**, n.

fŏnd, a. tender, loving; doting; foolishly credulous.

fŏn'dant, n. kind of sweetmeat.

fŏn'dle, v.t. & i. caress.

fŏnt, n. receptacle for baptismal water; oil reservoir of lamp.

fŏn'tal, a. original; baptismal.

fōōd, n. victuals, nourishment; material for the mind.

fōōl, n. silly person, simpleton; unwise person; (hist.) jester, clown; dupe; dish of stewed fruit. v.t. & i. play the fool; trifle; cheat, dupe. ~**hardy**, the ruddy duck. ~**'s**-hen, grouse, esp. young grouse, in the early part of the season. ~**'s cap**, ancient jester's cap with bells; dunce's conical paper cap. ~**'s errand**, a fruitless one. ~**'s paradise**, illusory happiness.

fōōl'ery, n. fooling; foolish act or thing.

fōōl'hardy, a. foolishly venturesome; needlessly daring.

fōōl'ish, a. void of understanding; indiscreet; stupid.

fōōl'scap, n. long folio writing or printing paper.

fŏŏt, n. (pl. *feet*), termination of leg; step, pace, tread; infantry; metrical unit with one syllable accented; linear measure of 12 in.; lower part, base. v.t. (with *up*) add up (account); pay (bill); (with *it*) trip, dance. **foot-and-mouth disease**, a fever, esp. in horned cattle. ~**fall**, sound of footstep. ~**guards**, Grenadier, Coldstream, Scots, Irish, and Welsh Guards. ~**lights**, along front of stage. ~**man**, liveried servant; infantryman. ~**note**, at foot of page. ~**pad**, unmounted highwayman. ~**pound**, energy needed to raise 1 lb. one foot. ~**print**, impression left by foot. ~**rule**, rigid measure one foot long. ~**sore**, with sore feet, esp. from walking. ~**stalk**, stalk of leaf, &c.; attachment of barnacle, &c. ~**step**, tread, footprint. ~**stool**, for feet of persons sitting. ~**warmer**, thing to warm feet.

fŏŏt'ball (-awl), n. large round or elliptical inflated ball; games played with football. **foot-baller**, player in game. **foot'er**, (sl.) game of football.

fŏŏt'ing, n. foothold; secure position; degree of intimacy; admittance to trade, society, &c.

fōō'zle (colloq.), v.i. play the fool. n. twaddle, folly. **fōōz'ling**, a.

fōō'zle, v.t. & i. (sl.) bungle.

fŏp, n. dandy, vain man. **fŏpp'ery**, n. conduct, &c. of fop. ~**pish**, a.

for (fer, *emphat. or at end of clause* fōr; *fer chiefly before it*), prep. in place of; in defence or favour of; with a view to, as regards, in the direction of; because of, on account of. conj. introducing new sentence. **foras'much'** as, since, because.

fŏ'rage, n. food for horses and cattle; foraging. v.i. & t. collect forage from; rummage, search; supply with forage. ~**cap**, infantry undress cap. **fŏ'rager**, n.

forā'men, n. (pl. -mina), (Anat., Zool.), orifice hole. **forăm'inate**, ~**ated**, aa. having foramina.

fŏ'ray, n. incursion, raid. v.i. make foray.

forbear' (fôrb'ār; forbār'), n. (usu. pl.) ancestor(s).

forbear' (-bār), v.t. & i. (*forbōre*, *forbōrne*), abstain from; not mention; be patient. ~**ance**, n.

forbĭd, v.t. (*forbăde*, *forbĭdden*), command not to do; oppose.

forbidd'ing, *a.* repellent, uninviting.

force[1] *n.* (north.) waterfall.

force[2] *n.* strength, violence, intense effort; body of men; (pl.) troops; compulsion; influence, effectiveness. *v.t.* constrain, compel; strain, urge; break open by force; ravish; drive, propel; artificially hasten maturity. —pump, forcing water beyond range of atmospheric pressure. [illegible] *a.* *&c.*

force'ful (-f-l), *a.* forcible.

force majeure (fŏrs mazhĕr'), *n.* irresistible compulsion; circumstances beyond one's control.

force'-meat (-ēt-), *n.* meat chopped, &c. for stuffing.

for'ceps, *n.* (pl. same), surgical pincers; (zool.) forceps-like organ.

for'cible, *a.* done by or involving force; telling, effective.

ford, *n.* shallow place where river &c. may be crossed. *v.t.* wade across river.

fordone' (-ŭn), *a.* utterly wearied.

fore, *adv.* in front. *a.* situated in front. *n.* fore part; bow of ship.

forearm[1] (fŏr'ārm), *n.* the arm from elbow to wrist. forearm'[2] (fōr ārm'), *v.t.* arm beforehand.

forebode (forbōd'), *v.t.* betoken, portend; have presentiment of. forebod'ing (forb-), *n.* presentiment, omen.

fore'-cabin (f-k-), *n.* cabin in forepart of ship.

forecast (fŏrkahst'), *v.t.* (-cast or -ed), estimate or conjecture beforehand. forecast (fōr'kahst), *n.* conjectural estimate.

forecastle, fo'c'sle (fōk'sl), *n.* (hist.) short raised deck at bow; forward part under deck in merchant-ship.

foreclose (fŏrklōz'), *v.t.* & *i.* exclude, prevent; bar (person entitled to redeem mortgage) on non-payment of money due. foreclosure (fŏrklō'zher), *n.* (of mortgage).

forefather (fōr'fahdher), *n.* (pl.) those from whom one's father or mother is descended; (loosely) the earlier generations of a family or race.

forefinger (fōr'fingger), *n.* finger next the thumb.

forefoot (fōr'f-), *n.* front foot of beast; foremost piece of keel.

forefront (fōr'frunt), *n.* very front.

forego (fŏrgō'), *v.t.* & *i.* (-went, -gone pr. -gawn), precede.

fore'ground (f-g-), *n.* part of view nearest observer.

fore'hand (f-h-), *n.* part of horse before rider. *a.* (of stroke at tennis, &c.) not back-handed. —handed, thrifty.

forehead (fŏ'rid), *n.* part of face above the eyebrows.

for'eign (-rin), *a.* not of or in one's own country; of another district, parish, &c.; alien, dissimilar; irrelevant. for'eigner (-ner), *n.* alien, stranger; foreign ship, &c.

forejudge' (fōrj-), *v.t.* judge before hearing evidence.

foreknow (fŏrnō'), *v.t.* (-knew pr. pt. -known), know beforehand. foreknowledge (fŏrnŏl'ij), *n.*

fore'land (fōrl-), *n.* promontory; land lying in front.

fore'leg (fōrl-), *n.* beast's front leg.

fore'lock (fōrl-), *n.* lock of hair just above the forehead.

fore'man (fōrm-), *n.* principal juror; workman superintending others.

fore'mast (fōrm-), *n.* forward lower mast.

fore'most (fōrm-), *a.* first in place or order; chief, best. *adv.* in the first place.

fore'noon (fōrn-), *n.* day till noon.

foren'sic, *a.* of courts of law.

foreordain' (fōrō-), *v.t.* appoint beforehand. foreordina'tion, *n.*

fore-run' (fōr-r-), *v.t.* (-ran, -run), be precursor of, foreshadow. forerun'ner (fōr-r-), *n.*

foresail (fōr'sl, -sāl), *n.* principal sail on foremast.

foresee (fŏrsē'), *v.t.* see beforehand.

foreshadow (fŏrshăd'ō), *v.t.* prefigure, be a type of.

fore'shore (fŏrsh-), *n.* shore between high and low water marks.
foreshort'en (fŏrsh-) *v.t.* (of visual perspective) cause apparent shortening in object; represent thus in drawing.
foreshow (fŏrshō'), *v.t.* (p.p. -shown) foretell, foreshadow.
foresight (fŏr'sīt), *n.* foreseeing; provident care.
fore'skin (fŏrs-), *n.* prepuce.
fo'rest, *n.* large tract covered chiefly with trees and undergrowth. *v.t.* plant with trees; make into forest. **fo'rester,** *n.* officer in charge of forest; dweller in forest. **fo'restry** *n.* science and art of management of forests.
forestall (fŏrstawl'), *v.t.* be beforehand with; anticipate.
fore'stay (fŏrs-), *n.* stay from foremast-head to ship's stem.
foretaste, *n.* (fŏr'tāst), partial enjoyment or suffering in advance. *v.t.* (fŏrtāst'), have foretaste of.
foretell (fŏrt-) *v.t.* (-told) predict, prophesy; be precursor of.
forethought (fŏr'thawt), *n.* provident care; deliberate intention.
foretoken, *n.* (fŏr'tōkn), sign of thing to come. *v.t.* (fŏrtō'kn), be such sign of.
fore'top (fŏrt-) *n.* top of foremast.
forewarn (fŏrwawrn'), *v.t.* warn beforehand.
forewoman (fŏr'wŏŏman), *n.* president of jury of matrons; female superior.
foreword (fŏr'werd), *n.* preface, introductory remarks in a book.
for'feit (-fit), *a.* lost owing to crime or fault. *n.* forfeited thing; fine, penalty; (pl.) game in which player redeems forfeit by performing ludicrous task. *v.t.* pay or surrender as penalty.
for'feiture (-fi-), *n.* forfeiting.
forfend', *v.t.* avert.
forgath'er (-dh-) *v.i.* assemble, associate, converse.
forgave, *p.t.* of forgive.
forge¹ *v.i.* advance gradually.
forge² *n.* smithy; furnace or hearth for melting or refining metal. *v.t.* & *i.* shape by heating in fire and hammering; invent (tale, lie); counterfeit.
for'gery *n.* forging or falsifying of document; forged thing.
forget' (-g-) *v.t.* & *i.* (-got, -gotten) lose remembrance of; neglect, overlook. **forget'-me-not,** plant with small blue flower.
forget'ful (-g-), *a.* apt to forget.
forgive' (-g-), *v.t.* (-gave, -given), pardon, remit. **~ness,** *n.* pardon.
forgo', *v.t.* (-went, -gone pr. gawn), go without, relinquish.
fork, *n.* pronged implement for digging, &c.; pronged instrument used in eating; divergence into branches. *v.t.* & *i.* form fork; branch; dig with fork. **~ out,** (sl.) pay up.
forlorn', *a.* forsaken; in pitiful condition. **~ hope,** storming party; desperate enterprise.
form, *n.* shape, arrangement of parts, visible aspect; class in school; set order of words; formality; behaviour according to rule or custom; (of horse, athlete, &c.) good condition or style; bench; hare's lair. *v.t.* & *i.* fashion, mould; take shape, become solid; make up, amount to; (drill) draw up in order.
form'al, *a.* done as a matter of form, perfunctory; prim, stiff, methodical. **~ism, ~ist,** *nn.* strict observance, observer, of form.
formal'ity, *n.* formal act or conduct; primness, precision.
form'alize, *v.t.* (-ablé), make formal; give definite form to.
form'at (-mah) *n.* shape and size of book.
forma'tion, *n.* forming; thing formed; parts formed into a body or group.
form'ative, *a.* serving to form; (of suffix, &c.) used in forming words. *n.* formative element.
forme, *n.* body of type locked up in chase for printing.
form'er *a.* of the past, earlier; first-named. *pron.* first-named person, thing or fact.

form'erly, adv. in former times.
for'mic, a. ~ acid, acid contained in a fluid emitted by ants.
for'midable, a. causing dread.
form'less, a. without distinct or regular form.
for'mula, n. (pl. -ae, -as), systematic or set form of words or symbols, recipe.
for'mulary, a. of formulas. n. collection of formulas.
for'mulate, v.t. express systematically. ~tion, ~tor, nn.
for'mulism, for'mulist, nn. blind following, follower, of a formula.
for'nicate, v.i. commit fornication. ~tion, n. sexual intercourse with an unmarried woman. ~tor, n.
forsake' v.t. (-sook, -sā'ken), give up, renounce, desert, abandon.
forsooth', adv. no doubt, indeed.
forswear' (-swār), v.t. (-swore, -sworn), abjure, renounce; perjure oneself; (p.p.) perjured.
fort, n. fortified place; trading-station. fort'alice, n. small fort.
forte1, n. one's strong point.
for'te2 (Mus. direction) loud. ~-forte, very loud. ~-piano, loud and then immediately soft.
forth, adv. forward, out of doors; onwards in time, away, from out of. forth'com'ing, about to come forth; approaching. ~right, ad. straight forward, straightway. a. going straight, outspoken; n. (arch.) straight course. ~with, at once, without delay.
for'tifica'tion, n. art of fortifying; (usu. pl.) defensive works.
for'tify, v.t. & i. (-fied), strengthen; provide with defensive works; confirm (statement).
fortis'simo, adv. (Mus.) very loud.
for'titude, n. courage in pain or adversity.
fort'night (-nīt), n. two weeks. ~ly, adv. once a fortnight; a. appearing once a fortnight.
for'tress, n. military stronghold.
fortū'itism, fortū'itist, nn. belief, believer, in chance, not design, as causing adaptations in nature.
fortū'itous, a. due to chance. fortū'ity, n.
for'tunate, a. lucky, prosperous, auspicious.
for'tune (-chn, -tyōōn), n. chance as a power in men's affairs; luck; prosperity; wealth; coming lot. v.i. happen; come by chance upon. ~-hunter, man seeking rich wife.
for'ty, a. & n. four times ten, 40, XL. ~ winks, short nap. ~fold, a. & adv. ; for'tieth, a. & n.
for'um, n. place of public discussion; the law courts.
for'ward, a. in front of one, towards the front; well advanced; ready, prompt; pert. n. (Football) first line player. adv. towards the future, to the front; progressively. v.t. help forward, promote; send (letter &c.) on; dispatch. for'warder, n. one who helps forward or transmits. for'wardly, adv. pertly. ~ness, n. pertness.
forwea'ry, a. tired out.
fosse, n. canal, ditch, trench.
fos'sil, n. petrified remains of plant or animal, fossil object or person. a. like a fossil; (fig. of persons) antiquated. fos'silize, fos'siliza'tion, v.t. & i. turn into fossil.
fos'ter, v.t. encourage, harbour (feeling), cherish. ~-brother, ~-daughter, ~-father, ~-mother, &c., so related not by blood but in virtue of nursing or bringing up. fos'terage, n. fostering; employment of foster-mothers. ~ling, n. foster-child.
fought, p.t. & p.p. of fight.
foul, a. offensive, loathsome, stinking; dirty, soiled; charged with noxious matter; clogged, choked; morally polluted; obscene; unfair against rules; (of weather) wet, rough; in collision. n. collision, entanglement, in riding, rowing, &c.; irregular stroke, &c. in game. adv. unfairly. v.t. & i. make or become foul; entangle; become entangled; collide with; block. ~-mouthed, given to foul language.

foulard (fōōlar'd), n. thin flexible material for blouses, &c.

foul'ly (-l-li), adv. vilely.

foum'art (fōō-), n. polecat.

found[1] v.t. & i. lay base of, establish, originate; base, build up; rely upon. foun'der[1] n. —dress, n.s. one who founds an institution.

found[2] v.t. melt and mould (metal); fuse (materials for glass); make things thus. foun'der[2] n.

found[3], p.t. & p.p. of find.

founda'tion, n. origination; endowed institution; solid ground or base; basis. —stone, esp. one laid with ceremony. founda'tioner (-shon-), n. participant in the revenues of a foundation.

founder[1,2] See found[1,2].

foun'der[3] v.t. & i. (of ship) fill with water and sink; (Golf) hit (ball) into ground; fall down, give way; (of horse) collapse, fall lame.

found'ling, n. deserted infant of unknown parents.

foundress. See found[1].

foun'dry n. founder's workshop for casting metals.

fount[1] n. complete set of printing types of one size and face.

fount[2] n. spring, source, fountain reservoir of oil in lamp or of ink in pen.

foun'tain (-tin), n. spring; source; artificial jet of water; reservoir for oil, &c. in lamp, &c. —pen, with ink fountain.

four (fōr), a. & n. one more than three, 4, IV; four-oared boat or its crew; (pl.) military formation four deep. —flusher, bluffer. —fold, a. & adv. —in-hand, vehicle with four horses and no outrider; kind of necktie. —poster, bed with four tall posts. —some, (Golf) game between two pairs. —square, firmly placed, steady. —wheeler, four-wheeled cab.

fourteen (fōr-), a. four and ten. —th, a.; —ly adv.

fourth (fōr-), a. & n. next after the third; quarter, one of four equal parts. —ly adv.

fowl, n. kinds of bird kept to supply eggs and flesh for food; bird. v.i. hunt, shoot, or snare wildfowl. fowl'er, n. sportsman who pursues birds. fowling-piece, n. light gun.

fox, n. red-furred quadruped preserved as beast of chase; crafty person. v.t. & i. act craftily; discolour with brown spots. —brush, tail of fox. —glove, tall plant with purple or white flowers. —hole, (army sl.) small pit to shelter one or two men from artillery-fire. —hound, bred to hunt foxes. —hunter, one who joins in fox-chase. —tail, kinds of grass. —terrier, short-haired dog kept chiefly as pet. —trot, an American dance. fox'y, a. fox-like; crafty(-looking); reddish-brown; foxed.

‖ foyer (fwah'yā), n. large room in theatre, &c. for use in interval.

fra'cas (-kah), n. (pl. same), noisy quarrel.

frac'tion, n. numerical quantity that is not an integer; small part, amount, &c. frac'tional, a.

frac'tious (-shus), a. unruly, peevish.

frac'ture, n. breakage, esp. of bone or cartilage. v.t. & i. cause fracture in; crack.

frag'ile, a. easily broken; of delicate constitution. fragil'ity n.

frag'ment, n. part broken off; an imperfect piece. —ary a.

fra'grance, n. sweetness of smell.

fra'grant, a. sweet-smelling.

frail[1], n. rush basket for figs, raisins, &c.

frail[2], a. fragile, delicate; morally weak, unchaste. frail'ty n. liability to yield to temptation; weakness, foible.

frame, v.t. & i. (-mable), shape, direct, dispose; adapt, fit; construct; articulate (words); form in the mind; set in frame; serve as frame for. n. construction, make, build; case, border, enclosing picture, &c. —work, an

aerial for wireless reception, consisting of a number of turns of wire supported on a wooden frame. ~-up, (sl.) conspiracy. ~work, frame, substructure.

franc, n. French, Belgian, and Swiss monetary unit.

fran'chise (-z), n. right to vote; citizenship; (hist.) privilege.

Francis'can, n. grey friar of the order of St. Francis.

franco'lin, n. kind of partridge like pheasant.

‖ franc-tireur (frahṅ tērėr'), n. man of irregular light infantry.

fran'gipane, ~ani (-ji-) n. perfume of red jasmine; pastry.

frank, a. candid, open, sincere; undisguised. v.t. superscribe a letter ensuring free delivery. n. franking signature, franked cover.

frank'incense, n. aromatic gum resin burnt as incense.

frank'lin, n. (hist.) landowner of free but not noble birth.

fran'tic, a. wildly excited by pain, joy, &c.; violent.

fra'ter, n. (hist.) refectory.

frater'nal, a. of brothers, brotherly. ~nity, n. brotherliness; religious body; guild; *college or school society. frat'ernize, v.i. associate, make friends with.

frat'ricide (or -āt-), n. killing, killer, of brother or sister.

fraud, n. criminal deception; dishonest trick; disappointing person, &c. ~ulence, n.; ~ulent, a.

fraught (frawt), a. full of; destined to produce.

fray¹ n. fight, conflict; brawl.

fray² v.t. & i. rub, make or become ragged at edge.

*fraz'zle, n. worn or exhausted state.

freak, n. caprice, vagary; monstrosity; eccentric person.

frec'kle, n. light brown spot on skin. v.t. & i. spot, become spotted, with freckles.

free, a. (freer, freest, pr. -ēer, -ēist), not in bondage; at liberty; (of translation) not literal; clear of obstructions; disengaged, available; spontaneous; lavish, unreserved; not charged for. v.t. (freed), make free, set at liberty; disentangle. F~ Church, Protestant church unconnected with the State. ~hand, (of drawing) done without ruler, compasses, &c. ~lance, politician, &c. with no strict party allegiance. ~thinker, rejector of authority in religious belief. ~trade, commerce left to its natural course without customs duties. ~wheel, (in bicycle) driving wheel able to revolve while pedals are at rest. ~will, power of directing one's actions voluntarily.

free'booter, n. pirate.

free'dom, n. personal or civil liberty; liberty of action; undue familiarity; franchise.

free'hold, n. tenure in fee simple or fee tail; estate so held. ~er, n. possessor of freehold.

free'man (-an), n. citizen of free State; holder of the freedom of a city, &c.

freemā'son (-sn), n. member of fraternity having elaborate ritual and secret signs. ~ry, n. system of the freemasons.

free'sia (-z-), n. fragrant flowering plant of iris kind.

freeze, v.i. & t. (froze, frozen), (cause to) become, be covered with, ice; become rigid from frost. freez'ing, a. very cold; (of manner) chilling. ~point, temperature at which water freezes.

freight (frāt), n. hire or charge of ship for transport of goods; cargo; load; *(railroads) ordinary transport of goods. v.t. load ship. ~age, n. hiring of ship; cost of conveyance; cargo.

French, a. of France or its people. n. the French language. ~ bean, kind of kidney bean. ~ horn, instrument of trumpet class. (take) ~ leave, depart, act, without asking leave. ~ polish, used for furniture. ~ window, glazed folding-door.

fren'zy, n. delirious fury; wild folly. v.t. drive to folly.

fre'quency, n. frequent occur-

rence; (Physics) rate of recurrence (of vibration, &c.); number of repetitions in given time.

fre'quent¹ a. often occurring, common; numerous; habitual.

frequent'² v.t. go often or habitually to. frequenta'tion, n. ~ative, a. expressing frequent repetition; n. such verb.

fres'co, n. method of painting in water-colour on fresh plaster.

fresh, a. new novel; not stale or faded, vigorous; inexperienced; unsullied; refreshing; excited with drink; (sl.) presumptuous, forward. adv. freshly. ~en, v.t. & i.

fresh'et, n. flood of river.

fresh'ly adv. recently; vigorously; with fresh appearance.

fresh'man (-an), fresh'er (sl.), nn. first-year man at university.

fret¹ n. pattern of straight lines joined usu. at right angles. v.t. variegate, chequer; ornament. ~work, wood or stone cut in patterns.

fret² v.t. & i. gnaw; wear by rubbing; chafe, worry; waste away. n. irritation, vexation. ~ful, a. querulous.

fret³, n. bar or ridge on finger board of guitar, &c.

Freud'ian (-oid-) a. of Freud's theory of psycho-analysis. n. disciple of Freud.

fri'able, a. easily crumbled.

fri'ar, n. member of a religious order. fri'ary, n. convent.

frib'ble, v.i. trifle. n. trifler.

fricassee' n. meat cut up, cooked, and served with sauce.

fric'ative, a. made by friction of breath in narrow opening. n. fricative consonant.

fric'tion, n. rubbing of two bodies, (fig.) disagreement; attrition; medical chafing.

Fri'day n. sixth day of week. Good ~, Friday before Easter.

friend (frĕnd), n. one joined to another in intimacy and affection, (pl.) one's relations; sympathizer helper. ~less, a.

friend'ly (frĕ-), a. acting as a friend; on amicable terms. n. native of friendly tribe. ~Society for mutual insurance.

friend'ship (frĕ-) n. friendly relation or feeling.

frieze¹ n. coarse woollen cloth with nap.

frieze² n. member of entablature between architrave and cornice; band of decoration.

frig'ate, n. (hist.) warship next in size to ships of the line; cruiser; (~-bird), tropical bird of prey.

fright (frīt) n. sudden or violent fear; grotesque-looking person. v.t. frighten.

fright'en (-ĭt-), v.t. throw into fright; terrify into doing; (p.p.) alarmed at, afraid of.

fright'ful (-īt-), a. dreadful, shocking; ugly; (sl.) great. ~ness, n. terrorizing actions.

fri'gid, a. cold; lacking ardour; repellent. frigid'ity n.

frill, n. fluted strip of woven material gathered at one edge; (pl., colloq.) airs. ~ed, a.

frill'ies (-ĭz), n.pl. (colloq.) frilled petticoats, &c. frill'ing, n. frills material for frills.

fringe (-j), n. bordering of loose threads, tassels, or twists; short front hair over forehead; border, outskirts. v.t. adorn with fringe; serve as fringe to.

frip'pery, n. finery, showy ornament; knick-knacks.

frisk, v.i. move sportively, gambol. n. gambol. fris'ky a. lively.

frith. See firth.

fritill'ary (or frit'-), n. plant of lily kind; kinds of butterfly.

fritt'er¹ n. fried batter often containing sliced fruit, &c.

fritt'er² v.t. waste (time, &c.).

friv'olous, a. paltry, trifling; futile; silly. frivol'ity n.

frizz¹, v.i. sputter in frying. friz'zle¹ v.i. & t. fry toast, grill, with sputtering noise.

frizz² v.t. crisp hair, form into mass of small curls. n. frizzed hair or state. friz'zle² v.t. & i. frizz hair. n. frizzled hair.

fro, adv. away backward.

frock, n. monk's gown, (fig.) priestly character; child's skirt and bodice; woman's dress. —coat, man's long-skirted coat.

frog¹, n. tailless amphibious animal developed from tadpole.

frog², n. elastic horny substance in middle of horse's sole.

frog³, n. attachment to waist-belt to support sword; military coat fastening.

frol'ic, a. mirthful. v.i. (-cking, -cked), play pranks, gambol. n. prank, merry-making. —some, a. sportive.

from (frŏm, emphat. or at end of clause frŏm), prep. out of; because of; at a distance; since, ever since.

frond, n. organ like leaf, esp. of ferns. —ose, a. the fronds of a plant. —ose, a. frond-like.

front (-ŭnt), n. forepart; forward position; false hair or curls. a. of or at the front. v.t. & i. face, look; confront, oppose; furnish with front.

fron'tage (-ŭn-), n. land abutting on street or water; extent of front; front of building.

fron'tal (-ŭn-), a. of or on front. n. covering for an altar-front; façade.

fron'tier (-ŭn-, -ŏn-), n. the boundary of any territory.

fron'tispiece (-ŭn-), n. illustration at beginning of a book.

front'let (-ŭn-), n. band worn on forehead; phylactery.

front'ward (-ŭn-), a. looking to the front. adv. towards front.

frost (-aw-), n. freezing; frozen dew or vapour. (sl.) failure, fiasco. v.t. injure with frost; cover as with rime; turn (hair) white. —bite, inflammation of skin from frost. frost'y (-aw-), a. cold with frost; frigid.

froth (-aw-), n. foam; empty idle talk. v.i. emit or gather foam. froth'y (-aw-), a.

fro'ward, a. perverse; refractory.

frown, v.i. & t. knit brows, esp. to express disapprobation. n. wrinkled brows; look of displeasure.

frowst (frowst), n. fusty heat in room. frows'ty, a.

frowz'y, a. fusty; slatternly.

froze(n), p.t. & p.p. of freeze.

fruc'tify, v.t. & i. (-fied), bear fruit; make fruitful. —fication, n. fructifying; the reproductive parts of fern, &c.

fru'gal (froo-), a. sparing, economical. frugal'ity, n.

fruit (froot), n. (usu. pl.) vegetable products fit for food; produce or seed of a plant; produce of action; result. v.i. & t. bear, cause to bear, fruit. —arian, n. fruit-eating. —erer, n. dealer in fruit. —ful, a. fertile, prolific; remunerative. —less, a. not bearing fruit; useless.

frui'tion (froo-), n. enjoyment; realization of hopes.

fruity (froo'ti), a. of fruit; (of wine) tasting of the grape.

fru'menty (froo'-), fur'mety, n. hulled wheat boiled in milk and sweetened.

frump, n. old-fashioned woman; a dowdy. —ish, —y, aa.

frustrate, v.t. (-ātĭd), baffle, counteract, disappoint. —tion, n.

frus'tum, n. (pl. -ta, -tums), remainder of regular solid whose top is cut off by plane parallel to the base.

frutes'cent, frut'icose (froo-), aa. shrub-like, shrubby.

fry¹, n. young fishes fresh from spawn; insignificant beings.

fry², v.t. & i. (-ier, -yable), cook in fat. n. fried meat; internal parts of animals, usu. eaten fried.

fuch'sia (fū'sha), n. drooping-flowered shrub.

fu'cus, n. (pl. -ci pr. -sī), kinds of seaweed with flat fronds.

fud'dle, v.t. & i. tipple; intoxicate. n. spell of drinking.

fudge, v.t. (-geable), patch up in makeshift way. n. piece of fudging; nonsense (often as int.); kind of soft sweet.

fu'el, n. material for fire; thing that feeds passion, &c.

fuga'cious (-shus), a. fleeting, elusive. fugac'ity, n.

fū'gitive, a. flying; fleeting, transient. n. exile, refugee.
fū'gleman (-gel-), n. soldier placed before regiment at drill to show motions, &c. leader.
fugue (fūg), n. musical composition on short themes. fū'gal, a.
fŭl'crum, n. (pl. -ra), point against or on which lever is placed to get support.
fulfil (fŏŏl-) v.t. bring to pass carry out satisfy; bring to an end. ~ment, n.
fŭl'gent, a. shining.
fŭl'iginous, a. sooty dusky
full (fŏŏl), a. (of vessel, &c.) holding all it can; replete; crowded copious swelling adv. quite, exactly ~ back, football player placed behind. ~-blown, quite open. ~ stop, complete cessation punctuation mark used at end of sentence.
full² (fŏŏl), v.t. clean and thicken cloth. fŭll'er (fŏŏ-), n. one who fulls. ~'s earth, kind of clay used in fulling.
fŭll'ness (fŏŏl-), n. being full.
fŭll'y (fŏŏ-), adv. completely
fŭl'mar (fŏŏl-), n. kind of petrel.
fŭl'minant, a. fulminating, (of disease) developing suddenly
fŭl'minate, v.t. & i. (-nable), flash, explode, detonate (fig.) thunder forth, issue censures. ~tion, ~tor, nn. ~tory a.
fulness. See fullness.
fŭl'some (fŏŏ- fŭ-), a. gross disgusting by excess.
fŭl'vous, a. tawny
fūmar'ōle, n. smoke-hole in volcano.
fŭm'ble, v.t. & i. grope about; handle awkwardly
fūme, n. odorous smoke, vapour or exhalation; fit of anger v.t. & i. subject to fumes; darken (oak, &c.) thus; chafe.
fū'migate, t. (-gable), subject to fumes, purify thus perfume. ~tion, ~tor nn.
fū'mitory n. herb formerly used in medicine.
fun, n. sport, amusement.
fūnăm'būlist, n. rope-walker
func'tion, n. the work a thing is designed to do; official duty; public ceremony v.i. fulfil function operate. ~al, a. pertaining to the functions of an organ, &c. ~ary n. official.
fund, n. permanently available stock capital sum. v.t. make debt permanent at fixed interest.
fŭn'dament, n. buttocks.
fŭndamĕn'tal, a. of or serving as the base or foundation essential, primary n. fundamental rule, note &c. ~ism, n. strict adherence to traditional orthodox Protestant beliefs. ~ist, a. & n. ~ălity n.
fū'neral, n. burial of the dead burial procession. a. of, used at, funerals. fūnĕr'eal, a. fit for a funeral dismal, dark.
fŭn'gicide (-j-), n. fungus-destroying substance fung'oid (-ngg-), a. fungus-like.
fŭng'us (-ngg-), n. (pl. -gi pr. -jī, -uses), mushroom, toadstool, or allied plant morbid growth. fŭng'ous (-ngg-), a.
fūnĭc'ūlar, a. of rope or its tension. ~ railway one worked by cable and stationary engine.
funk (-ŭ-), n. fear panic coward. v.t. & i. show funk; evade, shirk; be afraid of. funk'y a.
fŭnn'el, n. tube for conducting liquids into small opening; chimney of steam-engine or ship.
fŭnn'y a. amusing queer n. narrow boat for one sculler ~-bone, part of elbow over which ulnar nerve passes.
fur, n. coat of ermine, beaver &c.; (usu. pl.) garments of fur short fine hair of some animals; skins of these coating, crust. fŭrr'y a.
fŭrbĕ'low (-ō), n. flounce pleated border; (pl.) showy ornaments.
fûr'bish, v.t. polish, burnish.
fûrcate (fûrk'āt), a. forked, branched. fûrcā'tion, n.
fŭr'ious, a. raging, frantic, very angry; uproarious.
furl, v.t. & i. roll up (sail) fold up, close become furled
fûr'long, n. eighth of a mile

fur'lough (-lō), n. leave of absence.
furmety. See frumenty.
fur'nace (-nĭs), n. chamber for melting metals; hot place; closed fireplace for heating.
fur'nish, v.t. & i. provide; fit up with furniture.
fur'niture, n. movable contents of house or room; outfit.
furor'ē, n. enthusiasm; rage.
fu'rrier, n. dealer in, dresser of, furs.
fu'rrow (-ō), n. narrow trench made by plough; rut; wrinkle. v.t. plough; make furrows in.
fur'ther (-dhĕr), adv. to a greater distance; in addition. a. more remote; additional. v.t. promote favour. —ance, n. —more, adv. moreover. —most, adv. most distant. fur'thest, a. & adv.
fur'tive, a. sly; stealthy.
fur'y, n. fierce passion, wild anger; violence; angry woman.
furze, n. spiny yellow-flowered shrub; gorse. furz'y a.
fus'cous, a. dark-coloured.
fuse[1] (-z), v.t. & i. melt with intense heat; blend by melting.
fuse[2] (-z), n. cord, casing, &c., filled of material with combustible matter for igniting explosive.
fusee' (-z-), n. large-headed match.
fu'selage (-ĭzh), n. spindle-shaped body of aeroplane.
fu'sel oil (-z-), n. mixture of alcohols formed in making some spirits.
fu'sible (-z-), a. that may be fused. fusibil'ity (-z-) n.
fu'sil (-z-), n. light musket. fusilier' (-z-), n. soldier of some regiments formerly armed with a fusil. fusillade' (-z-), n. continuous discharge of firearms.
fu'sion (-zhn), n. fusing; fused mass; coalition.
fuss, n. bustle; excessive commotion. v.i. & t. make a fuss; bustle; worry. fuss'y a.
fus'tian, n. a twilled cotton cloth; bombast. a. made of fustian; bombastic; worthless.
fus'tic, n. wood yielding a yellow dye.
fus'tigate, v.t. cudgel. —tion, n.
fus'ty, a. stale-smelling, mouldy; stuffy; antiquated.
fu'tile, a. useless, frivolous, worthless. futil'ity n.
fu'ture, a. about to happen or be or become. n. time to come; future condition.
fu'turism (-chĕr-), n. recent artistic and literary development marked by violent departure from tradition. fu'turist (-chĕr-), n. supporter of futurism; also, one believing that the prophecies of the Apocalypse, &c., are still to be fulfilled.
futur'ity n. future time, future events; the future life.
fuzz, n. fluff; fluffy or frizzed hair. fuzz'y a.
fye, see fie. fytte, see fit.

G

G (jē), (Mus.) fifth note in scale of C major.
gab, n. (colloq.) talk, chatter.
gab'ble, v.i. & t. talk inarticulately or too fast. n. rapid talk.
gab'by, a. talkative.
gab'erdine (-ēn), n. loose upper garment of Jews, &c.; a fine hard-laid cloth.
ga'bion, n. cylinder of wicker or woven metal bands filled with earth in fortification.
ga'ble, n. triangular part of wall at end of ridged roof.
ga'by, n. simpleton.
gad, v.i. go about idly. —about, n. gadding person.
gad'-fly, n. a cattle-biting fly.
gadg'et, n. small fitting or contrivance in machinery &c.
gad'oid, a. of the cod kind. n. gadoid fish.
gadolin'ite (-īt), n. (Min.) silicate of yttrium.
Gael (gāl), n. Scottish Celt. Gael'ic (gāl-), a. of Gaels; n. their language.
gaff[1], n. barbed fishing-spear; stick with hook for landing fish. A spar [illegible]

gaff² n. (sl.) cheap place of amusement (usu. penny gaff).
gaff'er, n. old man; a master
gag, n. thing thrust into mouth to prevent speech; (Parl.) closure; actor's interpolations. v.t. & i. apply gag to, silence; insert gag.
gage, n. pledge, security; challenge. v.t. (-geable), stake, offer as gage.
gai'ety, n. being gay; mirth, amusement, merry-making.
Gai'kwar, Gaek- (gik-) n. ruler of Baroda.
gain, v.t. & i. obtain, secure; win, reach; persuade. n. increase of wealth, profit, money-making. ~ful, a. paying. ~ings, n.pl. sum gained.
gainsay' v.t. (past -said, pr. -sĕd, -sād) deny, contradict.
gait, n. manner of, or carriage in, walking.
gai'ter, n. covering of leather, &c. for leg or ankle; *kind of high shoe with elastic strips at side.
ga'la (or gah-), n. festivity
gal'antine (-ēn), n. white meat boned, spiced, and served cold.
galan'ty-show (-ti), n. shadow pantomime shown through screen.
gal'axy, n. irregular luminous band of stars encircling heavens; brilliant company
gal'banum, n. gum resin.
gale¹ n. bog-myrtle.
gale² n. rather strong wind.
gal'ilee, n. porch, chapel, at entrance of church.
gall¹ (gawl) n. bile; asperity, rancour; *assurance, impudence. ~-bladder, vessel containing gall. ~-stone, calculus in the gall-bladder. gall'-less, a.
gall² (gawl), n. painful swelling, blister, &c.; sore; *(southern U.S.) patch of barren soil. v.t. rub sore; vex, humiliate.
gall³ (gawl), n. excrescence caused by insect on trees.
gallant (găl'ant, also galănt'), a. fine, stately; brave; attentive to women. n. man of fashion; ladies' man. gal'lantry, n. bravery; devotion to women.

gal'leon, n. Spanish ship.
gall'ery, n. covered walk, colonnade; (southern U.S.) verandah; raised floor over part of area of church, &c.; passage, corridor; room for showing works of art.
gal'ley, n. (pl. -eys) low flat one-decked vessel, usu. rowed; large row-boat of man-of-war; ship's kitchen; tray for set-up type. ~-proof, proof in slip form.
Gal'lic, a. of Gaul(s); (usu. joc.) French. gal'licism, n. French idiom. gal'licize, v.t. & i.
galligas'kins (-z), n. pl. (joc.) breeches, trousers.
gallina'ceous (-shus), a. of the order including domestic poultry.
gall'iot (-y-), n. Dutch cargo-boat or fishing-vessel; small galley.
gall'ipot, n. small earthen glazed pot.
gall'ium, n. a soft bluish-white metal.
gallivant', v.i. gad about.
gall'on, n. measure (four quarts) for liquids, corn, &c.
galloon', n. narrow close braid.
gall'op, n. horse's fastest pace. v.i. & t. go at a gallop; make (horse) gallop; read, &c. fast. ~ade' n. lively dance. ~er, n. aide-de-camp; light field-gun.
gall'oway, n. small breed of horse.
gall'ows (-ōz) n.pl. (usu. as sing.) structure for hanging criminals.
*galoot' n. worthless person.
gal'op, n. lively dance.
galore', adv. in plenty.
galosh', go- n. an overshoe.
galvan'ic, a. of galvanism; (of smile, &c.) sudden and forced.
gal'vanism, n. electricity produced by chemical action. ~ize, v.t. (-zable), apply galvanism to; rouse by shock. ~ization, n.
galvanom'eter, n. instrument for measuring galvanism.
gamba'do (-ā'dō), n. (pl. -s, -oes), horse's leap; escapade.
gam'bier, n. astringent extract from an Eastern plant, largely used in tanning and dyeing.
gam'bit, n. (Chess) kinds of opening with sacrifice of pieces.

gam'ble, v.i. play games of chance for money stake (fig.) take great risks. n. risky undertaking. gam'bler n.

gamboge (-ōōzh), n. gum-resin used as yellow pigment.

gam'bol, n. & v.i. caper frisk.

game[1] n. spell of play pastime sporting contest jest; design, trick subdivision of tennis set, whist rubber &c.; score that wins the game; animals, birds, &c. hunted for sport or food. a. spirited; ready v.i. gamble. ~ ball, state of game in tennis, &c. at which one point may win. ~cock, of kind bred for fighting. ~keeper, man employed to breed game, prevent poaching, &c.

game[2], a. (of leg, &c.) crippled.

game'some, a. sportive.

game'ster (-st-), n. gambler.

gamin (găm ăn) n. street arab.

gamma, n. Greek letter; kind of moth.

gamm'er, n. old woman.

gamm'on[1], n. bottom piece of flitch of bacon with hind leg.

gamm'on[2] n. complete victory at backgammon; humbug deception. v.t. & i. defeat at backgammon; talk plausibly.

gamp, n. (colloq.) umbrella.

gam'ut, n. whole series of recognized notes in music; compass of voice; (fig.) entire range.

gan'der, n. male goose; fool.

gang, n. set of workmen, slaves, or prisoners; set of associates, esp. for criminal purposes.

gang'er, n. foreman of a gang.

gang'lion (-ng-), n. (pl. -ia) knot on nerve from which nerve-fibres radiate; nerve-nucleus in central nervous system.

gang'rene (-ng-), n. mortification of part of body. ~ous, a.

gang'ster, n. member of a gang of roughs or criminals.

gangue (găng), n. earth or matrix in which ore is found.

gang'way, n. opening in ship's bulwarks; bridge; passage.

ganja, n. preparation of Indian hemp, strongly intoxicating and narcotic.

gann'et, n. solan goose.

gan'oid, a. (of fish-scale) smooth and bright; (of fish) with ganoid scales. n. ganoid fish.

gan'try (gaun-) n. stand for barrels structure supporting travelling crane, railway signals, &c.

gaol (jāl), n. prison. v.t. put in prison. ~bird, n. habitual criminal. gaol'er (jāl-), n. warder in gaol.

gap, n. breach in hedge or wall; interval; wide divergence.

gape, v.i. open mouth wide; stare at. yawn. n. yawn; stare.

garage (gă'rij, gă'rahzh), n. building for storing motor-cars.

garb, n. (characteristic) dress (of nation, class). v.t. dress in this.

garb'age, n. offal used as food; refuse. ~ scribble reading.

gar'ble, v.t. make unfair selection.

garçon (gar'sawn), n. waiter.

gard'en, n. piece of ground for growing flowers, fruit, or vegetables (pl.) pleasure-grounds. v.i. cultivate garden. gard'ener, n. person who tends gardens.

gar'fish, n. a long-snouted greenboned fish.

gargan'tuan, a. gigantic.

gar'gle, v.t. & i. wash throat with liquid. n. liquid so used.

gar'goyle, n. grotesque gutter-spout.

garland, n. woman's or child's blouse; blouse with cuffs.

gar'ish, a. obtrusively bright.

gar'land, n. wreath or chaplet. v.t. crown or deck with garland.

gar'lic, n. plant with pungent strong-smelling bulbous root.

gar'ment, n. article of dress.

gar'ner n. storehouse for corn, &c. v.t. store up (usu. fig.).

gar'net, n. vitreous mineral, esp. red kind used as gem.

gar'nish, v.t. decorate, esp. dish of food. n. materials for this.

gar'niture, n. appurtenances; decoration, esp. of dish.

gar'ret, n. room on top floor.

garr'ison, n. troops stationed in

town. *v.t.* furnish with, occupy as, garrison; place on g. duty.

garrotte′, *n.* (apparatus for) Spanish capital punishment by strangulation; highway robbery by throttling victim. *v.t.* execute, throttle, thus.

garrul′ity (-ōō-), *n.* loquacity.

ga′rrulous (-ōō-), *a.* talkative.

ga′rter, *n.* band to keep stocking up; highest order of knighthood.

garth, *n.* close, garden, paddock.

gas, *n.* (pl. *gases*) any aeriform or completely elastic fluid; coal-gas, used for light or heat; empty talk, boasting; (*U.S.*) gasolene. ~-fitter, person installing and repairing gas-pipes, &c. ~-meter, registering amount consumed in house, &c. *v.t.* & *i.* talk emptily, vaguely or boastfully; project poison-gas over (enemy); (*p.p.*) disabled by gas.

gasconade′, *n.* & *v.i.* boast, brag.

gaselier′, *n.* gas-lamp with several burners.

ga′seous (or -ă-), *a.* of gas.

gash, *n.* long deep cut or wound. *v.t.* make gash in.

ga′sket, *n.* small cord securing furled sail to yard.

ga′soline, -ene (-ēn), *n.* liquid got from petroleum; *petrol.

gaso′meter, *n.* reservoir from which gas is distributed; (Chem.) vessel for holding gas.

gasp (-ahsp), *v.i.* catch breath with open mouth. *n.* convulsive catching of breath. gas′per, *n.* (*sl.*) bad cigarette.

gas′sy, *a.* like gas; wordy.

gas′teropod, *n.* mollusc, e.g. snail.

gas′tric, *a.* of the stomach.

gastron′omer, -mist, *nn.* judge of cookery. gastron′omy, *n.* science of good eating. ~omical, *a.*

gate, *n.* (also gate′way) opening in wall closable with barrier; barrier of wood, iron, &c.; contrivance regulating passage of water; number paying at gates to see football match, &c.

gath′er (-dh-), *v.t.* & *i.* bring or come together; collect; pluck; draw together in folds or wrinkles; develop purulent swelling; pick up from ground; infer. ~ing, *n.* assembly; purulent swelling. gath′ers (-dherz), *n.pl.* gathered-in part of dress.

Gat′ling, *n.* a machine gun.

‖gauche (gōsh), *a.* tactless, socially awkward. ‖gaucherie (gō-sherē′) *n.*

gaud, *n.* showy ornament, gewgaw; jewel.

gaud′y, *n.* grand entertainment. *a.* tastelessly showy.

gauge (gāj), *n.* standard measure; capacity; extent; instruments for measuring or testing; criterion, test. *v.t.* (-geable), measure exactly; test dimensions of; measure contents of.

Gaul, *n.* inhabitant of ancient Gaul; (Joc.) Frenchman.

gault, *n.* clay and marl beds.

gaunt, *a.* lean, haggard, grim.

gaunt′let, *n.* (hist.) armoured glove; glove with long loose wrist, esp. for driving, &c.

gaunt′let, *n.* Run the ~, pass between rows of men, &c., who strike one with sticks, &c. as punishment (also fig.).

gauze, *n.* thin transparent fabric of silk, wire, &c. gauz′y, *a.*

*gav′el, *n.* auctioneer's or chairman's hammer.

gav′elkind, *n.* land-tenure involving equal division of property.

gav′ial, *n.* kind of alligator inhabiting the Ganges.

gavotte′, *n.* dance like minuet, but more lively; dance tune.

gawk, *n.* awkward or bashful person. gawk′y, *a.*

gay, *a.* light-hearted, mirthful; showy; dissolute.

gaze, *v.i.* look fixedly at. *n.* intent look.

gaze′bo, *n.* structure whence view may be had.

gazelle′, *n.* small graceful soft-eyed kinds of antelope.

gazette′, *n.* a newspaper, esp. an official journal. *v.t.* publish in official gazette.

gazetteer′, *n.* geographical dictionary.

gaz'ogene, gaso-, n. apparatus for making aerated waters.

gear (gēr), n. apparatus, tackle, tools; set of wheels, levers, &c. working together; harness; apparel, household utensils. v.t. harness; put in gear, provide with gear. ~-box, ~-case, nn. enclosing gear of machine.

geck'o, n. a house-lizard found in warm climates.

gee, int. of asseveration, discovery, &c.

gee'zer (g-), n. (sl.) old person.

gei'sha (gā-), n. Japanese dancing-girl.

geist (gī-), n. sensibility; tendency to mental fervour.

gel'atin(e), n. transparent tasteless substance. gelat'inous, a.

geld (g-), v.t. deprive of generative power, castrate. geld'ing (g-), n. gelded horse, &c.

gel'id, a. ice-cold, cool.

gel'ignite, n. a nitro-glycerine explosive.

gem, n. precious stone fixing of great beauty or worth; a jewel. v.t. adorn as with gems.

gem'inate, v.t. (-āt), double, arrange in pairs. a. (-ăt) arranged in pairs. ~tion, n.

gemm'a, n. (pl. -ae) leaf-bud; small cellular body; bud-like animal growth developing into individual. gemmate, a. (-āt) having buds, reproducing by gemmae. v.i. (-āt) reproduce thus. ~tion, n.

gemmif'erous, a. yielding gems; reproducing by gemmae.

gemmip'arous, a. reproducing by gemmae.

genappe', n. kind of worsted.

‖ gendarme (zhon'darm) n. (pl. -es) French soldier employed in police duty. ‖ gendarmerie (zhondar'merē), n. force of gendarmes.

gen'der, n. any of the classes (masculine, feminine, neuter genders) corresponding to the two sexes and sexlessness.

geneal'ogy, n. pedigree; lineage, study of pedigrees. ~log'ical, a. ~gist, n. student of genealogies.

gen'eral, a. applicable to all, not partial or particular; prevalent, usual; vague, lacking detail. n. an army officer; commander of army; strategist; (colloq.) general servant. the public.

generalis'simo, n. (pl. -os) commander of combined forces.

general'ity, n. a general statement; vagueness; the majority of.

gen'eralize, v.t. & i. (-zable), reduce to general laws; base general statement on (facts, &c.); speak vaguely. ~zation, n.

gen'erally, adv. in a general sense; in most respects; usually.

gen'eralship, n. office of general; military skill; management.

gen'erate, v.t. (-rable), bring into existence. ~tive, a. productive. ~tor, n. begetter; apparatus for producing steam, &c.

genera'tion, n. procreation, begetting; period of about 30 years.

gener'ic, a. characteristic of a genus or class; not specific.

generos'ity, n. munificence.

gen'erous, a. noble-minded; not mean; munificent; abundant.

gen'esis, n. origin; mode of formation or generation.

gen'et, n. kind of civet; its fur.

genet'ic, a. of, in, origin; of genetics. genet'ics, n.pl. study of heredity and variation; (loosely) the physiology of reproduction.

genev'a, n. spirit flavoured with juniper berries; gin.

ge'nial, a. mild, warm; cheering; sociable. genial'ity, n.

ge'nie, n. (pl. usu. genii) sprite or goblin of Arabian tales.

genis'ta, n. kinds of yellow-flowered shrub.

gen'ital, a. of generation. n.pl. external genital organs.

gen'itive, a. indicating source, origin, or possession. n. (Gram.) genitive case. genitiv'al, a.

ge'nius, n. (pl. -iuses, -ii) tutelary spirit; exalted intellectual power; person having this.

‖ genre (zhahnr), n. kind, style, of

art, &c.; portrayal of scenes from ordinary life.

gent, n. (vulg.) gentleman.

genteel', a. elegant, stylish; well-bred. **genteel'ly** adv.

gen'tian (-shn), n. kinds of usu. blue-flowered plant.

gen'tile, a. not of Jewish race; heathen. n. gentile person.

gentil'ity, n. gentle birth; social superiority; upper-class habits.

gen'tle, a. well-born; mild, quiet; not rough or severe. n. maggot as bait; (pl., vulg.) gentlefolk. **~folk(s)**, people of good family.

gen'tleman (-telm-), n. (pl. -men) chivalrous well-bred man; man of good social position; (pl.) male part of audience. **~like**, **~ly** aa. behaving, looking, like a gentleman; befitting a gentleman.

gen'tleness (-teln-), n. kindliness, mildness; freedom from violence.

gen'tlewoman (-telwoomn), n. (pl. -en, pr. -wimin), woman of good birth or breeding; lady.

gen'tly, adv. mildly, kindly; gradually, softly, slowly.

gen'try, n. people next below nobility; (contempt.) people.

gen'uflect, v.i. bend the knee, esp. in worship. **genuflec'tion**, n.

gen'uine, a. pure-bred; not sham; authentic.

gen'us, n. (pl. gen'era) group of animals, plants, &c., containing several species; (loosely) kind, class.

geocen'tric, a. considered as viewed from earth's centre.

ge'ode, n. (stone with) cavity lined with crystals.

geod'esy, n. branch of mathematics, study of figure and area of the earth or large portions of it. **geodes'ic**, **-ical**, aa.

geog'nosy, n. geology, esp. of district or particular rocks.

geog'raphy, n. science of earth's form, physical features, &c.; features of place; manual of geography. **~pher**, n.; **~phical**, a.

geol'ogy, n. science of earth's crust, its strata, and their relations. **~gical**, a.; **~gist**, n. **~gize**, v.i. practise geology.

geom'etry, n. science of properties and relations of magnitudes in space. **geomet'ric(al)**, aa. of geometry. **geome'ter**, **geometri'cian** (-shn), nn. one versed in geometry.

George (jōrj), n. jewel forming part of Garter insignia. by ~, oath or exclamation.

georgette (jōrj-), n. a thin silk crape material.

Geor'gian (jōr-), a. of time of George I–IV or of George V.

Geor'gic (jōr-), n. any book of Virgil's husbandry poem.

gera'nium, n. kind of wild plant with fruit like crane's bill; cultivated pelargonium.

ger'falcon (-awkn), n. Icelandic or any large northern falcon.

germ, n. source, origin; rudiment of animal or plant; micro-organism or microbe.

germane', a. closely related.

Ger'man¹, a. of Germany. n. native, language, of Germany. **~ measles**, disease like mild measles. **~ sausage**, large kind with spiced meat. **~ silver**, white alloy of nickel, &c. **~ text**, Gothic black letter.

german'der, n. kinds of plant, esp. ~ speedwell.

germane', a. relevant to a subject.

germa'nium, n. metallic element of greyish-white colour.

germ'icide, a. destructive of germs. n. germicide substance.

germ'inal, a. of germs; in earliest stage of development.

germ'inate, v.t. & i. sprout, bud; cause to shoot, produce. **~ant**, a.; **~tion**, **~tor**, nn.

gerryman'der (g-), v.t. manipulate (constituency &c.) so as to give undue influence to some class.

ge'rund, n. cases of Latin infinitive constructed as noun but governing like verb; English verbal noun in -ing. **gerun'dive**, n. Latin verbal adjective from gerund stem; a. of, like, the gerund.

ges'so, n. gypsum as used in painting and sculpture.

gestā'tion, *n.* carrying in womb between conception and birth.

gestĭc'ŭlāte, *v.i.* & *t.* use expressive motion of limbs, &c. with or instead of speech. ~tion, ~tor, *nn.*; ~tive, ~tory *aa.*

ges'ture, *n.* significant movement of limb or body; step or move calculated to evoke response from another.

gĕt (g-), *v.t.* & *i.* (past *got*; *p.p.* got & *gotten*), obtain, earn, gain, win, procure; fetch; learn; induce; beget; experience or suffer; catch or contract; have inflicted; arrive at; find the way; have recourse to. ~at'able, accessible. ~-up, style of arrangement or production.

gē'um, *n.* kinds of flowering plant.

gew'-gaw (g-), *n.* gaudy plaything or ornament.

gey'ser (gē-), *n.* hot spring; apparatus for heating water.

‖ gharr'y, *n.* (Anglo-Ind.) horsed vehicle resembling a bathing-machine.

ghast'ly (gah-), *a.* horrible, frightful; deathlike, pallid.

‖ ghaut (gawt), *n.* (Anglo-Ind.) mountain pass; steps leading to river; landing-place.

gha'zi (gah-), *n.* fanatic Mohammedan fighter.

ghee (gē), *n.* Indian clarified buffalo-milk butter.

gherk'in (gẽ-), *n.* young or small cucumber for pickling.

ghett'o (gĕ-), *n.* (hist.; pl. -os) Jews' quarter in city.

ghost (gō-), *n.* dead person appearing to the living, spectre; emaciated or pale person; semblance.

ghost'ly (gō-), *a.* spiritual; as of a ghost, spectral.

ghoul (gōōl), *n.* spirit said to prey on corpses. ~ish, *a.*

gi'ant, *n.* being of superhuman size; very tall person, animal, &c.; person of extraordinary ability. ~ *a.* gigantic. ~ess, *n.* ~'s-stride, gymnastic apparatus enabling user to take huge strides round a pole.

giaour (jowr), *n.* Turkish name for infidel, esp. Christian.

gĭb'ber (j-, g-), *v.i.* chatter inarticulately. *n.* such chatter. ~ish, *n.* unintelligible speech.

gĭbb'et, *n.* post on which executed criminal was exposed. *v.t.* expose on gibbet; hold up to contempt.

gĭbb'on (g-), *n.* kinds of long-armed ape.

gĭbb'ous (g-), *a.* convex, protuberant; hunchbacked. gibbos'ity (g-), *n.*

gībe, jībe, *v.t.* & *i.*, & *n.* flout, jeer; mock, taunt.

gĭb'lets, *n.pl.* liver, &c., of bird removed before cooking.

gĭ'bus, *n.* crush hat.

gĭdd'y (g-), *a.* dizzy; disposed to fall or stagger; frivolous.

gĭft (g-), *n.* thing given, present; natural endowment. *v.t.* endow with gifts; present.

gĭg (g-), *n.* light two-wheeled one-horse carriage; light ship's boat; rowing-boat, esp. for race.

gīgăn'tic, *a.* huge, giant-like.

gĭg'gle (g-), *v.i.* & *n.* laugh affectedly, titter.

Gilbertĭ'an (g-), *a.* topsy-turvy in vein of Gilbert & Sullivan operas.

gĭld¹ (g-), *v.t.* (*p.p.* gilded), cover thinly with gold; tinge with golden colour; make specious.

gĭld² See guild.

gĭll¹ (g-), *n.* (usu. pl.) respiratory organ(s) of fish, &c.; flesh below person's jaws and ears.

gĭll² (g-), *n.* deep wooded ravine; narrow mountain torrent.

gĭll³, *n.* quarter-pint measure.

gĭll'aroo (g-), *n.* Irish trout.

gĭll'ie (g-), *n.* sportsman's or (hist.) Highland chief's attendant.

gĭll'yflower, *n.* clove-scented pink; wallflower.

gĭlt¹ (g-), *n.* gilding. *a.* overlaid with gold.

gĭlt², *n.* young sow.

gĭm'bal, *n.* (pl.) contrivance of rings, &c. for keeping things horizontal at sea.

gĭm'crack, *n.* trumpery ornament, &c. *a.* flimsy, trumpery.

gim'let (g-), n. small boring tool.
gimp, gymp (g-), n. twist of silk, &c. interlaced with cord or wire.
gin¹ n. snare, trap; kinds of crane and windlass; machine separating cotton from seeds. v.t. trap; treat cotton in gin.
gin² n. spirit distilled from grain or malt, geneva.
‖gin'gall (j-), n. rest-musket or light swivel gun used in India and China.
gin'ger (j-), n. hot spicy root; mettle, spirit; (sl.) stimulation; light reddish yellow. v.t. apply ginger to (horse) to produce show of spirit; stimulate. ~ade, ~ ale, ~ beer, ~ pop, ~ wine, ginger flavoured drinks; ~bread, ginger flavoured treacle cake.
gin'gerly (j-), a. such as to avoid noise or injury to oneself. adv. in gingerly manner.
gingham (ging'am), n. a cotton or linen cloth; umbrella.
gin'nery, n. (S. Afr.) cotton factory.
gip'sy, n. member of a wandering race; mischievous or dark-complexioned woman.
giraffe (-ahf), n. ruminant quadruped with long neck.
gi'randole, n. revolving firework or jet of water; branched candle bracket or candlestick.
gi'rasol(e) (or -ōl), n. opal reflecting reddish glow.
gird¹ (g-), v.t. (girded or girt), encircle with waistbelt, &c.; equip; invest with strength, &c.; encircle.
gird² (g-), v.i. & n. gibe.
gird'er (g-), n. beam supporting joists; iron or steel beam.
gir'dle¹ (g-), n. cord, belt, used to gird waist; thing that surrounds. v.t. surround with girdle.
gir'dle² (g-), n. round iron plate for cooking girdle-cakes.
girl (g-), n. female child; young unmarried woman; maid-servant; man's sweetheart. ~ guides, organization parallel to boy scouts. ~hood, n.; ~ish, a.
girt, p.t. of gird.
girth (g-), n. band round body of horse securing saddle; measurement round a thing. v.t. encircle (horse), secure (saddle) with girth.
gist (j-), n. substance, pith.
git'tern (g-), n. cithern.
give¹ (g-), v.t. & i. (gave, given; -vable), bestow gratuitously; grant, accord; deliver, administer; consign, put; pledge, devote; present, offer (one's hand, arm, &c.); impart, be source of; assume, grant, specify; collapse, yield, shrink. ~-away, n. unwitting disclosure.
give² (g-), n. yielding to pressure, elasticity. ~-and-take, mutual concession, exchange of talk.
giz'zard (g-), n. bird's second stomach for grinding food.
gla'brous, a. smooth-skinned.
gla'cial (or glā'shĭal), a. of ice; (Chem.) crystallized.
gla'ciated (or glā'shĭ-; -sh-, -shĭ-), a. marked by ice-action; covered with glaciers. ~tion, n.
gla'cier, n. slowly moving river or mass of ice.
gla'cis (or gla'-, glăsē'), n. bank sloping down from fort.
glad, a. pleased; joyful, cheerful. gladd'en, v.t. make glad.
glade, n. clear space in forest.
glad'iator, n. trained fighter in ancient Roman shows. ~ial, a.
gladio'lus, n. (pl. -li) plant of iris kind with bright flower-spikes.
glad'some, a. joyful, cheerful.
glad'stone bag', n. portmanteau.
glair, n. white of egg. v.t. smear with glair. ~eous, ~y, aa.
glaive, n. a sword, falchion.
glamour' (-er), n. magic, enchantment; delusive or alluring beauty. glam'orous, a.
glance (-ah-), v.i. & t. glide off object; make brief allusion to; cast momentary look at. n. swift oblique movement or impact; flash, gleam; brief look.
gland, n. organ formed of cells secreting constituents of blood for use or ejection; secreting cells on surface of plant-structure.

glan'diform, a. acorn-shaped. glan'dular, glan'dulous, aa.

glan'ders (-z), n.pl. contagious horse-disease. glan'dered (-erd) glan'derous, aa.

glare, v.i. shine oppressively; look fiercely at. n. oppressive light; tawdry brilliance; fierce look.

glass (-ah-), n. siliceous substance, usu. transparent, lustrous, hard, and brittle; glass drinking-vessel; looking-glass; lens; (pl.) pair of spectacles. v.t. mirror, reflect. make (eyes) glassy. ~-blower, one who blows and shapes glass. glass'y (-ah-), a. like glass; (of eyes) fixed, dull.

glaucō'ma, n. an eye-disease.

glau'cous, a. of dull greyish green or blue.

glaze, v.t. & i. (-zable), fit with glass or windows; cover (pottery &c.) with vitreous substance; (of eyes) become glassy. n. substance used for, surface produced by, glazing.

gla'zier (-zher, -zier), n. one who glazes windows.

gleam, n. subdued or transient light. v.i. emit gleams.

glean, v.t. & i. gather corn left by reapers; pick up facts, &c. ~er, n.; ~ings, n.pl.

glebe, n. land going with benefice; earth, land, field.

glee, n. composition for three or more voices; mirth, exultant joy. ~ful, a. joyful.

gleet, n. thin morbid discharge.

glen, n. narrow valley.

Glengarr'y (-n-g-), n. kind of Highland cap.

glib, a. fluent, voluble.

glide, v.i. & t. pass, proceed, by smooth continuous movement; go stealthily. n. gliding motion.

glimm'er, v.i. shine faintly or intermittently. n. faint light.

glimpse, n. faint transient appearance; brief view. v.t. & i. see or be seen faintly or partly.

glint, v.i. & t. flash; glitter; reflect (light). n. flash, glitter.

glissade' (-ahd), n. slide down slope of ice, &c. v.i. slide thus.

glis'ten (-sn), v.i. & n. glitter, sparkle.

glis'ter, v.i. & n. glitter.

glitt'er, v.i. sparkle; shine with bright light. n. such light.

gloam'ing, n. evening twilight.

gloat, v.i. feast eyes or mind greedily, malignantly, &c. upon.

glob'al, a. embracing totality of a group of items, &c.

globe, n. sphere; planet, star, sun; spherical chart of the earth; spherical lamp-shade.

globose', a. like a globe; round. globos'ity, n. roundness of form.

glob'ular, a. globe-shaped; composed of globules. ~ar'ity, n.

glob'ule, n. small globe, e.g. pill; round particle.

glob'ulin, n. protein found in blood.

glom'erate, a. compactly clustered.

gloom, n. darkness; melancholy depression. v.i. look or be sullen or depressed; be dull.

gloom'y, a. dark, depressing.

glor'ia, n. doxology; aureole.

glor'ify, v.t. (-iable) make glorious or radiant; extol. ~fication, n.

glor'iole, n. aureole, halo.

glor'ious, a. possessing or conferring glory; splendid, excellent.

glor'y, n. renown, honourable fame; resplendent majesty, beauty &c.; halo of saint. v.i. take a pride in.

gloss, n. superficial lustre; specious appearance. v.t. give gloss to; make specious. gloss'y, a. shiny.

gloss, n. marginal explanation; comment; specious interpretation. v.t. & i. insert glosses; make comments; explain away.

gloss'ary, n. dictionary of technical or special words. ~rial, a.

glossog'rapher, n. commentator.

glott'is, n. opening at upper part of windpipe. ~tal, a. of, in, the glottis.

glove (-ŭv), n. hand-covering of leather, wool, &c.; boxer's glove. ~-fight, with boxing-gloves.

glo'ver (-ŭv-), n. glove-maker.

glow (-ō), v.i. emit flameless light

and heat. burn with bodily heat or emotion. n. glowing state; ardour. ~-worm, coleopterous insect female of which emits green light at tail.
glower (-owr), v.i. look angrily.
gloze, v.t. & i. (-zable), explain away; use fair words.
glu'cose (gloo-), n. fruit-sugar.
glue (gloo), n. hard gelatin used warm as cement. v.t. fasten with glue. ~-pot, with outer coat holding water to heat glue. gluey (gloo'i) a.
glum, a. dejected, sullen.
glume (-oom), n. husk.
glut, v.t. feed to the full, sate. n. surfeit; excessive supply.
glu'ten (gloo-) n. sticky substance viscid part of flour. glu'tinous, a.; glutinos'ity n.
glutt'on, n. excessive eater; person insatiably eager. ~ous, a.
glutt'ony, n. character, conduct, of a glutton.
gly'cerine, n. colourless sweet liquid got from any fatty substance.
glyp'tic, a. of carving, esp. on gems. glyptog'raphy n. gem-engraving.
gnarled (narld), a. knobby rugged, twisted. gnarl'y a.
gnash (n-), v.t. & i. (of teeth) strike together. grind one's teeth.
gnat (n-) n. small insect.
gnaw (n-), v.t. & i. (p.p. gnawed, gnawn) bite persistently; corrode, torture.
gneiss (nis, g-), n. laminated rock of quartz, feldspar, and mica.
gnome (nom), n. maxim; goblin, dwarf. gno'mic (n-), a. of maxims, sententious. ~ish, a. of, like, a gnome (goblin).
gno'mon (n-), n. rod, pin, &c. of sun-dial; geometrical figure.
gno'sis (n-), n. knowledge of spiritual mysteries; gnosticism.
gnos'tic (n-), a. of knowledge; having esoteric spiritual knowledge. n. early Christian heretic claiming gnosis. ~ism, n.
gnu (nū), n. oxlike antelope.
gō, v.i. (went, gone pr. -awn), walk, travel, proceed; move, pass become; (of money) be spent (in or on). collapse, give way, fail; extend, reach. n. (colloq., pl. goes) act of going; animation, dash. (sl.) state of affairs. (Cribbage) inability to play. ~-ahead, enterprising. ~-between, an intermediary. ~-by, an evasion. ~-cart, wheeled frame for teaching child to walk. perambulator. ~ dry (of State or locality) prohibit sale of intoxicants. ~-getter, (sl.) person who succeeds in his object. ~-off, a start. ~ west, (army sl.) be killed, die.
goad, n. spiked stick for urging cattle; thing that incites or torments. v.t. urge with goad.
goal, n. point where race ends; object of effort. destination posts between which football, &c., is to be driven, points so won. ~-keeper, player protecting goal.
goat, n. horned ruminant quadruped. (sl.) butt. ~-herd, one who tends goats. ~ish, ~y aa.
goatee' n. beard like goat's.
goat'sucker, n. nightjar.
gobang' n. game played on chequer-board.
gŏbb'et, n. lump of meat, &c.
gŏb'ble, v.t. & i. eat hurriedly and noisily. n. (Golf) rapid straight putt into hole. gŏb'bler, n. noisy ravenous eater.
gob'ble v.i. (of turkey-cock) make gurgling sound in throat.
gŏb'elin, n. a rich French tapestry or an imitation of it.
gŏb'let, n. bowl-shaped drinking cup; glass with foot and stem.
gŏb'lin, n. mischievous demon.
gō'by n. kinds of small fish.
gŏd, n. (God) the Supreme Being; superhuman being worshipped as possessing divine power; a false god. image worshipped as symbol, an idol; adored person; (Theatr., pl.) occupants of the gallery. ~child, baptized child in relation to his godparent. ~daughter, female godchild. ~father, ~mother, male and female godparent. ~parent, one's sponsor at baptism. ~son,

male godchild. ~'s-acre, churchyard.

godd'ess, n. female deity.

godet'ia (-sha), n. a free-flowering hardy annual.

god'fearing, a. religious.

god'forsaken, a. dismal.

god'head (-hd), n. divine nature, deity.

god'less, a. not recognizing God; impious, wicked. god'like, a. like God, like that of a god. god'ly, a. pious, devout.

‖ godown', n. (Anglo-Ind.) warehouse.

god'send, n. piece of luck.

god'wit, n. marsh bird like curlew.

gō'er, n. one who goes; a runner or walker.

goff'er, gauf'er (gŏf-, gōf-), v.t. make wavy, crimp, with hot irons. n. such iron; plaiting for frills, &c.

gog'gle, v.i. & t. roll eyes about; (of eyes) roll about, protrude. a. (of eyes) protuberant, rolling. n.pl. spectacles for protecting eyes from glare, dust, &c.

gō'ing, a. existing, available. n. the act of walking; departure; condition of ground for riding, &c. goings-on, (colloq.) strange or wild conduct.

goi'tre (-ter), n. morbid enlargement of thyroid gland. goi'tred (-erd), a. having goitre.

Golcon'da, n. mine of wealth.

gold, n. precious yellow metal; coins of this, wealth; colour of gold. a. of or coloured like gold. ~-beater, one who beats gold into gold-leaf. ~-leaf, gold beaten into thin sheet.

gō'lden, a. of gold; coloured or shining like gold; precious. ~ mean, neither too much nor too little. ~-rod, plant with yellow flower-spikes. ~ syrup, pale treacle. ~ wedding, 50th wedding anniversary.

gold'finch, n. song-bird with yellow on wings; (sl.) gold coin.

gold'fish, n. small red Chinese carp.

gold'smith, n. worker in gold.

golf (or gŏf), n. game in which small hard ball is struck with club into hole on each of successive smooth greens separated by rough ground. v.i. play golf. ~-club, golf implement or society. gol'fer (also gŏf'), n.

gol'liwog, n. grotesque black doll of foreign pattern with fuzzy hair.

golosh. See galosh.

goluptious (-shus), a. (joc.) delicious (esp. of food).

gombeen', n. (Anglo-Ir.) usury. ~-man, usurer, money-lender.

‖ gombroon', n. Persian pottery, imitated in Chelsea ware.

gon'dola, n. light Venetian canal-boat; car suspended from airship; flat-bottomed river-boat. gondolier', n. rower of gondola.

gone, p.p. of go.

gon'er (gaw-), n. (sl.) person or thing in desperate case.

gon'falon, n. banner often with streamers, hung from cross-bar.

gong, n. resonant metal disk; saucer-shaped bell.

gonorrhoe'a (-rēa), n. inflammatory discharge from urethra or vagina.

good, a. having the right qualities, adequate; worthy; proper; well-behaved; benevolent; agreeable; suitable; considerable. n. profit, well-being; (pl.) movable property, merchandise. ~ (pl., sl.) resources. ~ afternoon, ~ evening, salutations at meeting or parting. ~-fellowship, conviviality. ~-for-nothing, ne'er-do-well. ~-looking, having good looks. ~ morning, ~ night (or ~ afternoon). ~-natured, of kindly disposition. ~ people, the fairies.

good-bye', int. & n. farewell.

good'ly, a. handsome; of imposing size, &c.

good'ness, n. virtue; excellence; kindness; essence or nutriment.

good'wife, n. mistress of house.

goodwill, n. kindly feeling; heartiness; custom of a business.

good'y, n. sweetmeat; old woman. a. (also goody'-goody) obtru-

sively feebly or sentimentally virtuous.

goo'gly, n. (Crick.) off-break ball with leg-break action.

goosan'der, n. duck-like bird.

goose, n. (pl. geese pr. gēs), web-footed bird between duck and swan in size; simpleton; tailor's smoothing-iron. ~-flesh, ~-skin, bristling state of skin due to cold or fright. ~-step, army recruit's balancing-drill, also formal parade step, esp. as used in German army.

goose'berry (-zb-), n. a thorny shrub, its edible berry; wine made of gooseberries. goose'gog (-zg-), n. (colloq.) gooseberry.

gopher. See gofer.

go'pher, n. kinds of burrowing rodent. v.i. burrow; (Mining) dig haphazard.

gor'al, n. an Indian antelope.

Gor'dian, a. Cut the ~ knot, solve problem by force or evasion.

gore1, n. clotted blood.

gore2, n. wedge-shaped piece inserted to narrow a garment. v.t. shape with gore.

gore3, v.t. pierce with horn.

gorge, n. internal throat; contents of stomach; surfeit; narrow opening between hills. v.t. & i. (-geable) feed greedily; satiate.

gor'geous (-jus), a. richly coloured; splendid, dazzling.

gor'get, n. armour for throat; woman's wimple; necklace.

gor'gon, n. terrible or repulsive woman. ~ize, v.t. petrify with stare. gorgo'nian, a.

gorgonzo'la, n. a rich cheese.

goril'la, n. large ferocious anthropoid ape.

gor'mandize, v.i. eat like a glutton. gor'mandizer, n.

gorse, n. prickly yellow-flowered shrub; furze. gors'y, a.

gor'y, a. covered with blood.

gosh, int. of surprise, &c.

gos'hawk (-s-h-), n. a large short-winged hawk.

gos'ling (-z-), n. young goose.

gos'pel, n. Christian revelation; any of the records of the four evangelists; principle that one acts upon or preaches. ~-pusher, clergyman.

gos'peller, n. reader of gospel in the Communion service.

gos'samer, n. filmy substance of small spiders' webs; flimsy thing; delicate gauze; thin waterproof garment. a. light, flimsy as gossamer.

goss'ip, n. familiar acquaintance; tattler, esp. woman; idle talk; informal talk or writing. v.i. talk or write gossip. ~y, a.

gossoon', n. (Anglo-Ir.) lad.

got, p.t. & p.p. of get.

Go'tha (-ta), n. (obs.) type of large German aeroplane.

Goth'ic, a. (Archit.) in the pointed-arch style; barbarous, uncouth; (of type) German, also black letter. n. Gothic language, architecture, type.

gouge (gowj, gooj), n. concave-bladed chisel; groove; (sl.) cheat. v.t. cut with gouge; force as with gouge.

*goulash (goo'lahsh), n. ragout of steak and vegetables flavoured with peppers.

gourd (gord, goord), n. a trailing or climbing plant; dried rind of this used as bottle.

gourmand (goorm and), a. gluttonous. n. lover of delicacies.

gourmet (goorm'ā), n. connoisseur of wine or table delicacies.

gout (gowt), n. disease with inflammation, esp. of great toe; drop, esp. of blood. gout'y, a.

go'vern (gŭ-), v.t. & i. rule with authority; conduct the policy and affairs of State, &c.; curb, control; sway, influence. ~ance, n. act of governing.

go'verness (gŭ-), n. female teacher, esp. in private household. ~-cart, light two-wheeled cart.

go'vernment (gŭ-), n. form of polity; persons governing a State; the State as agent. ~al, a.

go'vernor (gŭ-), n. ruler; official governing province, town, &c.; executive head of each of the U.S.; one of a governing body of

institution; (sl.) one's employer or father; etc. ~-general, representative of Crown in dominion.

gowk, n. fool; (dial.) cuckoo.

gown, n. a woman's upper garment, frock; robe of alderman, judge, clergyman, member of university, &c. ~sman (-zm-) member of a university.

grab, v.t. & i. seize suddenly; appropriate greedily; capture. n. sudden clutch or attempt to seize; rapacious proceedings.

grab'ble, v.i. grope, sprawl.

grab'by, n. (Anglo-Ind.) soldier.

grace, n. charm; air bearing embellishment; goodwill; divine regenerating and inspiring influence; delay granted; thanksgiving at meals. v.t. add grace to, adorn; honour. ~ful, a. full of charm, attractive. ~less, a. shameless, depraved.

gra'cious (-shus), a. pleasing; condescending; kindly; merciful.

grad, n. (sl.) graduate.

gradate' v.t. & i. (-dāt) (cause to) pass by gradations from one shade to another; arrange in gradations.

grada'tion, n. each stage in transition or advance; series of degrees in rank, intensity, &c.; arrangement in grades. ~al, a.

grade, n. degree in rank, merit, &c.; gradient, slope. v.t. (-dable) arrange in grades; give gradations of colour to; blend so as to affect grade.

gra'dely (-dli), a. (dial.) excellent, thorough; handsome; real, true.

gra'dient, n. amount of slope in road, railway, &c.

gra'dual, a. happening by degrees; not steep or abrupt. n. (also grail) antiphon sung between Epistle and Gospel.

grad'uate, v.t. & i. (-āt), take or admit to academic degree; arrange in gradations. n. (-ĭt), holder of academic degree or (U.S.) one who has completed course of study at a school. ~tion, n.

gra'dus, n. dictionary for use in writing Latin verse.

graffi'to (-fē-), n. (pl. -ti, pr. -tē), drawing or writing scratched on (esp. ancient) wall, &c.

graft[1] (grahft), n. shoot, scion, planted in slit of another stock; piece of transplanted living tissue. v.t. insert graft.

graft[2] (grahft), n. (practices for securing) illicit political or business profit. v.i. seek or make graft. graft'er (-ahf-), n.

grail[1] See gradual.

grail[2], n. platter used by Christ at the Last Supper.

grallator'ial, a. of the long-legged wading birds.

grain, n. a fruit or corn of a cereal; (collect.) wheat or allied food-grass corn; (pl.) refuse malt after brewing; particle, least possible amount; unit of weight; texture in skin, wood, stone, &c.; arrangement of lines of fibre in wood. v.t. & i. form into grains; dye in grain; paint in imitation of grain of wood. ~ing, n. grain-painting.

gram[1] n. chick-pea; any pulse used as horse-fodder.

gram[2] See gramme.

gra'ma, grama'a, n. kinds of low pasture-grass in the western U.S.

gramercy', int. (arch.) thank you.

gramin'eous (-ēus), a. of or like grass.

graminiv'orous, a. grass-eating.

gramm'alogue (-lŏg), n. shorthand word represented by single sign; such sign.

gramm'ar, n. science of the sounds, inflexions, and constructions used in a language; book on grammar. ~-school, founded for teaching Latin, now often of public-school type; school between primary and high school. grammar'ian, n. one versed in grammar. grammat'ical, a. according to grammar.

gramme, gram, n. unit of weight in metric system.

gram'ophone, n. phonograph, esp. of the kind reproducing music, speech, &c. from hard rubber or plastic records.

gram'pus, n. kinds of blowing and spouting cetacean.
gran'ary, n. storehouse for grain; region producing grain.
grand, a. (in titles) chief, of highest rank; of chief importance; imposing, lofty, noble; (colloq.) excellent. n. grand piano.
gran'dad, (fam. for) grandfather.
gran'dam(e), (arch. for) grandmother. grand'child, one's child's child. ~daughter, one's child's daughter. ~father, one's parent's father. ~mother, one's parent's mother. ~parent, one's parent's parent. ~ piano, one with strings horizontal. ~sire, grandfather. ~son, one's child's son.
grandee, n. foreign noble of high rank; great personage.
gran'deur (-dyer), n. high rank, eminence; majesty, splendour.
grandil'oquent, a. pompous, inflated, in language. ~nce, n.
gran'diose, a. imposing; planned on large scale. grandios'ity, n.
grange (-j), n. country-house with farm buildings; *agricultural association.
gra'ngerize (-j-), v.t. illustrate book with extra prints, &c. gathered from other sources.
gran'ite, n. granular crystalline rock of quartz, mica, &c.
gran'ny, n. (colloq.) grandmother; reef-knot crossed the wrong way.
grant (-ah-), v.t. consent to give; concede, permit; transfer; admit. n. granting; thing or sum granted. grantee', gran'tor, nn. person to, or by whom property &c. is legally transferred.
gran'ular, a. of or like grains.
gran'ulate, v.t. & i. (-lable), form into grains; roughen surface of. ~tion, n.
gran'ule, n. small grain.
grape, n. green or purple berry growing in clusters on vine. grape-shot, diseased growth on pastern of horse, &c. ~fruit, fruit like a large orange, growing in clusters. ~shot, small balls as scattering charge for cannon.
graph, n. symbolic diagram expressing a system of connexions.
graph'ic, a. of drawing, painting, etching, &c.; vividly descriptive; of writing; of symbolic curves.
graph'ite, n. plumbago.
grapho'logy, n. study of handwriting; use of graphs.
grap'nel, n. a grappling-iron; small many-fluked anchor.
grap'ple, n. clutching instrument; grip, as of wrestler; close contest. v.t. & i. seize; grip with hands; come to close quarters with. grappling-iron, instrument by which one ship fastens on another in fighting.
grasp (-ah-), v.t. & i. clutch, seize greedily; hold firmly; understand, realize. n. fast hold, grip; mental hold, mastery. ~ing, a. avaricious.
grass (-ah-), n. herbage; any species of this; grazing; pasture land. v.t. cover with turf; (sl.) knock down. ~hopper, a jumping chirping insect. ~-tree, kinds of Australasian tree. ~ widow, (sl.) married woman whose husband is absent from her.
grass-cloth (grahs-clawth), fine light cloth, resembling linen, woven from vegetable fibres.
grate¹, n. metal frame confining fuel in fireplace.
grate², v.t. & i. (-table), rub to small particles on rough surface; grind, creak; have irritating effect.
grate'ful, a. thankful; feeling or showing gratitude.
grat'ify, v.t. (-fiable), please, delight; indulge. ~fication, n.
gra'ting, n. framework of parallel or crossed bars.
gra'tis, adv. & a. free of charge.
grat'itude, n. being thankful for and ready to return kindness.
gratu'itous, a. got or done gratis; uncalled for; motiveless.
gratu'ity, n. money present for services, tip; bounty to soldier.
grat'ulatory, a. conveying congratulation.
grava'men, n. essence (of accusation); grievance.

grāve¹ n. hole dug for corpse; (fig.) receptacle of what is dead. ~clothes, wrappings of corpse. ~stone, inscribed stone over grave. ~yard, burial ground.

grāve² v.t. (p.p. -ven, -ed; -vable), engrave, carve; fix indelibly.

grāve³ a. serious, weighty; dignified, solemn; (of sound) low-pitched, not acute. n. grave accent (as è).

grāve⁴ v.t. clean (ship's bottom) by burning and tarring.

grăv'el, n. coarse sand and small stones; disease with aggregations of urinary crystals. v.t. lay with gravel; puzzle, nonplus.

grăv'id, a. pregnant.

grăv'itāte, v.i. move or tend towards the centre; sink as by gravity; (fig.) be attracted (towards). ~tion, n.; ~tional, a.

grăv'ity, n. solemnity; importance; weight; a body's attraction to the centre of the earth.

grăv'y, n. juices exuding from meat in and after cooking.

gray. See grey.

gray'ling, n. a silver-grey freshwater fish.

graze¹, v.t. & i. touch lightly in passing; abrade skin, &c. in rubbing past. n. grazing; an abrasion.

graze² v.i. & t. (-zable), feed on growing grass; pasture cattle. grā'zier (-zher), n. one who feeds cattle for market. grā'zing, n. pasture; grass food.

grease, n. (-ēs), melted fat of dead animal; fatty or oily matter. v.t. (-ēz), lubricate or soil with grease; bribe. grea'ser (-z-), n. head fireman on steamer; (sl.) native Mexican or Spanish-American. grea'sy (-zi), a. of, like, or covered with grease; slimy; too unctuous.

great (grāt), a. large in bulk or number; considerable in extent or time; important, pre-eminent; of great ability; familiar; pregnant; hard, difficult, grievous. n.pl. the Oxford final classical school. ~aunt, one's parent's aunt. ~nephew, ~niece, one's nephew's or niece's child. ~uncle, one's parent's uncle.

greatcoat (grā't-), n. overcoat.

great'ly (grā't-), adv. much.

greave, n. armour for shins.

greaves (-vz), n.pl. tallow refuse.

grēbe, n. a diving bird.

Grē'cian (-shan), a. Greek. n. Greek scholar.

greed, n. insatiate desire for food or wealth. greed'y a. gluttonous, avaricious.

Greek, n. native of Greece; Greek language. a. of Greece or its people, Hellenic.

green, a. of colour like grass; unripe, young; inexperienced; not seasoned or dried. n. green colour; green part of thing; (pl.) vegetables; a common; grassplot. v.i. & t. become or make green. ~ish, a.

green'back, n. legal-tender note.

green'ery, n. vegetation.

green'finch, n. bird with gold and green plumage.

green'fly, n. aphis, plant louse.

green'gage, n. round green plum.

greengro'cer, n. retailer of fruit and vegetables. ~y

green'horn, n. simpleton, novice.

green'house, n. glass house for rearing plants.

green'ing, n. kind of apple green when ripe.

green'room, n. retiring room for actors off the stage.

green-sickness, n. chlorosis.

green'stone, n. kind of jade found in New Zealand and much used for weapons and ornaments.

green'sward (-ōrd), n. turf.

green'wood, n. woodlands in spring or summer.

greet¹ v.t. accost with salutation; salute, receive (with words, &c.); meet (eye, ear, &c.). ~ing, n.

greet² v.i. (Sc.) weep.

gregā'rious, a. living in flocks or communities; fond of company.

grège (-āzh), a. & n. (of) colour between grey and beige.

Grégor'ian, a. of the rival made-

named after Pope Gregory I. ~ calendar, reformed calendar of Pope Gregory XIII.

grenade', n. explosive shell thrown by hand or shot from rifle-barrel; glass vessel thrown to disperse chemicals for extinguishing fires, &c. grenadier', n. soldier who threw grenades; (pl.) first regiment of household infantry.

grenadine', n. dish of fillets of veal, &c.; dress-fabric of open silk or silk and wool.

grew, p.t. of grow.

grey, gray (grā), a. coloured like ashes or lead; clouded, dull; white or hoary with old age. n. grey colour, pigment, or clothes; grey horse; cold sunless light. v.t. & i. make or become grey. ~beard, old man; stoneware spirit jug; kind of lichen. ~ friar, Franciscan monk. ~ hen, female of black grouse.

grey'hound (grā-), n. slender swift dog used in coursing. ~-racing, sport in which mechanical hare is coursed by greyhounds.

grey'lag (grā-), n. grey goose.

grid, n. gridiron; (Electr.) part of amplifying valve; network of lines, railways, electric-power connexions, &c.

grid'dle, n. round iron plate for cooking cakes over fire.

gride, v.i. cut, scrape, with grating sound. n. such sound.

grid'iron (- īrn), n. portable barred utensil for broiling; frame for supporting ship in dock; *(field for) American football.

grief, n. sorrow, deep trouble.

griev'ance, n. real or fancied ground of complaint.

grieve, v.t. & i. cause to feel grief; be in pain; mourn, sorrow.

griev'ous, a. oppressive, painful; flagrant, heinous.

griff'in[1], n. (Anglo-Ind.) newly arrived European, greenhorn, *probationer. ~age, n. one's first year in India.

griff'in[2], griff'on, gryph'on, n. fabulous creature with eagle's head and wings and lion's body; griff(on) kind of vulture, coarse-haired terrier-like dog.

grig, n. small eel; cricket.

grill, n. gridiron; grilled food; (also ~-room) room where food is served and grilled; (also grille) grating in door; latticed screen. v.t. & i. broil on grill (also fig. of great heat).

grilse, n. young salmon.

grim, a. stern, merciless; of harsh aspect; ghastly, joyless.

grimace', n. wry face made in disgust or in jest; affected look, affectation. v.i. make grimace.

grimal'kin (-awl-), n. old she-cat; spiteful hag.

grime, n. dirt deeply ingrained. v.t. blacken, befoul. gri'my, a.

grin, v.i. show teeth in pain or in smile. n. this act or aspect.

grind, v.t. & i. (ground), crush to small particles; harass with exactions; sharpen; study hard, toil; rub gratingly. n. grinding; hard dull work, walk, &c. for exercise; *plodding student; steeplechase.

gri'nder, n. molar tooth; grinding machine; one who grinds.

grind'stone, n. revolving disk for grinding and polishing.

grip, n. firm hold, grasp; mastery of subject. v.t. & i. grasp tightly; take firm hold. *~sack, or grip, handbag.

gripe, v.t. (-pable), clutch, grip; oppress; affect with colic pains. n. grip; hold, control; (pl.) colic pains.

grippe, n. influenza.

gris'kin, n. lean part of loin of bacon pig.

gris'ly (-z-), a. causing terror.

grist, n. corn to grind; malt crushed for brewing.

gris'tle (-sl), n. tough flexible tissue, cartilage. gris'tly (-sli), a.

grit[1], n. particles of sand; (also grit'stone) coarse sandstone; (colloq.) pluck, endurance. v.i. & t. make grating sound; grind. grit'ty, a.

Grit[2], n. (Canadian pol.) member of the Liberal party.

grits, n.pl. oats husked but unground; coarse oatmeal.
griz'zled (-zld) a. grizzly
griz'zly a. grey, grey-haired. ~ bear, large fierce bear.
groan, v.i. & t. make deep sound expressing pain or the like; be oppressed. n. groaning sound.
groat, n. silver fourpenny piece.
groats, n.pl. hulled (and crushed) grain, esp. oats.
gro'cer, n. dealer in spices, tea, sugar, and domestic stores. ~y n. grocer's trade or goods.
grog, n. drink of spirit and water. grog'gy (-g-), a. drunk; unsteady shaky
grog'ram, n. coarse fabric of silk, mohair, &c.
groin, n. depression between belly and thigh; edge formed by intersecting vaults. v.t. build with groins.
groom, n. servant who tends horses; bridegroom. v.t. tend (horse). ~s'man, friend attending bridegroom at wedding.
groove, n. channel or hollow; routine. v.t. make groove in.
grope, v.i. feel about as in dark search blindly.
gros'beak, n. kinds of small bird with large beak.
gross, a. luxuriant, rank; flagrant; total, not net; coarse; indecent. n. the bulk; twelve dozen.
grot, n. (poet.) grotto.
grotesque (-sk), n. a style of decorative art; (pop.) distorted figure, &c. a. distorted; incongruous; absurd.
grot'to, n. (pl. -oes), picturesque cave; structure imitating cave.
grouch, n. (sl.) peevish state of mind; ill-humour; habitually peevish person.
ground[1] n. surface of earth; bottom of sea or water; (pl.) dregs; land; (pl.) enclosed land attached to house; field or place of action; floor or level; (Paint, &c.) surface worked upon; foundation, motive. v.t. & i. fix or place on the ground; base upon cause or principle; instruct thoroughly; run ashore. ~-bait, bait thrown to bottom to attract fish. ~-floor, story of house on level of outside ground. ~-game, hares, rabbits, &c. ~-nut, (edible tuber of) N.-Amer. wild bean; also (W.-Ind., W.-Afr., &c.) pea with pod ripening underground. ~sman, man in charge of cricket-ground. ~-rent, rent paid for ground leased for building. ~-swell, heavy sea due to storm or earthquake. ~-work, foundation, chief ingredient.
ground[2], p.t. & p.p. of grind.
ground'ing, n. drill in elements of subject.
ground'less, a. without motive or foundation.
ground'ling, n. kinds of fish living at bottom; ground plant; person of inferior taste.
ground'sel, n. kinds of weed.
group (-oo-), n. number of persons or things near together or belonging or classed together. v.t. & i. form, fall, into a group; classify. ~-captain, R.A.F. officer.
grou'per (-oo-), n. kinds of W.-Ind. and Austral. fish.
grouse[1], n. any gallinaceous bird with feathered feet.
grouse[2] v.i. & n. (sl.) grumble.
grout[1] n. thin fluid mortar. (pl.) dregs. v.t. apply grout to.
grout[2] v.i. & t. (of pigs) turn up earth, turn up with snout.
grove, n. small wood; group of trees.
grov'el, v.i. lie prone, abase oneself. grov'eller, n.
grow (-ō), v.i. & t. (grew pr. groo, p.p. grown pr. -ōn), develop or exist as living plant; produce by cultivation; increase in size, height, amount, &c.; come by degrees; let grow; (pass.) be covered with growth. grow'er (-ōer), n. one who grows fruit, &c.
growl, n. guttural sound of anger; rumble; murmur complaint. v.i. & t. make growl. growl'er, n. a grumbler; four-wheeled cab; (sl.) beer-jug.

grown, p.p. of grow

growth (-ōth), n. increase; what has grown or is growing.

groyne, n. structure run out to stop shifting of sea-beach.

grub, v.i. & t. dig superficially; clear ground of roots, &c.; rummage; plod, toil. n. larva of insect; (sl.) food; (Crick.) ball bowled along ground. grubb'y, a. dirty

grudge, v.t. (-geable), be unwilling to give or allow. n. resentment, ill-will.

gru'el (-ōōĭl), n. liquid food of oatmeal, &c.; (sl.) severe punishment. gru'elling (-ōō-), n. severe treatment.

grue'some (-ōōs-), a. horrible.

gruff, a. surly; rough-voiced.

grum'ble, n. faint growl; murmur; complaint. v.i. & t. utter grumble; complain; murmur. grum'bler, n.

grum'py, a. ill-tempered.

grunt, n. low gruff sound characteristic of hog. v.i. & t. utter grunt. grun'ter, n. pig.

gru'yère (-yār), n. Swiss pale cows'-milk cheese full of holes.

grys'bok, n. small grey S.-Afr. antelope.

gua'na (gwah-), n. iguana; (Austral.) any large lizard.

guan'o (gwah-), n. excrement of sea-fowl used as manure.

guarantee (ga-), n. giver of guaranty or security; guaranty; recipient of guaranty. v.t. be guarantee for; answer for; engage, secure. ~tor, n. guar'anty (ga-), n. written or other undertaking to answer for performance of obligation; ground of security.

guard (gard), n. defensive posture; watch, vigilant state; protector; sentry; official in charge of train; soldiers protecting place or person; (pl.) household troops; device to prevent injury or accident. v.t. & i. protect, defend; take precautions; keep in check. ~s'man, soldier of the Guards.

guard'ian (ga-), n. keeper, protector; custodian. ~ship, n.

gua'va (gwah-), n. tropical tree with acid fruit used for jelly.

gudg'eon (-jon), n. small freshwater fish; credulous person; kinds of pivot and metal pin.

guel'der rose (gĕ- -z), n. plant with balls of white flowers.

guer'don (gĕr-), n. reward.

guernsey (gĕrn zi), n. thick knitted woollen jersey.

guerill'a, guerrill'a (ger-), n. irregular war waged independently by small bodies.

guess (gĕs), v.i. & t. conjecture, think likely; I guess, I know, am sure. n. rough estimate, conjecture. ~work, n. guessing.

guest (gĕst), n. person entertained at one's house or table, or lodging at hotel, &c.

*guff, n. (sl.) empty talk.

guffaw', n. boisterous laugh. v.i. make guffaw

guid'ance (gī-), n. act of guiding; direction.

guide (gīd), n. one who shows the way; adviser; directing principle; (also ~book) book of information about place, &c. v.t. (-dable), act as guide to; lead, direct. ~post, finger-post.

guid'on (gī-), n. pennant narrowing to point at free end.

guild, gild (gi-), n. society for mutual aid or with common object. ~hall, meeting-place of medieval guild; town hall.

guile (gīl), n. treachery, deceit. ~ful, ~less, aa.

guill'emot (gi-), n. a sea-bird.

guilloche (gilōsh'), n. (Archit.) ornament like braided ribbons.

guillotine (gilotēn or gi-), n. beheading-machine; machine for cutting paper; (Parl.) closure.

guilt (gi-), n. the having committed an offence; culpability. ~less, a. innocent.

guil'ty (gi-), a. having committed offence; culpable, criminal.

guinea (gin'ĭ), n. sum of 21s. ~fowl, gallinaceous bird with white-spotted slate plumage. ~pig, small rodent now common as a pet; person receiving guinea

fees, esp. company director. ~-worm, tropical parasite.
guipure (gē'pōōr), n. kind of lace; kind of gimp.
guise (gīz), n. external, esp. assumed, appearance; pretence.
guitar (gĭt-), n. six-stringed lute played with hand.
gulch, n. ravine, gully.
gul'den (gōō-), n. Dutch and Austro-Hung. silver coin (1s. 8d.).
gules (-lz), n. & a. (Herald.) red.
gulf, n. piece of sea like a bay; deep hollow chasm; impassable dividing line; whirlpool. v.t. engulf, swallow up. ~ stream, oceanic warm current from Gulf of Mexico.
gull¹, n. kinds of long-winged web-footed mostly marine bird.
gull² n. & v.t. dupe, fool. gull'ible, a.; gullibil'ity, n.
gull'et, n. food-passage from mouth to stomach; throat.
gull'y, n. water-worn ravine, gutter, drain; (Crick.) part of ground behind batsman on off side.
gulp, v.t. & i. swallow hastily or with effort; gasp, choke. n. act of gulping; effort to swallow; large mouthful.
gum¹, n. firm flesh in which the teeth stand. ~-boil, small abscess on a gum.
gum², n. viscid secretion of some trees and shrubs, used as glue; (pl.) kinds of sweetmeat; (pl., U.S.) rubber boots; gum-tree. v.t. apply gum to; fasten with gum.
gum'bo, n. a kind of soup.
gumm'y, a. sticky; exuding gum.
gump'tion, n. practical sense.
gun, n. general name for firearms, e.g. cannon, fowling-piece, rifle, carbine; (sl.) revolver; member of shooting-party. ~-boat, small warship with heavy guns. ~-cotton, cotton steeped in nitric and sulphuric acids, used for blasting. ~-man, (esp.) armed civilian; (sl.) armed robber. ~-metal, alloy of copper and tin or zinc. ~-powder, explosive of saltpetre, sulphur, and charcoal. ~-room, in warship, for junior officers or as lieutenants' messroom. ~-shot, range of gun. ~-smith, maker of small firearms.
gunnel. See gunwale.
gunn'er, n. officer, man, of artillery; (Naut.) warrant officer in charge of battery, magazine, &c. gunn'ery, n. management of large guns.
¹gunn'y, n. a coarse material used chiefly for sacking and made from the fibres of jute; a sack made of this.
Gunt'er, n. flat 2-ft. rule with scales, &c., for mechanically solving problems in navigation, &c.
gun'wale (-nel), gunn'el, n. upper edge of ship's or boat's side.
¹gur'rah, n. native Australian boat.
gurgita'tion, n. surging; bubbling motion or sound.
gur'gle, n. bubbling sound. v.i. & t. make, utter with, gurgles.
¹gur'jun, n. E. Ind. tree yielding ~ balsam or oil.
Gurkha (goor'kă), n. member of ruling Hindu race in Nepal.
gurn'ard, gurn'et, nn. kinds of sea-fish with large head.
gu'rry, n. small Indian fort.
guru (gōō'rōō), gōō'rōō, n. Hindu spiritual teacher.
gush, n. sudden or copious stream; effusiveness. v.i. & t. flow with gush; emit gush of; speak or behave with gush. gush'er, n.
guss'et, n. triangle let into garment to strengthen or enlarge; strengthening iron bracket.
gust, n. sudden violent rush of wind; burst of rain, smoke, anger, &c. gust'y, a.
gusta'tion, n. tasting. ~-tory, a.
gust'o, n. zest; enjoyment.
gut, n. (pl.) bowels or entrails; intestine; (pl., sl.) pluck; material for violin strings or fishing-lines; narrow water-passage. v.t. remove guts of; remove, destroy internal fittings of (house).
gutta-perch'a, n. horny flexible

substance of juice of some Malay an trees.

gŭtt'er, n. shallow trough below eaves, channel in street, carrying off water channel, groove. v.t. & i. furrow; (of candle) melt away by becoming channelled.

gŭtt'ural, a. of or produced in throat. n. guttural sound or letter.

gŭtt'y, n. (Golf) gutta-percha ball.

guy¹ (gī) n. rope, chain, to steady crane-load, &c., or secure tent. v.t. secure with guy.

guy² (gī) n. effigy of Guy Fawkes burnt on Nov. 5; grotesquely dressed person; (sl.) boy, fellow. v.t. treat as a guy, ridicule.

gŭz'zle, v.t. & i. drink, eat, greedily. gŭzz'ler, n.

gȳbe, v.t. & i. (of fore-and-aft sail or boom) swing to other side; (of boat, &c.) change course thus.

gym, n. (sl.) gymnasium.

gymkha'na (-kah-), n. place for display of athletics; athletic sports.

gymna'sium (-z-), n. (pl. -ums, -a), room, &c. fitted up for gymnastics; higher-grade school in Germany, &c.

gym'nast, n. expert in gymnastics.

gymnas'tic, a. of gymnastics. n. course or mode of bodily or mental discipline; (pl.) muscular exercises, esp. as done in gymnasium.

gynaecŏl'ogy (or gī-), n. science of women's diseases.

gyp, n. college servant at Cambridge and Durham.

gyp'sum, n. mineral from which plaster of Paris is made.

gypsy. See gipsy.

gyrāte', v.i. move in circle or spiral. ~tion, n.; ~tory, a.

gyr'o, gyroscope. ~compass, gyroscope arranged to serve as compass when magnetic compass cannot be used.

gyr'ograph (-ahf), n. instrument recording revolutions.

gyr'oscope, ~stat, nn. instruments illustrating dynamics of rotating bodies; also (-scope) rapidly spinning wheel fixed to something, e.g. car on single rail, to keep it in equilibrium.

gyve, n. (usu. pl.), & v.t. fetter.

H

hā'bĕas cor'pus, n. writ requiring person to be brought before judge, &c.

hăb'erdasher, n. dealer in small articles of dress, &c. hăb'erdashery, n. haberdasher's [illegible].

hăb'ergeon (-jon), n. (hist.) sleeveless coat of mail.

hăbil'iment, n. (pl.) dress, clothes.

hăb'it, n. settled tendency or practice, constitution (of body or mind); dress. v.t. clothe.

hăb'itable, a. that can be inhabited. hăbitabil'ity, n.

hăb'itant (or ăbētahn'), n. (descendant of) French settler in Canada or Louisiana.

hăb'itat, n. natural home of plant or animal. hăbitā'tion, n. inhabiting; place of abode.

habit'ual, a. customary, given to some habit. habit'uāte, v.t. (-uable), accustom. ~tion, n.

hăb'itude, n. customary mode of action; inveterate use.

‖ habitué (habĭt'ūā), n. habitual visitor or resident.

hacien'da (hă- or ahth-), n. estate, plantation, with dwelling-house in Spain or Spanish colony.

hăck¹, n. wound, esp. from kick; mattock, pick. v.t. & i. cut, mangle, hack; emit short dry cough. ~saw, saw for cutting metal.

hăck², n. hired horse, horse for ordinary riding; common drudge.

‖ hack'ery, n. (Anglo-Ind.) bullock-cart.

hăc'kle¹, n. steel flax-comb; long feathers on neck of domestic cock, &c.; fishing-fly dressed with hackle. v.t. dress (flax, &c., or fly) with hackle.

hăc'kle², v.t. hack, mangle.

hăck'ney, n. (pl. -eys), horse for ordinary riding; drudge. v.t.

make common or trite. ~-coach, vehicle kept for hire.

had, p.t. & p.p. of have.

had'dock, n. fish allied to cod.

Hā'dēs (-z), n. abode of the dead.

Hadj'i, Hājj'i, n. Mohammedan pilgrim who has been to Mecca.

haem'al, a. of the blood.

haemat'ic, a. of or containing blood. n. medicine acting on blood.

haem'atite (commonly hēm-), n. a red or brown iron oxide ore.

haemoglō'bin, n. colouring matter of red corpuscles of blood.

haemorrhage, hem- (hĕm'orĭj), n. escape of blood from blood-vessels.

haemorrhoids, hem- (hĕm'oroidz), n.pl. piles.

haf'nium, (Chem.) a rare metal.

haft (hah-), n. handle of knife, &c.

hag, n. ugly old woman. ~-ridden, a. afflicted by nightmare.

hagg'ard, a. wild-looking; (of hawks) untamed. n. haggard hawk.

hagg'is, n. minced heart, &c. of sheep boiled in maw with oatmeal, &c.

hag'gle, v.i. & n. dispute, esp. about price or terms.

Hagiog'rapha (-gi-), n.pl. Hebrew Scriptures not included under Law and Prophets.

ha-ha (hah'hah) n. sunk fence bounding garden, &c.

hail¹, n. frozen rain-drops falling as pellets of ice (hail-stones). v.i. & t. pour down hail; (fig.) pour down, come down, like hail.

hail², int. of greeting. v.t. & i. salute; greet as; call to; be come from. n. hailing.

hair, n. any or all of the fine filaments growing from the skin; hair-like thing. ~-breadth, minute distance. ~-dresser, one who dresses and cuts hair. ~-net. ~-oil. ~-pin, used for the hair. ~-splitting, a. & n. over-subtle (ty).

hair'y, a. having hair; hirsute.

hake, n. fish like the cod.

Hakeem, -kim' (hahkēm'), n. a physician or doctor in Mohammedan countries and in India.

Hā'kim² (hah-), n. a judge, ruler or governor, in Mohammedan countries and in India.

hal'berd, n. (hist.) combined spear and battle-axe. halberdier', n. man armed with battle-axe.

hal'cyon, n. bird fabled to calm the sea; Australasian kingfisher. a. peaceful, quiet.

hale¹, a. robust, vigorous.

hale², v.t. drag forcibly

half (hahf), n. (pl. halves), either of two (esp. equal) parts into which a thing is divided; (colloq.) school term. a. amounting to half. adv. in part; equally. ~-back, (Footb.) position or player next behind forwards, or in American game behind quarter-back. ~-baked, (fig.) half-witted, incomplete, unfinished. ~-breed, half-blooded person, one born of different races. ~-brother, ~-sister, by one parent. ~-caste, half-breed. ~-crown, coin worth 2s. 6d. ~-hearted, lacking courage or zeal. ~-moon, moon with disk half illuminated. ~-pay given to army or navy officer when retired or not in actual service. ~-volley, n. striking of bouncing ball, ball easily hit, the instant it rises.

halfpenny (hā'pnĭ), n. bronze coin worth half of a penny.

hal'ibut, hol-, n. a flat fish used as food.

hall (hawl), n. large room for public business; college dining-room; building belonging to college or university; residence of landed proprietor; entrance-passage of house. ~-mark, n. used at Goldsmiths' Hall for marking standard of gold and silver; v.t. stamp with this (often fig.).

hallelujah. See alleluia.

halliard. See halyard.

halloo', int. used to incite dogs to chase, call attention, or express surprise. v.i. & t. cry halloo; urge dogs (thus) shout to call attention.

hal'low (-ō), v.t. make or honour as holy. Hal'lowmas, All Saints' Day, 1 Nov. ~e'en, (Sc. & U.S.), eve of All Hallows.

hallucina'tion (-lū-), n. illusion, apparent perception of object not present; mistake.

hal'ma, n. game on board of 256 squares.

ha'lo, n. (pl. -oes), circle round sun, moon, &c.; disk of light round head of saint.

halt¹ (hawlt), n. stoppage on march or journey. v.i. & t. come, bring, to a stand.

halt² (hawlt), a. lame. v.i. hesitate; walk hesitatingly; limp.

hal'ter (hawl-), n. rope or strap with noose for horses or cattle; rope for hanging person.

halve (hahv), v.t. divide into halves; reduce to half.

hal'yard, hall'iard, n. tackle for raising and lowering sail, &c.

ham, n. back of thigh; hog's thigh salted and cured.

ham², n. town, village.

hamadry'ad, n. wood nymph.

ham'let, n. small village.

ham'mer, n. instrument for driving nails, beating, breaking, &c. v.t. & i. strike or drive with or as with hammer. ~cloth, cloth covering driver's seat in coach.

ham'mock, n. bed of canvas, &c. hung by cords at ends.

ham'per¹, n. basketwork packing case; hamper of food.

ham'per², v.t. obstruct movement of; impede, hinder.

ham'shackle, v.t. shackle with rope connecting head and foreleg.

ham'ster, n. rodent like large rat.

ham'string, n. any of five tendons at back of human knee; quadruped's Achilles tendon. v.t. (-inged or -ung), cripple by cutting the hamstrings.

hand, n. extremity of human arm comprising palm and fingers; manual worker in factory, &c.; style of writing; cards held by one person in play; index, pointer of clock, &c.; measure of horse's height (4 inches). v.t. hold out hand to; give, transmit, with the hand. ~bill, notice circulated by hand. ~book, short treatise, guide-book. ~cuff, n. (pl.) pair of metal rings joined by short chain. v.t. secure with handcuffs. ~gallop, easy gallop. ~glass, small mirror with handle. ~over hand, passing each hand in turn beyond the other as in rope-climbing; (fig.) gaining rapidly in pursuit. ~rail, rail along footbridge, &c. to hold on to. ~shake, shaking of hands. ~spike, iron-shod wooden lever. hands down, of winning race without effort. ~s off! order not to touch. ~s up! order to lift hands in sign of surrender.

hand'ful (-fōōl), n. (pl. -fuls), enough to fill the hand; small number or quantity; (colloq.) troublesome person or task.

han'dicap, n. race or contest in which competitors are equalized by start, difference in weight carried, &c. v.t. impose handicap on; (fig.) place at disadvantage.

han'dicraft (-ahft), n. manual art, trade, or skill. ~sman, n.

han'diwork (-wŭrk), n. thing done or made by the hands or by any one's personal agency.

handkerchief (hăng'kerchĭf), n. square of linen, silk, &c., used to wipe the face or cover the neck.

han'dle, n. part of thing by which it is held. v.t. touch or feel with the hands; manage, deal with; treat in discourse.

Han'dley-Page, n. type of large aeroplane. P

hand'maid, -en, n. (arch.) female servant.

hand'sel (-ns-), n. New Year gift; earnest money; foretaste. v.t. give handsel to; be the first to try.

hand'some (-ns-), a. of fine appearance; generous.

hand'writing, n. way a person writes.

han'dy, a. ready to hand; convenient; clever with the hands.

hang, v.t. & i. (hung; also hanged as below), cause thing to be supported by hooks, &c. from above; attach (wall-paper); fit up (bells in house); decorate (wall with drapery &c.); (hanged) suspend on gibbet as capital punishment; droop, hover; rest upon. n. way a thing hangs. the hang of a thing. ~-bird, Baltimore oriole. ~-dog, of sneaking shamefaced aspect. ~-man, executioner.

hang'ar (or -ngg-), n. shed for housing aeroplane, &c.

hang'er, n. person or thing that hangs (that) by which a thing hangs; short sword. ~-on, follower, dependant. **hang'ings** (-z), n.pl. drapery for walls, &c.

hang'er, n. wood on hill-side.

hang'nail, n. agnail.

hank, n. parcel or skein of thread or wool.

han'ker, v.i. crave after.

hank'y-pank'y, n. trickery.

han'som, n. two-wheeled cab.

hap, n. chance; luck; chance occurrence. v.i. happen.

haphaz'ard (-p-h-), n. mere chance. a. casual. adv. casually.

hap'less, a. unlucky.

hap'ly, adv. perhaps; by chance.

hap'pen, v.i. come to pass, fall out, occur; come by chance.

hap'py, a. lucky, fortunate; content, glad; apt, felicitous. ~-go-lucky, a. haphazard.

hara-ki'ri, n. suicide by disembowelment, happy despatch.

harangue' (-ng), n. speech to assembly; vehement address. v.t. & i. make speech (to).

har'ass, v.t. worry, trouble; attack repeatedly.

har'binger (-j-), n. one who announces another's approach; forerunner.

har'bour (-ber), n. shelter for ships; shelter. v.t. & i. come to anchor in harbour; give shelter to, entertain. ~age, n. shelter.

hard, a. firm, solid, stern, unyielding, cruel; difficult to bear or do; inclement, severe; strenuous. ~(of liquor) spirituous, strong. adv. strenuously, severely; with difficulty. n. beach or jetty for landing. ~bake, almond toffee. ~-favoured, harsh-featured. ~-headed, proof against sentimental delusions. ~-hearted, unfeeling, merciless. ~ lines, worse fortune than one deserves. ~-set, rigid, tight. ~ up, short of money.

hard'en, v.t. & i. make or grow hard, callous, or robust.

hard'hood, n. audacity.

hard'ly, adv. with difficulty; scarcely; harshly, severely.

hard'ship, n. hardness of fate; severe suffering or privation.

hard'ware, n. ironmongery.

hard'y, a. bold; robust; capable of resisting exposure.

hare, n. speedy rodent with long ears, short tail, and divided upper lip. ~ and hounds, paper chase. ~-brained, rash, wild. ~-lip, fissure of upper lip.

hare'bell, n. round-leaved bellflower; also wild hyacinth.

har'em, n. women's part of Mohammedan dwelling; its occupants.

har'icot (-ō), n. ragout, esp. of mutton. ~ bean, French bean.

hark, i. listen; (as call to hounds) go (forward, &c.). int. hark! listen! ~ back, retrace course to find scent; (fig.) revert to subject.

harl'equin, n. (in pantomime) mute character invisible to clown and pantaloon. **harlequinade'**, n. part of pantomime.

harl'ot, n. prostitute. ~ry, n.

harm, n. & v.t. damage, hurt. ~ful, a. that does harm. ~less, a. that does no harm.

harmon'ic, a. of or in harmony. n. harmonic tone. ~s, n.pl. (Acoustics) frequencies which are multiples of another frequency.

harmon'ica, -icon, nn. kinds of musical instrument.

harmo'nious, a. in concord; free from dissent; tuneful.

har'monist, n. person skilled in harmony.

harmō'nium, *n.* keyboard instrument with metal reeds.
har'monize, *v.t.* & *i.* (-zable), bring into, be in, harmony; form chords for melody. ~zation, *n.*
har'mony, *n.* agreement, concord; combination of notes to form chord; melodious sound.
har'ness, *n.* gear of draught horses, &c.; (hist.) defensive armour. *v.t.* put harness on (horse, &c.); (fig.) utilize (water fall, &c.) for motive power.
harp, *n.* musical instrument with strings played by the fingers. *v.i.* play on harp; dwell tediously on subject. ~er, ~ist, *nn.* player on harp.
harpoon', *n.* spear to strike whales, &c. *v.t.* strike with harpoon.
harp'sichord (-k-), *n.* stringed instrument with keyboard.
harp'y, *n.* monster with woman's face and bird's wings and claws; rapacious person.
har'quebus, (h)-, *n.* (hist.) portable gun supported on tripod.
ha'rridan, *n.* haggard old woman; vixen.
ha'rrier, *n.* hound used in hunting hare; (pl.) pack of hounds, hare-and-hounds club; kind of falcon.
ha'rrow (-ō), *n.* frame with iron teeth for breaking clods, &c. *v.t.* draw harrow over; distress, wound (feelings, &c.).
ha'rry, *v.t.* (-ied), ravage, spoil (land, people); harass.
harsh, *a.* severe, unfeeling; rough to the ear or taste.
hart, *n.* male of deer.
har'tal, *n.* form of boycott in India.
hart(e)beest, *n.* (S.-Afr.) kind of antelope.
harts'horn (-s-h-), *n.* substance got from hart's horn.
hart's-tongue (-tung), *n.* fern with slender undivided fronds.
ha'rum-scar'um, *a.* reckless.
har'vest, *n.* season for reaping and storing of grain, &c.; a season's yield. *v.t.* reap and gather in. **har'vester**, *n.* reaper; reaping machine.
has, see have.
hash, *v.t.* cut (meat) into small pieces and mingle. *n.* dish of hashed meat; repetition.
hăsh'ish, -eesh, *n.* top leaves and tender parts of the Indian hemp, dried for smoking or chewing in Arabia, &c.
has'let, hars'-, *n.* piece of meat for roasting, esp. pig's fry.
hasp (hah-), *n.* clasp passing over staple and secured by pin.
has'sock, *n.* kneeling-cushion.
haste, *n.* urgency of movement; hurry. *v.i.* hasten.
hā'sten (-sen), *v.t.* & *i.* proceed or go quickly; cause to hasten.
hā'sty, *a.* hurried; rash; quick tempered. ~ pudding, batter; Indian-meal mush.
hat, *n.* outdoor head-covering. ~-band, band round hat. ~-trick, (Crick.) taking three wickets by successive balls.
hatch[1], *n.* lower half of divided door; hatchway; trap-door over it. ~way, opening in deck for lowering cargo, &c.
hatch, *v.t.* & *i.* bring or come forth from egg; incubate; form (plot). *n.* hatching; brood hatched.
hatch[2], *v.t.* engrave lines on. *n.* such line.
hatch'et, *n.* light short axe.
hatch'ment, *n.* escutcheon or mortal tablet of deceased person.
hate, *v.t.* (-table), dislike strongly; bear malice to. *n.* hatred.
hate'ful (-tf-), *a.* exciting hatred.
hā'tred, *n.* active dislike, ill-will.
hatt'er, *n.* hat-maker or dealer.
hau'berk, *n.* (hist.) coat of mail.
haughty (-awt-), *a.* proud, arrogant.
haul, *v.t.* & *i.* pull or drag forcibly; turn ship's course; (of wind) shift, veer. *n.* hauling; amount gained. **haul'age**, *n.* conveyance of loads, charge for it. **haul'ier**, *n.* one who hauls, esp. (tube in coal-mine; jobbing carter.
haulm (hawm, hahm), *n.* stalks of beans, peas, potatoes, &c.
haunch (haw-, hah-), *n.* part of body between ribs and thigh; leg and loin of deer &c.

haunt, *v.t.* be persistently in or with. *n.* place of frequent resort.
hautboy, oboe (ō'bol, ō'-), *n.* high-pitched wind instrument.
hauteur (ōtėr'), *n.* haughtiness.
have (hav hav), *v.t.* & *i.* & aux. (3rd sing. pres. has pr. haz, has past & p.p. had pr. had, had), hold in possession, possess, contain; enjoy, suffer; be burdened with; (sl.) be had (cheated). *n.* (sl.) swindle, take-in.
ha'ven, *n.* harbour; refuge.
hav'ersack, *n.* soldier's canvas provision-bag.
‖ **hav'ildar**, *n.* (Anglo-Ind.) sepoy non-commissioned officer corresponding to sergeant.
hav'oc, *n.* devastation.
haw, *n.* hawthorn berry.
haw'finch, *n.* grosbeak.
hawk¹, *n.* bird of prey used in falconry; rapacious person. *v.i.* & *t.* hunt with hawk.
hawk², *v.i.* & *t.* clear the throat noisily; bring phlegm, &c. up thus.
hawk³, *v.t.* carry about for sale. **hawk'er**, *n.* itinerant dealer.
hawse (-z), *n.* part of ship's bows in which hawse-holes are cut for cables. **haw'ser** (-z- -s-), *n.* large rope, small cable, often of steel.
haw'thorn, *n.* thorny shrub bearing haws.
hay, *n.* grass mown and dried for fodder. ~-cock, conical heap of hay. ~ fever, fever due to pollen or dust. ~-loft, loft for hay in outbuilding. ~-maker, one employed in drying grass for hay. ~-stack, regular pile of hay.
haz'ard, *n.* a game at dice; chance; danger, risk; (Tennis) winning opening; (Golf) bad ground. *v.t.* expose to hazard; run the hazard of; venture on (a guess, &c.). ~-ous, *a.* risky.
haze¹, *n.* fog, mist; mental obscurity. *v.t.* make hazy.
haze² *v.t.* (Naut.) harass with overwork; *subject to horse-play.* **ha'zy**, bullying.
ha'zel, *n.* bush; reddish-brown colour. ~-nut, fruit of the hazel.
ha'zy, *a.* misty; vague.
he, pron. (obj. him, poss. his; pl. they, obj. them, poss. their), the male person or animal in question. *n.* (pl. he's) & *a.* male. ~-man, masterful or virile man.
head (hĕd), *n.* upper part of man's, anterior part of animal's body; ruler, chief, principal person, head master; thing like head in form or position; source of a stream; division in discourse, culmination. *v.t.* & *i.* lead, be foremost, direct; put oneself, or be put, at the head, get ahead of; strike (football) with head. ~-ache, pain in the head. ~-dress, covering for head. ~-master, ~-mistress, chief master, mistress, of school. ~-phone, telephone receiver attachable to listener's ears. ~-piece, helmet; (colloq.) intellect. ~-stall, part of bridle or halter fitting round head. ~-work, mental work.
head'er (hĕd-), *n.* plunge into water head first.
head'ing (hĕd-), *n.* title, &c. at head of article or page.
head'land (hĕd-), *n.* promontory.
head'long (hĕd-), *a.* rash, precipitate. *adv.* rashly, precipitately.
headquart'ers (hĕdkwôr-), *n.pl.* centre of operations; commander-in-chief's residence.
heads'man (hĕdzman), *n.* one who beheads.
head'strong (hĕd-), *a.* self-willed.
head'way (hĕd-), *n.* progress.
head'y (hĕd-), *a.* impetuous; (of liquor) apt to intoxicate.
heal, *v.t.* & *i.* restore to health; cure; become sound. ~-er, *n.*
health (hĕl-), *n.* soundness of body; condition of body; (fig.) soundness of mind. ~-ful, *a.* health-giving.
health'y (hĕl-), *a.* having, or conducive to, good health.
heap, *n.* group of things lying one on another; (colloq.) large number or amount. *v.t.* pile in a heap; load; accumulate.
hear, *v.t.* & *i.* (heard pr. hėrd), perceive with ear; listen, give

audience, to; be informed of. ~say n. gossip. ~er, n. auditor. ~ing, n.

heark'en (har-), v.i. listen to.

hearse (hers), n. car for conveying coffin.

heart (hart), n. organ of circulation; seat of the emotions or affections; soul, mind courage; central or vital part, essence (pl.) suit of playing-cards marked with hearts. ~breaking. ~broken, causing, crushed by great distress. ~burn, burning sensation in chest. ~burning, jealousy grudge. ~disease, morbid condition of the heart. ~felt, sincere. ~ of oak, timber; (fig.) brave man. ~rending, distressing. ~sick, despondent. ~strings, one's deepest affections. ~whole, not in love.

heart'en (har-), v.t. & i. inspirit, cheer.

hearth (har-), n. floor of fireplace. ~rug, rug laid before hearth. ~stone, slab forming hearth stone for whitening hearth.

heart'ily (har-), adv. in hearty manner; very.

heart'less (har-), a. unfeeling, pitiless.

heartsease (harts'ēz), n. pansy.

heart'y (har-), a. vigorous genial; sincere (of meals) copious.

heat, n. hotness hot weather, inflamed state of body warmth of feeling; anger; course at a race. v.t. & i. make or become hot; inflame. ~wave, great heat in atmosphere viewed as passing from place to place.

heat'edly adv. in irate words.

heath, n. flat waste tract of land; kinds of shrub. ~bell, flower of heath. ~cock, blackcock.

heath'en (-dh-), a. not Christian, Jewish, or Mohammedan. n. heathen person unenlightened person. ~dom, ~ism, n.; ~ish, a.

hea'ther (hĕdh-), n. kinds of shrub; heath, ling. hea'thery, a.

heave, v.t. & i. (heaved, hove, also hōve; ~able), lift, raise; utter (sigh, groan) with effort; (Naut.) haul, (colloq.) throw; pull (rope); swell, rise displace. n. heaving, displacement.

heav'en (hĕv-), n. the sky; regions above; abode of God; place of bliss. heav'enly (hĕv-), a. of heaven, divine; of the sky of divine or (colloq.) great excellence.

hea'vily (hĕv-), adv. with ponderousness; sorrowfully, dejectedly.

hea'vy (hĕv-), a. of great weight, ponderous; of great specific gravity; abundant; striking or falling with force, hard to digest, (of ground) difficult to travel over; dull, tedious, oppressive, sad. ~weight, boxing weight, over 11 st. 7 lb.

hebdom'adal, a. weekly.

He'be, n. goddess of youth (joc.) waitress, barmaid.

He'braism, n. Hebrew idiom. ~ist, n. Hebrew scholar, adherent of Hebrew religion, &c.

hec'atomb (-ōm, -ōōm), n. great public sacrifice.

hec'kle, v.t. catechize (esp. candidate) severely. n. = hackle.

hec'tic, a. consumptive (of) excited, wild. n. hectic fever.

hec'togramme, n. weight of 100 grammes.

hec'tograph (-grahf, -ăf), apparatus for multiplying copies.

hec'tolitre (-lēter), 100 litres.

hec'tometre (-ter), 100 metres.

hec'tor, v.t. & i. bluster bully.

hedge, n. fence of bushes or low trees; barrier of turf, stone, &c. v.t. & i. surround with hedge make or trim hedges; secure oneself against loss avoid committing oneself. ~row (-ō), bushes forming hedge.

hedg'er, n. one who makes hedges.

hedge'hog, n. kinds of spiny animal; (U.S. & Canada) porcupine.

hedge'sparrow (-ō) n. a songbird.

hedon'ic, a. of pleasure.

he'donism, n. doctrine that pleasure is the chief good. ~ist, n. ~istic, a.

heed, v.t. attend to, take notice of. n. care, attention. ~ful a. ~less, a. neglectful, inattentive.

heel, n. hinder part of human foot; quadruped's hind foot; (usu.) hinder part of hoof; part of sock, &c. that covers, or of boot, &c. that supports, the heel. v.t. & i. furnish with heel; (p.p. sl.) supplied with money; (Footb.) heel out, pass ball out at back of scrummage with heel. ~ball, shoemaker's polishing mixture of wax, &c. ~tap, liquor left at bottom of glass.

heel, v.i. & t. (of ship) lean to one side; make heel. n. heeling.

*heel'er, n. hanger-on of political boss.

heft, n. weight. v.t. lift, esp. to judge weight. hef'ty, a. sturdy, stalwart; *heavy.

hegemon'ic (-g-), a. supreme.

hegem'ony (-g-), n. leadership.

hej'ira, -ra, n. Mohammedan era, dating from A.D. 622.

heif'er (hĕf-), n. young cow that has not had calf.

heigh (hā), int. expr. encouragement or inquiry. ~ho, expr. boredom, languor, &c.

height (hīt), n. measure from base to top; elevation above ground or sea level; high point; top; utmost degree.

height'en (hīt-), v.t. raise higher; intensify; exaggerate.

hei'nous (hā-), a. atrocious.

heir (ār), n. person entitled to property or rank as legal representative of former holder. ~ apparent, presumptive, whose claim cannot, may, be superseded by birth of nearer heir. ~ess, n. ~loom, piece of property that has been in family for generations.

hel'ical, a. spiral.

hel'icopter, n. flying-machine with horizontal air-screws.

hel'iograph, n. signalling apparatus reflecting sunlight. v.t. send message by this.

heliom'eter, n. instrument for finding distance between stars.

hel'ioscope, n. apparatus for observing the sun.

hel'iotrope (or hē'l-), n. plant with small clustered purple flowers; colour or scent of these.

heliotrop'ic, a. (of plant) turning under influence of light.

hel'ium, n. a gas, first inferred in sun's atmosphere.

hel'ix (or hē'l-), n. (pl. -ices), spiral; rim of ear; snail-shell.

hell, n. abode of the dead or of the damned; state of misery; gaming-house.

hell'ebore, n. kinds of plant, including Christmas Rose.

Hell'ene, n. ancient Greek of genuine Greek race; modern Greek subject. **Hellen'ic**, a. **Hell'enism**, n. Greek idiom; Grecian culture. ~ist, n. non-Greek who used Greek language.

hell'ish, a. like or fit for hell.

hello, int. hallo.

helm, n. tiller or wheel for managing rudder; the steerage; guidance. ~s'man, steersman.

helm, n. (archaic) helmet.

hel'met, n. defensive head-cover; upper part of retort.

hel'ot, n. Spartan slave; serf.

help, v.t. (helped, arch. past holp, p.p. holpen), aid, assist, remedy, prevent, avoid. n. aid; *domestic servant; remedy; helper.

help'ful, a. useful, serviceable.

help'ing, n. portion of food.

help'less, a. unable to help oneself; without help.

help'mate, ~meet, nn. helpful companion, esp. husband or wife.

hel'ter-skel'ter, adv. in disordered haste.

helve, n. handle of a tool.

Helve'tian (-shn), n. & a. Swiss.

hem, n. edge of a garment turned down and sewed. v.t. sew edge thus; enclose, confine. ~stitch, an ornamental stitch.

hem, int. expr. hesitation or calling attention.

hem'isphere, n. half sphere; half the celestial sphere; half the earth. **hemispher'ical**, a.

hem'istich (-k), n. half line of verse.

hĕm'lŏck, n. a poisonous plant; poison, sedative, got from it.

hĕmp, n. herbaceous plant with fibre used for rope, &c. ~en, a.

hĕn, n. female of birds, esp. of the common domestic fowl. ~-harrier, kind of hawk. ~pecked, domineered over by one's wife.

hĕn'bāne, n. narcotic and poisonous plant; drug from this.

hĕnce, adv. from here; from now; as result of or inference from this. ~forth, ~forward, from this time forward.

hĕnch'man, n. (hist.) squire, page; follower; political supporter.

hĕndĕc'agon, n. a plane figure of eleven sides or angles. ~al, a.

hĕndĕcasyll'able, n. verse or line of eleven syllables. ~bic, a.

hĕndī'adys, n. expression of complex idea by two words coupled with and.

hĕnn'a, n. Egyptian privet; dye made from it.

hĕn'ry, n. unit of inductance.

hĕpăt'ic, a. of the liver.

hĕp'tad, n. set or group of seven.

hĕp'tagon, n. plane rectilineal figure of seven sides. ~al, a.

hĕptahēd'ron (-ō-hē-), n. solid of seven faces.

hĕp'tarchy (-k-), n. period of many co-existing kingdoms of Angles and Saxons in Britain.

hĕptasyll'able, n. verse of seven syllables. hĕptasyllăb'ic, a.

hĕp'tateuch (-tūk), n. first seven books of the Bible.

hėr, pron., objective case of she; also poss. adj. of she, with abs. and pred. form hers.

hĕ'rald, n. officer who made State proclamations, regulated armorial bearings, &c.; messenger; forerunner. v.t. proclaim approach of; usher in. hĕrăl'dic, a., of heraldry. ~ry, n. science of heraldic bearings.

hėrb, n. plant whose stem is soft and dies down to the ground after flowering; plant whose leaves, &c., are used for food, medicine, &c. ~ă'ceous, a. of or like herbs.

hėrb'age, n. herbs; pasturage.

hėrb'al, a. of herbs. n. book about herbs. ~ist, n. writer on herbs; dealer in medicinal herbs.

hėrbār'ium, n. collection of dried herbs.

hėrbĭv'orous, a. herb-eating.

hėrcūlē'an, a. strong as Hercules; (of task) of great difficulty.

hėrd, n. number of cattle feeding or travelling together; (contemptuously) the common people; herdsman. v.i. & t. go in a herd; tend; drive or crowd. ~sman, keeper of herds.

hēre, adv. in, or to, this place; at this point. n. this place or point. ~about(s), somewhere near here. ~after, in the future, in the next world. ~at, at this. ~by, by this means. ~in, in this book, place, &c. ~inafter, below (in document). ~of, of this. ~to, to this. ~tofore, formerly. ~upon, after or in consequence of this. ~with, with this.

hĕrĕd'itable, a. that can be inherited. ~bility, n.

hĕrĕdĭt'ament (or hĕrĭdĭt'-), n. heritable property; inheritance.

hĕrĕd'itary, a. descending by inheritance; transmitted from one generation to another.

hĕrĕd'ity, n. tendency of like to beget like.

hĕ'resy, n. opinion contrary to accepted doctrine.

hĕ'retic, n. holder of a heresy. hĕrĕt'ical, a.

hĕ'riot, n. payment in money or kind to lord on tenant's decease.

hĕ'ritable, a. that can be inherited or inherit.

hĕ'ritage, n. what is or may be inherited; one's portion or lot.

hėrmăphrŏd'ite, n. person, animal, or plant with characteristics of both sexes. ~it'ic, a.; ~tism, n.

hėrmĕt'ic, a. of alchemy. ~ seal, air-tight closure by fusion, &c. ~ally, adv. so as to be air-tight.

hėrm'it, n. person living in solitude. ~age, hermit's abode.

hėrn'ia, n. rupture.

hē'rō, n. demigod; man admired

for great or noble deeds; chief man in poem, play or story.
herō'ic, a. of, fit for, worthy of, or having qualities of a hero; (of verse) dealing with heroes. n. heroic verse; (pl.) high-flown language.
hĕr'ōin, n. a morphia preparation.
hĕ'roine, n. female hero.
hĕ'roism, n. heroic conduct.
hĕ'ron, n. a long-legged wading bird. hĕ'ronry n. place where herons breed.
her'pes (-z), n. a skin disease.
hĕr'ring, n. North-Atlantic fish used for food. hĕ'rringbone, n. stitch suggesting bones of herring; v.i. work in herringbone.
herself' pron., emphat. & reflexive form of she, her.
hertz, n. (Electr.) frequency of one cycle per second. Hertz'ian (ĕrts-) telegraphy wireless telegraphy. ~ waves, electro-magnetic waves.
hĕs'itancy (-z-), n. hesitation.
hĕs'itant (-z-), a. hesitating.
hĕs'itate (-z-), v.i. feel or show indecision; scruple. ~tion, n.
Hespĕr'ian, a. western.
Hĕs'perus, n. evening star.
Hĕ'ssian (-shn) a. of Hesse. n. a coarse cloth. Hessian boot, ~ boot, high boot first worn by Hessian troops. ~ fly, fly whose larva destroys wheat.
hĕtaer'ism (-tēr-), n. open concubinage; tribal communal marriage.
hĕt'erodox, a. not orthodox. ~y, n.
hĕt'erodyne, ~dyne, n. (in wireless reception) pulsation due to simultaneous sounding of waves that are nearly of same length.
hĕterogē'neous, a. diverse; composed of diverse elements.
hĕterogĕn'esis, n. birth other than from parent of same kind; spontaneous generation.
hĕt'man, n. Polish commander.
hew v.t. & i. chop, cut, with axe, sword, &c.; cut into shape; cut coal from seam. hew'er, n.
hĕx'ad, n. set or group of six.
hĕx'agon, n. figure having six sides. hexăg'onal, a.
hĕxahĕd'ron (-a-h-), n. figure having six faces. ~hĕd'ral, a.
hexăm'eter, n. line of six metrical feet. hexamĕt'ric(al), aa.
hey'day n. bloom, prime.
hi, int. calling attention.
hiā'tus, n. (pl. -uses), gap in series; break between two vowels.
hī'bernate, v.i. spend winter (of animals) in torpor or (of person) in mild climate. ~tion, n.
Hibĕr'nian, a. & n. Irish(man).
hicc'up, n. spasm of respiratory organs. v.i. & t. make hiccup; utter words with hiccup.
hic jă'cet, n. epitaph.
hick (U.S.), n. farmer, provincial.
hick'ory, n. N.-Amer. tree allied to walnut; its wood.
hid, hidden. See hide²
hidăl'go, n. (pl. -os), Spanish gentleman.
hide¹ n. animal's skin, raw or dressed; (joc.) person's skin. ~bound, (of cattle) with skin clinging close; narrow-minded.
hide², v.t. & i. (past hid, p.p. hidden and hid (-didn), put or keep (thing) out of sight; conceal oneself. conceal fact.
hide³ n. measure of land.
hid'eous, a. repulsive, revolting.
hī'ding, n. a thrashing.
hie, v.i. & refl. (poet.) go quickly
hī'erarch (-k), n. chief priest.
hī'erarchy (-k-), n. each of three divisions of angels; graded priesthood or other organization.
hieratic, a. of the priests (esp. of ancient Egyptian writing).
hī'eroglyph, n. figure of an object standing for word or sound in ancient Egyptian writing. hieroglyph'ic, a. & n.pl.
hig'gle, i. dispute about terms.
hig'gledy-pig'gledy (-gld-), adv. & a. in utter confusion.
high (hī) a. of great or specified upward extent; of exalted rank or superior quality; (of meat) slightly tainted (of sound) acute in pitch; (temperature) exorbitant in price. n. superior region, high place, elevation. adv. far up aloft; in or to high

degree, at high rate. *~-ball, whisky and soda in tall glass. ~-boy, tallboy. ~-brow, person of superior intellectual views. ~ Church, party giving high place to authority of priesthood, &c. ~-flown, extravagant, bombastic. ~-handed, overbearing. ~ jump, athletic contest in clearing greatest height. ~-minded, morally elevated; proud. ~ road, main road. ~ school, usu. the chief public school in a town providing a secondary education; *public school above elementary grammar school. ~ seas, beyond 3-mile limit. ~-spirited, of courageous spirit. ~-strung, very sensitive. ~-toned, lofty, noble. ~ water, high tide.

High'lander (hi-), n. inhabitant of the Scottish highlands.

high'lands (hi-), n. mountainous country, esp. of N. Scotland.

high'ly (hi-) adv. in a high degree, at a high rate.

high'ness (hin-), n. title of princes; elevation above the surface.

high'way (hi-), n. public road, main route. ~man, man who robs on the highway.

*hi'jacker, n. (sl.) armed bandit who preys on bootleggers.

hike v. & v.i. walk, tramp.

hilar'ious, a. cheerful, merry.

hilar'ity, n. merriment.

hill, n. small mountain; heap, mound. hill'y, a.

hill'ock, n. small hill; mound.

hilt, n. handle of sword or dagger.

him, pron. objective (& colloq. subjective) case of he.

himself', pron. emphatic & reflex. form of he.

hind[1] n. female of red deer.

hind[2] n. farm worker; rustic.

hind[3], hind'er[1] aa. at the back, posterior. hind'most, a.

hind'er[2], v.t. impede; prevent.

Hindi' (-di), a. of N. India. n. Hindi vernacular language.

hin'drance, n. obstruction.

Hindu ~doo (-doo; also hi'-), a. Indian. n. one who professes Hinduism. ~ism, n. polytheistic religion of Hindus.

Hindusta'ni (-dustahni), a. of Hindustan. n. Hindu, Mohammedan, of N. India; language of Hindustan, Urdu.

hing, n. the drug asafoetida.

hinge (-j), n. movable joint like that by which door is hung on post. v.t. & i. (-geable), attach with hinges; (fig.) turn.

hinn'y, n. offspring of she-ass by a stallion.

hint, n. covert suggestion; slight indication. v.t. & i. suggest covertly.

hin'terland (-ahnd), n. district behind coast or river's banks.

hip[1] n. projection of pelvis and upper part of thigh-bone.

hip[2] n. fruit of wild rose.

hip[3] n. morbid depression. v.t. depress.

hip[4] int. used in cheering.

hippocam'pus, n. (pl. -pi), kinds of small fish; sea-horse.

hipp'ocras, n. spiced wine.

hipp'odrome, n. course for chariot races, &c.; circus.

hipp'ogriff, ~gryph, n. griffin-like creature with horse's body.

hippopot'amus, n. (pl. -muses, -mi) African river-horse.

hire, n. payment for use of thing, labour, &c. v.t. (-rable), employ, procure, on hire. ~ling, n. (contempt.) one who works for hire.

hirs'ute, a. hairy.

his (hiz), possessive adj. of he.

hiss, n. sharp sound of s as sign of disapproval. v.i. & t. make hiss, express disapproval thus.

hist, int. used to call attention.

histol'ogy n. science of organic tissues.

histor'ian, n. writer of history.

histor'ic, a. noted in history.

histor'ical, a. pertaining to history; belonging to the past. historic'ity n. being historical, not legendary.

historiog'rapher, -phy nn. writer, writing, of history, esp. of official kind.

his'tory n. methodical record of

public events; past events, study of these; eventful career.
histrion'ic, a. of acting, stagy. n.pl. theatricals; stagy language; pretence.
hit, v.t. & i. strike with blow or missile; aim blow; light upon, find; suit. (sl.) arrive at. n. blow; stroke of satire; success.
hitch, v.t. & i. move with jerk; fasten with loop, &c.; become so fastened. n. jerk; (Naut.) kinds of noose or half knot; impediment.
hith'er (-dh-), adv. to this place. a. situated on this end.
hitherto' (-oo), adv. up to now.
hive, n. artificial home for bees; busy swarming place. v.t. & i. (-vable) place in hive; house.
hives (-vz) n.pl. skin eruption; inflammation of bowels, larynx, &c.
hoar (hôr), a. grey with age; white. n. hoar-frost. ~-frost, white frost.
hoard (hôrd), n. stock, store. v.t. & i. amass or keep in hoard; husband privily; treasure up.
hoard'ing (hôr-), n. high board fence round building, &c.
hoarse (hôrs), a. (of voice) rough, husky; having hoarse voice.
hoar'y (hôr'-), a. white or grey with age; venerable.
hoax, v.t. deceive by way of joke. n. such deception.
hob, n. flat iron shelf at side of grate. ~-nail, heavy-headed nail for boot-sole.
hob'ble, v.i. & t. walk lamely; limp; (also hopple) tie horse's legs together to keep it from straying. n. limping gait; awkward situation.
hob'bledehoy (-beld-), n. awkward youth. ~-hood, n.
hobb'y[1], n. favourite pursuit outside one's main occupation. ~-horse, wicker horse for morris-dance, &c.; rocking-horse.
hobb'y[2], n. a small falcon.
hob'goblin, n. elf; bogy.
hob'-nob, v.i. drink together; hold familiar intercourse with.
ho'bo, n. (pl. -os), wandering workman or tramp.
hock[1], See hough.
hock[2], n. kinds of white wine.
hock[3], (sl.) v.t. pawn, pledge.
hock'ey, n. game with ball and curved sticks between goals.
ho'cus, v.t. hoax; drug.
ho'cus-po'cus, n. jugglery.
hod, n. trough on staff for carrying mortar &c. ~-man, labourer carrying hod.
hodd'en, n. coarse woollen cloth.
Hodge, n. English farm-labourer.
hodge-podge, See hotch-potch.
hoe, n. tool for cutting up weeds, &c. v.t. loosen ground, remove weeds, with hoe.
hog, n. swine, esp. castrated boar; young sheep before shearing; greedy person. v.t. & i. raise (back, &c.), rise, archwise in centre; cut short. ~-back, sharply crested hill ridge. ~-deer, (Anglo-Ind.) animal running with its head low resembling a hog. ~-fish, fish with bristles on head. ~-gum, kind of gum or resin obtained from various trees in the W. Indies, &c. ~-like, greedy. ~-mane, horse's mane clipped short. ~-plum, fruit of species of Spondias, a common food for hogs in the West Indies, &c. ~'s pudding, hog's entrail variously stuffed. ~-sty, piggery. ~-wash, swill given to pigs. hogg'ish, a. greedy.
hogg'et (-g-), n. yearling sheep.
hog'manay (-mā), n. (Sc.) last day of year; gift of cake, &c. demanded by children on that day.
hogs'head (-hĕd), n. large cask; a measure (52½ gallons).
hoick, v.t. & i. force aeroplane to turn abruptly upward.
hoist, v.t. raise aloft; raise with tackle, &c. n. hoisting; elevator, lift.
hoi'ty-toi'ty, a. haughty. int. expressing surprise at person's airs, &c.
ho'key-po'key, n. cheap ice-cream.

hold[1] v.t. & i. (*held*) p.p. in formal reports *holden*), keep fast, grasp possess contain, have room for; observe, celebrate restrain think, believe. n. grasp means of holding; place of custody fortified place. ~fast, clamp securing thing to wall, &c. ~ hard! (colloq.) stop! wait. ~-up, (sl.) assault on traveller, &c. for purpose of robbery.

hold[2] n. cavity below deck for cargo.

hō'lder, n. one who holds any thing tenant possessor for the time; device for holding.

hō'lding, n. tenure of land land or stocks, &c. held.

hōle, n. hollow place, gap cavity into which ball must be got in some games, (Golf) point scored by doing this in fewest strokes; (colloq.) wretched place; dilemma, fix. v.t. & i. make holes in, drive golf-ball into hole.

hŏl'iday (-dĭ), n. day of cessation from work or of recreation (pl.) period of this.

hŏl'land, n. fine linen fabric made in Holland.

hŏl'lands (-z), n. spirit made in Holland, kind of gin.

hŏl'lo, hollo' (-ō), v.i. & t. shout, call out call to hounds. n. shout, cry.

hŏl'low (-ō), a. having a hole; empty (fig.) false, unreal. n. hollow place; hole; valley adv. completely v.t. make a hollow in.

hŏl'ly n. evergreen shrub with red berries.

hŏl'lyhock, n. tall plant with large showy flowers.

holm[1] (hōm), n. islet, esp. in river flat ground by river

holm[2] (hōm), n. (usu. holm-oak), evergreen oak, ilex.

hŏl'ocaust, n. whole burnt-offering; (fig.) wholesale sacrifice or destruction.

hŏl'ograph (-ahf), n. document wholly in handwriting of person in whose name it appears.

hŏl'ster n. leather pistol-case

hōlt, n. copse; wooded hill.

hō'ly, a. belonging or devoted to God; of high moral or spiritual excellence. ~ day day of some ecclesiastical festival. ~ Ghost, ~ Spirit, third person of the Godhead. ~ Thursday, Ascension Day ~-water, water blessed by priest. ~ Week w before Easter week. ~ Writ, the Bible.

hō'lystone, n. sandstone for scouring. v.t. scour with holystone.

hŏm'age, n. formal acknowledgement of allegiance (fig.) tribute paid to person or merit.

hōme, n. dwelling-place, residence native land institution; (in games) goal. a. pertaining to home, not foreign. adv. to or at one's home; to the point aimed at. v.i. (of pigeon) make way home. ~-sick, depressed by absence from home. ~spun, a. & n. cloth of homespun yarn. ~stead, house with outbuildings; farm.

hōme'ly (-ml-), a. plain; unpretending not beautiful.

Homē'ric, a. of or in the style of Homer; heroic.

hōme'ward(s) (-mw-, -z), a. & adv. towards home or one's native land.

hŏm'icide, n. killing, killer, of human being. homici'dal, a.

homilĕt'ic, a. of homilies. ~s, n.pl. art of preaching.

hŏm'ily, n. sermon; discourse.

hŏm'iny n. ground maize boiled in water or milk.

hō'moeopath, -ist (-mĭ-), nn. one who practises homoeopathy

hōmoeopăth'ic (-mĭ-), a. of homoeopathy

hōmoeŏp'athy (-mĭ-), n. treatment of disease by drugs that in healthy persons would produce symptoms like those of the disease.

hōmogenē'ity n. uniformity

hōmogē'neous, a. of the same kind or nature; uniform.

homŏl'ogāte, v.t. admit, confirm (statement). ~tion, n.

homŏl'ogous a. having the same relation or value; corresponding.

hŏm'ologue (-ŏg), n. homologous thing. homŏl'ogy n. homologous relation.
hŏm'onym, n. word of same form as another but different sense (e.g. pole). homŏn'ymous, a.
hŏm'ophone, n. one of two or more words sounding alike.
hŏmosĕx'ual, a. with sexual propensity for one's own sex.
hōne, n. whetstone, esp. for razor. v.t. whet on hone.
hŏn'est (ŏ-), a. upright; not cheating or stealing; chaste.
hŏn'esty (ŏ-), n. uprightness; plant with purple flowers.
hŏ'ney (hŭ-), n. (pl. -eys), sweet fluid collected from flowers by bees, &c.; sweetness. ~comb, n. bees' wax structure of hexagonal cells for honey and eggs; v.t. fill with cavities, mark with honeycomb pattern. ~moon, holiday of newly married couple. ~suckle, climbing shrub with yellow fragrant flowers; woodbine. honeyed, -ied (hŭn'ĭd), a. sweet.
honorār'ium (hŏ-, ŏ-), n. (pl. -ums, -a), (voluntary) fee esp. for professional services.
hŏn'orary (ŏ-), a. conferred by way of honour; unpaid.
hŏnorĭf'ic, a. implying respect.
hŏn'our (ŏ-), n. glory, high reputation; chastity; mark of respect; (pl.) distinction for proficiency in examination, &c. v.t. respect highly; confer honour on; accept or pay bill when due.
hŏn'ourable (ŏner-), a. deserving or bringing honour; generous, not base; applied as an official or courtesy title of honour or distinction.
hŏŏd, n. covering for head and neck; badge worn over gown to show university degree; hood-shaped thing. v.t. cover with ~.
*hood'lum, n. (sl.) a rowdy.
*hoo'doo, n. bad luck. v.t. bring bad luck to.
hŏŏd'wink, v.t. deceive, humbug.
hōōf, n. (pl. fs, -ves), horny casing of foot in horse, &c.; (joc.) human foot. v.t. strike with hoof; (sl.) kick.
hŏŏk, n. bent piece of wire, &c. for catching hold or for hanging things on; curved cutting instrument. v.t. & i. grasp, secure, fasten; catch with hook; (Golf) drive ball far to left; (Crick.) play ball round from off to on without hitting it at pitch. ~ and eye, small hook with loop as dress fastener.
hŏŏk'ah (-a), n. smoking pipe with long flexible tube.
hŏŏk'er, n. kinds of small Dutch and Irish sailing-ship.
‖ hō'lī, hŏŏ'lī (-lē), n. Hindu festival in honour of Krishna and the milkmaids.
hoo'ligan, n. one of a gang of street roughs.
hoo'lŏck, n. the black gibbon, native of Assam.
hōōp¹, n. band of metal for binding cask, &c.; wooden or iron circle trundled by child; iron arch used in croquet. v.t. bind with hoop.
hōōp², n. sound heard in hooping-cough. hooping-cough, disease with convulsive cough.
hōō'poe (-ōō), n. bird with gay plumage and erectile crest.
*Hoo'sier (-zher), n. & a. (native) of Indiana.
hōōt, v.i. & t. make loud sounds, esp. of disapproval; utter cry (of owls); whistle, motor-car sound. n. sound of derision, &c.; owl's cry. hoot'er, n. siren, whistle.
*hootch, n. (sl.) strong drink.
hŏp¹, n. plant with bitter cones used to flavour beer, &c.; (pl.) these cones. v.t. & i. bear, gather, hops; flavour with hops.
hŏp², v.i. & t. spring on one foot; jump. n. hopping; (sl.) a dance. ~scotch, child's game of hopping over lines (scotches).
hōpe, n. expectation and desire; trust. v.t. & i. expect and desire; feel hope. ~ful, a. feeling hope; promising. ~less, a.
hŏp'per, n. person, &c. that hops; device for feeding grain into mill or similar purpose.

hŏpp'er², n. hop-picker.
hŏpp'er³, n. (Anglo-Ind.) kind of cake, usually of rice-flour.
hopple. See hobble.
‖ **hŏpp'ō**, n. (in China) board of revenue or customs.
hōrde, n. troop of Tartars or other nomads; gang, troop.
hore'hound (hôr-), n. herb with bitter juice used for coughs.
horī'zon, n. line at which earth and sky appear to meet; boundary of mental outlook, &c.
hŏrizŏn'tal, a. parallel to plane of horizon; of or at the horizon. n. horizontal line, bar, &c.
hor'mōne, n. (Physiol.) kinds of internal secretion that pass into the blood and stimulate organs to action.
hôrn, n. excrescence, often curved and pointed, on head of cattle, &c., horn-like projection, deer-antler; instrument or vessel made of horn; wind instrument. v.t. furnish with horns. ~beam, a hedgerow tree. ~bill, bird with horn-like excrescence on bill. ~book, child's alphabet, &c., on framed paper covered with thin horn. ~ in, (sl.) butt in, intrude.
hôrn'blende, n. a constituent of granite, &c.
hôrn'et, n. large species of wasp.
hôrn'pipe, n. lively dance esp. associated with sailors.
hôrn'y, a. of or like horn; hard.
hŏ'rologe (-ŏj), n. timepiece, clock.
horŏl'ogy, n. clock-making.
hŏ'roscope, n. configuration of the heavens at certain moment, esp. one's birth. horoscop'ical, a.; horŏs'copy, n.
hŏ'rrible, a. exciting horror, hideous, shocking; unpleasant.
hŏ'rrid, a. horrible, unpleasing.
horrĭf'ic, a. horrifying.
hŏ'rrify, v.t. (-fiable), excite horror in; shock.
hŏ'rror, n. terrified shuddering; terror; intense dislike or fear.
‖ **hors de combat** (ôrdekawm'bah), disabled.
‖ **hors-d'œuvre** (ôrdûr'vr), n. extra dish as relish.

hôrse, n. solid-hoofed quadruped, used as beast of burden and draught; (collect.) cavalry; gymnastic vaulting-horse; frame for supporting things. v.t. provide with horse; carry (person) on one's back. ~ artillery, of mounted gunners. ~-box, stall for taking horses by rail or slinging horse into ship. ~-breaker, one who trains or breaks in horses. ~-chestnut, tree with conical clusters of white or pink flowers; its fruit. ~-cloth, for covering horses. ~-coper, horse-dealer. ~ Guards, cavalry brigade of English Household troops. ~-hair, from mane or tail of horse. ~-leech, a large kind of leech; insatiable person. ~-play, boisterous play. ~-power, 550 foot-pounds per second. ~-race, race between mounted horses. ~-radish, plant with pungent root. ~-sense, (colloq.) strong common sense. ~-shoe, iron shoe for horse. ~-whip, whip for horse; v.t. chastise (person) with this.
hôrse'man (-an), n. rider on horseback. ~ship, skill in riding.
hôrse'woman (-wŏŏ-), n. woman who rides horse.
hôrs'y, a. affecting dress, &c. of groom or jockey.
hôr'tative, a. of exhortation.
hôr'tatory, a. exhorting.
hôr'ticulture, n. art of gardening. horticŭl'tural, a. ~rist, n.
hōsan'na (-za-), n. cry of adoration.
hōse (hōz), n. stockings; flexible tube for watering plants, &c. ~-tops, footless stockings.
hō'sier (-zher), n. dealer in hose, &c. hō'siery, n. such goods.
hŏs'pice, n. travellers' house of rest kept by religious order, &c.; home for the destitute or sick.
hŏs'pitable, a. given to hospitality.
hŏs'pital, n. institution for care of the sick; charitable institution.
hospităl'ity, n. friendly reception of guests or strangers.
hŏs'pitaller, n. member of charitable order; chaplain in hospital.
hōst¹, n. large number; army

hōst¹, n. one who entertains another; landlord of an inn; animal having parasite. **hō'stess**, n.

hōst², n. bread, wafer consecrated in the Eucharist.

hŏs'tage, n. person or thing given as pledge.

hŏs'tel, n. house of residence for students, &c.

hŏs'telry, n. an inn.

hŏs'tīle, a. of an enemy; opposed. **hŏstĭl'ity**, n. enmity; warfare; (pl.) hostile proceedings.

hostler. See ostler.

hŏt, a. of high temperature, very warm; giving or feeling heat; pungent; ardent; excited. n.t. heat (colloq.). **hot**, v.t. —**air** (sl.), excited or boastful talk. —**bed**, bed of earth heated by fermenting manure; place that promotes growth. —**foot**, in hot haste. —**head**, hasty person. —**house**, building for forcing growing plants.

Hŏtch'kiss, n. kind of machine gun. P.

hŏtch'pŏtch, -**pŏt**, n. dish of many ingredients; medley.

hōtĕl', n. house for travellers; large inn.

Hŏt'tentŏt, n. one of a S. Afr. race formerly occupying a region near the Cape.

hough (hŏk), **hock**, n. joint of hind leg between true knee and fetlock. v.t. hamstring.

hound, n. dog for the chase; runner following scent in paper chase; despicable man. v.t. chase, pursue; urge on.

hour (owr), n. 60 minutes; (pl.) fixed time for work, &c.; short (esp. present) time. —**glass**, sand-glass running an hour.

houri (hoor'ĭ, howr'ĭ), n. nymph of Mohammedan paradise.

hour'ly (owr-), adv. every hour.

house, n. (pl. pron. -zĭz), building for habitation or for some specified purpose; an assembly; business firm, &c.; theatre or its audience; family. —**boat**, kind of barge fitted up for living in. —**breaker**, burglar. —**hold**, inmates of house. —**holder**, one who occupies house as his own dwelling. —**keeper**, woman managing affairs of house. —**leek**, pink-flowered plant on walls and roofs. —**maid**, maid-servant in charge of room-cleaning, &c. —**master**, keeper of school boarding-house. —**physician**, —**surgeon**, resident doctor of hospital or institution. —**warming**, party &c. celebrating entry into new house. —**wife**, mistress of house; (with sound, bad, &c.) domestic manager; (pr. huz'ĭf) case for sewing requisites.

hous'ing (-z-), n. horse-cloth.

hove, p.t. of heave.

hŏv'el (or hŭ-), n. shed, outhouse; mean dwelling.

hŏv'er (or hŭ-), v.i. (of bird, &c.) hang in the air; loiter about.

how, adv. in what way; by what means; to what extent. n. the way a thing is done. —**bē'it**, adv. nevertheless. —**ever**, adv. nevertheless; in or to whatever way or degree. —**soever**, adv. in or to whatever manner or degree.

howd'ah (-a), n. seat, usu. with canopy, on elephant's back.

how'itzer, n. short gun firing shell at high elevation.

howl, v.i. & t. (of animal) utter long loud cry; (of person) utter long cry of pain, derision, &c.; utter words thus. n. such cry.

howl'er, n. glaring blunder.

hoy¹, n. small coasting vessel, usu. rigged as sloop.

hoy², int. used to call attention.

hoy'den, n. boisterous girl.

hŭb, n. central part of wheel, from which spokes radiate.

hŭb'ble-bŭb'ble, n. (Anglo-Ind.) form of hookah.

hŭbb'ŭb, n. din; tumult.

hŭck'abăck, n. rough linen fabric for towels, &c.

hŭc'kleberry (-kelb-), n. kind of shrub common in N. Amer.

hŭc'kle-bōne (-kelb-), n. hip or haunch bone; knuckle-bone.

hŭck'ster, n. hawker; mercenary person. v.i. & t. haggle; hawk.

hŭd′dle, *v.t.* & *i.* heap, crowd, or nestle promiscuously. *n.* confused heap, &c., confusion.

hūe[1] *n.* colour, tint.

hūe[2] *n.* In phr. *hue and cry*, proclamation for capture of criminal; clamour of pursuit, outcry.

hŭff, *v.t.* & *i.* bully, offend; take offence; (Draughts) remove opponent's man as forfeit. *n.* fit of petulance; (Draughts) huffing. ~ish, *a.* hŭff′y *a.* offended, apt to take offence.

hŭg, *v.t.* squeeze in one's arms; keep close to (shore, &c.); cling to. *n.* clasp, wrestling grip.

hūge, *a.* very large. hūge′ly (-jli) *adv.* very much.

hŭgg′er-mŭgg′er (-g-), *n.* secrecy, confusion. *a.* secret; confused.

hū′guenot (-ge-), *n.* (hist.) French Protestant.

hŭlk, *n.* body of dismantled ship; unwieldy vessel; big person or mass. ~ing, *a.* big, clumsy.

hŭll[1] *n.* outer covering or pod of beans, &c. *v.t.* remove hull of.

hŭll[2], *n.* frame of ship.

hullabaloo′ *n.* uproar.

hullō′ *int.* of surprise, &c.

hŭm, *v.i.* & *t.* murmur continuously like bee or top; sing with closed lips. *n.* humming sound. *int.* expr. doubt, &c.

hū′man, *a.* having the qualities of a man; belonging to the human race. ~kind, *n.* mankind.

humane′ *a.* benevolent, compassionate; (of studies) refined.

hū′manism, *n.* devotion to human interests; literary culture. ~ist, *n.* student of human affairs; classical scholar.

humănitār′ian, *n.* one who rejects the supernatural and concerns himself chiefly with man's welfare, philanthropist. *a.* of or holding the views of humanitarians. ~ism, *n.*

humăn′ity *n.* human nature or (pl.) qualities; the human race; humaneness; (pl.) polite scholarship; (Sc.) study of Latin.

hū′manize, *v.t.* & *i.* (-zable), make or become human or humane.

hŭm′ble, *a.* having or showing low estimate of one's importance; lowly, modest. *v.t.* abase, lower.

hŭm′ble-bee (-bel-) *n.* bumble-bee.

hŭm′bug, *n.* sham, deception; impostor. *v.t.* delude, cheat.

hŭm′drum, *a.* dull, commonplace.

hū′meral, *a.* of the shoulder.

hū′merus, *n.* bone of upper arm.

hū′mid, *a.* damp. humĭd′ity *n.*

humĭl′iate, *v.t.* (-iable), humble, abase, mortify. ~tion, ~tor, *nn.*

humĭl′ity *n.* humbleness, meekness.

hŭmm′ock, *n.* hillock.

hū′moral, *a.* of the humours.

hū′morist, *n.* facetious talker, writer, &c. hū′morous, *a.* full of humour; funny.

hū′mour (-mer; *also* ū-), *n.* state of mind, mood, inclination; facetiousness, comicality, jocose imagination; (Med.) fluid of the body. *v.t.* gratify, indulge.

hŭmp, *n.* normal or other protuberance, esp. on the back; (sl.) depression. *v.t.* & *i.* make hump-shaped; (sl.) exert (oneself), hurry. ~back, (person having) back with hump. ~backed, *a.*

hū′mus, *n.* vegetable mould.

hŭnch, *n.* hump, thick piece; (sl.) intuitive apprehension, suspicion. *v.t.* bend convexly, form hump. ~back, humpback.

hŭn′dred, *n.* ten times ten (100, C); subdivision of a county. ~fold, *a.* & *adv.* hŭn′dredth, *a.* hun′dredweight, 112 lb., *100 lb.

hŭng, *p.t.* & *p.p.* of hang.

hŭng′er (-ngg-), *n.* craving for food; strong desire for. *v.i.* feel hunger; crave for. ~strike, prisoner's refusal to take food in order to secure release.

hŭng′ry (-ngg-) *a.* feeling or showing hunger; eager; (of soil) poor, wanting manure.

hŭnk, *n.* large lump, hunch.

hŭnks, *n.* miser.

hŭnt, *v.t.* & *i.* pursue wild animals for food or sport; search for; drive away. *n.* hunting; hunting district or party. ~ball,

ball given by members of hunt. —-the-slipper, a parlour game.

hun'ter, n. one who hunts; horse for hunting; watch with cover protecting glass. hun'tress, n.

hunts'man (-en), n. man in charge of pack of hounds.

hur'dle, n. portable frame with bars, &c.; frame to be jumped over in hurdle-race. hurd'ler, n. hurdle-maker; hurdle-racer.

hurd'y-gurdy, n. musical instrument with droning sound.

hurl, v.t. throw violently. n. violent throw. —er, n. thrower.

hurl'ey, hurl'ing, n. (Ir.) game similar to hockey.

hurl'y-burl'y, n. commotion.

hurrah', —ray' (hoo-, hoo-) int. expr. joy or approval. n. the cry hurrah. v.i. cry hurrah.

hur'ricane, n. violent storm.

hur'riedly (-id-), adv. in a hurried manner.

hur'ry, n. undue haste; eagerness. v.t. & i. (-ried), move or act with great haste; cause to move with haste. —-scurry, adv., a., & n. (in) disorderly haste.

hurst, n. wood, wooded eminence.

hurt, v.t. & i. injure, damage, pain; distress, wound; (colloq.) suffer harm or pain. n. wound, injury; harm. —ful, a.

hur'tle, v.i. (of missile, &c.) go with rushing sound.

hus'band (-z-), n. man married to woman; (arch.) economist. v.t. economize. —man, farmer. —ry, farming; economy.

hush, v.t. & i. silence; be silent; (with up) suppress. n. silence. —-money, sum paid to avoid exposure.

husk, n. outer covering of fruit or seed. v.t. remove husk from.

hus'ky, a. full of, dry as, husks; hoarse; (sl.) strong, powerful.

hus'ky, n. Eskimo dog; (H—) Eskimo person or language.

hussar' (hŏŏz-), n. light cavalry soldier.

huss'y, —zzy, n. pert girl; worthless woman.

hus'tings (-z), n. platform for nomination of candidates; (the) election proceedings; (hist.) court held in London Guildhall.

hus'tle (-sl), v.t. & i. push roughly; jostle; hurry; push one's way; bustle. n. hustling.

hut, n. small mean house; temporary wooden house.

hutch, n. pen for rabbits, &c.

huzza' (-ah), int. expr. joy or applause. n. the cry huzza. v.i. cry huzza.

hy'acinth, n. kinds of bulbous plant with bell-shaped flower; orange variety of zircon. —ine, a. resembling hyacinth.

hy'aline (or -in), a. crystal-clear; vitreous, transparent.

hy'aloid, a. glass-like.

hy'brid, n. offspring of two animals or plants of different species, &c.; cross-breed. a. cross-bred, mongrel; heterogeneous. —ism, n.

hy'dra, n. (Gk. myth.) snake whose many heads grew again when cut off; fresh-water polyp.

hydrang'ea (or -ja; -jă), n. kinds of flowering shrub.

hy'drant, n. water pipe with nozzle for hose.

hy'drate, n. compound of water with an element, &c.

hydraul'ic, a. of water conveyed through pipes, &c. n.pl. science of conveyance of liquids through pipes, &c., esp. as motive power.

hy'dric, a. of hydrogen.

hy'dro, n. (colloq.) hydropathic.

hydrocarb'on, n. compound of hydrogen and carbon.

hydroceph'alus, n. water on the brain. —al'ic, —lous, a.

hydrocyan'ic, a. containing hydrogen and cyanogen.

hydrodynam'ics, n.pl. science of forces exerted by liquids.

hy'drogen, n. colourless invisible odourless gas, an element forming two-thirds in volume of water.

hydrog'raphy, n. description of the waters of the earth.

hydrokinet'ics, n.pl. science of motion of liquids.

hȳdrŏm′ėter, n. instrument for finding densities of liquids.
hȳdropăth′ĭc, a. of hydropathy. n. establishment for hydropathy.
hȳdrŏp′athy, n. treatment by external and internal application of water. hȳdrŏp′athist, n.
hȳdrophō′bia, n. aversion to water, esp. as symptom of rabies in man; rabies.
hȳ′drophōne, n. kinds of instrument for detecting sound in or through, or by aid of, water.
hȳ′droplāne, n. fin-like device enabling submarine to rise, &c.
hȳdrostăt′ĭc, a. of the equilibrium of liquids and the pressure exerted by liquids at rest. n.pl. hydrostatic science.
hȳ′drous, a. containing water.
hȳē′na, hyae′na, n. carnivorous quadruped allied to dog.
hȳ′giēne, n. principle of health sanitary science. hȳgiē′nĭc, a. ~nics, n.pl.; hȳ′giēnist, n.
hȳgrŏm′ėter, n. instrument measuring humidity of air &c.
hȳ′groscōpe, n. instrument showing humidity of air.
Hȳ′men, n. god of marriage. hȳmenē′al, a.
hȳmenŏp′terous, a. (Zool.) with membranous wings.
hymn (hĭm), n. sacred song of praise. v.t. praise in hymns.
hym′nal, a. of hymns. n. hymn-book.
hym′nody, n. singing, making, of hymns. ~dist, n.
hymnŏl′ogy, n. study of hymns. ~gist, n.
hyoscy′amine, hy′oscine, n.n. alkaloids contained in henbane and used in medicine.
hypĕr′bola, n. curve produced when cone is cut by plane making larger angle with base than side of cone makes. ~bŏl′ĭc, a.
hypĕr′bolē, n. rhetorical exaggeration. hyperbŏl′ĭcal, a.
hyperbor′ēan, a. of the extreme north. n. dweller in this.
hypercrĭt′ĭcal, a. too critical.
hypertrophy, n. enlargement due to excessive nutrition. ~phied, a.

hȳ′phen, n. sign (-) used to join or divide words. v.t. join, divide, with hyphen. hȳ′phenāted, a. hyphened.
hypnō′sis, n. (pl. -osēs), state like deep sleep in which the subject acts only on external suggestion; artificial sleep.
hypnŏt′ĭc, a. of hypnosis. n. person under hypnosis.
hyp′notism, n. (production of) hypnosis. ~ist, n. ~ize, v.t.
hȳ′pocaust (or hĭ-), n. hollow space under floor for heating house or bath from furnace.
hypochon′dria (-k-), n. state of causeless depression. hypochŏn′driac (-k-), a. of hypochondria. n. sufferer from hypochondria.
hypŏc′risy, n. simulation of virtue, dissimulation, pretence.
hyp′ocrite, n. person guilty of hypocrisy, dissembler. ~tical, a.
hypoder′mĭc (or hī-), a. introduced beneath the skin.
hypŏt′enūse (or hī-), n. side opposite right angle of triangle.
hypŏth′ecāte (or hī-), v.t. pledge, mortgage.
hypŏth′esis (or hī-), n. (pl. -theses), supposition made as basis for reasoning, &c. hypothĕt′ical (or hī-), a. of resting on, hypothesis.
hȳ′son, n. a Chinese green tea.
hy′-spy, n. boys' hiding game.
hyss′op, n. aromatic herb formerly used medicinally.
hystē′ria, n. disturbance of (esp. woman's) nervous system; morbid excitement. hystĕr′ical, a. of or affected with hysteria. hystĕr′ics, n.pl. fit of hysteria.

I

I (ī), subjective case of 1st pers. pron. (objective me); pl. we, obj. us. I spy n. children's seeking game.
ĭam′bus (pl. -buses) ī′amb, n. metrical foot of one short and one long syllable. ĭăm′bic, a. of iambics. n. iambic line.
ī′bex, n. (pl. -exes), wild goat.

I'bis, n. (pl. -ises), stork-like bird.

ice, n. frozen water; (with pl.) frozen confection. v.t. cover with ice; cool (wine) in ice; cover with congealed sugar. ~berg, mass of floating ice at sea. ~-cream, frozen cream or custard. ~-field, expanse of ice in Polar regions. ~-pack, drift ice.

Ice'land spar (-il-), n. transparent carbonate of lime.

ichneumon (-k-), n. weasel-like quadruped that destroys crocodiles' eggs.

i'chor (-k-), n. watery discharge from wound, &c.

ichthyŏl'ogy (-k-), n. study of fishes. ichthyosaur'us (-k-), n. extinct marine animal.

i'cicle, n. tapering spike of ice hanging from eaves, &c.

i'con, n. image, statue; sacred painting, mosaic, &c. icon'ic, a.

icon'oclasm, n. breaking of images. icon'oclast, n. breaker of images; one who assails cherished beliefs.

iconog'raphy, n. pictorial description of ancient images or representations.

ic'tus, n. rhythmical or metrical stress.

i'cy, a. abounding in ice; very cold; (of manner) chilling.

id, n. (Biol.) unit of germ-plasm. (Psycho-anal.) instinctive impulses of the individual.

idē'a (or -ia), n. notion conceived by the mind, vague belief, fancy, plan, intention, aim.

idē'al, a. perfect; existing only in idea; visionary. n. perfect type; actual thing as standard for imitation. ~ism, n. representation of things in ideal form; imaginative treatment. ~ist, n. ideal'ity, n. quality of being ideal.

idē'alize, v.t. (-zable), make or treat as ideal. ~zation, n.

iden'tic, a. identical.

iden'tical, a. the same; agreeing in all details with.

iden'tify, v.t. (-fiable), treat as identical; associate oneself with (party, policy, &c.); establish identity of. ~fication, n.

iden'tity, n. absolute sameness; individuality.

i'deograph, -gram (or i-), -ff, -ŭt, nn. character indicating the idea of a thing without its name.

ideŏl'ogy, n. science of ideas; abstract speculation. ~gist, n.

i'd est (abbr. i.e.) that is to say.

idi'ocy, n. extreme imbecility.

id'iom, n. language of a people; form of expression peculiar to a language. idiomat'ic, a.

idiosyn'crasy, n. mental (also physical) constitution, view or feeling peculiar to a person.

id'iot, n. person too deficient in mind to be capable of rational conduct. idiŏt'ic, a.

i'dle, a. lazy, indolent, unoccupied; useless, purposeless. v.i. & t. be idle; pass (time) thus. i'dler, n. i'dly, adv.

i'dol, n. image as object of worship; false god; object of devotion.

idŏl'ater, n. worshipper of idols; devout admirer. ~tress, n.; ~trous, a.; ~try, n.

i'dolize, v.t. (-zable), make an idol of; venerate or love to excess. ~zation, n.

i'dyll (or i-), n. short description of picturesque scene or incident. idyll'ic, a. i'dyllist, n.

i'dyllize (or i-), v.t. (-zable), make an idyll of.

if, conj. on the condition or supposition that; whenever; whether.

ig'neous, a. of fire; produced by volcanic action.

ig'nis fat'uus, n. phosphorescent light seen on marshy ground; delusive hope.

ignite', v.t. & i. (-itable) set fire to; take fire. igni'tion, n.

igno'ble, a. of low birth or position; mean, base.

ignomin'ious, a. mean, shameful.

ig'nominy, n. dishonour, infamy.

ignora'mus, n. (pl. ~muses), ignorant person.

ig'norance, n. want of knowledge.

ig'norant, a. lacking knowledge; uninformed.

ignore', v.t. (-rable), refuse to take notice of.

igua'na (-gwah-), *n.* large S.-Amer. tree lizard. **igua'nodon** (-gw-), *n.* huge fossil lizard.
I'lex, *n.* (pl. *-exes*) holm-oak; (Bot.) genus including holly.
i'liac, *a.* of the flank.
ilk, *a.* (Sc.) same, *of that ilk*, said of a person when his name is the same as his estate; (vulg.) of that family, class, &c.
ill, *a.* out of health, sick; evil, harmful; faulty, deficient. *n.* evil, harm; (pl.) misfortunes. *adv.* badly, unfavourably; scarcely. ~-advised, injudicious. ~-bred, rude. ~-favoured, uncomely. ~-omened, attended by bad omens. ~-starred, unlucky. ~-tempered, morose. ~-timed, unseasonable. ~-treat, ~-use, treat badly.
illa'tion, *n.* deduction, conclusion.
illa'tive, *a.* inferential.
ille'gal, *a.* contrary to law. **illegal'ity** *n.*
ille'gible, *a.* not legible, unreadable. **illegibil'ity** *n.*
illegit'imacy *n.* bastardy.
illegit'imate (-it), *a.* & *n.* not legitimate, bastard.
illib'eral, *a.* narrow-minded; sordid, stingy. **illiberal'ity**, *n.*
illi'cit, *a.* unlawful.
illim'itable, *a.* boundless.
illit'eracy *n.* want of learning.
illit'erate, *a.* unlearned; unable to read. *n.* such person.
ill'ness, *n.* ill health, sickness.
illo'gical, *a.* devoid of, contrary to, logic. **illogical'ity** *n.*
illu'minant (-ōō-), *a.* serving to illuminate. *n.* agent of light.
illu'minate (-lōō-), *v.t.* (-*nable*), light up; throw light on; decorate with lights as sign of festivity; decorate (MS. &c.) with gold, &c. ~tion, ~tor, *nn.*; ~tive, *a.*
illu'mine, (poet.) **illume'** (-lōō-) *v.t.* light up, enlighten.
illu'sion (-lōōzhn), *n.* deceptive appearance, statement, or belief. ~ist, *n.* **illu'sive** (-lōō-), *a.* deceptive.
illu'sory (-lōō-), *a.* deceptive.
ill'ustrate, *v.t.* (-*rable*), make clear esp. by examples or drawings; adorn with pictures. ~tion, *n.* elucidation; drawing, &c., in book. ~tive, *a.* explanatory. ~tor *n.*
illus'trious, *a.* distinguished.
im'age, *n.* imitation of object's external form, as a statue; idol; counterpart; simile, metaphor. *v.t.* (-*geable*), imagine; mirror.
im'agery (-ij-), *n.* statuary, images; figurative illustration.
imag'inary *a.* existing only in, due to, imagination.
imagina'tion, *n.* mental faculty forming images of objects not present; fancy. **imag'inative**, *a.* full of imagination.
imag'ine, *v.t.* (-*nable*), form mental image of, conceive; suppose, think; fancy.
imaum', **imam** (-ah-) *nn.* officiating priest of mosque.
imbe'cile (-ēl), *a.* mentally weak, idiotic. *n.* such person. ~ity *n.*
imbibe' *v.t.* (-*bable*), drink in; drink; inhale; absorb.
imbri'cate, *v.t.* & *i.* (-āt), arrange, be arranged, so as to overlap. *a.* (-at) overlapping. ~tion, *n.*
imbro'glio (-ōlyō), *n.* confused heap; complicated situation.
imbrue' (-ōō), *v.t.* stain.
imbue' *v.t.* (-*uable*), saturate, dye; inspire.
im'itable, *a.* worthy of imitation. **imitabil'ity** *n.*
im'itate, *v.t.* follow; mimic; be like. ~tion, *n.*; ~tive, *a.*; ~tor *n.*
immacu'late, *a.* pure, spotless.
imm'anent, *a.* inherent; (of God) pervading the universe.
immater'ial, *a.* incorporeal; unimportant. **immaterial'ity** *n.*
immature' *a.* not mature. ~ity *n.*
immeas'urable (-mězher-), *a.* not measurable; immense. **immeasurabil'ity** *n.*
imme'diate, *a.* without intervening medium, direct; occurring at once. ~ly *adv.* without delay.
immemor'ial, *a.* beyond memory.
immense' *a.* vast, huge; (sl.) very good. ~ly *adv.* vastly, very.
immen'sity *n.* vastness; infinity.

immerse' v.t. (-sable), dip, plunge; put under water; involve deeply. ~sion, n.
imm'igrant, a. immigrating. n. one who immigrates.
imm'igrate, v.i. (-rable), remove into a country. ~tion, n.
imm'inence, n. being imminent.
imm'inent, a. (of danger &c.) about to happen soon.
immō'bile, a. immovable; motionless. ~bility n.
immod'erate, a. excessive.
immod'est, a. indecent, indelicate; impudent. immod'esty n.
imm'olate, v.t. (-lable), sacrifice, kill in sacrifice. ~tion, ~tor, nn.
immo'ral, a. morally wrong or evil; dissolute. immoral'ity n.
immort'al, a. undying; famous for all time. n. such being, esp. (pl.) gods of antiquity; person, esp. author, of enduring fame. ~ity n.
immort'alize, v.t. (-zable), make immortal, esp. in fame.
immortelle' n. flower retaining colour when dried.
immove'able (-mōō-), a. not movable; unyielding. n.pl. (of property) fixtures. ~bility n.
immune' a. exempt, secure.
immun'ity n. exemption.
immure' v.t. imprison, shut up.
immūt'able, a. unchangeable; unalterable. immūtabil'ity n.
imp, n. little devil; mischievous child.
im'pact, n. collision, striking.
impair' v.t. damage, weaken. ~ment, n. deterioration; injury.
impale' v.t. (-lable), transfix on a stake. ~ment, n.
impal'pable, a. not to be perceived by touch; not easily grasped.
impart' v.t. give share of; communicate to.
impar'tial (-shal), a. not partial; fair. impartial'ity (-shi-), n.
impass'able (-pah-), a. that cannot be traversed. ~bility n.
impasse' (-ahs) or impasse (F.), n. blind alley; deadlock &c.
impas'sible, a. not liable to pain or injury. ~bility n.

impas'sioned (-shond), a. deeply moved; ardent.
impass'ive, a. void of feeling or emotion; serene. impassiv'ity, n.
impā'tient (-shent), a. not patient; intolerant. ~tience (-shens), n.
impeach' v.t. call in question; disparage; accuse. ~ment, n.
impecc'able, a. not liable to sin; faultless. ~bility n.
impecūn'ious, a. having little or no money. impecūnios'ity n.
impēd'ance, n. (Electr.) virtual resistance due to self-induction in electrified body.
impēde' v.t. retard; hinder.
imped'iment, n. hindrance; (pl., often -ta) baggage.
impel', v.t. drive, force; propel.
impell'ent, a. impelling. n. impelling force, &c.
impend' v.i. hang over; be imminent. ~ence, n.
impen'etrable, a. not penetrable; impervious (to, fr., ideas, &c.); inscrutable. ~bility n.
impen'itent, a. not penitent; obdurate. impen'itence, n.
imper'ative, a. expressing command; peremptory; necessary.
impercep'tible, a. not perceptible; very slight or gradual.
imperf'ect, a. not perfect; incomplete; faulty. ~fection, n.
impēr'ial, a. of an empire, or sovereign State ranking with this; of an emperor; supreme; majestic; a large size of paper. n. small part of beard left beneath lower lip. ~ism, n. rule of emperor; belief in value of colonies and extension of British empire. ~ist, n. advocate of imperialism or of imperial rule.
imper'il, v.t. endanger.
impēr'ious, a. domineering; commanding; urgent.
imper'ishable, a. not perishable.
imperm'eable, a. impervious.
imperson'al, a. having no personality or personal reference.
imperson'ate, v.t. personify; play the part of. ~tion, ~tor, nn.
imperti'nent, a. insolent, saucy; irrelevant. impert'inence, n.

imperturb'able, *a.* not excitable calm. ~bility *n.*
imper'vious, *a.* impassable; impenetrable (fig.) inaccessible.
impet'uous, *a.* moving violently or fast; acting rashly ~os'ity *n.*
im'petus, *n.* (pl. -uses), moving force; momentum; impulse.
im'pi, *n.* body of Kafir warriors.
impi'ety, *n.* lack of piety
impinge' (-j), *v.i.* & *t.* strike, dash against. ~ment, *n.*
im'pious, *a.* not pious; wicked.
im'pish, *a.* of or like an imp.
implac'able, *a.* not appeasable; inexorable. ~bility *n.*
implant' (-ahnt), *v.t.* insert, fix instil plant. ~ation, *n.*
im'plement' *n.* tool, utensil.
im'plement' *v.t.* carry into effect.
im'plicate, *v.t.* (-cable), entwine, entangle; involve; imply ~tion, *n.* thing implied.
implic'it, *a.* involved though not expressed unquestioning.
implore' *v.t.* (-rable), beg earnestly
imply' *v.t.* involve the truth of; mean; insinuate. impli'edly *adv.*
impol'icy, *n.* injudiciousness.
impolite' *a.* uncivil, rude.
impol'itic, *a.* injudicious.
impon'derable, *a.* without perceptible weight very light.
import, *v.t.* (impôrt'), bring in, esp. foreign goods, from abroad; imply, mean. *n.* (im'pôrt), meaning, implication importance; (usu. pl.) imported commodity ~able, *a.*; ~ation, ~er, *nn.* (all in first sense of the verb).
impor'tance, *n.* being important.
impor'tant, *a.* of great consequence momentous; pompous.
impor'tunate, *a.* persistent in solicitation. importu'nity *n.*
importune' (or impor'-), *v.t.* solicit pressingly and repeatedly
impose (-z), *v.t.* & *i.* (-sable), place (thing) on; lay (tax) on; palm off on. ~ upon, overawe; deceive.
impo'sing (-z-), *a.* impressive, formidable, esp. in appearance.
imposi'tion (-z-), *n.* laying on; impost, tax; deception; over charge; work set as punishment at school.
impos'sible, *a.* not possible; difficult. ~bility *n.*
im'post, *n.* tax, duty; tribute; (sl.) horse's handicap. *v.t.* classify (imported goods) for fixing duty
impos'tor, *n.* one who assumes a false character swindler.
impos'ture, *n.* deception, sham.
im'pot, *n.* (sch. sl.) imposition.
im'potent, *a.* powerless; decrepit; without sexual power. ~ence, *n.*
impound, *v.t.* shut up (cattle, &c.) in pound; confiscate.
impov'erish, *v.t.* make poor ex haust strength of. ~ment, *n.*
imprac'ticable, *a.* not practicable unmanageable. ~bility *n.*
im'precate, *v.t.* (-cable), invoke evil upon. ~tion, *n.*; ~tory *a.*
impreg'nable, *a.* proof against attack. ~bility *n.*
impreg'nate, *v.t.* make pregnant; fill, saturate. ~tion, *n.*
impresar'io, *n.* (pl. -os), organizer of public entertainment.
imprescrip'tible, *a.* that cannot be legally taken away.
impress'' *v.t.* force into service. ~ment, *n.*
impress'' *v.t.* (impres'), imprint, stamp, by pressure enforce, fix affect deeply. *n.* (im'pres), mark impressed (fig.) characteristic mark. ~ible, *a.*; ~ibility *n.*
impre'ssion (-shn), *n.* impressing, mark impressed; print from type or engraving; effect produced on mind, belief. ~able, *a.* easily influenced. ~ability *n.*
impre'ssionism (-shon-), *n.* method of painting or writing so as to give general effect without detail. ~ist, *n.*; ~istic, *a.*
impress'ive, *a.* solemn; affecting.
imprimat'ur, *n.* licence to print.
impri'mis, *adv.* in the first place.
imprint, *v.t.* (-int'), impress mark on. *n.* (im'-), impression, printer's or publisher's name in book, &c.
impris'on (-z-), *v.t.* put into prison confine. ~ment, *n.*
improb'able, *a.* not likely; incredible. ~bility *n.*

immerse', v.t. (-sable), dip, plunge, put under water; involve deeply. ~sion, n.
imm'igrant, a. immigrating. n. one who immigrates.
imm'igrate, v.i. (-rable), remove into a country. ~tion, n.
imm'inence, n. being imminent.
imm'inent, a. (of danger, &c.) about to happen soon.
immō'bile, a. immovable; motionless. ~bility, n.
immod'erate, a. excessive.
immod'est, a. indecent, indelicate; impudent. immod'esty, n.
imm'olate, v.t. (-lable), sacrifice; kill in sacrifice. ~tion, ~tor, nn.
immo'ral, a. morally wrong or evil; dissolute. immoral'ity, n.
immort'al, a. undying; famous for all time. n. such being, esp. (pl.) gods of antiquity; person, esp. author of enduring fame. ~ity, n.
immort'alize, v.t. (-zable), make immortal, esp. in fame.
immortelle', n. flower retaining colour when dried.
immo'vable (-ōōv-), a. not movable; unyielding. n.pl. (of property) fixtures. ~bility, n.
immune', a. exempt, secure.
imm'unity, n. exemption.
immure', v.t. imprison, shut up.
immut'able, a. unchangeable; unalterable. immutabil'ity, n.
imp, n. little devil; mischievous child.
im'pact, n. collision, striking.
impair', v.t. damage, weaken. ~ment, n. deterioration; injury.
impale', v.t. (-lable), transfix on a stake. ~ment, n.
impal'pable, a. not to be perceived by touch; not easily grasped.
impart', v.t. give share of; communicate to.
impar'tial (-shal), a. not partial; fair. impartial'ity (-shi-), n.
impass'able (-pah-), a. that cannot be traversed. ~bility, n.
impasse' (-ahs; or am'pahs'), n. blind alley; deadlock; fix.
impas'sible, a. not liable to pain or injury. ~bility, n.
impas'sioned (-shond), a. deeply moved; ardent.
impass'ive, a. void of feeling or emotion; serene. impassiv'ity, n.
impa'tient (-shent), a. not patient; intolerant. ~tience (-shens), n.
impeach', v.t. call in question; disparage; accuse. ~ment, n.
impecc'able, a. not liable to sin; faultless. ~bility, n.
impecu'nious, a. having little or no money. impecunios'ity, n.
impēd'ance, n. (Elec.) virtual resistance due to self-induction in electrified body.
impede', v.t. retard; hinder.
imped'iment, n. hindrance; (pl., often -ta) baggage.
impel', v.t. drive, force; propel.
impell'ent, a. impelling. n. impelling force, &c.
impend', v.i. hang over; be imminent. ~ence, n.
impen'etrable, a. not penetrable; impervious (to, fig., ideas, &c.); inscrutable. ~bility, n.
impen'itent, a. not penitent; obdurate. impen'itence, n.
imper'ative, a. expressing command; peremptory; urgent.
impercep'tible, a. not perceptible; very slight or gradual.
imperf'ect, a. not perfect; incomplete; faulty. ~fection, n.
impēr'ial, a. of an empire, or sovereign State ranking with this; of an emperor; supreme; majestic; a large size of paper. n. small part of beard left beneath lower lip. ~ism, n. rule of emperor; belief in value of colonies and extension of British empire. ~ist, n. advocate of imperialism or of imperial rule.
imper'il, v.t. endanger.
imper'ious, a. domineering; overbearing; urgent.
imper'ishable, a. not perishable.
imper'meable, a. impervious.
imper'sonal, a. having no personality or personal reference.
imper'sonate, v.t. personify; play the part of. ~tion, ~tor, nn.
impert'inent, a. insolent, saucy; irrelevant. impert'inence, n.

imperturb'able, a. not excitable, calm. ~bility n.
impervious, a. impassable; impenetrable; (fig.) inaccessible.
impet'uous, a. moving violently or fast; acting rashly. ~osity n.
im'petus, n. (pl. -uses) moving force, momentum; impulse.
im'pi, n. body of Kafir warriors.
impi'ety, n. lack of piety.
impinge' (-j), v.i. & t. strike, dash against. ~ment, n.
im'pious, a. not pious, wicked.
im'pish, a. of or like an imp.
implac'able, a. not appeasable; inexorable. ~bility n.
implant' (-ahnt), v.t. insert, fix, instil, plant. ~ation, n.
im'plement, n. tool, utensil.
im'plement, v.t. carry into effect.
im'plicate, v.t. (-cable), entwine, entangle; involve; imply. ~tion, n. thing implied.
implic'it, a. involved though not expressed; unquestioning.
implore', v.t. (-rable), beg earnestly.
imply', v.t. involve the truth of; mean; insinuate. impli'edly, adv.
impol'icy, n. injudiciousness.
impolite', a. uncivil, rude.
impol'itic, a. injudicious.
impondérable, a. without perceptible weight, very light.
import, v.t. (impôrt'), bring in, esp. foreign goods, from abroad; imply, mean. n. (im'pôrt), meaning, implication, importance; (usu. pl.) imported commodity. ~able, a.; ~ation, ~er, nn. (all in first sense of the verb).
impor'tance, n. being important.
impor'tant, a. of great consequence, momentous; pompous.
impor'tunate, a. persistent in solicitation. importun'ity n.
importune' (or impor-), v.t. solicit pressingly and repeatedly.
impose (-z), v.t. & i. (-sable), place (thing) on; lay (tax) on; palm off on. ~ upon, overawe; deceive.
impos'ing (-z), a. impressive, formidable, esp. in appearance.
imposi'tion (-z-), n. laying on; impost, tax; deception; over charge; work set as punishment at school.
impos'sible, a. not possible; difficult. ~bility n.
im'post, n. tax, duty; tribute; (sl.) horse's handicap. v.t. classify (imported goods) for fixing duty.
impos'tor, n. one who assumes a false character; swindler.
impos'ture, n. deception, sham.
im'pot, n. (sch. sl.) imposition.
im'potent, a. powerless; decrepit; without sexual power. ~nce, n.
impound', v.t. shut up (cattle, &c.) in pound; confiscate.
impov'erish, v.t. make poor; exhaust strength of. ~ment, n.
imprac'ticable, a. not practicable; unmanageable. ~bility n.
im'precate, v.t. (-cable), invoke evil upon. ~tion, n. ~tory a.
impreg'nable, a. proof against attack. ~bility n.
impreg'nate, v.t. make pregnant; fill, saturate. ~tion, n.
impresar'io, n. (pl. -os) organizer of public entertainment.
imprescrip'tible, a. that cannot be legally taken away.
impress', v.t. force into service. ~ment, n.
impress', v.t. (imprès'), imprint, stamp, by pressure; enforce, fix; affect deeply. n. (im'près), mark impressed; (fig.) characteristic mark. ~ible, a.; ~ibility n.
impre'ssion (-shn), n. impressing, mark impressed; print from type or engraving; effect produced on mind; belief. ~able, a. easily influenced. ~ability n.
impre'ssionism (-shon-), n. method of painting or writing so as to give general effect without detail. ~ist, n.; ~istic, a.
impress'ive, a. solemn, affecting.
imprimat'ur, n. licence to print.
‖ imprim'is, adv. in the first place.
imprint, v.t. (-int'), impress mark on. n. (im'-), impression, printer's or publisher's name in book, &c.
impris'on (-z-), v.t. put into prison, confine. ~ment, n.
improb'able, a. not likely, incredible. ~bility n.

improb'ity, n. wickedness.
impromp'tu, adv. & a. extempore.
improp'er, a. inaccurate, wrong; unseemly, indecent.
impro'priate, v.t. (-iable), place (tithes, benefice) in hands of layman. ~tion, ~tor, nn.
improve (-ōōv), v.t. & i. (-vable) make or become better; make good use of (occasion, opportunity). ~ability ~ment, nn.
impro'ver (-ōōv-), n. one who improves anything; one who serves a further term of apprenticeship.
improv'ident, a. unforeseeing; thriftless. improv'idence, n.
im'provise (-iz), v.t. (-sable), compose or utter extempore; provide or get up extempore. improvisa'tion, ~ser, nn.; ~tory, a.
imprud'ent (-rōō-), a. rash, indiscreet. imprud'ence (-rōō-), n.
im'pudent, a. shameless; pert, insolent. im'pudence, n.
impugn (-ūn), v.t. call in question, challenge. ~able, a.
im'pulse, n. impelling; impetus; sudden tendency to act without reflection. ~sive, a. apt to be moved by impulse.
impun'ity, n. exemption from loss or punishment.
impure, a. dirty; unchaste; adulterated. impur'ity, n.
impute, v.t. (-table), attribute to, ascribe. ~tability, ~tation, nn.
in, prep. within; into; during. adv. within; in addition to.
inabil'ity, n. want of power
inaccess'ible (-ks-), a. not to be reached. ~bility, n.
inacc'urate, a. not exact. ~acy, n.
inac'tion, n. absence of action; sluggishness, inertness. ~tive, a. not acting; inert. ~tivity, n.
inad'equate, a. insufficient. ~acy, ~ness, nn.
inadmiss'ible, a. not allowable. ~bility, n.
inadvert'ent, a. inattentive; unintentional. ~ence, ~ency, nn.
inal'ienable, a. not transferable.
inamora'to (-ahr-), n. (fem. -ta, pl. -tos), lover
inane', a. empty, void; silly, senseless. inan'ity, n.
inan'imate, a. void of life; dull.
inani'tion, n. emptiness; exhaustion.
inapp'licable, a. irrelevant; unsuitable. ~bility, n.
inappo'site, a. not pertinent.
inapprē'ciable (-sha-), a. not appreciable; not worth reckoning.
inappro'priate, a. unsuitable.
inapt', a. unskilful. ~itude, n.
inartic'ulate, a. not jointed; not articulate, indistinct; dumb.
inartific'ial (-ishl), a. artless; natural.
inartis'tic, a. contrary to, unskilled in, art.
inasmuch' adv. only in: ~ as, seeing that.
inatten'tion, n. lack of attention; negligence. ~tive, a.
inaud'ible, a. that cannot be heard. ~bility, n.
inaug'urate, v.t. (-rable), admit to office; begin (undertaking); initiate, open. ~al, a. ~ation, n.
inauspi'cious (-shus), a. not of good omen, unlucky.
in'born, in'bred, aa. inherent by nature; bred in and in.
incal'culable, a. beyond calculation, uncertain. ~bility, n.
in cam'era, in judge's private room, not in open court.
incandesce', v.t. & i. glow or cause to glow with heat. incandes'cent, a. glowing with heat; shining; (of artificial light) produced by glowing filament. ~ence, n.
incanta'tion, n. spell, charm.
incap'able, a. not capable; unable to comprehend. ~bility, n.
incapa'citate, v.t. (-itable), make incapable or unfit.
incapa'city, n. inability; legal disqualification.
incar'cerate, v.t. (-rable), imprison; confine. ~tion, ~tor, nn.
incarn'adine (or -din), a. crimson. v.t. dye crimson.
incarnate, v.t. (in'karnāt), embody in flesh; be living embodiment of. a. (inkar'nit), embodied in flesh. ~tion, n.
incau'tious, a. rash.

incen'diarism, n. incendiary practices.
incen'diary, a. of, or guilty of, the malicious setting on fire of property &c.; (fig.) inflammatory. n. incendiary person.
incense'¹ v.t. (-sable), make angry.
in'cense² n. gum, spice, giving sweet smell when burned.
incen'tive, a. inciting. n. motive.
incep'tion, n. beginning. ~ive, a. beginning; initial.
incerti'tude, n. uncertainty.
inces'sant, a. continual; repeated.
in'cest, n. sexual commerce of near kindred. inces'tuous, a.
inch, n. twelfth part of a foot.
in'choate (in-kō-), v.t. (-at), begin, originate. a. (-et), just begun.
in'cidence, n. falling on a thing; range of influence.
in'cident, a. apt to occur; naturally attaching to. n. event, occurrence; episode.
inciden'tal, a. casual, not essential.
incin'erate, v.t. (-rable), consume by fire. ~tion, ~tor, nn.
incip'ient, a. beginning.
incise' (-z), v.t. (-sable), make a cut in; engrave. inci'sion, n.
inci'sive, a. sharp; trenchant.
inci'sor (-z-), n. a cutting-tooth.
incite', v.t. (-table), urge on, stir up. ~ment, n.
incivil'ity, n. rudeness.
inclem'ent, a. (of weather) severe; cold or stormy. ~ency, n.
incli'nable, a. somewhat disposed.
inclina'tion, n. slope, slant; propensity; liking, affection.
incline' v.t. & i. lean, cause to lean; bend forward or downward; dispose, be disposed. n. inclined plane, slope.
include' (-ōō-), v.t. comprise, reckon in, as part of a whole. ~dible, a. inclu'sion (-ōōzhn), n. ~ive, a. including.
incog'nito, colloq. incog' a. & adv. under false name; with identity concealed; in private.
incohe'rent, a. not coherent; inconsequential. ~ence, ~ency, nn.
incombus'tible, a. not to be consumed by fire. ~bility, n.

in'come (-kum), n. receipts from one's work, investments, &c.
in'coming (-kŭ-), n. entrance, arrival; (pl.) income. a. coming in.
incommen'surable (-sher-), a. having no common measure; irrational. ~bility, n.
incommen'surate (-sher-), a. out of proportion; inadequate.
incommode' v.t. (-dable), trouble, annoy; inconvenience. ~dious, a. not commodious; inconvenient.
incommu'nicable, a. that cannot be shared or told. ~bility, n.
incom'parable, a. matchless.
incompat'ible, a. opposed; discordant, inconsistent. ~bility, n.
incom'petent, a. not competent; not legally qualified. ~ence, n.
incomplete', a. not finished.
incomprehen'sible, a. that cannot be understood. ~bility, n.
incompres'sible, a. that cannot be compressed. ~bility, n.
incomput'able, a. incalculable.
inconceiv'able (-sēv-), a. that cannot be imagined. ~bility, n.
inconclu'sive (-klōō-), a. not convincing or decisive.
incongru'ous (-kŏnggrōō-), a. out of keeping, absurd. incongru'ity (-grōō-), n.
inconsec'utive, incon'sequent, inconsequen'tial (-shal), aa. wanting in sequence; irrelevant.
inconsid'erable, a. not worth considering; of small size, value, &c.
inconsid'erate, a. thoughtless; rash.
inconsis'tent, a. not in keeping; incompatible. inconsis'tency, n.
inconso'lable, a. not to be comforted.
incon'sonant, a. not harmonizing with. incon'sonance, n.
inconspic'uous, a. not noticeable.
incon'stant, a. fickle; variable; irregular. incon'stancy, n.
incontest'able, a. past dispute.
incon'tinent, a. lacking self-restraint; unchaste. incon'tinence, n.

incontinently, adv. immediately
incontrovertible, a. indisputable.
inconvenient, a. inopportune; troublesome. inconvenience, n.
inconvertible, a. not to be changed. ~bility, n.
incorporate, v.t. & i. (-āt), form into a corporation; unite. a. (-ăt), so united. ~tion, ~tor, nn.
incorporeal, a. not composed of matter; of immaterial beings.
incorrect, a. untrue; inaccurate.
incorrigible, a. past correction.
incorruptible, a. that cannot decay. ~bility, ~tion, nn.
increase, v.t. & i. (inkrēs') (-sable), become, make, greater or more numerous; advance. n. (in'krēs), growth, enlargement, offspring.
incredible, a. that cannot be believed, surprising. ~bility n.
incredulity, n. scepticism.
incredulous, a. unbelieving.
increment, n. increase; profit.
incriminate, v.t. (-nable), charge with crime; accuse. ~tory, a.
incrustation, n. hard coating.
incubate, v.t. & i. hatch; sit on eggs. ~tion, n. ~tor, n. apparatus for hatching birds, rearing children born prematurely or developing bacteria.
incubus, n. nightmare; oppressive spirit or thing.
inculcate, v.t. (-cable), impress upon persistently. ~tion, n.
inculpate, v.t. (-pable), accuse, blame; involve in charge.
incumbent, a. resting upon. n. holder of benefice. incumbency n. office or tenure of incumbent.
incunabula, n.pl. early printed books, esp. before 1501.
incur (-rrable), v.t. fall into; bring on oneself.
incurable, a. past cure. n. incurable person. ~bility, n.
incurious, a. indifferent.
incursion (-shn), n. invasion; sudden attack.
incurve, v.t. bend into curve; curve inwards. ~vation, n.
indaba (-dah-), n. (S.-Afr.) council; conference between or with natives.

indebted (-dĕt-), a. owing money to; obliged to.
indecent, a. unbecoming; immodest. indecency n.
indecipherable, a. illegible.
indecision (-zhn), n. want of decision. indecisive, a.
indeclinable, a. not inflected.
indecorous, a. unbecoming.
indecorum, n. lack of decorum.
indeed, adv. in truth; really.
indefatigable, a. unwearying.
indefeasible (-z-), a. that cannot be lost or annulled. ~bility n.
indefectible, a. unfailing.
indefensible, a. admitting of no defence. ~bility n.
indefinable, a. unexplainable.
indefinite, a. vague, undefined.
indelible, a. that cannot be blotted out. ~bility, n.
indelicate, a. coarse; immodest; tactless. indelicacy, n.
indemnify, v.t. (-fiable), secure against loss. ~fication, n.
indemnity, n. security against damage or loss; compensation.
indent, v.t. make notches, dents, or recesses in. n. indentation; indenture. ~ation, n. notch, dent, depression.
indenture, n. indented document; (pl.) sealed agreement, esp. binding apprentice to master. v.t. bind by indentures.
independence, n. freedom; exemption from control; independent income. I~ Day, U.S. holiday on 4th July anniversary of Declaration of Independence.
independency, n. independent State. Congregationalism.
independent, a. not dependent; free; not supported by others. n. politician, &c. independent of any party; Congregationalist.
indescribable, a. vague; beyond description. ~bility n.
indestructible, a. that cannot be destroyed. ~bility, n.
indeterminable, a. that cannot be ascertained or settled.
indeterminate, a. not fixed in extent, character, &c.; vague. ~tion, n. want of decision.

In'dex, n. (pl. -exes, -ices), fore-finger; hand, pointer, on instruments; alphabetical list with references. v.t. furnish (book) with index; enter in index.

In'dia (-i-), n. ~-man, ship in Indian trade. ~ paper, kind from China used for proofs of engravings, also a thin, opaque, feather-weight paper used in printing. ~rubber, rubber, esp. for rubbing out pencil-marks, &c.

In'dian (-i-), a. of India or Amer. Indians. ~ civilian, member of I.C.S. ~ club, bottle-shaped implement for gymnast's use. ~ corn, maize. ~ file, single file. ~ ink, a black pigment. ~ summer, period of calm dry hazy weather in late autumn in northern U.S.

In'dicate, v.t. (-cable), point out, make known, show; be a sign of, betoken. ~tion, n.

Indic'ative, a. showing; pointing out; giving indication of.

In'dicator, n. recording instrument on machine, &c.

Indict' (-it), v.t. accuse, esp. by legal process. ~able, a. ~ment, n. formal accusation.

Indiff'erence, n. absence of interest or attention; neutrality.

Indiff'erent, a. impartial; unconcerned; neither good nor bad.

In'digence, n. want, poverty.

Indi'genous, a. native; belonging naturally to the soil, &c.

In'digent, a. needy; poor.

Indiges'tion (-schon), n. difficulty in digesting food. ~ible, a.

Indig'nant, a. moved by anger and scorn or sense of injury. Indigna'tion, n. such feeling.

Indig'nity, n. unworthy treatment; contumely; insult.

In'digo, n. (pl. -os), blue powder from some plants, used as dye.

Indirect', a. not direct; not done by direct means.

Indiscern'ible, a. imperceptible.

Indiscre'tion, n. lack of discretion.

Indiscreet', a. injudicious.

Indiscre'tion, n. imprudence; rashness; social transgression.

Indiscrim'inate, a. confused; undiscriminating. ~tion, n.

Indispen'sable, a. not to be dispensed with; necessary; that cannot be set aside. ~bility, n.

Indispose' (-z), v.t. make unfit or unable; make averse to.

Indisposi'tion (-zi-), n. ill-health; disinclination, aversion.

Indis'putable, a. incontrovertible.

Indisso'luble, a. not dissoluble.

Indistinct', a. not distinct; confused, obscure. ~ive, a.

Indistin'guishable (-ngw-), a. not distinguishable.

Indite' v.t. (-table), put into words (joc.) write (letter, &c.).

In'dium, n. a rare metal of lead grey colour occurring in zinc ores.

Individ'ual, a. single; particular; characteristic of particular person, &c. n. single person.

Individ'ualism, n. egoism; social theory favouring free action of individuals. ~ist, n. ~istic, a.

Individual'ity, n. individual existence, individual character.

Individ'ualize v.t. (-zable), give individual character to; specify. ~zation, n.

Indivis'ible (-z-), a. not divisible.

Indoc'ile, a. intractable. ~ity, n.

In'dolence, n. laziness, sloth.

In'dolent, a. lazy, slothful.

Indom'itable, a. unyielding.

In'door (-dōr), a. done within house or under cover; domestic.

Indoors' (-dōrz), adv. within house.

Indorsee' n. one in whose favour bill, &c. is endorsed.

Indu'bitable, a. beyond doubt.

Induce' v.t. (-cible), prevail on, persuade; bring about. ~ment, n. attraction; motive.

Induct', v.t. install; introduce.

Induc'tion, n. inducting; general inference from particular instances; (Electr.) the electrification of an uncharged body by the proximity of a charged one. ~ive, a. based on induction.

Indulge' (-j), v.t. & i. (-geable), gratify; give free course to.

Indul'gence, n. habitual indulging of desire; privilege granted.

incon'tinently adv. immediately.
incontrovert'ible, a. indisputable.
inconve'nient, a. inopportune; troublesome. inconve'nience, n.
inconvert'ible, a. not to be changed. ~bility, n.
incor'porate, v.t. & i. (-āt), form into a corporation; unite. a. (-at), so united. ~tion, ~tor, nn.
incorpor'eal, a. not composed of matter; of immaterial beings.
incorrect' a. untrue; inaccurate.
incor'rigible, a. past correction.
incorrup'tible, a. that cannot decay. ~bility, ~tion, nn.
increase, v.t. & i. (inkrēs') (-sable), become, make, greater or more numerous; advance. n. (in'krēs), growth, enlargement, offspring.
incred'ible, a. that cannot be believed, surprising. ~bility n.
incredu'lity, n. scepticism.
incred'ulous, a. unbelieving.
in'crement, n. increase; profit.
incrim'inate, v.t. (-able) charge with crime; accuse. ~tory a.
incrusta'tion, n. hard coating.
in'cubate, v.t. & i. hatch; sit on eggs. ~tion, n. ~tor, n. apparatus for hatching birds, rearing children born prematurely or developing bacteria.
in'cubus, n. nightmare; oppressive spirit or thing.
in'culcate, v.t. (-able), impress upon persistently. ~tion, n.
in'culpate, v.t. (-able), accuse, blame; involve in charge.
incum'bent, a. resting upon. n. holder of benefice. incum'bency n. office or tenure of incumbent.
incunab'ula, n.pl. early printed books, esp. before 1501.
incur' (-rable), v.t. fall into; bring on oneself.
incur'able, a. past cure. n. incurable person. ~bility, n.
incu'rious, a. indifferent.
incur'sion (-shn), n. invasion; sudden attack.
incurve', v.t. bend into curve; curve inwards. ~vation, n.
inda'ba (-dah-), n. (S. Afr.) council; conference between or with natives.
indebt'ed (-dĕt-), a. owing money to; obliged to.
inde'cent, a. unbecoming; immodest. inde'cency n.
indeci'pherable, a. illegible.
indeci'sion (-zhn), n. want of decision. indeci'sive, a.
indeclin'able, a. not inflected.
indecor'ous, a. unbecoming.
indecor'um, n. lack of decorum.
indeed', adv. in truth; really.
indefat'igable, a. unwearying.
indefeas'ible (-z-), a. that cannot be lost or annulled. ~bility n.
indefec'tible, a. unfailing.
indefen'sible, a. admitting of no defence. ~bility n.
indefin'able, a. unexplainable.
indef'inite, a. vague, undefined.
indel'ible, a. that cannot be blotted out. ~bility, n.
indel'icate, a. coarse; immodest; tactless. indel'icacy n.
indem'nify v.t. (-fiable), secure against loss. ~fication, n.
indem'nity n. security against damage or loss; compensation.
indent' v.t. make notches, dents, or recesses in. n. indentation; indenture. ~ation, n. notch, dent; requisition.
inden'ture, n. indented document; (pl.) sealed agreement, esp. binding apprentice to master. v.t. bind by indentures.
indepen'dence, n. freedom; exemption from control; independent income. I~ Day U.S. holiday on 4th July anniversary of Declaration of Independence. indepen'dency n. independent State. Congregationalism.
indepen'dent, a. not dependent; free; not supported by others. n. politician, &c. independent of any party; Congregationalist.
indescri'bable, a. vague; beyond description. ~bility n.
indestruc'tible, a. that cannot be destroyed. ~bility, n.
indetermin'able, a. that cannot be ascertained or settled.
indeter'minate, a. not fixed in extent, character, &c.; vague. ~tion, n. want of decision.

ăh, ăwl, oil, boor, now, dowry; chin, go, bang, so, sheep, thin; dh, as th in the

In'dex, *n.* (pl. -exes -ices), fore-finger; hand, pointer on instruments; alphabetical list with references. *v.t.* furnish (book) with index; enter in index.

In'dia (-i-) *n.* ~man, ship in Indian trade. ~ paper, kind from China used for proofs of engravings, also a thin, opaque, feather-weight paper used in printing. ~ rubber, rubber esp. for rubbing out pencil-marks, &c.

In'dian (-i-), *a.* of India or Amer. Indians. ~ civilian, member of I.C.S. ~ club, bottle-shaped implement for gymnast's use. ~ corn, maize. ~ file, single file. ~ ink, a black pigment. ~ summer, period of calm dry hazy weather in late autumn in northern U.S.

In'dicate, *v.t.* (-cable), point out, make known, show; be a sign of, betoken. ~tion, *n.*

Indic'ative, *a.* showing pointing out; giving indication of.

In'dicator, *n.* recording instrument on machine, &c.

Indict' (-it) *v.t.* accuse, esp. by legal process. ~able, *a.* ~ment, *n.* formal accusation.

Indiff'erence, *n.* absence of interest or attention; neutrality.

Indiff'erent, *a.* impartial; unconcerned; neither good nor bad.

In'digence, *n.* want, poverty.

Indig'enous, *a.* native; belonging naturally to the soil, &c.

In'digent, *a.* needy, poor.

Indiges'tion (-eschon), *n.* difficulty in digesting food. ~ible, *a.*

Indig'nant, *a.* moved by anger and scorn or sense of injury. Indigna'tion, *n.* such feeling.

Indig'nity, *n.* unworthy treatment; contumely; insult.

In'digo, *n.* (pl. -os), blue powder from some plants, used as dye.

Indirect' *a.* not direct; not done by direct means.

Indiscern'ible, *a.* imperceptible.

Indis'cipline, *n.* lack of discipline.

Indiscreet' *a.* injudicious.

Indiscre'tion, *n.* imprudence; rashness; social transgression.

Indiscrim'inate, *a.* confused; undiscriminating. ~tion, *n.*

Indispen'sable, *a.* not to be dispensed with; necessary; that cannot be set aside. ~bility *n.*

Indispose' (-z), *v.t.* make unfit or unable; make averse to.

Indisposi'tion (-zi-), *n.* ill-health; disinclination, aversion.

Indis'putable, *a.* incontrovertible.

Indissol'uble, *a.* not dissoluble.

Indistinct', *a.* not distinct; confused; obscure. ~ive, *a.*

Indistinguish'able (-ngw-), *a.* not distinguishable.

Indite' *v.t.* (-table), put into words; (joc.) write (letter &c.).

In'dium, *n.* a rare metal of lead-grey colour occurring in zinc ores.

Individ'ual, *a.* single; particular; *characteristic of particular person*, &c. *n.* single person.

Individ'ualism, *n.* egoism; social theory favouring free action of individuals. ~ist, *n.*; ~istic, *a.*

Individual'ity *n.* individual existence, individual character.

Individ'ualize, *v.t.* (-zable), give individual character to; specify. ~zation, *n.*

Indivis'ible (-z-), *a.* not divisible.

Indoc'ile, *a.* intractable. ~ility *n.*

In'dolence, *n.* laziness, sloth.

In'dolent, *a.* lazy, slothful.

Indom'itable, *a.* unyielding.

In'door (-dor), *a.* done within house or under cover; domestic.

Indoors' (-drz), *adv.* within house.

Indorsee' *n.* one in whose favour bill, &c. is endorsed.

Indu'bitable, *a.* beyond doubt.

Induce' *v.t.* (-cible), prevail on, persuade; bring about. ~ment, *n.* attraction; motive.

Induct', *v.t.* install;

Induc'tion, *n.* inducti

inference from—parti

stances;

(

a.

Indul

of

incon'tinently *adv.* immediately.
incontrover'tible, *a.* indisputable.
inconve'nient, *a.* inopportune; troublesome. inconve'nience, *n.*
inconver'tible, *a.* not to be changed. ~bility, *n.*
incor'porate, *v.t.* & *i.* (-āt) form into a corporation; unite. *a.* (-at), so united. ~tion, ~tor, *nn.*
incorpor'eal, *a.* not composed of matter; of immaterial beings.
incorrect' *a.* untrue; inaccurate.
incor'rigible, *a.* past correction.
incorrup'tible, *a.* that cannot decay. ~bility, ~tion, *nn.*
increase, *v.t.* & *i.* (inkrēs') (-sable), become, make, greater or more numerous; advance. *n.* (in'krēs), growth, enlargement, offspring.
incred'ible, *a.* that cannot be believed; surprising. ~bility *n.*
incredu'lity, *n.* scepticism.
incred'ulous, *a.* unbelieving.
in'crement, *n.* increase; profit.
incrim'inate, *v.t.* (-nable), charge with crime; accuse. ~tory *a.*
incrusta'tion, *n.* hard coating.
in'cubate, *v.t.* & *i.* hatch; sit on eggs. ~tion, *n.* ~tor, *n.* apparatus for hatching birds, rearing children born prematurely or developing bacteria.
in'cubus, *n.* nightmare; oppressive spirit or thing.
in'culcate, *v.t.* (-cable) impress upon persistently. ~tion, *n.*
in'culpate, *v.t.* (-pable), accuse, blame; involve in charge.
incum'bent, *a.* resting upon. *n.* holder of benefice. incum'bency *n.* office or tenure of incumbent.
incunab'ula, *n.pl.* early printed books, esp. before 1501.
incur' (-rrable), *v.t.* fall into; bring on oneself.
incur'able, *a.* past cure. *n.* incurable person. ~bility *n.*
incur'ious, *a.* indifferent.
incur'sion (-shn), *n.* invasion; sudden attack.
incurve', *v.t.* bend into curve; curve inwards. ~vation, *n.*
inda'ba (-dah-), *n.* (S.-Afr.) council; conference between or with natives.

indebt'ed (-dĕt-), *a.* owing money to; obliged to.
inde'cent, *a.* unbecoming; immodest. inde'cency, *n.*
indecipherable, *a.* illegible.
indeci'sion (-zhn), *n.* want of decision. indeci'sive, *a.*
indeclin'able, *a.* not inflected.
indecor'ous, *a.* unbecoming.
indecor'um, *n.* lack of decorum.
indeed', *adv.* in truth; really.
indefat'igable, *a.* unwearying.
indefeas'ible (-ēz-), *a.* that cannot be lost or annulled. ~bility *n.*
indefec'tible, *a.* unfailing.
indefen'sible, *a.* admitting of no defence. ~bility *n.*
indefin'able, *a.* unexplainable.
indef'inite, *a.* vague, undefined.
indel'ible, *a.* that cannot be blotted out. ~bility *n.*
indel'icate, *a.* coarse, immodest; tactless. indel'icacy, *n.*
indem'nify *v.t.* (-fiable), secure against loss. ~fication, *n.*
indem'nity, *n.* security against damage or loss; compensation.
indent' *v.t.* make notches, dents, or recesses in. *n.* indentation; indenture. ~ation, *n.* notch, dent; requisition.
inden'ture, *n.* indented document; (pl.) sealed agreement, esp. binding apprentice to master. *v.t.* bind by indentures.
indepen'dence, *n.* freedom; exemption from control; independent income. *I*~ Day U.S. holiday on 4th July anniversary of Declaration of Independence. indepen'dency *n.* independent State; Congregationalism.
indepen'dent, *a.* not dependent; free; not supported by others. *n.* politician, &c. independent of any party; Congregationalist.
indescri'bable, *a.* vague; beyond description. ~bility *n.*
indestruc'tible, *a.* that cannot be destroyed. ~bility, *n.*
indetermi'nable, *a.* that cannot be ascertained or settled.
indeter'minate, *a.* not fixed in extent, character, &c.; vague. ~tion, *n.* want of decision.

In'dex, n. (pl. -exes, -dices), forefinger; hand, pointer on instruments; alphabetical list with references. v.t. furnish (book) with index enter in index.

In'dia (-i-) n. ~man, ship in Indian trade. ~ paper kind from China used for proofs of engravings, also a thin, opaque, feather weight paper used in printing. ~rubber, rubber esp. for rubbing out pencil-marks, &c.

In'dian (-i-), a. of India or Amer. Indians. ~ civilian, member of I.C.S. ~ club, bottle-shaped implement for gymnast's use. ~ corn, maize. ~ file, single file. ~ ink, a black pigment. ~ summer, period of calm dry hazy weather in late autumn in northern U.S.

In'dicate, v.t. (-cable), point out, make known, show be a sign of, betoken. ~tion, n.

Indic'ative, a. showing; pointing out; giving indication of.

In'dicator, n. recording instrument on machine, &c.

Indict' (-it), v.t. accuse, esp. by legal process. ~able, a. ~ment, n. formal accusation.

Indiff'erence, n. absence of interest or attention neutrality

Indiff'erent, a. impartial unconcerned; neither good nor bad.

In'digence, n. want, poverty

Indi'genous, a. native; belonging naturally to the soil, &c.

In'digent, a. needy poor

Indiges'tion (-eschen), n. difficulty in digesting food. ~ible, a.

Indig'nant, a. moved by anger and scorn or sense of injury. Indignation, n. such feeling.

Indig'nity n. unworthy treatment; contumely; insult.

In'digo, n. (pl. -os), blue powder from some plants, used as dye.

Indirect' a. not direct; not done by direct means.

Indiscern'ible, a. imperceptible.

Indis'cipline, n. lack of discipline.

Indiscreet' a. injudicious.

Indiscre'tion. n. imprudence rashness; social transgression.

Indiscrim'inate, a. confused undiscriminating. ~tion, n.

Indispen'sable, a. not to be dispensed with; necessary that cannot be set aside. ~bility, n.

Indispose' (-z), v.t. make unfit or unable, make averse to.

Indisposi'tion (-zi-), n. ill-health disinclination, aversion.

Indis'putable, a. incontrovertible.

Indisso'luble, a. not dissolvable.

Indistinct', a. not distinct; confused obscure. ~ive, a.

Indistin'guishable (-nggw-), a. not distinguishable.

Indite v.t. (-table), put into words (joc.) write (letter &c.).

In'dium, n. a rare metal of lead-grey colour occurring in zinc ores.

Individ'ual, a. single particular characteristic of particular person, &c. n. single person.

Individ'ualism, n. egoism social theory favouring free action of individuals. ~ist, n. ~istic, a.

Individual'ity n. individual existence, individual character

Individ'ualize, v.t. (-zable) give individual character to; specify ~zation, n.

Indivis'ible (-z-), a. not divisible.

Indoc'ile, a. intractable. ~ility n.

In'dolence, n. laziness, sloth.

In'dolent, a. lazy slothful.

Indom'itable, a. unyielding.

In'door (-dor) a. done within house or under cover, domestic.

Indoors (-dorz), adv. within house.

Indorsee' n. one in whose favour bill, &c. is endorsed.

Indu'bitable, a. beyond doubt.

Induce v.t. (-cible), prevail on, persuade; bring about. ~ment, n. attraction; motive.

Induct', v.t. install introduce.

Induc'tion, n. inducting; general inference from particular instances; (Electr.) the electrification of an uncharged body by the proximity of charged one. ~ive, a. based on induction.

Indulge' (-j), v.t. & i. (-geable) gratify give free course to.

Indul'gence, n. habitual indulging of desire; privilege granted.

indul'gent, a. gratifying; favouring, giving way to.
in'durate, v.t. & i. (-ātable), make or become hard. ~tion, n.
indus'trial, a. of industries. ~ism, n. system involving, or prevalence of, industries.
indus'trious, a. diligent.
in'dustry, n. diligence; branch of trade or manufacture.
indwell'ing, a. dwelling within.
inē'briate, a. (-at) drunken. n. (-at), drunkard. v.t. (-āt), make drunk. ~tion, n.
inebri'ety, n. drunkenness.
ined'ible, a. not edible.
ineff'able, a. unspeakable.
ineffec'tive, a. inefficient; useless.
ineffec'tual, a. without effect.
ineffi'cient (-shent), a. not fully capable; ineffective. ~ency, n.
inel'egant, a. ungraceful, unrefined, unpolished. ~ance, n.
inel'igible, a. not qualified.
inept', a. absurd, silly; out of place. ~itude, n.
inequal'ity (-ŏl-), n. want of equality; variableness; unevenness.
ineq'uitable, a. unfair, unjust.
inerad'icable, a. that cannot be rooted out.
inert', a. without inherent power of action; sluggish, slow.
iner'tia (-shya), n. inertness; sloth.
‡ in esse', in actual existence.
inestim'able, a. too good or too great to be estimated.
inev'itable, a. unavoidable, bound to happen or appear. ~bility, n.
inexact' (-gz-), a. not exact.
inexhaus'tible (-igzaw-), a. unfailing.
inex'orable, a. relentless.
inexpē'dient, a. not expedient.
inexpen'sive, a. cheap.
inexpē'rience, n. want of experience.
inexpert', a. unskilled.
inex'piable, a. that cannot be expiated; implacable.
inexplic'able, a. that cannot be explained. ~bility, n.
inexpress'ible, a. unutterable, not to be told. n.pl. (joc.) trousers.
‡ in exten'so, in unabridged form.
inextin'guishable (-nggw-), a. unquenchable.
‡ in extrē'mis, at point of death.
inextric'able, a. that cannot be loosed, solved, or escaped from.
infall'ible, a. not liable to err; unfailing, sure. ~bility, n.
in'famous, a. of ill fame; vile.
in'famy, n. ill fame; vileness.
in'fancy, n. first stage of life.
in'fant, n. babe; child under 7; person under 21.
infan'ta, -te (-ahnta, -at), nn. dau. of Sp. or Port. prince or princess, not being heir to throne.
infan'ticide, n. murder of newborn child; person guilty of this.
in'fantile, a. of infancy.
in'fantry, n. foot-soldiers.
infat'uate, v.t. (-āted), affect with extreme folly; inspire with extravagant passion. ~tion, n.
infect', v.t. affect with contagion; imbue with opinion, &c.
infec'tion, n. communication of disease; diffusive influence.
infec'tious (-shus), a. contagious; transmissible by infection.
infeli'citous, a. not felicitous.
infeli'city, n. unhappiness.
infer', v.t. deduce, conclude; imply. ~able, a. in'ference, n. inferen'tial, a.
infē'rior, a. situated below; lower in rank, &c.; of poor quality. n. one of lower rank. ~ity, n.
infer'nal, a. of hell; hellish.
infer'no, n. (pl. -os), hell.
infer'tile, a. unfruitful.
infest', v.t. haunt, swarm in.
in'fidel, n. disbeliever in religion. a. unbelieving; of infidels.
infidel'ity, n. disbelief in Christianity; disloyalty.
in'fighting, n. boxing at closer quarters than arm's length.
infil'trate, v.t. & i. (-āted), introduce (fluid) by filtration; permeate by filtration. ~tion, n.
in'finite, a. boundless; endless; very great or many.
infinites'imal, infinitely or very small. ~ calculus, the differential and integral calculuses regarded as one.

infin'itive, a. (of verb form) expressing the verbal notion without predicating it of a subject. n. infinitive form.

infin'itude, infin'ity nn. immensity; infinite number or extent.

infirm' a. physically weak; weak of mind, irresolute. ~ity n.

infirm'ary, n. hospital; sick quarters in school, &c.

‖ **in flagran'te delic'to**, in the act of committing the offence.

inflame' v.t. & i. set ablaze; catch fire; raise to morbid heat, be so raised; excite.

inflamm'able, a. easily set on fire; easily excited. ~bility, n.

inflamma'tion, n. morbid process affecting part of body with heat, swelling, and redness.

inflamm'atory a. having the power of inflaming.

inflate' v.t. (-table), distend with air or gas; puff up; raise (price) artificially; (p.p.) bombastic. ~tion, ~tor, nn.

inflect' v.t. bend, curve; modify to express grammatical relation.

inflex'ible, a. unbendable; unbending, unyielding. ~bility n.

inflex'ion (-kshon), n. inflecting; inflected word, suffix, &c. used in this; modulation of voice.

inflict' v.t. deal forcibly (blow &c.); impose as punishment.

inflic'tion, n. punishment; troublesome or boring experience.

infloresc'ence, n. collective flowers of plant; flowering.

in'flow (-ō), n., **in'flowing** (-ōing) n. & a. flowing in.

in'fluence (-lōō-), n. action invisibly exercised; ascendancy; moral power; thing or person exercising this. v.t. (-ceable), exert influence upon; affect.

influen'tial (-lōō-enshal), a. having great influence.

influen'za (-lōō-), n. infectious febrile disorder; severe catarrh.

in'flux, n. flowing in.

inform' v.t. & i. tell; instruct; inspire; bring charge against.

inform'al, a. not in due form; without formality. ~al'ity n.

inform'ant, n. giver of information.

informa'tion, n. telling; what is told; knowledge; news; charge or accusation. **inform'ative**, a. giving information; instructive.

inform'er, n. one who informs against others.

‖ **in'fra**, adv. below or further on in book, &c. **in'fra dig.**, beneath one's dignity.

infrac'tion, n. infringement.

infre'quency n. rarity.

infre'quent, a. not frequent.

infringe' (-j), v.t. (-geable), transgress (law &c.). ~ment, n.

infur'iate, v.t. (-iable), enrage.

infuse' (-z), v.t. & i. (-sible), pour in; instil; steep, be steeped, in liquid to extract properties.

infu'sion (-zhon), n. infusing; liquid extract so obtained.

infusor'ia, n.pl. class of protozoa in infusions of decaying matter.

in'gathering (in-gădh-), n. a gathering in, esp. of harvest.

ingen'ious (-j-), a. clever at contriving; cleverly contrived.

‖ **ingénue** (ăñzhānoo'), n. artless girl, esp. as stage type.

ingenu'ity (-j-), n. ingeniousness.

ingen'uous (-j-), a. frank; artless.

ingle (ing'gl), n. fire on hearth. ~nook, chimney-corner.

inglor'ious (in-g-), a. ignominious; obscure.

in'going (in-g-), a. & n. going in.

in'got (-ngg-), n. mass of metal, esp. gold, silver, or steel.

ingrain (before noun in'-grain, else in-grain'), a. dyed in grain; (fig.) inveterate. ~ed, a.

ingrate' (in-g-), n. ungrateful person.

ingra'tiate (in-grāshi-), v.refl. get into favour with.

ingrat'itude (in-g-), n. want of gratitude.

ingre'dient (in-g-), n. component part in mixture.

in'gress (in-g-), n. entrance.

inhab'it, v.t. dwell in, occupy. **inhab'itant**, n. person, &c. who inhabits place.

inhale' v.t. (-lable), take into lungs; breathe in. **inhala'tion**, n.

inharmō'nious, a. discordant.
inhere' v.i. exist, abide, in; be vested in. ~ence, n. ~ent, a.
inhe'rit, v.t. receive as heir; derive from parents, &c. ~ance, n. inheriting; what is inherited. ~or, n. ~ress, ~rix, nn. fem.
inhe'sion (-zhn) n. inhering.
inhib'it, v.t. prohibit; hinder, restrain. inhibi'tion, n.; ~ory, a.
inhos'pitable, a. affording no kindness or shelter.
inhū'man, a. brutal, unfeeling, barbarous. inhūma'nity n.
inhūme', v.t. (-mable), bury.
inim'ical, a. hostile, harmful.
inim'itable, a. defying imitation.
iniq'uitous, a. unjust; wicked.
iniq'uity n. wickedness.
ini'tial (-shl), a. of, occurring at, the beginning. n. initial letter. v.t. mark, sign, with initials.
ini'tiate (-shĭ-), v.t. (-iable), originate, set on foot; admit, introduce. ini'tiate (-shĭ i, n. initiated person. ~tion, n. ~tory, a.
ini'tiative (-shya-) n. first step, lead. a. originating.
inject' v.t. force into as by syringe; fill with fluid thus. ~ion, n. fluid, &c. injected.
injūdi'cious (-jŏŏdishus), a. without judgement.
injunc'tion, n. command, order.
in'jure (-jer), v.t. do wrong to harm, impair.
injur'ious (-joor-), a. wrongful, harmful; calumnious.
in'jury, n. wrong, damage.
injus'tice, n. unjust act.
ink, n. kinds of fluid for writing or printing. v.t. mark, cover, or smear with ink. ink'y, a.
ink'ling, n. hint; slight knowledge or suspicion of.
in'land (-a- -ă-), n. interior of country. a. within a country, remote from sea or border. adv. in, towards, the inland.
inlay v.t. (inlaid), embed things in groundwork of another; ornament thus. n. (in'lā), inlaid work.
in'let, n. small arm of sea.
in'ly, adv. inwardly
in'mate, n. occupant of house.
‖ in memō'riam, in memory of.
in'most, a. most inward.
inn, n. public house for lodging, &c. of travellers. ~keeper, n.
innate (inăt')-ĭ-, a. inborn.
inn'er a. interior internal. circle next bull's-eye ~most, a.
inn'ings (-z), n. (pl. same), (Crick., Baseball) time occupied in batting, by batsman or side; time free, used &c.
inn'ocent, a. sinless; not guilty [illegible], harmless. n. simple person; idiot. inn'ocence, n.
innoc'uous, a. harmless.
inn'ovate, v.i. bring in novelties make changes. ~tion, ~tor nn.
innuen'dō, n. (pl. ~oes) allusive (usu. depreciatory) remark.
innū'merable, a. countless.
innūtri'tion, n. lack of nutrition.
innūtri'tious (-shus), a. not nourishing.
inobser'vance (-z-), n. non-observance inattention.
inoc'ūlate, v.t. (-lable), impregnate with disease, &c. esp. as [illegible] tive measure ~tion, ~tor nn.
inō'dorous, a. odourless.
inoffen'sive, a. unoffending; not objectionable.
inop'erative, a. not working or taking effect.
inoppor'tune, a. unseasonable.
inord'inate, a. excessive.
inorgan'ic, a. without organized physical structure.
in'quest (in-kw-), n. legal or judicial inquiry into matter of fact.
inquiē'tude (in-kw-), n. uneasiness.
inquire (in-kw-), v.t. & i. search; seek out; ask for.
inquir'y (in-kw-), n. question investigation.
inquisi'tion (in-kwiz-), n. investigation; official inquiry ~al, a.
inquis'itive (in-kwiz-), a. curious, prying.
inquis'itor (in kwiz-), n. investigator. ~or'ial, a. prying
in'road, n. hostile incursion.
in'rush, n. violent influx
insalū'brious (-lŏŏ-), a. unhealthy
insalū'brity (-lŏŏ-), n.

insane', a. mad; senseless.
insan'itary, a. contrary to sanitary principles.
insan'ity, n. madness.
insa'tiable (-sha-), a. that cannot be sated; greedy. ~bility n.
insa'tiate (-shyat), a. never satisfied.
inscribe', v.t. (-bable), write on stone, &c.; mark in writing.
inscrip'tion, n. inscribing; words inscribed on monument, coin, &c. ~tional, ~tive, aa.
inscru'table (-roo-), a. mysterious, impenetrable. ~bility n.
in'sect, n. small invertebrate animal. insectiv'orous, a. insect-eating. insectol'ogy n.
insecure', a. unsafe.
insecur'ity n. uncertainty.
insen'sate, a. without sensibility; stupid.
insen'sible, a. imperceptible; unconscious; void of feeling; unaware. ~bility n.
insen'sibly adv. imperceptibly.
insen'sitive, a. not sensitive.
insen'tient (-shi-), a. inanimate.
insep'arable, a. that cannot be separated. ~bility, n.
insert' v.t. place in or among other things; introduce, engraft, include. inser'tion, n. inserting; thing inserted.
in'set, n. extra piece inserted.
in'shore, adv. & a. close to shore.
inside, n. (in'sid'), inner side or part; interior (-sid'), inside passenger; (colloq.) stomach. a. (in'-), situated on or in the inside. adv. (-sid'), on or in the inside. prep. on the inside of.
insid'ious, a. treacherous; proceeding secretly or subtly.
in'sight (-it), n. mental penetration.
insig'nia, n.pl. badges, marks, of office, &c.
insignif'icant, a. unimportant meaningless. insignif'icance, n.
insincere' a. not sincere; disingenuous. insincer'ity n.
insin'uate, v.t. (-uable), wheedle; introduce gradually or subtly; hint. ~tion, ~tor nn.; ~tive, a.
insip'id, a. flavourless; dull, lifeless. insipid'ity n.
insist' v.i. & t. emphasize; maintain; demand persistently. ~ence, ~ency nn.; ~ent, a.
‖ in si'tu, in its original place.
insobri'ety n. intemperance.
in'solent, a. offensively contemptuous, insulting. in'solence, n.
insol'uble, a. not to be solved; not to be dissolved. ~bility, n.
insol'vent, a. unable to pay debts. n. such debtor. insol'vency, n.
insom'nia, n. sleeplessness.
insomuch' adv. to such a degree.
inspan' v.t. & i. (S. Afr.) yoke (oxen, &c.) to vehicle harness.
inspect' v.t. look closely into examine officially. ~ion, ~or, ~orship, nn. ~oral, ~or'ial, aa.
in'spirator, n. apparatus for drawing in air, &c.
inspir'atory a. of breathing in.
inspire' v.t. (-rable), breathe in infuse thought or feeling into animate. inspira'tion, n.
inspir'it, v.t. put life into animate, encourage.
inspis'sate, v.t. thicken, condense.
instabil'ity n. lack of (esp. moral) stability.
install (-awl), v.t. place in office with ceremony; establish in place. installa'tion, n.
instal'ment (-awl-), n. part payment of a debt; part of a whole.
in'stance, n. example; particular case; request. v.t. (-cable), cite (case) as instance; be an instance of.
in'stant, a. urgent, pressing; immediate. n. precise moment; short time. ~ly adv. at once.
instanta'neous, a. occurring, done, in an instant.
‖ in sta'tu quo (ante), in same position as before.
instead' (-ĕd), adv. as a substitute; in place of.
in'step, n. top of foot between toes and ankle; part of shoe.
in'stigate, v.t. (-gable), incite to or bring about revolt, murder, &c. ~tion, ~tor, nn.
instil' v.t. put into by drops; put

(ideas) into the mind gradually. instilla'tion, n.

Instinct, n. (in -), innate impulse; intuition. a. (-inkt'), filled, charged, with life, energy &c. instinc'tive, a.

In'stitute, v.t. (-tūte), establish; set on foot; appoint. n. organized body for promotion of public object; its building.

Institū'tion, n. instituting; established law or custom; (colloq.) familiar object. ~al, a.; ~ter, n.

Instruct', v.t. teach; inform; give information to; direct.

Instruc'tion, n. teaching; information; (usu. pl.) direction, orders.

Instruc'tive, a. enlightening.

Instruc'tor, n. teacher; teacher ranking below professor. ~tress.

In'strument (-rōō-), n. tool, implement; contrivance producing musical sounds; legal document.

Instrumen'tal (-rōō-), a. conducive as means to some end; of, performed on, instruments.

Instrumen'talist (-rōō-), n. performer on instrument.

Instrumental'ity (-rōō-), n. agency.

Instrumenta'tion (-rōō-), n. arrangement of music for instruments.

Insubor'dinate, a. disobedient; unruly. insubordina'tion, n.

Insuf'ferable, a. unbearable.

Insuffi'cient (-shent), a. not enough; inadequate. ~ncy n.

In'sular, a. belonging to an island. ~ism, insular'ity, nn.

In'sulate, v.t. (-āte), make into an island; isolate, esp. by nonconductors. ~tion, ~tor, nn.

In'sulin, n. a specific for diabetes extracted from the pancreas of animals.

Insult, n. (in -), scornful abuse; affront. v.t. (-ult'), treat with insult.

Insu'perable, a. that cannot be got over. ~bility n.

Insupport'able, a. unbearable.

Insur'ance (-shoor-), n. contract to indemnify insured against loss or damage to property &c., or to pay fixed sum at the insurer's or another's death, or make payment to insured person in case of sickness, unemployment, &c.

Insure (-shoor), v.t. & i. (-ulr) issue, take out, insurance policy.

Insur'gent, a. in revolt; rebellious. n. rebel. insur'gency, n.

Insurmoun'table (-owr-), a. insuperable.

Insurrec'tion (-urr-), n. incipient rebellion; rising. ~ary a. ~ist, n. insurgent.

Insuscep'tible, a. not susceptible. ~bility n.

Intact', a. untouched, unimpaired; entire.

Intag'liated (-tăl-), a. carved on the surface. intag'lio (-tăl-), n. engraved design; gem with incised design.

In'take, n. place of taking water into pipe, &c.; inlet.

Intan'gible ([illegible]), a. that cannot be touched. ~bility n.

In'teger, n. whole number; thing complete in itself.

In'tegral, a. of or essential to a whole; complete, not fractional.

In'tegrant, a. component.

In'tegrate, v.t. (-rāte), complete; form into a whole; indicate average or sum of. ~tion, ~tor, n. ~tive, a.

Integ'rity, n. entirety; honesty.

Integ'ument, n. skin, husk, rind, or the like. integumen'tary, a.

In'tellect, n. faculty of knowing and reasoning; understanding. ~ion, n. process of understanding.

Intellec'tual, a. of the intellect; enlightened. n. such person. ~ism, n. doctrine that knowledge is mainly derived from pure reason. ~ist, ~ity, nn.

Intel'ligence, n. intellect; quickness of understanding; news.

Intel'ligent, a. having, showing, a good intelligence.

Intelligent'sia, n. class aspiring to independent thinking.

Intel'ligible, a. that can be understood; comprehensible; clear. ~bility n.

Intem'perate, a. immoderate; ex-

cessively indulgent of appetite; addicted to drinking. ~ance, n.
intend', v.t. purpose; design.
intense', a. existing in a high degree; vehement; strenuous; strained. inten'sity, n.
inten'sify, v.t. & i. make or become intense. ~fication, n.
inten'sion (-shn), n. high degree of quality.
inten'sive, a. of or in intensity; forced; assiduous.
intent', n. intention. a. resolved, bent on; absorbed; eager.
inten'tion, n. intending; purpose, aim. inten'tional (-shon-), a. done on purpose.
inter', v.t. place (corpse, &c.) in earth or tomb; bury.
interact', v.i. act reciprocally or on each other. interac'tion, n.
‖ inter a'lia, among other things.
interblend', v.t. & i. blend with each other.
interbreed', v.t. & i. crossbreed.
intercal'ary, a. inserted to harmonize calendar with solar year.
inter'calate, v.t. (-lable), insert; interpose. ~tion, n.
intercede', v.i. plead; mediate.
intercept', v.t. seize, catch, stop in transit; cut off. ~ion, n.
interces'sion (-shn), n. interceding. ~sor, n. ~sory, a.
interchange' (n., v.t. (-ānj') (-geable), put (things) in each other's place; make an exchange of; alternate. n. (in'), exchange between persons; alternation.
intercolo'nial, a. existing, carried on, between colonies.
intercommu'nicate, v.i. have intercourse with. ~tion, n.
intercommu'nion (-yon), n. intimate intercourse; mutual relation.
intercommu'nity, n. being, or having things, in common.
in'tercourse (-ōrs), n. social communication; trade between countries, &c.; sexual connexion.
interdict', v.t. (-ikt'), forbid; prohibit; restrain. n. (in'), authoritative prohibition. ~ion, n.
in'terest, n. legal concern, title, right; advantage; personal influence; money paid for use of loan. v.t. excite interest of; cause to take interest in; (p.p.) having a private interest in, not impartial. in'teresting, a. exciting interest.
interfere', v.i. meddle; intervene; be an obstacle. interfer'ence, n. intermeddling.
interfuse' (-z), v.t. & i. (-sible) mix; blend. ~sion, n.
in'terim, n. meantime. a. intervening; provisional.
inter'ior, a. situated within; inland. n. inland part; inside.
interja'cent, a. lying between.
interject', v.t. utter (words) abruptly or parenthetically.
interjec'tion, n. exclamation, ejaculation. ~al, a. ~tor, n.
interlace', v.t. & i. (-ceable), bind intricately together; interweave.
interlard', v.t. mix; diversify.
interleave', v.t. insert blank leaves between printed leaves.
interline', v.t. insert words between lines. ~lin'ear, a. so inserted. ~lineā'tion, n. such insertion.
interlink', v.t. link closely.
interlock', v.i. & t. be locked together; lock or clasp together.
interlocū'tor, n. one who takes part in conversation. ~ū'tion, n. dialogue. interlocū'tory, a.
interlope', v.i. thrust oneself into others' affairs, esp. for gain. in'terloper, n. intruder.
in'terlude (-lōōd), n. pause between acts of play; piece of music, event, &c. interposed.
intermar'ry, v.i. become connected by marriage with members of different tribes, families, &c. ~mar'riage (-ij), n.
intermed'dle, v.i. interpose in others' concerns.
interme'diary, a. acting between parties. n. mediator.
interme'diate (-at), a. intervening; interposed. ~tion, n.
inter'ment, n. burial.
inter'minable, a. endless; tediously protracted.

intermingle (-ming'gl), v.t. & i. mix together

intermi'ssion (-shn), n. pause, cessation for a time.

intermit' v.t. & i. suspend; stop for a time. ~mittent, a.

intermix' v.t. & i. mix together. ~ture, n.

intern' v.t. confine within prescribed limits. ~ment, n.

inter'nal, a. of or in the inside; intrinsic; inward. ~ity, n.

interna'tional (-shon-), a. existing, carried on, between nations. n. one who takes part in an international match. (often as P ~ale) International Working Men's Associations for promoting joint political action of working classes in all countries. ~ist, n.

Internationale' (-shonahl), n. socialistic hymn (the ~) sung at demonstrations [illegible]

interna'tionalize (-shon-), v.t. (-zable), make international; bring (territory) under joint protection. ~zation, n.

interne'cine, a. mutually destructive, deadly

internu'ncio (-shio), n. Pope's ambassador

interpel'late, v.t. interrupt to demand explanation. ~tion, n.

interpen'etrate, v.t. & i. pervade; penetrate mutually. ~tion, n.

in'terplay, n. reciprocal action.

interplead' v.i. litigate with each other in order to settle a point in which a third party is concerned.

interpo'late, v.t. make (esp. misleading) insertions in; interject in talk. ~tion, ~tor, n.

interpose' (-z), v.t. & i. (-sable), insert between others; interject remark; intervene. ~sition, n.

inter'pret, v.t. & i. explain; render, represent; translate. ~a'tion, n.

inter'preter, n. an expounder; one who translates orally

interre'gnum, n. (pl. -ms, -na), interval between successive reigns; interval, pause

inte'rrogate, v.t. (-gable), question closely or formally. ~tion, n.

interro'gative, a. of, suited to, questions; n. such word. ~ly, adv.

interro'gatory, a. of inquiry, questioning; set of questions put to accused person.

interrupt' v.t. break in upon, break the continuity of; obstruct (view &c.). ~ion, n.

intersect' v.t. & i. divide thing by crossing it. intersec'tion, n. point, line, common to intersecting lines, planes.

in'terspace, n. intervening space.

intersperse' v.t. (-sable), scatter (things) between; diversify. interspe'rsion (-shn), n.

inter'stice, n. chink, crevice, gap. intersti'tial (-shl), a.

intertwine' v.t. & i. twine closely together

in'terval, n. intervening time or space; pause; break.

intervene' v.i. occur in meantime; come between persons or things; interfere; mediate. interven'tion, n. interference, mediation.

in'terview (-vū), n. meeting of persons face to face for purpose of discussion, business, &c.

interweave' v.t. weave together; blend intimately.

intes'tate, a. not having made a will. n. one who dies intestate. intes'tacy, n.

intes'tine, a. internal, domestic; wholly within a body. n. (usu. pl.) lower part of alimentary canal. intes'tinal, a. of the intestines.

in'timate¹ a. closely acquainted, familiar; close. n. intimate friend. in'timacy, n.

in'timate² v.t. (-mable), make known, state; imply. ~tion, n.

intim'idate, v.t. (-dable), frighten, cow. ~tion, ~tor, nn.

in'to (-tŏŏ), prep. expr. motion or direction to a point within, or change to a state.

intol'erable, a. not to be endured. ~rance, n.; ~rant, a.

intone' (in-tōn), v.t. (-nable), recite in singing voice; utter with particular tone. intona'tion [illegible]

tion, n. intoning; modulation of voice, accent, &c.

in tō'tō, entirely.

intox'icant, a. intoxicating. n. intoxicating liquor.

intox'icāte, v.t. (-cable), make drunk; excite, elate, beyond self control. intoxicā'tion, n.

intrac'table, a. not docile; refractory. ~bility n.

intramur'al, a. situated, done, within walls of city house, &c.

intransi'geant (-z-), a. uncompromising in politics. n. uncompromising Republican.

intran'sitive (-zitiv-), a. not taking direct object.

intrep'id, a. fearless; brave. intrepid'ity, n.

in'tricate, a. entangled; involved; complicated. in'tricacy n.

intrigue' (-ēg), n. plot secret amour. v.i. & t. carry on intrigue; employ secret influence rouse the interest or curiosity of.

intrin'sic, a. inherent; essential.

introduce' v.t. (-cible), usher in, bring forward, make (person) known to another bring into notice.

introduc'tion, n. introducing; preliminary matter in book presentation of person to another. introduc'tory, a.

intrō'it, n. psalm, &c. sung while priest approaches altar for mass or Communion.

intromit', v.t. admit into; insert. intromis'sion (-shn), n.

introspect' v.t. examine one's own thoughts. ~ion, n. ~ive, a.

introvert', v.t. (-ēr'), draw (organ, &c.) within its own tube or base; turn (mind) inwards. n. (in'-), introversible organ, &c.; thing or person introverted. introver'sible, a.; introver'sion, n.

intrude' (-rōōd), v.t. & i. (-dable), thrust into force upon.

intru'sion (-rōō-), n. intruding; forcing in. ~ive, a.

intui'tion, n. immediate apprehension by the mind without reasoning; immediate insight. intui'tional, a.

intu'itive, a. of, possessing, or perceived by intuition.

in'undāte, v.t. (-table) flood, submerge. inundā'tion, n.

inure' v.t. (-rable) habituate, accustom. ~ment, n.

inurn' v.t. put (ashes) in urn.

invāde', v.t. (-dable) make hostile inroad into; encroach on.

in'valid (-ēd), a. enfeebled or disabled by illness or injury. n. invalid person. v.t. remove from active service send away as an invalid. ~ism, n.

inval'id a. not valid.

inval'idāte, v.t. (-dable), make invalid. ~tion, invalid'ity nn.

inval'uable, a. above price.

invā'riable, a. always the same (Math.) constant. ~bility n.

invā'sion (-zhn), n. invading encroachment. ~ive, a.

invec'tive, n. abusive speech.

inveigh' (-vā), v.i. speak violently rail against.

invei'gle (vē- vā-), v.t. entice, seduce; wheedle. ~ment, n.

invent' v.t. devise, originate fabricate. inven'tion, n. inventing; thing invented inventiveness. ~ive, a.; ~or, ~ress, nn.

in'ventory n. list of goods, &c. v.t. enter in inventory

inverness n. kind of man's cloak with long removable cape.

inverse' a. inverted in position, order, or relation. ~sion, n. (esp.) reversal of natural order of words. ~sive, a.

invert', v.t. reverse position, order or relation of.

inver'tebrate, a. without backbone or spinal column (fig.) weak willed. n. invertebrate animal.

invest' v.t. & i. clothe, dress; endue with qualities, &c. lay siege to; lay out money

inves'tigāte, v.t. (-gable), examine, inquire into. ~tion, ~tor, nn.

inves'titure, n. formal investing of person with office.

invest'ment, n. investing money invested. inves'tor, n.

invet'erate, a. deep-rooted, confirmed. invet'eracy n.

invid'ious, *a.* giving offence; likely to provoke ill-will.
invi'gilate, *v.i.* maintain surveillance over examinees. ~tor *n.*
invig'orate, *v.t.* (-rable) make vigorous. ~tive, *a.*; ~tor, *n.*
invin'cible, *a.* unconquerable; not to be subdued. ~bility *n.*
invi'olable, *a.* not to be violated. ~bility, *n.* invi'olacy *n.* state of being inviolate. invi'olate, *a.* not violated.
invis'ible (-z-), *a.* that cannot be seen. ~ exports, shipping services, foreign investments, and the like. ~bility *n.*
invite, *v.t.* (-table), request courteously to come; solicit courteously; be attractive. *n.* (colloq.) invitation. invita'tion, *n.*
invoca'tion, *n.* invoking; calling upon in prayer. invoc'atory *a.*
in'voice, *n.* list of goods sent, with prices. *v.t.* make invoice of.
invoke' *v.t.* call on in prayer; appeal to; ask earnestly for.
in'volucre (-lōōker), *n.* (Bot.) whorl of bracts round inflorescence; (Anat.) covering, envelope.
invol'untary, *a.* unintentional.
in'volute (-lōōt) *a.* intricate; curled spirally. ~tion, *n.* involving; intricacy; curling inwards, part so curled.
involve' *v.t.* (-vable), entangle; implicate; entail. ~ment, *n.* financial embarrassment.
invul'nerable, *a.* that cannot be hurt. ~bility *n.*
in'ward, *a.* situated within; mental, spiritual. *n.pl.* entrails.
in'wardly, *adv.* on the inside.
in'wardness, *n.* inner nature.
in'wards (-dz), -rd, *adv.* towards the inside.
inweave' *v.t.* (-wove), weave in.
inwrought (inrawt) before noun in-), *a.* decorated; wrought in.
inya'la (-ah-) *n.* S. Afr. antelope.
i'odine (or -ēn), *n.* non-metallic element used in medicine and photography.
i'odise, *v.t.* impregnate with iodine.

i'odoform, *n.* an antiseptic.
i'on, *n.* electrical particle formed when neutral atom or group of atoms loses or gains one or more electrons.
io'ta, *n.* Greek letter i, jot.
I O U (I owe you) *n.* signed document acknowledging debt.
ipecacuan'ha (-na), *n.* root of S.Amer. plant used as emetic.
ip'se dix'it, *n.* (pl. -its), dogmatic statement; dictum.
ip'so fac'to, *adv.* by that very fact.
iras'cible (or ī-), *a.* irritable; hot-tempered. ~bility *n.*
ire, *n.* anger. irate' ~ful, *a.*
irides'cent (-désnt), *a.* of [illegible] of the iris kind.
irides'cent, *a.* showing rainbow-like colours. irides'cence, *n.*
irid'ium, *n.* a white metal.
i'ris, *n.* circle round the pupil of the eye; kinds of plant.
I'rish (ī-), of Ireland. *n.* I. language. ~ Free State, part of Ireland separated from the U.K. and established as a British Dominion. ~ism, *n.* I. idiom.
irk, *v.t.* tire, bore. ~some, *a.*
iron (ī'ern) *n.* a metal much used for tools, &c.; tool of iron, esp. one heated to smooth linen, &c.; (pl.) fetters. *a.* of iron; robust; unyielding. *v.t.* smooth with iron; shackle with irons. ~clad, *a.* protected with iron; *n.* ar-cased with iron. ~founder, maker of iron castings. ~ (man, colloq.) silver dollar. ~master, manufacturer of iron. ~monger, dealer in iron goods. ~mongery, iron goods. ~mould, spot caused by rust or ink-stain. ~stone, ore of iron. ~ward, various species of trees. ~works, place where iron is smelted or iron goods made.
iron'ic, ~al, *a.* of or addicted to irony.
i'ronist, *n.* one who uses irony.
i'rony, *n.* expression of one's meaning by language of opposite or different tendency.
irony' (ī'ern-), *a.* of or like iron.

[illegible]

irra'diate, v.t. (-iable), shine upon; throw light on; light up (face). ~tion, ~tor, nn.
irra'tional (-shon-), a. unreasonable, illogical; not endowed with reason. irrationa'lity n.
irreclaim'able, a. not to be reclaimed or reformed.
irrecon'cilable, a. implacably hostile; incompatible. ~bility, n.
irrecov'erable (-kŭ-), a. that cannot be recovered or remedied.
irredeem'able, a. irreclaimable, hopeless; not to be redeemed.
irredu'cible, a. not reducible.
irrefra'gable, a. indisputable, unanswerable.
irrefran'gible, a. inviolable.
irref'utable, a. not to be refuted. ~bility n.
irreg'ular, a. contrary to rule uneven, varying disorderly not in regular service. n.pl. troops not in regular service. irregula'rity n.
irrel'evant, a. not relevant. irrel'evance, n.
irrelig'ion (-jn) n. hostility or indifference to religion impiety irrelig'ious (-jus), a.
irreme'diable, a. past remedy
irremo'vable (-mōō-), a. not removable. ~bility n.
irrep'arable, a. that cannot be made good.
irreplace'able (-sa-), a. of which the loss cannot be supplied.
irrepress'ible, a. that cannot be repressed.
irreproach'able, a. faultless, blameless. ~bility n.
irresis'tible (-zis-), a. too strong, convincing, charming, &c. to be resisted. ~bility, n.
irres'olute (-ōōt), a. hesitating; wanting in resolution. ~tion, n.
irresol'vable (-zŏl-), a. that cannot be resolved into parts.
irrespec'tive, a. ~of, without reference to.
irrespon'sible, a. not responsible; acting, done, without due sense of responsibility ~bility n.
irrespon'sive, a. not responsive to.
irretriev'able, a. not retrievable.
irrev'erent, a. wanting in reverence. irrev'erence, n.
irrevers'ible, a. that cannot be reversed. ~bility, n.
irrev'ocable, a. unalterable gone beyond recall. ~bility n.
i'rrigate, v.t. (-gable), supply (land) with water; water (land) with channels. ~tion, ~tor, nn.
i'rritable, a. easily annoyed. ~bility n.
i'rritant, a. causing irritation. n. such substance or agency
i'rritate, v.t. excite to anger, annoy inflame. ~tion, n.
irrup'tion, n. invasion.
is, 3rd pers. sing. pres. of be.
isinglass (ī'zingglahs), n. kind of gelatin got from sturgeon, &c.
Islam (is- or -ahm') n. Mohammedanism, the body of Mohammedans or Mussulmans. ~ism, n.
island (ī'l-) n. piece of land surrounded by water.
isle (īl), n. island.
islet (īl-), n. small island.
i'sobar (or ī'-), n. isobaric line
isobar'ic (or ī-), a. on which the barometric pressure is equal.
isoch'ronous (or ī- -kr-), a. occupying equal time.
isocli'nal (or ī-), a. & n. (line) of equal magnetic dip.
i'solate, v.t. (-lable), place apart or alone. ~tion, n.
isoseis'mal (or ī-; -siz-), a. & n. (line) of equal earthquake-shock intensity.
i'sotherm (or ī-), n. isotherm'al (or ī-), a. (line) of equal mean annual temperature.
is'sue, n. outgoing, outflow; result, outcome; children; question, dispute; copies of journal, &c. issued at one time. v.t. & i. (-uable), go or come out, emerge be derived, result send forth; publish, circulate.
isth'mus (or is'mus), n. (pl. -muses), neck of land; narrow connecting part.
it, pron. (poss. its; pl. they, obj. them, poss. their), the thing named or in question.

Italian (ităl'yan), a. of Italy. n. native, language, of Italy.
Ital'ic, a. (I-) of ancient Italy. n. pl. (i-) italic type. ~ type, sloping type. Ital'icize, v.t. (-cised), print in italics.
Itch, n. irritation in skin; disease with itch; desire. i. feel itch; crave for; desire to do.
I'tem, a. any one of enumerated things. adv. also, likewise. ~ize, v.t. state in items.
It'erate, v.t. (-rated), repeat; state repeatedly. ~tion, n.; ~tive, a.
Itin'erant (or ī-), a. travelling from place to place. ~ancy, n.
Itin'erary (or ī-), n. record of travel; guide-book; route. a. of roads or travelling.
Itin'erate (or ī-), v.i. be itinerant, esp. preach in circuit.
Its, pron. possessive of it.
Itself', pron. (pl. themselves), emphatic and refl. form of it.
I'vory, n. white substance of the tusks of elephants, &c.; (sl., pl.) dice, billiard balls, teeth.
I'vy, n. climbing evergreen with shining leaves. I'vied (-id), a. overgrown with ivy.
I'xia, n. S. Afr. plant of iris kind with showy flowers.

J

Jab, v.t. poke roughly; thrust abruptly. n. abrupt blow.
Jab'ber, i. & t. chatter volubly; utter fast and indistinctly. n. chatter, gabble.
Jabot (zhăb'ō), n. frill on bodice.
Ja'cinth (or jă-), n. a gem, reddish-orange kind of zircon.
Jack, n. machine for turning spit, lifting weights, &c.; a fish, the pike; ship's flag, esp. one flown from bow and showing nationality; (also black ~) leather vessel; the knave in cards; figure of man which strikes bell on the outside of a clock; small ball aimed at in bowls. ~ up, v.t. hoist with jack. ~boot, large boot coming above knee. J~-in-office, fussy official. J~-in-the-green, in May-day sports man in framework covered with leaves. J~ Ketch, common hangman. ~-knife, large pocket clasp knife. ~-of-all-trades, one who can turn his hand to anything. ~o'-lantern, will-o'-the-wisp; pumpkin lantern. ~tar, common sailor. ~towel, roller towel.
Jack², n. fruit of an E.-Ind. tree, a large and coarse kind of bread-fruit; the tree itself.
Jack'al (-awl), n. animal of dog kind; a drudge for another.
Jack'anapes, n. pert fellow.
Jack'ass, n. male ass; blockhead.
Jack'daw, n. daw.
Jack'et, n. sleeved outer garment; animal's coat; skin of potato; outside wrapper of book.
Jacobe'an, a. of James I.'s reign; of St. James the Less.
Jac'obin, n. Dominican friar; member of extreme democratic club established 1789 in Paris.
Jac'obite, n. adherent of the exiled Stuarts. Jacobit'ical, a.
Jac'onet, n. a cotton cloth of medium thickness.
Jade¹, n. poor or worn-out horse; (joc.) reprehensible woman or girl. Ja'ded, a. tired out.
Jade², n. a hard green, blue, or white stone, silicate of lime and magnesia.
Jadeite (-dīt), n. silicate of sodium and aluminium.
Jaeger (yā'ger), n. kinds of woollen clothing material from which vegetable fibres are excluded as unwholesome. P.
Jaffa orange, n. large oval seedless orange.
Jag¹, n. sharp projection. v.t. make jags in. Jag'ged, a.
Jag², n. small load; have a ~ on, (sl.) be drunk.
Jag'gery, n. coarse dark brown sugar made in India by evaporation from palm sap.
Jaghire (-gēr), n. (E. Indian) assignment of land and its rent as annuity; the district, or the income, so assigned.

Ja'guar (-gw-), *n.* large Amer. carnivorous spotted quadruped.
Jah, *n.* Jehovah.
Jail, &c. See gaol, &c.
Jain, *a.* of a non-Brahminical E. Ind. sect, with doctrines like those of Buddhism. *n.* member of this.
Ja'lap, *n.* a purgative drug.
Jalousie (zhăl'ōōzē), *n.* blind, shutter, with slats sloped upwards from without.
Jam¹, *v.t.* & *i.* squeeze; cause to get wedged; block (passage); (Wireless) make (message) unintelligible by operating elsewhere. *n.* squeeze; stoppage. conserve of boiled fruit and sugar.
Jam² (-ahm), *n.* a title given to certain native chiefs in Kutch, Kattywar, and the lower Indus.
Jamb (jăm), *n.* side post, side, of doorway, window, or fireplace.
Jamboree', *n.* (sl.) celebration, merrymaking; large rally of boy scouts.
Jangle (jăng'gl), *n.* harsh noise, wrangle. *v.t.* & *i.* make, cause to make, a jangle; wrangle.
Ja'nitor, *n.* doorkeeper; *caretaker of a building.
Ja'nizary, *n.* (hist.) one of a body of Turkish infantry.
Jaun'ty, *a.* (dial.) genuine.
Ja'nuary, *n.* first month of year.
Japa'n, *n.* hard varnish, esp. kind orig. from Japan. *v.t.* lacquer with japan; make black.
Japanese' (-z), *a.* of Japan. *n.* native, language, of Japan.
Japo'nica, *n.* kinds of plant, esp. pear or quince, from Japan.
Jape, *v.i.* & *n.* jest.
Jar¹, *v.i.* & *t.* strike discordantly; grate; wrangle. *n.* jarring sound, shock, or thrill; quarrel.
Jar², *n.* kinds of round vessel with or without handles.
Jar³, *n.* In phr. on the jar, ajar.
‖ Jardinière (zhărdēnyār'), *n.* ornamental stand for flowers.
Jar'gon, *n.* debased or unintelligible language; gibberish.
Jargonelle', *n.* kind of pear.
Jar'vey, *n.* (sl.) -vies, driver of Irish car.

Ja'smin(e), **Jes'samin(e)**, *n.* shrub with white or yellow flowers.
Ja'sper (-ah-), *n.* red, yellow or brown opaque quartz.
Jaun'dice (jaw-, jah-), *n.* morbid state due to obstruction of bile; disordered (esp. mental) vision. *v.t.* affect with jaundice.
Jaunt (jaw-, jah-), *n.* pleasure excursion. *v.i.* take a jaunt.
Jaun'ty (jaw-, jah-), *a.* airily self-satisfied; sprightly.
Jav'elin (-vl-), *n.* spear; dart.
Jaw, *n.* bone containing the teeth; (pl.) mouth; (colloq.) talk, lecture. *v.i.* & *t.* (sl.) talk tediously; lecture (person).
Jay, *n.* a noisy bird of brilliant plumage; silly chatterer.
Jazz, *n.* syncopated music, and dancing, of U.S. negro origin; noisy proceedings. *v.i.* play, dance, indulge in, jazz. *a.* (sl.) discordant; loud in colour, &c. *~ up, urge, excite, stir up.
Jea'lous (jĕl-), *a.* watchfully tenacious; suspicious, resentful, of rivalry in the affections; envious of. **Jea'lousy** (jĕlu-), *n.* being jealous.
Jean (jān), *n.* a twilled cotton cloth, kind of fustian; *(pl.) garment of jean; short slacks.
Jeer, *v.i.* & *t.* scoff at; deride. *n.* scoff, taunt.
Jehad. See jihad.
Jeho'vah (-a) *n.* Hebrew name of God.
Jejune (-ōōn), *a.* poor, barren.
Jel'ly, *n.* semi-transparent food made with gelatin, fruit-juice, &c.; of like consistence. **~-fish**, jelly-like marine animal.
‖ Jem'adar, *n.* (E. Ind.) native officer in Sepoy regiment, corresponding to lieutenant; also, the head of a body of police, &c., or of servants.
Jemm'y, *n.* burglar's crowbar.
Jenn'et, *n.* small Spanish horse.
Jenn'y, *n.* locomotive crane.
Jeo'pardise (jĕp-), *v.t.* (-sable), endanger. **Jeo'pardy** (jĕ-), *n.* danger.
Jerbo'a, *n.* small African jumping rodent with long hind legs.

jĕrĕmī'ad, n. doleful complaint.
jerk¹, n. sharp sudden pull; spasmodic twitch of muscle; jerking throw. v.t. & i. move with a jerk; throw with suddenly arrested motion. jerk'y, a.
jerk² v.t. cure (beef) by drying in long slices in sun.
jer'kin, n. (hist.) man's close-fitting jacket, often of leather.
jĕ'rry, a. —builder, —building, of flimsy houses with bad materials.
jer'sey (-zĭ), n. (pl. -eys), close woollen tunic or undervest.
jess, n. short strap round each leg of hawk (in falconry).
jessamine. See jasmine.
jest, n. joke; fun; object of derision. v.i. joke, make jests. jes'ter, n. (esp.) professional joker of a court, &c.
Jĕs'ūit (-z-), n. member of Society of Jesus (R.C. order); (fig., hist.) deceitful person. Jĕsūĭt'ical (-z-), a. (hist.) crafty. Jĕs'ūitism (-z-), n. principles, practices, of Jesuits.
jet¹, n. hard black lignite taking brilliant polish. —black, black as jet.
jet², n. stream or shoot of water, steam, &c.; spout, nozzle, for emitting jet. v.t. & i. spurt forth.
jet'sam, n. goods thrown out of ship to lighten it and washed ashore. jet'tison, n. such throw-ing out. v.t. throw out thus.
jett'y¹, a. black as jet.
jett'y², n. mole, landing-pier.
jeu d'esprit (zhĕ dĕsprē'), witty or humorous trifle.
Jew (jōō), n. person of Hebrew race; (fig., hist.) unscrupulous usurer. Jewry (jōō'rĭ), n. the Jews; (hist.) Jews' quarter in town. Jew's harp, small musical instrument held between the teeth.
jew'el (jōō-), n. precious stone; ornament with jewels; precious thing. jew'eller (jōō-), n. dealer in jewels. jew'ellery, n.
Jĕz'ebel, n. shameless woman.
jib, n. triangular stay-sail from outer end of jib-boom to fore-topmast head or from bowsprit to masthead. v.t. & i. pull (sail) round to other side; (of sail) swing round; (of horse) stop and refuse to go on. —boom, spar from end of bowsprit.
jibe¹. See gibe.
jibe², v.i. agree.
jiff'(y), n. short time, moment.
jig, n. lively dance, music for it. v.i. & t. dance jig; move quickly up and down. —saw, machine fret-saw.
jĭhad', je- (-ahd), n. religious war of Mohammedans against unbelievers; (fig.) crusade for or against a doctrine, &c.
jilt, n. woman who capriciously discards lover. v.t. treat thus.
Jim Crow (-ō), n. negro.
jingle (jing'gl), n. mixed noise as of shaken keys; repetition of same sound in words. v.t. & i. make, cause to make, a jingle.
jing'o (-ngg-), n. by —, a form of asseveration; (n., pl. -oes) a bellicose patriot. —ism, n.
jinrick'sha, -rik'sha, n. light two-wheeled hooded vehicle drawn by man or men.
jitn'ey, n. (U.S.) five cents; motor-bus carrying passengers at low rates.
jiu-jitsu. See ju-jutsu.
job¹, n. piece of work; unscrupulous transaction; post, situation. v.i. & t. do jobs; hire, let out, for time or job; buy and sell as broker; handle corruptly. —master, one who lets out horses and carriages for hire. jobb'er, n. jobb'ery, n. corrupt dealing.
job², v.t. & i. prod, thrust at, hurt (horse) with bit. n. prod, jerk at bit.
jobătion, n. reprimand.
jock, n. (sl.) Scottish esp. Highland soldier.
jock'ey, n. (pl. -eys) rider in horse-races. v.t. cheat, trick.
jock'o, n. (pl. -os) chimpanzee.
jocose', jŏcōs'ĭty [illegible], a. waggish, given to jocoseness. jocosity, jocŭl'arity, n.
jŏc'und, a. merry, sprightly. jocun'dity, n.

jō'ey, n. (Austral.), young kangaroo; young animal.

jŏg, v.t. & i. push; nudge; stimulate (memory); walk, trot, at slow pace. n. push, jerk, nudge, slow walk or trot; *irregularity of line or surface. ~-trot, slow regular trot.

jŏg'gle, v.t. & i. move to and fro in jerks. n. slight jog.

jŏg'gle, n. key let into two stones, &c. to prevent their sliding on one another; such or similar joint. v.t. join by joggle.

John (jŏn) n. ~ Barleycorn, malt liquor. ~ Bull, nickname for the English people or a typical Englishman. ~ Company (nickname of) the E. India Company as governing India before 1858. ~ Dory, an edible sea-fish.

Jŏhnn'y (jŏn-), n. (colloq.) fellow fashionable idler. ~-cake, cake of (U.S.) maize-meal or (Austral.) wheat-meal.

join, v.t. & i. put together, fasten, unite; unite, be united, in friendship, &c.; take part with others. n. point, line, place, of junction.

join'er, n. (esp.) maker of furniture and light woodwork. join'ery, n. such work.

joint, a. combined; shared by two or more in common. n. point at which two things join; structure by which two bones fit together; leg, loin, &c. of carcass as used for food. v.t. connect by joints; fill up joints of (wall, &c.), point; divide at a joint or into joints. ~-stock, common fund, share capital.

join'tress, n. widow holding jointure.

join'ture, n. estate settled on wife to be enjoyed by her after husband's death.

joist, n. any of the parallel timbers stretched from wall to wall to take ceiling laths or floor boards. joi'sted, a.

joke, n. thing said or done to excite laughter. v.i. & t. (-kable), make jokes; banter. jō'ker, n. one who jokes; highest trump card in some games.

jŏll'ify, v.i. & t. make merry (tipple); make jolly. ~fication, n.

jŏll'ity, n. merrymaking.

jŏll'y, a. joyful; festive, jovial; (colloq.) pleasant, delightful. n. (Nav. sl.) royal marine. *v.t. banter, talk into a good humour, flatter. adv. very. ~(-boat), clinker-built ship's boat smaller than cutter.

jŏlt, v.t. & i. jerk from seat, &c.; move along with jerks. n. such jerk. jŏl'ty, a.

Jŏn'athan, n. (Brother) ~, personified people, typical citizen, of U.S.

jonq'uil (jŏ- jŭ-), n. rush-leaved daffodil; pale yellow.

Jor'dan almond, n. fine almond, esp. from Malaga.

jōr'um, n. large drinking-bowl, its contents, esp. punch.

*jōsh, v.t. make fun of, banter. josh'er, n. joker.

jŏs'kin, n. (sl.) bumpkin, rustic.

jŏss, n. Chinese idol. ~-house, Chinese temple. ~-stick, incense-stick of fragrant tinder.

jŏ'stle (-sl), v.t. & i. push against; struggle with. n. jostling.

jŏt, n. small amount, whit. v.t. write briefly.

jour'nal (jer-), n. daily record of events, &c.; log-book; daily newspaper or other periodical. ~ist, writer for public journal. ~ism, n. his work. ~istic, a.

jour'ney (jer-), n. (pl. -eys) travel going to a place. v.i. travel, pass from place to place. ~man, qualified artisan.

joust (jōō-), hist. n. combat with lances between two mounted knights. v.i. engage in joust.

Jōve, n. Jupiter.

jō'vial, a. merry convivial. jovial'ity n.

jowl, n. jaw, jaw-bone; cheek.

joy, n. gladness, pleasure. v.i. & t. rejoice. ~-ride, (sl.) stolen or other pleasure-ride in motor &c. ~-stick, (sl.) control lever of aeroplane. ~ful, ~ous, aa.

ju'bilant (jōō-), a. exultant.
ju'bilate (jōō'bilāt), v.i. exult, manifest joy. ~tion, n.
ju'bilee (jōō-), n. fiftieth anniversary; public rejoicing.
Juda'ic (jōō-), a. Jewish.
Ju'daize (jōō-), v.t. & i. (-zable) make Jewish, follow Jewish customs. **Ju'daism** (jōō-), n.
judge, n. officer appointed to try causes in court of justice; (of God) supreme arbiter; one appointed to decide dispute or contest. v.t. & i. (-geable), pass sentence upon; try cause; decide question; award.
judg'ment, -dgement (-jm-), n. sentence of court of justice, &c.; misfortune as sign of divine displeasure; opinion; sagacity.
ju'dicature (jōō-), n. administration of justice; body of judges.
judicial (jōōdish'al), a. of or by a court of law; of, or proper to, a judge; impartial.
judiciary (jōōdish'ari), n. the judges of a State collectively.
judicious (jōōdish'us), a. sensible, prudent; skilful.
jug, n. deep vessel for liquids with handle; (sl.) prison. v.t. stew (hare) in jug or jar.
Jugg'ernaut (-g-), n. idol of Krishna dragged yearly in procession on car under whose wheels devotees formerly threw themselves.
jugg'ins (-ginz), n. (sl.) fool.
jug'gle, v.i. & t. play conjuring tricks; trick, cheat. n. trick, fraud. **jugg'ler**, n. conjurer, cheat. **jugg'lery**, n.
Juglandace'ous (-ndāshus), a. of the order, including walnut, called Juglandaceae. n. such a plant.
jug'ular, a. of neck or throat. n. jugular vein.
juice (jōōs), n. liquid part of vegetable or fruit; fluid part of animal body; (sl.) petrol. **juic'y** (jōō-), a. full of juice.
ju-ju (jōō-jōō), n. (W. Afr.) charm or fetish; ban effected by this.
ju'jube (jōō-), n. a kernel fruit; lozenge of gelatine, &c.

ju-jitsu, jiu-jitsu (jōōjit'sōō), n. Japanese art of wrestling, &c.
ju'lep (jōō-), n. sweet drink; medicated drink; iced and spiced spirit and water.
July (jōō-), n. seventh month.
jum'bal, n. thin crisp cake of flour, sugar, butter, &c.
jum'ble, v.t. & i. move about in disorder; mix confusedly. n. confused heap, &c.; muddle.
jum'bo, n. (pl. -os), big clumsy person, animal, or thing.
jump, v.i. & t. leap, spring from ground; rise or move with a sudden start; skip (book, &c.). n. leap; start caused by shock, &c.; sudden rise in price, &c.
jum'per, n. one who jumps; jumping insect; quarryman's drill.
jum'per, n. loose jacket of sailors, &c.; outer woollen garment slipped on over head and reaching to hips.
jum'py, a. nervous, panicky.
junc'tion, n. joining-point; station where railway lines meet.
junc'ture, n. joining-point; state of affairs, critical point.
June (jōōn), n. sixth month.
jungle (jung'gl), n. land covered with tangled vegetation; tangled mass. ~-fowl, an E. Ind. bird of the genus Gallus; a mound bird of Australia. ~-rice, wild rice. ~-sheep, an Indian ruminant.
jun'ior (jōō-), a. the younger; of less standing. n. junior person.
jun'iper (jōō-), n. coniferous evergreen shrub.
junk¹, n. hard chunk; (Naut.) salt meat; piece of old cable; (orig. Amer.) scrap metal, rubbish.
junk², n. flat-bottomed sailing vessel in Chinese seas.
Junker (yŏŏng'ker), n. member of the exclusive land-owning aristocracy in Prussia.
junk'et, n. dish of milk curdled by rennet; feast. v.i. feast, picnic.
jun'ta, n. deliberative or administrative council in Spain or Italy; (also **jun'to**) faction.
Ju'piter (jōō-), n. (Myth.) king of gods; largest of the planets.

Jurass'ic (joor-), *a.* of the Jura mountains; marked by prevalence of oolitic limestone.

judi'cial (joor-), *a.* of judicial proceedings; legal.

jurisconsult' (joor-) *n.* one learned in law.

jurisdic'tion (joor-), *n.* administration of justice; legal authority; territory it extends over.

jurisprud'ence (joorisproo-), *n.* science of, skill in, law.

jur'ist (joor-), *n.* one versed in law; writer on law. ~istic(al), *aa.*

jur'or (joor-), *n.* member of jury; one who takes oath.

jur'y (joor-), *n.* body of persons sworn to render verdict in court of justice; judges in a competition. ~man, ~woman, juror.

jury-mast (joor'imahst), *n.* temporary mast.

juss'ive, *a.* (Gram.) expressing a command.

just, *a.* upright, fair; correct, due, proper; right. *adv.* exactly; barely; not long ago.

jus'tice, *n.* justness, fairness; judicial proceedings; judge, magistrate. ~ship, *n.*

justi'ciary (-shyer-), *nn.* administrator of justice.

jus'tify, *v.t.* (-fiable), show the justice or truth of; clear from imputed guilt; warrant; adjust. ~fiability, ~fication, *nn.* ~ficatory, *a.*

jut, *v.i.* project. *n.* projection.

jute (joot), *n.* fibre from some plants, used for sacking, &c.

juvenes'cence (joo-), *n.* being juvenile; youth. ~ent, *a.*

juv'enile (joo-), *a.* youthful; of, for, young persons. *n.* young person. juvenil'ity (joo-), *n.*

jux'tapose (-z), *v.t.* (-sable), put side by side. juxtaposi'tion, *n.*

K

Kaf'ir, Kaff'ir, Caf'fre (-fer), *n.* member of a S.-Afr. race of Bantu family.

kai'ser (kiz-), *n.* emperor.

ka'ka, ka'kapo (kah-), *nn.* kinds of New Zealand parrot.

kale, kail, *n.* cabbage, esp. borecole; broth of kale, &c. ~yard, kitchen-garden.

kaleid'oscope (-lid-), *n.* tube in which figures are produced by reflections of pieces of coloured glass and varied by rotation of the tube.

kamptul'icon, *n.* floor-cloth of rubber, cork, &c., on canvas.

kana'ka, *n.* South Sea islander esp. on Queensland sugar plantation.

kangaroo' (-ngg-), *n.* Austral. marsupial, with hind-quarters strongly developed for jumping; (pl., pl.) W. Austral. mine-shares; dealers in them. ~rat, small Austral. marsupial.

ka'olin (kah- lin), *n.* fine white clay used for porcelain.

kap'je (-pi), *n.* (S. Afr.) woman's cape.

ka'pok (kah-), *n.* kind of tree-cotton used to stuff cushions.

‖ karm'a, *n.* (Buddhism) sum of person's actions in one of his successive states of existence viewed as deciding his fate in the next; destiny.

karroo', *n.* S. Afr. high plateau waterless in dry season.

kaross', *n.* (S. Afr.) mantle (or sleeveless jacket) of animals' skins with the hair on, worn by natives.

karr'i, *n.* an Australian tree, one of the 'blue gums'; also, its hard red timber used in street paving.

kat'tel (-tl), *n.* (S. Afr.) wooden bed or hammock in an ox wagon.

katy'a, *n.* ladies' dress-fabric.

ka'tydid, large green American insect of locust family making characteristic sound.

kauri (kowr'i), *n.* coniferous tree of New Zealand, furnishing valuable timber and a resin.

kavass', *n.* Turkish armed constable or servant.

kea (kē'a), *n.* green Alpine parrot of New Zealand which kills sheep for their kidney-fat.

jū'bilant (joo-), a. exultant.
jū'bilate (joo'bilāt), v.i. exult, rejoice; ~tion, n.
jū'bilee (joo-), n. fiftieth anniversary; public rejoicing.
Judā'ic (joo-), a. Jewish.
Jū'daize (joo-), v.t. & i. (-zable) make Jewish, follow Jewish customs. Jū'daism (joo-), n.
judge, n. officer appointed to try causes in court of justice; (of God) supreme arbiter; one appointed to decide dispute or contest. v.t. & i. (-geable), pass sentence upon; try cause; decide question; award.
judg'ment, -gement (jŭ-), n. sentence of court of justice, &c.; misfortune as sign of divine displeasure; opinion; sagacity.
judi'cature (joo-), n. administration of justice; body of judges.
judicial (joodish'al), a. of or by a court of law; of, or proper to, a judge; impartial.
judiciary (joodish'ari), n. the judges of a State collectively.
judicious (joodish'us), a. sensible, prudent, skilful.
jug, n. deep vessel for liquids with handle; (sl.) prison. v.t. stew (hare) in jug or jar.
Jugg'ernaut (-er-), n. idol of Krishna dragged yearly in procession on car under whose wheels devotees formerly threw themselves.
jugg'ins (-inz), n. (sl.) fool.
jug'gle, v.t. & i. play conjuring tricks; trick, cheat. n. trick, fraud. jugg'ler, n. conjurer; cheat. jugg'lery n.
Jugoslav (ūgōslahv), a. of the State, including Serbia, called Jugoslavia. n. J. person.
jug'ular, a. of neck or throat. n. jugular vein.
juice (joos), n. liquid part of vegetable or fruit; fluid part of animal body; (sl.) petrol. juic'y (joo-), a. full of juice.
ju-ju (joo-joo), n. (W. Afr.) charm or fetish; ban effected by this.
jū'jube (joo-), n. a berried-fruit; lozenge of gelatine, &c.
jū-jitsu, jiu-jitsu (joojitsoo), n. Japanese art of wrestling, &c.
jū'lep (joo-), n. sweet drink, medicated drink; iced and spiced spirit and water.
July' (joo-), n. seventh month.
jum'bal, n. thin crisp cake of flour, sugar, butter &c.
jum'ble, v.t. & i. move about in disorder; mix confusedly. n. confused heap, &c.; muddle.
jum'bo, n. (pl. -os), big clumsy person, animal, or thing.
jump, v.i. & t. leap, spring from ground; rise or move with a sudden start; skip (book, &c.). n. leap; start caused by shock, &c.; sudden rise in price, &c.
jum'per¹ n. one who jumps; jumping insect, quarrying-drill.
jum'per² n. loose jacket of sailors, &c.; outer woollen garment slipped on over head and reaching to hips.
jum'py, a. nervous, panicky.
junc'tion, n. joining-point; station where railway lines meet.
junc'ture, n. joining-point; state of affairs, critical point.
June (joon), n. sixth month.
jungle (jŭng'gl), n. land covered with tangled vegetation; tangled mass. ~-fowl, an E. Ind. bird of the genus Gallus; a mound-bird of Australia. ~-rice, millet-rice. ~-sheep, an Indian ruminant.
jun'ior (joo-), a. the younger; of less standing. n. junior person.
jun'iper (joo-), n. coniferous evergreen shrub.
junk¹ n. lump, chunk; (Naut.) salt meat; piece of old cable; scrap metal, rubbish.
junk² n. flat-bottomed sailing vessel in Chinese seas.
Junker (yoong'ker), n. member of the exclusive land-owning aristocracy in Prussia.
junk'et, n. dish of milk curdled by rennet; feast. v.i. feast, picnic.
jun'ta, n. deliberative or administrative council in Spain or Italy; (also -to) clique, faction.
Ju'piter (joo-), n. (Myth.) king of gods; largest of the planets.

Juras'sic (joor-), *a.* of the Jura mountains, marked by prevalence of oolitic limestone.

jurid'ical (joor-), *a.* of judicial proceedings, legal.

jurisconsult' (joor-), *n.* one learned in law.

jurisdic'tion (joor-), *n.* administration of justice; legal authority; territory it extends over.

jurispru'dence (joorisproo-), *n.* science of, skill in, law.

ju'rist (joor-), *n.* one versed in law; writer on law. ~istic, *a.*

ju'ror (joor-), *n.* member of jury; one who takes oath.

ju'ry (joor-), *n.* body of persons sworn to render verdict in court of justice; judges in a competition. ~man, ~woman, juror.

jury-mast (joor'imahst), *n.* temporary mast.

jus'sive, *a.* (Gram.) expressing a command.

just, *a.* upright, fair; correct, due, proper, right. *adv.* exactly; barely; not long ago.

jus'tice, *n.* justness, fairness; judicial proceedings; judge, magistrate. ~ship, *n.*

justi'ciar(y) (-shye-), *nn.* administrator of justice.

jus'tify, *v.t.* (-fied), show the justice or truth of; clear from imputed guilt; warrant; adjust. ~fiability, ~fication, *nn.*; ~ficatory, *a.*

jut, *v.i.* project. *n.* projection.

jute (joot), *n.* fibre from some plants, used for sacking, &c.

juvenes'cence (joo-), *n.* being juvenile; youth. ~nt, *a.*

ju'venile (joo-), *a.* youthful; of, for, young persons. *n.* young person. juvenil'ity (joo-), *n.*

juxtapose' (-z), *v.t.* (-sable) put side by side. juxtaposi'tion, *n.*

K

Kaf'ir, Kaf'fir, Caf'fre (-fer), *n.* member of a S.-Afr. race of Bantu family.

kai'ser (kiz-), *n.* emperor.

ka'ka, ka'kapo (kah-), *nn.* kinds of New Zealand parrot.

kale, kail, *n.* cabbage, esp. borecole; broth of kale, &c. ~-yard, kitchen-garden.

kaleid'oscope (-lid-), *n.* tube in which figures are produced by reflections of pieces of coloured glass and varied by rotation of the tube.

kamptul'icon, *n.* floor-cloth of rubber, cork, &c., on canvas.

kana'ka, *n.* South Sea islander, esp. on Queensland sugar plantation.

kangaroo' (-ngg-), *n.* Austral. marsupial, with hind-quarters strongly developed for jumping; (sl., pl.) W.-Austral. mine-shares; dealers in these. ~-rat, small Austral. marsupial.

ka'olin (kah-), *n.* fine white clay used for porcelain.

kap'je (-pi), *n.* (S. Afr.) woman's cape.

ka'pok (kah-), *n.* kind of tree-cotton used to stuff cushions.

kar'ma, *n.* (Buddhism) sum of person's actions in one of his successive states of existence viewed as deciding his fate in the next; destiny.

karroo', *n.* (S. Afr.) high plateau waterless in dry season.

kaross', *n.* (S. Afr.) mantle (or sleeveless jacket) of animals' skins with the hair on, worn by natives.

karr'i, *n.* an Australian tree, one of the 'blue gums'; also, its hard red timber used in street paving.

kar'tel (-tl), *n.* (S. Afr.) wooden bed or hammock in an ox wagon.

kas'ha, *n.* ladies' dress-fabric.

ka'tydid, large green American insect of locust family making characteristic sound.

kauri (kowr'i), *n.* coniferous tree of New Zealand, furnishing valuable timber and a resin.

kavass', *n.* Turkish armed constable or servant.

kea (kā'a), *n.* green Alpine parrot of New Zealand which kills sheep for their kidney-fat.

keck, *v.i.* make sound as if about to vomit.

kedge, *v.t.* & *i.* warp ship, (of ship) move, by hawser attached to small anchor. *n.* such anchor.

ked'geree, *n.* dish of fish, rice, eggs, &c.

keel¹, *n.* lowest longitudinal timber on which ship's framework is built up. *v.t.* turn (ship) keel upwards. ~ over, upset, capsize.

keel², *n.* flat-bottomed boat on Tyne, &c. for loading colliers.

keen¹, *a.* sharp; strong, acute, penetrating; eager, ardent.

keen², Irish funeral song accompanied with wailing. *v.i.* & *t.* bewail person; utter in wailing tone.

keep, *v.t.* & *i.* (*kept*) pay due regard to, observe; protect, have charge of; retain possession of; maintain; reserve for future use; remain in same state; conduct, maintain, for profit; reside, lodge (esp. Cambridge Univ. & U.S.). *n.* maintenance, food (*chiefly*); tower, citadel. ~ goal, be goal-keeper. ~ wicket, be wicket-keeper. *for keeps*, for good, permanently.

keep'er, *n.* one who has superintendence or care of anything; ring to keep another on finger.

keep'ing, *n.* holding; custody; harmony. ~-room, sitting-room.

keep'sake, *n.* thing treasured for sake of the giver.

keg, *n.* small cask or barrel.

kelp, *n.* a seaweed; calcined ashes of kelp yielding iodine, &c.

kel'pie, *n.* malevolent water-spirit, usu. in form of a horse.

kel'son, *n.* line of timber fixing floor-timbers to keel.

kelt, *n.* a spent salmon.

Kelt &c., see Celt, &c.

ken, *v.t.* (*Sc.*) know. *n.* range of knowledge or sight.

kennel¹, *n.* house for shelter of house-dog or hounds. *v.t.* & *i.* put or be put into kennel.

kenn'el², *n.* gutter.

kept, *p.t.* of keep.

kerb, *n.* stone edging to pavement or raised path.

ker'chief (-if), *n.* cloth used to cover head.

kerf, *n.* slit made in cutting; cut end of felled tree.

ker'mes (-iz), *n.* pregnant female of an insect; red dye-stuff made of its dried body.

kern, *n.* (*hist.*) light-armed Irish foot-soldier; peasant.

ker'nel, *n.* part within hard shell of nut or stone fruit; central or essential part.

ker'osene, *n.* lamp-oil got by distillation of petroleum, &c.

ker'sey (-zi), *n.* (*pl.* -eys), coarse cloth woven from long wool.

ker'seymere (-zim-), *n.* twilled fine woollen cloth.

kes'trel, *n.* kind of small hawk.

ketch, *n.* small two-masted or cutter-rigged coasting vessel.

ketch'up, *n.* sauce made of mushrooms, tomatoes, &c.

ket'tle, *n.* metal vessel with spout and handle for boiling.

ket'tledrum, *n.* a drum with parchment spread over a brass hemisphere; (*colloq.*) tea-party.

key¹ (kē), *n.* instrument for turning bolt of lock; solution; code, crib, manual; (*Mus.*) set of notes definitely related and based on particular note; (*pl.*) levers for the fingers in piano, typewriter &c.; instrument for winding clock, &c. *v.t.* fasten with wedge, bolt, &c.; regulate pitch of strings of (piano, &c.); brace up, raise. ~board, set of keys on piano, type-setting machine, &c. ~hole, that by which key enters lock. ~note, note on which key is based; (*fig.*) dominant idea. ~-noter, (*U.S.*) one who outlines the policy of a campaign. ~stone, central stone of arch, (*fig.*) central principle.

key² (kē), *n.* reef, low island.

key'less (kē-), *a.* without a key esp. of watch.

khak'i (kah-), *a.* dull-yellow. *n.* khaki cloth, esp. as used for service uniforms.

Khali'fa (kă-), *n.* Caliph.
Khila'fat (kĭ-), *n.* Caliphate. ~ agitation, &c., anti-British movement in India based on Moslem resentment of the loss of power by Islam.
khan (kahn, kān) *n.* ruler, official, in Central Asia, &c. khan'ate, *n.* khan's rule or district.
khan² (kahn, kān) *n.* caravanserai.
‖ khe'da (kĕ-), kĕd'dah, *n.* enclosure used in Bengal, &c., to catch elephants.
Khedive (kĕdēv'), *n.* (hist.) Viceroy of Egypt. Khedi'val (kĕdē-) *a.*
‖ khid'mutgar (kĭ-), *n.* male table-servant in India.
‖ khud (kŭd), *n.* (Anglo-Ind.) a deep ravine or chasm.
kibe, *n.* ulcerated chilblain.
kibosh (kī'bŏsh, kibŏsh'), (sl.) *n.* put ~ on, do for. *v.t.* dispose of.
kick, *v.t.* & *i.* strike or move with the foot; score (goal) by kicking ball. *n.* kicking, blow given with foot; recoil of gun; resisting power; (sl.) protest, complaint; (Footb.) kicker. kick'er, *n.* one that kicks; horse apt to kick.
kick'shaw, *n.* fancy dish of food; toy, trifle.
kid, *n.* young goat; kid-skin leather; (sl.) child; (sl.) hoax. *v.t.* & *i.* give birth to kid; (sl.) hoax. kidd'y, *n.* child.
kid'nap, *v.t.* steal (child); carry off (person) illegally. ~per, *n.*
kid'ney, *n.* (pl. -eys) either of a pair of glandular organs serving to excrete urine; nature, kind. ~-bean, kidney-shaped bean, esp. scarlet-runner.
*kike, *n.* (sl.) Jew.
kie-kie (kē'kē), *n.* New Zealand climbing plant with leaves used for baskets, &c.
kil'derkin, *n.* (cask holding) 16 or 18 gallons.
kill, *v.t.* & *i.* put to death, slay; cause the death of; destroy, make useless. *n.* killing; animal killed by sportsman. ~joy, depressing person.
‖ kill'adar, *n.* (E. Ind.) the governor of a fort or castle.
kiln (kiln, kil) *n.* furnace, oven, esp. for calcining lime or baking bricks.
kilo- in comb. = 1,000. kil'ocycle, unit of frequency (1,000 alternations per second) used instead of wave-length metres in distinguishing sound-waves. ~gram(me), weight of 1,000 grammes (2·205 lb. avoird.). ~litre (-lēter), measure of 1,000 litres (35·31 cub. ft.). ~metre (-ēter), measure of 1,000 metres (3280·89 ft.). ~watt (-wŏt), 1,000 watts.
kilt, *n.* Highlander's skirt from waist to knee. *v.t.* tuck up (skirts) round body; gather in vertical pleats.
kin, *n.* ancestral stock, family; one's relatives. *pred.a.* related.
kin'chin, *n.* (sl.) child.
kin'cob (-ŭb), *n.* rich Indian stuff embroidered with gold or silver.
kind, *n.* race of animals, &c.; class, sort. *a.* gentle, benevolent, friendly, considerate.
kin'dergarten, *n.* school for educating young children by object lessons, games, &c.
kin'dle, *v.t.* & *i.* set on fire, light; inspire; become kindled; glow. kind'ling, *n.* setting on fire; small wood, &c. for lighting fires.
kind'ly, *a.* kind, sympathetic. *adv.* in a kind manner.
kin'dred, *n.* blood relationship; one's relations. *a.* related by blood; similar.
kine. See cow.
kinema, &c. See cinema, &c.
kinemat'ic, *a.* of motion viewed without reference to force. *n.pl.* science of this.
kinet'ic, *a.* of motion in relation to force. *n.pl.* science of this.
king, *n.* sovereign ruler of independent State; piece in chess; card with king on it. ~craft, able exercise of royalty. ~-Emperor, the King of Great Britain, Ireland, and the British Dominions beyond the Seas, Emperor of India. ~ship, *n.* state.

dignity, of a king. ~'s Bench, a division of the High Court of Justice. ~'s Counsel (abbr. *K.C.*), practising barrister appointed as counsel to the Crown. ~'s evil, scrofula, formerly held curable by king's touch.
king'cup, *n.* marsh marigold.
king'dom, *n.* State, territory ruled by king.
king'fisher, *n.* small brilliant plumaged bird diving for fish.
king'let, -ling, *nn.* petty king.
king'-pin, *n.* central pin in games of bowls or ninepins; (colloq.) most important person.
king'post, *n.* upright from tie-beam to rafter-top.
kink, *n.* back-twist in wire, chain, or rope; (fig.) mental twist. *v.t. & i.* form, cause (wire, &c.) to form, a kink.
kink'ajou (-oo) *n.* nocturnal raccoon-like animal.
kins'folk, -man, -woman, *nn.* (blood relations).
kin'ship, *n.* relationship.
kiosk' *n.* light open pavilion; structure for sale of newspapers, bandstand, &c.
kipp'er, *v.t.* cure (herring, salmon, &c.) by splitting open, salting, drying, and smoking. *n.* kippered fish, esp. herring; male salmon in spawning season.
kirk, *n.* (Sc.) church. ~ session, governing body of a particular congregation. ~yard, graveyard.
kir'tle, *n.* gown or outer petticoat; man's tunic or coat.
kis'met, *n.* destiny, fate.
kiss, *n.* caress given with lips. *v.t.* touch with the lips as sign of affection, reverence, &c.
kit, *n.* wooden tub; contents of soldier's valise or knapsack; personal equipment, outfit. ~-bag, for soldier's or traveller's outfit.
kit, *n.* small fiddle.
kit'-cat, *n.* portrait, less than half-length but including hands.
kitch'en, *n.* room used for cooking. ~ garden, for fruit and vegetables.
kitch'ener, *n.* cooking-range.
kitchenette' *n.* small combination kitchen and pantry.
kite, *n.* bird of prey of falcon family; rapacious person; child's toy flown in wind; (sl.) accommodation bill. ~ balloon, captive balloon for military observations.
kith, *n.* acquaintance.
kitt'en, *n.* young of cat; playful girl. *v.i.* bring forth kittens.
kittereen' *n.* W.-Ind. one-horse chaise.
kitt'iwake, *n.* kind of seagull.
ki'wi (kē-), *n.* New Zealand bird with rudimentary wings and no tail.
kleptoma'nia, *n.* morbid tendency to theft. ~niac, *n.* person subject to kleptomania.
klip'springer (-nger), *n.* small S.-Afr. antelope.
kloof, *n.* (S. Afr.) ravine.
knack, *n.* acquired dexterity; trick, habit. knack'y, *a.*
knack'er, *n.* buyer of useless horses for slaughter or of old houses, &c. for the materials.
knag, *n.* knot in wood. knagg'y (-g-), *a.* knotty.
knap, *v.t.* break (stones) with hammer; break, snap. knapp'er, *n.*
knap'sack, *n.* soldier's or traveller's bag for necessaries.
knap'weed, *n.* weed with purple flowers on globular head.
knar, *n.* knot in wood.
knave, *n.* unprincipled man, rogue; lowest court card. knav'ery *n.*; knav'ish, *a.*
knead, *v.t.* work up into dough or paste; make (loaf, pottery) thus; massage.
knee, *n.* joint between thigh and lower leg; angular piece of iron, &c. ~-cap, bone in front of knee-joint; cap used to protect knee.
kneel, *v.i.* (knelt), fall, rest, on the knees, esp. in reverence.
knell, *n.* sound of bell, esp. at

In words beginning kn- k is silent.

funeral or after a death; doom. ~, v.t. & i. ring a knell.

knelt, p.t. & p.p. of kneel.

knew, p.t. of know.

knick'erbockers, n.pl. loose-fitting breeches gathered in at knee. **knick'ers**, n.pl. (colloq.) knickerbockers; woman's drawers of knickerbocker shape.

knick'-knack, **nick'-nack**, n. light dainty article of furniture, dress, or food; gimcrack. **knick-knack'ery** n.

knife, n. (pl. -ves), blade with long sharpened edge used for cutting; blade in cutting-machine. v.t. (-fed; -fing), cut, stab, with knife.

knight (nīt), n. person raised to rank below baronetcy; (hist.) person raised to honourable military rank; piece in the game of chess. v.t. make (person) a knight. ~-err'ant, n. (hist.) of the knights. ~hood, n. ~ly a.

knit, v.t. & i. (knitted or knit), form (texture, garment) of interlooping yarn or thread; wrinkle (brow); make or become compact; unite together.

knob, n. rounded protuberance; small lump of coal, &c. ~kerrie, short knob-headed stick of S.-Afr. tribes. ~stick, knobbed stick; blackleg (workman). **knob'ble**, n. small knob. **knobb'ly**, **knobb'y**, aa.

knock, v.t. & i. strike, esp. with hard blow; collide with or be driven against; (sl.) amaze, stupefy; (sl.) depreciate, disparage. n. blow, rap, esp. at door; (Cricket sl.) innings. ~-out, plot between buyers at auction to secure lot cheap by avoiding competition; finishing blow; (sl.) paragon.

knock'er, n. metal appendage hinged to door for knocking with.

knoll, n. small hill, mound.

knop, n. (arch.) knob; bud.

knot, n. intertwining of parts of one or more strings, &c., to fasten them together; tangled mass, cluster; hard mass in trunk at insertion of branch; (Naut.) division marked by knots in log-line, (loosely) nautical mile; difficulty. v.t. & i. tie knot in (string, &c.); entangle. ~-grass, weed with intricate stems and pink flowers. **knott'y** a. full of knots; puzzling.

knout (n- kn-), n. scourge formerly used in Russia. v.t. flog.

know (nō), v.t. & i. (knew pr. nū, known), be aware of; perceive with certainty; be acquainted with; recognize. **know'ing** (nō-), a. (esp.) cunning, wide awake; (of hat, &c.) stylish, smart. **know'ingly** (nō-), adv. in a knowing manner; consciously.

knowl'edge (nol-), n. knowing; what one knows; all that is or may be known. ~able, a. intelligent or well-informed.

knuc'kle, n. bone at finger-joint; projection of knee- or ankle-joints of quadruped. v.t. & i. strike, rub, &c. with knuckles; (with down) give in, submit. ~-bone, game played with sheep's knuckle-bones. ~-duster, metal instrument to protect knuckles.

knur n. knot on tree-trunk; hard concretion; wooden ball in game like trap-ball.

kō'ala (-ah), n. arboreal mammal of Australia, like sloth in form.

kō'dak, n. kind of camera. P

kohl (kōl), n. powder used in the East to darken eyelids.

kohlra'bi (kōlrah-), n. cabbage with turnip-like stem.

kolin'sky n. fur of Siberian mink.

koodoo, **kudu** (kōō'dōō), n. large white-striped South African antelope.

kop'je (-pi), n. (S. Afr.) small hill.

Koran' (kor'an, korahn'), n. sacred book of Mohammedans.

korhaan' (korahn), n. S. Afr. bustard.

kō'sher, a. (of food or food-shop)

In words beginning kn- k is silent.

fulfilling requirements of Jewish law. n. kosher food or shop.
kotow', n. Chinese custom of touching ground with forehead as sign of submission, &c. v.i. perform the kotow; act obsequiously.
koum'iss (kōō-), n. fermented liquor of mare's milk.
kourbash' (-oor-), n. hide whip as scourge.
kraal (krahl), n. S.-Afr. village within fence; cattle enclosure.
kra'ken (-ah-), n. mythical Norwegian sea-monster.
krantz, n. (S. Afr.) precipitous or overhanging wall of rocks.
krem'lin, n. citadel in a Russian town esp. (K-) that of Moscow.
kriegs'piel, n. war-game on maps, with blocks for troops, &c.
Krish'naism (-ĕl-), n. worship of Krishna, great deity of later Hinduism.
kromes'ky, n. small fried roll of minced chicken, &c.
krō'ne (-e), n. silver coin of Austria (10d.) or Denmark, Norway and Sweden (1s. 1½d.); German 10-mark gold piece.
kū'dos, n. (sl.) glory, renown.
Ku-Klux Klan, n. secret society hostile to negroes formed in Southern States after the civil war; similar organization throughout U.S. to combat alien influences after the great war.
kuk'ri (kōō-), n. heavy curved knife as Gurkha weapon.
kultur (kōōltoor'), n. civilization as conceived by the Germans.
kū'mara (kōō-), n. (New Zealand) sweet potato.
kunk'ur (-ŭngk-), n. kind of coarse kind of limestone found in India.
kursaal (koor'zahl), n. building for visitors at health resort.
ky'loe, n. one of small breed of long-horned Scotch cattle.
ky'mograph, n. instrument recording curves of pressure, pulsations, sound-waves, &c.
ky'rie (kirĭē) (elē'ison) (-ĕl-), n. the 'Lord have mercy upon us' or a musical setting of it.

L

la (lah), n. sixth note of scale.
laag'er (lahg-), n. encampment, esp. in circle of wagons. v.t. & i. make laager; place in laager.
lā'bel, n. slip attached to an object to give some information about it. v.t. attach label to.
lā'bial, a. of the lips; (Phonet.) pronounced with the lips. n. (Phonet.) labial sound.
lab'oratory, n. place used for scientific experiments (chem.) for manufacture of chemicals.
labor'ious, a. hard-working, toilsome; (of style) laboured.
lā'bour (-ber), n. exertion of body or mind, task; pains of childbirth; labourers. v.t. & i. exert oneself; work hard; strive; elaborate, work out in detail. ~ Party, that representing labourers and artisans; M.P.s belonging to it. lā'bourer (-ber-), n. (esp.) man doing unskilled work. lā'bourite, n. member or adherent of labour party.
labur'num, n. tree with yellow hanging flowers.
lab'yrinth, n. network of winding passages, maze; tangled affairs. labyrin'thine, a.
lac', n. dark-red resin used as scarlet dye; basis of shellac.
lac', lakh (-ăk), n. (Anglo-Ind.) 100,000 (esp. lac of rupees).
lace, n. cord, &c., passed through eyelets or hooks to fasten or tighten boots, stays, &c.; trimming braid; kinds of fine open fabric. v.t. & i. (-ceable), fasten, tighten, compress, trim with lace; flavour (milk, beer, &c.) with spirit. lā'cy, a.
la'cerate, v.t. (-rable), tear, rend; wound feelings, &c. —ā'tion, n.
lach'es (-ĭz), n. negligence in performance &c.
lach'rymal (-k-), a. of tears.
lach'rymatory (-k-), n. one of the phials found in ancient-Roman tombs and conjectured to be tear-bottles. a. of or causing

tears. **lachrymose** (-k-), *a.* tearful.

lack, *n.* deficiency or want. *v.t.* & *i.* need; be without.

lackadaisical (-z-), *a.* languidly superior; eschewing enthusiasm.

lackey, *n.* (pl. -eys) footman; obsequious person. *v.t.* play lackey to; wait upon.

laconic, *a.* using, expressed in, few words. **laconicism**, *n.*

lacquer (-ker), *n.* kinds of varnish, esp. that made of shellac and alcohol. *v.t.* coat with lacquer.

lacrosse (-kraws), *n.* N.-Amer. ball-game.

lactation, *n.* suckling; secreting of milk. **lacteal**, *a.* of milk; conveying chyle. *n.pl.* chyle-conveying vessels. **lactescent**, *a.* looking like milk or yielding milky juice. **lactescence**, *n.* **lactic**, *a.* of milk. **lactiferous**, *a.* yielding milk or milky juice. **lactometer**, *n.* instrument for testing purity of milk.

lacuna, *n.* (pl. -ae), gap in MS.; missing link in argument; vacant interval; interstice.

lacustrine (or -in), *a.* of lakes.

lad, *n.* boy, young fellow.

ladder, *n.* frame with cross-bars (rungs) used as means of ascent; vertical flaw in stocking, &c.; (fig.) means of rising.

lade, *v.t.* (p.p. laden; -dable), load (ship); ship (goods); (p.p.) loaded or burdened (with). **lading**, *n.* load, cargo.

ladle, *n.* long-handled large-bowled spoon for transferring liquids. *v.t.* transfer with ladle. **ladleful** (-dlfool), *n.*

lady, *n.* gentlewoman, woman of good birth or breeding; (prefixed to name) woman of title below duchess, daughter of duke, marquis, or earl; mistress of a house; wife; (esp. in pl.) complimentary term applied to women in general. ~bird, ~bug, winged insect, usu. reddish-brown with black spots. ~ Day the Annunciation, 25th Mar., a quarter-day. ~help, gentlewoman servant. ~killer, male flirt. ~love, man's sweetheart. ~'s bedstraw, a plant. ~'s-maid, in charge of lady's toilet. ~smock, cuckoo-flower. ~'s slipper, calceolaria.

ladylike, *a.* behaving as or befitting a lady.

ladyship, *n.* used as substitute for titled lady's name.

lag, *v.i.* & *t.* go too slow; fall behind; (sl.) take into custody. *n.* (sl.) a convict. **laggard**, *n.* person who lags behind.

lager (beer) (lahg-), *n.* light beer of the German kind.

lagoon, *n.* salt water lake parted from sea by sand-bank.

laic, *a.* non-clerical. *n.* layman, non-ecclesiastic.

laicize, *v.t.* (-zable) rid of priestly control; throw open (office) to laymen. ~zation, *n.*

laid, *p.t.* of lay.

lain, *p.p.* of lie.

lair, *n.* beast's lying-place.

laird, *n.* Scotch landowner.

laissez faire (-sā), *n.* government abstention from interference with individual action.

laity, *n.* laymen.

lake[1], *n.* large body of water surrounded by land. ~let, *n.*

lake[2], *n.* a crimson pigment.

lakh. See lac[2].

lam, *v.t.* & *i.* (sl.) hit, thrash.

lama[1] (lah-), *n.* Tibetan or Mongolian Buddhist monk.

lama. See llama.

lamb (-m), *n.* young sheep, its meat; innocent child, helpless person. *v.i.* & *t.* (of sheep) give birth (to). ~kin, *n.* little lamb. ~like, *a.* (esp.) meek.

lambent, *a.* (of flame, &c.) playing about a surface; gently brilliant. **lambency**, *n.*

lame, *a.* crippled by injury or defect; limping or unable to walk; (of metre) halting. *v.t.* (-mable), make lame; disable. ~ duck, disabled or weak person; defaulter on Stock Exchange; official not re-elected.

lament, *n.* passionate expression

of grief; elegy. v.t. & i. utter lament; express or feel grief for (w. p.) mourned for. lam'entable, a. deplorable, regrettable. ~ta'tion, n. lament, lamenting.

lam'ina, n. (Geol., &c.; pl. -ae) thin plate or flake or layer. lam'inate, v.t. & i. (-nable), beat or roll metal into laminae; split into layers, overlay with metal plates. lam'inated (-ātid) lam'inar, lam'inose, aa. in plates.

Lamm'as, n. 1st August, formerly kept as harvest festival.

lamp, n. vessel with oil and wick for giving light; glass vessel enclosing gas-jet or other illuminant; (fig.) source of spiritual or intellectual light. ~-black, pigment made from soot.

lam'pion, n. glass pot holding light for illuminations.

lampoon', n. piece of virulent satire. v.t. write lampoon against.

lam'prey, n. (pl. -eys), eel-like fish with sucker mouth.

lance (-ah-), n. horseman's long spear. v.t. (-ceable), prick or open with lancet. ~-corporal, N.C.O. below corporal.

lance'let (-ahnsl-), n. a small fish.

lan'ceolate, a. shaped like spear head, tapering to each end.

lan'cer (-ah-), n. soldier of cavalry regiment armed with lances. (pl.) kind of quadrille.

lan'cet (-ah-), n. pointed and two-edged surgical instrument; arch or window with pointed head.

lan'cinating, a. (of pain) shooting.

land, n. solid part of earth's surface; ground, soil, expanse of country; country, State; landed property, (pl.) estates. v.t. & i. disembark, go or put ashore; catch (fish), win (prize). ~-bank, bank issuing notes on security of landed property. ~holder, proprietor or (usu.) tenant of land. ~lady, woman keeping inn or lodgings; woman having tenants. ~locked, almost or quite enclosed by land. ~lord, person of whom another holds any tenement; keeper of inn or lodgings. ~mark, boundary mark; conspicuous object; notable event. ~rail, corncrake. ~slide, overwhelming political victory; landslip. ~slip, sliding down of mass of land from cliff, &c. ~ward, a., adv., & n.; ~wards, adv.

lan'dau, n. four-wheeled carriage with top whose back and front can be raised and lowered. landaulet(te), n. coupé with landau top.

lan'ded, a. possessing, consisting of, land.

land'grave, n. title of certain German potentates.

lan'ding, n. place for disembarking; platform at head of stairs. ~-net, net for landing large fish.

land'scape (-ns-), n. piece of inland scenery; picture of it.

lane, n. narrow road between hedges; narrow street; passage.

lang syne, adv. & n. (Sc.) (in) the old days.

lan'guage (-nggw-), n. words and their use; speech; form of speech used by a people; style; expression.

lan'guid (-nggw-), a. suffering from or seeming to be affected by languor.

lan'guish (-nggw-), v.i. lose or lack vitality; lose intensity; droop; pine for. ~ment, n.

lan'guor (-nggwer), n. faintness; lassitude; soft or tender mood. ~ous, a. indulging in languor.

lank, a. lean and tall; long; (of grass, hair, &c.) long and limp. lank'y, a. tall, lean.

lan'olin, n. fat permeating sheep's wool, used as basis of ointment.

lan'squenet (-sk-), n. a card game.

lan'tern, n. case for a light to be used out of doors; erection on top of dome or room with glazed sides.

lan'yard, n. (Naut.) short cord for fastening or holding something.

Laodice'an, n. person lacking zeal, esp. in religion or politics.

lap, v.t. & i. drink by scooping with the tongue; drink greedily; (of waves, &c.) make lapping

sound. n. liquid food (sl.) weak beverage; sound of wavelets.
lap² n. tail or skirt of coat; front of woman's skirt held up as a receptacle; thighs of sitting person; one circuit of course in a race. v.t. & i. swathe, enfold arrange so as to overlap. ~dog, small enough to be held in the lap. ~ful, n.
lapel' n. part of coat-breast folded back. lapelled' (-ld) a.
lapid'ary, a. of stones; engraved on stone. n. engraver of gems.
lap'is laz'uli, n. a bright blue pigment a rich blue silicate.
lapp'et, n. flap or fold of garment, &c., or flesh.
lapse, n. slip of memory, &c.; slight mistake, backsliding coming to an end elapsing. v.i. fall back or away; become void, fall in; elapse.
lap'sus ling'uae (-ngwē), slip of the tongue. l~ cal'ami, slip of the pen.
lap'wing, n. pewit.
lar'board (-berd) n. older term (now rare) for port.
lar'ceny n. theft. lar'cenous, a.
larch, n. bright-foliaged tree of pine kind its timber
lard, n. pig fat prepared for cooking, &c. v.t. smear with lard garnish. lardā'ceous (-shus), a. lard-like. lar'dy a.
lar'der, n. room or cupboard for meat, &c.
lar'ēs (-z), n.pl. household gods.
large, a. of considerable or relatively great magnitude of wide range, comprehensive liberal, generous. n. (only with at or in); at ~, not in custody; at full length; as whole broad cast. in ~, without reduction of scale. large'ly adv. to a great or preponderating extent.
lar'gess, n. money or gifts scattered on occasions of rejoicing.
lar'iat, n. picketing-rope, lasso.
lark¹ n. kinds of small bird including the skylark.
lark² n. frolic, spree; amusing incident. v.i. indulge in lark.
lark'spur, n. plant with spur shaped calyx.
larr'ikin, n. rowdy street boy
lar'va, n. (pl. -vae), insect in caterpillar stage. lar'val, a.
laryng'oscope (-ngg-), n. instrument for inspecting larynx.
laryngot'omy (-ngg-) n. making of incision into larynx.
la'rynx, n. cavity in throat holding vocal chords. laryn'geal (-j-), a. laryngi'tis (-j-), n. inflammation of larynx.
Las'car, n. E.-Indian seaman.
lasciv'ious, a. lustful.
lash, v.t. & i. make sudden movement of tail, limb, &c., pour, rush; beat with thong, &c. urge as with whip, castigate; tie tightly n. stroke given with thong, &c. flexible part of whip. lash'ing, n. a flogging, cord used in making fast. lash'ings, n.pl. (sl.) plenty
lash'er, n. weir pool below it.
lash'kar, n. body of armed Indian tribesmen.
lass, lass'ie, nn. girl.
lass'itude, n. languor; disinclination to exert oneself.
lass'o (or lasoo'), n. (pl. -os), noosed rope for catching cattle. v.t. catch with lasso.
last¹ (-ah-) n. shoemaker's model for shaping shoe on.
last² (-ah-), n. a load cargo a large quantity of amount varying with the class of goods.
last³ (-ah-), a. after all others coming at the end most recent utmost. adv. on the last occasion before the present. n. most recent letter, &c.; last performance of certain acts end.
last⁴ (-ah-), v.i. go on; remain unexhausted or adequate or alive. last'ing (-ah-), a. permanent; durable. n. kind of hard cloth used for boot-tops, &c.
last'ly (-ah-), adv. finally
latch, n. bar with catch as fastening of gate, &c.; small spring lock as fastening of outer door v.t. fasten with latch.
latch'et, n. (arch.) thong for fastening shoe.

lāte, *a.* after the right time; far on in day or night or period; backward; now dead; that occurred lately. *adv.* after right time; far on in time. *of* ~, recently.

latteen′ *a.* ~ *sail*, triangular sail on long yard at angle of 45° to mast. ~ *ship*, so rigged.

lāte′ly (-tl-), *adv.* not long ago; in recent times.

lā′tent, *a.* concealed; dormant; existing but not developed or manifest. **lā′tency**, *n.*

lăt′eral, *a.* of, at, toward, or from the side(s). *n.* a lateral shoot or branch.

lath (-ah-), *n.* (*pl. pr.* -dhz), thin strip of wood. **lă′thy** (-ah-), *a.*

lāthe (-dh), *n.* kinds of machine used in turnery and pottery.

lathee (lahtē′), *n.* (Anglo-Ind.) long heavy stick, usu. of bamboo.

lă′ther (-dh-), *n.* froth of soap and water; frothy sweat of horse. *v.t.* & *i.* form lather; cover (chin) with lather; (*sl.*) thrash.

LĂT′IN, *n.* language of ancient Rome; inhabitant of ancient Latium. *a.* of or in Latin; of Latium or ancient Rome. **lă′tinism** (-izm), *n.* idiom or construction imitating Latin. ~**ist**, *n.* person knowing Latin. ~**ity** *n.* Latin style. ~**ize**, *v.t.* & *i.* (-natīz), give Latin form to; use latinisms. ~**ization**, *n.*

lă′titude, *n.* scope, full extent; freedom from restriction in action or opinion; angular distance N. or S. of the equator; (*usu. pl.*) regions, climes.

lătitūdinār′ian, *a.* claiming or allowing freedom of interpretation in religion. *n.* person of such views. ~**ism**, *n.*

latrine′ (-ēn), *n.* place for evacuation of bowels or bladder.

lăt′ter, *a.* recent; mentioned later of the two. ~**ly** *adv.* of late; in later part of.

lăt′tice, *n.* structure of laths or bars crossing each other with interstices. ~ *window*, window so made, with small panes set in lead. **lăt′ticed** (-st), *a.*

laud, *n.* praise; song of praise. *v.t.* praise, extol. **laud′able**, *a.* commendable. ~**ability**, *n.*

lau′danum (lŏd′num), *n.* tincture of opium.

laudā′tion, *n.* praising; a panegyric. **laud′atory**, *a.*

laugh (lahf), *v.i.* & *t.* make the sounds usual in expressing amusement, exultation, and scorn; utter with a laugh. *n.* sound or act of laughing.

laugh′able (-ahf-), *a.* exciting laughter; amusing.

laugh′ing (-ahf-), *a.* indulging in laughter. *n.* a laugh. ~-*gas*, nitrous oxide as anaesthetic. ~-*stock*, object of general derision.

laugh′ter (-ahf-) *n.* laughing.

launch¹ (-ah- -aw-), *v.t.* & *i.* hurl, discharge, send forth; start on a course; set vessel afloat. *n.* launching of ship.

launch² (-ah- -aw-), *n.* man-of-war's largest boat; large mechanically propelled boat.

laun′dress, *n.* woman who washes and gets up linen. **laun′dry**, establishment for washing clothes; linen for washing.

laur′eate, *a.* wreathed with laurel. *n.* poet laureate. ~**ship**, *n.*

lau′rel (lŏ-), *n.* kinds of glossy-leaved shrub; (*sing.* or *pl.*) wreath of bay-leaves as emblem of victory or poetic merit. **lau′relled** (-rěld), *a.* wreathed with laurel.

laurustī′nus (lŏ-), *n.* an evergreen flowering shrub.

la′va (lah-), *n.* matter discharged in fluid form by volcano.

lăv′atory, *n.* room, &c. for washing hands and face; (euphem.) water-closet(s) and urinal.

lāve, *v.t.* (*poet.*), wash, bathe; wash against, flow along.

lăv′ender, *n.* a fragrant-flowered shrub, its flowers and stalks used to perfume linen; colour of its flower. ~-*water*, a scent.

lā′ver, *n.* vessel for ablutions; font; spiritual cleansing.

lăv′erock (-vr-) *n.* lark.

lav'ish, a. profuse, prodigal; over-abundant. v.t. bestow or spend lavishly. ~ness, n.

law, n. a rule established among a community and enjoining or prohibiting certain action; the system made up of these rules; any rule of procedure. ~-abiding, obedient to the laws. ~-court, court of law. ~-giver, author of code of laws. ~ merchant, laws regulating trade and commerce. ~-officer, (esp.) Attorney or Solicitor General. ~-suit, prosecution of claim in lawcourt.

law'ful, a. permitted or appointed by law; not illegal.

law'less, a. having no laws; disobedient to law; unbridled.

lawn¹, n. kind of fine linen.

lawn², n. close-mown piece of turf in gardens, &c. ~-mower, lawn-mowing machine. ~ tennis, modification of tennis played on level ground without walls.

law'yer, n. person pursuing law as a profession.

lax, a. negligent, not strict; loose; vague. **lax'ity**, n.

lax², n. Swedish or Norwegian salmon.

lax'ative, a. loosening the bowels. n. laxative drug.

lay¹, p.t. of lie.

lay², n. minstrel's song, ballad.

lay³, a. non-clerical; non-professional; amateur. ~ brother, sister, member of religious order employed in manual labour. ~ clerk, choirman in cathedral, &c. ~man, person not in orders; person without professional or special knowledge of a subject. ~ reader, layman licensed to conduct religious services.

lay⁴, v.t. (laid), deposit on a surface; lay in specified position; put or bring into specified state; impose, enjoin; bury; calm, allay; make subside; beat down (crop); set (trap) in readiness; set (the table); wager; produce (egg).

lay'er, n. person, &c. that lays; a thickness of matter laid over a surface; a shoot fastened down to take root. v.t. propagate (plant) by layer.

layette', n. clothes, &c. needed for new-born child.

lay fig'ure (-ger), n. jointed figure used by artists for arranging draperies, &c. on; unreal character in novel, &c.

lā'zar, n. (hist.) beggar with leprosy, &c. **lazarĕt'tō**, n. (pl. -os) hospital for lepers.

lā'zy, a. averse to work; indolent; inducing indolence. **laze**, v.i. & n. (colloq.) (indulge in) laziness.

lazzarō'ne, n. (pl. -ni), Neapolitan street-loafer and beggar.

lea, n. piece of meadow or arable or pasture land.

lead¹ (lēd), v.t. & i. (led), force to go with one; conduct, guide; (of commander or conductor) direct movements of; guide by persuasion; guide actions or opinions of; show the way towards; play (card) as first player; experience a life of specified kind. n. performance done as example; leader's place; right of playing first at cards, suit led from; string, &c. for leading dog; (Electr.) conductor conveying current from source to place of use.

lead² (lĕd), n. a heavy soft grey metal; stick of plumbago in pencil; bullets; lump of lead used in sounding water; (pl.) piece of usu. flat roof covered with lead. v.t. cover, weight, with lead.

lea'den (lĕd-), a. consisting of lead; heavy; sombre.

lead'er (lēd-), n. one who leads or conducts; a commander; leading article; line of gut to which end of fishing-fly is attached. **leaderette'**, n. short editorial article.

lead'ing (lēd-), a. chief; of most importance; giving guidance. n. guidance. ~ article, editorial pronouncement at full length. ~ question, one so framed as to prompt the answer desired. ~-strings, strings with which children are taught to walk.

leaf, *n.* (pl. -ves), (pl.) the parts that give trees and other plants their green appearance; foliage; (sing.) single member of plant's foliage; section of sheet of paper of which each side is a page; hinged flap of table, &c. **leaf'age**, *n.* foliage. **leaf'let**, *n.* printed paper single or folded, for distribution. **leaf'y** *a.*

league¹ (-g), *n.* varying measure of distance, usu. about 3 miles.

league² (-g), *n.* compact for mutual help; the parties to it; association for common interests. *v.t.* & *i.* combine in league. ~ **match**, (Crick., Footb.) match for championship between clubs belonging to same League. ~ **of Nations**, established by the treaty of peace of 1919 for the prevention of war. **leag'uer** (-ger), *n.* member of league.

leag'uer² (-ger), *n.* siege; besiegers' camp.

leak, *n.* hole or passage through which liquid, &c. makes its way in or out. *v.i.* pass, let water &c. pass, through leak. ~**age**, *n.* what leaks out or in. **leak'y** *a.* having leaks.

leal, *a.* loyal; honest.

lean¹ *a.* having no superfluous fat; thin; (of meat) not fat. *n.* the lean part of meat.

lean² *v.i.* & *t.* (leant or leaned), be in or put in a sloping position; be inclined or partial to. ~**-to**, shed, &c. with roof leaning against wall of larger building. **lean'ing**, *n.* tendency or inclination.

leap, *i.* & *t.* (leapt or leaped) & *n.* jump. ~**-frog**, game in which players vault over others bending down. ~**-year**, with 29th Feb. as intercalary day.

learn (lĕrn), *v.t.* & *i.* (learnt or learned) get knowledge of, or skill in, by study, experience, or being taught; find out; (vulg.) teach. **learn'ed** (-ĭd), *a.* deeply read, erudite. **learn'er** (-ĕr), *n.* person learning; apprentice. **learn'ing** (-ĭng), *n.* knowledge got by study; erudition.

lease, *n.* contract by which land or tenement is conveyed for a term by its owner (the lessor) to a tenant (the lessee), usu. for a rent. *v.t.* (-sable), grant or take on lease. ~**hold**, tenure or tenement on lease. ~**holder**, tenant on lease.

leash, *n.* thong for holding dogs; three dogs, hares, &c. *v.t.* put leash on; hold in leash.

leas'ing (-z-), *n.* (Bibl.) falsehood.

least, *a.* smallest. *n.* least amount. *adv.* in the least degree.

lea'ther (lĕdh-), *n.* material made by tanning or otherwise dressing hides. *v.t.* cover, &c. with leather; flog. ~**-hunting**, (sl.) fielding at cricket. ~**-jacket**, a kind pest, the larval stage of daddy long legs. **leatherette'** (lĕdh-), *n.* imitation leather. **lea'thering** (lĕdh-), *n.* flogging. **lea'thern** (lĕdh-), *a.* made of leather. **lea'thery** (lĕdh-), like leather esp. in toughness.

leave¹ *n.* permission; permission to be absent from duty or to withdraw.

leave² *v.t.* & *i.* (left), -vable, let remain; bequeath; abstain from; go away (from); cease to reside at or belong to; trust or commit to another; abandon.

leav'en (lĕ-), *n.* substance used to make dough ferment and rise; admixture of some quality. *v.t.* treat with leaven; act as leaven upon.

leav'ings (-z), *n.pl.* what some one has left as worthless, &c.

lech'er, *n.* (arch.) fornicator. ~**ous**, *a.* lustful. **lech'ery**, *n.*

lec'tern, *n.* reading or singing desk in church. **lec'tionary** (-sho-), *n.* portions of Scripture appointed to be read in churches.

lec'ture, *n.* discourse delivered to a class or other audience; piece of admonition. *v.t.* & *i.* deliver lecture; admonish. **lec'turer** (-cher-), *n.* **lec'tureship** (-cher-), *n.* appointment as lecturer.

led, p.t. & p.p. of lead.[1]
ledge, n. narrow shelf or projection; rock-ridge below sea-level.
ledg'er, n. book in which a firm's debtor-and-creditor accounts are kept. ~-line, (mus.) short line added above or below stave.
lee, n. shelter given by neighbouring object; side of something away from the wind. lee'ward (lū'erd), a. & adv. on or towards the side turned from the wind; n. leeward direction or region. ~way, drift of ship to leeward.
leech[1], n. physician; blood-sucking worm used in bleeding.
leech[2], n. edge of sail.
leek, n. onion-like herb.
leer, n. & v.i. glance with lascivious or malign expression. leer'y, a. knowing, sly.
lees (-z), n.pl. sediment of wine, &c.; worst part after best is gone.
left[1], p.t. & p.p. of leave.[1]
left[2], a. of, or situated on, the side opposite to the right; n. the left side; the ~, in politics, the advanced or radical party. ~ward, a. & adv., ~wards, adv.
leg, n. one of the limbs on which person or animal walks and stands; artificial leg; support of chair or other piece of furniture; (colloq.) section of journey &c.; (crick.) that part of the 'on' side of the field which is behind, or about in a line with, the playing batsman. ~-bail, making off, decamping.
leg'acy, n. gift left by will; (fig.) something handed down by predecessor.
lē'gal, a. of or based on law; appointed or required or permitted by law. lē'galism, n. exaltation of law or formula. lē'galist, n. legal'ity, n. lawfulness. lē'galize, v.t. (-zable), make lawful; bring into harmony with law. ~ization, n.
leg'ate, n. papal ambassador.
legatee, n. recipient of legacy.
lega'tion, n. body of deputies; diplomatic minister and his suite; his residence.
lē'gend, n. traditional story; myth; inscription or motto on coin, &c. lē'gendary, a. famous, existing only in legend.
lē'gerdemain, n. sleight of hand, juggling; sophistry.
legg'ing (-g-), n. (usu. in pl.) outer covering of leather &c., esp. for lower leg; cricket-pad.
leghorn' (-gôrn), n. kind of plaited straw for hats; hat of it; breed of fowls.
lĕ'gible, a. easily read (of handwriting, &c.). ~bility, n.
lē'gion (-jn), n. a division of 3,000–6,000 men in the armies of ancient Rome; great number. British ~, national association of ex-service men. lē'gionary (-jn-), a. of legion or legions; n. soldier of legion.
lĕ'gislate, v.i. make laws. ~tion, n. law-making; laws made. ~tive, a. ~tor, n. ~ture, n. legislative body of a State.
legit'imacy (-si), n. being legitimate.
legit'imate, a. lawful, regular, proper; v.t. (-āt) legitimatize.
legit'imatize, legit'imize, v.t. (-zable), make legitimate by decree or enactment; prove legitimate. ~zation, n.
legit'imism, n. adherence to sovereign or pretender whose claim is based on direct descent. legit'imist, n.
legū'minous, a. bearing seed in valved pods (beans, peas, &c.).
leisure (lĕzh'er), n. spare time; freedom from pressing business. leisured (lĕzh'erd), a. having plenty of leisure. lei'surely (lĕzher-), a. deliberate, not hurried; adv. without hurry.
‖leit-motif, -iv (lī'tmōtēf), n. (Mus.) theme associated throughout piece with some person, situation, or sentiment.
lĕm'an, n. (arch.) sweetheart, paramour; illicit mistress.
lĕmm'ing, n. arctic rodent.
lĕm'on, n. pale-yellow acid fruit; its colour; tree bearing it; (sl.) unattractive girl, any person or

thing suggestive of sour fruit. ~-grass, fragrant E. Ind. grass yielding the grass oil used in perfumery. ~-squash, drink of squeezed lemon and soda-water. ~-wood, New Zealand tree, the Tarata. lemonade' n. drink made from or flavoured like lemon-juice.

le'mur n. kind of nocturnal mammal allied to monkeys.

lend, v.t. (*lent*) grant temporary use of (thing); let out at interest or for hire; bestow, contribute; accommodate (oneself) to.

length, n. measurement from end to end in space or time; vowel quantity. **leng'then,** v.t. & i. make or become longer. **length'ways** (-z), adv.; ~-wise (-z), adv. & a. **leng'thy** a. of unusual or undue length.

le'nient (-nyent), a. indisposed to, marked by absence of, severity. **le'nience, -cy, len'ity,** nn.

len'itive, a. & n. *soothing or gently* laxative (drug).

lens (-z), n. piece of glass spherically convex on one or both sides, used in spectacles, &c.

lent, p.t. & p.p. of lend.

Lent, n. period of fasting and penitence from Ash Wednesday to Easter Eve. **Len'ten,** a. of or in or suited to Lent.

len'til, n. edible seed, shaped like double-convex lens, of a leguminous plant. **lentic'ular,** a. lentil-shaped.

len'tisk, n. mastic-yielding tree.

Le'o, n. sign of zodiac.

le'onine, a. lionlike.

Le'onine a. & n. ~ verse or leonines, Latin hexameter or elegiac couplet with internal rhyme(s).

leo'pard (lĕp-), n. large carnivorous beast with dark-spotted fawn coat; panther. ~ess, n.

lep'er n. person with leprosy.

lepidop'terous, a. of the *Lepidoptera* or insects with four scale-covered wings, such as moths and butterflies.

lep'orine, a. of the hare kind.

lep'rosy n. (Path.) an endemic chronic constitutional disease, varying in manifestations as the skin, nerves, or other tissues are affected; (pop.) loathsome disease of the skin, eating away the parts affected. **lep'rous,** a.

lese-maj'esty (lēz-), n. treason.

lē'sion (-zhn), n. (Med.) injurious change in the action or texture of an organ.

less, a. smaller; of lower rank or degree; a lesser quantity of, fewer. n. a less amount; a less quantity or number. adv. to a less degree or extent or amount. prep. minus; with the deduction of.

lessee' See lease.

less'en, v.t. & i. diminish.

less'er, a. not so great as the other or the rest; minor.

less'on, n. one of two readings at matins and evensong; thing to be learnt by pupil; spell of teaching; a warning experience; example. v.t. discipline.

lessor'. See lease.

lest, conj. in order that — not; for fear that.

let[1] v.t. (letted or let), hinder, obstruct. n. a hindrance; (Rackets, &c.) accidental obstruction of ball or player, annulling the round.

let[2] v.t. & i. (let), allow or enable or cause to; grant use of for rent or hire; cause or allow to escape.

le'thal, a. causing or destined to cause death.

leth'argy, n. torpid or apathetic state. **lethar'gic,** a.

Lē'the, n. river in Hades producing forgetfulness of the past. **Lethe'an,** a.

lett'er, n. any of the symbols of which written words are composed; written message, epistle; literal meaning; (pl.) kinds of legal or formal letter; type used in printing; (pl.) literature, authorship as a profession. v.t. impress (title, &c. on book cover); classify with letters. ~-perfect, (Theatr.) knowing

one's part perfectly ~press, matter printed from type. ~weight, balance for weighing postal letters; thing used to keep papers still on table. letters patent, see patent.

lĕt'tered (-erd), a. well-read.

lĕt'tuce (-tis) n. herb grown for salad.

leucocyte, n. colourless blood-corpuscle.

levant¹ v.i. abscond without paying one's debts.

Levant² n. the East Mediterranean region. Levan'ter, n. easterly wind in the Levant. Levan'tine, a. of the Levant; n. native of the Levant.

lĕv'ee (-vĭ), n. sovereign's reception for men only; any gathering of visitors.

²levee (lĕvē' lĕ'vĭ), n. embankment to prevent overflow of river; landing-place.

lĕv'el, n. instrument for giving or testing a horizontal line or plane; such line or plane; a social or intellectual standard; flat country. a. horizontal; on an equality with; even; in the same line with anything. v.t. & i. make level, even, or uniform; place on same level; lay low; raze, abolish; take aim at. ~ crossing, intersection of road and railway &c. without bridge.

lĕv'eller, n. person who would abolish social distinctions.

lē'ver, n. a bar or other rigid structure used as a mechanical aid to raise a weight; tool used in printing. v.t. move with lever. lē'verage, n. advantage given by use of lever.

lĕv'eret, n. young hare.

levi'athan, n. sea monster; huge ship; anything large of its kind.

lĕv'igate, v.t. (-gable), rub down into powder or paste.

lĕv'in, n. (poet.) lightning.

levitā'tion, n. power or act of rising or raising (body) into the air by spiritualism.

Lē'vite, n. member of the tribe of Levi; priests' assistant in Jewish temple-worship. Levit'ical, a. of the Levites or their duties.

lĕv'ity, n. disposition to make light of weighty matters, unseasonable jocularity; frivolity.

lĕv'y, n. collecting of tax or compulsory payment, enrolling of soldiers, &c.; amount or number levied. v.t. raise or impose compulsorily.

lewd, a. lustful, indecent.

Lew'is gun (loo-), n. kind of machine-gun.

lexicog'rapher, lexicog'raphy nn. maker, making, of dictionaries.

lĕx'icon, n. dictionary.

Ley'den jar (lī-), n. kind of electrical condenser.

liabil'ity, n. being liable; (pl.) debts, &c. for which one is liable.

lī'able, a. legally bound, subject to, answerable for, exposed to.

liai'son (-zon), n. illicit amour; (Mil.) connexion, touch.

lia'na (-ah-), n. kinds of twining plant in tropical forests.

lī'ar, n. person who utters an intentionally false statement.

lī'as, n. a blue limestone rich in fossils.

liba'tion (or lī-), n. drink-offering; (joc.) toast-drinking, &c.

lī'bel, n. published statement damaging to person's reputation; false defamatory statement. v.t. defame falsely, misrepresent maliciously. lī'bellous, a.

lĭb'eral, a. open-handed, generous; abundant; open-minded, unprejudiced; (Pol.) of the Liberal party. n. advocate of democratic reform, member of the Liberal party. lĭb'eralism, n. principles of Liberal party. liberal'ity, n. munificence; freedom from narrow views. lĭb'eralize, v.t. (-zable), free from narrowness. ~zation, n.

lĭb'erate, v.t. (-table), set at liberty; release. ~tion, ~tor, nn. liberā'tionism (-shon-), n. policy of freeing religion from State control by disestablishment.

lĭb'ertine, n. licentious man.

~nism, n.

li'berty, n. being free, freedom; right or power to do as one pleases; place of [illegible]; (pl.) privileges enjoyed by prescription or grant. ~-man, sailor ashore on leave.

libi'dinous, a. lustful.

li'brary, n. collection of books or place in which it is kept; reading and writing room in house. librar'ian (or li-), n. custodian of library.

libre'tto, n. (pl. -tti, pr. -tē) book of the words of an opera or long musical work. libre'ttist, n.

lice. See louse.

li'cence, n. permission to do something otherwise prohibited; document conveying it; excessive liberty of action; licentiousness. li'cense, v.t. (-sable), authorize; grant licence to or for. licensed victualler, n. innkeeper with licence to sell alcohol. licensee, n. holder of a licence. li'censer, n. official granting licences.

licen'tiate (or li-; -shi-), n. holder of a certificate from a collegiate or examining body.

licen'tious (or li-; -shus), a. immoral in sexual relations.

li'chen (-k-), n. kinds of flowerless plant forming a crust on stones, tree-trunks, &c.

lich'gate, n. roofed gateway of churchyard.

lick, v.t. pass tongue over; take up by licking; play lightly over; (sl.) thrash, defeat. n. act of licking; smart blow; small quantity. lick'spittle, n. toady.

lick'erish (-ker-), a. fond of dainty fare; greedy; lecherous.

lick'ing, n. thrashing, defeat.

lic'tor, n. Roman official bearing axe and rods before magistrate.

lid, n. cover fitting an aperture.

lie[1], n. intentional false statement; imposture; false belief. v.i. (lying), tell lie(s); be deceptive.

lie[2], v.i. (past lay; p.p. lain), be in or assume a horizontal position on a supporting surface; be at rest on something; be spread out to view; be comprised; (Law) be sustainable or admissible. n. way thing lies.

lief, adv. as ~, better, with as much, more, willingness.

liege, a. (arch.) entitled to receive or bound to give feudal service or allegiance. n. one's liege lord; vassal or subject.

lien (lē'en), n. right to hold another's property till debt on it is paid.

lieu (lū), n. in ~, instead.

lieute'nant (lĕft-, lĕf-, in navy lĕt-), n. vicegerent or deputy or subordinate commander; a navy or army officer. ~-colonel, ~-commander, ~-general, officers of navy and army. lieute'nancy, n. lieutenant's rank.

life, n. (pl. -ves), the active principle peculiar to animals and plants; living state; living things and their movements; energy or vivacity; events of individual's existence or written story of them; the business and pleasures of the world. ~ assurance, insurance of one's life. ~-belt, belt of buoyant material to support body in water. ~-blood, blood necessary to life; (fig.) vitalizing influence. ~-boat, boat for saving life in storms. ~-buoy, appliance for keeping person afloat. ~ Guards, two Household-Cavalry regiments. ~-preserver, short stick with loaded end. ~-time, duration of person's life.

life'less (-f-l-), a. dead; lacking in animation.

life'like (-f-l-), a. realistic or vivid.

lift, v.t. & i. raise to higher level; take up; hoist, elevate; steal, plagiarize; (of cloud, darkness, &c.) cease to obstruct view; *pay (mortgage) and so take up. n. lifting; apparatus for raising and lowering people, &c., from floor to floor.

lig'ament, n. tough fibrous tissue binding bones together.

lig'ature, n. tie or bandage; (Mus.) slur or tie; (Print.) two

or more letters joined (æ, fl, ffi, &c.). v.t. bind or connect with or in ligature.

light¹ (līt), n. the natural agent that makes things visible; presence or effect of this; any source of light such as the sun or a burning candle; means of producing fire such as match or taper; brightness of eyes or aspect; mental illumination; way thing presents itself to the mind. a. (of place) having plenty of light; (of colour) pale, not deep. v.t. & i. (lit or lighted), set burning; begin burning; show the way with a light; brighten with animation. ~house, structure with beacon light for guiding or warning ships. ~ship, anchored ship with beacon light. lit up, drunk.

light² (līt), a. not heavy; of little weight or low specific gravity; deficient in weight; easy to wield or digest or do; not ponderous; elegant; not grave or important, trivial; inconstant; loose; not dense or tenacious. adv. lightly. v.i. (lit or lighted), come by chance upon; (arch.) alight. ~armed, with light equipment and weapons. ~fingered, said of pickpockets, &c. ~handed, adroit at managing others. ~headed, delirious; thoughtless. ~hearted, gay; untroubled. ~horse, light-armed cavalry. ~infantry, light-armed foot-soldiers. ~minded, flighty, frivolous, irresponsible. ~o'-love, wanton woman. ~weight, person under average weight (and see boxing-weights).

light'en¹ (lī-), v.t. & i. make or grow lighter; reduce weight of; relieve of care; mitigate.

light'en² (lī-), v.t. & i. suffuse with light or shed light on; emit lightning (of eyes) flash.

light'er (lī-), n. flat-bottomed or other boat for shifting goods between ship and land, &c. ~age, n. fees for such shifting.

light'ning (lī-), n. discharge of electricity from cloud to cloud or ground. ~conductor, ~rod, metal rod or wire fixed to building to divert lightning to earth. ~strike, labour strike without legal notice by way of surprise.

lights (līts), n.pl. lungs of animals as food.

light'some (līt-), a. gracefully light; merry; agile.

lig'neous, a. of the nature of wood; (of plants) having wood.

lig'nite, n. brown coal of woody texture.

lig'num vi'tae, n. a hard-wooded tree.

like, a. resembling another or the original; such as, characteristic of. prep. in the manner of; to the same degree as. adv. in the same manner. n. counterpart, equal, like thing or person; (pl.) likings. v.t. (-kable), find agreeable or satisfactory; feel attracted by. ~minded, agreeing in tastes or opinions.

like'lihood (-lĭ-), n. probability.

like'ly (-lĭ-), a. probable; such as may well happen or prove to be true; promising, apparently suitable. adv. probably.

li'ken, v.t. represent as comparable or similar to.

like'ness (-nĭ-), n. resemblance; semblance; portrait.

like'wise (-wīz), adv. & conj. similarly; also, moreover.

likin (lē'kēn'), n. provincial transit duty in China.

li'king, n. one's taste; regard or taste or predilection for.

li'lac, n. a flowering shrub; the more usual colour of the flower, a pale violet. a. lilac-coloured.

Lilipu'tian (-shan), a. & n. pygmy; dwarf.

lilt, v.t. & i. sing with rhythmical effect. n. such effect; song marked by it.

lil'y, n. kinds of plant with showy flower; the fleur-de-lis. ~ of the valley, spring flower with small fragrant white bells.

limb¹ (-m), n. (Astr.) specified edge of sun, moon, &c.

limb¹ (-m), n. leg, arm, or wing; main branch of a tree. v.t. dismember, pull to pieces.

lim'ber¹ n. detachable front of gun-carriage. v.t. attach limber to gun.

lim'ber² a. flexible; lithe, agile. ~neck, n. disease of poultry.

lim'bō, n. (pl. -os), region on border of hell assigned to those who have failed to be Christians because they have not had the chance; a prison.

lime¹ n. white caustic substance got by burning kinds of rock. v.t. smear (twigs) with bird-lime; snare (birds) thus; treat with lime. ~kiln, furnace for making lime. ~light, intense light given by heating lime in oxyhydrogen flame; (fig.) glare of publicity. ~stone (-stōn), kinds of rock with much lime.

lime² n. fruit of lemon kind. ~juice, antiscorbutic drink. *li'mey n. (sl.) English sailor.

lime³, n. a garden tree (often lime-tree); *tupelo.

lim'erick, n. five-line stanza of kind of nonsense-verse.

lim'it, n. bounding line; terminal point; bound that may not or cannot be passed. v.t. set limits to; serve as limit to; restrict (esp.) unduly. ~man, competitor receiving maximum start in handicap. lim'itary, a. restrictive. ~a'tion, n. limiting; limited condition or disability.

limn (-m), v.t. paint (picture); portray. lim'ner, n.

limousine (-zēn), n. motor-car with closed body and roof over the driver.

limp¹, v.i. go with lame gait; halt. n. limping gait.

limp² a. neither stiff nor springy; without energy.

lim'pet, n. cone-shaped shell-fish sticking tight to rock.

lim'pid, a. transparently clear. limpid'ity, n.

linch'pin, n. pin passed through axle-end to keep wheel on.

lin'den, n. the lime-tree.

line, n. a piece of cord serving some purpose; wire over which telegraphic, &c., messages travel; *(pl.) driving reins; long narrow mark; row of persons or things; lineage; series of things, esp. ships following same route; track or course or direction; limit or boundary; contour or outline; the equator; measure of one-twelfth of an inch; (pl., Mil.) set of field-works or boundaries of encampment; regular regiments, esp. infantry. v.t. & i. (-nable), mark with lines; post men or take post or stand at intervals along a road, hedge, &c.; put lining into; serve as lining of. ~engraving, done with incised lines. ~sman, soldier of line regiment; umpire's assistant in some games with boundary lines.

lin'eage, n. descent, pedigree.

lin'eal, a. in the direct line of descent or ancestry.

lin'eament, n. (usu. pl.) distinctive feature(s) or characteristic(s), esp. of the face.

lin'ear, a. of or in lines; long and narrow and of uniform breadth.

lin'en, a. made of flax. n. linen cloth; articles made of this or of calico. ~draper, dealer in linen, calico, &c.

li'ner, n. ship of a line of passenger-ships.

ling¹ n. a sea-fish.

ling² n. kinds of heather.

lin'ger (-ngg-), v.i. be slow to depart; stay long; stay about; dally; be protracted.

‖lingerie (lăn'zherē), n. linen articles; women's underclothing.

lin'go (-ngg-), n. (pl. -oes), foreign language; queer way of talking.

lin'gual (-nggw-), a. of the tongue, of speech.

lin'guist (-nggw-), n. person skilled in foreign languages. linguis'tic, a. of the study of languages; of speech. ~ics, n.

lin'iment, n. liquid for rubbing into affected part.

li'ning, n. layer of material ap-

plied to the inside of a garment, box, vessel, &c.

link, n. one loop or ring of a chain or of knitted work, &c.; thing or person that unites; member of series; measure of 7·92 in.; (hist.) torch made of tow and pitch. v.t. & i. connect, join together; clasp or intertwine.

links, n.pl. ground on which golf is played.

Linnae'an (-nian), a. of Linnaeus or his classification of plants.

linn'et, n. a songbird.

lino'leum, n. floor-covering of canvas thickly coated with a preparation of linseed.

li'notype, n. machine producing stereotyped lines of type.

lin'seed, n. seed of flax.

linsey-wool'sey (-ze -ze), n. fabric of coarse wool and cotton.

lin'stock, n. (hist.) staff holding match for firing gun.

lint, n. linen with one side made fluffy by scraping.

lin'tel, n. wood or stone across top of door or window.

li'on, n. large carnivorous beast noted for his courage; courageous person; celebrity. li'oness, n. li'onize, v.t. & i. (-zable) treat (person) as a celebrity.

lip, n. either edge of the opening into the mouth; brim of vessel; (sl.) saucy talk. ~stick, stick of cosmetic for rouging lips.

liq'uefy, v.t. & i. (-fiable), make or become liquid. ~fac'tion, n.

liques'cent, a. becoming liquid.

liqueur' (-kür), n. kinds of strong alcoholic liquor.

li'quid, a. having a consistence like that of water or oil; neither solid nor gaseous; having the clearness of water; (of sounds) flowing, clear, pure. n. a liquid substance; either of the letters l, r.

liq'uidate, v.t. & i. (-dable), pay off (debt); wind up the affairs of (company &c.). ~tion, n. process of winding up affairs. ~tor, n. official appointed to liquidate company &c.

liq'uor (-ker), n. alcoholic or other drink; liquid used in or resulting from some process.

liq'uorice (-ker-), n. black substance used in medicine and as sweetmeat; plant from whose root it is obtained.

lira (lēr'a), n. (pl. -re, pr. -rā) Italian franc.

lisp, v.t. & i. fail to pronounce the sibilants (s, z, sh) clearly; say lispingly. n. lisping pronunciation.

lis'som, a. lithe, agile.

list, n. selvedge; (pl.) palisades enclosing tilting-ground (often used fig.); roll or catalogue or inventory. v.t. & i. enter in a list; (vulg.) enlist as a soldier.

list, v.t. & i. (3 sing. pres. list or listeth; past list or listed) be pleasing to; be inclined to do; (of ship, wall, &c.) lean over to one side. n. listing of ship, &c.

list, v.t. & i. (archaic) listen, listen to.

lis'ten (-sn), v.i. make effort to hear something; give ear to. ~ in, tap telephonic communication; listen to broadcast programmes by using receiver.

list'less, a. without inclination or energy; languid.

lit, p.t. & p.p. of light.

lit'any, n. series of petitions for use in church services.

litchi (lēchē'), n. tree, or its fruit, orig. from China, grown in Bengal.

lit'eracy, n. ability to read and write.

lit'eral, a. of the letters or a letter; exactly corresponding to the original; giving words their ordinary sense. ~ism, n. adherence to the letter.

lit'erary, a. of or constituting or concerned with literature.

lit'erate, a. able to read and write. n. literate person.

litera'ti, n.pl. the lettered or learned.

litera'tim, adv. letter for letter.

lit'erature, n. books and written composition valued for form and style; the realm of letters; (colloq.) printed matter.

lithe (-dh), a. pliant, supple; easily bent. ~some, a.

lith'ium, n. a metallic element. lith'ia, n. oxide of lithium.

lith'ograph (-ahf), v.t. engrave or draw on stone and print impressions from it. n. such impression. litho'grapher, n.; lithograph'ic, a. litho'graphy n. the art or process.

litho'tomy n. (surg.) cutting operation for stone.

lit'igant, a. engaged in lawsuit. n. party to lawsuit.

lit'igate, v.i. & t. (-gable), go to law contest at law. litiga'tion, n.

liti'gious (-jus), a. fond of litigation; contentious.

lit'mus, n. blue colouring-matter got from lichens.

litre (lē'ter) n. unit of capacity in metric system (about 1¾ pints).

lit'ter, n. carrying-couch formerly used as a carriage; kind of stretcher for the wounded; bedding for beasts; odds and ends lying about; the young brought forth at a birth. v.t. & i. provide (horse, &c.) with litter; make (place) untidy; bring forth young.

‖ littérateur (litĕrahtër'), n. man of letters.

lit'tle, a. not great or big; small in quantity short in stature or distance or time; unimportant; paltry or mean. n. or pron. only a small amount; such amount of something. adv. to a small extent only; not at all. ~ people, fairies.

lit'toral, a. of or on the shore close to the sea. n. littoral district of a country.

lit'urgy (-ter-), n. a Church's formularies for public worship. litur'gical, a.

liv'able, a. worth living fit to live in or with.

live, v.i. & t. (liv), have life; be or continue alive subsist; conduct oneself in specified way; enjoy life to the full pass or spend; dwell. a. (līv), that is alive or real or active; not dead or fictitious or exhausted; lively wideawake, energetic. ~stock, animals kept for use or profit. ~ wire, wire with electric current running through it.

live'lihood (-vli-), n. means of living; sustenance.

live'long (-vl-), a. the whole (tedious or delightful) length of.

live'ly (-vl-), a. lifelike or realistic, full of life or energy; gay; (col.) exciting or dangerous.

li'ven, v.t. & i. brighten up.

liv'er, n. person who lives in specified way (good, clean, &c.).

liv'er, n. organ secreting bile and purifying the blood; flesh of animal's liver as food.

liv'erwort (-wĕrt), n. kinds of plant.

liv'ery, n. allowance of provender for horses; distinctive clothes worn by members of city company or person's servants; livery stables. ~ company one of the London city companies that formerly wore livery. ~man, member of livery company, or keeper of livery stables. ~ stables, stables where horses are kept at livery or let out for hire.

liv'id, a. of bluish leaden colour.

liv'ing, n. livelihood; a benefice.

liv'ing, a. now alive; (of likeness) lifelike, exact.

liz'ard, n. kinds of four-legged reptile.

lla'ma, la'ma (lah-), n. woolly ruminant used in S. America as beast of burden.

Lloyd's (loidz), n. incorporated society of marine underwriters.

lo, int. (arch.) look, behold.

loach, n. small fresh-water fish.

load, n. what is carried or borne; amount that cart, &c., can carry. v.t. & i. put load on; put (goods, &c.) aboard or on vehicle, &c.; burden; charge (gun, &c.). ~line, ship's water-line when laden.

load'stone, lode'~, n. magnetic oxide of iron; piece of it used as magnet; also fig.

loaf, n. (pl. -ves), piece of bread baked alone or as part of a batch.

~ sugar, sugar in the lump or in small lumps cut from it.

loaf² v.i. spend time idly; hang about. **loaf'er**, n.

loam, n. rich soil of clay, sand, and decayed vegetable matter; clay paste for brickmaking, &c. **loam'y**, a.

loan, n. thing lent; sum to be returned with or without interest. v.t. grant loan of.

loath, **loth**, a. disinclined, reluctant, unwilling.

loathe (-dh), v.t. (-thable), regard with disgust. **loath'ing** (-dh-), n. **loath'some**, a. exciting nausea or disgust; odious.

lob, v.t. & i. toss, bowl, or send ball with slow or high-pitched motion. n. ball bowled slow underhand at cricket or sent high in air at lawn-tennis. ~worm, kinds of worm used as bait.

lō'bate, a. lobed.

lŏbb'y, n. porch, entrance-hall, ante-room or corridor; (in legislative buildings) hall open to outsiders as well as members; persons frequenting this to influence votes. **lobb'ying**, n. frequenting of parliamentary lobby to solicit votes, &c.

lōbe, n. lower pendulous part of outer ear; similar flap of other natural objects. **lōbed** (-bd), a.

lobē'lia, n. garden flower used esp. as edging.

lŏb'ster, n. long-tailed clawed shellfish; its flesh.

lŏb'ūlar, a. lobe-shaped.

lŏb'ūle, n. small lobe.

lō'cal, a. of place; belonging to or peculiar to some place or places. ~ examination (colloq. local), examinations held by universities at centres convenient for candidates. ~ option, right given to district to prohibit local sale of alcoholic liquor.

locale' (-ahl), n. scene or locality of operations or events.

lō'calism, n. attachment to a place, a local idiom, &c.

locăl'ity, n. thing's position; site or scene of something.

lō'calize, v.t. (-zable), make local; decentralize. **localiza'tion**, n.

locāte', v.t. & i. (-table), state locality of; discover exact place of; establish in a place; (colloq.) establish oneself. **locā'tion**, n.

lŏ'cative, a. (Gram.) denoting place where. n. locative case.

lŏch (-ch soft guttural), n. Scotch lake or arm of the sea.

lŏck¹, n. a tuft of hair or wool; (pl.) the hair.

lŏck², n. fastening for a door, &c.; mechanism by which gun is fired; section of river or canal confined within sluiced gates. v.t. & i. fasten with lock; bring or come into rigidly fixed position; jam or catch or make catch. ~jaw, kind of tetanus in which the jaws are rigidly closed. ~keeper, custodian of river or canal lock. ~out, exclusion of workmen by an employer in a *dispute as to wages, &c.* ~smith, maker and mender of locks. ~up, (time of) locking up school, &c. for the night; room, &c. for detention of prisoners.

lŏck'er, n. small cupboard, esp. one reserved for individual in public room.

lŏck'et, n. small gold or silver case for portrait, &c.

lōcomō'tion, n. going from one place to another; power of accomplishing this. **lōcomō'tive**, a. of or having or effecting locomotion; not stationary. n. locomotive engine.

lō'cum tĕ'nens (-z), n. deputy acting for clergyman, doctor, &c. in his absence.

lō'cus, n. (pl. -ci, pr. -sī), exact place of something; (Math.) curve, &c. made by all the points satisfying certain conditions, or by the defined motion of a point or line or surface.

lō'cust, n. destructive winged insect migrating in swarms; kinds of tree and their fruit.

locū'tion, n. style of speech; a phrase or idiom.

lōde, n. vein of metal ore. ~star,

the pole-star; guiding principle or object. ~stone, see load-stone.

lodge, n. small house (arch.); gate-keeper's cottage or porter's room; (of freemasons, friendly societies, &c.) members of branch, or place where they meet. v.t. & i. (-geable), provide with sleeping-quarters; reside as lodger; deposit for security or attention; fix in; settle place. lodg'er, n. person paying for accommodation in another's house. lodg'ing, n. place where one lodges. lodge'ment (-jm-), n. stable position gained, foothold; accumulation of intercepted matter.

loft (-aw-), n. upper room directly covered by roof; gallery in church or hall. v.t. send (golf ball) high. loft'er (-aw-), n. golf club for lofting. loft'y (-aw-), a. of imposing height; haughty; exalted, high-flown.

log, n. unhewn piece of felled tree; any large rough piece of wood; apparatus for gauging ship's speed. ~book, book containing daily record of ship's rate of progress, &c. ~rolling, n. mutual puffery. ~wood, a tree yielding dye.

lo'ganberry, n. fruit got by cross between raspberry and blackberry.

log'gan-stone, n. poised heavy stone rocking at a touch.

log'arithm, n. one of a series of reckoning-numbers tabulated for simplifying computation. logarith'mic, a.

logg'erhead, n. at ~s, engaged in dispute, or bad terms.

logg'ia (-ja), n. open-sided gallery or arcade.

lo'gic, n. the science of reasoning; power of convincing. lo'gical, a. of logic; in conformity with the laws of logic; defensible on the ground of consistency. logi'cian (-shn) n.

logom'achy (-ki), n. dispute about words.

loin, n. (pl.) the back part between the hip-bone and the ribs; (sing.) joint of meat cut from the loin.

loi'ter, v.i. linger on the way; hang about; be dilatory.

loll, v.i. & t. recline or stand in lazy attitude; hang out (the tongue); (of tongue) hang out.

Loll'ard, n. one of the 14th-cent. heretics holding views like those of Wycliff. ~ism, ~ry nn.

loll'ipop, n. sugar-plum, bon-bon.

Lo'ndon pride (lŭ-), n. a saxifrage.

lone, a. companionless; unfrequented, uninhabited; lonely. lone'ly (-nl-), a. solitary, isolated, unfrequented; companionless. ~some, a. feeling or making feel lonely.

long, a. measuring much from end to end in space or time; tall (colloq.); protracted; dilatory; of specified length; the whole length of. n. a long interval or period; long vowel or syllable. adv. for a long time; by a long time; (compar.) beyond the present or some other point of time. v.i. yearn or wish vehemently. ~boat, sailing-ship's largest boat. ~bow, bow drawn by hand and discharging arrow. ~cloth, kind of calico. ~clothes, ~coats (arch.), clothes of baby in arms. ~field, same as long-off or long-on (see below). ~firm, set of swindlers who obtain goods and do not pay. ~headed, sagacious. ~hop, short-pitched ball in cricket. ~jump, jump measured along the ground in athletic sports. ~off (or -on), man fielding at bowler's left (or right) rear. ~shanks, kind of plover. ~shore, found or employed on or frequenting the shore. ~sight, vision that sees distant objects. ~sighted, having long sight; having prevision, sagacious. ~stop, man fielding straight behind wicket-keeper. ~suffering n. & a. bearing provocation patiently. ~wind, capacity for running far without resting.

~-winded, long-breathed; tedious, prolix. ~ways, ~wise, adv. in a direction parallel with a thing's length.

lŏn'geron (-j-), n. (usu. in pl.) longitudinal member(s) of aeroplane's fuselage or nacelle.

longev'ity (-j-), n. long life.

long'ing, n. vehement desire.

lon'gitude (-j-), n. angular distance east or west from the meridian of Greenwich or other standard meridian to that of any place. longitū'dinal (-ji-) a. of or in length; lying lengthways; of longitude.

lōō, n. a card game.

lōō'by, n. silly fellow.

lōōf'ah (-a), n. pod of a plant used as flesh-brush.

lŏŏk, v.i. & t. use or direct one's eyes; make an effort to see; make search; express by the eyes; have specified appearance or aspect; face or be turned in specified direction. n. act of looking; gaze or glance; expression of the eyes; appearance or aspect; (pl.) personal appearance. looker-on (pl. -ers-on), spectator. look-in, casual visit (have a ~, come near winning, have a chance). looking-glass, mirror, quick-silvered glass. 'look'it, (sl.) listen to me. look-out', watch; post of observation; man, &c. stationed to watch; view; prospect of luck; person's own concern.

lōōm¹, n. weaving-machine.

lōōm², v.i. appear dimly; be seen in vague magnified shape.

lōōn¹, n. (Sc.) scamp, fellow.

lōōn², n. kinds of diving bird.

lōō'ny, n. (sl.) lunatic.

lōōp, n. figure made by a curve that crosses itself; similarly shaped part of a cord so crossing or meeting. v.i. & t. make loop or loops in; form loop; fasten with loop or loops. ~-line, piece of railway or telegraph that leaves main line and joins it again. ~ the loop, (of airman) execute somersault.

lōōp'-hōle, n. narrow slit in wall; (fig.) means of evasion.

lōōse, a. released from bonds or restraint; not fixed or tight; not close-fitting; not exact or literal; careless, wanton, incontinent. v.t. let loose, untie, free from constraint; detach from moorings, &c. n. freedom from restraint. ~ ball, ~ bowling, (Crick.) ball inaccurately pitched, sending of loose balls. ~ box, stall in which horse can move about. ~ end, want of occupation. ~ fielding, careless fielding.

lōō'sen, v.t. & i. make or become less tight or firm; relax. ~ up, (sl.) throw off constraint, show generosity.

lōōse'strife, n. kinds of flowering plant.

lōōt, n. booty, spoil. v.t. & i. take loot from; carry off loot.

lŏp¹, v.t. cut away branches or twigs of trees; cut off.

lŏp², v.i. hang limply. ~-ear, drooping ear; rabbit with such ears. ~-sided, with one side lower, &c.; unevenly balanced.

lōpe, n. & v.i. (run with) long bounding stride.

loquā'cious (-shus), a. talkative, babbling. loquā'city, n.

lō'quat, n. Chinese and Japanese tree or its fruit, naturalized in S. Europe, India, and Australia.

lôrd, n. feudal superior; master, owner, husband; God or Christ; a nobleman; first word of the personal style of a marquis, earl, viscount, or baron, or courtesy title prefixed to Christian name to denote the younger son of a duke or a marquis; honorary title applied to officers, e.g. a bishop, Lord Mayor, or judges of the supreme court. int. expressing wonder, &c. v.i. & t. play the lord over; domineer. lôrd'ling, n. young or petty lord. lôrd'ly, a. as of, or beseeming, a lord. lôrd'ship, n. rule over; ownership of; domain or manor; lord's personality. lords and ladies, wild arum. Lord's day,

Sunday. Lord's prayer, the Our Father. Lord's Supper, Eucharist. Lord's table, communion table.
lore, n. erudition; body of tradition and facts.
lorgnette (lôrnyĕt'), n. pair of glasses held up with long handle; opera-glass.
lorn, a. desolate, forlorn.
lo'rry, n. long low wheeled wagon; large truck.
lo'ry, n. kinds of parrot-like bird.
lose (lōōz), v.t. & i. (lost pr. lŏst or lô-), -sable, be deprived of; cease to have; let pass from one's control; get rid of; forfeit; be worsted in; suffer detriment; cause the loss of to; (p.p.) vanished, not to be found; depraved of help or salvation; astray. los'er (lōōz-), n. one who is deprived of anything; not a winner.
loss (-aw-), n. losing; what is lost; detriment resulting from losing.
lost. See lose.
lot, n. one of a set of objects used in securing a chance selection; this method, or a share or office given by it; share, fortune, destiny; appointed task; piece of land allotted to a person; article or set of articles put up for sale at auction, &c.; (colloq.) a considerable number or amount.
loth. See loath.
Lotha'rio, n. (pl. -os), libertine.
lo'tion, n. wash for wounds or the skin.
lo'ttery, n. gamble in which part of money paid for tickets is distributed by lot among some of the holders.
lo'tto, n. game of chance with drawing of numbers as in lottery.
lo'tus, n. legendary plant inducing the eater with luxurious languor; kinds of water lily &c.
loud, a. strongly audible, sonorous; noisy; (of colour, dress, &c.) obtrusive. adv. with loud voice. —speaker, wireless receiver loud enough to be heard without head-phones.
lough (lŏch, soft guttural), n. Irish lake or arm of sea.
lounge (-j), v.i. loll, recline; stand about lazily; idle. n. spell of; place for, lounging; sofa or deep chair. —lizard, fashionable idler. —suit, man's suit with ordinary jacket.
lour, lower (lowr), v.i. frown, look sullen; (of sky &c.) look dark and threatening. n. a scowl; gloominess of clouds, &c.
louse, n. (pl. lice), kinds of parasitic insect. lou'sy (-zi), a. infested with lice.
lout, n. hulking or rough-mannered fellow. lout'ish, a.
louver, -vre (lōō'ver), n. erection on roof with regularly side-openings for ventilation, &c.; set of boards or glass strips set like those of Venetian blinds to admit air.
lo'vable (lŭ-), a. inspiring affection.
love (lŭv), n. fondness, warm affection; sexual passion; sweetheart or object beloved; (games) no score, nil. v.t. & i. be in love (with); feel affection for; delight in, admire; like to see. —all, state of game before either side has scored. —bird, kind of small parrot. —child, illegitimate child. —in-a-mist, blue-flowered garden plant. —lies-bleeding, garden plant with drooping red spike. —sick, languishing with love.
love'less (lŭvl-), a. unloving or unloved or both.
love'ly (lŭvl-), a. exquisitely beautiful; (colloq.) delightful.
lo'ver (lŭ-), n. woman's suitor or sweetheart; (pl.) pair in love; admirer or devotee of something.
lo'ving (lŭ-), a. kind, affectionate. —cup, bowl passed round at banquet.
low[1] (lō), n. the sound made by cows. v.i. utter low.
low[2] (lō), a. not placed high or reaching far up; not attaining a high degree; of humble rank; not lowest full or abundant; lacking in vigour; degraded or vulgar or mentally. adv. to or to low place

on low diet; for low stakes; in low voice. ~boy, chest of drawers on short legs. ~brow, (sl.) unintellectual. ~ Church, the Evangelical party in the Church of England. ~ pressure, atmospheric condition sending barometer down. ~ tide, level of sea between ebb and flow; time of extreme ebb. ~ water, low tide; (fig., with *in*) out of funds.

lower¹ (lō´er), v.t. & i. let or haul down; make or become lower; be degrading to; reduce bodily condition of. ~class, of the lower orders. ~deck, petty officers and men of the Navy or of a ship. ~ orders, people of inferior social status. ~ world, Hades, hell.

lower² See lour.

lowermost (lō´er-), a. very lowest.

low´land (-and), n. low-lying country; a. of or in such country or the Lowlands. **Low´lands** (-andz), n. less mountainous part of Scotland. **Low´lander**, n. inhabitant of Lowlands.

low´ly (lō-), a. humble, unpretending.

loy´al, a. faithful; true to allegiance; devoted to the sovereign. ~ism, n. adherence to the sovereign. ~ist, ~ty, nn.

loz´enge (-ĭ-), n. rhombus or diamond figure, esp. as heraldic bearing; shield or small pane of glass of this shape; small tablet of medicine, food, or sweet stuff.

lubb´er, n. clumsy fellow; lout. ~ly, a. awkward, unskilled.

lu´bricant (lōō-), n. substance used to oil machinery.

lu´bricate (lōō-), v.t. (-cable), oil or grease (machinery); make slippery. ~tion, ~tor, nn.

lubri´city (lōō-), n. slipperiness; shift in evasion; lewdness.

lucerne´ (lōō-), n. a clover-like fodder-plant.

lu´cid (lōō-), a. free from obscurity; clearly expressed or arranged; bright. **lucid´ity**, n.

Lu´cifer (lōō-), n. the morning star; Satan; (l-) match.

luck, n. good or ill fortune. ~less, a. unfortunate; unhappy.

luck´y, a. favoured by fortune; in luck; due to luck rather than skill or merit. ~bag or ~tub, of hidden toys, &c. into which each comer dips.

lu´crative (lōō-), a. yielding considerable profits.

lucre (lōō´ker), n. pecuniary gain as a motive.

lucubra´tion (lōō-), n. nocturnal study; essay or dissertation.

lu´culent (lōō-), a. clear; lucid.

ludi´crous (lōō-), a. absurd, ridiculous; laughable.

luff, v.t. bring ship's head nearer the wind.

lug¹, v.t. & i. drag with effort or violence; pull hard at. n. act of lugging.

lug², n. (north.) ear; (Mech.) projection from a casting, &c. by which it may be fixed in place.

lug´gage, n. traveller's baggage.

lugg´er (-g-), n. small ship with four-cornered sails set fore and aft. **lug´sail** (-sl), n. four-cornered sail bent on an unequally slung yard.

lugu´brious (lōō-), a. doleful.

lukewarm (lōōk´wawrm), a. neither hot nor cold; half-hearted.

lull, v.t. & i. send to sleep; soothe; hoodwink; allay; (of storm or noise) lessen, fall quiet. n. intermission in storm or pain. **lull´aby**, n. lulling song or sounds.

lumba´go, n. (pl. -os) rheumatism in loins. **lumba´ginous**, a.

lum´bar, a. of the loins.

lum´ber, n. disused articles; useless stuff; roughly prepared timber. v.t. & i. cumber or obstruct; go heavily and noisily.

Lumière (lü´mĭ-ār), a. ~ process, a colour-photography method.

lu´minary (lōō-), n. shedder of light, esp. sun or moon; person noted for learning, &c. **lumines´cent** (-es-), a. shedding light. **luminos´ity** (lōō-), n.

lump, n. compact shapeless mass; the whole taken together; protuberance or swelling; heavy

ungainly person. v.t. & i. class together; take in the lump; go heavily; dump down in a mass. ~fish, fish clinging to objects by means of sucker-disk on belly. ~ sugar, loaf-sugar cut into cubes. ~ sum, single sum in lieu of instalments.
lum'pish, a. heavy; clumsy, dull.
lum'py, a. full of or covered with lumps; (of water) choppy.
lu'nacy (lōō-), n. insanity; folly.
lu'nar (lōō-), a. of, in, depending on or caused by the moon.
lu'nate (lōō-), a. crescent-shaped.
lu'natic (lōō-), a. insane; outrageously foolish. n. lunatic person.
luna'tion (lōō-), n. moon's changes from one new moon to next.
lunch, n. midday meal; light refreshment taken between breakfast and dinner. v.i. & t. take lunch; provide lunch for.
lun'cheon (-chn), n. lunch; a midday banquet.
lunette' (lōō-), n. arched aperture in concave ceiling to admit light.
lung, n. either of the pair of air-breathing organs. lung'er (-ngger), n. (sl.) consumptive.
lunge (-j), n. thrust with sword, &c.; sudden delivery of blow or kick; plunge. v.t. & i. make a lunge; shoot out in a lunge.
lung'ah (-ă), n. Indian cheroot.
lupine, a. (lōō'pīn), of or like wolves. n. (lōō'pĭn), a leguminous garden and fodder plant; (pl.) its seeds.
lu'pus (lōō-), n. an ulcerous skin-disease. lu'pous (lōō-), a.
lurch¹, n. In phr. leave in the ~, desert one in difficulties.
lurch², n. sudden shifting of the weight to one side. v.i. make a lurch; go with lurches.
lurch'er, n. cross-bred dog between collie and greyhound.
lure, n. falconer's apparatus for recalling hawk; something used to entice; enticing quality. v.t. (-rable), recall with lure; entice.
lur'id, a. ghastly; glaring, or terrible in colour, &c.
lurk, v.i. keep out of sight; be hidden; be latent or elusive.
lu'scious (-shus), a. richly sweet in taste or smell; cloying.
lush, a. luxuriant, succulent.
lust, n. passionate enjoyment or desire; lascivious passion. v.i. have passionate longing. ~ful, a. lascivious.
lustra'tion, n. ceremonial washing or other rite of purification. lus'tral, a. used in lustration.
lus'tre¹ (-ter), n. gloss, shining surface; brilliance, splendour.
lustre² See lustrum.
lus'trine, lute'string (lōōts-), ns. a glossy silk fabric.
lus'trous, a. shining; luminous.
lus'trum, lus'tre (-ter), n. (pl. -tra, -trums, -tres), period of five years.
lus'ty, a. healthy and strong; vigorous, lively. lus'tily, adv.
lute¹ (lōōt), n. guitar-like instrument of 14th-17th cc. lu'tanist (lōō-), n. lute-player.
lute² (lōōt), n. composition for making joints airtight, &c.
lutestring. See lustrine.
Lu'theran (lōō-), a. relating to Martin Luther. n. member of the Lutheran Church. ~ism, n.
luxu'riant, a. profuse; (of style) florid. luxu'riance, n.
luxu'riate, v.i. feed (or revel) in; grow profusely.
luxu'rious, a. fond of luxury; self-indulgent; sumptuous.
lux'ury (-ksheri), n. gratification of the senses; desirable thing that can be done without.
Lyce'um, n. garden in which Aristotle taught; lecture-hall.
lydd'ite, n. explosive for shells.
lye, n. water alkalized with wood ashes, &c., for washing.
lying. See lie.
lyke-wake, n. watch kept at night over dead body.
lymph, n. pure water; colourless fluid from organs of the body; matter from cowpox vesicles used in vaccination. lymphat'ic, a. of or secreting lymph. n. veinlike vessel conveying lymph.
lynch, v.t. execute by lynch law.

~ law, procedure of a self-constituted court that summarily executes offender.

lynx, n. lynx, wild beast noted for keen sight.

lyre (lir), n. obsolete U-shaped stringed instrument. ~-bird, bird with lyre-shaped tail.

lyr'ic, a. of or for the lyre; of the nature of song. n. lyric poem; (pl.) lyric verses. lyr'ical, a. resembling lyric poetry; high-flown. lyr'ist (lir-), n.

M

macab're (-ahbr), a. gruesomely imaginative.

macad'am, n. road-surface got by compacting stone broken small. ~ize, v.t.; ~ization, n.

macaro'ni, n. wheaten paste formed into long tubes for cooking; 18th-cent. dandy. macaron'ic, a. (of verse) containing Latin or other foreign words, native words with Latin endings, &c. macaron'ics, n.pl. macaronic verse.

macaroon', n. biscuit of ground almonds, &c.

macas'sar-oil, n. a hair-oil.

macaw', n. kinds of parrot.

mace¹, n. medieval hammer-like weapon; large-headed staff of office; headed cue used in bagatelle.

mace², n. nutmeg-husks dried and used as spice.

mac'erate, v.t. & i. (-rāt), make or become soft by soaking; waste lean by fasting. ~tion, n.

Machiavell'ian (-ki-), a. unscrupulous, crafty; deep-laid.

machina'tion (-ki-), n. (usu. pl.) intrigue; underhand devices.

machine (-shēn), n. apparatus in which the action of several parts is combined for the applying of mechanical force to a purpose; controlling organization in politics, &c.; bicycle, motor-car vehicle. v.t. print, sew &c. with machine. ~-gun, gun with loading and firing mechanism, maintaining continuous fire.

machin'ery (-shē-), n. machines; mechanism, organization.

machin'ist (-shē-), n. maker of machinery; worker of machine.

mack'erel, n. a sea fish barred with blue and silver.

mack'inaw, -naw (~ blanket), n. (U.S. & Canada) heavy blanket. ~ coat, coat made of this.

mack'intosh, n. cloth waterproofed with rubber; coat or sheet of this.

maco'nochie (-kI), n. tinned stew as part of army rations.

mac'rocosm, n. the great world, the universe; any great whole.

mac'ula, n. (pl. -lae), spot of different colour from its surroundings. mac'ulated, a.

mad, a. of disordered mind, insane; rabid; wildly foolish; (colloq.) annoyed. ~cap, reckless person. ~man, ~woman, nn.

mad'am, ma'am (madam, mahm), n. polite form of address to women.

mad'ame (pl. mesdames pr. madahm'), n. title prefixed like Mrs. to foreign lady's name.

madd'en, v.t. & i. make mad; irritate; grow mad, chafe.

madd'er, n. kinds of red dye and plants yielding them.

Madeir'a (-dēra), n. (or M. wine) a white wine like sherry.

mademoiselle (madmwazĕl'), n. (pl. mesdemoiselles pr. mādmwazĕl'), title prefixed like Miss to foreign lady's name or used alone as vocative.

madonn'a, n. (picture or statue of) the Virgin Mary.

Madras' (-ahs), n. city and province of India, used attrib. in names of things produced there or otherwise connected therewith. ~ handkerchief (also Madras) bright-coloured handkerchief of silk and cotton worn by the negroes of the W. Indies as a head-dress. ~ (net) muslin, handsome but coarse kind of muslin. ~ work, work executed upon Madras handkerchiefs.

malār'ia, *n.* fever due to mosquito bites. malār'ial, ~ious, *aa.*
Malay', *n.* native, language, of Malay Peninsula.
mal'content, *n.* disaffected person.
male, *a.* of the begetting sex; (of plants) having stamens but no pistil. *n.* a male person or animal.
malėdic'tion, *n.* imprecation or curse. malėdic'tory *a.*
mal'efactor, *n.* criminal.
malef'ic, malef'icent, *aa.* hurtful; noxious. malef'icence, *n.*
malėv'olent, *a.* wishing ill to others. malėv'olence, *n.*
malfeas'ance (-z-), *n.* official misconduct.
malforma'tion, *n.* faulty formation. malformed' (-md) *a.*
mal'ice, *n.* ill-will, desire to do harm. mali'cious (-shus), *a.*
malign (-īn), *a.* maleficent; (of disease) malignant. *v.t.* slander, misrepresent.
malig'nant, *a.* outrageously malevolent; (of diseases) of the more virulent type. *n.* (hist.) supporter of Charles I against Parliament. malig'nancy, *n.*
malig'nity, *n.* malignant disposition or properties.
maling'er (-ngg-), *v.i.* pretend illness to escape duty.
mal'ison (-zn), *n.* (arch.) curse.
mall'ard, *n.* wild duck.
mall'eable, *a.* that can be shaped by hammering; adaptable, pliable. malleabil'ity *n.*
mall'et, *n.* hammer with large wooden head; form of this used in croquet and polo.
mall'ow (-ō), *n.* kinds of plant.
malmsey (mahm'zi), *n.* a strong sweet wine.
malnutri'tion, *n.* underfeeding.
malo'dorous, *a.* stinking.
malprac'tice, *n.* wrongdoing (usu. in pl.); wrongful procedure.
malt (mawlt), *n.* barley or other grain prepared for brewing. *v.t.* convert grain into malt.
Maltese (mawltēz'), *a.* of Malta. *n.* Maltese person; the M. language. ~ cat, a short-haired blue-coloured variety of the domestic cat. ~ cross, badge of the Knights of Malta. ~ dog, small kind of spaniel, with rounded muzzle and long silky hair.
maltreat', *v.t.* handle roughly; use badly. ~ment, *n.*
maltster (mawl'ster), *n.* one who makes malt.
malvā'ceous (-shus), *a.* of mallows.
malversā'tion, *n.* corrupt handling of public or trust money.
mamma (-ah), *n.* mother.
mamm'al, *n.* member of the Mammalia or animals that give suck. mammā'lian, *a.* mamm'ary *a.* of the breasts. mammif'erous, *a.* having breasts.
mamm'on, *n.* wealth as an object of pursuit or evil influence; the purse-proud.
mamm'oth, *n.* an extinct elephant. (attrib.) huge.
mamm'y, *n.* mother (in nursery and derisive use); coloured woman having the care of white children.
man, *n.* (pl. men), human being; the human race; male and not adult person; husband; male servant, workman, ordinary soldier or sailor; piece at draughts. *v.t.* supply with men; guard, fortify. ~-at-arms, soldier, esp. mediaeval. ~-eater, man-eating tiger; biting horse. ~-hole, aperture in floor, sewer, &c., for man to pass through. ~-o'-war, armed navy ship. ~-power, amount of men available for State or other service. ~-slaughter, criminal homicide without malice aforethought. ~-trap, (esp.) trap set to catch trespassers.
man'acle, *n.* (usu. pl.) fetters. *v.t.* put manacles on.
man'age, *v.t.* & *i.* (-geable), conduct the working of; have effective control of; bend to one's will; cajole; contrive.
man'agement (-ijm-), *n.* administration; skilful handling; managers of a concern.
man'ager (-ij-), *n.* one who has direction or control. ~ess, *n.* woman manager of hotel, &c.

manatee', *n.* an aquatic animal, the sea-cow.
man'ciple, *n.* a steward or catering official in colleges, &c.
manda'mus, *n.* superior court's writ conveying command to lower one.
man'darin, *n.* Chinese official; party leader who lags behind the times; small orange.
man'date, *n.* authoritative command; commission to act for another (esp. one from the League of Nations); authority from electorate as inferred by its votes. man'datary, *n.* receiver or holder of a mandate. ~tory *a.*
man'dible, *n.* lower jaw-bone; either part of bird's beak; either half of insect's jaw.
man'dolin, *n.* kind of lute.
mandrag'ora, man'drake, *nn.* a narcotic plant.
man'drel, *n.* axis on which material revolves in lathe; rod round which metal, &c. is forged, cast, &c.
man'drill, *n.* large baboon.
man'ducate, *v.t.* chew.
mane, *n.* long hair of horse's or lion's neck.
manège (manāzh'), *n.* riding-school, horsemanship.
ma'nes (-z), *n.pl.* souls of ancestors; spirit of dead person.
man'ful, *a.* brave, resolute.
man'ganese (-nēz), *n.* a metal; an oxide of this.
mange (-j), *n.* a skin-disease of dogs, &c. man'gy (-ji), *a.*
mangel-wurzel, mangold (-wûrzel), (-ngg-), *n.* kind of beet for cattle.
man'ger (-j-), *n.* eating-trough in stable.
mangle' (mang'gl), *n.* laundry machine for pressing and smoothing linen, &c. *v.t.* put through mangle.
mangle' (mang'gl), *v.t.* hack, cut about, mutilate; spoil.
mango' (-nggō), *n.* (pl. -oes), an Indian fruit and tree. ~bird, an oriole, native of India; a humming bird, native of Jamaica. ~fish, golden-coloured Indian fish. ~(tree) trick, Indian juggling trick in which a mango-tree appears to spring up and bear fruit within an hour or two.
mang'osteen (-ngg-), *n.* E.-Ind. tree and its fruit.
mang'rove (-ngg-), *n.* a tropical tree growing in swamps with interlacing roots above ground.
man'hood, *n.* men of a country; adult age in males; manliness.
ma'nia, *n.* madness; prevailing craze; devotion to a hobby. ma'niac, *n.* raving madman.
man'icure, *n.* person undertaking the treatment of finger-nails and hands; such treatment. *v.t.* apply such treatment to. ~rist, *n.*
man'ifest, *a.* clear to sight or mind; indubitable. *v.t.* make manifest; betray. *n.* list of cargo for the Customs. ~ation, *n.*
manifes'to, *n.* (pl. -os), declaration of policy or intentions issued by a sovereign or leader(s).
man'ifold, *a.* of various forms, origins, functions, &c., many and diverse. *v.t.* multiply copies of (letters, &c.).
man'ikin, *n.* little man; lay figure.
manill'a, *n.* fibre used for ropes, &c.; Manilla cheroot.
manip'ulate, *v.t.* (-lable), handle; deal skilfully with; manage craftily. ~tion, ~tor *nn.*
mankind, *n.* (mankind') the human species; (man'kind) males, esp. those of a household, &c.
man'like, *a.* of or like a man; (of woman) mannish.
man'ly, *a.* having the qualities or bearing of a man; firm.
mann'a, *n.* food of Israelites in the wilderness; spiritual food; sweet juice used in medicine.
mannequin (or kin), *n.* person, usu. woman, employed by dressmakers, &c., to show off clothes.
mann'er, *n.* way thing is done or happens; sort or kind; style; (pl.) social bearing. ~ism, *n.* addiction to a literary or artistic manner; a recurrent trick of

style or behaviour. ~ism, n.; ~less, a. ~ly, a. unmannerly ~ly a. well-behaved.

mann'ish, a. like a man (of woman) lacking feminine qualities.

manoeu'vre (-nōōver), n. strategical or tactical movement; skilful or crafty plan. v.i. & t. perform, make (troops, ship) perform, manoeuvre(s); adroitly work oneself or others into or out of a position.

man'or, n. a territorial unit of the feudal period; the land and rights of such unit that are still held by the lord of the manor ~house, lord of the manor's residence. manor'ial, a.

man'sard, n. roof with faces of two slopes, the steeper below

manse, n. minister's house.

man'sion (-shn), n. large dwelling-house.

man'slaughter (-awt-), n. gentleness, mild temper.

man'tel, n. structure enclosing fireplace ~board, ~shelf, shelf at top of mantel. ~piece, mantel or mantelshelf.

Mantil'la, n. Spanish woman's lace veil used as headdress and covering shoulders.

man'tle, n. loose sleeveless cloak, hood fixed round gas-jet to give incandescent light. v.t. & i. envelop, cover as with mantle; (of liquids) form a scum; (of blood) suffuse cheeks, (of face) blush.

mantel'let, n. short mantle movable bullet-proof screen.

man'ual, a. of or done with the hands. n. handbook, primer, textbook, organ keyboard.

manufac'ture, n. making of articles or material, esp. in large quantities. v.t. produce by labour; work up materials into finished articles. ~tory n. factory, workshop.

manumit' t. give freedom to slave. ~mission, n. setting free.

manure' n. dung or other substance used for fertilizing soil. v.t. (-rable), treat with manure.

manu'script, a. handwritten. n. (abbrev. MS., pl. MSS.), manuscript book or roll or document; copy of matter to be printed.

Manx, a. of the Isle of Man. n. the Manx language.

ma'ny (meni), a. numerous, such more than one. n. a multitude, great number; the populace

Maori (mowrĭ), n. member indigenous of New Zealand race.

map, n. flat representation of the earth or some part of it. v.t. make map of; (with out) plan arrangement of.

ma'ple, n. kinds of tree. ~ leaf, emblem of Canada. ~ sugar, sugar got from kind of maple.

mar, v.t. impair, spoil. ~plot, officious frustrator of plans.

mar'abou (-bōō), n. kind of stork; its down as trimming, &c.

mar'about (-bōōt), n. Mohammedan hermit or monk.

maraschi'no (-kē-), n. a liqueur.

Maratha. See Mahratta.

maraud', v.i. make raid, pillage. maraud'er, n.

mar'ble, n. kinds of limestone used in sculpture and architecture (pl.) collection of sculpture; small ball of stone used in child's game, (pl.) the game. v.t. stain like marble.

marcel', ~ wave, nn. kind of artificial wave in hair ~wave, t. produce marcel wave in.

March', n. third month of year. ~ hare, hare in breeding season.

march' v.i. & t. (cause to) walk in military manner or with regular paces, (of events) go steadily on. n. action or piece of marching; progress; musical composition adapted for marching to.

march' n. (hist., pl.) boundary or debatable strip between countries. v.i. have common boundary (with).

mar'chioness (-shon-), n. wife of a marquis.

marcon'i, n. marconigram. v.t. & i. send marconigram; send (message, &c.).

marco'nigram, n. wireless message.

mare, n. female horse or other equine animal. ~'s-nest, fancied discovery.

mar'garine (-g- or -j-), n. imitation butter.

mar'gin, n. border; strip near the edge of something; unprinted space round printed page; extra amount over what is necessary. mar'ginal, a. written or printed in the margin. margina'lia, n. pl. marginal notes.

mar'grave, n. title of certain princes of the Holy Roman Empire. ~vine (-ēn), n. margrave's wife.

mar'guerite (-gerēt), n. kinds of large daisy.

mar'igold, n. kinds of yellow-flowered plant.

marine' (-ēn), a. of, from, or beside the sea; for use on the sea; of shipping. n. shipping; soldier serving on board ship. mar'iner, n. sailor.

Mariol'atry, n. worship of the Virgin.

marionette, n. puppet worked with strings.

marital (mă'ri- or -rī'-), a. of a husband; of or between husband and wife.

mar'itime, a. situated, dwelling, or found near the sea; connected with seafaring.

mar'joram, n. kinds of herb.

mark¹, n. German coin (about 1s.).

mark², n. target, thing aimed at; normal standard; indication of or trace left by something; visible sign, stain, spot, or dent on something; unit in appraising merit of work; heel-mark for fair catch in Rugby football. v.t. & i. distinguish with a mark; characterize or serve as mark of; assign marks of merit to; notice, observe, watch; record as score or act as scorer in games.

mark'edly, adv. unmistakably.

mark'er, n. scorer at billiards; man employed to mark game-birds; thing used to mark place in book.

mark'et, n. gathering for sale of commodities or live-stock; space or building used for it; seat of or facilities for trade. v.i. & t. bring or send to or sell in market; buy goods in market. ~-cross, cross in market-place. ~-garden(er), growing vegetables for sale. ~-place, square in which market is held. ~ price, prevailing price resulting from supply and demand. ~ town, town having fixed market day(s). ~able, a. fit for sale; in demand.

mark'ing, n. variegated colours of feathers, skin, &c. ~-ink, ink for marking linen.

marks'man, n. (pl. -men), skilled shot, esp. with rifle. ~ship, n.

marl, n. kind of rich soil often used as manure. marl'y, a.

mar'line, n. (Naut.) two-strand cord. ~spike, pointed tool for unravelling rope to be spliced.

mar'malade, n. orange jam.

marmor'eal, a. of marble; white or cold or polished as marble.

marmoset' (-z-), n. small bushy-tailed monkey.

marm'ot, n. rodent allied to the squirrel.

mar'ocain, n. a dress-fabric of wool, silk, or cotton, with a wavy texture.

maroon'¹, n. brownish-crimson colour; kind of firework. a. maroon-coloured.

maroon'², n. one of the wild negroes of the W. Indies; marooned person. v.t. put and leave ashore on a desert island.

marque (-k), n. in phr. *letters of* ~, licence to act as privateer.

marquee' (-kē), n. large tent.

mar'quetry (-kĭ-), n. inlaid work.

mar'quis, ~quess, n. peer ranking between duke and earl.

mar'chioness, n. marquis's consort.

mar'riage (-rĭj), n. act, ceremony, or state of being married; (fig.) union; wedding or wedlock. ~able, a. old enough for marriage.

mar'row¹ (-ō), n. fatty substance in cavity of bones; kind of gourd cooked as table vegetable.

~-bone, bone with edible marrow (pl., joc.) the knees. ~-fat, kind of large pea. ~y (-ō), a.

mă'rrow² (-ō), n. (dial.) mate, consort, match; very image of.

mă'rry, v.t. & i. (-iable), unite, give, or take in wedlock; take a wife or husband.

Mārs (-z), n. Roman god of war (poet.) war, armies; a planet.

marsā'la (-ah-), n. Sicilian wine like sherry.

Marseillaise (marsālāz'), n. national anthem of France.

marsh, n. piece of low watery ground. marsh'y, a.

mar'shal, n. kinds of official (now chiefly in comb., as air, field, provost ~); master of ceremonies; steward at assemblies; foreign field marshal. v.t. arrange in due order; conduct.

marsū'pial, a. of the class of animals that carry their young in a pouch. n. a marsupial animal.

mart, n. place of trade.

martĕll'ō, n. (later, pl. -os), ~ tower circular fort for coast defence.

mar'ten, n. kind of weasel with valuable fur.

mar'tial (-shl), a. warlike; suited to or loving war.

mar'tin, n. bird of swallow kind.

martinĕt', n. strict disciplinarian.

martingāle (-ngg-), n. check strap preventing horse from rearing or throwing up head; gambling system of doubling the stakes at each venture.

marti'ni (-tē-), n. the Martini Henry rifle.

Mar'tinmas, n. St. Martin's day (11th November).

mar'tlet, n. the swift; footless heraldic bird.

mar'tyr (-er), n. person put to death for adherence to a cause; one who is victimized. v.t. put to death as martyr; make a martyr of. ~dom, n. martyr's death; sufferings or discomfort. ~ŏl'ogy, n. history, collection of tales, of the Christian martyrs.

mar'vel, n. wonderful thing. v.i. feel surprise, wonder. mar'vellous, a. astonishing, extraordinary; preternatural.

Marx'ism, a. & n. (follower) of the German socialist Karl Marx.

marzipan', n. sweet confection of ground almonds.

mas'cot, n. luck-bringer.

mas'culine (mah-), a. (Gram.) of the male gender; male, manly; vigorous; mannish. n. masculine gender. masculin'ity, n.

mash, n. malt, bran, or other substance, mixed with water into a thick liquid for brewing, horse-food, &c.; (sl.) mashed potatoes. v.t. make into mash; crush to pulp; (sl., of lady-killer) practise fascination on. mash'er, n. (sl.) lady-killer; dandy.

mash'ie, n. short-headed iron golf-club.

mask (mah-), n. artificial face worn as disguise; face-covering of velvet, &c. to hide identity or of wire, &c. to serve as protection; likeness of face only in wax, clay, or stone. v.t. cover with mask; disguise, hide, or screen as with mask.

mā'son, n. builder in and dresser of stone; freemason. mason'ic, a. of freemasons. mā'sonry, n. stonework; built-up stones.

masque (-k), n. kind of (poetic) drama with pageantry. mas'quer (-ker), n. person taking part in masque or masquerade. masquerade' (-ker-), n. ball, &c. at which masks or fancy dresses are worn. v.i. appear in disguise.

māss¹, n. the Eucharist or a celebration of it.

măss², n. large body of matter; dense aggregation of objects; (pl.) the general body of the people. v.t. & i. gather into a mass.

massacre (-ker), n. general slaughter, esp. of unresisting persons. v.t. make massacre of.

massage' (-ahzh), n. kneading and rubbing of the muscles, &c. as curative treatment. v.t. apply massage to. masseur' (-ĕr), -euse' (-ĕrz), nn.

mas'sif, n. mountain heights forming a compact group.
mas'sive, a. large and heavy or solid; (fig.) substantial.
mas'sy, a. solid, weighty.
mast¹ (mahst), n. fruit of beech, oak, &c. as food for pigs.
mast² (mahst), n. upright to which ship's yards and sails are attached; upright for decorations, wireless telegraphy, &c.
ma'ster (mah-), n. man who has authority *over or teaches others*; employer; skilled artist or expert; (Sc.) heir apparent of peerage below earldom. v.t. acquire complete knowledge of; worst or reduce to subjection. ~ful, a. imperious. ~ly, a. of consummate skill. ~piece, n. best or very fine specimen of an artist's work. ~y, n. masterly skill, dominion, superiority.
mas'tic, n. kind of resin.
mas'ticate, v.t. (-cable), reduce (food) to pulp by chewing. ~tion, ~tor, nn.
mas'tiff (mah-), n. dog of a powerful breed.
mas'todon, n. extinct animal allied to elephant.
mas'turbate, v.i. practise self abuse. ~tion, n.
mat¹, matt, a. (of surfaces) dull.
mat², n. coarse fabric of plaited fibre; piece of material laid on floor or table, &c. to protect surface. v.t. & i. bring or come into a thickly tangled state.
mat'ador, n. man whose task is to kill bull in bull-fight.
match¹, n. slip of wood, wax, &c. with head that ignites when rubbed; fuse. ~lock, obsolete musket fired with fuse.
match², n. person or thing nearly resembling or corresponding to another; marriage; a contest, game. v.t. & i. find or be a match for; show similarity. match'less, a. incomparable.
mate¹, n. & v.t. (-table), check mate in chess.
mate², n. one of a pair of birds, lovers, or married people; fellow workman. subordinate officer of merchant-ship. v.t. & i. (-table), pair, esp. for breeding.
ma'ter, n. (school sl.) mother.
mater'ial, a. composed of or connected with matter, unspiritual; considerable, essential. n. that from which something is made; textile fabric.
mater'ialism, n. belief that nothing exists but matter and its manifestations; exclusive *attention to material prosperity*. ~ist, n. & a. materialis'tic, a.
mater'ialise, v.t. & i. (-sable) make materialistic; be fulfilled.
matern'al, a. of a mother, from, on the side of, one's mother.
matern'ity, n. motherhood.
mathemat'ics, n. science of space and number. mathemat'ical, a. mathemati'cian (-shn), n.
mat'in, n. (pl.) morning prayer. a. of the morning.
matinée (mat'inā), n. theatrical performance in afternoon.
mat'ricide, n. killing of one's mother, person guilty of it.
matric'ulate, v.t. & i. (-lable) admit, be admitted, as student in a university. matricula'tion, n.
mat'rimony, n. state of having a husband or wife. ~o'nial, a.
ma'trix, n. (pl. -ices pr. -isēz, -ixes), mould in which a cast is made; substance in which mineral is found embedded.
ma'tron, n. married woman, esp. elderly one; woman in charge of hospital; housekeeper in school or institution.
mat'ter, n. physical substance; objects of specified kind; material; affair, concern; purulent discharge. v.i. be of importance, make a difference (to).
mat'ting, n. fabric used for mats.
mat'tock, n. tool like pickaxe.
mat'tress, n. large cushion on which bed-clothes rest.
mat'urate, v.i. (of pustule, &c.) come to maturation. ~tion, n. ripening of morbid matter.
mature, a. fully developed; ripe, adult. v.t. & i. bring to or reach

maturity; ripen; develop fully
matūr'ity, n.
matūtī'nal, a. of or in the morning.
maud, n. grey striped plaid.
maud'lin, a. weakly sentimental.
maugre (-ger), prep. in spite of.
maul, n. heavy hammer for pile-driving, &c. v.t. beat and bruise; handle roughly; 'stick (maul, &c.) with wedge and maul.
maul stick, stick used to steady the hand in painting.
maund, n. (Anglo-Ind.) measure of weight, varying in different places from about 25 lb. to 82 lb.
maun'der, v.i. talk rambling̃ly
maun'dy, n. footwashing ceremony on Thursday before Easter royal alms given on that day
Mau'ser (mow-), n. a magazine rifle.
mausolē'um, n. building erected as tomb and monument.
mauve (mōv), n. & a. pale purple.
mā'vis, n. song-thrush.
maw, n. gullet or stomach of an animal; also used fig.
mawk'ish, a. of faint sickly flavour; feebly sentimental.
maxill'ary, a. of the jaw
max'im, n. a machine gun.
max'im², n. piece of wisdom or advice expressed in sentence.
max'imalist, n. person who holds out for the maximum of his demands and rejects compromise.
max'imum, n. (pl. -ima), highest recorded or highest possible degree.
max'imus, a. eldest of the name.
may¹, v.aux. (3rd sing. may; past might pr. mīt), expressing possibility permission, request, wish, &c. —be, perhaps.
May², n. month associated with greenery; hawthorn blossom. —day, 1st of May as country festival. —fly, ephemeral insect. —pole, flower-decked pole danced round on May-day. —queen, girl chosen as queen of May-day games. —tree, hawthorn. may'ing, n. picking of May flowers.

mayor (mār), n. head of town corporation. —ess, n. mayor's wife or female mayor. may'oralty, n. mayor's office or tenure.
mazarine (-ēn), n. & a. deep blue.
maze, n. labyrinth; network of paths or lines; tangle of facts, &c. v.t. bewilder, stupefy.
mazurk'a, n. a dance in triple time; music for it.
me (mē, mi), pron., obj. case of I.
mead¹, n. fermented honey and water as alcoholic drink.
mead², meadow (med'ō), nn. piece of grass land esp. used for hay.
mea'gre (-ger), a. lean, scanty, insufficient; jejune.
meal¹, n. grain or pulse ground to powder.
meal², n. taking of food, esp. at table at a certain time.
meal'ie, n. (pl.-ies) (S. Afr.) maize (used chiefly in pl.) —cob, spike or head of mealie.
meal'y, a. of, like, or containing meal. —mouthed, not outspoken.
mean¹, a. low in the scale; of low degree or poor quality; ignoble; ungenerous; stingy.
mean², v.t. & i. (meant pr. ment) purpose, design; be resolved; intend; signify. mean'ing, n. what is meant, significance. a. full of meaning, significant.
mean³, a. equidistant from both extremes; intermediate. n. mean degree or state or course; (pl.) intermediate steps to an end; resources; money. —time, —while, adv. in the intervening time.
mēan'der, n. departure from straight course. v.i. wind about; go deviously.
mea'sles (-zlz), n.pl. infectious human disease with red rash; a swine-disease. mea'sly, a. of, like, having, measles; paltry, worthless.
measure (mezh'er), n. size or quantity in relation to a standard; appliance for ascertaining or testing this; prescribed amount, limit; rhythm, metre, musical

time; expedient, calculated action; parliamentary bill or act. *v.t.* (-rable), ascertain size, quantity &c. with measure amount to estimate. ~ment, *n.* act of measuring (pl.) detailed dimensions.

meat, *n.* flesh of beasts as food. meat'y, *a.* full of meat.

mecha'nic (-k-), *n.* skilled artisan who works with tools.

mecha'nical (-k-), *a.* of machines or mechanism, automatic.

mechani'cian (-kanishn), *n.* one skilled in constructing machines.

mecha'nics (-k-), *n.pl.* (usu. with sing. vb.), science of motion; science of machinery.

me'chanism (-k-), *n.* way a machine works; piece of machinery; framework of story.

me'chanist (-k-), *n.* mechanician, expert in mechanics. ~ic, *a.*

me'chanize (-k-), *v.t.* (-zable), make mechanical.

Me'chlin (-k-), *n.* kind of lace.

me'dal, *n.* coinlike metal disk with device, &c. meda'llion (-yon), *n.* large medal; circular picture or decorative panel. me'dallist, *n.* winner of prize-medal.

me'ddle, *v.i.* busy oneself unduly with; interfere in. ~some, *a.* given to meddling.

me'dial, -ean, *aa.* in the middle.

me'diate, *a.* involving an intermediary without direct connexion. *v.i.* (-iable), act as go-between or peace-maker. ~tion, ~tor, *nn.* mediato'rial, me'diatory, *aa.*; me'diatrix, *n.*

me'dical, *a.* of medicine.

medi'cament, *n.* thing used as medicine.

me'dicate, *v.t.* (-cable), impregnate with medicinal substances.

medi'cinal, *a.* healing or curative.

medicine (me'd sn), *n.* the art of preserving and restoring health; drugs, potions, &c., used in this. *v.t.* administer drugs to.

medie'val, -iae'val, *a.* of the middle ages. ~ism, ~ist, *nn.*

me'diocre (-ker), *a.* middling, second-rate. medio'crity (or mē-), *n.* a mediocre person.

me'ditate, *v.t.* & *i.* (-itable), plan, scheme; ponder over. ~tion, *n.* reflection. ~tive, *a.*

Mediterra'nean, *n.* sea enclosed by Europe, Asia, and Africa.

me'dium, *n.* (pl. -ums, -a) middle quantity or degree; means or agency; person serving as go-between in spiritualism. *a.* remote from either extreme.

me'dlar, *n.* a tree-fruit eaten when decayed.

me'dley, *n.* (pl. -eys), heterogeneous mixture; miscellany.

medu'llary, *a.* of marrow or pith.

meed, *n.* reward, recompense.

meek, *a.* submissive, gentle.

meer'kat, *n.* either of two small S. Afr. mammals.

meer'schaum (-shm), *n.* creamy clay used esp. for pipe-bowls; pipe with meerschaum bowl.

meet[1], *a.* fitting, proper.

meet[2], *v.t.* & *i.* (met), come into contact or company (with); confront; become perceptible to; satisfy the claims of. *n.* assembly preparatory to starting hunt.

mee'ting, *n.* duel, contest, sporting event, assembly. ~-house, nonconformist place of worship.

megalomā'nia, *n.* insane self-exaltation; passion for big things.

megalosaur'us, *n.* large extinct lizard.

me'gaphone, *n.* speaking-trumpet.

me'gohm (-ōm), *n.* (elect.) one million ohms.

me'grim[1], *n.* brow-ague; (pl.) low spirits; (pl.) staggers in horses.

me'grim[2], *n.* a flat-fish, the smooth sole.

melanchō'lia (-k-), *n.* mental disease marked by melancholy.

melancho'lic (-k-), *a.* of or liable to melancholia.

me'lancholy (-k-), *n.* mental depression, lack of cheerfulness. *a.* sad, depressed.

mêlée (mā'lā), *n.* confused fight or struggle or crowd.

me'linite, *n.* an explosive.

maturity. ripen; develop fully. matūr'ity n.

mătūtī'nal, a. of or in the morning.

maud, n. grey striped plaid.

maud'lin, a. weakly sentimental.

maugre (-ger), prep. in spite of.

maul, n. heavy hammer for pile-driving, &c. v.t. beat and bruise, handle roughly. ~stick (maul, &c.) with wedge and maul.

maul'stick, n. stick used to steady the hand in painting.

maund, n. (Anglo-Ind.) measure of weight, varying in different places from about 25 lb. to 82 lb.

maun'der, v.i. talk rambingly.

maun'dy, n. foot-washing ceremony on Thursday before Easter; royal alms given on that day.

Mau'ser (mow-), n. a magazine rifle.

mausolē'um, n. building erected as tomb and monument.

mauve (mōv), n. & a. pale purple.

ma'vis, n. song-thrush.

maw, n. gullet or stomach of an animal; also used fig.

mawk'ish, a. of faint sickly flavour; feebly sentimental.

maxill'ary, a. of the jaw.

max'im[1], n. a machine gun.

max'im[2] n. piece of wisdom or advice expressed in a sentence.

max'imalist, n. person who holds out for the maximum of his demands and rejects compromise.

max'imum, n. (pl. -ima), highest recorded or highest possible degree.

max'imus, a. eldest of the name.

may[1], v.aux. (3rd sing. may; past might), expressing possibility, permission, request, wish, &c. ~be, perhaps.

May[2] n. a month associated with greenery; hawthorn blossom. ~-day, 1st of May as country festival. ~fly ephemeral insect. ~pole, flower-decked pole danced round on May-day. ~ queen, girl chosen as queen of May-day games. ~-tree, hawthorn. may'ing, n. picking of May flowers.

mayor (mār), n. head of town corporation. ~ess, n. mayor's wife or female mayor. may'oralty, n. mayor's office or tenure.

mazarine' (-ēn), n. & a. deep blue.

maze, n. labyrinth; network of paths or lines; tangle of facts, &c. v.t. bewilder, stupefy.

mazurk'a, n. a dance in triple time; music for it.

me (mē, mĭ) pron., obj. case of I.

mead[1] n. fermented honey and water as alcoholic drink.

mead[2] meadow (měd'ō), nn. piece of grass land esp. used for hay.

mea'gre (-ger), a. lean, scanty, insufficient; jejune.

meal[1] n. grain or pulse ground to powder.

meal[2] n. taking of food, esp. at table at a certain time.

meal'ie, n. (S. Afr.) maize (used chiefly in pl.) ~cob, ear or head of mealie.

meal'y a. of, like, or containing meal. ~-mouthed, not outspoken.

mean[1] a. low in the scale; of low degree or poor quality; ignoble; ungenerous; stingy.

mean[2] v.t. & i. (meant pr. ment), purpose, design; be resolved; intend; signify. mean'ing, n. what is meant, significance. a. full of meaning, significant.

mean[3] a. equidistant from both extremes; intermediate. n. mean degree or state or course; (pl.) intermediate steps to an end; resources; money. ~time, ~while, advs. in the intervening time.

mean'der, n. departure from straight course. v.i. wind about, go deviously.

mea'sles (-zlz), n.pl. infectious human disease with red rash; a swine-disease. mea'sly (-zl-), a. of, like, having, measles; (sl.) scanty, worthless.

measure (mezh'er), n. size or quantity in relation to standard; appliance for ascertaining or testing this; prescribed amount; limit; rhythm, metre, musical

time; expedient, calculated action; parliamentary bill or act. *v.t.* (-rable), ascertain size, quantity, &c. with measure; amount to; estimate. ~ment, *n.* act of measuring; (pl.) detailed dimensions.
meat, *n.* flesh of beasts as food. meat'y, *a.* full of meat.
mechan'ic (-k-), *n.* skilled artisan who works with tools.
mechan'ical (-k-), *a.* of machines or mechanism; automatic.
mechani'cian (-kanishn), *n.* one skilled in constructing machines.
mechan'ics (-k-), *n.pl.* (usu. with sing. vb.), science of motion; science of machinery.
me'chanism (-k-), *n.* way a machine works; piece of machinery; framework of story.
me'chanist (-k-), *n.* mechanician, expert in mechanics. ~ic, *a.*
me'chanize (-k-), *v.t.* (-zable) make mechanical.
Mech'lin (-k-), *n.* kind of lace.
med'al, *n.* coinlike metal disk with device, &c. medall'ion (-yen), *n.* large medal; circular picture or decorative panel. med'allist, *n.* winner of prize-medal.
med'dle, *v.i.* busy oneself unduly (with); interfere (in). ~some, *a.* given to meddling.
me'dial, -an, *aa.* in the middle.
me'diate, *a.* involving an intermediary; without direct connexion. *v.i.* (-tiable), act as go-between or peace-maker. ~tion, ~tor, *nn.* mediator'ial, me'diatory, *aa.*; me'diatrix, *n.*
med'ical, *a.* of medicine.
med'icament, *n.* thing used as medicine.
med'icate, *v.t.* (-cable) impregnate with medicinal substance.
medi'cinal, *a.* healing or curative.
medicine (med'sin), *n.* the art of preserving and restoring health; drugs, potions, &c. used in this. *v.t.* administer drugs to.
mediaev'al, -ieva'l, *a.* of the Middle Ages. ~ism, ~ist, *nn.*

medi'ocre (-ker), *a.* middling, second-rate. medioc'rity (or mē-), *n.* mediocre person.
med'itate, *v.t.* & *i.* (-table), plan, scheme; ponder over. ~tion, *n.* reflection. ~tive, *a.*
Mediterra'nean, *n.* sea enclosed by Europe, Asia, and Africa.
mē'dium, *n.* (pl. -ums, -a), middle quantity or degree; means or agency; person serving as go-between in spiritualism. *a.* remote from either extreme.
med'lar, *n.* a tree-fruit eaten when decayed.
med'ley, *n.* (pl. -eys), heterogeneous mixture; miscellany.
medull'ary, *a.* of marrow or pith.
meed, *n.* reward, recompense.
meek, *a.* submissive; gentle.
meer'kat, *n.* either of two small S.-Afr. mammals.
meer'schaum (-shum), *n.* creamy clay used esp. for pipe-bowls; pipe with meerschaum bowl.
meet[1], *a.* fitting, proper.
meet[2], *v.t.* & *i.* (met), come into contact or company (with); confront; become perceptible to; satisfy the claims of. *n.* assembly preparatory to starting hunt.
meet'ing, *n.* duel, contest, sporting event, assembly. ~house, nonconformist place of worship.
megalomā'nia, *n.* insane self-exaltation; mania for big things.
megalosaur'us, *n.* huge extinct lizard.
meg'aphone, *n.* speaking-trumpet.
meg'ohm (-ōm), *n.* (elect.) one million ohms.
mē'grim[1], *n.* brow-ague; (pl.) low spirits, (pl.) staggers in horses.
mē'grim[2], *n.* a flat-fish, the smooth sole.
melancho'lia (-k-), *n.* mental disease marked by melancholy.
melanchol'ic (-k-), *a.* of or liable to melancholia.
mel'ancholy (-k-), *n.* mental depression; lack of cheerfulness. *a.* sad, depressed.
mêlée (mel'ā), *n.* confused fight or struggle or crowd.
mel'inite, *n.* an explosive.

mē'liorāte, v.t. make better, improve. ~tion, n.
melliflu'ous, -luous (-lōō-) aa. (of words, &c.) honey-sweet.
mell'ow (-ō), a. soft and rich in flavour, colour or sound. v.t. & i. make or grow mellow. ripen.
melō'deon, n. kind of accordion.
melō'dious, a. full of melody
mel'odist, n. artist in melody
melodra'ma (-rah-), n. drama marked by crude appeals to emotion. ~dramat'ic, a. theatrical.
mel'ody, n. sweetness of sound; songs or music; the air in harmonized music.
mel'on, n. kinds of gourd eaten as fruit.
melt, v.t. & i. (p.p. melted, and, as adj., mol'ten), pass or convert from solid to liquid form under heat; dissolve, dwindle, vanish.
mel'ton, n. kind of cloth for men's clothes.
mem'ber, n. limb or other bodily organ; distinct part of complex structure; one of a society
mem'brane, n. pliable sheet-like tissue lining or connecting parts of animal or vegetable body; piece of parchment or similar material. membranā'ceous (-shus), membran'eous, aa.
memen'tō, n. (pl. -os), object serving as a memorial; keepsake.
mem'oir (-wăr), n. brief biography; (pl.) account of one's life or experiences; scientific paper
mem'orable, a. likely or worthy to be remembered. memorabĭl'ia, n.pl. memorable things.
memoran'dum, n. (pl. -da), note made for future use; informal business communication.
memor'ial, a. commemorative. n. commemorative monument (usu. pl.) chronicle; written representation made to authorities. ~ist, n. signatory of memorial. ~ize, v.t. address memorial to. ~ Day 30th May or other day to commemorate those who fell in the U.S. Civil War

mem'orize, v.t. learn by heart.
mem'ory, n. faculty by which things are recalled to or kept in the mind; posthumous repute.
memsa'hib (-sah-ib), n. used by the natives of India in addressing European women.
men'ace, n. threat; apparent danger. v.t. (-ceable), threaten.
ménage (mānahzh'), n. household or its management.
menag'erie, n. show of caged wild animals.
mend, v.t. & i. repair, patch; put right; improve; rectify n. mended hole or crack.
menda'cious (-shus), a. lying, given to lying. menda'city, n.
Men'delism, n. theory of heredity tending to reduce to numerical law the recurrence of inherited characters. Mendel'ian, a. & n.
men'dicant, n. beggar (often attrib.). ~cy, mendi'city, nn.
mē'nial, n. household servant. a. fit only for a menial.
meningi'tis (-j-), n. inflammation of membranes enclosing the brain.
men'ses (-ēz), n.pl. monthly discharge from the womb.
Men'shevik, n. Russian socialist of the more moderate party
men'strual (-ōō-), a. monthly, of the menses. men'struate (-ōō-), v.i. discharge the menses. menstrua'tion (-ōō) n.
men'struum (-ōō-), n. (pl. -rua), solvent liquid.
men'surable, a. measurable.
mensura'tion, n. the act or practice of computing measurements.
men'tal, a. of or in the mind. mental'ity n. character of a person's mind; idiosyncrasy
men'thol, n. camphor-like substance used in relieving pain.
men'tion, v.t. speak of; call attention to. n. a mentioning.
men'tor, n. adviser, counsellor.
menu (me'nū or -ōō'), n. bill of fare.
mephi'tis, n. noxious emanation from below ground. ~it'ic, a.
mer'cantile, a. trading; of trade or merchants.
mer'cenary, a. working for money

or reward; not disinterested. n. hired soldier.

mer'cer, n. dealer in silk, velvet, and such fabrics. mer'cery n.

mer'chandise (-z), n. mercantile commodities; goods for sale.

mer'chant, n. wholesale trader esp. with foreign countries dealer; (U.S. & Sc.) shopkeeper ~able, a. salable; in demand.

mer'ciful, a. disposed to mercy compassionate; kind.

mer'ciless, a. cruel, pitiless.

mercur'ial, a. of lively temperament; of or containing mercury.

mer'cury, n. a white normally liquid metal, quicksilver; (M~) Roman god, messenger of Jove messenger (joc.).

mer'cy, n. abstention from the infliction of suffering or punishment compassionateness piece of good fortune.

mere, n. lake.

mere, a. neither more nor less than; bare, undiluted.

merely (mēr'li), adv. just, only.

meretri'cious (-shus), a. showily attractive; flashy.

merganser, n. a diving bird.

merge, v.t. & i. (-geable), lose or cause to lose identity by absorption. mer'ger, n. absorption in a greater whole.

merid'ian, n. sun's position at noon; star's highest altitude; circle passing through a place and the N. & S. poles; (attrib.) culminating. merid'ional, a. of the south; of a meridian.

meringue (-rang), n. sweet made with white of egg, sugar, &c.

meri'no (-rē-), n. (pl. -os), kind of sheep; fine yarn or soft fabric of its wool; fine woollen yarn.

mer'it, n. commendable quality goodness (pl.) deserts. v.t. deserve. meritor'ious, a. praiseworthy.

merle, n. blackbird.

mer'lin, n. kind of falcon.

mer'maid, mer'man, &c. woman, man, of the sea with fish-tail.

mer'riment, n. amused enjoyment; mirth.

mer'ry, a. laughing, given to laughter full of fun. ~making, festivity. ~thought, the forked bone of a bird's breast.

‖ mésalliance (mézal'iahns), n. a lowering marriage.

mesh, n. one of the spaces between the threads of a net; (pl.) net. v.t. catch in a net.

mes'merism (mĕz-), n. hypnotic state induced in a person by the exercise of another's will-power. mesmer'ic (-z-), a. ~ist, n.

mes'merize (mĕz-), v.t. (-zable), subject to mesmerism.

mesozo'ic, a. of the second geological period.

mess, n. portion of food spilt liquid, &c.; untidiness, dirty state company esp. in army or navy feeding together; its meal or mess-room. ~mate, member of same mess, esp. on ship. v.t. & i. make dirty or muddy; bungle. take meals with.

mes'sage, n. communication sent what a prophet, writer, or preacher is inspired to say.

mes'senger (-j-), n. bearer of message.

Messi'ah (-a), n. deliverer expected by the Jews. Christ in that character. Messian'ic, a.

Mess'rs (-erz), n. title prefixed to name of firm or to list of gentlemen.

mes'suage, n. dwelling-house with outbuildings and land.

metab'olism, n. the changes undergone by nutritive material in the body. metabol'ic, a.

metacarp'us, n. hand from wrist to finger-roots.

met'al, n. any of a class of substances represented by gold, silver copper iron, lead, and tin stone for road-making, (pl.) the rails of a railway. v.t. fit, &c. with metal make or mend (road) with metal. metall'ic, of, or as of, metal. metallif'erous, a. met'alline, a. of the nature of or yielding metal. met'allize, v.t. (-zable) give metallic qualities to. metall'urgy (-ler-), n. art of ex-

tracting metal from ore and of working in metal. ~gist, n.
metamorph'ic, a. (of rocks) changed in structure by volcanic or other natural agency. metamorph'ism, n.
metamorph'ose (-z), v.t. (-sable), subject to metamorphosis.
metamorph'osis, n. (pl. -oses pr. -ēz), change of form, esp. magic transformation; change of character, circumstances, &c.
met'aphor, n. application of name or descriptive term to an object to which it is not literally applicable. metaphor'ical, a.
metaphys'ics (-z), n.pl. (often with sing. vb.), speculations on the nature of being, truth, and knowledge; (pop.) abstract or subtle talk. ~ical, a.; ~cian, n.
metatar'sus, n. bones between tarsus and toes. ~tar'sal, a.
metath'esis, n. (pl. -eses pr. -ēz), transposition of the letters or sounds in a word.
mete, v.t. (-table), measure.
metempsycho'sis (-k-), n. (pl. -oses pr. -ēz), migration of soul at death into another body.
mē'teor, n. any atmospheric phenomenon, esp. shooting star. meteor'ic, a. brilliant and transitory as a meteor; of meteors. mē'teorite, n. fallen meteor; meteoric stone.
meteorol'ogy, n. science of the weather. ~o'gical, a.; ~gist, n.
mē'ter, n. apparatus registering the amount of gas or other fluid that passes through it.
methinks', v.impers. it seems to me.
meth'od, n. way of doing something; orderliness. method'ical, a. orderly, systematic.
Meth'odist, n. member of any of the religious bodies owing their origin to the Wesleys and Whitefield. ~ism, n.; ~istical, a.
meth'odize, v.t. (-zable), introduce method into.
meth'yl, n. (the base of wood spirit. meth'ylate, v.t. mix with methyl (as methylated spirit).
metic'ulous, a. slavishly accurate or correct or proper.
‖ métier (māt'yā), n. one's line or forte.
meton'ymy, n. substitution of an attribute for the name of the thing meant.
mē'tre (-ter), n. verse rhythm; unit of length (39·37 in.) in metric system.
met'ric, -al, aa. of or in metre; involving measurement. ~ system, decimal system of weights and measures.
metrol'ogy, n. science of measures. ~gist, n.
met'ronome, n. musician's pendulum giving regular beat at required pace. ~nom'ic, a.
metrop'olis, n. chief city of a State. (Eccl.) metropolitan's see.
metropol'itan, a. of a metropolis. n. archbishop or other bishop having authority over bishops of a province.
met'tle, n. spirit, courage, endurance. ~some, met'tled (-ld), aa. spirited.
mew[1] n. sea-gull.
mew[2] v.t. & i. (of hawk) moult; shut up hawk in mew; shut up in school, office, &c. n. cage for hawks. (pl., as sing.) stables round open yard. Every stable.
mew[3] mewl, miaow (miow'), miaul', v.i. cry like cat or fretful, whining baby. n. such sound.
mezz'otint (-dz-), n. method of engraving; a print so produced.
mias'ma (-z-), n. (pl. -ata), noxious exhalation from marshes, putrid matter, &c.
mi'ca, n. kinds of mineral found as small glittering scales in granite, &c., and as crystals separable into thin plates.
Mich'aelmas (-kel-), n. feast of St. Michael, 29 Sept.
Mick, n. an Irishman.
mick'le, n. (Sc.) large amount.
mi'crobe, n. minute plant or animal, esp. as cause of disease.
mi'crocosm, n. man as an epitome of the universe; universe on small scale of something.

mi'cron, n. millionth of a metre.
mi'crophone, n. device for making faint sounds louder.
mi'croscope, n. lens or arrangement of lenses, &c. by which minute objects are made visible. microscop'ic, a. of, with, like, the microscope. microscop'ical, a.; micro'scopy, n.
micturi'tion, n. passing of urine.
mid, a. that is in the middle; intermediate. prep. amid. ~day, noon or thereabouts. ~night, twelve o'clock at night. ~off, ~on, fielders nearer batsman than long-off and long-on.
mi'dden, n. dung-hill, refuse-heap.
mi'ddle, a. equidistant from extremities; intermediate in rank, quality &c. n. middle point or position; the waist. ~ages, about A.D. 1000–1400. ~man, dealer intervening between producer and consumer. ~weight, boxing weight (from 11 st. 6 lb. to 10 st. 7 lb.).
mi'ddling, a. moderately good; fairly well in health. adv. fairly or moderately.
midge, n. gnat; small fly.
mi'dget, n. diminutive person; photograph of small size.
mi'dland (-and), a. remote from the sea or border.
mi'driff, n. the diaphragm.
mi'dshipman (-sm; abbr. mi'dship), n. rank between naval cadet and sub-lieutenant.
midst, n. middle. prep. amidst.
mi'dsummer, n. summer solstice, about 21 June.
mi'dwife, n. (pl. -wives), woman who assists others in childbirth.
mi'dwifery (-dif-, -dwif-), n. obstetrics.
mien (mēn), n. person's bearing or look.
might, v.t. of may.
might (mīt), n. great power or strength or resources. mi'ghty (-ī-), a. having might; massive or huge. adv. (colloq., iron.) very [illegible].
mignonette (minyo-), n. a fragrant-flowered plant.
mi'grant, a. that migrates. n. migrant bird, &c.
migrate', v.i. change one's abode; (of birds, &c.) come and go with the seasons. ~tion, n. ~tory, a.
mika'do (-kah-), n. (pl. -os), Emperor of Japan.
mike (sl.), v.i. shirk work; idle. n. idling or a spell of it.
milch, a. giving, kept for, milk.
mild, a. gentle; not severe or harsh or drastic; not bitter.
mi'ldew, n. growth of minute fungi on plants, or on leather &c., exposed to damp. v.t. & i. taint, be tainted, with mildew.
mile, n. linear measure, 1,760 yards. ~stone, roadside pillar stating miles. mi'leage, n. distance reckoned in miles; cost per mile; travelling allowance to member of legislature, &c.; book of railroad tickets each good for one mile.
mi'lfoil, n. kinds of plant with minute leaf-divisions.
mi'litant, a. engaged in warfare; combative. n. combative person.
mi'litarism, n. exaltation of or reliance on military force or methods. mi'litarist, n.
mi'litary, a. pertaining to soldiers or army or land warfare. n. the soldiery.
mi'litate, v.i. serve as an argument or influence against.
mili'tia (-sha), n. (hist.) branch of British military service enlisted for home defence, since 1908 absorbed in Special Reserve. ~man, n.
milk, n. liquid with which mammals feed their young; cow's milk as article of food. v.t. draw milk from. ~maid, woman milking cows or working in dairy. ~man, seller of milk. ~sop, unmanly fellow. mi'lky, a.
mill, n. building in which corn is ground; grinding-machine; factory; kinds of manufacturing machine. v.t. grind or treat in mill. ~board, stout paste-board. ~hand, factory worker.
millena'rian, a. of, expecting, the

millenarian, n. believer in the millennium. mil'lenary, a. consisting of a thousand (esp. years).
millen'nium, n. thousand-year period; coming time of happiness on earth. millen'nial, a.
mil'lepede, n. many-legged creature; wood-louse, &c.
mill'er, n. one whose business is to grind corn. ~'s thumb, kinds of small fish.
millés'imal, a. thousandth.
mill'et, n. a cereal with minute seeds.
milli- in comb. =one-thousandth of a — (in metric system) as: ~gramme (·0154 of English grain), ~litre (·061 cub. in.), ~metre (·0393 in.).
mill'iard (-yard), n. a thousand millions; this number of francs.
mill'iner, n. maker-up of or dealer in women's hats, ribbons, &c. mill'inery, n.
mill'ion (-yon), n. ten hundred thousand; a million pounds, dollars, &c. millionaire' (-yon-), n. possessor of a million of money or more than that.
mill'stone, n. *one of stones between which corn is ground.*
milt, n. spawn of male fish. v.t. impregnate (female roe).
mime, n. dramatic scene of ancient Greek or Italian common life with mimicry; performer in it.
mime'sis, n. close resemblance in markings, &c. of an animal to its *habitat or other animal.*
mimet'ic, a. of or showing mimesis; given to mimicry.
mim'ic, a. feigned, esp. to amuse; sham; imitative. n. person who mimics others. v.t. copy the speech or gestures of, esp. to amuse others; closely imitate.
mim'icry, n. mimicking; imitative *action or objects.*
mimo'sa (or -z-), n. kinds of plant, including Sensitive Plant.
mi'na, n. kinds of Eastern passerine bird.
min'aret, n. turret of mosque.
min'atory, a. threatening.
mince, v.t. & i. (-ceable) cut (meat, &c.) quite small; walk with affectedly short steps. n. minced meat. ~meat, mixture of minced currants, spices, suet, &c. ~-pie, patty of mincemeat.
mind, n. the seat of consciousness, thought, volition, and feeling; intellectual powers; memory; opinion. v.t. bear in mind; heed; take charge of; have any objection. mind'ed, a. disposed, inclined. mind'ful, a. not forgetful.
mine¹ pron. the one(s) belonging to me. a. belonging to me.
mine² n. excavation from which minerals are extracted; explosive charge placed ready to go off when required. v.t. & i. (-nable), dig for minerals; burrow or make subterraneous passages in; lay explosive charges under or in. ~-layer, vessel for laying mines. mi'ner, n. worker in mine; soldier who lays mines.
min'eral, a. inorganic, not animal or vegetable; got from the earth by mining. n. a mineral substance. ~ (water), water naturally or artificially impregnated with some mineral.
mineral'ogy, n. the science of minerals. ~o'gical, a.; ~gist, n.
mingle (ming'gl), v.t. & i. be mixed; be united with; mix, blend.
min'iature, n. painted portrait on small scale; small-scale representation. a. small-scale, diminutive. min'iaturist (-yer-), n. painter of miniatures.
min'im, n. a musical note, half a semibreve; 1/60 of a fluid drachm.
min'imalist, n. person ready to accept a minimum provisionally.
min'imize, v.t. (-zable) reduce to or estimate at the minimum.
min'imum, n. (pl. -ima), least possible or recorded amount.
min'ion (-yon), n. spoilt darling, favourite; mere dependant.
min'ister, n. executive agent; person in charge of State department; ambassador or State envoy; clergyman. v.i.

(-*trable*), be serviceable or contributory; officiate as minister of religion.

ministĕr'ial, *a.* of a minister of religion or his office; of or on the side of the Government. ~ist, *n.* Government supporter.

min'istrant, *a.* ministering. *n.* one who ministers.

ministrā'tion, *n.* rendering of help; priestly service.

min'istry, *n.* priestly office, ministers of a church; office of a State minister; the ministers forming a Government.

min'iver, *n.* plain white fur in robes of peers, &c.

mink, *n.* kinds of small animal; their fur.

min'nesinger, *n.* medieval German lyric poet.

min'now (-ō), *n.* small freshwater fish.

Minō'an (*or* Mī-), *a.* of the recently discovered prehistoric culture (3000–1400 B.C.) of Crete.

mī'nor, *a.* lesser of two units or sets of the lesser kind. *n.* person under age (21).

minŏ'rity (*or* mī-), *n.* being a minor, period of this; smaller of two sets, the smaller number.

Min'otaur (-tôr), *n.* bull-headed man of Greek legend.

min'ster, *n.* a large church.

min'strel, *n.* medieval singer or musician; poet; (pl.) performers of negro songs. min'strelsy, *n.* minstrel's art, poetry.

mint[1], *n.* aromatic herb.

mint[2], *n.* place where money is coined. *v.t.* coin money; invent. min'tage, *n.* what is minted; duty paid for minting.

minuet', *n.* slow stately dance or music for it.

mī'nus, *prep.* less, with the deduction of (symbol, −).

min'ute[1] (-nĭt), *n.* sixtieth of an hour; a short time; sixtieth of a degree; an official paper; (pl.) summary of proceedings. *v.t.* draft, note down.

minute'[2] (*or* mī-), *a.* very small; precise, going into details.

minū'tia (-shĭa), *n.* (pl. -ae), trivial point, small detail.

minx, *n.* sly girl, hussy.

mī'ocēne, *a.* of the middle division of tertiary strata.

mi'racle, *n.* event due to supernatural agency; remarkable event. mirac'ūlous, *a.* supernatural; wonderful.

mirage' (-ahzh), *n.* illusion produced by atmospheric conditions.

mire, *n.* swampy ground, mud. *v.t.* entangle in mud, soil.

mi'rror, *n.* image-reflecting surface, a looking-glass. *v.t.* reflect image of.

mirth, *n.* being merry, laughter.

mi'ry, *a.* muddy.

misadven'ture, *n.* undesigned evil result, unlucky accident.

misalli'ance, *n.* unsuitable marriage.

mis'anthrope, *n.* hater of mankind. misanthrŏ'pic, *a.* misan'thropy, *n.* misanthrope's temper.

misapplȳ', *v.t.* apply wrongly.

misapprehĕnd', *v.t.* misunderstand. ~ension, *n.*; ~sive, *a.*

misapprō'priāte, *v.t.* use (others' money) as one's own. ~tion, *n.*

misbecome' (-kŭm), *v.t.* suit ill.

misbegŏt'ten, *a.* illegitimate.

misbehāve', *v.i.* & *refl.* behave improperly. ~viour, *n.*

misbelief' (-ēf), *n.* wrong belief; false opinion. ~believer, *n.*

miscal'cūlāte, *v.t.* & *i.* calculate wrongly. ~tion, *n.*

miscall' (-awl), *v.t.* call by wrong name; abuse.

miscă'rriage (-rĭj), *n.* miscarrying; woman's untimely delivery.

miscă'rry, *v.i.* fail of success; (of letter &c.) not reach destination; (of woman) have miscarriage.

miscegenā'tion, *n.* interbreeding between races, esp. of whites and negroes.

miscellā'nea, *n.pl.* odds and ends; stray items.

miscellā'neous, *a.* consisting of various kinds. mis'cellany, *n.* literary or other medley.

mischance' (-ahns), *n.* unlucky event.

mis'chief (-chĭf), n. harm, injury wrought by person or other agent; discord; childish pranks. **mis'chievous** (-chĭ-), a. tending to harm; full of mischief.

misconceive' (-sēv), v.t. & i. have wrong idea of; misunderstand. **misconcep'tion**, n.

miscon'duct, n. improper conduct, esp. adultery. **~conduct'** v.t.

misconstrue' (-ōō), v.t. put wrong construction on. **~struc'tion**, n.

miscount' n. wrong count, esp. of votes. v.t. count wrongly.

mis'creant, n. wicked person.

misdate' v.t. date wrongly.

misdeal' v.i. make mistake in dealing cards. n. wrong deal.

misdeed' n. sinful act.

misdemean'ant, n. person convicted of misdemeanour.

misdemean'our (-ner), n. indictable but not felonious offence.

misdirect' v.t. direct (person, letter, &c.) wrongly. **~ion**, n.

misdo'ing (-dōō-) n. misdeed.

misdoubt' (-owt), v.t. have doubts or suspicions; be apprehensive.

mise en scène (mēz ahn sān), n. staging of a play; surroundings.

mi'ser (-z-), n. avaricious person; hoarder of money. **~ly** a.

mis'erable (-z-), a. pitiable; very unhappy; contemptible, mean.

miser'icord (-z-), n. hinged seat in choir stall.

mis'ery (-z-), n. acute unhappiness; distressing poverty.

misfeas'ance (-z-), n. wrongful exercise of lawful authority.

misfire' v.i. & n. (of gun, motor engine, &c.) failure) to act.

mis'fit, n. garment, &c. that does not fit.

misfor'tune (-chn, -tyōōn), n. calamity; bad luck.

misgive' v.t. (-gave, -given), (of one's mind, &c.) suggest misgivings to. **misgiv'ing**, n. apprehension; uneasy doubt.

misgov'ern (-gŭ-), v.t. govern (state, &c.) badly. **~ment**, n.

misguide' (-gīd), v.t. mislead.

mishan'dle, v.t. ill-treat.

mishap' n. minor calamity.

misinform' v.t. give wrong information to. **misinforma'tion**, n.

misinter'pret, v.t. give wrong interpretation to; make wrong inference from. **~a'tion**, n.

misjudge' v.t. judge wrongly; have wrong opinion of.

mislay' v.t. so place (thing) as to be unable to find it.

mislead' (-lēd), v.t. lead astray; give wrong impression to.

misman'age, v.t. manage badly or wrongly. **~ment**, n.

misname' v.t. call by wrong name.

misno'mer, n. name applied wrongly, wrong use of term.

misog'amy (-g-), n. hatred of marriage. **misog'amist**, n.

misog'yny (-g-), n. hatred of women. **misog'ynist**, n.

misplace' v.t. (-cable), put in wrong place; bestow (love, &c.) on ill-chosen object. **~ment**, n.

misprint' n. error in printing. v.t. make error in printing.

mispri'sion (-zhn), n. wrong action or omission.

misprize' v.t. prize, undervalue.

mispronounce' v.t. pronounce wrongly. **~nunciation**, n.

misquote' v.t. quote wrongly. **misquota'tion**, n.

misread' v.t. (past -read pr. -rĕd) read or interpret wrongly.

misrepresent' (-z-), v.t. represent wrongly; falsify. **~a'tion**, n.

misrule' (-rōōl), v.t. rule badly. n. bad government.

miss¹ v.t. & i. fail to hit, reach, meet, find, catch, or perceive; pass over; regret absence of; have a failure. n. fact of missing.

miss² n. unmarried woman or girl. **~ish**, a. like a schoolgirl.

mis'sal, n. R.C. mass-book.

mis'sel, n. large kind of thrush.

mis-shap'en, a. deformed.

mis'sile, n. thing that can be thrown to do damage.

miss'ing, a. not to be found. n. (with the) soldiers neither present after a battle, &c., nor known to have been killed or wounded.

mis'sion (-shn), n. persons sent

out as envoys or evangelists; their task or operations.
mi'ssionary (-sho-), a. of, concerned with, religious missions. n. person who goes on missionary work, person attached to police-court to help offenders or applicants.
mi'ssis, n. (vulg.) mistress; (joc.) wife.
mi'ssive, n. letter esp. official one.
mis-spell' v.t. spell wrongly.
mis-spend' v.t. (-spent), spend amiss or wastefully.
mis-state' v.t. state wrongly. ~ment, n.
mist, n. water-vapour in drops smaller than rain; blurred effect given by tears in the eyes, &c.
mistake' v.t. & i. (-took, -taken), come to wrong conclusion about, misinterpret; erroneously take person or thing for another; (p.p.) due to error, ill judged. n. error, blunder; mistaken opinion or act.
Mi'ster (-ter), n. mister, sir.
mistime' v.t. judge time of wrongly.
mi'stletoe (-slto), n. parasitic white-berried plant.
mistra'nslate (-ns-), v.t. translate incorrectly. ~tion, n.
mi'stress, n. woman in relation to servants, woman having control; female teacher; man's paramour (arch.) = Mrs.
mistrust' v.t. feel no confidence in. n. lack of confidence, uneasy doubts. ~ful, a.
mi'sty, a. of, in, or like mist; of dim outline, obscure.
misunderstand' v.t. & i. (-stood), take in wrong sense; come to false conclusion about. ~ing, n.
misuse', v.t. (-z) apply to wrong use, ill-treat. n. (-s), ill-treatment, wrong use.
mite, n. anything very small; small child or person; small insect found in cheese. mi'ty a. (of cheese) full of mites.
mi'tigate, v.t. (-gable), appease, alleviate; reduce severity of. ~tion, ~tor nn., ~tory a.
mi'tre (-ter), n. tall cap worn by bishops; episcopal rank; joint between boards, &c., meeting at right angles. v.t. (-tring) put or bestow mitre on; join with or shape for a mitre-joint.
mitt, ~en, nn. glove leaving fingers and thumb-tip bare; (pl., sl.) boxing-gloves; (sl., mitt) hand, fist.
mix, v.t. & i. unite or blend into one mass; compound together; become united, mingle. mixed (-kst), a. of diverse qualities or elements; of both sexes; confused. mi'xer, n. (with good, bad) person sociably, unsociably inclined with casual acquaintances. mi'xture, n. mixing; compound, esp. a medicinal draught.
mi'zzen, n. lowest fore-and-aft sail of full-rigged ship's ~-mast (aftermost mast of three-masted ship), (loosely) spanker.
mnemo'nic (n-), a. of, designed to aid, the memory. ~s, n.pl. mnemonic art or system.
mō'a, n. large extinct flightless bird of New Zealand, resembling ostrich.
moan, n. low inarticulate sound expressing pain or grief. v.i. & t. utter moan; lament, deplore.
moat, n. defensive ditch round castle, town, &c. ~ed, a.
mŏb, n. a riotous crowd, a promiscuous gathering. v.t. crowd upon and hustle or ill-treat.
mŏb-cap, n. woman's indoor cap.
mō'bile, a. shifting position readily, not fixed. mobi'lity, n.
mō'bilize, v.t. & i. (-zable), render movable; prepare (forces) for active service. ~zation, n.
mŏc'casin, n. Amer.-Ind. soft shoe of deerskin, &c.
mŏck, v.t. & i. scoff at, ridicule, mimic; tantalize with illusion. n. laughing-stock, mocking. a. (attrib. only) sham, mimic, counterfeit. ~heroic, a. & n. burlesquing, burlesque imitation of, the heroic style. mŏck'ery, n. derision, laughing-stock; futile action. mocking-bird, kinds that mimic other birds' notes.

mō'dal, a. of mode or form and not of substance. modal'ity n. (esp.) method laid down for discharge of obligation, &c.

mode, n. way in which thing is done; current fashion.

mŏd'el, n. representation of designed or actual object; design or style to be followed; person employed by artist to pose, or by draper, &c. to show off clothes. v.t. mould, fashion; give shape to, form.

mŏd'erate, a. (-ĭt), not given to extremes; (of cost, &c.) not excessive; middling in quantity or quality. n. (-ĭt), politician of moderate views. v.t. & i. (-āt), make or become less violent or excessive; act as moderator. ~ā'tion, n. moderating; moderateness. mŏd'erātor, n. mediator; president of presbytery or any Presbyterian body; kind of oil lamp.

mŏd'ern, a. of the present and recent times; new-fashioned. n. (esp. in pl.) person living in modern times. ~ity n.

mŏd'ernism, n. tendency to subordinate tradition to harmony with modern thought. ~ist, n.

mŏd'ernize, v.t. & i. (-zable), assimilate to modern needs; adopt modern views. ~zation, n.

mŏd'est, a. not overrating one's own merit; unassuming; not excessive; pure-minded, decorous. mŏd'esty n. modestness.

mŏd'icum, n. what is barely enough; small quantity.

mŏd'ify v.t. (-fiable), tone down, qualify; make less severe; change form of. ~fica'tion, n.

mō'dish, a. fashionable.

modiste' (-dēst), n. milliner or dressmaker.

mŏd'ūlate, v.t. & i. (-lable), vary or regulate the pitch; attune; (mus.) change key. ~tion, n.

‖ mō'dus operan'di, method of procedure. ‖ mō'dus vivĕn'di, compromise pending settlement of dispute.

mofuss'il, n. (Anglo-Ind.) in India, the country as distinct from the Presidency; rural localities as distinct from the chief station.

Mogul', n. a Mongol or Mongolian; Great ~, Grand ~, the ~, emperor of Delhi; (transf.) a great personage; (pl.) playing cards of the best quality.

mō'hair, n. hair of Angora goat; yarn or fabric of it.

Mohăm'medan, Mahŏm'etan (mo-h-), a. of Mohammed or the religion founded by him. n. believer in Mohammed. Mohăm'medanism, n.

mō'hur, n. gold coin of British India (15 rupees).

moid'ore, n. Portuguese gold coin (27s.).

moi'ety, n. a half.

moil, v.i. drudge.

moire (mwahr), n. watered fabric, usu. silk. moiré (mwahr'ā), a. having watered surface.

moist, a. slightly wet, humid. moi'sten (-sn), v.t. & i. make, become, moist. moist'ure, n. liquid in a diffused or absorbed state.

mōke, n. (sl.) donkey; ~'ngro.

mō'lar, a. (of teeth) serving to grind. n. a molar tooth.

molass'es (-z), n. drainings of raw sugar; treacle.

mōle¹, n. permanent dark excrescence on the skin.

mōle², n. small burrowing animal with short dark fur. ~hill, mound thrown up by mole. ~skin, mole's fur; kind of fustian like it.

mōle³, n. stone pier, breakwater, or causeway.

mŏ'lecule (or mō-), n. one of the minute particles of which a homogeneous substance is composed. molec'ular, a.

molest', v.t. subject to intentional annoyance. molesta'tion, n.

mŏll'ify, v.t. (-fiable), soften, calm down. ~fica'tion, n.

mŏll'usc, n. one of the Mollusca, a sub-kingdom of soft-bodied animals, often with hard shells, including snails, oysters, &c.

mŏl'ycŏddle, *n.* effeminate creature. *v.t.* & *i.* coddle, coddle oneself.

Mō'loch (-k), *n.* Canaanite idol to which children were sacrificed (often used fig.); the thorn-lizard or thorn-devil, a hideous Australian reptile.

mŏlўbdē'num, *n.* a rare silvery white metallic element.

molten, *p.p.* of melt.

mō'ment, *n.* point or brief space of time. **~ary** *a.* lasting only a moment. **momen'tous**, *a.* of great importance.

momen'tum, *n.* (pl. -ta), quantity of motion of a moving body; (pop.) impetus gained by movement.

mŏnă'chal (-k-), *a.* monastic. **mŏn'achism** (-k-), *n.*

mŏn'ad, *n.* a unit, a simple organism assumed as the first term in evolution. **monăd'ic**, *a.*

mŏn'arch (-k), *n.* imperial or royal ruler of a State. **monar'chal**, **~ar'chic(al)**, *aa.*, **~ism**, **~ist**, *nn.*

mŏn'archy (-k-), *n.* monarchical system or State.

mŏn'astery, *n.* residence of community of monks. **monăs'tic**, *a.* of monks or monasteries. **~ticism**, *n.* life in monasteries.

Monday (mŭn'di), *n.* second day of the week, sacred to the Moon.

mŏn'etary (mŭn-), *a.* of coinage or money.

mŏn'etise (mŭn-), *v.t.* make into or recognise or put into circulation as money. **~sation**, *n.*

mŏn'ey (mŭ-), *n.* (pl. -eys), current coin; banknotes or other documents representing wealth. **~changer**, person giving the equivalent of money in another coinage. **~lender**, usurer. **~market**, haunts and operations of dealers in stocks and bills. **~spinner**, kind of small spider.

moneyed (mŭn'id), *a.* wealthy.

Mong'ol, **Mongō'lian** (-ngg-), *aa.* of a race now inhabiting Mongolia. *nn.* a Mongol person; the Mongolian language.

mŏng'oose (-ngg-), *n.* E. Ind. ichneumon, noted for killing venomous snakes.

mŏ'ngrel (mŭngg-), *a.* of mixed breed or type. *n.* a mongrel animal, hybrid plant or person.

mŏn'ism, *n.* forms of doctrine maintaining that there is only one kind of being. **mŏn'ist**, *n.*

moni'tion, *n.* admonition; legal or official notice to do or refrain from doing something.

mŏn'itor, *n.* person who gives advice or admonishes; senior schoolboy placed in authority; ironclad with revolving gun-turrets. **monitŏr'ial**, *a.* (esp. in school sense). **mŏn'itress**, *n.*

mŏn'itory *a.* giving or serving as warning.

monk (mŭ-), *n.* member of male community living apart under religious vows. **~'s-hood**, kinds of flowering plant, aconite.

mo'nkey (mŭ-), *n.* (pl. -eys), kinds of mammal closely allied to man; (sl.) temper; (sl.) £500. *v.i.* play tricks (with). **~bread**, fruit of baobab tree. **~nut**, peanut. **~-puzzle**, kind of prickly tree. **~shines**, monkey-like tricks. **~tricks**, mischievous tricks.

monk'ish (mŭ-), *a.* of monks.

mŏn'ochord (-k-), *n.* one-stringed musical instrument; one-stringed appliance for determining musical intervals.

mŏn'ochrome (-k-), *n.* one-colour picture or design. **~mat'ic**, *a.*

mŏn'ocle, *n.* single eye-glass.

monocotylē'don, *n.* member of the single-cotyledon division of flowering plants. **~ous**, *a.*

monŏc'ular, *a.* one-eyed.

mŏn'ody, *n.* dirge or elegy.

monŏg'amy, *n.* custom by which one man or male has one wife or mate. **~mist**, *n.* **~mous**, *a.*

mŏn'ogram, *n.* set of letters interwoven in one design.

mŏn'ograph (-ahf), *n.* treatise on a single subject. **~ic**, *a.* **~ist**, *n.*

mŏn'olith, *n.* single block of stone as pillar &c. **monolith'ic**, *a.*

mŏn'ologue (-ŏg), *n.* soliloquy;

dramatic composition in which only one person speaks.
monoma'nia, n. madness on a single subject. ~ni'ac, n.
monomet'allism, n. use of one metal as standard of currency.
mon'oplane, n. aeroplane with one plane.
monop'olist, n. one who holds or favours a monopoly.
monop'olize, v.t. (-zable), secure monopoly of. ~zation, n.
monop'oly, n. exclusive privilege of the trade in something; sole possession or control of.
mon'orail, n. railway with cars running on a single rail.
monosyll'able, n. word of one syllable. monosyllab'ic, a.
mon'otheism, n. doctrine that there is only one God. ~theist, n.; ~theis'tic, a.
mon'otone, n. succession of sounds or utterances without change of pitch. v.t. & i. recite in monotone. monot'onous, a. unvarying in tone; wearisome. monot'ony, n. monotonousness.
mon'otype, n. method of producing single letters of movable type, and assembling them into readable matter by means of composing and casting machines; also used attrib. P
monseigneur (monsenyer'), n. French title for dignitaries.
monsieur (mosyer'), n. (pl. messieurs), the French title, abbr. M.) Mr.; sir; Frenchman.
monsoon', n. seasonal wind, esp. those blowing in Indian Ocean from SW. in summer and from NE. in winter.
mon'ster, n. misshapen creature; person or thing of portentous appearance or size; miscreant.
mon'strance, n. vessel in which the Host is exposed.
monstros'ity, n. monstrousness; misshapen or outrageous thing.
mon'strous, a. of the nature of a monster; huge; outrageous.
month (mŭ-), n. period of moon's revolution; any of the twelve divisions of a year. month'ly (mŭ-), a. recurring, payable, &c. once a month; n. monthly magazine; adv. once a month.
mon'ument, n. anything destined or serving to commemorate something. monumen'tal, a. of or serving as monument; colossal or stupendous.
mooch, v.i. (colloq.) slouch idly loitering about.
mood[1], n. any of the groups of forms in conjugation of verb that serves to indicate its function.
mood[2], n. state of mind or feeling. mood'y, a. subject to changes of mood; depressed, sullen.
moolvee', n. Mohammedan doctor of the law in India, a complimentary term for a teacher of Arabic, or any learned man.
moon, n. satellite revolving round earth in lunar month and reflecting light from sun; (poet.) month. v.i. go dreamily or listlessly about. ~calf, born fool. ~light, light of moon; [~light] flitting, removal by night to avoid payment of rent. ~lighter, committer of agrarian outrages by night in Ireland. ~shine, visionary stuff; (colloq.) illicitly distilled spirits. ~shiner, illicit distiller, spirit-smuggler. ~stone, pearly feldspar. ~struck, lunatic. moon'y, a. dreamy.
moonshee, munshi' (-ŏō-), n. native secretary or language teacher in India.
moor[1], n. tract of uncultivated and often heather-clad ground. ~cock, cock grouse. ~hen, water-hen. ~land, n.
Moor[2], n. one of a Mohammedan race of N.-W. Africa. ~ish, a.
moor[3], v.t. attach (boat, &c.) by rope to shore or something fixed. ~age, n. place, charge made, for mooring. ~ing, n. (usu. pl.) anchored chains, &c. to which boat, &c. is moored.
moose, n. N. Amer. elk.
moot, n. (hist.) meeting, esp. of legislative or judicial kind. v.t.

raise (question) for discussion. ~ case or point, matter on which opinions differ.

mop, n. bundle of yarn, &c. fixed to stick for use in cleaning. v.t. clean or wipe with mop-head or absorbent stuff.

mope, v.i. be in depressed spiritless state. n. person given to moping; (pl.) dumps. mō'pish, a. inclined to mope.

mopoke. See morepork.

moraine, n. débris deposited by glacier.

mŏ'ral, a. concerned with right and wrong conduct; practising virtue. n. the guidance deducible from a fable, incident, &c. (pl.) conduct of person, nation, &c., as compared with the moral law.

morale' (-ahl), n. discipline and spirit pervading an army or other body of persons.

mŏ'ralist, n. person given to moralizing; person for whom morality requires no religious sanction. moralis'tic, a.

moral'ity, n. ethics; morals; moral conduct; kind of moralizing drama.

mŏ'ralize, v.i. & t. (-zable), talk on the moral aspect of things; draw the moral of.

morass', n. marsh, slough.

morator'ium, n. legal authorization to defer payment.

Mora'vian, n. native of Moravia; member of a Hussite protestant sect.

mor'bid, a. not natural and healthy; diseased.

morbif'ic, a. causing disease.

mor'dant, a. (of wit, &c.) biting, stinging; (of pain) acute; (of acids, &c.) corrosive or cleansing. n. mordant substance. ~ancy, n.

more, a. & pron. a greater or additional quantity or number (of). adv. to a greater degree or extent or amount. ~o'ver, adv. besides what has been already said; and further.

moreen', n. a stuff for curtains.

more'pork, mō'pōke, n. in New Zealand, an owl; in Tasmania, night-jar; in Australia, various birds.

Moresque' (-k), a. Moorish in style.

morganat'ic, a. ~ marriage, one between man of exalted rank and woman of lower rank, who remains in her former station.

morgue (-g), n. identification mortuary in Paris.

mŏ'ribund, a. at the point of death; likely soon to perish.

mŏ'rion, n. (hist.) steel cap.

Mor'mon, n. member of a U.S. Christian sect that formerly practised polygamy. ~ism, n.

morn, n. (poet.) morning.

morn'ing, n. the day from dawn till noon or the midday meal. ~ watch, (Naut.) 4–8 a.m.

morocc'ō, n. (pl. -os), leather of goatskin tanned with sumac.

morose', a. of bitter unsociable temper; sullen.

Morph'eus, n. God of dreams.

morph'ia, morph'ine, nn. narcotic principle of opium. morph'inism, n. state induced by excessive use of morphia.

morphŏl'ogy, n. branch of biology or of philology dealing with forms. ~gical, a. ~gist, n.

mŏ'rris, or ~ dance, nn. kinds of dance, with bells, costumes, &c.

mŏ'rris tube, n. appliance by which rifle is adapted for practice on miniature range.

mŏ'rrow (-ō), n. day that follows a day or event.

morse', n. walrus.

Morse', n. ~ alphabet, code, signals, &c., for use in telegraphy signalling, &c.

mor'sel, n. mouthful, bit; small quantity.

mor'tal, a. subject to or causing death; (col.) very great. n. human being. mortal'ity, n. being mortal; human beings; death-rate.

mor'tar, n. vessel in which drugs, food, &c., are pounded with a pestle; short gun throwing shells; mixture of lime, water

&c., used in building. ~board, on which building mortar is held for use; square college cap.

mortgage (mor'gĭj), n. conveyance of property as security for debt until money is repaid. v.t. make over by mortgage; pledge. mortgager (mor'gĭjer), n. person who mortgages. mortgagee (morgĭjē'), n. person to whom mortgage is given.

mor'tify v.t. & i. (-fied), chasten (flesh, &c.) by repression; humiliate, chagrin; be affected with gangrene. ~fication, n.

mor'tise, -ice, n. hole made in piece of wood, &c., to receive the end of another piece. v.t. (-sable), make mortise in; join by mortise.

mort'main, n. condition of land, &c., held inalienably by a corporation.

mor'tuary, a. of or for burial. n. building for temporary keeping of corpses.

mosa'ic (-z-), n. picture or pattern made with small coloured pieces of stone or glass.

Mosa'ic (-z-), a. of Moses.

moselle' (-z-), n. a white wine.

mo'sey (-zĭ), v.i. (sl.) go away (in a specified manner).

Mos'lem, Mus'lim (-z-), a. & n. Mohammedan.

mosque (-sk), n. Mohammedan place of worship.

mosqui'to (-kē-), n. (pl. -oes), kinds of gnat, some biting severely, some carrying malaria.

moss, n. swamp, peat-bog; kinds of small plant growing on moist surfaces. ~-rose, with moss-like growth on calyx and stalk. ~-trooper, 17th-c. border freebooter. moss'y, a. moss-grown.

most, a. the greatest number or quantity of. pron. the greatest amount; the greater part of. adv. to a great or the greatest degree or extent or amount. most'ly adv. for the most part.

mot (mō), n. (pl. -s pr. mōz), witty saying.

mote, n. particle of dust.

moth, n. kinds of winged insect resembling butterflies. ~-eaten, injured by moths; antiquated. moth'y, a. infested with moths.

mo'ther (mŭdh-), n. female parent; head of nunnery, &c.; old woman. v.t. be mother of (usu. fig.); act as mother to. ~-in-law, a wife's or husband's mother. ~ of pearl, iridescent lining of oyster and other shells. M~'s Day, day for honouring motherhood, second Sunday in May. ~ tongue, one's native language. mo'therhood, n. office or state of a mother. mo'thering (mŭdh-), n. custom of visiting parents and giving or receiving presents on Mid-lent Sunday (called Mothering Sunday). mo'therless, -ly, aa.

motif (-ēf), n. a distinct element or feature in a composition, lace, &c.; ornament on dress, &c.

mo'tion, n. moving; a gesture; proposal for action to be taken. v.t. & i. make significant gestures; direct by gesture. ~less, a.

mo'tive, a. productive of motion or action. n. what impels a person to action. v.t. (-vable), supply a motive to; be the motive or motif of. ~vation, n. motiv'ity, n. motive quality.

mot'ley, a. parti-coloured; heterogeneous. n. fool's motley garb.

mo'tor, n. what imparts motion; machine supplying motive power, internal-combustion engine, (attrib.) propelled by such machine, as ~-bicycle, -boat, -car; motor-car; (Anat.) muscle or nerve producing motion. v.t. & i. go, convey, by motor-car. ~-cycle, motor-carriage for use on roads. ~man, (U.S. & Canada) driver of electric street-car or locomotive. mo'torist, n. user of motor-car.

mot'tle, v.t. make mottled. n. mottled surface. mot'tled (-ld), a. showing colours in blotches.

mott'o, n. (pl. -oes), a saying chosen for inscription or quotation.

mouzh'ik (mōōzh-), n. Russian peasant.

mould¹ (mōld), *n.* loose earth; soil rich in organic matter.
mould² (mōld), *n.* woolly fungous growth formed on moist surfaces.
mould³ (mōld), *n.* matrix in which metal is cast; vessel used to give shape to jelly, &c.; form or character; gauge or pattern used in making mouldings. *v.t.* form or shape according to a pattern.
moul'der (mōl-), *v.i.* decay to dust; crumble away.
moul'ding (mōl-), *n.* piece of ornament running along some line in a building.
moul'dy (mōl-), *a.* covered with mould; (fig.) stale, antiquated.
moult (mōlt), *v.i.* & *t.* shed feathers; shed (feathers) in changing plumage. *n.* moulting.
mound, *n.* heap or bank of earth; (Baseball) pitcher's box.
mount, *n.* mountain or hill; card, &c. on which photograph, &c. is mounted; horse, &c. on which person is to be or is mounted. *v.i.* & *t.* ascend, go upwards; climb on to; put upon or provide with horse, &c.; provide with supports or setting.
moun'tain (-tin), *n.* hill of impressive height; large heap of something. **~eer'** *n.* dweller in mountains; mountain-climber. *v.i.* climb mountains as a recreation. **~ous**, *a.* abounding in mountains; huge.
mount'ebank, *n.* quack discoursing and dispensing on platform in street, &c.; a charlatan.
mourn (mōrn), *v.i.* & *t.* be sorrowful or distressed; grieve for the loss of. **~er**, *n.* one who mourns; person attending funeral. **~ing**, *n.* lamentation; clothes worn in sign of bereavement. **~ful**, *a.*
mouse, *n.* (mows), (pl. mice) kinds of small rodent. *v.i.* (-z), hunt mice. **mous'er** (-z-), *n.* mouse-catcher, esp. cat.
mousse (moos), *n.* dish of flavoured cream whipped and frozen.
moustache (mustahsh'), *n.* the hair of the upper lip.

mouth, *n.* (pl. pr. -dhz), the cavity of the head used in eating and speaking; opening at which anything enters; outfall of river; (sl.) impudent talk. *v.t.* & *i.* (mowdh), grimace in speaking; touch with the mouth. **~-organ**, kinds of musical instrument. **~piece**, part of musical instrument or tobacco pipe placed between lips; person commissioned to speak for others.
move (mōōv), *v.t.* & *i.* (-vable) change position, posture, place, or abode; stir or rouse; affect with emotion; propose as a resolution. *n.* moving of piece at chess, &c.; (fig.) step or proceeding. **movables** (mōōv'ablz), *n.pl.* personal property. **move'ment** (mōōvm-), *n.* moving; combined endeavour; main division of a musical work. **mo'ver** (mōō-), *n.* source of motion; originator; proposer of motion. ***movies** (mōōv'iz), *n.pl.* (sl.) cinema pictures.
mo'ving (mōō-), *a.* **~ pictures**, movies. **~ staircase**, made on endless chain principle, with steps moving up or down continuously.
mow¹ *n.* stack of hay, corn, &c.
mow² (mō), *v.t.* & *i.* (p.p. mown or mowed), cut grass, &c. with scythe or machine.
Mr (mis'ter), **Mrs.** (mis'iz), titles prefixed to name of man or of married woman. **Mrs. Grun'dy**, conventional propriety personified.
MS. (for'ls'), *n.* manuscript.
much, *a.* a great amount of. *pron.* a great deal; a great amount of something. *adv.* to a great degree; by a great deal. **~ly** *adv.* (joc. only). **~ness**, *n.*
mu'cilage, *n.* viscous substance extracted from plants; *adhesive gum. **mucilag'inous**, *a.*
muck, *n.* manure, dirt; dirty state. *v.t.* & *i.* make dirty; (sl.) bungle; potter. **muck'er** *n.* (sl.) heavy fall; bungler. **muck'y** *a.*

mū'cus, n. thick fluid secreted by mucous membrane. mū'cous, a.
mŭd, n. mixture of dust or earth with water. ~guard, appliance protecting cyclist, &c., from mud. ~lark, street arab. mŭdd'y a. dirty with mud; (of water) turbid; v.t. spatter with mud.
mŭdar' n. E. Ind. shrub.
mŭd'dle, v.t. & i. bewilder; bungle, mix up; carry on or put things through in haphazard way. n. confused state.
muezz'in (moo-), n. Mohammedan crier who proclaims hours of prayer from minaret.
mŭff, n. cover of fur &c. for the hands carried by women.
mŭff² n. unenterprising person; bungler. v.t. fail in, bungle; miss (catch, ball, chance, &c.).
mŭff'in, n. kind of tea-cake eaten hot with butter. muffineer', n. castor for sprinkling muffins with salt or sugar.
mŭf'fle, v.t. wrap up for warmth; deaden sound by wrapping up. mŭff'ler, n. neck-wrap.
mŭf'ti, n. plain clothes worn by official off duty.
mŭg, n. drinking vessel; (sl.) mouth or face; (sl.) person who swots; (sl.) fool or gullible person. v.i. & t. (sl.) study hard.
mŭgg'er, n. the broad-nosed crocodile of India.
mŭgg'y (-g-), a. (of weather, &c.) warm and moist; oppressive.
mŭg'wump, n. great man, boss; one who holds aloof from party politics.
mūlatt'ō, n. (pl. -os), person of mixed negro and white blood.
mŭl'berry, n. a dark-red oval compound fruit; tree bearing it.
mŭlch, n. wet straw leaves, &c., put round plant's roots.
mŭlct, v.t. fine as a punishment; deprive of. n. a fine.
mūle, n. offspring of mare by he-ass; any hybrid; obstinate person; kind of spinning-machine. muleteer' n. mule-driver. mū'lish, a. obstinate, intractable.
mŭll, v.t. heat and spice (wine, beer); make a mess of. n. a bungle or failure.
mŭll'ah, mŏŏl'lah, n. Mohammedan theologian.
mŭll'ein (-lin), n. kinds of woolly-leaved herb.
mŭll'et, n. kinds of sea-fish.
mulligatawn'y, n. E. Ind. soup made with curry-paste.
mulli'grubs (-z), n.pl. dumps, low spirits; colic.
mŭll'ion (-yon), n. upright separating the lights of a divided window. ~ed, a.
mŭll'ock, n. (Austral.) rock which does not contain gold; also, refuse from which gold has been extracted.
multifar'ious, a. of many kinds.
mŭl'tiform, a. of many forms.
multimillionaire' (-yon-), n. person with two or more millions of money.
multinō'mial, a. & n. (expression) of more than two terms.
multipar'tite, a. divided into many parts.
mŭl'tiple, a. of many parts, components, origins, &c.; (with pl. n.) more than one. n. quantity exactly divisible by another.
mŭl'tiplex, a. manifold.
multiplicand' n. quantity to be multiplied.
multiplica'tion, n. multiplying, esp. the arithmetical process.
multiplic'ity n. being multiplied.
mŭl'tiplier, n. number by which multiplicand is multiplied.
mŭl'tiply v.t. & i. (-iable), make or become many, perform, subject to multiplication.
mŭl'titude, n. great number; crowd of people. ~tūdinous, a.
[mŭl'tum in par'vō, n. much in small compass.
mŭm, int. enjoining silence or secrecy. a. silent. v.i. act in dumb show.
mŭm'ble, v.i. & t. pronounce, chew (food), like a toothless person. n. indistinct talk.
Mŭm'bo Jŭm'bo, n. (pl. -os), supposed African idol; any object of senseless veneration.

mumm'er, n. actor in dumb show; (contempt.) play-actor. mumm'ery n. buffoonery; ridiculous ceremonial.
mumm'ify, v.t. (-fiable) make into a mummy. ~fication, n.
mumm'y, n. embalmed corpse.
mump, v.i. be sullen and silent.
mumps, n.pl. contagious disease with swollen neck and face.
munch, v.i. & t. chew steadily.
mun'dane, a. worldly; earthly.
munic'ipal, a. of or carried on by a municipality.
municipal'ity, n. town or district with local self-government; its governing body.
munic'ipalize, v.t. bring under municipal control. ~zation, n.
munif'icent, a. splendidly generous. munif'icence, n. liberality.
mun'iments, n.pl. title-deeds and similar records.
muni'tion, n. (sing. only in comb.), (pl.) military weapons, ammunition, equipment, and stores.
munjeet', n. Bengal madder; roots of this plant used in dyeing.
muntjak. See muntjac.
munt'jac, n. small Asiatic deer.
mur'al, a. of, in, on, a wall.
murd'er, n. unlawful killing of person with malice aforethought. v.t. kill (human being) unlawfully; spoil by bad execution, &c. ~er, ~ess, nn., ~ous a.
mur'ex, n. shell-fish from which Tyrian purple was got.
murk'y, a. full of or thick with darkness.
murm'ur (-er), n. subdued continuous sound; subdued expression of discontent; hushed speech. v.i. & t. make or utter murmur; utter softly. ~ous, a.
murph'y, n. (sl.) potato.
murr'ain (-rin), n. a cattle-disease; (arch.) plague.
mus'cadine (or -in), n. grape tasting or smelling of musk. muscadel', -datel', nn. muscadine or wine made from it.
mus'cle (-sl), n. contractile fibrous band or bundle producing motion in animal body; lean flesh or meat; muscular strength.
Mus'covite, n. & a. Russian.
mus'cular, a. of, in, the muscles; having much muscle. ~ar'ity n.
muse¹ (-z), v.i. ponder, meditate.
muse², n. *The Muses*, nine sister goddesses to whom inspiration in learning and art was attributed; *the muse*, poet's inspiration or genius.
muse'um (-z-), n. building in which objects illustrating art or science are kept for show.
mush¹, n. soft pulp; *porridge of (esp. Indian) meal boiled in water. mush'y, a. soft; (sl.) sentimental.
mush² (U.S. & Canada), n. journey across snow with dog-sledge. v.i. go on mush.
mush'room, n. kinds of edible fungus noted for rapidity of growth; upstart person or thing.
mu'sic (-z-), n. art of expressing or stirring emotion by harmonious combination of sounds; sounds so combined; record or score of these for reproduction; any pleasant sound. ~-hall, variety theatre. mu'sical (-z-), a. fond of or skilled in music; sweet-sounding. *musicale' (-ahl) n. musical party. musi'cian (-zishn), n.
musk, n. substance secreted by male musk-deer used as basis of perfumes; kind of plant. ~-deer, small hornless ruminant of Central Asia. ~-rat, large North-American aquatic rodent; its fur. ~-rose, rambling rose with large fragrant white flowers. ~-tree, various musky-smelling trees.
mus'ket, n. infantryman's gun, esp. of outdated types. musketeer' n. (hist.) soldier with musket. mus'ketry, n. small-arm fire; (Mil.) rifle-firing instruction.
musk'y a. smelling like musk.
mus'lin (-z-), n. cotton gauze for dresses, curtains, &c.; cotton cloth of coarse heavy kinds.

mus'quash (-kwŏsh), n. fur of the musk-rat.

*muss, v.t. (with up) disarrange, throw into disorder. n. state of confusion, untidiness. 'muss'y a. untidy, rumpled, tousled.

mus'sel, n. kinds of bivalve mollusc.

mus'suck, n. (Anglo-Ind.) leather water-bag.

Mus'sulman, a. & n. Mohammedan.

must¹ n. grape-juice before or during fermentation; new wine.

must² a. (of male elephant or camel) affected by dangerous periodical excitement. n. this state.

must³ (mus-, emph. mŭ-), v aux. be obliged to; be certain to.

mus'tang, n. Mexican wild horse.

mus'tard, n. kinds of plant, the ground seeds of some of them; hot condiment made of this.

mus'ter, n. assembling of men for inspection, &c. v.t. & i. hold muster of; bring or come together; collect. ~-roll, official list, esp. of officers and men.

mus'ty, a. mouldy, antiquated.

mu'table, a. liable to change; fickle. mutabil'ity n.

muta'tion, n. change that befalls something.

‖ muta'tis mūtăn'dis, adv. with due alteration of details.

mutch, n. (Sc.) woman's or child's linen cap.

mute¹, a. silent; without speech, dumb; soundless. n. a mute consonant; dumb person; instrument to deaden sound.

mute² v.i. (of birds) void dung.

mu'tilate, v.t. (-able) injure, make imperfect, by depriving of part. ~tion, ~tor, nn.

mutineer', n. partaker in mutiny.

mu'tinous, a. rebellious.

mu'tiny, n. refusal of body of persons under discipline to obey orders. v.i. engage in mutiny.

*mutt, n. (sl.) fool.

mut'ter v.i. & t. speak in low tone; talk covertly. n. muttering.

mutt'on, n. sheep's meat.

mū'tual, a. felt or done by each to the other; bearing the same relation to each other; (improp.) common to two or more.

muz'zle, n. beast's nose and mouth; open end of gun-barrel; cage, &c. put on animal's mouth. v.t. put muzzle on; impose silence on.

muzz'y, a. stupid with drink.

my (mī, mi) a. (attrib. only) of, belonging to, affecting, me. int. of surprise (vulg.).

myal'gia (-ja), n. muscular rheumatism.

my'all, n. Australian acacia.

myol'ogy n. study of [illegible].

my'ope, n. short-sighted person. myō'pia, my'opy, nn. short sight. myŏp'ic, a.

my'riad, n. vast number; (usu.) ten thousand. a. countless or indefinitely numerous.

myrm'idon (mer-), n. member of person's retinue or following.

myrrh (mer), n. gum-resin used in perfumes, medicine, &c.

myr'tle (mer-), n. kinds of plant, esp. a shiny evergreen shrub with fragrant white flowers; *kind of trailing periwinkle.

myself' (or mī-), pron. used as reflexive of me and as emphatic addition to or substitute for I and me.

mystē'rious, a. full of, wrapt in, or affecting mystery.

mys'tery n. revealed religious truth, esp. one beyond human intelligence; symbolic rite; miracle-play; secrecy; obscurity. n. (arch.) handicraft.

mys'tic, a. spiritually symbolic; esoteric; of hidden meaning, mysterious. n. holder of mystic views. ~al, a. mys'ticism, n.

mys'tify, v.t. (-able), hoax, bewilder. mystifica'tion, n.

myth (or mī-), n. primitive tale imaginatively describing natural phenomena, esp. by personification; fictitious person or thing. myth'ic, ~ical, aa.

mythŏl'ogy (or mī-), n. body of myths; study of myths. mytholŏ'gical, a.; mythŏl'ogist, n.

N

nab, v.t. (sl.) catch unexpectedly.
na'bob, n. official of Mogul Empire; rich retired Anglo-Indian.
nacelle', n. body of pusher aeroplane; car of airship.
na'cre (-ker), n. mother of pearl or shell yielding it.
na'dir, n. point opposite zenith; lowest point; state or time of greatest depression.
nag, n. horse, esp. saddle-horse.
nag, v.i. & t. indulge in wearisome fault-finding; worry thus.
na'gor, n. Senegal antelope.
nai'ad (ni-), n. (pl. -ds or -des pr. -dēz), water nymph.
nail, n. horny growth covering outer tip of human finger or toe, bird's or beast's claw; spike of metal. v.t. fasten with nail(s); fix or hold tight; secure, catch. **nail'er**, n. nail-maker; (sl.) excellent specimen.
nain'sook, n. fine cotton fabric, orig. Indian.
naive (nah-ēv'), **naïve**, a. artless, unaffected; amusingly simple. **naiveté** (nah-ē'vtā) or **naiv'ety**, n.
na'ked, a. unclothed, nude; defenceless; bare, uncovered; without ornament, addition, support, comment, &c.
nam'by-pam'by, a. insipidly pretty; mildly sentimental. n. namby-pamby stuff or manners.
name, n. word by which individual person, animal, place, or thing is spoken of or to; family (clan); reputation, fame. v.t. (-mable), give a name to; speak of or to by name; nominate, specify. ~**less**, a. obscure; left unnamed; unmentionable. ~**ly**, adv. that is to say, videlicet. ~**sake**, n. person with same name as another.
nankeen', n. a yellowish-buff cotton cloth; (pl.) trousers of it.
nann'y-goat, n. she-goat.
nap, v.i. take short sleep, esp. by day. n. spell of such sleep.
nap, n. woolly substance on the surface of cloth; pile of hat.
nap², n. a card-game. go ~, take highest risk in this.
nape, n. back of the neck.
na'pery, n. table-linen.
naph'tha, n. inflammable oil distilled from coal, &c. ~**lene**, n. disinfectant got from coal-tar.
nap'kin, n. piece of linen for wiping lips, &c. at table; sanitary towel.
napo'leon, n. French gold 20-franc piece; kind of top-boot.
napoo' (nah-) int. (army sl.) vanished!, lost!, finished!
nar'ceine (or -ēn), n. a sedative got from opium.
narciss'us, n. (pl. -ssuses, -ssi) kinds of flowering bulb.
narco'sis, n. narcotic action, insensible state.
narcot'ic, a. inducing drowsiness, sleep, or insensibility. n. narcotic drug or influence.
nar'cotize, v.t. (-zable), subject to narcotics. **narcotiza'tion**, **nar'cotism**, nn., morbid dependence on narcotics.
nard, n. aromatic balsam.
nar'ghile (-gi-), n. Oriental tobacco-pipe, hookah.
narrate', v.t. (-table), recount, rehearse the facts of; relate in the form of a story. ~**tion**, ~**tor**, ~**tress**, nn. **na'rrative**, n. spoken or written recital of connected events. a. of, in, by &c. narration.
na'rrow (-ō), a. of small width in proportion to length; with little margin; illiberal, prejudiced, exclusive. n. (usu. pl.) the narrow part of a sound, strait, river, or pass. v.i. & t. make or become narrower; lessen, contract. ~**-minded**, a. **na'rrowly** (-ōli), adv. closely; vigilantly.
nar'whal (-wal), n. sea-unicorn with tusk developed into horn.
na'sal (-zl), a. of the nose; (of speech) sounded through the nose. n. a nasal letter. **na'salize**, v.i. & t. speak nasally; give nasal sound to. ~**zation**, n.
nas'cent, a. in process of birth; not mature. **nas'cency**, n.

nastŭr'tium (-shum), n. trailing yellow-flowered garden plant.
nas'ty (nah-), a. repulsively dirty obscene; ill-natured, spiteful troublesome; disagreeable.
nā'tal, a. of birth. natăl'ity, n. birth-rate.
natā'tion, n. act or art of swimming. natator'ial, nā'tatory, aa.
nā'tion, n. a people or race distinguished by community of descent, language, history or political institutions.
nă'tional (-sho-), a. of a, or the, nation; common to or characteristic of a whole nation. n.pl. one's fellow-countrymen. nă'tionalism (-sho-), n. patriotic feeling or efforts on behalf of one's country; policy of nationalizing industry. ~ist, n. nationăl'ity (-sho-), n. national existence; membership of a nation. nă'tionalize (-sho-), v.t. (-zable), make national; naturalize (foreigner); convert (land, railways, &c.) into national property. ~zation, n.
nā'tive, a. inborn, innate; derived from one's country or parents; born in a place, indigenous. n. one born in a place; indigenous animal or plant. natĭv'ity, n. birth; horoscope.
nā'tron, n. a native carbonate of soda.
năt'terjack, n. kind of toad.
năt'ty, a. spruce, trim; deft.
nă'tural (-cher-), a. of, according to, or provided by nature, physically existing, not artificial or conventional; (Mus.) not flat or sharp. n. half-witted person; (Mus.) natural note.
nă'turalism (-cher-), n. action, morality, religion, or philosophy based on nature alone; realism.
nă'turalist (-cher-), n. adherent of naturalism; student of natural history; taxidermist. ~ic, a.
nă'turalize (-cher-), v.t. (-zable), admit alien to citizenship; adopt or introduce foreign word, custom, animal, or plant; naturalize. ~zation, n.
nă'turally (-cher-), adv. according to nature, without affectation.
nā'ture, n. thing's essential qualities; person's or animal's innate character; general characteristics and feelings of mankind; kind, sort, class; physical power causing phenomena of material world; fidelity to art.
naught (nawt), n. nothing. a. worthless. naugh'ty (nawt-), a. badly behaved; disobedient; wicked.
nau'sea, n. inclination to vomit; loathing. nau'seate, v.t. & i. (-table), disgust; loathe; feel nausea. nau'seous, a. loathsome.
nautch, n. performance of E.-Ind. dancing-girls. ~-girl, n. professional dancing-girl.
nau'tical, a. of sailors or navigation.
nau'tilus, n. (pl. -luses, -li), mollusc formerly supposed to sail on sea.
nā'val, a. of the navy; of warships or ships.
nāve[1], n. body of church apart from chancel and aisles.
nāve[2], n. central block of wheel; hub.
nā'vel, n. pit on belly left by severing of umbilical cord; central point of anything.
năv'igable, a. affording passage for ships; seaworthy; (of balloon) steerable. ~bility, n.
nă'vigate, v.i. & t. voyage, sail ship; sail or steam on or through (sea, river, air); manage, direct course of. ~tion, ~tor, nn.
năv'vy, n. labourer digging, &c. for canals, roads, and railways.
nā'vy, n. war-ships with their crews and organization; officers and men of the navy; fleet. a.
nawăb' (-wawb), n. native governor or nobleman in India.
nay, particle. no; or rather; and even; why. n. refusal.
Nazarēne', a. of Nazareth; of an early Jewish-Christian sect.
Năz'arite, n. Hebrew under vow of abstinence.
nāze, n. headland.

Neander'thal (tahl), *a.*, — man, race, &c., applied to a people inhabiting Europe in the Stone Age.

neap, *a.*, low (applied only to a tide). *v.i.* (of tides) tend towards neap; (of tide) reach highest point of neap. ~-tide or neap, *n.*, tide in which high-water level is at lowest.

Neapol'itan, *a.* of Naples. *n.* a Neapolitan person.

near, *adv.*, in proximity in space or time; nearly; closely. *prep.* near to in space, time, condition, or semblance. *a.* closely related; close or close to; (of way) direct, short; with little difference; parsimonious; (riding or driving) on the left. *v.t.* & *i.* approach. near'ly *adv.*, almost; closely.

neat[1] *n.* (pl. neat), ox, cow; cattle. ~-herd, cowherd.

neat[2] *a.* undiluted (of alcoholic drinks); nicely arranged; cleverly phrased; deft, dexterous.

neb, *n.*, (Sc.) beak, nose, tip.

neb'ula, *n.* (pl. -ae), luminous patch in sky made by distant star-cluster or gaseous matter. neb'ular, *a.* of nebula(e). nebulous, *a.* cloudlike, hazy, indistinct; vague; formless.

nebu'lium, *n.* (chem.) element known only as producing green line in spectrum of gaseous nebulae.

ne'cessary, *a.* indispensable; that must be done; inevitable. *n.* thing without which life cannot be maintained; (loosely) something not a luxury that one needs.

necessitar'ian, *n.* person denying freedom of will. *a.* pertaining to the doctrine of fatalism. ~-ism, *n.*

neces'sitate, *v.t.* render necessary; involve as condition or result.

neces'sitous, *a.* poor, needy.

neces'sity, *n.* constraint or compulsion regarded as a law and governing human action; imperative need; indispensable thing (usu. pl.); pressing need.

neck, *n.*, part of body connecting head with shoulders; contracted part of anything between wider parts. ~-cloth, necktie. ~-lace, ornament round neck. ~-let, neck ornament or boa. ~-tie, band of silk, &c., tying shirt-collar. ~-wear, collars and ties.

neck'ing, *n.*, part of column between shaft and capital.

nec'romancer, *n.*, wizard.

nec'romancy, *n.*, dealings with the dead as means of divination; magic. necroman'tic, *a.*

necrop'olis, *n.*, cemetery, esp. in or for great town.

necro'sis, *n.* (pl. -oses), mortification of piece of bone or tissue. necrot'ic, *a.*

nec'tar, *n.*, sweet fluid yielded by plants; kind of aerated water. nec'tarine, *n.*, downless kind of peach. nec'tarous, *a.* sweet. nec'tary, *n.*, plant's nectar-producing organ.

‖ née (nā), *a. fem.* having had — as maiden name.

need, *n.*, a want, a requirement; time of difficulty; destitution, poverty. *v.t.* & *i.* stand in need of, require; be under necessity to do something. ~-ful, *a.* requisite. ~-less, *a.* uncalled for.

nee'dle, *n.*, pointed handless pin, pierced with eye for thread, &c.; bar of mariner's compass; indicator on dial, esp. in telegraphy; pointed instrument in etching, surgery, &c.; obelisk; sharp rock, peak; slender crystal; leaf of fir or pine. ~-fish, garfish. ~-gun, with needle exploding cartridge. ~-woman, sempstress. ~-work, sewing, &c.

needs (-z), *adv.* of necessity.

need'y, *a.* necessitous.

neem, *n.*, an E. Ind. tree, the margosa.

ne'er (nār), *adv.* (poet.) never. ~-do-well, good-for-nothing person.

nefa'rious, *a.* wicked.

nega'tion, *n.* denying; negative statement; negative or unreal thing. ~-ist, *n.* merely destructive critic, &c., sceptic.

neg'ative, *a.* expressing or implying denial, prohibition, or refusal

wanting positive attributes; opposite to positive. *n.* a negative statement, test, reply or word; negative photographic print from which positive prints are taken. *v.t.* (-vable), veto; serve to disprove; contradict; neutralize.
neg'atory *a.* of the nature of negation.
neglect' *v.t.* slight, not pay attention to; leave uncared for; leave undone. *n.* neglecting or being neglected; careless treatment, negligence. ~ful, *a.*
negligé (neg'lizhā), *n.* free and easy attire.
neg'ligence, *n.* want of proper care; heedlessness. neg'ligent, *a.*
neg'ligible, *a.* that need not be taken account of.
nego'tiable (-sha-), *a.* capable of being negotiated. nego'tiant (-shi-), *n.* one who negotiates.
nego'tiate (-shi-), *v.i.* & *t.* confer with a view to finding terms of agreement; get or give money value for (bill, cheque); deal successfully with. ~tion, ~tor, ~tress or ~trix, *nn.*
ne'gro, *n.* (*pl.* -oes; fem. negress), member of black woolly-haired flat-nosed thick-lipped African race. ne'groid, *a.* & *n.* (person) of a partly negro type.
Ne'gus' *n.* ruler of Abyssinia.
ne'gus' *n.* hot wine and water.
neigh (nā), *v.i.* utter neigh. *n.* horse's usual cry.
neighbour (nā'ber) *n.* dweller next door, near in same district, or in adjacent country; person or thing near or next another. ~hood, *n.* district; people of a district; vicinity. ~ing, *a.* situated close by. ~ly, *a.* acting as a neighbour should.
neith'er (nidh- naidh-) *adv.* not either. *conj.* nor; nor yet. *adj.* & *pron.* not one nor the other.
nek, *n.* (S. Afr.) depression in mountain-chain.
nem'esis, *n.* retributive justice.
neo-Hell'enism, *n.* reversion to Greek ideas.
neolith'ic, *a.* of the later Stone Age.
neol'ogism, neol'ogy, *nn.* word-coining; coined word; theological rationalizing. ~gist, *n.*; ~gize, *v.i.* neol'ogian, *n.* & *a.* rationalist(ic) in theology.
neo-pa'ganism, *n.* reversion to pagan ideas.
ne'ophyte, *n.* new convert; religious novice; beginner, tiro.
neo-Pla'tonism, *n.* 3rd-century mixture of Platonic ideas with Oriental mysticism.
neotrop'ical, *a.* of, found in, tropical and S. America.
nepen'the, -es (-i, -ēz), *n.* care-killing drug; the Pitcher-plant.
ne'phew (-v-), *n.* brother's or sister's son.
nephol'ogy, *n.* study of the clouds.
nephrit'ic, *a.* of the kidneys; of or for nephritis. nephri'tis, *n.* inflammation of the kidneys.
ne plus ul'tra, *n.* furthest attainable point; acme.
nep'otism, *n.* favouritism to relatives in bestowing offices.
Nep'tune, *n.* god of the sea; the sea; a planet.
ne'reid, *n.* sea nymph; (Zool.) sea centipede.
nerve, *n.* sinew, tendon; (Bot.) rib of leaf; (Anat.) fibrous connexion conveying impulses of sensation or motion between the brain and other parts; (*pl.*) bodily state as conditioned by relation between brain and other parts; abnormal sensitiveness to annoyance, &c.; presence of mind; coolness in danger; assurance. *v.t.* give strength, vigour, or courage to.
nerve'less (-vl-), *a.* wanting in vigour; (of style) diffuse.
nerv'ous, *a.* sinewy; (of style) terse; of the nerves; full of nerves; excitable, agitated.
nerv'y *a.* sinewy; impudent; (colloq.) in nervous state.
nescient (nesh'yent), *a.* not having knowledge; agnostic. *n.* an agnostic. nescience (nesh'yens) *n.*

ness, n. headland.

nest, n. receptacle in which bird lays and hatches; breeding place or lair; snug retreat, shelter, bed, haunt; brood, swarm, cluster of similar things. v.i. make or have nest in specified place.

ne'stle (-sl), v.t. & i. settle oneself, be settled, comfortably somewhere, be embedded.

ne'stling (-sl-), n. bird too young to leave nest.

Nes'tor, n. wise old man.

net¹, n. meshed fabric of cord, twine, thread, hair, &c.; piece of this used for catching fish or birds, or for other purposes. v.t. & i. cover, confine, catch, with net; make net; make by netting. ~work, intersecting lines; material formed like net.

net², a. left after all deductions; subject to no deduction. v.t. yield (sum) as net profit.

neth'er (-dh-), a. lower.

net'suke (-ooki), n. carved buttonlike ornament worn by Japanese.

net'ting, n. netted string, &c.

net'tle, n. plant with stinging hairs on leaves. v.t. irritate, provoke. ~rash, skin-eruption like nettle-stings.

neur'al (nur-), a. of the nerves.

neuralgia (nural'ja), n. intermittent neural pain, esp. in face and head. ~ic, a.

neurasthe'nia (nur; or -the-), n. nervous debility. ~ic, a.

neuri'tis (nur-), n. inflammation of a nerve.

neuro'sis (nur-), n. (pl. -oses) nervous action or disorder.

neuro'tic (nur-), a. sufferer from nervous disorder; of abnormal sensibility. n. neurotic person.

neu'ter, a. (Gram.) neither masculine nor feminine; (of verb) intransitive; neutral; (Bot.) asexual. n. neuter word, a neuter gender.

neu'tral, a. taking neither side; impartial; indeterminate. n. neutral state or person. neutral'ity n. neu'tralize, v.t. (-zable) exempt or exclude by agreement from hostilities; counterbalance; render ineffective. ~zation, n.

nev'er, adv. at no time, not ever; (colloq.) surely not. ~more, never again. ~theless, for all that, notwithstanding.

new, a. now first introduced or discovered; fresh, additional; different, changed, recent; not worn.

new'el, n. core of winding stairs; post of stair-rail.

newfang'led (-nggld), a. different from the old fashion, novel.

Newfound'land, n. large breed of dog noted for swimming.

new'ly, adv. recently, afresh.

New'market, n. close-fitting overcoat; a card-game.

news (-z), n.pl. (usu. with sing. vb. &c.) tidings; fresh events reported. ~agent, dealer in newspapers. ~monger, a gossip. ~paper, periodical publication with the latest news. ~reel, cinema film giving news.

newt, n. a water lizard.

Newto'nian, a. & n. of, adherent of, Sir Isaac Newton's doctrines.

next, a. nearest; immediately following or preceding. adv. in the next place or degree. prep. in or into the next place or degree. n. the next person or thing.

nex'us, n. bond of connexion.

nib, n. split pen-point; (pl.) crushed cocoa-beans. v.t. mend, insert, nib of pen.

nib'ble, v.t. & i. take small bites at, dally with. n. nibbling.

nib'lick, n. kind of golf club.

nice, a. fastidious, punctilious; subtle, fine; agreeable; kind, friendly, considerate. ~-looking, pretty or engaging.

ni'cety, n. precision, minute distinction, unimportant detail.

niche, n. shallow recess for statue or other ornament.

nick, n. notch serving as catch, guide, mark, &c.; critical or opportune moment. v.t. indent

make a nick in; just catch in time; nab.
nick'el, n. silver-white metallic element used esp. in alloys and as plating; 5 cent coin of nickel alloy. v.t. coat with nickel.
nick'name, n. name added to or substituted for regular name. v.t. call by nickname.
nic'otine (-tēn), n. poisonous oily liquid from tobacco. nic'otinism, n. tobacco-poisoning.
nic'tate, nic'titate, v.i. blink, wink. ~tion, ~titation, nn.
nid'ificate, nid'ify, v.i. build nest. ~cation, n.
ni'dus, n. (pl. -di, -duses), developing-place of spores, seeds, germs, insects' eggs, &c.; accumulation of germs, tubercles, &c.
niece, n. one's brother's or sister's daughter.
niell'o, n. (pl. -li pr. -lē, or -llos), black alloy for filling designs engraved on silver, &c.; piece of niello-work.
*nif'ty, a. (sl.) neat, fashionable.
nigg'ard, n. stingy person; grudging giver. ~ly, a. parsimonious.
nigg'er (-g-), n. negro; (loosely) member of other dark-skinned race; (drap. &c.) very deep brown. ~ heaven, highest gallery in theatre. ~minstrels, singer troupe of sham negroes.
nig'gle, v.i. fiddle; prefer petty detail to broad effects. nigg'ling, a. petty; cramped.
nigh (nī) adv. & prep. near.
night (nīt), n. time from sunset to sunrise; the dark. ~bird, owl, nightingale; person who goes about by night. ~club, club open through night. ~dress, ~gown, woman's or child's night attire. ~fall, end of daylight. ~hawk, small bird singing much by night. ~jar, the goatsucker. ~mare, horrible dream; any haunting fear. ~shade, kinds of plant.
night'ly (nīt'-), a. existing or done in the night; recurring every night. adv. every night.
nigres'cent, a. blackish.
nig'ritude, n. blackness.
ni'hilism (nī-), n. philosophic doctrine that nothing has real existence; a form of scepticism; views of Russian revolutionaries opposed to all constituted authority. ni'hilist (nī-), n.
nil, n. nothing; no number or amount.
nim'ble, a. agile, swift; (of mind, &c.) quick, clever.
nim'bus, n. (pl. -bi, -buses), cloud of glory, halo, aureole; (meteor.) storm-cloud.
nim'iny-pim'iny, a. mincing.
Nim'rod, n. hunter, sportsman.
nin'compoop, n. feeble person.
nine, a. & n. one more than eight, 9, IX. ~fold, a. & adv. ~pins, kind of skittles. ninth, a. next after eighth; n. ninth part. ninth'ly, adv. in the ninth place.
nine'teen, a. & n. nine and ten, 19, XIX. ~th, a. & n.
nine'ty, a. & n. nine times ten, 90, XC. ~tieth, a. & n.
ninn'y, n. weak foolish person.
ninon (nē'nawn), n. light-weight silk dress fabric.
nio'bium (= columbium), n. a rare steel-grey metallic element.
nip, v.t. & i. pinch, squeeze sharply; check growth of; (sl.) go nimbly; indulge in drams of spirit. n. pinch, sharp squeeze; cold blast checking growth; dram of spirit. ~ and tuck, neck and neck.
nipp'er, n. (pl.) forceps or gripping tool; (pl.) pincers; claw of crab, &c.; a boy.
nip'ple, n. point of mammal's breast; teat of baby's bottle; nipple-like protuberance.
nipp'y, a. cold; (sl.) nimble.
nirva'na (-ah-), n. extinction of individuality and absorption into the supreme spirit as the Buddhist highest good.
nit, n. egg of louse or other parasite; *insignificant person.
ni'trate, n. compound of nitric acid with alkali, &c.
ni'tre (-ter), n. potassium nitrate or saltpetre. ni'tric, a.

ni'trify, v.t. & i. make or become nitrous.

ni'trogen, n. an atmospheric gas. nitro'genous, a.

nitrogly'cerine, n. explosive liquid made by adding glycerine to mixture of nitric and sulphuric acids.

ni'trous, a. of, like, or impregnated with nitre.

ni'twit, n. (sl.) fool, idiot.

nix¹ (sl. (sl.) = nerve¹

nix² n. (fem. nixie) water elf.

nix³ n. (sl.) nothing.

Nizam' (-ahm), n. ruler of Hyderabad. Turkish regular army soldier in it.

no, a. not any, not one; non-existent. adv. not; by no amount, not at all. n. (pl. noes) the word no, a denial or refusal. (pl.) voters against a motion. ~ ball, unlawfully delivered ball in cricket; v.t. (umpire) pronounce bowler to have delivered a no ball. ~body, no person; person of no importance. ~how, in no way. ~where, in, at, or to no place. ~wise, in no manner or degree.

Nō'ah (-a), ~'s ark, n. the ark of the Flood; child's toy containing animals, &c. Noa'chian, Noa'chic (-k-), aa. of (time of) Noah.

nob¹ n. head; (cribbage) knave of same suit as turn-up.

nob² n. (sl.) member of the upper classes.

nob'ble, v.t. (sl.) tamper successfully with (racehorse, &c.); dishonestly get possession of.

nob'by, a. (sl.) smart; fine.

nobil'iary (-lya-), a. of nobility.

nobil'ity, n. the noble class; noble character or rank.

nō'ble, a. illustrious by rank, title, or birth; of lofty character; magnanimous; of imposing appearance. n. member of the nobility; obsolete coin, 6s. 8d. ~man, peer.

‖ noblesse, n. the nobility of a foreign country. ‖ ~ oblige (ōb-lēzh'), privilege entails responsibility.

nocturn'al, a. of the night.

noc'turne, n. dreamy musical piece; picture of night scene.

nod, v.i. & t. incline head slightly and quickly; let head droop, be drowsy; make mistake; (of plumes) dance. n. nodding of head; sign of assent.

nod'dle, n. (colloq.) head, pate.

nodd'y, n. simpleton; tropical sea bird.

nōde, n. knob on root or branch; hard tumour on joint; intersecting point of planet's orbit and ecliptic; central point of system. nō'dal, a. nō'dical, a. (Astron.). nodōse' a. knotty, knobbed. nodos'ity n.

nod'ule, n. small rounded lump of anything, small knotty tumour, ganglion. ~la'tion, n. arrangement of nodules.

nō'dus, n. (pl. -di), knotty point, difficulty; complication.

nog, n. small block or peg.

nogg'in (-g-), n. small mug.

nogg'ing (-g-) n. brickwork, stone, or concrete in timber framing.

noise (-z), n. clamour, din; any sound. v.t. make public, spread abroad. ~less, a.

noisette'¹ (nwahz-), n. kind of rose. noisette'² (nwahz-) n. (usu. pl.) small piece(s) of cooked meat.

noi'some, a. noxious, disgusting.

noi'sy (-zi), a. loud-sounding, clamorous, self-assertive.

‖ nōlens vōlens (-z) adv. willy nilly, willing or unwilling.

nōm'ad (or nō-), a. roaming from pasture to pasture. n. member of a nomad tribe, wanderer. nomad'ic, a. nom'adism, n.

‖ nom de guerre (nawn de gār'), n. assumed name under which person fights, writes, &c. ‖ ~ de plume (nawn de plōōm'), n. a writer's assumed name.

nō'menclātor, n. giver of names, esp. in classification.

nō'menclature, n. system of names or naming; terminology.

nŏm'inal, a. existing in name or word only. ~ism, n. doctrine that abstract concepts are mere names. ~ist, n.

nŏm'inate, *v.t.* (-nable), appoint, propose for election, to office. ~tion, *n.* act or power of nominating. ~tor *n.* nominee' *n.* one who is nominated.

nŏm'inative, *a.* (Gram.) (of case) used as subject; of or in this case. *n.* nominative case, a word in the nominative.

non- *pref.* negativing the sense of words with which it is combined. For the meanings of such combinations not given below the main word should be consulted.

nŏn'age, *n.* being under age.

nōnagenār'ian, *n.* person between 90 and 100 years old.

nonce, *n.* In phr. *for the* ~ for the occasion only.

nŏn'chalant (-sh-), *a.* unmoved, indifferent; cool. ~ance, *n.*

nŏn-colle'giate, *a.* (of student) not belonging to a college; (of university) not having colleges.

nŏn-commi'ssioned ŏ'fficer (-shond), *n.* officer of grade below those with commissions.

nŏn-committ'al, *a.* keeping alternative courses open.

‖ **nŏn cŏm'pos** (mĕn'tis), mad, not responsible.

nŏn-conduc'tor, *n.* substance or object that does not conduct electricity or heat.

nŏnconfor'mist, *n.* Protestant dissenter. ~ity, *n.* nonconformists or their principles, &c.; failure to conform; irregularity.

nŏncontent' *n.* negative voter.

nŏn'descript, *a.* hard to classify, indeterminate. *n.* a nondescript person or thing.

none (nŭn), *pron.* no person or persons; no amount. *a.* no; not any. *adv.* by no amount.

nŏnĕn'tity, *n.* non-existent thing; person of no account.

nones (-nz), *n. pl.* (Eccl.) an office originally said at the ninth hour.

‖ **nŏn ĕst**, absent, wanting.

nonesuch. See nonsuch.

nŏn-fea'sance (-fē'zans), *n.* omission of obligatory act.

nŏn-interven'tion, *n.* keeping aloof from others' disputes.

nŏn-jur'or (-joor-), *n.* one who refused the oath of allegiance to William and Mary. ~jur'ing, *a.*

nŏnpareil' (-rĕl), *a.* unrivalled, unique. *n.* person or thing that is unrivalled; type (6-point) a size larger than that here used.

‖ **nŏn plā'cet**, *n.* negative voting form at universities, &c.

nŏnplŭs' *n.* perplexity; standstill. *v.t.* reduce to a nonplus.

‖ **nŏn pŏs'sumus**, plea of inability; refusal to act or permit action.

nŏn-rēsis'tance, *n.* (Hist.-eccl.) principle that authority must be submitted to however exercised.

nŏn'sense, *n.* absurd or meaningless words or ideas; foolish conduct. *int.* you are talking nonsense. nŏnsĕn'sical, *a.*

‖ **nŏn sĕq'uitur** (-er), *n.* an illogical inference.

nŏn'such, **none'such** (nŭns-), *n.* unrivalled person or thing; paragon; kind of lucerne.

nŏn'suit (-ūt), *n.* stoppage of a suit by judge as unmaintainable. *v.t.* subject (plaintiff) to nonsuit.

nŏn-ū'nion (-yon), *a.* not belonging to a trade-union.

nŏn-ū'ser (-z-) *n.* failure to exercise a right or duty.

noo'dle, *n.* simpleton.

nook, *n.* secluded corner.

noon, *n.* twelve o'clock in the day. ~day, ~tide, the time about noon.

noose, *n.* cord with running loop at end; snare. *v.t.* catch with or enclose in noose.

nor (nŏr, ner), *adv.* neither and not; neither.

Nor'denfelt, *n.* a machine gun.

Nor'dic, *a.* of the tall blond dolichocephalic race found in northern Europe esp. in Scandinavia.

nôrm, *n.* recognized type.

nor'mal, *a.* (Geom.) at right angles, perpendicular; illustrating the type; regular, ordinary. *n.* (Geom.) normal line; usual state, level, &c. normăl'ity *n.* ~ise, *v.t.*; ~isation, *n.*

Nor'man, *n.* native of Normandy.

a. of the Normans. ~esque, a. in the Norman style of architecture.

Norse, n. the Norwegian language. a. Norwegian. ~man, n.

north, n. the point opposite the sun at noon; northern part of a country. adv. towards or in the north. a. situated, &c. in or towards the north; facing north; coming from north. ~east, region halfway between north and east. ~easter, north-east wind. ~easterly, towards or coming from the north-east. ~eastern, belonging to the north-east, or in that direction. ~eastwards, towards or in the north-east. ~polar, of the north pole. ~ pole, see pole². ~ star, the polar star. ~west, &c., like north-east, &c. nor'ther (-dh-), n. wind or storm from the north. north'erly (-dh-), a. & adv. (of direction) towards, (of wind) from, north or thereabouts. north'ern (-dh-), a. situated in or belonging to or characteristic of the north (~ lights, Aurora Borealis). north'erner (-dh-), n. native of the north. north'ward, a., adv., & n.; ~wards, adv.

Norwē'gian (-jn), a. of Norway. n. N. person or language.

nor'-west'er, n. north-wester; glass of strong liquor; oilskin hat.

nose, n. member of face or head placed above mouth; sense of smell; open end of nozzle of pipe, &c.; prow; projecting part. v.t. & i. perceive smell of, discover by smell; detect; thrust nose into; pry or search after. ~bag, bag hung to horse's head with fodder. ~dive, n. aeroplane's downward plunge. v.i. make nose-dive. ~gay, bunch of flowers. ~ring, ring fixed in nose of bull, &c. for leading; ornament worn by savages.

nō'ser (-z-), n. slice of soap, &c., or shield for it.

nosŏl'ogy, n. the classification of diseases.

nŏstăl'gia (-ja), n. home-sickness. nŏstăl'gic, a.

nŏs'tril, n. opening in nose.

nŏs'trum, n. quack remedy; patent medicine; pet scheme.

nō'sy (-zi), a. large-nosed (sl.); inquisitive (sl.); ill-smelling.

nŏt, adv. expressing negation, refusal, or denial. ~ half, (sl.) very, very much.

‖ nō'ta bĕ'nē, v.t. imperat. observe, note this (abbr. N.B.).

nō'table, a. worthy of note, striking. n. eminent person. ~bility, n. notable person or thing.

nō'tary, n. person with authority to draw up deeds and perform other formalities. notār'ial, a.

notā'tion, n. representing of numbers, quantities, &c. by symbols; any set of such symbols.

nŏtch, n. V-shaped indentation on edge or convex surface; run scored at cricket. v.t. make notches in; make (specified score) at cricket. nŏtch'y, a.

nōte, n. written sign representing single sound in music; single tone of definite pitch made by instrument, voice, &c.; sign, characteristic; brief record of facts, &c. for speech, &c. (usu. pl.); comment on passage in book; short letter; formal diplomatic communication. v.t. observe, notice; set down as thing to be remembered; (p.p.) celebrated, well known. ~book, book in which memoranda are set down. ~paper, letter-paper.

nōte'worthy (-werdhi), a. worth remembering; remarkable.

nŏ'thing (nŭ-), n. not anything; naught; no amount; nought; thing of no importance; (with pl.) trifling thing or remark. adv. not at all; in no way. ~ness, n. non-existence; worthlessness.

nō'tice, n. intimation, warning; announcement; newspaper review or comment. v.t. (-cĕable), perceive, take notice of; remark upon. ~board, board for posting notices on.

nō'tify, v.t. report, give notice of;

inform. ~fiable, a. that must be notified. ~fication, n.

nō'tion, n. concept; idea, conception; view, opinion; *(in pl.)* small useful articles. ~al, a.

Notogaea' (-jēa), n. large zoological region, comprising the Australian, New Zealand, and Neotropical regions.

notor'ious, a. known and talked of; known to deserve an ill name. notoriety, n.

notwithstand'ing, prep. in spite of. adv. nevertheless.

nought (nawt), n. figure 0; no number or quantity. (Usu. naught in other senses.)

nou'menon, n. (pl. -mena), object of intellectual intuition.

noun, n. word used as name of person or thing; substantive.

nou'rish (nŭ-) v.t. sustain with food (lit. & fig.); keep up (hope, resentment, &c.). ~ing, a. containing nourishment. ~ment, n. sustenance, food, nutrition.

nous, n. the pure intellect; (sl.) common sense, gumption.

nov'el, a. of new kind; strange; hitherto unknown. n. a fictitious prose tale of considerable length. novelette' n. a short novel. nov'elist, n. writer of novels. nov'elty, n. a novel thing or occurrence.

Novem'ber, n. eleventh month.

nov'ice, n. probationary member of religious order; beginner, tiro. novi'ciate, -tiate (-shi-), n. period of being a novice; a novice; novice's quarters.

now adv. at the present time, in the immediate past. n. this time, the present. ~aday, a. of nowadays. ~adays, adv. in our time; as things are now. n. these times.

noways, -where, -wise, See no.

nō'xious (-kshus) a. harmful; unwholesome.

noz'zle, n. pointed and bored piece attached to hose, &c.

nuance (nū'ahns), n. delicate difference in shade of meaning, feeling, colour, &c.

nub'bin, n. small imperfect ear of maize.

nū'bile, a. marriageable (of women). nubil'ity, n.

nū'cleus, n. (pl. -lī), central part or thing around which others collect; kernel. nū'clear, a.

nude, a. naked, unclothed. n. picture or sculpture of the nude. nū'dity, n. nakedness; specimens of the nude.

nudge, v.t. & n. push with elbow to bespeak attention.

nū'gatory, a. futile, trifling; inoperative, not valid.

nugg'et (-g-), n. lump of gold.

nui'sance (nū-), n. source of annoyance; obnoxious act, circumstance, thing, or person.

null, a. void, not valid; expressionless; non-existent.

nulla'h (-a), n. stream, watercourse, ravine, in India.

null'ify, v.t. neutralize; make invalid. ~fication, n.

null'ity, n. lack of force or efficacy; a nonentity.

numb (-m), a. torpid; deprived of sensation. v.t. make numb.

num'ber, n. aggregate of units, sum, company; word or symbol stating how many; numbered issue of periodical, &c.; (pl.) groups of musical notes; metrical feet, verses. v.t. count; mark or distinguish with a number; have or amount to specified number. ~less, a. innumerable.

num'dah, num'nah, n. (Anglo-Ind.), kind of felt or coarse woollen cloth; saddle-cloth or pad made of this.

nū'merable, a. countable.

nū'meral, a. of number; denoting a number. n. word or figure denoting a number.

numerā'tion, n. numbering; conversion of numerals from symbols into words. nū'merator, n. one who counts; number above the line in vulgar fractions.

numer'ical, a. of, in, or denoting number.

nū'merous, a. comprising many units; (with pl. noun) many.

numismat'ic (-z-) a. of coins or coinage. numismat'ics, n. science and study of coins and medals. numis'matist, numismatŏl'ogy (-z-) nn.

nummʹary nummu'lary aa. of, in, coin. nummu'lite, n. coin-shaped fossil shell.

num'nah, n. (dial.) lunch.

numnah. See numdah.

num'skull, n. dolt or his head.

nun, n. woman living in convent under religious vow; kinds of bird and moth.

nun'cio (-shi-), n. (pl. -os), Pope's envoy. nun'ciature (-shetūr), n. nuncio's office; tenure of it.

nuncu'pate, v.t. declare, make will, by word of mouth only. ~tion, ~tor, nn.; ~tive, a.

nun'ery, n. convent of nuns.

nup'tial (-shl), a. of wedlock or wedding. n.pl. wedding.

nurse, n. woman who suckles another's child, or has charge of child; person trained for care of the sick. v.t. & i. suckle, give suck; act as nurse to, be a nurse; foment, encourage. nurs'ling (-sl-) n. infant in relation to its nurse. nurs'ery, n. children's quarters.

nur'ture, n. bringing up, fostering care; food. v.t. (-rable), bring up, rear.

nut, n. fruit consisting of hard shell enclosing edible kernel; (sl.) head; (sl.) dandified young man; blockhead, lunatic; piece screwed on at end of bolt to secure it; (pl.) small lumps of coal. v.i. seek or gather nuts. ~brown, brown as a nut. ~cracker, a bird. ~crackers, instrument for cracking nuts. ~gall, gall of dyer's-oak used in dyeing. ~hatch, a bird. ~tree, esp. the hazel.

nūtā'tion, n. nodding oscillation of the earth's axis.

nut'meg, n. hard aromatic seed of an Indian tree used as spice, &c. ~grater, appliance for grating nutmegs.

nū'tria, n. fur of a S.-Amer. rodent.

nū'trient, a. serving as or conveying nourishment. nū'triment (-rĭ-), n. nourishing food. nūtri'tion, n. food, nourishing. nūtri'tious (-shus) a. efficient as food. nū'tritive, a. nutritious.

nutt'y, a. tasting of nuts. (sl.) crazy.

nux vom'ica, n. seed yielding strychnine.

nuz'zle, v.i. & t. nose; burrow press, rub, or sniff with the nose. nestle, lie snug.

nyl'ghau (-gaw), n. short-horned Indian antelope.

nymph, n. (Mythol.) semi-divine maiden of sea, mountain, wood, &c. (poet.) maiden.

nymphŏlepsy, n. rapt state induced by craving for the unattainable. nym'pholept, n.

nystag'mus, n. disease with spasmodic movements of eyeballs.

O

O, oh (ō), int. prefixed to vocative name (O), or expressing various emotions (usu. oh if separated by punctuation).

oaf, n. (pl. -s, oaves) awkward lout. oaf'ish, a.

oak, n. forest tree with hard wood, acorns, and jagged leaves; its wood. ~apple, ~gall, ~wart, kinds of excrescence produced on oak by gall-flies. oak'en, a. made of oak.

oak'um, n. caulking fibre got by picking rope to pieces.

oar (ōr) n. bladed pole worked with both hands by one of the rowers of a boat; (with good, &c.) oarsman. v.t. & i. row. oars'man, ~woman, rower. oars'manship, skill in rowing.

ōā'sis, n. (pl. oases), fertile spot in desert.

oast, n. kiln for hops. ~house, a building with oast.

oat, n. (pl.) a grain grown for food; an oat-stem used as shepherd's pipe. ~cake, thin unleavened cake of oatmeal. ~meal, used for oatcake and porridge.

oat'en, a. made of oats or an oat-stem.

oath, n. (pl. pr. ōdhz), confirmation of statement by naming of God or other power; name of God, &c., used profanely.

obbliga'to (-ah-), a. (Mus.) forming an integral part of the composition. n. (pl. -os), an obbligato part or accompaniment.

ob'durate, a. hardened; stubborn. ob'duracy n.

ō'beah (-a), ō'bi, n. (W. Afr.) kind of sorcery practised by negroes.

obe'dience, n. obeying; submission, complying.

obe'dient, a. submissive to superior's will.

obei'sance (-bās-), n. bow or curtsy; homage.

ob'elisk, n. tapering stone shaft of rectangular section; obelus (mark in MS. or book).

ob'elize, v.t. mark with obelus.

ob'elus, n. (pl. -li), mark placed against spurious word, &c.; mark of reference (†).

obese', a. corpulent. obe'sity, n.

obey' (-bā), v.t. & i. perform bidding of; be obedient to.

ob'fuscate, v.t. (-kāt), darken; stupefy, bewilder. ~tion, n.

‖ ō'bĭit, died (abbr. ob.)

‖ ŏb'iter dĭc'tum, n. (pl. -ta) casual remark, esp. judge's opinion expressed incidentally.

obit'uary, n. record of death(s); account of deceased person.

object, n. (ŏb'jĭkt), material thing; thing aimed at; end, purpose; (Gram.) word governed by transitive verb or preposition. v.t. & i. (əbjĕkt'), state reason against; announce opposition or feel dislike or reluctance to.

objec'tion, n. objecting; thing objected; adverse reason; expression of disapproval. ~able, a. open to objection; offensive.

objec'tive, a. external to the mind; actually existing; dealing with outward things; (Gram.) constructed as or appropriate to the object. ~tivism, n. tendency to exalt the objective. ~ivity n.

objec'tor, n. one who objects; conscientious ~, one who pleads conscience in order to be exempted from compulsory service, vaccination, &c.

ob'jurgate, v.t. chide, scold. ~tion, ~tor, nn.; ~tory a.

ob'late, n. dedicated person.

oblate'², a. (Geom.) (of sphere) flattened at poles.

obla'tion, n. thing offered to God; pious donation. ~al, a.

ob'ligate, v.t. put under legal obligation.

obliga'tion, n. binding agreement; written contract or bond; service or benefit received. oblig'atory, a. binding; not optional.

oblige', v.t. (-ēj), constrain, compel, require; be binding on; confer favour on; (pass.) express gratitude. obligee' n. person in whose favour obligor is bound. oblī'ging, a. ready to serve others; accommodating. ob'ligor, n. person legally bound to another.

oblique' (-ēk), a. slanting; diverging from straight line or course; indirect.

obliq'uity, n. (esp.) moral perversity.

oblit'erate, v.t. (-rāt), make illegible; efface. ~tion, n.

obliv'ion, n. state of having or being forgotten. obliv'ious, a.

ob'long, a. greater in breadth than height. n. an oblong figure or object.

ob'loquy, n. abuse, detraction.

obnox'ious (-kshus), a. offensive, objectionable; disliked.

ō'boe (-boi), hautboy.

ō'bol, n. anc.-Greek silver coin.

obscene', a. indecent; lewd. obscen'ity, n.

obscur'ant, n. opponent of enlightenment. ~ism, ~ist, nn.

obscura'tion, n. act of darkening; (Astron.) occultation, eclipse.

obscure', a. dark, indistinct; hidden, undistinguished; not perspicuous. v.t. (-rable), make obscure or invisible. obscur'ity n.

obsecra'tion, n. entreaty

ŏb'sequies (-kwĭz), n. funeral.

obsē'quious, a. fawning, servile.

obser'vance (-z-), n. keeping or performance (of law, occasion, &c.); rite, ceremonial act.

obser'vant (-z-), a. good at observing or observation.

ŏbservā'tion (-z-), n. noticing or being noticed; comment, remark, statement. ~-car, ~-platform, in train, esp. in U.S., so built as to give good views.

obser'vatory (-z-), n. building for astronomical observation.

observe' (-z-), v.t. & i. (-vable), keep, follow, adhere to; perceive, watch, take notice of; say by way of comment. obser'ver (-z-), n. one who observes; person carried in aeroplane to note enemy's position, &c.

obsess' v.t. haunt; fill mind of. obsĕ'ssion (-shn), n.

obsĭd'ian, n. a vitreous lava.

ŏbsolĕs'cent, a. becoming obsolete. ŏbsolĕs'cence, n.

ŏb'solete, a. disused, discarded.

ŏb'stacle, n. hindrance, impediment, obstruction.

obstĕt'ric, -ical, a. of child-birth as a branch of medicine and surgery. ŏbstĕt'rics, n.

ŏb'stinate, a. stubborn, intractable. ŏb'stinacy, n.

obstrĕp'erous, a. noisy, wild.

obstruct' v.t. & i. block up; retard or prevent progress of.

obstrŭc'tion, n. hindrance, obstacle. ~ist, n.

obstrŭc'tive, a. causing delay, n. obstructionist. ~ness, n.

obtain, v.t. & i. acquire; get; have granted; be in vogue.

obtrude' (-ōōd) v.t. (-dable), thrust importunately forward. obtrusion (-ōōzhn), n.; ~sive, a.

ŏb'turāte, v.t. stop up, seal. ~tor, n. obturating appliance.

obtuse, a. of blunt form; not pointed; greater than one right angle and less than two; dull, slow of perception.

ŏb'verse, n. side of coin or medal that bears the head or principal design; front or top side of a thing.

ŏb'viāte, v.t. (-viable), clear away, get rid of; prevent.

ŏb'vious, a. seen or realized at the first glance; evident.

ŏcarī'na (-rē-), n. egg-shaped musical wind-instrument.

occā'sion (-zhn), n. suitable juncture, opportunity, reason; time marked by a special occurrence. v.t. cause, esp. incidentally. occā'sional (-zhə-), a. not regular; incidental. ~ally adv. sometimes, intermittently.

ŏc'cident (-ks-), n. the west; the O~, Europe and America. ŏccidĕn'tal, a.; ~alism, n.

ŏc'ciput (-ks-), n. back of head. ŏccĭp'ital (-ks-), a.

occult', a. esoteric; recondite; mystical, magical, hidden. v.t. (Astron.) hide by passing in front of. ŏccultā'tion, n. (Astron.).

ŏc'cupant, n. person holding place of property or office; one who resides in, or is in, a place. ŏc'cupancy, n.

ŏccupā'tion, n. a calling or employment; possession.

ŏc'cupier, n. person in possession of land, house, &c.

ŏc'cupy, v.t. (-iable), take military possession of; reside in; hold (office); take up, fill; be in; busy, keep engaged.

occur' v.i. be found here and there; come into one's mind; take place, happen. occŭ'rrence, happening; incident.

ocean (ō'shn), n. great body of water surrounding the land of the globe; the sea; immense quantity of. ōceăn'ic, a. of the ocean. ~ŏ'graphy, n. physical geography of the ocean.

ō'celot, n. S. Amer. feline animal resembling leopard.

ochre (ō'ker), n. kinds of earth used as pigments; pale brownish-yellow colour. ō'chreous (-kr-), a.

ŏc'tagon, n. plane figure with eight angles and sides. ~al, a.

ŏctahē'dron, n. solid figure contained by eight plane faces, and esp. by eight triangles. ~ral, a.

ŏc'tant, n. half-quadrant.

oat'en, *a.* made of oats or an oat-stem.

oath, *n.* (pl. pr. ōdhz) confirmation of statement by naming of God or other power; name of God, &c., used profanely.

obbliga'to (-ah-), *a.* (Mus.) forming an integral part of the composition. *n.* (pl. -os), an obbligato part or accompaniment.

ob'durate, *a.* hardened; stubborn. ob'duracy, *n.*

ō'beah (-a), ō'bi, *n.* (W.Afr.) kind of sorcery practised by negroes.

obē'dience, *n.* obeying; submission; complying.

obē'dient, *a.* submissive to superior's will.

obei'sance (-bās-), *n.* bow or curtsy; homage.

ŏb'elisk, *n.* tapering stone shaft of rectangular section; obelus (mark in MS. or book).

ŏb'elize, *v.t.* mark with obelus.

ŏb'elus, *n.* (pl. -li), mark placed against spurious word, &c.; mark of reference (†).

obēse', *a.* corpulent. obē'sity, *n.*

obey' (-bā), *v.t.* & *i.* perform bidding of; be obedient to.

ŏb'fuscate, *v.t.* (-table), darken; stupefy, bewilder. ~tion, *n.*

‖ ō'bĭit, died (abbr. *ob.*).

‖ ŏb'iter dic'tum, *n.* (pl. -ta), casual remark, esp. judge's opinion expressed incidentally.

obit'uary, *n.* record of deaths; account of deceased person.

object, *n.* (ŏb'jĭkt), material thing; thing aimed at; end, purpose; (Gram.) word governed by transitive verb or preposition. *v.t.* & *i.* (objĕkt'), state reason against; announce opposition or feel dislike or reluctance to.

objĕc'tion, *n.* objecting; thing objected; adverse reason; expression of disapproval. ~able, *a.* open to objection; offensive.

objĕc'tive, *a.* external to the mind; actually existing; dealing with outward things; (Gram.) constructed as or appropriate to the object. ~tivism, *n.* tendency to exalt the objective. ~tivity, *n.*

objĕc'tor, *n.* one who objects; conscientious ~, one who pleads conscience in order to be exempted from compulsory service, vaccination, &c.

ŏb'jurgate, *v.t.* chide, scold. ~tion, ~tor, *nn.*; ~tory, *a.*

ŏb'late, *n.* dedicated person.

oblāte', *a.* (Geom.) (of sphere) flattened at poles.

oblā'tion, *n.* thing offered to God; pious donation. ~al, *a.*

ŏb'ligate, *v.t.* put under legal obligation.

ŏbligā'tion, *n.* binding agreement; written contract or bond; service or benefit received. oblig'atory, *a.* binding; not optional.

oblige', *v.t.* (-geable), constrain, compel, require; be binding on; confer favour on; (pass.) ex[illegible] from gratitude. obligee', *n.* person in whose favour obligor is bound. oblī'ging, *a.* ready to serve others; accommodating. ŏb'ligor, *n.* person legally bound to another.

oblique' (-ēk), *a.* slanting; diverging from straight line or course; indirect.

obliq'uity, *n.* (esp.) moral perversity.

oblit'erate, *v.t.* (-rable), make illegible, efface. ~tion, *n.*

oblīv'ion, *n.* state of having or being forgotten. oblīv'ious, *a.*

ŏb'long, *a.* greater in breadth than height. *n.* an oblong figure or object.

ŏb'loquy, *n.* abuse, detraction.

obnox'ious (-kshus), offensive, objectionable; disliked.

ō'boe (-boi), hautboy.

ŏ'bol, *n.* anc.-Greek silver coin.

obscēne', *a.* indecent, lewd. obscĕn'ity, *n.*

obscūr'ant, *n.* opponent of enlightenment. ~ism, ~ist, *nn.*

obscurā'tion, *n.* act of darkening; (Astron.) occultation, eclipse.

obscūre', *a.* dark, indistinct; hidden, undistinguished; not perspicuous. *v.t.* (-rable), make obscure or invisible. obscūr'ity, *n.*

obdurā'tion, *n.* entreaty

ŏb'sequies (-kwĭz), n. funeral.
obsē'quious, a. fawning, servile.
obser'vance (-z-), n. keeping or performance (of law, occasion, &c.), rite, ceremonial act.
obser'vant (-z-), a. good at observing or observation.
ŏbservā'tion (-z-), n. noticing or being noticed; comment, remark, statement. ~car, ~ platform, in train, esp. in U.S., so built as to give good views.
obser'vatory (-z-), n. building for astronomical observation.
observe' (-z-), v.t. & i. (-vable), keep, follow, adhere to, perceive, watch, take notice of, say by way of comment. obser'ver (-z-), n. one who observes; person carried in aeroplane to note enemy's position, &c.
obsess' v.t. haunt; fill mind of. obsĕ'ssion (-shn), n.
obsid'ian, n. a vitreous lava.
ŏbsolĕs'cent, a. becoming obsolete. ŏbsolĕs'cence, n.
ŏb'solete, a. disused, discarded.
ŏb'stacle, n. hindrance, impediment, obstruction.
obstĕt'ric, -ical, a. of child-birth as a branch of medicine and surgery. ŏbstĕtrĭ'cian, n.
ŏb'stinate, a. stubborn, intractable. ŏb'stinacy n.
obstrĕp'erous, a. noisy, wild.
obstruct' v.t. & i. block up; retard or prevent progress of.
obstruc'tion, n. hindrance, obstacle. ~ist, n.
obstruc'tive, a. causing delay. n. obstructionist. ~tor, n.
obtain' v.t. & i. acquire; get, have granted; be in vogue.
obtrude' (-ōōd) v.t. (-dable), thrust importunately forward. obtru'sion (-ōōzhn), n.; ~sive, a.
ŏb'turāte, v.t. stop up, seal. ~tor, n. obturating appliance.
obtuse' a. of blunt form; not pointed; greater than one right angle and less than two; dull, slow of perception.
ŏb'verse, n. side of coin or medal that bears the head or principal design; front or top side of a thing.
ŏb'viāte, v.t. (-viable), clear away, get rid of; prevent.
ŏb'vious, a. seen or realized at the first glance; evident.
ŏcarī'na (-rē-), n. egg-shaped musical wind-instrument.
occā'sion (-zhn), n. suitable juncture, opportunity, reason, time marked by a special occurrence. v.t. cause, esp. incidentally. occā'sional (-zhn-), a. not regular, incidental. ~ally adv. sometimes, intermittently.
ŏc'cident (-ks-), n. the west; the O~, Europe (and America). ŏccidĕn'tal, a. ~alism, n.
ŏc'ciput (-ks-), n. back of head. ŏccĭp'ital (-ks-), a.
occult' a. esoteric, recondite, mystical, magical; hidden. v.t. (Astron.) hide by passing in front of. ŏccultā'tion, n. (Astron.)
ŏc'cupant, n. person holding place of property or office; one who resides in, or is in, a place. ŏc'cupancy, n.
ŏccupā'tion, n. a calling or employment; possession.
ŏc'cupier, n. person in possession of land, house, &c.
ŏc'cupy v.t. (-iable) take military possession of; reside in; hold (office); take up, fill, be in; busy, keep engaged.
occur' v.i. be found here and there; come into one's mind; take place, happen. occŭ'rrence, happening; incident.
ocean (ō'shn), n. great body of water surrounding the land of the globe, the sea; immense quantity of. ōceăn'ic, a. of the ocean. ~ŏ'graphy n. physical geography of the ocean.
ō'celot, n. S. Amer. feline animal resembling leopard.
ochre (ō'ker), n. kinds of earth used as pigments; pale brownish-yellow colour. ō'chreous (-kr-), a.
ŏc'tagon, n. plane figure with eight angles and sides. ~al, a.
ŏctahē'dron, n. solid figure contained by eight plane faces, and esp. by eight triangles. ~ral, a.
ŏc'tant, n. half-quadrant.

oat'en, a. made of oats or an oat-stem.

oath, n. (pl. pr. ōdhz), confirmation of statement by naming of God or other power; name of God, &c. used profanely.

obbliga'to (-ah-), a. (Mus.) forming an integral part of the composition. n. (pl. -os) an obbligato part or accompaniment.

ob'durate, a. hardened; stubborn. ob'duracy, n.

ō'beah (-a) ō'bi, n. (W. Afr.) kind of sorcery practised by negroes.

obē'dience, n. obeying; submission; complying.

obē'dient, a. submissive to superior's will.

obei'sance (-bās-), n. bow or curtsy; homage.

ob'elisk, n. tapering stone shaft of rectangular section; obelus (mark in MS. or book).

ob'elize, v.t. mark with obelus.

ob'elus, n. (pl. -li), mark placed against spurious word, &c.; mark of reference (†).

obēse', a. corpulent. obē'sity, n.

obey' (-bā), v.t. & i. perform bidding of; be obedient to.

ob'fuscate, v.t. (-kate), darken; stupefy, bewilder. ~tion, n.

ob'it, died (abbr. ob.).

ob'iter dic'tum, n. (pl. -ta) casual remark, esp. judge's opinion expressed incidentally.

obit'uary, n. record of death(s); account of deceased person.

ob'ject, n. (ob'jikt), material thing; thing aimed at; end, purpose; (Gram.) word governed by transitive verb or preposition. v.t. & i. (objĕkt'), state reason against; announce opposition or feel dislike or reluctance to.

objec'tion, n. objecting; thing objected; adverse reason; expression of disapproval. ~able, a. open to objection; offensive.

objec'tive, a. external to the mind; actually existing; dealing with outward things; (Gram.) constructed as or appropriate to the object. ~tivism, n. tendency to exalt the objective. ~tivity n.

objec'tor, n. one who objects; conscientious ~, one who pleads conscience in order to be exempted from compulsory service, vaccination, &c.

ob'jurgate, v.t. chide, scold. ~tion, ~tor, nn.; ~tory a.

ŏblāte', n. dedicated person.

oblāte'", a. (Geom.) (of sphere) flattened at poles.

obla'tion, n. thing offered to God; pious donation. ~al, a.

ob'ligate, v.t. put under legal obligation.

obliga'tion, n. binding agreement; written contract or bond; service or benefit received. oblig'atory a. binding; not optional.

oblige' v.t. (-gezhd), constrain, compel, require, be binding on; confer favour on; (pass.) express gratitude. obligee' n. person in whose favour obligor is bound. obli'ging, a. ready to serve others; accommodating. ob'ligor, n. person legally bound to another.

oblique (-ēk), a. slanting; diverging from straight line or course; indirect.

obliq'uity n. (esp.) moral perversity.

oblit'erate, v.t. (-erāte), make illegible; efface. ~tion, n.

oblivi'on, n. state of having or being forgotten. obliv'ious, a.

ob'long, a. greater in breadth than height. n. an oblong figure or object.

ob'loquy n. abuse, detraction.

obnox'ious (-kshus), a. offensive, objectionable; disliked.

ō'boe (-boi), hautboy.

ŏ'bol, n. anc.-Greek silver coin.

obscēne' a. indecent; lewd. obscen'ity n.

obscur'ant, n. opponent of enlightenment. ~ism, ~ist, nn.

obscura'tion, n. act of darkening; (Astron.) occultation, eclipse.

obscure' a. dark, indistinct; hidden, undistinguished; not perspicuous. v.t. (-ūred), make obscure or invisible. obscur'ity n.

obsecra'tion, n. entreaty

bid. off'ering, n. thing offered as sacrifice or in sign of devotion. off'ertory, n. collection of money at religious service.
off'ice, n. duty, task, function; position with duties attached to it; authorized form of worship; place for transacting business; (pl.) parts of house devoted to household work, storage, &c. ~-bearer, official or officer.
off'icer, n. functionary of State; holder of authority in army, navy, air force, or mercantile marine; functionary in some public office; president, treasurer, &c., of a society &c.
offi'cial (-shl), a. of an office or its tenure; properly authorized. n. person holding public office or engaged in official duties. ~dom, ~ism, nn.
offi'ciant (-shnt), n. officiating clergyman.
offi'ciate (-shi-), v.i. perform divine service; act in some official capacity. ~tor, n.
offi'cinal, a. (of herb or drug) used in medicine or the arts.
offi'cious (-shus), a. intrusively kind; meddling.
off'ing, n. more distant part of sea visible to observer on shore or ship; position at distance from shore.
off'ish (aw-), a. (colloq.) distant or stiff in manner.
off'set (aw-), n. lateral branch, esp. as used for propagation; sloping ledge; a set-off.
off'shoot (aw-), n. side shoot of branch (lit. & fig.).
off'spring (aw-), n. progeny, issue; (fig.) result.
oft, oft-times (aw-), adv. often.
often (aw'fn), adv. frequently; many times; at short intervals.
ogee', n. sinuous line of two opposite curves as in S; moulding with such section.
ogham, ogam (og'am), n. ancient British and Irish alphabet; inscription in, letter of, this.
ogive, n. diagonal rib of vault; pointed arch. ogi'val, a.

o'gle, v.i. & t. make eyes; make eyes at. n. amorous glance.
Og'pu (-ōō), n. organization for combating counter-revolutionary activities in Soviet Russia.
o'gre (-ger), n. man-eating giant. o'gress, n.; o'grish, a.
oh. See O.
ohm (ōm), n. unit of electrical resistance.
oil, n. liquid pressed from divers kinds of vegetable or animal or mineral liquid; oil-colour (usu. pl.). v.t. apply oil to, lubricate. ~cake, compressed linseed as cattle-food or manure. ~cloth, canvas used as floor-covering, &c. ~colour, paint or pigment ground in oil. ~man, maker or seller of oils. ~painting, use of, picture in, oil-colours. ~skin, cloth waterproofed with oil; garment or (pl.) suit of it. oil'er, n. one who oils, (sl.) unctuous person; lubricating can. oil'y, a. of, like, covered or soaked with, oil; (fig.) unctuous.
oint'ment, n. unctuous healing or beautifying preparation for the skin.
Oireachtas (ĕr'ochthas), n. legislature of the Irish Free State.
*O.K., ōkay' (-kā), adv. & a. all right. v.t. pass (thing) as O.K.
oka'pi (-ah-), n. African ruminant with resemblances to giraffe, deer, and zebra.
old, a. advanced in age; not young or near its beginning; dating from far back; long established; former. n. old time. ~-age pensions, weekly State payments to persons over 70, and contributory pensions for insured persons over 65. ~ bean, ~ cock, slangy address to familiars. ~-fashioned, antiquated; not new-fangled. ~ Glory, the Stars and Stripes. ~ hand, person of experience in something. ~ Harry, the devil. ~ maid, confirmed spinster. ~ man's-beard, a moss, wild clematis. ~ Nick, the devil. ~ stuff, (sl.) stale news, hackneyed

oc'tave (-iv) *n.* the day week of a festival, the eight days including festival and its day week; (Mus.) an eighth or an interval of eight sounds.

octa'vo, (abbr. 8vo), *n.* book of which each sheet is folded into 8 leaves or 16 pages.

octenn'ial, *a.* lasting, recurring every eight years.

octet' *n.* (composition for) eight singers or players.

Octo'ber (ō-), *n.* tenth month of year (or eighth in the old style).

octodec'imo (abbr. 18mo), *n.* book of which each sheet is folded into 18 leaves or 36 pages.

octogenar'ian, *a.* & *n.* eighty year-old (person).

oc'topus, *n.* (pl. -uses), mollusc with eight suckered arms round mouth; (fig.) formidable power.

octoroon' *n.* offspring of quadroon and white; person of one-eighth negro blood.

octosyll'able, *n.* verse of eight syllables. octosyllab'ic, *a.*

oc'ular, *a.* of, for, by, with, the *eyes or sight*; visual. oc'ulist, *n.* eye-specialist.

odd, *a.* not even; not divisible by two; additional; casual; extraordinary, strange. *n.pl.* (often treated as *sing.*) inequalities; difference; variance, strife; ratio between amounts staked by parties to bet; chances in favour of some result.

Odd'fellow (ō- -ō), *n.* member of friendly society of Oddfellows.

odd'ity *n.* strangeness; peculiar trait; queer person.

odd'ments, *n.pl.* odds and ends.

ode, *n.* lyric poem of exalted style and tone.

ō'dious, *a.* hateful, repulsive.

ō'dium, *n.* widespread *dislike* or reprobation.

odontoglo'ssum, *n.* kinds of large-flowered orchid.

odontol'ogy *n.* science dealing with the teeth.

odorif'erous, *a.* diffusing odours; fragrant. o'd(o)ur, o'dorous, *a.*

ō'dour (-der) *n.* pleasant or unpleasant smell; fragrance.

Oed'ipus (ēd-), *n.* solver of riddles. — complex, psycho-analyst's term for an infantile fixation on the mother.

oecumen'ical (ēk-), *a.* of the whole Christian Church; universal.

o'er (ōr) poetic form of over.

oesoph'agus (ē-), *n.* canal from mouth to stomach; gullet.

oes'trum, -us (ē-), *n.* gadfly; stimulus, vehement impulse.

of (ov, ŏv), *prep.* from; concerning; out of; among; relating to.

off (awf), *adv.* away; at or to a distance; out of position; loose, separate, gone, discontinued, stopped. *prep.* from; no longer upon. *a.* farther; far; (of horses, &c., or vehicles) right; (Crick.) coming from or going towards the right-hand front side of the wicket-keeper (*off drive*, *stump*, *break*). *n.* (Crick.) the off side. —hand, *adv.* extempore, without preparation; *a.* brusque, curt. —licence, licence to sell beer, &c., for consumption *off* the premises. —print, reprint of part of a publication. —scourings, worst part of dregs. —side, (Crick.) the ground on the right front of the wicket-keeper; (Footb.) illegally between ball and opponents' goal.

off'al, *n.* refuse, waste stuff, garbage, scraps; bran or other by-product of grain; carrion.

offence' *n.* transgression; misdemeanour; illegal act; aggressive action; displeasure.

offend' *v.t.* & *i.* transgress; hurt feelings of; outrage. offen'der, *n.* guilty person; one who has done an injury.

offen'sive, *a.* aggressive; insulting; disgusting; ill-smelling. *n.* offensive campaign or stroke.

off'er, *v.t.* & *i.* present by way of sacrifice; tender for acceptance or refusal; express readiness; attempt. *n.* expression of readiness to do or give or sell; proposal, esp. of marriage; bribe

bid. off'ering, n. thing offered as sacrifice or in sign of devotion. off'ertory, n. collection of money at religious service.

off'ice, n. duty, task, function; position with duties attached to it; authorized form of worship; place for transacting business; (pl.) parts of house devoted to household work, storage, &c. ~-bearer, official or officer.

off'icer, n. functionary of State; holder of authority in army, navy, air force, or mercantile marine; functionary in some public office; president, treasurer, &c., of a society &c.

offi'cial (-shl), a. of an office or its tenure; properly authorized. n. person holding public office or engaged in official duties. ~dom, ~ism, nn.

offi'ciant (-shint), n. officiating clergyman.

offi'ciate (-shi-), v.i. perform divine service; act in some official capacity. ~tor, n.

offi'cinal, a. (of herb or drug) used in medicine or the arts.

offi'cious (-shus), a. intrusively kind, meddling.

off'ing, n. more distant part of sea visible to observer on shore or ship; position at distance from shore.

off'ish (aw-), a. (colloq.) distant or stiff in manner.

off'set (aw-), n. lateral branch, esp. as used for propagation; sloping ledge; a set-off.

off'shoot (aw-), n. side shoot of branch (lit. & fig.)

off'spring (aw-), n. progeny, issue, (fig.) result.

oft, oft-times (aw-), adv. often.

often (aw'fn), adv. frequently, many times; at short intervals.

ogee', n. sinuous line of two opposite curves as in S; moulding with such section.

ogham, ogam (og'am), n. ancient British and Irish alphabet; inscription in, letter of, this.

ogive, n. diagonal rib of vault; pointed arch. ogi'val, a.

o'gle, v.i. & t. make eyes; make eyes at. n. amorous glance.

Ogpu (-oo), n. organization for combating counter-revolutionary activities in Soviet Russia.

o'gre (-ger), n. man-eating giant. o'gress, n.; o'grish, a.

oh. See O.

ohm (ōm), n. unit of electrical resistance.

oil, n. liquid pressed from olives, kinds of vegetable or animal or mineral liquid, oil-colour (usu. pl.). v.t. apply oil to, lubricate. ~cake, compressed linseed as cattle-food or manure. ~cloth, canvas used as floor-covering, &c. ~-colour, paint or pigment ground in oil. ~man, maker or seller of oils. ~-painting, use of, picture in, oil-colours. ~skin, cloth waterproofed with oil; garment or (pl.) suit of it. oil'er, n. one who oils, (sl.) unctuous person; lubricating can. oil'y, a. of, like, covered or soaked with, oil; (fig.) unctuous.

oint'ment, n. unctuous healing or beautifying preparation for the skin.

Oireachtas (Er'achthas), n. legislature of the Irish Free State.

*O.K., ōkay' (-kā), adv. & a. all right. v.t. pass (thing) as O.K.

oka'pi (-ah-), n. African ruminant with resemblances to giraffe, deer and zebra.

old, a. advanced in age, not young or near its beginning; dating from far back; long established; former. n. old time. ~-age pensions, weekly State payments to persons over 70, and contributory pensions for insured persons over 65. ~ bean, ~ cock, slangy address to familiars. ~-fashioned, antiquated; not new fangled. ~ Glory, the Stars and Stripes. ~ hand, person of experience in something. ~ Harry, the devil. ~ maid, confirmed spinster. ~-man's-beard, a moss, wild clematis. ~ Nick, the devil. ~ stuff, (sl.) stale news, hackneyed

material. ~ *fellow*, (sl.) address of familiarity &c. to a person. '~-*timer*, person whose experience goes back to old times. ~ *woman*, fussy or timid man; one's wife (colloq.).
ōl'den, a. of an earlier period.
ōl'ster, n. one no longer young.
ōlēā'ginous, a. having properties of or producing oil.
ōlēă'nder, n. evergreen poisonous flowering shrub.
ō'leaster, n. wild olive.
ōleŏgraph (-ahf) n. picture printed in oils.
ōlfă'ctory, a. concerned with smelling.
ŏ'ligarchy (-kĭ), n. government, State governed, by the few; members of such government. ŏ'ligarch (-k) n. member of oligarchy. ~ic, ~ical, aa.
[ŏlĭō, n. (pl. -os), mixed dish, hotchpotch; miscellany
ŏlĭvā'ceous (-shus) a. olive-green.
ŏ'live, n. oval hard-stoned fruit yielding oil; tree bearing it; shade of green. a. of olive colour. ~-*branch*, (fig.) overture for peace or reconciliation. '~-*drab*, official name of colour of U.S. army service uniform. ~-*oil*, n.
ŏ'livet, n. small oil lozenge. ŏlivet' n. an imitation pearl.
ŏ'livine (or -ēn) n. olive-coloured chrysolite.
ŏll'a podri'da (-rē-), n. = olio.
Ŏlў'mpiad, n. period of four years between Olympic games.
Olў'mpian, a. of Olympus, celestial; (of manners, &c.) magnificent, condescending.
Olў'mpic, a. of Olympia. ~ *games*, four-yearly anc.-Gk. festival; modern quadrennial international athletic meeting.
ŏm'bre (-er), n. card game for three (17th & 18th cc.).
ōmē'ga, n. last letter of Greek alphabet; last of series.
ŏ'melet, -ette (-ml-), n. eggs fried and folded or rolled.
ō'men, n. & v.t. sign portending good or evil; presage. ŏ'minous, a. of evil omen; inauspicious.

omi'ssion (-shn), n. omitting, non-inclusion; neglect of duty.
omit' v.t. leave out, not include; leave undone, neglect doing.
ŏm'lah (-a), n. in northern India, a body or staff of native officials in a civil court.
ŏm'nibus, n. (pl. -uses; abbr. bus), road vehicle plying on fixed route or in the service of hotels, &c. a. serving several objects at once, comprising several items.
ŏmnip'otent, a. all-powerful. ŏmnip'otence, n. infinite power.
ŏmniprē'sent (-z-), a. ubiquitous, present everywhere. ŏmnipre'sence, n.
ŏmnĭ'scient (-shyent) a. knowing everything (often hyperbolical). ŏmnĭ'science (-shens), n.
ŏm'nium gath'erum (-dh-), n. queer mixture; miscellaneous party.
ŏmnĭ'vorous, a. devouring all things; not fastidious.
ŏm'phalos, n. central point of a system, &c.; hub; nucleus.
ŏm'rah (-a), n. lord or grandee of a Mohammedan court, esp. that of the Great Mogul.
on, prep. (on, ŏn) upon; close to, in the direction of; at, near; concerning, about; added to. adv. (ŏn) on something (*play on*, *let ball hit wicket off one's bat*); in some direction, forward; (Crick.) in advance of the opposite side (50 runs on). n. (ŏn) in cricket, the on side. *be*, *go on*, advance. ~ *side*, (Crick.) the ground on the left front of the wicket keeper
ŏ'nager, n. wild ass.
once (wŭns), adv. for one time or one occasion only; formerly; (with *at*) without delay. conj. as soon as; when once. n. one time performance, &c. '*the* ~-*over*, a preliminary survey
ŏncō'ming (-kŭ-), n. & a. approach, approaching.
[ŏn dit (ŏn dē'), n. piece of hearsay.
one (wŭn), a. single and integral; only without others; identical, the same. n. the number or

figure 1, unit, unity single specimen. pron. a particular but unspecified person; a person or thing of specified kind. ~-eyed, (sl.) unfair. ~-man show requiring, concerning, one man only ~-sided, lopsided; partial, unfair, prejudiced.
one'ness (wŭn-n-), n. singleness uniqueness concord sameness.
on'er (wŭ-), (sl.), n. remarkable person or thing; severe blow
ŏ'nerous, a. burdensome.
oneself (wŭ), refl. and emphatic form of *one* as a generalizing pronoun.
ŏn'fall (-awl), n. assault.
ŏn'flow (-ō) n. onward flow
ŏn'goings (-ō-g -z), n.pl. strange or improper proceedings.
onion (ŭn'yon), n. edible bulb of pungent smell and flavour (sl.) native of Bermuda.
ŏn'looker n. one who looks on.
ō'nly a. single, sole that is preeminent of its kind. adv solely merely exclusively conj. but then with the exception.
onomatopoe'ia (-pēa) n. formation of names or words from sounds that resemble those associated with the object or action to be named such word.
ŏn'rush, n. rapid or tumultuous advance; spurt.
ŏn'set, n. attack impetuous beginning.
ŏn'slaught (-awt) n. fierce attack.
ontŏl'ogy n. department of metaphysics concerned with the essence of things or being in general. ~ŏ'gical, a.; ~gist, n.
ō'nus, n. the responsibility for or burden of doing something.
[ō'nus probăn'di, obligation to prove resting on opponent of the orthodox or established.
ŏn'ward, a. directed onwards.
ŏn'ward(s) (-z), adv further on; towards the front, progressively
ŏn'yx, n. kinds of quartz with colour layers.
ōŏf, n. (sl.) money, wealth.
ŏ'olite, n. granular limestone. ŏoli'tic, a.
ōom, n. (S. Afr.) uncle.
ōont, n. (Anglo-Ind. sl.) camel.
ōoze, n. wet mud, slime sluggish flow exudation. v.i. pass slowly through pores, &c.; (fig.) leak out or away ōo'zy a.
opă'city n. opaqueness.
ō'pal, n. milk-white or bluish stone with iridescent reflections. ~ĕs'cent, ~ine, a. iridescent.
opaque' (-k), a. not transmitting light, not transparent; not lucid, obscure obtuse.
ōpe, v.t. & i. (poet.) open.
ō'pen, a. not closed or blocked up unlocked unconfined, uncovered exposed, manifest, public clear expanded, spread out not close, unfolded; communicative, frank. v.t. & i. make or become open or more open unclose, unlock begin, make a start. n. open space or country or air. ~-eyed, vigilant, watchful. ~-faced, ingenuous-looking ~-handed, generous, liberal ~-hearted, frank, generous. ~ letter, esp. protest, &c. printed in newspaper, &c. but addressing individual. ~-minded, unprejudiced, accessible to new ideas.
ō'pening (pn-), n. gap, aperture commencement preliminary statement. a. initial; first.
ō'penly adv publicly frankly
ŏp'era, n. drama of vocal and instrumental music. ~-cloak, lady's cloak for the opera or evening parties. ~-glass(es), small binocular used in theatres, &c. ~-hat, man's collapsible high hat. ~-house, theatre for operas.
ŏp'erate, v.t. & i. (-rable) be in action; bring influence to bear; perform operations; work (machine, &c.).
ŏperă'tic, a. of or like opera.
ŏperā'tion, n. action, working; financial transaction; piece of surgery strategic manoeuvre. ŏp'erative, a. in operation, having effect of or by surgery n. artisan, workman. ~tor n.
opercūlum, n. (pl. -la), fish's gill-

material, ~ thing, (pl.) t... of familiarity &c., to a pr... ~-timer, person whose ex... ence goes back to old t... ~ woman, fussy or timid i... one's wife (colloq.).
ŏ'lden, a. of an earlier period...
ŏ'ldster, n. one no longer you...
olĕă'ginous, a. having prope... of or producing oil.
ŏlĕă'nder, n. evergreen poiso... flowering shrub.
ŏ'leaster, n. wild olive.
ŏ'leograph (-ahf), n. pic... printed in oils.
ŏlfă'ctory, a. concerned ... smelling.
ŏ'ligarchy (-ki), n. governm... State governed by the f... members of such governm... ŏ'ligarch (-k), n. member of... garchic, ~al, ~ical, aa.
ŏ'lĭo, n. (pl. -os) mixed ... hotchpotch, miscellany.
ŏlĭvā'ceous (-shus), a. olive-gr...
ŏ'live, n. oval hard-stoned f... yielding oil; tree bearing ... shade of green. a. of olive col... ~-branch, (fig.) overture ... peace or reconciliation. ~-d... (official name of) colour of ... army service uniform. ~-oi...
ŏ'llet, n. small pit ...
ŏlĭvĕ't, n. an imitation pearl.
ŏ'livine (or -ēn), n. olive-colo... chrysolite.
ŏ'lla podri'da (-ēd-), n. = olio.
ŏlym'piad, n. period of four y... between Olympic games.
Olym'pian, a. of Olympus; ce... tial (of manners, &c.) maje... cent, condescending.
Olym'pic, a. of Olympia. ~ gam... four-yearly ... Gk. festi... modern quadrennial in... national athletic meeting.
ŏm'bre (-er), n. card game ... three (17th & 18th cc.).
ō'mĕga, n. last letter of Gr... alphabet; last of series.
ŏm'ĕlĕt, -ette (-m-l-), n. eggs f... and folded or rolled.
ō'men, n. a sign portending g... or evil; presage. ŏm'inous, a... evil omen; inauspicious.

...

figure 1, unit, unity single specimen, pron. a particular but unspecified person; a person or thing of specified kind. ~-eyed, (sl.) unfair. ~-man show requiring, concerning, one man only. ~-sided, lopsided; partial, unfair, prejudiced.
one'ness (wŭn-n-), n. singleness, uniqueness; concord, sameness.
on'er (wŭ-) (sl.) n. remarkable person or thing; severe blow.
ō'nerous, a. burdensome.
oneself' (wŭ-) refl. and emphatic form of one as a generalizing pronoun.
ŏn'fall (-awl), n. assault.
ŏn'flow (-ō), n. onward flow.
ŏn'goings (-ō-z -z), n.pl. strange or improper proceedings.
onion (ŭn'yon), n. edible bulb of pungent smell and flavour. (sl.) native of Bermuda.
ŏn'looker, n. one who looks on.
ō'nly, a. single, sole, that is pre-eminent of its kind. adv. solely, merely, exclusively. conj. but then; with the exception.
onomatopoe'ia (-pēa), n. formation of names or words from sounds that resemble those associated with the object or action to be named; such word.
ŏn'rush, n. rapid or tumultuous advance, spurt.
ŏn'set, n. attack; impetuous beginning.
ŏn'slaught (-awt), n. fierce attack.
ŏntŏl'ogy, n. department of metaphysics concerned with the essence of things or being in general. ~ŏ'gical, a.; ~gist, n.
ō'nus, n. the responsibility for or burden of doing something.
|| ō'nus prŏbăn'dī, obligation to prove resting on opponent of the orthodox or established.
ŏn'ward, a. directed onwards.
ŏn'ward(s) (-z), adv. further on; towards the front; progressively.
ŏn'yx, n. kinds of quartz with colour layers.
ŏŏf, n. (sl.) money, wealth.
ō'olite, n. granular limestone. oolit'ic, a.

ōōm, n. (S. Afr.) uncle.
ōont, n. (Anglo-Ind. sl.) camel.
ōoze, n. wet mud, slime; sluggish flow, exudation. v.i. pass slowly through pores, &c.; (fig.) leak out or away. ōōz'y, a.
opă'city, n. opaqueness.
ō'pal, n. milk-white or bluish stone with iridescent reflections. ~ĕs'cent, ~ine, a. iridescent.
opāque' (-k), a. not transmitting light, not transparent; not lucid, obscure; obtuse.
ōpe, v.t. & i. (poet.) open.
ō'pen, a. not closed or blocked up; unlocked; unconfined, uncovered, exposed, manifest, public; clear; expanded, spread out; not close, unfolded; communicative, frank. v.t. & i. make or become open or more open, unclose, unlock; begin, make a start. n. open space or country or air. ~-eyed, vigilant, watchful. ~-faced, ingenuous-looking. ~-handed, generous, liberal. ~-hearted, frank, generous. ~ letter, esp. protest, &c. printed in newspaper &c. but addressing individual. ~-minded, unprejudiced, accessible to new ideas.
ō'pening (-pn-), n. gap, aperture; commencement; preliminary statement. a. initial, first.
ō'penly, adv. publicly, frankly.
ŏp'era, n. drama of vocal and instrumental music. ~-cloak, lady's cloak for the opera or evening parties. ~-glasses, small binocular used in theatres, &c. ~-hat, man's collapsible high hat. ~-house, theatre for operas.
ŏp'erāte, v.i. & t. (-rable), be in action; bring influence to bear; perform operations; work (machine, &c.).
ŏperăt'ic, a. of or like opera.
ŏperā'tion, n. action, working; financial transaction; piece of surgery; strategic manoeuvre.
ŏp'erative, a. in operation, having effect; of or by surgery. n. artisan, workman. ~tor, n.
opercū'lum, n. (pl. -la) fish's gill-

material. ~ fellow, (sl.) address of familiarity &c. to a person. ~-timer, person whose experience goes back to old times. ~ woman, fussy or timid man; one's wife (colloq.).

ō'lden, a. of an earlier period.

ō'ldster n. one no longer young.

ōlėă'ginous, a. having properties of or producing oil.

ōlėă'nder n. evergreen poisonous flowering shrub.

ōlėă'ster, n. wild olive.

ōlėŏ'graph (-ahf), n. picture printed in oils.

ŏlfă'ctory a. concerned with smelling.

ŏ'ligarchy (-ki), n. government, State governed, by the few; members of such government. ŏ'ligarch (-k), n. member of oligarchy. ~ic, ~ical, aa.

ō'lla podri'da, n. (pl. -as), mixed dish, hotchpotch; miscellany.

ŏlivā'ceous (-shus), a. olive-green.

ŏ'live, n. oval hard-stoned fruit yielding oil; tree bearing it; shade of green. a. of olive colour. ~-branch, (fig.) overture for peace or reconciliation. ~-drab, (official name of) colour of U.S. army service uniform. ~-oil, n.

ŏ'livet, n. small pit hammer.

ŏlivĕ't n. an imitation pearl.

ŏ'livine (or -ēn), n. olive-coloured chrysolite.

ō'lla podri'da (-rē-), n. = olla.

ŏlym'piad, n. period of four years between Olympic games.

Olym'pian, a. of Olympus; celestial; (of manners, &c.) magnificent, condescending.

Olym'pic, a. of Olympia. ~ games, four-yearly anc.-Gk. festival; modern quadrennial international athletic meeting.

ŏm'bre (-er), n. card game for three (17th & 18th cc.).

ōmē'ga, n. last letter of Greek alphabet; last of series.

ŏmĕ'lėt, -ĕtte (-ml-), n. eggs fried and folded or rolled.

ō'men, n. a sign portending good or evil; presage. ŏm'inous, a. of evil omen; inauspicious.

omi'ssion (-shn), n. omitting, non-inclusion; neglect of duty.

omit' v.t. leave out, not include; leave undone, neglect doing.

ŏm'lah (-a), n. in northern India, a body or staff of native officials in a civil court.

ŏm'nibus, n. (pl. -uses) abbr. bus, road vehicle plying on fixed routes or in the service of hotels, &c. a. serving several objects at once, comprising several items.

ŏmnip'otent, a. all-powerful. ŏmnip'otence, n. infinite power.

ŏmniprĕ'sent (-z-), a. ubiquitous, present everywhere. ŏmniprĕ'sence, n.

ŏmni'scient (-shyent), a. knowing everything (often hyperbolical). ŏmni'science (-shens), n.

ŏm'nium gă'therum (-dh-), n. queer mixture; miscellaneous party.

ŏmniv'orous, a. devouring all things, not fastidious.

ŏmpha'los, n. central point of a system, &c.; hub; nucleus.

ŏm'rah (-a), n. lord or grandee of a Mohammedan court, esp. that of the Great Mogul.

ŏn, prep. (ŏn, ŏn) upon; close to, in the direction of; at, near; concerning, about; added to. adv. (ŏn), on something (they on, let ball hit wicket off one's bat); in some direction, forward; (Crick.) in advance of the opposite side (10 runs on). n. (ŏn) in cricket, the on side. go on, advance. ~ side, (Crick.) the ground on the left front of the wicket keeper.

ŏn'ager, n. wild ass.

once (wŭns), adv. for one time or one occasion only; formerly; (with at) without delay. conj. as soon as; when once. n. one time performance, &c. the ~-over, a preliminary survey.

ŏn'coming (-ŭ-), n. & a. approach, approaching.

on dit (ŏn dē), n. piece of hearsay.

one (wŭn), a. single and integral; only without others; identical, the same. n. the number or

figure 1, unit, unity; single specimen. *pron.* a particular but unspecified person; a person or thing of specified kind. ~-eyed, (sl.) unfair. ~-man show, requiring, concerning, one man only. ~-sided, lopsided; partial, unfair, prejudiced.

one'ness (wŭn-n-), *n.* singleness; uniqueness; concord; sameness.

on'er (wŭ-), (sl.), *n.* remarkable person or thing; severe blow.

ŏ'nerous, *a.* burdensome.

oneself' (wŭ-), refl. and emphatic form of *one* as a generalizing pronoun.

on'fall (-awl), *n.* assault.

on'flow (-ō), *n.* onward flow.

on'goings (-ō-ĭ -z), *n.pl.* strange or improper proceedings.

onion (ŭn'yon), *n.* edible bulb of pungent smell and flavour; (sl.) native of Bermuda.

on'looker, *n.* one who looks on.

ō'nly, *a.* single, sole, that is pre-eminent of its kind. *adv.* solely, merely, exclusively. *conj.* but then; with the exception.

onomatopoe'ia (-pēa), *n.* formation of names or words from sounds that resemble those associated with the object or action to be named; such word.

on'rush, *n.* rapid or tumultuous advance; spurt.

on'set, *n.* attack; impetuous beginning.

on'slaught (-awt), *n.* fierce attack.

ontol'ogy, *n.* department of metaphysics concerned with the essence of things or being in general. ~o'gical, *a.*; ~gist, *n.*

ō'nus, *n.* the responsibility for or burden of doing something. ō'nus proban'di, obligation to prove resting on opponent of the orthodox or established.

on'ward, *a.* directed onwards.

on'ward(s) (-z), *adv.* further on towards the front; progressively.

on'yx, *n.* kinds of quartz with colour layers.

oof, *n.* (sl.) money, wealth.

ō'olite, *n.* granular limestone. oolit'ic, *a.*

oom, *n.* (S.-Afr.) uncle.

oont, *n.* (Anglo-Ind. sl.) camel.

ooze, *n.* wet mud, slime; sluggish flow, exudation. *v.i.* pass slowly through pores, &c.; (fig.) leak out or away. oo'zy, *a.*

opă'city, *n.* opaqueness.

ō'pal, *n.* milk-white or bluish stone with iridescent reflections. ~es'cent, ~ine, *a.* iridescent.

opaque' (-k), *a.* not transmitting light, not transparent; not lucid, obscure; obtuse.

ope, *v.t.* & *i.* (poet.) open.

ō'pen, *a.* not closed or blocked up; unlocked; unconfined, uncovered; exposed, manifest, public; clear; expanded, spread out; not close, unfolded; communicative, frank. *v.t.* & *i.* make or become open or more open; unclose, unlock; begin, make a start. *n.* open space or country or air. ~-eyed, vigilant, watchful. ~-faced, ingenuous-looking. ~-handed, generous, liberal. ~-hearted, frank, generous. ~ letter, esp. protest, &c., printed in newspaper &c. but addressing individual. ~-minded, unprejudiced, accessible to new ideas.

ō'pening (-pn-), *n.* gap, aperture; commencement; preliminary statement. *a.* initial; first.

ō'penly, *adv.* publicly; frankly.

ŏp'era, *n.* drama of vocal and instrumental music. ~-cloak, lady's cloak for the opera or evening parties. ~-glasses, small binocular used in theatres, &c. ~-hat, man's collapsible high hat. ~-house, theatre for operas.

ŏp'erate, *v.i.* & *t.* (-rable), be in action; bring influence to bear; perform operations; work (machine, &c.).

operat'ic, *a.* of or like opera.

operā'tion, *n.* action, working; financial transaction; piece of surgery; strategic manoeuvre. ŏp'erative, *a.* in operation, having effect; of or by surgery; *n.* artisan, workman. ~tor, *n.*

opercū'lum, *n.* (pl. -la), fish's gill-

cover; valve closing mouth of shell.

operett'a, n. short light opera.

oph'icleide (-īd), n. keyed brass wind-instrument.

ophid'ian (-dĭan), a. of the reptile order that includes snakes. n. such reptile.

ophthal'mia, n. inflammation of the eye. ~ic, a. of or for the eye, affected with ophthalmia. ophthal'moscope, n. instrument for examining the eye.

ō'piate, v.t. (-āt), mix with opium. n. (-ăt), drug for easing pain or inducing sleep. a. (-ăt), inducing drowsiness.

opine' v.t. (-nable), express or hold the opinion.

opin'ion (-yon), n. belief based on grounds short of proof; view; piece of professional advice. ~ated, a. unduly confident in one's opinions; stubborn.

ō'pium, n. drug made from poppy and used as a stimulant.

opop'anax, n. a gum-resin used in perfumery.

opos'sum, n. Amer. marsupial.

opp'idan, n. member of Eton College not on the foundation.

oppō'nent, n. adversary, rival.

opp'ortune, a. at an especially favourable time; well-timed. ~nism, adaptation of policy or method to circumstances; time-serving. ~nist, n. & a.

opportū'nity, n. favourable juncture; good chance, opening.

oppose' (-z), v.t. place in opposition or contrast; set oneself against, resist; (p.p.) contrary, adverse, hostile.

opp'osite (-zĭt), a. contrary in position or kind; facing each other; diametrically different. n. opposite thing or term. adv. in opposite position. prep. opposite to.

opposi'tion (-zĭ-), n. antagonism, resistance; party of opponents opposed to party in office; contrast; (Astron.) diametrically opposite position of two heavenly bodies.

oppress' v.t. govern tyrannically; treat with great hardness or injustice; weigh down. ~ion, n. ~ive, a. (esp., of weather, &c.) sultry, close. ~or, n.

opprō'brious, a. (of language) vituperative, abusive.

opprō'brium, n. reproachful language; being in disgrace.

oppugn' (-ūn), v.t. controvert; not admit; resist.

opsoma'nia, n. making bankrupts under of consumption by hypocrites.

op'tative (or optā'-), a. (Gram.) expressing wish. n. the optative mood.

op'tic, a. of eye or sight. n. (now joc.) eye. op'tical, a. visual; aiding sight; of or according to optics. opti'cian (-shan), n. maker or seller of optical instruments. op'tics, n.pl. (usu. treated as sing.) science of sight and the laws of light.

op'timism, n. view that good must ultimately prevail; sanguine disposition. ~ist, n.; ~istic, a.

op'tion, n. choice, choosing; thing that is or may be chosen. op'tional (-sho-), a. not obligatory.

op'tophone, n. instrument converting light into sound, and so enabling the blind to read print, &c. by ear.

op'ulent, a. wealthy; well stored; abundant. op'ulence, n.

ō'pus (or ŏ-), n. musician's separate composition (abbr. op.).

opus'cule, ~culum (pl. -la), n. minor composition.

or¹ n. gold or yellow in heraldry.

or², prep. & conj. (archaic), before.

or³ (ŏr, or) conj. introducing second of two alternatives.

ŏ'racle, n. place at which ancient Greeks, &c., consulted their deities ... divine revelation; person or thing serving as infallible guide. orac'ular, a. (esp.) dogmatic; of doubtful meaning.

ŏr'al, a. spoken; by word of mouth; (Anat.) of the mouth.

ŏ'range (-ĭnj), n. globular red-dish-yellow fruit; tree bearing it; its colour. a. orange-coloured.

ō'rangery (-nj-), n. orange plantation or house.
Orange² (ō'rinj), n. (attrib. & in comb.) of the Irish ultra protestant party. ~man, member of Orange society. O'rangeism (ōrinj-), n.
orangeade' (-nj-ād), n. orange-flavoured aerated water.
orang'-outang (-ōōt-), n. large anthropoid ape.
orate' v.i. (joc.) speechify.
orā'tion, n. a speech, esp. of a ceremonial kind.
ŏ'rator, n. maker of a speech; skilful speaker. ŏ'ratress, n.
ŏratōr'iō, n. (pl. -os) musical composition on sacred theme.
ŏ'ratory¹, n. small chapel; place for private worship.
ŏ'ratory², n. rhetoric; speeches; eloquent language. ~ŏr'ical, a.
ŏrb, n. sphere, globe; part of regalia; (poet.) eyeball. orbed (ŏrbd, ŏrb'id), a. rounded; bearing an orb. orbic'ular, a. spherical or circular.
or'bit, n. eye-socket; curved course of planet, comet, or satellite. or'bital, a.
Orcā'dian (-ǎk-), a. of Orkney. n. native of Orkney.
or'chard, n. enclosure with fruit trees.
or'chestra (-k-), n. place occupied by band or chorus in theatre or concert-room; such band or its music. orches'tral (-k-), a. for, of, performed by, the band. or'chestrate (-k-), v.t. (-table), arrange or score for orchestral performance. ~tion, n.
or'chid, or'chis (-k-), nn. kinds of flowering plant (-is is usual for wild British kinds, -id for hot house exotics). ~dā'ceous, a.
ordain' v.t. confer holy orders upon; appoint; enact.
ordeal, n. experience that tests character or endurance.
or'der, n. social class or rank; grade of Christian ministry; religious fraternity; company to which distinguished persons are admitted as an honour or reward, insignia worn by its members; friendly society; (Nat. Hist.) classification; division of class, subdivided into genera or families; sequence, succession; method; tidiness; efficient state; stated form of divine service; law-abidingness; injunction; authoritative direction or instruction. v.t. put in order; ordain; command, prescribe; direct tradesman, &c. to supply.
or'derly, a. methodically arranged, tidy; not unruly; (Mil.) of or for orders. n. soldier in attendance on officer; hospital attendant.
or'dinal, a. of or defining a thing's place in a series. n. an ordinal number; service-book used at ordinations.
or'dinance, n. authoritative direction; decree; religious rite.
or'dinary, a. normal; not exceptional; commonplace. n. (Eccl.) the O~, bishop in his diocese, archbishop in his province; the common run of things.
ordinā'tion, n. ordaining; conferring of holy orders.
ord'nance, n. mounted guns; department for military stores.
or'dure (-dyer), n. dung.
ōre, n. native mineral yielding metal.
ō'read, n. mountain nymph.
or'gan, n. musical instrument of pipes supplied with wind by bellows and sounded by keys; part of body serving some vital function; a medium of opinion.
organ'ic, a. of the bodily organs; (of disease) affecting structure of an organ; (Chem., of substances) derived from or belonging to the animal and vegetable kingdom; structural; organized.
or'ganism, n. organized body; individual animal or plant.
or'ganist, n. player of organ, esp. as director of church choir.
or'ganize, v.t. (-zable), furnish with vital organs; give orderly structure to; bring into working

order. ~zation, n. (esp.) organized body or system.

ŏr'ganon, -num, n. instrument of thought; system of logic.

ŏr'gasm, n. paroxysm of desire or rage or other passion.

ŏr'gy, n. drunken or licentious revel; (pl.) revelry, debauchery.

ŏr'iel, n. projecting part of upper room containing window; such window.

ōrient (ŏr'ĭent), n. the eastward part of sky or earth; countries east of Mediterranean and S. Europe. a. (of sun, &c.) rising, nascent; oriental. v.t. (ŏrĭĕnt'), place (church) with chancel end eastwards; ascertain the compass-bearings of. ~ā'tion, n.

ōrien'tal, a. of the eastern or Asiatic world or its civilization. n. native of the East. ~ism, n. ~ist, n. expert in oriental languages and history. ~ize, v.t. & i.

ŏ'rifice, n. mouth of cavity.

ŏ'riflamme, n. sacred red banner of old French kings; any party symbol; blaze of colour.

ŏ'rigin, n. source; parentage.

ori'ginal, a. existent from the first; primitive; earliest; not imitative or derived; creative. n. pattern, archetype; thing from which another is copied; eccentric person. ~ă'lity, n.

ori'ginate, v.t. & i. initiate or give origin to, or be the origin of; have origin; take rise. ~tion, ~tor, nn.; ~tive, a.

ŏ'riole, n. kinds of bird with black and yellow plumage.

Orī'on, n. a constellation.

ŏ'rison (-zn), n. a prayer.

ŏr'lop, n. lowest deck of ship with three or more decks.

ŏr'molu (-lōō), n. gilded bronze; a gold-coloured alloy; articles made of these.

ŏr'nament, n. (ŏr'nament) thing that adorns; person whose presence confers grace or honour; decorative work. v.t. (ŏrnamĕnt'), adorn, beautify. ŏrnamĕn'tal, a.; ~ā'tion, n.

ornāte', a. much adorned.

ornithŏl'ogy, n. study of birds. ornitholŏ'gical, a.; ~ŏl'ogist, n.

ornithorhyn'chus (-k-), n. Australian aquatic furred mammal with duck's bill and webbed feet.

ōrŏ'tund, a. magniloquent.

ŏr'phan, a. bereaved of parent(s). n. an orphan child. ~age, n. institution for orphans.

Orph'ic, Orphē'an (ŏf-), aa. of Orpheus or his mystic doctrines (~ism, ~ist); like Orpheus's music (~ean, -ean).

ŏr'piment, n. a yellow mineral pigment.

ŏr'pine, n. a purple-flowered plant.

ŏ'rrery, n. clock-work model of planetary system.

ŏ'rris, n. kind of iris (rare); orris-root or powder. ~-powder, ~-root, nn., perfumes from root of kinds of iris.

ŏrth'odox, a. holding correct or accepted views; not heretical. ŏrth'odoxy, n. adherence to the orthodox; orthodox views.

ŏrthoĕp'y, n. science of pronunciation. ŏrthoĕp'ic, a.

ŏrthogĕnĕ'sis, n. a view of evolution according to which variations follow a defined direction and are not merely sporadic and fortuitous.

ŏrthŏg'raphy, n. spelling. ŏrthogrăph'ic, ~al, aa.

ŏrthopae'dic, a. for cure of deformities, esp. in children.

ŏr'tolan, n. the garden bunting, esp. as table dainty; *bobolink.

ŏs'cillate, v.i. swing to and fro; vacillate. ~tion, n. ~tor, n. (esp.) instrument for producing oscillation. ~tory, a.

ŏs'culate, v.t. kiss (joc.); have points of contact or coincidence. ŏs'culant, a. osculating. ~ā'tion, n. ~tory, a.

ō'sier (-zher), n. willow used in basket-work; shoot of it.

Osmăn'li (ŏz-), a. & n. Ottoman.

ŏs'mium (ŏz-), n. a metal.

ŏs'mōse (ŏz-), osmō'sis (ŏzm-), nn. tendency of fluids separated by membrane or other porous sub-

stance to percolate and mix. osmot'ic (-ŏ-) a.

os'mund (-ŭ-) n. flowering fern.

os'prey n. (pl. -eys), the fishing-eagle; name for egret-plume.

os'seous, a. bony; having bones.

os'sicle, n. small bone or hard substance in animal structure.

os'sifrage, n. osprey or some kind of eagle.

os'sify v.t. & i. (-fiable), turn into bone; harden; make or become rigid. ~fication, n.

os'suary n. charnel-house; bone-urn; cave with ancient bones.

ostens'ible, a. professed; used as a blind. ~bility n.

osten'sory n. receptacle for displaying the Host; monstrance.

ostenta'tion, n. pretentious display, showing off. ~tious, a.

osteol'ogy n. science of bones; branch of anatomy dealing with bones. osteolo'gical, a. osteol'ogist, n.

osteop'athy n. disease of the bones; cure of disease by manipulation of the bones. ŏ'steopath, n. one who practises osteopathy.

os'tler (-sl-), n. stableman at inn.

os'tracize, v.t. (-zable), exclude from society; send to Coventry. ~ism, n. being ostracized.

os'trich, n. large swift-running bird valued for its feathers.

o'ther (ŭdh-), a. not the same; separate in identity; distinct in kind; alternative, additional. pron. other person, thing, specimen, &c.

otherwise (ŭdh'erwiz), adv. in a different way, in other respects; else; or; but for this.

ōtiōse' (-shi-), a. not required; serving no practical purpose.

otol'ogy ō'toscope, nn. science of; instrument for inspecting, the ear.

ŏtt'er n. furred aquatic fish-eating mammal; its fur; kinds of fishing tackle.

ŏu & n. ~ of roses, attar.

Ott'oman, a. (ŏ-), a. of the Turkish empire. n. (pl. -ans) a Turk; (o-) cushioned seat without back or arms.

oubliette' (ōō-), n. secret dungeon with trapdoor entrance.

ouch¹ n. (arch.) setting of gem; clasp.

ouch² int. expr. annoyance or pain.

ought¹ (awt), n. (vulg.) figure 0, nought.

ought² (awt), v.i. be obliged to; be bound in duty.

ounce¹ n. (abbr. oz.) unit of weight, one-twelfth lb. in Troy weight, one-sixteenth lb. in avoirdupois; (fig.) small amount.

ounce² n. (poet.) lynx or other feline beast of medium size; (Zool.) the snow-leopard.

our (owr), a. of or belonging to us.

ours (owrz), pron. the one(s) belonging to us.

ourself' pron. myself (used with royal or editorial we). (pl.) ~selves, we or us, not others.

ousel. See ouzel.

oust, v.t. put out of possession; eject; seize the place of.

out, adv. away from a place, not within; no longer in possession; in the open; at an end. n. (pl.) the party out of office. int. begone! ~fighting, boxing at arm's length.

outbal'ance, v.t. outweigh.

outbid' v.t. bid higher than.

outbrave v.t. defy.

out'break (-āk), n. breaking out of anger, war, disease, fire, &c.

out'building (-bĭ-), n. outhouse.

out'burst, n. bursting out, esp. of emotion in vehement words.

out'cast (-ah-), a. cast out from home and friends. n. homeless and friendless person.

outclass' (-ah-), v.t. surpass by a wide difference.

out'come (-kŭm) n. result, issue.

out'crop, n. emergence of stratum, &c. at surface; stratum, &c. that emerges.

out'cry, n. clamour; loud cry.

outdis'tance, v.t. get far ahead of.

outdo (-ōō) v.t. surpass, excel.

out'door (-dōr), a. done or used or

ō'verdōse, n. excessive dose.
ō'verdraft (-ah-), n. overdrawing of bank account; amount by which balance is overdrawn.
overdraw', v.t. & i. draw cheques in excess of; make an overdraft; exaggerate in describing.
overdress', v.t. & i. adorn with, wear, ostentatious finery.
overdrive', v.t. drive (animal), work (person) to exhaustion.
overdue', a. more than due; in arrear.
over-es'timate, v.t. put value or amount of too high.
overflow (-ō) v.t. & i. (-flow'), flow over, flood; extend beyond limits or capacity of. n. (ō'-), process of overflowing; what flows over or is in excess.
overgrow' (-ō) v.t. & i. grow too fast or beyond natural size; (of plants) *grow over*. ō'vergrowth n.
ō'verhand, a. & adv. with hand above object held, above the shoulder.
overhang', v.t. & i. jut out over, jut out; impend over, impend.
overhaul', v.t. pull to pieces for inspection; catch up, overtake.
overhead, adv. (-hĕd'), on high, in the sky; in the story above. a. (ō'-), placed overhead; (of charges, &c.) due to office or person, interest on capital, &c.
overhear', v.t. hear as eavesdropper or involuntary listener.
overjoyed', a. transported with joy; ravished.
overla'den, a. too heavily loaded.
overland, adv. (-lănd'), by land and not sea. a. (ō'-), entirely or partly by land.
overlap', v.t. & i. partly cover; cover and extend beyond.
overlay', v.t. cover surface of with coating, &c.; overlie (incorrectly).
overleaf', adv. on other side of leaf of book.
overlie' (-ī) v.t. lie on top of; smother (baby) thus.
overlook', v.t. have prospect of from above; take no notice of; condone; superintend.
ō'verlord, n. superior lord.

ō'vermantel, n. ornamental shelves, &c. above mantelpiece.
overmas'ter (-mah-), v.t. get complete victory or control over.
overmatch', v.t. be too strong for.
overmuch', a., n., & adv. too much.
over-nice', a. too fastidious.
over-night', adv. on the preceding evening.
overpass' (-ah-), v.t. pass over or beyond; surmount; surpass. —passed, —past', a. gone by.
overpitch', v.t. bowl so that ball pitches too near wicket.
ō'verplus, n. surplus.
overpoise' (-z), v.t. outweigh.
overpow'er, v.t. reduce to submission, subdue; overwhelm.
overpressure (-shĕr), n. pressing or being pressed too hard.
overproduc'tion, n. production in excess of the demand.
overrate', v.t. estimate too high.
overreach', v.t. & i. circumvent, outwit; (of horse) strike forefoot with hind hoof.
override', v.t. trample (person) under one's horse's hoofs; (fig.) trample on, set aside, annul.
overrule' (-ōōl), v.t. set aside by superior authority; reject.
overrun', v.t. harry and spoil; swarm or spread over; exceed.
oversea, a. & adv., oversea', adv. across or beyond sea.
oversee', v.t. superintend. ō'verseer, n. superintendent.
overset', v.t. upset, capsize.
overshad'ow (-dō), v.t. shelter from sun; throw into the shade.
ō'vershoe (-ōō), n. shoe of rubber or felt for wearing over another.
overshoot', v.t. shoot beyond the mark; shoot too much.
ō'versight, n. omission to notice; inadvertence; supervision.
oversleep', v.t. or refl. sleep beyond intended time of rising.
overspread (-ĕd), v.t. cover surface of; (*became diffused over*).
overstate', v.t. state too strongly; exaggerate. —ment, n.
overstrain', v.t. damage by overstrain; stretch too far. n. (ō'-), injurious bodily or mental strain.

ōverstrŭng′ a. intensely strained or wound up.
ō′vert, a. openly done, patent.
ōvertāke′ v.t. come up with, catch up; come suddenly upon.
ōvertask′ (-tah-) v.t. burden too heavily.
ōvertăx′ v.t. make excessive demand on; burden with taxes.
ōverthrow (-ō), v.t. (-throw′), upset, knock down, vanquish. n. (ō′-), defeat, subversion; (Crick., Baseball) fielder's return not stopped near wicket (base) and so allowing further run(s).
ōvertime, adv. (-time′), beyond regular hours of work. n. (ō′-) extra time worked.
ōvertŏp′ v.t. be or become higher than.
ōvertrain v.i. & t. lose condition, spoil condition of, by too severe athletic training.
ōvertrŭmp v.t. play higher trump than.
ō′verture, n. opening of negotiations, formal proposal or offer; (Mus.) orchestral prelude.
ōverturn, v.t. & i. (-turn′), upset, overthrow; fall down or over. n. (ō′-) upsetting; revolution.
ōverweening, a. arrogant.
ō′verweight (-wāt) n. excessive weight. ōverweight′ed, a. unduly burdened.
ōverwhĕlm′ v.t. bury beneath; submerge utterly; crush, overpower. ~ing, a. irresistible by numbers, weight, &c.
ōverwind′, v.t. injure (watch, &c.) by winding too tight.
ōverwork′ (-wĕrk), v.i. & t. work too hard; exhaust with work. n. injurious amount of work.
ōverwrought′ (-rawt), a. suffering from excitement; too elaborate.
ō′viform, a. egg-shaped.
ō′vine, a. of or like sheep.
ovip′arous, a. producing young in eggs.
ōvipŏs′itor (-z-), n. tube with which insect deposits eggs.
ō′void, a. egg-shaped.
ō′vum, n. (pl. -a), germ in female animal from which the young is developed.
owe (ō), v.t. be in debt to; be indebted for. ow′ing (ō-) a. yet to be paid; due.
owl, n. night bird of prey; wise-looking dullard. owl′et, n. young owl. owl′ish, a. like an owl.
own (ōn) a. (after possessive) and not another's; for one's unaided self; (abs.) what is one's own. v.t. & i. have as property, possess; acknowledge authorship or paternity; admit as valid, true, &c.
ow′ner (ōn-), n. possessor. (Naut. sl.) ship's captain or master. ~ship, n. possession; identity of owner.
ŏx, n. (pl. oxen), kinds of large horned ruminant quadruped; castrated male of domestic species. ~-bow, U-shaped collar of ox yoke; horse-shoe bend in river. ~-eye, large eye. ~lip, hybrid between primrose and cowslip.
ŏxăl′ic, a. of wood-sorrel.
Ox′ford (ŏ-), ~ bags, very wide trousers. ~ frame, picture-frame with cross at each corner. ~ mixture, dark-grey cloth. ~ shoes, oxfords, low shoes, laced over instep.
ŏx′ide, n. compound of oxygen with an element or organic radical. ŏx′idize, v.t. & i. (-īdīz), cause to combine with oxygen; cover with oxide, make rusty; combine with oxygen; rust. ŏxidiza′tion, n.
Oxō′nian (ŏ-) a. of Oxford. n. an Oxford man.
ŏx′ygen, n. a colourless scentless tasteless gas essential to animal and vegetable life. ŏxy′genate (-āt), ~ize (-īz), v.t. supply or treat or mix with oxygen; oxidize. ŏxy′genous, a.
ŏxyhy′drogen, n. gaseous mixture of oxygen and hydrogen.
ŏxymōr′on, n. figure of speech with pointed conjunction of seeming contradictories.
ŏx′ytone, a. (Gk. gram.) with acute accent on last syllable.

oys'ter, n. kinds of bivalve mollusc usually eaten alive.
ozo'cerite, ozok'erit, n. wax-like fossil resin.
o'zone, n. condensed form of oxygen with refreshing odour.

P

pab'ulum, n. food.
pace[1], n. a step with the foot; any special gait; speed, rate of progression. v.i. & t. (-ceable), walk with slow regular step; set the pace for (runner in race, &c.). —maker, one who sets the pace. pa'cer, n. pace-maker; pacing horse.
pa'ce[2], prep. by leave of; with all due deference to.
pachyder'm (-k-), n. thick-skinned quadruped; (fig.) thick-skinned person. pachyder'matous (-k-), a. thick-skinned; (fig.) lacking in sensitiveness.
pacif'ic, a. fond of, tending to, peace. —ation, n.; —atory, a.
pacif'icist, —ism, and (incorrect but usual) pa'cifist, —ism, nn. advocate, advocacy of the abolition of war.
pa'cify, v.t. (-ified), appease; reduce to quiet.
pack, n. bundle made to be carried by man or beast; bale of goods; lot, set; hounds of a hunt; forwards of a Rugby-football team; set of playing-cards. v.t. & i. form into a pack for transport or storage; dispose clothes, &c. in bag or other receptacle; fill (jury, meeting) with partisans. —horse, horse used for carrying packs. —man, pedlar with pack. —thread, stout thread. pack'age, n. parcel, bale. pack'et, n. small package; mailboat (also packet-boat); large sum lost or won.
pact, n. covenant; compact.
pad, n. soft saddle; piece of soft stuff used to raise surface, improve shape, &c.; leg-guard in games; sheets of blotting or writing paper in a block. v.t. make soft, improve shape of, fill out, protect, with pads or padding. pad'ding, n. (esp.) literary matter inserted merely to increase quantity.
pad'dle, n. rowing-implement with broad blade at one or each end; striking-board in paddle-wheel; (zool.) fin or flipper; action or spell of paddling. v.i. & t. propel with paddle or paddles; row gently; walk with bare feet in the sea, &c. —wheel, wheel with transverse boards successively striking water and so propelling ship.
pad'dock, n. small field or enclosure; in Australia, &c., any enclosed piece of land.
pad'dock, (arch., dial.) frog or toad.
Pad'dy[1], (p-), n. (colloq.) Irishman; (of p-), rage, temper.
pad'dy[2], n. rice growing or in the husk. —bird (Anglo-Ind.), species of white egret which frequent the paddy-fields. —field, a rice-field.
pad'dywhack, n. (colloq.) a rage, fit of temper.
pa'dishah, pad'ishah (pah-), n. title in Persia of the Shah, in Europe formerly of the Sultan of Turkey, in India of the British sovereign.
pad'lock, n. detachable lock with pivoted hoop to pass through staple or ring. v.t. secure with padlock.
padre (pahd'ri), n. in India, a minister or priest of any Christian Church; (colloq.) chaplain in navy or army.
pae'an, n. song of triumph or thanksgiving.
pa'gan, a. acknowledging neither Jehovah, Christ, nor Allah; non-Christian. n. a pagan person. —ish, a.; —ism, n.; —ize, v.t.
page[1], n. boy employed as liveried servant or personal attendant. v.t. attend on as page; call or summon by page.
page[2], n. one side of leaf of book. v.t. number pages (of book); make up into pages.

pă'geant (-jnt), n. spectacular performance, usu. illustrative of historical events; any brilliant show. pă'geantry, n. what serves to make a pageant.

pă'ginate, v.t. number pages of book. ~tion, n.

pagō'da, n. a sacred tower of Chinese or Indian type; obsolete Indian coin. ~-tree, species of trees cultivated in China, India and Japan; (fig.) mythical tree feigned to produce pagodas (coin).

pah (earlier hippah), n. Maori village or fort.

paid, p.t. & p.p. of pay.

pail, n. round open-topped vessel for carrying water, milk, &c.

pain, n. bodily or mental suffering; (pl.) endeavours; (pl.) throes of childbirth. v.t. inflict pain on. ~ful, a. giving or involving pain. ~less, a.

paint, n. colouring matter prepared for application to surface. v.t. & i. portray or make pictures in colours; coat with paint; depict in words. paint'er¹, n. an artist; painter of woodwork, &c. paint'ing, n. (esp.) a painted picture.

paint'er², n. rope attaching boat to ship, &c.

pair, n. set of two; thing with two similar parts not used apart; engaged or married or mated couple. v.t. & i. arrange or unite as pair or in pairs; mate.

pajamas. See pyjamas.

pa'keha (pah-), n. in New Zealand, a white man, European.

pal, n. (sl.) comrade. v.i. make friends with.

păl'ace, n. official residence of sovereign, archbishop, or bishop; stately mansion or building.

păl'adin, n. peer of Charlemagne's court; knight-errant.

palaeog'raphy, n. study of ancient writings and inscriptions.

palaeolith'ic, a. of, using, &c. the earliest stone implements.

palaeontol'ogy, n. study of extinct organisms.

palaeozō'ic, a. of, containing, ancient forms of life.

palanquin, -keen (-kēn), n. eastern covered litter.

păl'ate, n. roof of mouth; sense of taste or appetite. ~table, a. pleasant to the taste; agreeable. păl'atal, a. of the palate; (of sounds) made with tongue and palate. n. palatal sound or letter.

pală'tial (-shl), a. of or like a palace.

păl'atine, a. having local jurisdiction exclusive of the royal or imperial courts. palăt'inate, n. count palatine's territory.

pala'ver (-ahv-), n. conference; empty words; cajolery. v.t. & i. use many words, cajole.

pāle¹, n. stake or lath serving as part of fence; boundary.

pāle², a. (of complexion) whitish, not ruddy; faintly coloured; (of colour) faint; (of light) dim. v.t. & i. grow or make pale.

păl'etot (-tō), n. loose outer garment.

păl'ette, n. artist's flat tablet for mixing colours on.

pal'frey (pawl-), n. saddle-horse for lady's or quiet use.

Pa'li (pah-), n. language used in canonical books of Buddhists.

păl'impsest, n. parchment, &c. used for second time after original writing has been erased.

păl'indrome, n. word, line, &c. that reads the same backwards as forwards. palindrŏm'ic, a.

pā'ling, n. fence of pales.

palingenē'sis (-j-), n. regeneration; revival; resurrection.

păl'inode, n. recantation; poem containing it.

palisāde', n. fence of stakes; a stake. v.t. enclose with palisade.

pall¹ (pawl), n. cloth spread over coffin, &c.; ecclesiastical vestment; (fig.) cloak (of darkness). ~-bearer, mourner holding edge of pall.

pall² (pawl), v.i. become tiresome.

Pallā'dian, a. (Archit.) in the pseudo-classical style of the 16th-c. Italian Palladio.

palla'dium, n. (pl. -ia), object or principle with which the safety of something is regarded as bound up; a rare metallic element.
pall'et, n. straw bed.
pallia'sse, n. hard mattress.
pall'iate, v.t. (-iatist), alleviate without curing; excuse, extenuate. ~tion, ~tor, nn. **pall'iative** a. & n. striving, thing giving, temporary or partial relief.
pall'id, a. pale; sickly-looking.
pall'ium, n. archbishop's pall.
pall'or, n. paleness.
palm (pahm), n. inner surface of hand between wrist and fingers; kinds of chiefly tropical tree; branch of this as symbol. v.t. (with off or on) foist; pass off as superior. ~-oil, oil from kinds of palm-tree; money given as bribe. **P~ Sunday**, Sunday before Easter. **pal'mar**, a. of or in palm of hand. **palm'ary**, a. deserving the palm; of highest excellence. **pal'mate**, ~d (-t, -id), aa. shaped like palm of hand; web-footed.
pa'lmer (pahmer), n. pilgrim from Holy Land with palm-branch. ~-worm, kind of caterpillar.
palmett'o, n. (pl. -os), dwarf fan-palm.
pal'miped, a. & n. web-footed (bird).
pa'lmist (pahm-), n. practiser of palmistry. ~ry, n. divination from lines in palm of hand.
pa'lmy (pahmi), a. bearing palm-trees; flourishing.
palmyr'a, n. kind of palm cultivated in India and Ceylon, with fan-shaped leaves, used for thatch, matting, hats, &c.
pal'pable, a. that can be touched; that can be verified. ~bility, n.
pal'pitate, v.i. pulsate, throb. ~tion, n. (esp.) abnormal throbbing of the heart in disease.
palsy (pawlzi), n. paralysis; paralytic (trembling). v.t. (usu. in p.p.) paralyse, make helpless.
pa'lter (pawl-), v.i. equivocate, shuffle.
pa'ltry (pawl-), a. petty, contemptible, trifling.
pam'pas (-az), n. S.-Amer. plains.
pam'per, v.t. over-indulge.
pamph'let, n. thin paper-covered book, usu. controversial. ~eer, n. writer of pamphlets.
pan[1], n. shallow vessel used in cooking, &c.; shallow receptacle or tray; hollow or depression in the ground, esp. a salt-pan; (S. Afr.) dried-up salt-marsh or pool-bed. v.t. (with out) yield much or little gold; (fig.) turn out (well, &c.). **pan'cake**, thin flat fried batter-cake.
pan[2], v.t. (sl.) decry, disparage, find fault with. **pann'er**, n. fault finder.
Pan[3], n. the spirit of nature personified. ~-pipe, set of reeds played on with the mouth.
pan[4] (pahn), n. (E.-Ind.) betel-leaf; combination of betel-leaf, areca-nut, lime, &c., used as a masticatory.
pan-, pref. = all, united, in comb.: ~-African, of, for all Africans. ~-American, of N. & S. America. ~-Anglican, of the Anglican Church and its branches. ~-German, of all the Germans in political union. ~-Hellenism, political union of all Greeks. ~-Islam, union of Mohammedan world. ~-Slavism, movement for union of all Slavs.
panace'a, n. universal remedy.
Panama (-ah), n. (also P~ hat), light hat of straw-like material.
panchayat, **punchayet** (punchah-yet), n. (E.-Ind.) council of five (or more usually more) persons, assembled as jury or arbitrators, or as a committee to decide on matters affecting a village, community, or body.
pancre'as, n. gland near stomach supplying a digestive fluid.
pan'da, n. Indian racoon-like animal, the red bear-cat.
pan'dal, n. (Anglo-Ind.) shed, booth, or arbour.
pande'cts, n.pl. Justinian's compendium of Roman civil law.
pandemon'ium, n. scene of anarchy, confusion, and din.

pă'nder, *n.* go-between in illicit amours; procurer. *v.i.* basely minister to evil passions, &c.

pāne, *n.* single piece of glass in window.

pănĕgy'ric, *n.* laudatory discourse; eulogy. ~al, *a.* pănĕgy'rist, *n.* speaker or writer of panegyrics. ~ize, *v.t.* laud.

pă'nel, *n.* distinct compartment inserted in door, wainscot, &c., vertical strip of material in dress; thin board with picture on it; list of jurors, jury. list of Health Insurance doctors for a district, a doctor's list of insured persons. *v.t.* adorn with panels. păn'elling, *n.*

pāng, *n.* sudden sharp pain.

păngō'lin (-ngg-), *n.* scaly anteater.

pă'nic, *a.* (of fear &c.) unreasoning, excessive. *n.* sudden and infectious fright.

pă'nicle, *n.* (Bot.) an irregular raceme as in oats and many grasses. pani'cŭlar, ~late(d), *aa.*

pă'nne, *n.* a soft long-napped cloth used as dress-material.

pă'nnier (-yer), *n.* basket carried by beast of burden, or by person on shoulders; part of skirt looped up round hips.

pă'noply, *n.* full armour (now usu. fig.) pă'noplied (-lid), *a.*

pănora'ma (-ah-), *n.* cylindrical surface painted with scenery and unrolled before spectators; continuous revolving landscape; wide prospect. pănora'mic, *a.*

pă'nsy (-z-), *n.* a flowering plant, the heartsease.

pănt, *v.i.* & *t.* breathe quickly and audibly; throb; yearn. *n.* a panting respiration; a throb.

păntalĕttes' (-ts) *n.pl.* child's frilled drawers; woman's knickerbockers, &c.

păntaloo'n *n.* pantomime character serving as butt to clown; (pl.; chiefly U.S.) trousers, pants.

păntĕchni'con (-kn-), *n.* place for storing or van for removing furniture.

pă'ntheism, *n.* identification of God with the universe. ~ist, *n.*; ~is'tic, ~is'tical, *aa.*

pănthē'on, *n.* temple of all the gods; building with memorials of a nation's great dead.

pă'nther, *n.* leopard; (U.S.) cougar, puma. ~ess, *n.*

pă'ntile, *n.* curved roof-tile.

pă'ntograph (-ahf) *n.* instrument for copying diagrams to any scale.

pă'ntomime, *n.* dumb show; dramatic performance for children; dumb-show actor.

pă'ntry, *n.* room in which provisions, &c. are kept.

pănts, *n.pl.* trousers (chiefly U.S.); long tight drawers.

păp, *n.* nipple of breast; soft or semi-liquid food for infants.

papa' (-ah), *n.* father.

pā'pacy, *n.* Pope's office and dignity; the papal system. pā'pal, *a.* of the Pope or his office.

păpavĕrā'ceous (-shus), *a.* of the poppy family.

pā'per, *n.* substance made of pulp of rags, straw, wood, &c.; bank notes, negotiable documents; set of examination questions; newspaper; essay, memorandum. *v.t.* paste paper on wall, &c.; wrap up in paper. ~chase, cross-country run on scent laid by scattering small pieces of paper. ~hanger, wall-papering. ~hanging, decorating with wall-paper; occupation of a paper hanger. ~money, bank-notes.

pāpier mâché (păp yā mah'shā), *n.* moulded paper pulp made into solid objects.

papiliona'ceous (-yonāshus), *a.* (Bot.) butterfly-shaped.

papi'lla, *n.* (pl. -ae), nipple-shaped protuberance. pă'pillary, *a.* papilla-shaped. pă'pillate, pă'pillose, *aa.* having papillae.

pā'pist, *n.* adherent of the Pope or papal power; Roman Catholic. papis'tical, *a.*; pā'pistry, *n.*

păppoose' *n.* Red Indian child.

pă'ppy, *a.* like pap.

papȳ'rus (-ir-) *n.* the paper reed

ancient writing-material made from its stem.

pâr, n. equal footing; average or normal value or degree.

pă'rable, n. narrative used to typify some moral or spiritual truth, apologue, allegory.

parăb'ola, n. plane curve formed by intersection of cone with plane parallel to its side.

părabŏl'ic, -al, aa. expressed by parable (usu. -ical); of the nature of a parabola (usu. -ic).

păr'achute (-shōōt), n. apparatus expanding like umbrella for enabling balloonist, &c., to descend to earth from a great height.

pă'raclēte, n. advocate (as title of Holy Ghost).

parāde', n. display, ostentation; muster of troops for inspection, ground used for this; public promenade. v.t. & i. (-dable), assemble for parade; display ostentatiously; promenade.

pă'radigm (-im), n. tabulated inflexions of a word.

pă'radise, n. garden of Eden; heaven; region or state of felicity. paradisi'ac (-s-), -al, aa.

pă'radox, n. statement contrary to received opinion, person or thing conflicting with preconceived notions. paradŏx'ical, a.

pă'raffin, n. waxy substance distilled from shale, wood, &c.; oil of similar origin.

pă'ragon, n. model of excellence excellent person or thing.

pă'ragraph (-ahf), n. distinct passage in book usually marked by indentation of first line; symbol (¶); detached item of news in newspaper.

pă'rakeet, pă'roquet (-kĕt) n. small long-tailed parrot.

pă'rallax, n. (astron.) apparent displacement of object due to different position of observer; angular amount of this.

pă'rallel, a. (of lines) continuously equidistant; precisely analogous or corresponding to. n. imaginary line on earth's surface line on map, marking degree of latitude; comparison, analogy; mark (‖) of reference. v.t. represent as similar compare; be parallel or correspond to.

parallelĕp'ĭped, n. solid contained by parallelograms.

pă'rallelism, n. being parallel.

parallĕl'ogram, n. four-sided rectilineal figure whose opposite sides are parallel.

paral'ogism, n. violation of logic; false reasoning; a fallacy.

pă'ralyse (-z), v.t. (-sable), affect with paralysis; make helpless or ineffectual; cripple.

paral'ysis, n. partial incapacity to move or feel.

paralyt'ic, a. of or affected with paralysis. n. paralysed person.

păramătt'a, n. dress-fabric of merino and cotton.

pă'ramount, a. supreme; superior.

pă'ramour (-oor), n. illicit lover.

par'ang (pah-), n. large heavy sheath-knife used by Malays as weapon, &c.

pă'rapet, n. low wall at edge of roof, balcony, bridge, &c.; (Mil.) mound along front of trench.

pă'raphernā'lia, n. pl. personal belongings; accessories.

pă'raphrase (-z), n. restatement of the sense of a passage in other words. v.t. (-sable), render in paraphrase. păraphrăs'tic, a.

pă'rasite, n. interested hanger-on; sycophant; animal or plant living in or on another. părasĭt'ic, a. pă'rasitism, n.

parasol', n. small sun-umbrella.

parataxis, n. use of separate sentences, &c., one after another without grammatical subordination.

paratȳ'phoid, n. kinds of fever distinguishable from typhoid only by bacteriological examination.

par'boil, v.t. boil surface of in boiling water; scorch.

par'buckle, n. rope for raising or lowering casks, &c.

par'cel, n. package of goods, &c.;

portion; piece of land. v.t. divide into portions. ~-gilt, partly gilded.

par'cenary, par'cener, nn. joint-heirship, joint heir.

parch, v.t. & i. dry by exposure to heat, roast, make dry.

parch'ment, n. skin prepared for writing, &c.; MS. on this.

pard¹, n. (arch.) leopard.

pard², n. (sl. esp. U.S.) partner.

par'don, n. forgiveness; remission of punishment. v.t. forgive; abstain from punishing. ~able, a. easily excused.

pare, v.t. (-rable) trim or reduce by cutting away edge or surface of; whittle away. par'ing, n. that pared off; the rind.

paregor'ic, n. a tincture of opium.

par'ent, n. father or mother; forefather; source, origin. ~age, n. lineage; descent. ~hood, n. parent'al, a.

paren'thesis, n. (pl. -theses), word, clause, or sentence inserted into a passage independently of the grammatical sequence; (sing. or pl.) round brackets used for this; (fig.) interlude. parenthet'ic, a. inserted as parenthesis.

‖par excellence (pahr ĕ'kselahns), adv. by virtue of special excellence.

par'get (-j-), v.t. & n. rough-cast plaster.

parhel'ion (-lyon), n. (pl. -ia), bright spot in solar halo.

pa'riah, n. Indian of a low or no caste; social outcast. ~-dog, vagabond dog of low breed which frequents towns and villages in India and the East. ~-kite, the scavenger-kite of India.

Par'ian, a. from Paros. n. kind of fine white porcelain.

pari'etal, a. of the wall of the body or any of its cavities.

pa'ri mutuel' (-el), n. form of betting in which those who have staked on winning horse divide the stakes on the rest.

‖pa'ri pas'su, adv. with simultaneous progress.

pa'rish, n. ecclesiastical division having its own church and clergyman; poor law district; inhabitants of parish. parish'ioner (-sho-), n. inhabitant of parish.

pa'rity, n. being on a par; equivalence; parallelism.

park, n. large enclosed piece of ground attached to country house or devoted to public use; artillery; space in camp occupied by it; place assigned for storing motor-cars, aeroplanes, &c. v.t. enclose as a park; arrange compactly in place assigned.

park'y, a. (sl.) chilly.

par'lance, n. way of speaking.

par'ley, n. (pl. -eys), meeting between representatives of opposed forces to discuss terms. v.i. hold discussion on terms.

par'liament (-le-), n. deliberative body consisting of House of Commons and House of Lords and forming with the sovereign the legislature of the United Kingdom; legislative assembly in other countries. ~ar'ian, n. skilled parliamentary debater. ~ary, a. of, in, concerned with, or enacted by parliament.

par'lour (-ler), n. sitting-room in a small house; private room in inn. ~-maid, maid waiting at table.

par'lous, a. hard to escape from or deal with; embarrassing.

Parmesan (-z-), n. hard cheese of the kind made at Parma.

Parnass'us, n. the realm of poetry; poetic fame.

paro'chial (-k-), a. of a or the parish; of narrow range, merely local. ~ism, n.

pa'rody, n. composition in which an author's characteristics are ridiculed by imitation; travesty. v.t. write parody of; caricature. pa'rodist, n.

parole', n. word of honour engaging giver to abstain from attempting escape or from resuming hostilities; (Mil.) password.

paronomas'ia (-zya), n. play on words; pun.

paroquet. See parakeet.

parŏt'id, *a.* near the ear. *n.* a parotid gland.

pă'roxysm, *n.* sudden violent access of pain, rage, &c.

pâr'quet (-kĭt), *n.* flooring of wooden blocks arranged in a pattern; ground floor of theatre auditorium, esp. from front of stage to beneath gallery. *v.t.* lay with parquet. **~ted.** **~ry** *n.* parquet work.

pâr, *n.* young salmon.

pă'ricide, *n.* murder or murderer of father, parent, or person entitled to veneration. **~'dal,** *a.*

pă'rrot, *n.* kinds of bird with hooked bill, some of which can imitate speech; unintelligent imitator or chatterer.

pă'rry, *v.t.* (-iable) ward off by interposing arm, sword, &c. *n.* act of parrying.

pârse (-z), *v.t.* (-sable), describe (word), analyse (sentence), in terms of grammar.

Pârsee, *n.* Indian adherent of Zoroastrianism. **~ism,** *n.*

Pâr'seval, *n.* type of non-rigid German airship.

pârsimō'ny, *n.* avoidance of waste; economy, frugality; niggardliness. **pârsimō'nious,** *a.*

pâr'sley, *n.* herb used for seasoning and garnishing.

pâr'snip, *n.* plant with yellow root cooked for food.

pâr'son, *n.* the clergyman of parish; (colloq.) clergyman. **~age,** *n.* parson's house.

pârt, *n.* some but not all; share, allotted portion; assigned character or rôle; one of the melodies making up the harmony of a concerted piece; region, direction, way; side in dispute or dealing; (pl.) ability. *adv.* partly, in part. *v.t.* & *i.* divide into parts; separate (friends, combatants, &c.); quit one another's company; distribute in shares; (sl.) pay money. **~-owner,** sharer of ownership. **~-song,** song for three or more voice-parts.

pârtā'ke, *v.i.* (-took, -taken), take a share of or with; eat or drink some of; have something of the character of.

pârterre (-tār'), *n.* space filled with flower-beds and the paths between them; ground floor of theatre auditorium, esp. part beneath gallery.

pârti (-ē), *n.* person regarded as eligible or in specified light in the marriage market.

pâr'tial (-shl), *a.* biased in favour of one side; not total or complete. **pârtiă'lity** (-shĭ-), *n.* bias; liking for.

pârtĭ'cipant, *n.* one who shares.

pârtĭ'cipate, *v.i.* & *t.* (-pable), share in by common action; have a share in. **~tion, ~tor,** *nn.*

pâr'ticiple (-sĭ-), *n.* adjective formed by inflexion from a verb. **pârticĭ'pial,** *a.*

pâr'ticle, *n.* minute portion of matter; uninflected word.

pâr'ti-coloured (-kŭlerd), *a.* differently coloured, variegated.

partĭc'ūlar, *a.* relating to one as distinguished from others; peculiar; scrupulously exact; fastidious. *n.* detail, item; (pl.) detailed account.

partĭc'ūlarism, *n.* exclusive devotion to a party, sect, &c.

partĭcūlă'rity, *n.* fullness or minuteness of detail.

partĭc'ūlarize, *v.t.* & *i.* (-zable), mention one by one; go into particulars. **~zation.**

partĭc'ūlarly, *adv.* very; to an especial extent; in detail.

pâr'ting, *n.* leave-taking; division; dividing-line.

pâr'tisan (-zn), *n.* (hist.) kind of halberd.

pârtĭsan' (-z-), *n.* adherent of a party or side or cause. **~ship,** *n.* strong party spirit.

pârtĭ'tion, *n.* division into parts; structure effecting a division; receptacle or cell so made. *v.t.* divide into distinct parts.

pâr'titive, *a.* (gram.) denoting partition or a part. *n.* a partitive word.

pârt'lĭ, *adv.* in part; in some degree; not wholly.

pârt'ner, *n.* sharer; one who shares in a business; either of a pair in marriage or dancing or a game. *v.t.* arrange as partners, or as partner with; be partner to. ~ship, *n.*

pâr'tridge, *n.* kinds of game-bird; its flesh; other birds resembling this, as (Northern U.S.) ruffed grouse, (Southern U.S.) bob-white.

pârtūr'ient, *a.* about to give birth.

pârtūri'tion, *n.* child-birth.

pâr'tĭ, *n.* a body of persons united in a cause or in opposition to another body; body of persons travelling or engaged together; social reception; person consenting or contributing to an affair; either side in lawsuit, contract, or other transaction.

pâr'venu (-ōō), *n.* person who has risen from obscurity; upstart.

pâr'vis, *n.* enclosed area or court in front of cathedral, &c.

1 pas (pah), *n.* precedence.

păs'chal (-k-), *a.* of the Passover or Easter.

pasha (pah'sha, pashah'), *n.* Turkish or Egyptian officer of high rank. pa'shalic (pah-), *n.* pasha's district or jurisdiction.

pasque'-flower (-ask-), *n.* kind of anemone.

pasquinade, *n.* lampoon.

pass (-ah-), *v.t.* & *i.* (p.p. passed, or as adj. past), move onward, proceed; be current; change (into); die; go by; come to an end; percolate; be accepted as adequate; be sanctioned; satisfy examiner; happen; go across; outstrip; surpass; spend; hand round; give currency to; utter. *n.* passing, esp. of examination; standard that satisfies examiners without entitling to honours; state, critical position; written permission or ticket or order; thrust in fencing; (Footb.) passing of ball from one player to another; narrow passage through mountains, &c. ~ out, (sl.) lose consciousness. ~ the buck, (sl.) shift responsibility. ~ up, (sl.) let go by.

pa'ssable (-ah-), *a.* that will pass muster; fairly good; (of river, &c.) that can be crossed.

păs'sage, *n.* passing, transit, crossing, being conveyed, from port to port; corridor; (pl.) what passes between two persons; part of a speech or literary work.

păs'sant, *a.* (Herald.) shown sideways as walking past.

1 passé (pa'sā), *a.* (fem. -ée), past his, her, or its prime; gone off, out of date.

păs'senger (-j-), *n.* traveller by public conveyance.

pa'sser (-ah-), ~-by *n.* one who happens to be passing.

păs'serine, *a.* of the sparrow kind.

1 păs'sim, *adv.* every here and there; all over the place.

pa'ssing (-ah-), *n.* act of moving on or by; dying. ~-bell, bell rung immediately after a death.

pă'ssion (-shn), *n.* strong emotion; anger; sexual love, (usu. P~) the sufferings of Christ on the cross. ~-flower, plant with flower suggesting instruments of the Passion. ~-play, mystery play of the Passion. ~ Week, week before Holy Week.

pă'ssionate (-sho-), *a.* prone to passion; lacking self-control.

păs'sive, *a.* acted upon, not acting; inert; submissive; of, in, the passive voice. *n.* passive voice or form. ~ voice, of verb, indicating that subj. suffers the action of the verb. passiv'ity *n.*

Pass'over (-ah), *n.* Jewish commemoration or lamb sacrificed at it.

pass'port (-ah-), *n.* official document showing traveller's identity.

pass'word (-ah-), *n.* selected word or phrase distinguishing friend from enemies; countersign.

past (-ah-), *a.* gone by; just over. *n.* past time; person's past life or career. *prep.* beyond. *adv.* by.

paste, *n.* flour kneaded with water, suet, butter, &c. as material for

pastry; flour and water as adhesive mixture; relish of pounded fish, &c.; material of imitation gems. v.t. (-tāble), fasten with paste; cover by pasting. —board, cardboard; (sl.) visiting or playing card.

pas'tel, n. dry pigment-paste used for crayons; a drawing in this wood. pas'telist, n. artist drawing in pastel.

pas'tern, n. part of horse's foot between fetlock and hoof.

pas'teurism (-ter-), n. Pasteur's method of inoculation with virus as preventive or cure of hydrophobia, &c. pas'teurize (-ter-), v.t. (-zable), apply pasteurism to; sterilize (milk, &c.) by exposure to high temperature.

pastiche (-ēsh), n. musical or other medley of borrowings.

pastil, -ille (-ĭl), n. roll of aromatic paste; a lozenge.

pas'time (-ahs-), n. recreation; a sport or game.

pas'tor (-ah-), n. minister of a congregation; spiritual adviser. pas'torate (-ah-), n. pastor's office or tenure of it; the body of pastors. *pastor'ium, n. parsonage.

pas'toral (-ah-), a. of shepherds or rural life; of a pastor. n. pastoral poem or picture; letter from bishop or other pastor to clergy or people.

pā'stry, n. baked flour-paste; food made of or with it.

pas'ture (-ah-), n. herbage for cattle to eat; land or field under such crop. v.t. & i. put cattle to pasture; graze on land. pas'turage (-ahscher-), n. business of pasturing; pasture.

pas'ty (-ah-), n. meat, fruit, jam, &c. enclosed in paste without [illegible] and baked. pā'sty, a. like paste; doughy; pallid.

pat, v.t. strike gently with open hand or other flat surface, as patting back or cheek; small lump of butter. a. apropos; ready, prompt. [illegible] or [illegible] [illegible].

patch, n. piece put on in mending; piece of plaster over wound; [illegible] stain on surface; small plot of ground. v.t. mend with patch(es); piece together (with up) patch sufficiently to serve; set (quarrel, &c.) to rights for the time. —work, patching; thing made up of odds and ends. patch'y, a.

patch'ouli (-ōōli), n. an Indian perfume.

pāte, n. (arch., joc.) head.

pat'en, n. plate for eucharist bread, usu. of silver.

pā'tent, a. obvious, unconcealed; patented; letters —, open letter from sovereign, &c., conferring some privilege, e.g. a title, or the sole right for a term to make or sell something. n. letters patent; grant of sole right to make or sell invention or process protected by this. v.t. obtain patent for (invention). patentee (or pă-), n. holder of a patent.

pā'ter, n. (sl.) father. pater-famil'ias, n. father of a family.

patern'al, a. of a father; fatherly. patern'ity, n. fatherhood; paternal descent.

pa'ternoster, n. the Lord's prayer in Latin, bead for it at intervals in rosary; fishing-line with hooks at intervals.

path (pahth), pl. pahths, n. footway; track; line along which person or thing moves.

Pathan (-tahn), n. member of Afghan tribes in, or on frontier of, India.

pathet'ic, a. exciting or arousing in [illegible]; of the emotions.

patholʹogy, n. the study of disease. patholog'ical, a.; -gist, n.

pā'thos, n. pathetic quality.

pa'tience (-shens), n. endurance under pain, vexation, &c.; perseverance; card-game for one.

pā'tient (-shent), a. endowed with or showing patience. n. person under medical treatment.

pat'ois (-wah), n. regional dialect of [illegible].

pā'triārch (-k), n. father and ruler of family or tribe; bishop of certain sees in the Eastern and R.-C. Churches; venerable old man. pātriār'chal (or pā-; -k), a. pā'triarchate (or pă-; -k), n. office or rank of ecclesiastical or tribal patriarch. pā'triārchy (or pă-; -k), n. tribal system or community under patriarchs.

patri'cian (-shn), n. person of noble birth. a. of the nobility.

pă'tricide, n. murder(er) of a father. pātrici'dal, a.

pă'trimony, n. property inherited from father or ancestors.

pā'triot (or pă-), n. champion or lover of his country. pātriŏt'ic, a. pā'triotism (or pă-), n.

patris'tic, a. of the Fathers of the Church.

patrōl', n. going the rounds to see that all is right; man or party or ship(s) charged with this. v.i. & t. act as patrol; go the rounds as patrol.

pā'tron (or pă-), n. one who countenances, protects, or employs a person, cause, art, &c.; tutelary saint; person having right of presentation to a benefice. patrō'nal, a. of a patron saint. ~ess, n.

pă'tronage (or pā-), n. patron's help; dispensing of appointments; patronizing airs.

pă'tronize (or pā-), v.t. (-zable), act as patron to, support, encourage; treat condescendingly.

pătronym'ic, a. (of name) indicating one's father or descent. n. patronymic name; surname.

‖ pătt(e)mar', n. (E.-Ind.) courier; Indian advice-boat or dispatch-boat; lateen-rigged sailing-boat of west coast of India.

păt'ten, n. wooden sole mounted on iron ring for raising wearer's shoe above mud, &c.

păt'ter¹, v.i. & t. say, talk, with rapid utterance. n. rapid talk; piece of this introduced into a song; (sl.) lingo of a class.

păt'ter², v.i. (of rain, &c.) make tapping sound; (of child, &c.) run with quick audible steps. n. sound of pattering.

păt'tern, n. excellent example; model; sample of cloth, &c.; decorative design on surface.

păt'ty, n. pie or pasty to be served to one person.

pau'city, n. fewness; smallness of amount.

paunch, n. belly, stomach.

pau'per, n. a poor person; recipient of poor-law relief. ~ism, n. being a pauper. ~ize, v.t. (-zable), reduce to pauperism, esp. by doles, &c. ~ization, n.

pause (-z), n. interval of inaction or silence; break made in speech or reading; (Mus.) mark (⌒ or ◡) denoting lengthening of note or rest. v.i. make a pause; wait.

pāve, v.t. (-vable), cover with pavement; (fig.) lead up to, make easy. pā'vement (-vm-), n. layer of flat stones, tiles, asphalt, &c., as surface of road or floor; paved footway.

pavil'ion (-lyon), n. large tent; building for spectators or players of outdoor game; projecting subdivision of building. v.t. serve as, enclose like, pavilion.

pā'viour (-vyer), n. workman employed in paving.

paw, n. foot of beast with claws; (sl.) hand. v.t. & i. touch with paw; (sl.) handle with dirty or clumsy hands; (of horse) strike ground with hoof in impatience.

pawk'y, a. (of humour, esp. when Scotch) sly, arch, quiet, dry.

pawl, n. lever with catch for teeth of wheel or bar; bar to prevent capstan, &c., from recoiling.

pawn¹, n. piece of least value in chess; (fig.) a mere tool.

pawn², n. thing handed over as pledge or security (now chiefly fig.); state of being pledged. v.t. deposit as security; borrow money on security of thing deposited; offer (one's life, &c.) as pledge. ~broker, keeper of shop where money is lent on security of pawned goods.

pax, *int.* used by schoolboys in demanding a truce.

pay *v.t.* & *i.* give as due; discharge debt to; bear the cost; suffer the penalty of; render, bestow (attention, *&c.*); yield adequate return; (with *out*) let out rope by slackening it. *n.* money paid as wages. **~able**, *a.* that must be paid, due; likely to be profitable. **payee'**, *n.* person to whom money is to be or is paid. **pay'ment**, *n.* paying; sum paid; recompense.

pay'nim, *n.* (arch.) pagan.

pea, *n.* kinds of plant bearing round seeds in pods and cultivated for food; one of its seeds.

peace, *n.* freedom from or cessation of war; treaty ending this; civil order; quiet, calm; harmonious relations. **~maker**, reconciler. **~offering**, propitiatory gift. **peace'able** (-sa-) *a.* disposed or tending to peace. **peace'ful** (-sf-), *a.* having or marked by peace.

peach¹ *v.i.* (sl.) turn informer.

peach² *n.* a stone-fruit of downy delicately coloured skin. **peach'y** *a.* like a peach.

pea'cock, *n.* male bird with splendid plumage and fanlike tail; vain person. **~fowl**, peacock or pea-hen. **~hen**, female of pea-fowl.

pea'-jacket, *n.* double-breasted jacket of thick cloth.

peak¹ *v.i.* waste away.

peak² *n.* pointed top, esp. of mountain; highest point in curve or record of fluctuations; projecting part of cap; narrow part of ship's hold at bow or stern. **peaked** (-kt) *a.*

peal, *n.* loud ringing of bell(s); set of bells; outburst of sound. *v.t.* & *i.* sound forth, ring (bells) in a peal.

pear (pār), *n.* a fruit of tapering shape. **~-shaped**, *a.*; **~-tree**, *n.*

pearl (perl) *n.* lustrous concretion found in oyster and other shells and prized as gem; a size of type (5 point) smaller than this. *v.t.* & *i.* fish for pearls; (of moisture) form drops, form drops on. **pearl'y** (-li) *a.*

peas'ant (pĕz-), *n.* countryman, rustic, worker on the land. **~ry** *n.* peasants collectively.

pease (-z), *n.* (arch.) = peas.

peat, *n.* vegetable matter decomposed by water and partly carbonized; piece of this as fuel.

peb'ble, *n.* small water-rounded stone; rock-crystal used for spectacles, lens of this; kinds of agate. **pebb'ly** *a.*

pecc'able, *a.* liable to sin.

peccadill'o, *n.* (pl. -oes), venial sin that person is prone to.

pecc'ant, *a.* offending; corrupt; morbid, ill-disposed. **pecc'ancy** *n.* sinfulness; a sin, offence.

pecc'ary *n.* American gregarious wild animal of pig kind.

peccav'i, *int.* & *n.* I have sinned; confession of fault.

peck¹ *n.* dry measure, 2 gallons.

peck² *v.t.* & *i.* strike (thing) or pick up (food) with the beak, as a bird; make dabs at; eat fastidiously; break (ground, *&c.*) with a pointed tool. *n.* stroke given with beak; (joc.) light kiss; (sl.) food. **peck'er**, *n.* (sl.) spirit. **~ish**, *a.* (sl.) hungry.

pec'toral, *a.* of or for the chest. *n.* ornamental breastplate.

pec'ulate, *v.t.* & *i.* (-table), embezzle. **~tion**, **~tor** *nn.*

pecul'iar, *a.* belonging to the individual; exclusive; particular; special; odd. **peculiar'ity** *n.* individual characteristic; oddity.

pecun'iary *a.* of or in money.

ped'agogue (-g) *n.* schoolmaster; pedant. **ped'agogy** (-gĭ), **~gics** (-jĭ-), *nn.* science of teaching.

ped'al, *a.* of the foot. *n.* wooden key of organ played with feet; foot-lever in organ, piano, cycle, *&c.* *v.i.* & *t.* work pedals.

ped'ant, *n.* one who insists on strict adherence to formal rules; doctrinaire. **~ic**, *a.*; **~ry** *n.*

ped'dle, *v.i.* & *t.* be a pedlar; potter. **pedd'ling**, *a.* petty.

ped'estal, *n.* base of column;

block on which something stands.
pĕdĕs'trian, a. going or performed on foot; prosaic, dull. n. walker traveller on foot. ~ism, n.
pĕd'icel, pĕd'icle, n. stalk-like structure in plant or animal.
pĕd'igree, n. genealogical table; ancestral line; ancient descent.
pĕd'iment, n. triangular part crowning front of building.
pĕd'lar, n. travelling vendor of small wares. pĕd'lary, n.
pedŏm'eter, n. machine enabling one to estimate distance walked.
pedŭn'cle (pidŭng'kl), n. stem of cluster or flower or fruit.
peel¹, n. rind of fruit, thin soft bark of young shoots, &c. v.t. & i. strip of peel; take off (skin, bark, &c.); shed bark or skin or paper or paint; (of athlete, &c.) strip for race or game.
peel², n. small square defensible tower on the Scottish border.
peel'er, n. (sl.) policeman.
peel'ing, n. piece peeled off.
peep¹, v.i. look through half closed eyelids or narrow aperture; look furtively; come cautiously into view, emerge. n. furtive or peering glance; first light (of day). peep at, n. (sl.) eye.
peep², n. & v.i. (of chick, mouse, &c.) chirp or squeak.
pee'pul, pi'pal (pē-), n. one of the great fig-trees of India, reverenced by Buddhists.
peer¹, v.i. look narrowly; look into darkness or with short sight; (of sun, &c.) become partly visible.
peer², n. person's equal in rank or merit; duke, earl, marquis, viscount, or baron. ~ess, peer's wife or female holder of peerage. peer'age, n. the peers; rank of a peer. peer'less, a. unequalled.
peeve, v.t. (sl.) make peevish. peeved (-vd), a. irritated, sulky.
pee'vish, a. querulous, cross.
pĕg, n. wooden or metal bolt or pin for holding together parts of framework, hanging things on, stopping cask vent, marking cribbage-score, &c. v.t. & i. fix with peg; mark score with pegs on cribbage-board. ~ away, persevere. ~ out, mark boundary of; (Croquet) hit peg as final stroke; (sl.) die. ~-top, boy's wooden top with peg.
pĕg'amoid, n. kind of imitation leather used in coach-building, &c.
pē'kin (or -king), n. kind of silk stuff.
Pĕkinĕse' (-z) n. Chinese pug.
pĕk'oe, n. a kind of black tea.
pĕlărgō'nium, n. geranium.
pĕl'erine, n. woman's tippet.
pĕlf, n. money, wealth.
pĕl'ican, n. water-fowl with pouch for storing fish.
pĕlisse' (-lēs), n. woman's long mantle with sleeves or armholes; child's outdoor garment.
pĕll'et, n. small rolled-up ball of paper, &c.; pill; small shot.
pĕll'icle, n. a thin skin or membrane or film.
pĕll-mĕll', adv. in disorder.
pĕllū'cid (-ōō-), a. transparent, clear; free from obscurity.
Pĕl'manism (-mn-), n. a 20th-c. memory-training system. P
pĕlt¹, v.t. & i. assail with mud, abuse, &c.; (of rain) come down hard. n. (sl.) violent temper.
pĕlt², n. undressed skin of sheep, goat, or fur-bearing animal. pĕl'try, n. furs and skins.
pĕl'vis, n. lower abdominal cavity formed by the haunch and other bones. pĕl'vic, a.
pĕmm'ican, n. preparation of dried and pounded meat.
pĕn¹, n. implement of quill, metal, &c., for writing with ink; writing or literary style. female swan. v.t. compose and write letter &c. ~knife, small pocket-knife. ~man, performer with the pen. ~name, literary pseudonym.
pĕn², n. small enclosure for cows, sheep, poultry, &c. v.t. enclose pen or keep in confined space.
pē'nal, a. of or involving punishment; punitive. ~ism, v.t. (-nalīz), make (action) punish-

able; subject (expression) to penalty.

pen'alty, n. fine or other punishment; disadvantage imposed on previous winner in competition.

pen'ance, n. punishment self-inflicted as an expression of penitence.

penchant (pahṅ'shahṅ), n. inclination or liking for.

pen'cil, n. writing-implement of black lead, &c.; artist's fine paint-brush or style. (Opt.) set of convergent rays. v.t. mark, jot down, with writing pencil.

pen'dant, -dent, a. (usu. -ent) hanging, overhanging; awaiting decision. n. (usu. -ant) ornament hung from necklace, &c.; thing serving as complement to something else.

pend'ing, a. awaiting settlement, in process. prep. during the unsettled state of.

pen'dulous, a. hanging, swinging.

pen'dulum, n. suspended body swinging to and fro by force of gravity, esp. in a clock.

pen'etrate, v.t. & i. (-trable), find access or pass into or through; find out, discern; make a way. —bility, n. pen'etrating, a. discerning, gifted with insight; (of voice, &c.) piercing, easily heard. penetra'tion, n. (esp.) acute insight. pen'etrative, a.

pen'guin (-nggw-), n. sea-fowl with wings as swimming-paddles.

penin'sula, n. piece of land almost surrounded by water. penin'sular, a. of a peninsula.

pen'itent, a. repentant for sin, contrite. n. a penitent person, one who is doing penance. pen'itence, n.

peniten'tial (-shl), a. of repentance or penance.

peniten'tiary (-sheri), n. papal office regulating penance; reformatory institution. (Amer.) prison. a. of penance or reformatory treatment; (of crime) punishable by term in penitentiary.

pen'nant, n. (naut.) tapering flag, esp. that at mast-head of ship in commission; pennon.

pen'niless, a. destitute.

pen'non, n. long narrow triangular or swallow-tailed flag; long streamer of ship.

penn'y, n. (pl. pence, pennies), bronze coin worth one-twelfth of a shilling. —worth, what can be got for a penny.

pennyroy'al, n. kind of mint formerly used in medicine.

penn'yweight (-wāt), n. the 20th part of 1 oz. Troy.

penn'ywort (-ŭrt), kinds of plant with rounded leaves.

penol'ogy, n. study of punishment and prison discipline.

pen'sile (or -sīl), a. hanging.

pen'sion (-shn), n. periodical payment made to person in consideration of past service, &c. pen'sionary (-sho-), a. by way of pension; n. pensioner. pen'sioner (-sho-), n. pensioned person.

pen'sive, a. plunged in thought.

pent, a. closely confined; [illegible] to home; shut up.

pen'tachord (-k-), n. musical instrument of five strings; series of five notes. pen'tacle, n. figure of five-pointed star used in magic. pen'tad, n. the number five; group of five. pen'tagon, n. a five-sided figure, plane rectilinear; —al, a. pentahed'ron, n. solid figure of five faces. —ral, a.

pentam'eter, n. Greek and Latin verse of five feet.

Pen'tateuch (-k), n. the first five Old Testament books.

Pen'tecost, n. Jewish harvest festival fifty days after Passover; Whitsunday. pentecos'tal, a.

pent'house (-t-h-), n. sloping roof supported against wall of building.

penult (pĭnŭlt'), n. last syllable but one of a word. penul'timate, a. last but one; n. penult.

penum'bra, n. partly lighted shadow on the skirts of a total shadow. penum'bral, a.

penu'rious, a. mean, stingy.

pen'ury, n. destitution, poverty

pē'ony, n. garden plant with double red or white flower.

people (pē'pl) n. (as sing.) a race or nation; (as pl.) persons in general; the commonalty. v.t. fill with people, populate; inhabit.

*pep, n. (sl.) vigour, go, spirit. *pepp'y, a. full of life.

pepp'er, n. hot-flavoured berries of certain plants used esp. in powdered form, as seasoning. v.t. sprinkle or flavour with pepper; besprinkle; hit with missiles. ~box, ~castor, box or castor with perforated top for sprinkling pepper. ~corn, dried pepper berry often specified as nominal rent. ~mint, kind of mint grown for its essential oil, this oil, lozenge flavoured with it. pepp'ery, a. like pepper; hot-tempered.

pep'sin, n. constituent of gastric juice. pep'tic, a. digestive.

per, prep. by, by means or instrumentality of (per post, rail, &c.); for each (per man). ~ annum (ăn'ŭm), (so much) by the year, yearly. ~ cent, in every hundred. ~ contra (kŏn'tra), on the other side of the account; on the other hand. ~ diem, ~ mensem, (so much) by the day, month. ~ se, by its very nature, intrinsically.

peradventure, adv. (arch.) perhaps, perchance, by chance.

perambulate, v.t. & i. (-lable) walk up and down; go from place to place. perambula'tion, n.

peram'bulator, n. one who perambulates; child's carriage.

perceive (-sēv), v.t. (-vable), become aware of by one of the senses; apprehend; understand.

percen'tage, n. rate per cent; number of in every hundred.

per'cept, n. (Philos.) object or product of perception.

percep'tible, a. such as can be perceived. ~bility, n.

percep'tion, n. act or faculty of perceiving. ~al, a.

percep'tive, a. having or concerned in perception. perceptiv'ity, n.

perch, n. bird's resting place; elevated position; measure of length, 5½ yds. v.i. & t. (of bird) alight or rest on perch; put on a high place.

perch², n. a fresh-water fish.

perchance (-ah-), adv. by chance; maybe.

percip'ient, a. having perception. n. person who perceives.

per'colate, v.i. & t. (-lable), make way through pores or perforations; cause to percolate. ~tion, n. ~tor, n. strainer of coffee-pot.

percus'sion (-shn), n. striking of a body against another; sound so made. percus'sive, a.

perdi'tion, n. damnation; ruin.

perdu(e)', pred.a. in ambush; out of sight, hidden.

per'egrinate, v.i. & t. wander, wander through. ~tion, n.

pe'regrine (or -in), n. kind of falcon used in hawking.

perem'ptory (-mt-), a. imperious; urgent.

perenn'ial (-yel), a. not coming to an end; (of plant) coming up year after year. n. a perennial plant.

perfect, a. (pĕr'fĭkt) complete, not deficient, faultless; thoroughly learned; exact, precise; entire, unqualified; thoroughly trained; (of tense) expressing action completed. n. (pĕr'fĭkt), the perfect tense. v.t. (perfĕkt'), make perfect. perfectibil'ity, n.

perfec'tion, n. being perfect; perfect state; highest manifestation; (pl.) accomplishments, beauties.

perfec'tly, adv. quite, quite well.

*perfec'to, n. medium-sized cigar tapered at both ends.

per'fidy, n. breach of faith, treachery. perfid'ious, a.

per'forate, v.t. & i. (-rable), pierce, make hole(s) through. ~tion, n. ~tor, n. instrument for perforating.

perforce', adv. of necessity.

perform', v.t. & i. carry into effect, accomplish; go through, execute; act. ~ance, n. thing

accomplished; dramatic presentation of play &c. —er n. (esp.) one who performs before an audience.
perfume, n. (per'fūm), sweet smell; scent; fragrance. v.t. (perfūm'), impart fragrance to. perfū'mer, n. maker or seller of perfumes. perfū'mery, n.
perfunc'tory, a. done merely to pass muster; superficial.
per'gola, n. arbour or garden-walk arched with climbing plants.
pergun'nah, -gan'a (-gŭ-), n. division of territory in India, comprising a group of villages.
perhaps' adv. it may be.
pē'ri, n. fairy of Persian mythology; beautiful girl or woman.
per'ianth, n. outer part of flower, calyx and corolla.
pericardi'um, n. (pl. -ia), membrane enclosing the heart. pericardi'tis, —itis, n.
per'icarp, n. seed-vessel of plant.
pericra'nium, n. membrane enclosing the skull; (loc.) skull.
per'igee, n. point of moon's orbit nearest the earth.
perihē'lion (-lyon), n. point in planet's orbit nearest the sun.
per'il, n. danger, risk. v.t. put in peril; imperil. —ous, a.
perim'eter, n. line or set of lines bounding a closed figure.
pē'riod, n. amount of time during which something runs its course; a complete sentence; full-stop symbol (.). period'ic, a. recurring at regular intervals. period'ical, a. coming at fixed times; cyclical; n. publication issued at fixed intervals. periodic'ity, n.
peripatet'ic, a. itinerant, going from place to place; of the school of Aristotle. n. follower of Aristotle; (loc.) walker.
periph'ery, n. bounding line, esp. of round surface.
periph'rasis, n. (pl. -ases) roundabout speech or phrase, circumlocution. periphras'tic, a.
per'iscope, n. kind of mirror apparatus giving view of things above surface to observer in submarine or trench.
per'ish, v.i. & t. suffer destruction; lose life, come to an untimely end; fail to last; (of cold) reduce to distress. —able, a. that will not last long; n. (usu. in pl.) perishable things.
peristyle, n. row of columns round temple, cloister &c.; space surrounded with this.
peritone'um, n. membrane lining the abdomen. peritoni'tis, n. inflammation of the peritoneum.
per'iwig, n. wig.
per'iwinkle, n. evergreen trailing plant with light-blue flower.
per'iwinkle², n. edible shell-fish like small snail.
per'jure (-jer), refl. swear falsely; give false evidence on oath. per'jured (-erd), a. guilty of perjury. per'jurer (-jer-), n. per'jury (-jer-), n. act of perjuring oneself.
perk, v.i. & t. (colloq.), (with up) recover self-confidence, be lively; lift up (one's head, nose, ears, &c.). per'ky, a.
per'manence, n. duration or permanent quality. per'manency, n. a permanent occupation.
per'manent, a. lasting or meant to last, not temporary.
per'meable, a. admitting the passage of fluid &c. —bility, n.
per'meate, v.t. & i. make way throughout, pervade; be diffused. permea'tion, n.
permis'sible, a. allowable, that may be permitted. —bility, n.
permis'sion (-shn), n. leave, licence. permis'sive, a. granting but not enjoining something.
permit, v.t. & i. (permit'), allow, give leave for; admit of. n. (per'mit), written order for permitting entry &.
permuta'tion, n. (Math.) variation of the order of a series.
pernicious (-shus), a. destructive, injurious.
peroxide, n. (oxide), [illegible]
pe'rorate, v.i. indulge in rhetoric; make a peroration. perora'tion, n. passage closing a speech.

perpend' v.t. & i. (arch., joc.) ponder, reflect upon.

perpendic'ular a. at right angles to plane of horizon, vertical erect, upright; very steep. n. a perpendicular line.

per'petrate, v.t. (-trable) be guilty of, commit. ~tion, ~tor, nn.

perpet'ual, a. eternal; held or holding for life; continuous.

perpet'uate, v.t. (-uable), make perpetual; not allow to go out of use or memory. ~tion, ~tor, nn.

perpetu'ity n. perpetual continuance or possession.

perplex' v.t. bewilder, puzzle; complicate, tangle. **perplex'ity** n. puzzled state; being at a loss.

perq'uisite (-z-), n. casual emolument, &c. attached to an employment beyond salary or wages.

pe'rry n. fermented drink made from pears.

per'secute, v.t. (-table) subject to ill-treatment; pursue for heresy; worry. **persecu'tion**, ~tor, nn.

persevere' v.i. be steadfast, persist. **perseve'rance**, n.

persiflage (pârs'ĭflahzh), n. light irony raillery.

persimm'on, n. a date-plum.

persist' v.i. continue to exist or do something in spite of obstacles. ~ence, ~ency nn.; ~ent, a.

per'son, n. individual human or divine being; one's body or bodily presence; character in a play; (Gram.) one of the classes of pronouns and verb forms appropriated to the person speaking, spoken to, or spoken of. ~able, a. good-looking. ~age, n. eminent character; character in a play.

‖**perso'na gra'ta**, n. envoy in whose favour the power to which he goes is predisposed.

per'sonal, a. one's own, individual, private; done, &c. in person; directed against or referring to an individual. ~s, n.pl. paragraphs in newspaper relating to individual persons.

personal'ity, n. existence or distinctive character of any one, personage; (pl.) remarks aimed at an individual.

per'sonally adv. in person.

per'sonalty n. personal property.

per'sonate, v.t. (-nable), play the part of; pretend to be (another). **persona'tion**, ~tor, nn.

person'ify v.t. (-fiable), attribute personal nature to, symbolize by human figure. ~fica'tion, n.

personnel' n. staff or hands of a business, &c. as opposed to its equipment or plant.

perspec'tive, n. art of drawing so as to give the effect of solidity and relative distance and size; relation or proportion between the parts of a subject; vista, view. a. of or in perspective.

perspica'cious (-shus), a. having insight, penetrating, discerning. **perspica'city** n.

perspic'uous, a. expressed with clearness; lucid. **perspicu'ity** n.

perspire', v.i. & t. (-rable), sweat. **perspira'tion**, n. sweat, sweating.

persuade' (-sw-), v.t. (-dable), convince; impel by argument, expostulation, &c. **persua'der** (-sw-), n. person or thing that persuades.

persua'sion (-wāzhn), n. act of persuading; particular religious belief or sect; (joc.) sort or class.

persua'sive (-sw-), a. efficacious in persuading. n. inducement.

pert, a. forward, saucy.

pertain' v.i. belong, relate.

pertina'cious (-shus), a. persistent, resolute. **pertina'city** n.

per'tinent, a. to the point, have a real relation to. ~ence, n.

perturb' v.t. disquiet, throw into agitation. **perturba'tion**, n.

peruke (-ōōk) n. wig.

peruse (-ōōz), v.t. (-sable), read; scan (features, &c.). **peru'sal**, n.

Peru'vian (-ōō-), a. of Peru. ~ bark, bark of cinchona tree.

pervade' v.t. (-dable), spread through; be rife among or through. **perva'sive**, a.

perverse a. obstinately or wil-

fully in the wrong; wayward; peevish; wicked. perver'sity, ~ness, nn.; ~sive, a.
pervert, v.t. (pervĕrt'), turn to wrong use; interpret wrongly; lead astray. n. (pĕr'vĕrt), person who adopts another religion; perverted person. ~ible, a.
per'vious, a. allowing passage or access; not impervious.
pese'ta (-sā-), n. Spanish silver coin, 10d.
*pesk'y, a. vexatious, annoying.
peso (pā'sō), n. S.-Amer. silver coin worth about 4s.
pes'simism, tendency to look at the worst aspect of things. ~ist, n.; pessimis'tic, a.
pest, n. troublesome or noxious person, animal, or thing.
pes'ter, v.t. plague, importune.
pestif'erous, a. noxious; spreading infection, foul.
pes'tilence, n. fatal epidemic disease, esp. bubonic plague.
pes'tilent, a. deadly or pestiferous; troublesome; obnoxious.
pestilen'tial (-shl), a. causing or of the nature of pestilence.
pes'tle (-sl), n. instrument for pounding in a mortar.
pestol'ogy, n. study of (esp. insect) pests.
pet, n. animal or person on which affection is lavished; fit of sulks. v.t. make a pet of; fondle.
pet'al, n. coloured leaf of a flower.
petard', n. (hist.) small bomb for attaching to door &c., to burst it open; kind of firework.
pe'ter, v.i. (sl.) (with out) give out, come to an end.
pe'tersham, n. thick ribbed ribbon used for belts, &c.
pet'iole, n. leaf-stalk.
peti'tion, n. request, supplication, esp. written. v.t. & i. make petition (to); ask humbly. ~er, n. one who offers a petition.
pet'itio princip'ii (-shĭō), n. begging of the question.
pet'rel, n. a small sea-bird associated with storms.
pet'rify, v.t. & i. (-fahy), turn into stone; paralyse with terror; become rigid. ~fac'tion, n.
pet'rol, n. refined petroleum as used in motor-cars, &c.
petro'leum, n. mineral oil.
pet'ticoat, n. woman's garment worn immediately beneath dress.
pet'tifog, v.i. be or act like a pettifogger. ~ger, n. lawyer of low class; mean or crooked dealer. ~ging, a. mean, quibbling.
pet'tish, a. fretful, peevish.
pet'titoes (-ōz), n. (pl.) pig's feet.
pet'ty, a. unimportant, trivial; little-minded; minor, inferior.
pet'ulant, a. out of temper; tetchy. pet'ulance, n.
petu'nia, n. plant with vivid funnel-shaped flowers.
pew, n. enclosed seat in a church for worshippers.
pe'wit, pee-, n. kind of plover named from its cry; lapwing.
pew'ter, n. grey alloy of tin and other metals; utensils of pewter.
pfen'nig, n. small German coin, 1/100 of a mark.
pha'eton, n. light four-wheeled open carriage, usu. pair-horsed.
phal'anx, n. body of infantry in solid oblong formation; united or organized party or company.
phan'erogam, n. plant with pistils and stamens; flowering plant. ~ic, phanerogam'ous, aa.
phan'tasm, n. illusion, phantom; vision of absent person.
phantasmago'ria (-z-), n. crowd or succession of dim or doubtfully real persons. ~go'ric, a.
phan'tom, n. spectre, apparition; dim image; (attrib.) unreal.
phar'isee, n. formalist self-righteous person; hypocrite. ~sa'ical, a.; ~saism, n.
pharmaceu'tical, a. of pharmacy; of the use or sale of medicinal drugs. ~ics, ~ist, nn.
pharmacol'ogy, n. theory of pharmacy. ~gist, n.
pharmacopoe'ia (-pēa), n. book with list and directions for use of drugs; stock of drugs.
phar'macy, n. the art of dispensing drugs; a drug-store.

phar'ŏs, n. lighthouse, beacon.
phar'ynx, n. cavity behind mouth and nose. pharyn'geal (-j-) a.
phase (-z), n. aspect of moon or planet at a certain time; stage of development or process.
pheas'ant (fĕz-), n. a game-bird of handsome plumage.
phenŏm'enal, a. concerned with phenomena; out of the common, remarkable.
phenŏm'enon, n. (pl. -ena) observed or apparent object or fact or occurrence; remarkable person or thing; a wonder.
phī'al, n. small bottle.
philăn'der, v.i. amuse oneself with love-making.
philăn'thropy, n. doing good to one's fellow men. philanthrŏp'ic, a.; philăn'thropist, n.
philăt'ely, n. stamp-collecting. philatĕl'ic, a. philăt'elist, n.
philharmŏn'ic (-lăr-), a. musical (only in titles of societies).
philhĕll'ēne (-lē-), n. lover of Greece. —hellĕn'ic, a. —hĕll'ēnism, —ist, nn.
philĭpp'ic, n. an invective.
philĭp'pine (-ēn), n. almond or other nut with double kernel.
Philĭs'tine (or -in), n. uncultured person, a. uncultured. —ism, n.
philŏl'ogy, n. science of the structure and development of language. —ŏ'gical, a.; —gist, n.
philoprogĕn'itive, a. prolific; fond of one's offspring.
philŏs'opher, n. student or possessor of philosophy.
philosŏph'ical, aa. of or consonant with, showing, philosophy.
philŏs'ophize, v.i. play the philosopher; speculate, moralize.
philŏs'ophy, n. pursuit of wisdom or of the knowledge of things and their causes; equanimity.
phil'tre (-ter), n. love-potion.
phiz, n. (colloq.) person's face with regard to its looks.
phlĕbŏt'omy, n. blood-letting as medical operation.
phlegm (flĕm), n. bronchial mucus ejected by coughing; coolness of character or temper; impassiveness. phlegmăt'ic, a. not easily agitated, sluggish.
phlŏx, n. plant with salver-shaped flower.
Phoe'bus (fē-), n. Greek sun-god; (poet.) the sun.
phoen'ix (fē-), n. bird fabled to burn itself and rise renewed from its ashes; unique thing.
phōne, n. & v. (colloq.) telephone.
phonĕt'ic, a. of, in, or corresponding to vocal sound. phonĕt'ics, n. study of phonetic phenomena.
*phō'ney, a. (sl.) false, bogus, counterfeit.
phō'nic, a. acoustic, phonetic. phŏ'nics, n. phonetics.
phō'nogram, n. sound-record made by phonograph; sound symbol in shorthand.
phō'nograph (-ahf), n. instrument automatically recording and reproducing sounds. phonŏg'rapher, —raphist, nn. phonŏg'raphy, n. sound-recording by the phonograph, kind of shorthand.
phonŏl'ogy, n. science of vocal sounds. phōnolŏ'gical, a.
phō'notype, n. phonetic printing-type.
phŏs'gene, n. a poison gas, carbon oxychloride, used in the 1914-18 war.
phŏs'phate, n. a salt of phosphoric acid. phŏs'phide, n. a combination of phosphorus with an element or radical. phŏs'phite, n. a salt of phosphorous acid.
phŏs'phor-bronze, n. tough bronze alloy containing phosphorus.
phosphorĕsce', v.i. show phosphorescence. phosphorĕs'cence, n. faint luminosity in the dark. phosphorĕs'cent, a.
phosphŏr'ic, phŏs'phorous, aa. having phosphorus in lower higher proportion.
phŏs'phorus, n. a non-metallic element; a yellowish wax-like substance appearing luminous in the dark.
phō'tō, n. (pl. -os) & v.t. & i. photograph (colloq.). *—gĕn'ic,

apparatus for making direct facsimile reproductions. F

phō'tograph (-ahf), n. picture taken by means of light on sensitive film. v.t. & i. take photograph of; admit of being photographed. photog'rapher, ~phy n. ~ic, a.

photogravure' n. photograph reproduced by etching on metal.

photom'eter, n. instrument for measuring the intensity of light. photomet'ric, a.; photom'etry, n.

phō'tophone, n. instrument for transmitting sounds by means of light.

phō'tosphere, n. sun's or star's luminous envelope.

phōto-teleg'raphy, n. electric reproduction of pictures, writing, &c. at a distance.

phōtothĕ'rapy, n. treatment of disease by the influence of light.

phrāse (-z) n. mode of expression, diction; small group of words; (Mus.) short sequence of notes. v.t. (-sable) choose phrases for, term.

phrāseŏl'ogy (-z-), n. choice of words, diction. ~ŏ'gical, a.

phrenŏl'ogy n. study of external cranium as indicative of the affections and mental faculties. ~gist, n.

phthi'sis (th- or fth-), n. pulmonary consumption, progressive wasting disease. phthis'ical (tiz-) a. of phthisis.

phylăc'tery, n. small leather box containing Hebrew texts on vellum, worn by Jews as amulet.

phylloxe'ra, n. plant-louse injurious to vines.

phy'sic (-z-), n. the medical art or profession; (colloq.) drugs. v.t. dose; (sl.) handle severely.

phy'sical (-z-) a. of nature or according to its laws; of physics.

physi'cian (-zishn), n. legally qualified medical practitioner.

phy'sicist (-z-), n. person skilled in physics or natural science.

phy'sics (-z-), n.pl. science of the properties and interrelations of matter and energy.

physiog'nomy (-zion-), n. face as index of character; art of judging character from face and form. ~mist, n.

physiog'raphy (-z-), n. description of natural phenomena; physical geography. physiograph'ical, a.

physiŏl'ogy (-z-), n. science of the functions and phenomena of living things. physiolo'gical, a. physiŏl'ogist, n.

physique' (-zēk), n. bodily structure and development.

pi'a mā'ter, n. inner membrane enveloping brain and spinal cord; one's brain or wits.

‖ pianis'simo, adv. & n. (Mus.) (passage to be played) very softly.

pi'anist (pēa-), n. performer on piano.

‖ pia'no[1] (-ah-), adv. & n. (passage to be played) softly.

piăn'o[2] (pl. -os), pianofor'te, nn. metal-stringed keyboard musical instrument.

piano'la (pēa-), n. kind of mechanical pianoforte-player. P

piās'tre (-ter), n. Spanish or Egyptian or Turkish coin.

piăz'za (-tsa), n. square or market-place in Italian town.

pibroch (pē'brok), n. form of bagpipe music.

pi'ca, n. size of type (12-point).

picadōr' n. mounted man with lance in bull-fight.

picarĕsque' (-sk), a. (of fiction) relating to rogues.

picaroon' n. rogue, pirate.

picayune' (-ēyōōn'), n. small coin, esp. 5-cent piece or Spanish half real, trifle. a. petty, mean.

piccanin'ny n. negro child.

pic'colo, n. (pl. -os), small high-pitched flute.

pice, n. E.-Ind. coin, ¼ anna.

pick, n. instrument with sharp-pointed iron cross-bar for breaking up ground; small pointed instrument; the best. v.t. & i. break up ground, &c.; probe teeth; open lock; pluck (feathers) rifle pocket, by stealth; pluck, gather (flower,

fruit, &c.); select (one's words, way &c.). ~axe, pick (first sense). ~pocket, person who picks pockets.

pick'erel, n. young pike.

pick'et, n. peg or pointed stake; small body of men on military police duty; man or party stationed to deter would-be workers during strike. v.t. set with stakes; tether to peg; post as picket; beset with pickets.

pick'ings (-z), n.pl. odds and ends of profits made by agents, &c.

pic'kle, n. brine or other liquor for preserving food, &c.; sorry plight or dirty state; (usu. pl.) vegetables in vinegar, &c.; young rascal. v.t. preserve in or treat with pickle. *pic'kled (-ld), a. drunk.

pic'nic, n. pleasure excursion including outdoor meal. v.i. (-ck-), take part in picnic.

picotee', n. carnation with dark edged petals.

pi'cric, a. ~ acid, bitter yellow substance used in dyes and explosives.

pictor'ial, a. of, in, by or with painting or pictures.

pic'ture, n. painting or drawing of objects, esp. as work of art; portrait; beautiful object; the pictures, cinema-show. v.t. (-rable), depict in painting, &c.; represent to others in words or to oneself in imagination. ~-gallery, building for exhibition of pictures. ~ palace, ~ theatre, cinema.

picturesque (-kcheresk'), a. such as would be effective in a picture; (of language) graphic.

pidg'in, a. ~ English, jargon used in dealings with Chinese.

pie¹, n. kinds of bird, esp. woodpecker.

pie², n. dish of meat or fruit covered in with paste. ~crust, baked paste of pie. ~man, seller of pies. *~plant, garden rhubarb.

pie³, n. (Anglo-Ind.) small copper coin, the twelfth part of an anna.

piebald (pi'bawld), a. having white and black in irregular patches; motley, heterogeneous. n. a piebald horse or other animal.

piece, n. one of the distinct parts of a composite whole; fragment; specimen; example; picture, drama, or literary or musical composition. v.t. (-ceable), make of pieces; put together or mend; make out. ~-goods, textile fabrics woven in recognized lengths. ~-work, work paid by the piece.

‖pièce de résistance (pyās de rāstahns), most substantial dish; most important item.

piece'meal (-sm-), adv. part at a time. a. done piecemeal.

pied (pid), a. of black and white or of mixed colours.

pier, n. support of spans of bridge; pillar; solid part of wall between windows, &c.; structure running out into the sea; breakwater. ~-glass, large mirror.

pierce, v.t. & i. (-ceable) go through or into like a spear or needle; penetrate; bore.

Pier'ian, a. of the Muses.

pierrot (pē'ĕrō, pyĕr'ō), n. (fem. -rette), minstrel with whitened face and loose white dress.

pi'etism, n. exaggeration or affectation of piety. pi'etist, n.

pi'ety, n. piousness.

pif'fle, n. (sl.) silly stuff.

pig, n. swine, hog; person like pig in greed, dirt, or perversity; oblong mass of smelted iron or other metal. v.i. (of sow) produce litter; live in dirty untidy way. ~-headed, obstinate. ~-iron, iron in pigs or rough bars. ~-nut, kind of earth-nut. ~-skin, leather used for saddles, &c.; (sl.) football. ~-sticking, hunting of wild boar with spear, esp. in India; butchering of swine. ~-sty, sty for pigs; (fig.) dirty hovel. ~-tail, plait of hair hanging from back of head.

pi'geon (-jn), n. bird with many varieties, wild and domesticated; the dove; person who is rooked or plucked. ~-hole, n. one of the compartments in

pit¹, n. natural hole in ground; hole made in digging for minerals, &c.; depression in skin or any surface; floor of theatre auditorium; *part of exchange devoted to special business. v.t. make pits in; store in pit; match against another. ~fall, covered pit as trap; also fig. ~man, miner; *connecting-rod.
*pit² n. stone of peach, plum, cherry, &c.
pit'-a-pat, adv. with palpitations; with light quick steps.
pitch¹ n. dark resinous substance for caulking ships, &c. v.t. coat with pitch. ~pine, resinous kinds of pine.
pitch² v.t. & i. set up in chosen position; encamp; give a chosen altitude or gradient to; throw, fling, fall. n. act or process of pitching; height, degree, intensity; gradient; acuteness of tone; part of ground where wickets are pitched. ~fork, n. implement for pitching hay; v.t. toss with pitchfork; thrust into office, &c. ~pipe, small pipe blown to set pitch.
pitch'er¹, n. (esp.) baseball player who delivers the ball.
pitch'er², n. large jug, ewer. ~plant, plant with pitcher-shaped leaves.
pit'eous, a. deplorable; stirring or claiming pity.
pith, n. spongy cellular tissue in stems of plants; chief part; vigour, energy. ~less, a. flaccid. pith'y, a. concise, terse.
pit'iable, a. deserving of pity.
pit'iful, a. compassionate; stirring pity; contemptible.
pit'iless, a. feeling no pity.
pit'tance, n. scanty allowance.
pitu'itary, a. of or secreting phlegm or mucus.
pit'y, n. sorrow for another's suffering; regrettable fact, regrettableness. v.t. feel pity for.
piv'ot, n. pin on which something turns; cardinal point in discussion. piv'otal, a.
pix'y, n. fairy.

plā'cable, a. easily appeased; mild-tempered. ~bility, n.
placard, n. (plăk'ard), paper with announcement for posting up. v.t. (plakard'), post placards on wall, &c.; advertise by placards.
placate', v.t. (-able), conciliate, propitiate; *purchase the connivance, &c. of opponents.
place, n. particular part of space; city, town, village, residence, building; situation as public or other servant; (also place-kick) kicking of football laid by another player for the purpose. v.t. (-ceable), put or dispose in place; assign rank or order to; put order for goods into the hands of; kick (goal) with place-kick. ~man, holder of public office.
placen'ta, n. (pl. -ae), spongy organ nourishing the foetus in mammals; (Bot.) part of carpel to which seeds are attached. placen'tal, a.
plă'cid, a. calm, unruffled; not easily disturbed. placid'ity, n.
plack'et, n. slit in woman's skirt or petticoat.
pla'giarize, v.t. & i. (-zable), publish borrowed thoughts, &c. as original; steal from thus. ~ism, ~ist, nn.
plague (-g), n. pestilence; prevalence of some pest; (colloq.) nuisance. v.t. (-guable), pester, worry. pla'guy (-gi), a. annoying.
plaice, n. kind of flat-fish.
plaid (plăd), n. long shawl used by Highlanders; tartan rug.
plain, a. clear, evident; straightforward; ordinary homely; not luxurious; not good-looking. adv. intelligibly, clearly. n. level tract of country. ~song, unison singing with free rhythm as in Gregorian chants. ~spoken, frank.
plaint, n. statement of grievance in court; lamentation. plain'tiff, n. prosecutor in lawsuit.
plain'tive, a. mournful-sounding.
plait (plăt), n. tress of hair or band of straw &c. made by interlacing. v.t. form into plait.

plan, n. drawing exhibiting the relative position and size of the represented thing's parts; diagram, map; project, design. v.t. & i. make plan of; make design for; arrange beforehand.

planchette' (-sh-), n. small board used in psychical experiments.

plane¹ n. a tall spreading broad-leaved tree.

plane² n. a level surface supporting-part of aeroplane; (esp. in pl.) aeroplane(s); level of attainment; paring-tool for smoothing surface of wood or metal. a. forming or lying in a plane; smooth or level as a plane. v.t. & i. (-nable) smooth or pare away with plane; travel, glide, in aeroplane.

plan'et, n. heavenly body revolving round the sun. ~ary, a.

plank, n. long flat piece of smoothed timber; item of party programme. v.t. lay &c. with planks; (sl.) ~ down, pay.

plant (-ah-), n. member of the vegetable kingdom; equipment for a manufacture; (sl.) hoax. v.t. place (seed, &c.) in the ground to grow; furnish (land) with people or settlers; fix firmly; establish; deliver (blow).

plan'tain¹ (-tin), n. herb yielding seed used as food for cage-birds.

plan'tain² (-tin), n. tropical tree and fruit like banana.

planta'tion, n. number of trees planted together; estate for cultivation of cotton, &c.; colony.

plan'ter (-ah-), n. grower of tropical produce.

plaque (plahk), n. ornamental tablet of metal, porcelain, &c.

plash¹ n. sound of plunging into water. v.t. make plash.

plash² v.t. bend down and interweave hedge-growth.

plas'ma, 'sm (-z-), nn. living matter of a cell; colourless liquid part of milk, blood, or lymph.

plas'ter (-ah-), n. fabric spread with medicinal or adhesive substance for application to the body; plastic mixture spread on walls, &c.; preparation of gypsum. v.t. apply plaster to; bedaub. plas'terer (-ah-), n. workman plastering walls.

plas'tic, a. moulding; giving form to clay, wax, &c.; easily moulded, pliant. plastic'ity n.

plas'tron, n. fencer's chest-pad; Lancers' breast-cloth; woman's ornamental bodice-front.

plate, n. flat thin sheet of metal, glass, &c.; engraved piece of metal; illustration printed from engraved plate, &c.; (collect.) table utensils of gold, silver, or other metal; shallow circular food vessel. v.t. (-table) cover ship with metal plates; coat (metal) with deposit of silver, gold, or tin.

plat'eau (-ō), n. (pl. -s, -x, pr. -z) table-land; tract of high ground.

plat'en (-tn), n. plate in printing-press by which paper is pressed against type; corresponding part in type-writers, &c.

plat'form, n. level surface raised above the surrounding ground or floor; party programme.

plat'inotype, n. photograph's process or picture done with platinum.

plat'inum, n. white heavy ductile malleable metal.

plat'itude, n. trite remark.

Platon'ic, a. of Plato or his doctrines; (pop.) confined to words or theory; harmless or ineffectual.

platoon' n. the quarter of an infantry company, each containing four sections.

plat'ter, n. dish or plate.

plaud'it, n. (usu. in pl.) round of applause; commendation.

plaus'ible (-z-), a. specious, clever at making out a case. ~bility n.

play v.i. shift about; have free movement; sport, trifle, amuse oneself; engage in games, gambling, acting, or make-believe; perform on musical instrument. v.t. take part in game; have as opponent in game; (Crick.) strike ball defensively; act in drama, &c.; perform on musical instrument; keep (fish, during

lightly to hand till secure. n. brisk or light movement; recreation; trifling; playing of game; dramatic piece; gambling. ~bill, theatre programme or poster. ~fellow companion in childhood. ~ground, school recreation-ground. ~house, theatre. ~mate, playfellow. ~thing, toy. ~wright, dramatist. play'er, n. (esp.) actor; professional at cricket, &c. player piano, self-playing piano. play'ful, a. frolic-some, sportive.

plea, n. excuse; defence; defendant's or prisoner's statement.

plead, v.i. & t. address court as advocate or party; allege as plea; make earnest appeal. ~er, n. professional advocate. ~ing, n. formal statement of charge or defence.

plea'sance (-lĕz-), n. pleasure-ground.

plea'sant (-lĕz-), a. agreeable; giving pleasure. ~ry, n. a jest.

please (-z), v.i. & t. (-sable), be agreeable or give joy or gratification to; choose; be willing.

pleasure (plĕzh'er), n. satisfaction, delight; sensuous enjoyment; will, discretion, choice. (attrib.) designed, &c., for pleasure and not for business (~ boat, &c.). ~rable, a. affording pleasure.

pleat, n. band of triple thickness on garment, &c. made by folding. v.t. make pleat in.

*plebe, n. (sl.) member of lowest class at U.S. Naval or Military Academy.

plebei'an (-bēan), a. belonging to the common people; of low birth. n. a plebeian person.

pleb'iscite, n. decision of a whole people by direct voting.

plec'trum, n. (pl. -ra), implement of ivory, &c. for plucking strings of lyre, &c.

pledge, n. thing deposited as security; thing pawned; token, earnest, proof; toast; solemn promise. v.t. (-geable), deposit as pledge; pawn; bind (oneself); drink to health of.

pledg'et, n. small mass of lint, &c. for wound, &c.

Pleiads (plī'adz) or Pleiades (-dēz), n.pl. seven stars closely grouped in Taurus.

pleisto'cene (-līs-), a. (Geol.) of the division immediately overlying the pliocene formation.

plē'nary, a. not subject to limitation or exceptions; complete.

plenipoten'tiary (-shar-), n. envoy or commissioner appointed to act according to his own discretion. a. having full powers.

plen'itude, n. abundance; fullness, completeness.

plen'teous, plen'tiful, aa. copious, abundant.

plen'ty, n. abundance; quite enough. adv. (colloq.) quite.

ple'onasm, n. (Gram.) use of more words than are needed to give the sense. pleonas'tic, a.

pleth'ora, n. excess of red corpuscles in the blood; over-supply, glut. plethor'ic, a.

pleur'isy (ploor-), n. inflammation of the membrane enclosing the lungs. pleurit'ic, a.

pleuropneumo'nia (plooro-), n. pleurisy and pneumonia.

plex'us, n. network, esp. (Anat.) of fibres, &c.

pli'able, pli'ant, aa. easily bent or influenced; supple, yielding; accommodating. pliabil'ity, pli'ancy, nn.

pli'ers (-z), n.pl. pincers with flat grip for bending wire, &c.

plight[1] (plīt), v.t. pledge, give as surety; engage (oneself).

plight[2] (plīt), n. condition, state, predicament.

plinth, n. slab or course between ground or floor and pedestal, pillar, wall, &c.

pli'ocene, a. (Geol.) of the newest division of Tertiary formations.

plod, v.i. walk or work doggedly.

plot, n. small piece of land; plan or essential facts of a tale; conspiracy. v.t. & i. devise secretly; hatch secret plans; represent by chart or map or diagram.

plough (plow), n. implement for

furrowing and turning up the soil. v.t. & i. turn up (land) with plough; furrow, make furrow; (sl.) reject candidate in examination. ~man, guider of plough. ~share, blade of plough.
plo'ver (-ŭv-), n. kinds of shore bird.
ploy n. (north.) expedition, undertaking, occupation, job.
pluck, v.t. & i. strip (bird) of feathers; plunder or swindle; summon up pick or gather; snatch at, (sl.) reject candidate in examination. n. beast's heart, liver, and lungs courage. pluck'y a. brave, spirited.
plug, n. something fitting into and stopping or filling a hole or cavity; hard-pressed tobacco, *(sl.) worn-out horse. v.t. & i. stop with plug; put plug into (sl.) work hard.
plum, n. kinds of stone-fruit and tree; currant or raisin; fortune of £100,000 good thing. ~ cake, ~ duff, ~ pudding, cake or pudding containing raisins, currants, &c.
plu'mage (-ōō-), n. bird's feathers.
plumb (-m), n. ball of lead attached to string for testing perpendicularity of walls, &c.; perpendicularity sounding-lead. a. vertical level, true. adv. vertically exactly *(sl.) quite, utterly v.t. & i. sound (water) measure (depth); ascertain depth or get to the bottom of make vertical; work as plumber. ~line, string with plumb attached.
plumbă'gō, n. black lead, the material of pencils; the plant leadwort. plumbă'ginous, a.
plum'bēous, a. like lead, esp. in colour.
plumb'er (-mer) n. artisan who fits and repairs pipes, &c. with lead, &c. plumb'ery (-mer-), n.
plume (-ōō-), n. feather, esp. of the showy sort; feathery ornament in hat, helmet, hair &c. v.t. furnish with plume; pride (oneself); (of bird) trim (feathers). ~let, n.
plumōse' (-ōō-), a. with feathery filaments.
plumm'et, n. plumb or plumb-line; sounding-lead.
plump, a. rounded with sufficient flesh or fat; (of statement, &c.) direct, uncompromising. v.t. & i. deposit or fall or set abruptly come unexpectedly upon vote only for one candidate; express unhesitating preference for. adv. abruptly bluntly plump'er, n. unsplit vote or its giver.
plun'der, v.t. & i. carry off goods by open force rob, steal, embezzle. n. pillage, spoils.
plunge (-j), v.t. & i. (-geable), immerse completely; (fig.) put into any state suddenly dive or throw oneself impetuously into (of horse) start violently forward; (sl.) gamble, run into debt. n. plunging action; dive. plun'ger (-j-), n. (esp.) pump-piston (sl.) gambler or speculator.
*plunk, v.t. & i. throw or fall heavily or abruptly n. dull hard blow; (sl.) dollar.
plu'perf'ect (-ōō-), or ~ tense, tense expressing action completed before a past point of time.
plu'ral (-oor-), a. more than one in number n. the plural number; a plural word or form. ~ism, n. holding of plural offices or votes. ~ist, n.; ~istic, a. plural'ity (-oor-), n. being plural pluralism; majority of votes.
plus, prep. with the addition of. a. to be added. n. (pl. -sses), symbol of addition (+). ~ fours, a style of men's knickerbockers.
plush, n. cloth of silk or cotton with long soft nap.
plutŏ'cracy (-ōō-), n. State in which power belongs to the rich; the wealthy class. plu'tocrat (-ōō-), n. member of plutocracy; rich man. plutocrat'ic, a.
Pluto'nic, Pluto'nian (-ōō-), aa. of Pluto, the God of Hades; (Geol.) igneous; volcanic.
plu'vial (-ōō-), a. (Geol.) of or caused by rain.

vessels. pŏt′tery, n. potter's work or workshop.
pot′tle, n. (hist.) measure (half gallon), pot containing it.
pŏt′ty, a. (sl.) insignificant; crazy.
pouch, n. small bag; detachable pocket. v.t. & i. put into pouch; take shape of or hang like pouch.
poult (pōlt), n. young fowl, turkey, or game-bird. poult′erer (pō-), n. dealer in poultry.
poul′tice (pōl-), n. soft dressing applied to sore or inflamed part. v.t. apply poultice to.
poul′try (pōl-), n. barndoor and other fowls reared for food.
pounce¹ v.i. swoop, come suddenly down, upon. n. sudden descent upon something; (arch.) talon.
pounce² n. fine powder used in pattern-tracing, or to prevent ink from spreading on unsized paper.
pound¹ v.t. & i. crush to pieces or powder or shapelessness; thump, pummel; make continued efforts.
pound² n. enclosure for detention of stray cattle.
pound³ n. a measure of weight (abbr. lb.), 16 oz. avoirdupois, 12 oz. troy; a money of account (symbol £ or l.), 20 shillings; (hist.) pound Scots, 1s. 8d. poun′dage, n. commission or fee of so much per £; payment of so much per lb.; (hist.) customs-duty on pound's-worth of imports and exports.
pour (pōr), v.t. & i. issue or make issue in a stream or shower; discharge; send forth.
‖ pourparler (poorpărlā′), n. (usu. in pl.) informal opening of a question between diplomatists.
poussette′ (pōō-), n. & v.i. swing round with joined hands in country dance.
pout, v.i. & t. thrust out the lips, protrude (lips). n. act or fact of pouting; kinds of fish. pout′er, n. (esp.) pigeon with prominent crop.
pov′erty, n. want of means, indigence; the poor; poorness.

powd′er, n. mass of fine dry particles; cosmetic or a dose of medicine in this form; gunpowder. v.t. & i. reduce to powder; sprinkle with powder. —flask, —horn, —magazine, for carrying or storing gunpowder. —monkey (hist.) boy carrying gunpowder on ship during action. powd′ery, a. consisting of or covered with powder.
pow′er, n. ability to do or act; delegated authority; control, influence, ascendancy; mechanical energy applicable to work. —house, —station, house or station for generating and distributing electric power.
pow′erful, a. having great power. —less, a. without power; helpless.
pow′-wow, n. meeting of N.-Amer. Indians for conference, &c.; (joc.) conference, palaver.
prac′ticable, a. that can be done; feasible. —bility, n.
prac′tical, a. of, concerned with, shown in, action rather than theory or words. —ăl′ity, n.
prac′tically, adv. virtually.
prac′tice, n. action as opposed to theory; established method; exercise to improve skill; lawyer's or doctor's professional business; (Arith.) mode of multiplying together quantities of several denominations.
prac′tise, v.t. & i. (-sable), put in practice; pursue profession, exercise oneself in; impose upon.
practi′tioner (-shə-), n. practising doctor or lawyer.
praepŏs′tor (prĭp-), n. prefect or monitor in school. —ôr′ial, a.
prae′tor, n. ancient-Roman magistrate of lower rank than consul.
praetor′ian, a. of a praetor; of the bodyguard of Roman emperor or general. n. man of praetorian rank; praetorian soldier.
pragmăt′ic, —al, aa. (usu. -al) meddlesome; positive, dictatorial; (usu. -ic) treating facts of history with reference to their practical lessons; of State affairs. prăg′matism, n. prag-

matical behaviour or tendencies; (Philos.) doctrine that estimates any assertion solely by its practical bearing upon human interests. ~ist, n. ~istic, a.

prair'ie, n. large treeless tract of grass-land.

praise (-z), v.t. (-sable) express approbation of, commend, glorify. n. commendation, glorification, praising. praise'worthy (-werdhi), a. meritorious.

Prak'rit (prah-) n. any of the dialects of N. and Central India existing alongside of or growing out of Sanskrit.

pra'line (prah-), n. sweetmeat of nuts and sugar.

pram, n. perambulator.

prance (-ah-), v.i. (of horse) spring from hind legs; walk, move, in elated or arrogant manner. n. prancing, caper.

pran'dial, a. of or at dinner.

prank, v.i. & t. deck, adorn, spangle; show oneself off. n. gambol, frolic, escapade.

prase, n. a green quartz.

prate, v.i. discourse foolishly; talk solemn nonsense. n. idle talk.

prat'tle, v.i. talk in childish or artless way. n. prattling talk. pratt'ler, n. (esp.) young child.

prawn, n. crustacean like large shrimp.

pray, v.i. & t. offer prayers, make supplication (to God or person); ask earnestly; beg for.

prayer (prar), n. petition made to God, praying, entreaty. ~-book, (esp.) Book of Common Prayer. prayer'ful (-rf-), a. not without prayer; given to prayer.

pre-, pre', before (in time, place, order, or importance), freely used with Eng. words, only the more important of which are given below.

preach, v.i. & t. deliver sermon; talk like preacher of sermon; give obtrusive advice. ~er, n. ~ment, n. (colloq.) intrusive moralizing.

pream'ble, n. part of a document, &c. serving as introduction.

pre-arrange, v.t. & i. arrange beforehand. ~ment, n.

preb'end, n. stipend of canon or member of chapter. ~al, a. ~ary, n. holder of a prebend.

precar'ious, a. dependent on chance; uncertain, risky.

precau'tion, n. thing done beforehand to prevent an apprehended evil. ~ary, a.

precede', v.t. & i. (-dable) come or go before in place or time. prec'edence, n. priority in time or succession; superiority; higher position. pre'cedent, n. previous case taken as example or justification of rule. a. preceding.

precen'tor, n. leader of choir's or congregation's singing.

pre'cept, n. rule for action or conduct; kinds of writ or warrant. precep'tor, n. teacher, instructor. ~tress, n.

preces'sion (-shn), n. change by which the equinoxes occur earlier in each successive sidereal year.

pre'cinct, n. ground pertaining to a sacred or official building or place; (pl.) environs; *police- or election-district.

preciosi'ty (-shi-), n. over-refinement in art, esp. in choice of words.

pre'cious (-shus), a. of great value, valuable; highly valued; (colloq., usu. in irony) great, fine.

pre'cipice, n. vertical steep face of rock, cliff, mountain, &c.

precip'itance, ~cy, nn. rash haste; headlong hurry.

precip'itate (-itable), v.t. (-āt), throw headlong down; cause to go hurriedly or violently; cause (solid matter in solution) to be deposited. a. (-it), headlong; rash; done too soon. n. (-it), solid matter precipitated. ~tion, n. rash haste; depositing of solid matter from solution.

precip'itous, a. of the nature of a precipice.

précis (prā'sē), n. summary.

precise', a. strictly worded; definite, exact, particular. ~ly, adv. exactly; just so.

preci'sian (-zhn), *n.* punctilious or formal person.
preci'sion (-zhn), *n.* accuracy.
preclude' (-ood) *v.t.* (-dable), prevent; make impracticable.
preco'cious (-shus), *a.* remarkable for early development; too forward. **preco'city**, *n.*
precogni'tion, *n.* foreknowledge; preliminary examination.
preconceive' (-sēv), *v.t.* form an opinion beforehand.
preconcep'tion, *n.* preconceived notion.
preconcert' *v.t.* agree upon beforehand.
precurs'or *n.* person or thing serving to herald the coming of another. **precurs'ory** *a.*
preda'cious (-shus), *a.* subsisting by the capture of living prey of predacious animals.
pred'atory *a.* of, addicted to, plunder or robbery.
predecease' *v.t.* die before another. *n.* death before another's.
pre'decessor, *n.* former holder of any office or position.
predes'tine, *v.t.* appoint or ordain beforehand. ~**nation**, *n.* God's appointment from eternity of those who shall be saved.
predeter'mine, *v.t.* determine beforehand, predestine. ~**nate**, *a.* ~**nation**, *n.*
pre'dicable, *a.* that can be predicated or affirmed. *n.* predicable thing. ~**bility** *n.*
predic'ament, *n.* unpleasant, trying, or dangerous situation.
pred'icate, *v.t.* (-āt), state as true of or pertaining to something. *n.* (-ĭt), that which is predicated; (Gram.) what is said of the subject, including the copula. ~**tion**, *n.* act of predicating. **predic'ative**, *a.* making a predication; (Gram.) forming part or the whole of the predicate.
predict' *v.t.* & *i.* forecast, prophesy. ~**ability** *n.* ~**ion**, *n.* forecasting; a prophecy. ~**ive**, *a.*; ~**or**, *n.*
predilec'tion, *n.* mental preference, partiality (for).
predispose' (-z), *v.t.* render liable, subject, or inclined beforehand. **predisposition**, *n.* antecedent state favourable to ailment, purpose, &c.
predom'inate, *v.i.* have the chief power or influence; prevail; preponderate. ~**nce**, *n.*; ~**ant**, *a.*
pre-em'inent, *a.* excelling all others. ~**nce**, *n.* superiority.
pre-emp'tion, *n.* purchase of a thing before it is offered to others; right to first refusal.
preen, *v.t.* trim (feathers) with beak; (fig.) smarten oneself.
pref'ace, *n.* introductory remarks prefixed to a book; preamble of speech, &c. *v.t.* (-reāce), introduce or begin as with a preface. **pref'atory** *a.*
pre'fect, *n.* person put in authority; senior scholar entrusted with maintaining discipline. ~**ure**, *n.* prefect's office, residence, district, or tenure.
prefer' *v.t.* hold superior, like better; bring forward (claim, &c.); promote to office. **pref'erable**, *a.* deserving preference; superior to. ~**bly**, *adv.* for choice. **pref'erence**, *n.* liking of one thing more than another; prior right; favoured position. **preferen'tial** *a.* (-shl), of, giving, or receiving preference. **prefer'ment**, *n.* promotion; ecclesiastical or other post.
prefig'ure (-ger) *v.t.* be a type of; foreshadow. ~**ment**, *n.*
prefix' *v.t.* add at the beginning. **pre'fix** *n.* preposition or particle prefixed to a word; title or particle prefixed to names.
preg'nant, *a.* with child; fruitful in results; big with consequences; suggestive. **preg'nancy** *n.*
prehen'sile (or -īl), *a.* (of tail, foot, &c.) capable of grasping. ~**sion**, *n.* power of grasping.
prehistor'ic, *a.* before the days recorded by history.
prejudge' *v.t.* pass judgement on before hearing the evidence.
prej'udice (-jŏŏ-), *n.* preconceived

opinion, bias; injury or detriment that results from some action. v.t. (-consid), impair the validity or prospects of; inspire with prejudice. prejudi'cial (-ĭdĭshl) a. detrimental.

pre'lacy, n. Church government by prelates; the prelates; the dignity of a prelate. pre'late, n. bishop or ecclesiastic of equal or higher rank. prela'tical, a.

prelect', v.i. lecture, esp. as prelector. ~ion, n. lecture. ~or, n. public lecturer.

prelim'inary, a. preceding and leading up to the main business; introductory. n. preliminary step or arrangement.

prel'ude, n. that which serves as introduction. v.t. & i. serve as prelude to; play musical prelude. prelu'sive (-lōō-), a. introductory.

premature', a. occurring or done before the right or usual time; hasty.

premed'itate (pri-), v.t. think out beforehand. ~tion, n.

prem'ier, a. foremost, leading; having precedence of all others. n. prime minister. ~ship, n.

premise, n. (prem'is), proposition from which an inference is drawn; (pl.) beginning of a deed specifying names of parties, property &c.; (pl.) any house or building with its belongings. v.t. (primiz'), say or write by way of introduction.

pre'mium, n. reward; amount or instalment payable for an insurance policy; fee for instruction in profession, &c.; a bonus.

premoni'tion, n. forewarning. premon'itory, a. serving to warn.

preoccupa'tion, n. occupying beforehand; business that takes precedence; mental absorption.

preoc'cupy, v.t. occupy beforehand; prevent from attending to other things.

preordain', v.t. decree beforehand.

prepara'tion, n. preparing; (usu. pl.) thing(s) done to make ready; time devoted to school lessons (abbrev. prep.); medicine.

prepa'rative, a. preparatory.

prepa'ratory, a. serving to prepare; introductory to.

prepare', v.t. & i. (-rable), make ready; get into train or proper state; make preparations.

prepay', v.t. pay in advance.

prepense', a. (placed after n.) deliberate, intentional.

prepon'derate, v.i. be heavier; be superior in influence, quantity or number. ~ance, n. ~ant, a.

preposi'tion (-z-), n. indeclinable word serving to mark relation between the noun or pronoun it governs and another word. ~al, a.

prepossess', v.t. imbue with some sentiment; take possession of. ~ion, n. prejudice, esp. in favour of person or thing.

prepos'terous, a. utterly absurd; perverse; contrary to reason.

prerog'ative, n. the power vested in a sovereign in virtue of his office; peculiar right or privilege.

presage, n. (pre'sĭj), omen, presentiment. v.t. (prisāj'), foreshadow, foretell, foresee.

presbyo'pia (-z-), n. long-sightedness incident to old age.

pres'byter (-z-), n. officer of the early Church; priest of Episcopal Church; elder of Presbyterian Church; member of presbytery. presbyte'rian (-z-), a. (of Church) governed by presbyteries. n. member of a Presbyterian Church. ~ianism, n. pres'bytery (-z-), n. ecclesiastical court in Presbyterian Church; sanctuary or eastern part of chancel.

pre'scient (-shyent), a. having foreknowledge or foresight. pre'science (-shyens), n.

prescribe', v.t. & i. (-bable), lay down authoritatively; advise use of (medicine, remedy &c.).

pre'script, n. an ordinance or decree. prescrip'tion, n. prescribing; thing prescribed, esp. by physician; written statement of this; uninterrupted use as

basis of a right. ~ive, a. that prescribes or gives directions; based on prescription or custom.

pres'ence (-z-), n. being present; place where person is; personal appearance; readiness at need. ~chamber, great person's reception-room.

pres'ent¹ (-z-), a. on the spot, here; now existing, occurring, being dealt with. n. the present time; present tense.

pres'ent² (-z-), n. gift.

present'³ (-z-), v.t. set in conspicuous position; introduce exhibit; hold out; offer deliver give; hold (rifle) in position for shooting. n. (Mil.) attitude of presenting rifle. ~able, a. of decent appearance; fit to be shown. ~ability n. presenta'tion, n. presenting; right of presenting to a benefice.

presen'timent (-z-), n. vague expectation; foreboding.

pres'ently (-z-), adv. before long.

present'ment (-z-), n. laying of a formal statement before a court, &c.; performance of play &c.

preserva'tion (-z-), n. preserving being preserved.

preserv'ative (-z-), a. tending to preserve. n. drug, &c. for preserving.

preserve' (-z-), v.t. (-vable), keep safe; keep alive; maintain; prepare so as to keep fit for food. n. jam; place where game is preserved.

preside' (-z-), v.i. be chairman or president. pres'idency (-z-), n. office of president; district in India (Bengal, Madras, Bombay, Presidency, not now official). pres'ident (-z-), n. head of a company of persons; elected head of a republic. presiden'tial, a.

press¹ v.t. & i. subject to a steady push or squeeze; exert pressure smooth (clothes, &c.). n. crowding; pressure; machine for pressing; printing-press, the newspapers; cupboard for clothes, &c.; set of shelves for books. ~man, operator of printing-press, journalist or reporter. ~mark, library shelf-mark.

press² v.t. force to serve in army or navy. ~gang, body employed to press men for the navy.

pre'ssure (-sher), n. the force exerted by one body acting on another; urgency constraining influence.

prestidigita'tion, n. sleight of hand. prestidig'itator, n.

prestige (-ēzh), n. influence or reputation.

pres'to, adv. (used in conjuring) quickly. a. rapid, lively.

presume' (-z-), v.t. & i. (-mable), take for granted; take the liberty, venture. presum'able, ~ably (-z-), adv. as may fairly be or is presumed. presump'tion, a. presumptuous.

presump'tion (-z-), n. supposition; balance of probability; arrogance, assurance.

presump'tive (-z-), a. that may be assumed to be such till the contrary is proved; supposed.

presump'tuous (-z-), a. presuming; forward; arrogant.

presuppose' (-z), v.t. take for granted; imply the existence of. ~sition, n. thing assumed as basis for argument, &c.

pretence' n. pretending, makebelieve; pretext; claim.

pretend' v.t. & i. lay claim; feign profess falsely. preten'der, n. claimant to title, &c.

preten'sion (-shn), n. assertion of a claim; pretentiousness.

preten'tious (-shus) a. making claim to great merit; ostentatious; lacking in modesty.

pret'erite, a. & n. past (tense).

pretermit' v.t. pass over without mention; omit to do or perform leave off for a time.

pre'text, n. ostensible reason; excuse.

pre'tty (-ĭ-), a. attractive to eye, ear or aesthetic sense; fine or commendable. adv. tolerably fairly

prevail' v.i. gain the mastery; attain one's object; predominate; be current.

prev'alent, *a.* in general operation; generally experienced at a time or place. **prev'alence**, *n.*

prevar'icate, *v.i.* make evasive or misleading statements; quibble, equivocate. **~tion**, **~tor**, *nn.*

preve'nient, *a.* anticipatory; preceding something else.

prevent', *v.t.* hinder, stop; secure the non-occurrence of. **~ion**, *n.* **~ive**, *a.* serving to prevent something, esp. disease; *n.* preventive agent, drug, measure, &c.

pre'vious, *a.* coming before in time or order, prior to; (*sl.*) done or acting hastily.

previ'sion (-zhn), *n.* foresight; foreknowledge.

prey (prā), *n.* animal hunted and killed by carnivorous animals for food; person's victim. *v.i.* (with *upon*) habitually devour or plunder; exert baneful influence.

price, *n.* money for which thing is bought or sold; (*fig.*) consideration or sacrifice necessary to obtain a thing. *v.t.* (-cable), state the price of; affix the price to. **~less**, *a.* too precious to be priced, invaluable; (*sl.*) incredibly amusing or delightful.

prick, *v.t.* & *i.* pierce slightly, make minute hole in; pain sharply; feel sharp pain; spur, goad. *n.* pricking, mark of it; goad.

prick'er, *n.* pricking instrument.

pric'kle, *n.* sharp growth such as thorn or hedgehog's spine. *v.i.* feel or give a pricking sensation.

prick'ly, *a.* having prickles; prickling. **~ heat**, inflammation of sweat glands with eruption of vesicles and prickly sensation, common in hot countries. **~ pear**, name given to various species of prickly plants with pear-shaped edible fruit.

pride, *n.* inordinate self-esteem; feeling of elation and pleasure; arrogant bearing. *v.refl.* (with *on*) be proud of.

prie-dieu (prēdyẽr'), *n.* kneeling desk.

priest, *n.* minister of religious worship; clergyman belonging to the order between deacons and bishops. **~craft**, arts used by ecclesiastics to extend their influence. **~ess**, *n.* female priest of non-Christian religion. **~hood**, *n.* office of a priest; priests.

prig, *n.* precisian in speech or manners; conceited person; (*sl.*) thief. *v.t.* (*sl.*) steal. **prigg'ish** (-g-), *a.* conceited; stiff-laced.

prim, *a.* formal; priggish.

pri'macy, *n.* office of primate; pre-eminence.

pri'ma donn'a (prē-), *n.* chief female singer in opera.

‖ **pri'ma fa'cie** (-shĭē), *adv.* at first considering, at first sight.

pri'mal, *a.* primitive or primeval; fundamental.

pri'mary, *a.* original; holding or sharing the first place in time or importance or development. *n.* primary colour, planet, &c.; *(*Pol.*) meeting or balloting of voters of a party for choosing delegates to a convention or nominating candidates for office.

pri'mate, *n.* archbishop of a province. **prima'tes** (-z), *n.pl.* highest order of mammals.

prime, *a.* chief, most important; primary, fundamental; of highest quality. *n.* the first of the divine offices; first or best part of something, state of highest perfection. *v.t.* (-mable) prepare (old gun, &c.) explosive charge for being let off; equip with facts; ply with liquor; prepare (wood) for paint. **~ minister**, head of the Government. **~ number**, an integer which has no factors.

pri'mer (*or* pri-), *n.* elementary schoolbook, manual.

prime'val, *a.* of the first age of the world; primitive.

pri'ming, *n.* (esp.) powder mixture, to prime explosive or wood.

prim'itive, *a.* ancient; of an early, simple, or old-fashioned kind; original. *n.* painter or picture of pre-Renaissance period; word of colour not derived.

primogen'iture, *n.* principle by

which property descends to eldest son or child.

primor'dial, a. existing at or from the beginning.

prim'rose (-z), n. pale-yellow spring flower; plant bearing it; (attrib.) primrose-coloured.

primu'la, n. kinds of flowering plant including primrose.

pri'mus[1] a. the first.

pri'mus[2] n. kind of stove burning vaporized oil.

prince, n. sovereign; ruler of feudatory State; male member of royal family; (in some foreign titles) noble of high rank. ~ly a. becoming a prince; sumptuous, grand.

prin'cess, n. prince's wife; female member of royal family.

prin'cipal, a. first in importance; chief leading. n. head of some institutions; person for whom another is an agent; capital sum originally lent or invested.

principal'ity n. rule by or State ruled by a prince.

prin'ciple, n. primary source or element; fundamental truth; rule by which conduct may be guided.

prink, v.t. smarten; preen.

print, n. mark left on a surface by pressure; impression left on paper by inked type or photography; reading-matter produced from type; engraving, newspaper; photograph; cotton fabric stamped in colours. v.t. stamp or impress; produce by means of printing-types; stamp (fabric) in colours. prin'ter n. workman employed as a compositor, pressman, or machine-minder; employer or overseer of these. print'ing, n. (esp.) the process of impressing words from type; typography.

pri'or, n. superior of religious house; (in abbey) abbot's deputy. a. earlier; antecedent. ~ess, n. prior'ity n. being earlier; precedence. pri'ory n. religious house governed by prior(ess).

pri'sm, n. solid figure whose two ends are similar, equal, and parallel rectilineal figures, and whose sides are parallelograms; transparent body of this form with refracting surfaces. prismat'ic (-z-), a. of prism shape; (of colour) such as is produced by refraction through prism; rainbow-like.

pris'on (-z-), n. place of captivity for law-breakers.

pris'oner (-zn-) n. person kept in prison; war captive.

pris'tine, a. primitive; unspoiled by modern tendencies.

prith'ee (-dhi), int. (arch.) accompanying a request or question.

priv'acy, n. seclusion.

pri'vate, a. not public; secret, confidential; not official; reserved, secluded. n. a private soldier (ranking below non-commissioned officers). ~ly, adv.

privateer' n. ship having letters of marque; its captain. v.i. acting as privateer.

priva'tion, n. want of necessaries or comforts; hardship.

priv'ative, a. denoting the absence of something usually present.

priv'et, n. a white-flowered evergreen used for hedges.

priv'ilege, n. right, advantage, or immunity belonging to a person, class, or office. v.t. invest with privilege; exempt from burden. priv'ileged (-jd), a.

priv'ity n. being privy to; knowledge shared with another of something kept private.

priv'y, a. hidden, secret, private, confidential. n. place for another nature. ~ purse, allowance from public revenue for monarch's private expenses. ~ seal, State seal affixed to documents of minor importance.

prize[1], n. reward given as symbol of victory or superiority; thing to be striven for; reward in lottery, competition, &c. v.t. value highly. ~-fight, boxing-match for money. ~-fighter, professional pugilist. ~-man, winner of prize. ~-ring, area assigned to

prize-fighters; pugilism as an institution.

prize², *n.* ship or property captured in naval warfare.

prize³, *v.t.* (-zable), force open or up by leverage.

prō'a, *n.* kinds of Malay boat, esp. a type of sailing-boat.

prō and cŏn, *adv.* for and against. *n.pl.* (pros and cons) the reasons for and against.

probabĭl'ity, *n.* being probable; likelihood; what is probable.

prŏb'able, *a.* that may be expected to happen or prove true or correct; likely. prŏb'ably, *adv.* most likely.

prō'bate, *n.* official proving of will. *v.t.* (-ble) prove (will).

probā'tion, *n.* testing of person's conduct or character; novitiate. ~ary, *a.*; ~er, *n.*

prōbe, *n.* blunt-ended surgical instrument for exploring wound, &c. *v.t.* (-bable), explore with probe; examine closely.

prŏb'ĭty, *n.* uprightness, integrity, incorruptibility.

prŏb'lem, *n.* question or difficulty in need of solution. problemăt'ic(al), *aa.* presenting a problem; disputable; unsettled.

probŏs'cis, *n.* elephant's trunk, snout; insect's sucking-tube.

procē'dure (-dyer), *n.* mode of conducting business.

procee'd', *v.i.* go on; continue or resume; take legal proceedings. ~ing, *n.* piece of conduct; (pl.) business done at a meeting; (pl.) legal steps. prō'ceeds, *n.pl.* the produce in money of a sale, &c.

prŏ'cess, *n.* state of going on or being carried on; method of operation in manufacture, &c.; an action at law; summons or writ; projection from a bone, &c. *v.t.* subject to a legal or manufacturing process.

procĕ'ssion (-shn), *n.* array of persons going along in fixed order. ~al, *a.* of, *n.* for procession; *n.* processional hymn.

[procès-verbal] (prosā' vārbahl'), *n.* detailed report; minutes.

proclaim', *v.t.* announce publicly and officially; tell openly; prohibit (meeting). proclamā'tion, *n.* proclaiming; formula or document that proclaims.

procliv'ĭty, *n.* natural leaning or tendency to.

procŏn'sul, *n.* ancient Roman provincial governor; (rhet.) modern colonial governor. ~ar, *a.*

procrastinā'te, *v.i.* put off doing things; leave things undone as long as possible. ~tion, *n.*

prō'create, *v.t.* produce offspring. ~tion, ~tor, *nn.*; ~tive, *a.*

prŏc'tor, *n.* University official with disciplinary powers; an attorney in ecclesiastical courts.

procŭm'bent, *a.* prone, lying down; (Bot.) trailing.

procurā'tion, *n.* procuring, bringing about; acting as another's agent. prŏc'urātor, *n.* person's proxy or agent; holder of power of attorney.

procure', *v.t.* (-rable), succeed in getting; bring about or cause by others' agency. ~ment, *n.* ~er, ~ess, *nn.* (esp.) one who procures women as prostitutes.

prŏd, *v.t.* poke with stick, &c., esp. to arouse or urge on. *n.* prodding touch.

prŏd'igal, *a.* wasteful, lavish. *n.* spendthrift. prodigăl'ity, *n.*

prŏd'igy, *n.* marvellous thing; wonderful person. prodĭ'gious (-jus), *a.* marvellous, enormous.

produce, *v.t.* (produs'), bring forward or show for examination; yield, give birth to; cause or bring about; make or manufacture. *n.* (prŏd'ūs), yield, amount produced; agricultural or natural products. prodū'cer, *n.* in vbl. senses, esp. person producing articles of consumption or manufacture. prodū'cible, *a.*; ~bility, *n.*

prŏd'uct, *n.* thing produced by natural process or manufacture; (Math.) quantity given by multiplication of quantities together.

produc'tion, *n.* producing; products; a thing produced by

pu'lley (pŏŏ-) n. (pl. -eys) grooved wheel fixed in block enabling weights to be raised by downward pull of the cord running in the groove.

Pu'llman-car (pŏŏ-), n. railway saloon-carriage.

pŭl'monary, a. of the lungs; affected with pulmonary disease.

pŭlp, n. the flesh of soft fruits; soft formless mass, esp. of materials for paper-making. v.t. & i. reduce to or rid of pulp; become pulpy. pŭl'py a. of or like pulp.

pu'lpit (pŏŏ-), n. erection for preaching from; (the) preaching.

pŭlsāte' i. expand and contract rhythmically; throb, vibrate, quiver. ~tion, n.; pŭl'satory a.

pŭl'satile, a. pulsatory; (Mus.) played by beating.

pŭlsatĭ'lla, n. the pasque-flower; its extract used in pharmacy.

pŭlse¹ n. throbbing of the arteries as blood is poured through them; point where this can be felt externally as in the wrist; throb of feeling. i. pulsate.

pŭlse² n. edible seeds of peas, beans, lentils, &c.

‖ pŭl'tan, -an, -on, n. regiment of infantry in India.

pŭl'verize, t. & i. (-zable), reduce to powder or dust; crumble; demolish (argument, opponent). ~zation, n. ~zer, n. machine for pulverizing.

‖ pŭl'wah, -wah, n. light keelless native boat used on the rivers of Bengal.

pū'ma, n. large tawny American carnivorous beast.

pŭm'ice, ~stone, ns. light kind of porous lava used for rubbing off stains, polishing, &c.

pŭmm'el, t. strike repeatedly with the fists.

pŭmp¹ n. machine used for raising water from a well or to higher level; kinds of machine for raising or moving liquids, &c. v.t. & i. work pump, procure water bring or send liquid out or up; (sl.) exhaust breath of; (collog.) get information out of, interrogate. ~room, room at spa where medicinal water is sold.

pŭmp², n. light patent-leather shoe for dancing, &c.

pŭmp'kin, n. kind of gourd.

pŭn, n. jest consisting of a play on words with more than one meaning. v.i. make puns.

pŭnch¹ v.t. strike with fist; bore or perforate with a punch; drive (nail, &c.) in or out with a punch. n. blow with fist; tool hammered or pressed against a surface that is to be pierced or stamped, or a bolt or nail that is to be driven in or out. (sl.) vigour, effective force, momentum.

pŭnch² n. mixture of spirit or wine with water or milk, lemon, spice, &c. ~bowl, bowl in which punch is mixed. ~house, tavern where punch is supplied; in India, inn or tavern frequented by natives.

pŭnch³ n. short-legged thickset draught horse.

Pŭnch⁴ n. hump-backed figure in puppet-show called ~ and Judy.

pŭnch⁵ n. (E. Ind.) council of five persons; short for punchayet, q.v.

pŭn'cheon (-chn), n. large cask.

Pŭnchinĕll'ō, n. (pl. -os), chief character in Italian puppet-show; fat person of comical appearance.

pŭnc'tāte, a. spotted, dotted.

pŭnctĭl'io (-lyō), n. (pl. -os), nice point of ceremony; a mere form. pŭnctil'ious (-lyus), a. laying stress on punctilios.

pŭnc'tual, a. observant of appointed time; not late. ~ity n.

pŭnc'tuate v.t. mark or divide with stops; diversify with recurrent interruption. ~tion, n.

pŭnc'ture, n. pricking; hole made by it. v.t. & i. make puncture in; suffer a puncture.

pŭn'dit, n. learned Hindu; (joc.) an authority on subject.

pŭn'gent (-j-), a. stinging, caustic, biting. pŭn'gency (-j-)

pŭn'ish, v.t. subject to retributive

or disciplinary suffering; inflict penalty (colloq.) handle or test severely. ~ment, n. penalty.
pū'nitive, a. that punishes or is designed to punish.
*pŭnk, n. rotten wood. a. (sl., of bodily condition) seedy; (of things) poor, worthless.
pŭnk'ah (-ka) n. (E. Ind.) large swinging fan to mitigate heat.
*pŭnk'ie, n. kind of small biting fly.
pŭnn'ĕt, n. chip basket for fruit, &c.
pŭn'ster, n. person given to punning.
pŭnt¹, n. flat bottomed boat propelled by pole. v.i. & t. propel with or use punt pole.
pŭnt² v.t. & i. kick football on its way from one's hands to the ground. n. such kick.
pŭnt³, v.i. lay a stake against the bank in some card-games; bet on a horse.
pū'ny, a. undersized, feeble.
pŭp, n. puppy. v.i. & t. bring forth pups; give birth to.
pū'pa, n. (pl. -ae), chrysalis.
pū'pil, n. person being taught; child under guardianship; opening in middle of the iris of the eye. pū'pillage, n. nonage; minority; being a pupil. pū'pillary, a. under guardianship of a pupil or pupils; of the pupil of the eye.
pŭpp'et, n. figure of a person worked by wires, &c.; person controlled by another. ~-play, ~-show; play or show with puppets.
pŭpp'y, n. young dog; vain young man, coxcomb. ~dom, ~hood, ~ism, nn.
pura'na (poorah-) n. one of a class of Sanskrit sacred poems, containing the mythology of the Hindus.
pūr'blind, a. dim-sighted; lacking discernment; obtuse, dull.
pûrch'ase, v.t. (-sable), acquire at a cost; buy; raise by means of lever &c. n. purchasing; thing purchased; leverage, grip.

pûrd'ah (-da) n. curtain with which Indian women of rank are screened from strangers; (fig.) Indian system of secluding women of rank; striped cotton or other cloth for curtains.
pūre, a. without admixture; unadulterated; chaste, innocent; mere. ~ly adv. solely, entirely.
pûr'fle, n. ornamental border of dress, &c. v.t. adorn with purfle. pûr'fling, n. purfle on violin.
pūrgā'tion, n. act of cleansing or purifying. pûr'gative, a. that tends to purge. n. purgative thing, esp. medicine. pûr'gatory, n. condition or place of spiritual purging or expiation; state of pain or distress. pûrgatôr'ial, a.
pûrge, v.t. (-geable) make physically or spiritually clean; clear (bowels) by aperient; atone by expiation; clear of charge, &c. n. an aperient.
pūrifica'tion, n. purifying; ritual cleansing. ~tory a.
pūr'ifier, n. kinds of apparatus for purifying gas, flour, &c.
pūr'ify, v.t. (-fiable), make pure or cleanse; clear of foreign elements.
pūr'ist, n. stickler for correctness in the use of words. ~ism, n.
pūr'itan, n. (hist.) member of the protestant party who sought to expel unscriptural and corrupt ceremonies from the Church; person of professed strictness in religion or morals. a. of or like a puritan. ~ical, a. ~ism, n.
pūr'ity, n. freedom from physical or moral pollution.
pûrl¹ v.i. flow with babbling sound.
pûrl² n. edging of gold or silver wire or of small loops; ribbing in knitted work; inversion of stitches. v.t. adorn with purl.
pûrl'er, n. headlong fall.
pûrl'ieu (-lū), n. (usu. pl.) ground bordering on something; outskirts, suburbs.
purloin' (per-), v.t. steal; make off with.
pûr'ple, n. colour between crim-

rose and violet. purple robe or the imperial or cardinal's rank denoted by it. *a.* purple-coloured. *v.t.* & *i.* make or grow purple.

purport, *v.t.* (perpôrt'), profess, be intended to seem; have as its meaning. *n.* (pûr'pôrt), tenor or apparent meaning or substance.

pûr'pose, *n.* design of effecting *something*; *thing that it is designed to effect*; fact or faculty of resolving on something. *v.t.* have as a *purpose*; intend. ~ful, *a.* having a purpose; intentional. ~less, *a.* given to *drifting*; *answering no purpose*. ~ly, *adv.* on purpose, intentionally.

pûrr, *n.* vibrating sound with which cat expresses pleasure. *v.i.* & *t.* emit purr; express by *purring*.

pûr'ree, *n.* yellow colouring matter from India and China.

pûrse, *n.* small pouch for carrying money in; funds; sum given as testimonial or prize. *v.t.* & *i.* (-sable), contract (lips, brow &c.) in wrinkles; become so contracted. **pûrs'er**, *n.* officer keeping the accounts, &c. on a ship.

pûrs'lane (-lin), *n.* a herb formerly much used in salads.

pursu'ance (per-), *n.* carrying out, pursuing (of object, &c.).

pursu'ant (per-), *adv.* conformably to; in pursuance of.

pursue' (per-), *v.t.* & *i.* (-suable), follow with intent to kill, capture, or overtake; persistently assail; proceed along; continue, follow (profession, &c.). **pursu'er** (per-), *n.* in vbl. senses; also (Law) prosecutor. **pursuit** (persūt'), *n.* pursuing; employment or study.

pûr'suivant (-sw-), *n.* officer of College of Arms below herald.

pûr'sy, *a.* short-winded; fat.

pûr'ulent (-rōō-), *a.* of, containing, or discharging pus.

purvey (pervā'), *v.t.* & *i.* procure and supply (provisions); act as purveyor. ~ance, *n.* purveying. ~or, *n.* one whose business it is to *supply provisions on a large scale*.

pûr'view (-vū), *n.* providing clause; *range or province*.

‖ pushtoo'... *n.* (Anglo-Ind.) letter of *authority*; *order*, *licence*, *pass*.

pŭs, *n.* matter produced by festering or inflammation.

Pū'seyism (-zĭ-), ~ite, *nn.* hostile terms for Tractarianism and its upholders.

push (pōōsh), *v.t.* & *i.* move by the exertion of force; shove, propel, impel, urge. *n.* act of pushing; *application of propelling force*; shove; (Mil.) attack in force; enterprise, self-assertion. ~bike, *bicycle worked by pedalling*. ~ful, *a.* inclined to push oneself; bustling.

pū'sher (pōō-), *n.* (colloq.) aeroplane with airscrew behind.

Push'too, -tu (-ōō), *n.* Afghan language.

pusillanim'ous (-s-), *a.* lacking courage, faint-hearted; mean-spirited. **pusillanim'ity** (-s-), *n.*

puss (pōōs), *n.* cat; hare; playful or coquettish girl. **pu'ssy** (pōō-), *n.* cat; soft furry object; catkin, &c. ~foot, advocate of prohibitionist legislation.

pŭs'tule, *n.* pimple. ~lar, ~lous, *aa.* **pŭs'tulate**, *v.i.* form pimples.

put (pōōt), *v.t.* & *i.* (past & p.p. *put*), transfer to specified place; set in specified position; cause to be in specified state; express in words; (pr. pŭt, past & p.p. putted) propel golf-ball with gentle strokes towards hole; (put or pŭt) in athletics cast weight. ~ over, succeed in, carry through. ~ **up**, (sl.) disabuse or enlighten. *n.* putting-stroke at golf (pŭt); single cast in putting the weight (put, pōōt).

pū'tative, *a.* supposed, reputed.

pū'trefy, *v.t.* & *i.* (-fiable), become putrid; go bad; rot; fester. ~fac'tion, *n.*; ~factive, *a.*

pūtrĕs'cent, *a.* in process of rotting. **pūtrĕs'cence**, *n.*

pū'trid, *a.* decomposed, rotten; stinking. **pūtrid'ity** *n.*

pŭtt'ee (-ĭ), *n.* long strip of cloth wound spirally round leg and serving as gaiter.

pŭtt'er, *n.* golf-club for putting. **pŭtt'ing-green**, a smooth ground round each hole of golf-links. See put.

‖ **pŭtt'oo**, *n.* (E. Ind.) fabric made of the coarse refuse hair of the Cashmere goat.

pŭtt'y *n.* paste of whiting and linseed oil used by glaziers; polishing powder used by jewellers. *v.t.* cement with putty.

puz'zle, *n.* perplexing question, problem or toy designed to test ingenuity. *v.t.* & *i.* perplex; cudgel one's brains or pore over. ~ment, *n.* **puzz'ler**, *n.* (esp.) difficult question or problem.

pȳaem'ia, *n.* blood-poisoning.

pĭg'my *n.* member of a diminutive race; very small person or thing; elf, pixy. **pygmae'an**, *a.*

pȳja'mas (-ahmaz), **paja'mas** (-ahmaz), *n.pl.* loose silk or cotton trousers tied round waist, worn by both sexes among Mohammedans; (pop.) sleeping-suit of loose trousers and jacket.

pȳe dog, **pie-**, (Anglo-Ind.) an ownerless dog; pariah dog.

pȳ'lon, *n.* gateway flanked by towers as in Egyptian temples.

pȳlor'us, *n.* opening from stomach into bowels.

pyorrhoe'a (-rēa) *n.* purulent discharge (esp. in a dental disease).

pĭ'ramid, *n.* solid figure with triangular or square or polygonal base and sloping sides meeting at apex; monumental stone structure of this shape; (pl.) a billiard table game. **pyram'idal**, *a.* shaped or arranged like a pyramid.

pyre (pīr), *n.* pile of combustibles for burning a corpse.

pyrī'tes (-z), *n.* sulphide of iron or copper.

pyrom'eter (pī-), *n.* instrument for measuring high temperatures.

pyrotech'nic, **-al** (pīrotĕk-), *aa.* of or like fireworks. ~**tech'nics**, ~**tech'ny** *nn.* art of making or using fireworks; pyrotechnic display. ~**tech'nist**, *n.*

Pў'rrhic (-rĭk), *a.* ~ **dance**, ancient-Greek war-dance. ~ **foot**, metrical foot of two short syllables. *n.* Pyrrhic dance; Pyrrhic foot. ~ **victory**, victory that is as bad as a defeat.

Pў'rrhonism (-rŏ-) *n.* doctrine that certainty of knowledge is unattainable; philosophic doubt.

Pўthagore'an (*or* pī-) *a.* of Pythagoras or his doctrines, esp. the transmigration of souls. *n.* follower of Pythagoras.

Pўth'ian (-dh-), *a.* of Delphi or the oracle or priestess of Apollo there.

pў'thon, *n.* large non-venomous snake that crushes its prey; familiar spirit, soothsayer. ~**ess**, *n.* woman having familiar spirit.

pўx, *n.* vessel in which the Host is reserved; box in which specimen coins are deposited at the mint. *v.t.* test coin by weight and assay.

Q

‖ **quā**, *conj.* in the capacity of.

quăck, *n.* harsh sound made by ducks; pretender to medical or other skill, charlatan. *v.i.* utter quack; talk loudly and foolishly; play the quack. **quăck'ery** *n.* quack methods.

Quadrages'ima (-ōd-), *n.* first Sunday in Lent. **quadrages'imal** (-ŏd-), *a.* lasting 40 days; Lenten.

quadrangle (kwŏd'rănggl), *n.* four-sided figure, esp. square or rectangle; (also **quad**) four-sided court, esp. in colleges. **quadrang'ular** (-ngg-), *a.*

qua'drant (-ŏd-), *n.* quarter of circle's circumference; instrument for taking angular measurements.

quadrat (kwŏd'rĭt), *n.* square or rectangular block, esp. (abbr. **quad**) small one used by printers in spacing. **quadrate**, *v.t.* & *i.* (kwŏdrāt'), square or agree with.

son and violet; purple robe or the imperial or cardinal's rank denoted by it. a. purple-coloured. v.t. & i. make or grow purple.

purport, v.t. (perport'), profess, be intended to seem; have as its meaning. n. (pur'port), tenor or apparent meaning or substance.

pur'pose, n. design of effecting something; thing that it is designed to effect; fact or faculty of resolving on something. v.t. have as a purpose; intend. ~ful, a. having a purpose; intentional. ~less, a. given to drifting; answering no purpose. ~ly, adv. on purpose; intentionally.

purr, n. vibrating sound with which cat expresses pleasure. v.i. & t. emit purr; express by purring.

pur'ree, n. yellow colouring matter from India and China.

purse, n. small pouch for carrying money in; funds; sum given as testimonial or prize. v.t. & i. (-sable), contract (lips, brow &c.) in wrinkles; become so contracted. pur'ser, n. officer keeping the accounts, &c., on a ship.

purs'lane (-lin), n. a herb formerly much used in salads.

pursu'ance (per-), n. carrying out, pursuing (of object, &c.).

pursu'ant (per-), adv. conformably to; in pursuance of.

pursue' (per-), v.t. & i. (-suable), follow with intent to kill, capture, or overtake; persistently assail; proceed along; continue; follow (profession, &c.). pursu'er (per-), n. in vbl. senses, also (Law) prosecutor. pursuit (persūt'), n. pursuing; employment or study.

pur'suivant (-swi-), n. officer of College of Arms below herald.

pur'sy, a. short-winded; fat.

pur'ulent (-roo-), a. of, containing, or discharging pus.

purvey (pervā'), v.t. & i. procure and supply (provisions); act as purveyor. ~ance, n. purveying. ~or, n. one whose business it is to supply provisions on a large scale.

pur'view (-vū), n. providing clause; range or province.

‖ **purwannah**, **parwanah** (pěr wah'na), n. (E. Ind.) letter of authority; order, licence, pass.

pus, n. matter produced by festering or inflammation.

Pu'seyism (-zi-), ~ite, nn. hostile terms for Tractarianism and its upholders.

push (poo͝sh), v.t. & i. move by the exertion of force; shove, propel, impel, urge. n. act of pushing; application of propelling force; shove; (Mil.) attack in force; enterprise, self-assertion. ~bike, bicycle worked by pedalling. ~ful, a. inclined to push oneself; bustling.

pu'sher (poo͝-), n. (colloq.) aeroplane with airscrew behind.

Push'too, -tu (-tōō), n. Afghan language.

pusillanim'ous (-z-), a. lacking courage; faint-hearted; mean-spirited. pusillanim'ity (-z-), n.

puss (poo͝s), n. cat; hare; playful or coquettish girl. pu'ssy (-oo͝-), n. cat; soft furry object; catkin, &c. ~foot, advocate of prohibitionist legislation.

pus'tule, n. pimple. ~lar, ~lous, aa. pus'tulate, v.t. form pimples.

put (poo͝t), v.t. & i. (past & p.p. put), transfer to specified place; set in specified position; cause to be in specified state; express in words; (pŭt, pŭt, past & p.p. putted) propel golf-ball with gentle stroke towards hole; (put or poo͝t) in athletics) cast weight. ~ over, succeed in, carry through. ~ wise, (sl.) disabuse or enlighten. n. putting-stroke at golf (pŭt); single cast in putting the weight (poo͝t, pŭt).

pu'tative, a. supposed; reputed.

pu'trefy, v.t. & i. (-fiable), become putrid; go bad; rot; fester. ~fac'tion, n.; ~factive, a.

putres'cent, a. in process of rotting. putres'cence, n.

pū'trid, a. decomposed, rotten stinking. pūtrid'ity n.

pŭttee' (-i), n. long strip of cloth wound spirally round leg and serving as gaiter.

pŭtt'er, n. golf-club for putting. pŭtt'ing-green, n. smooth ground round each hole of golf-links. See put.

‖ pŭtt'oo, n. (E. Ind.) fabric made of the coarse refuse hair of the Cashmere goat.

pŭtt'y, n. paste of whiting and linseed oil used by glaziers. polishing powder used by jewellers. v.t. cement with putty.

pŭz'zle, n. perplexing question problem or toy designed to test ingenuity. v.t. & i. perplex. cudgel one's brains or pore over. ~ment, n. pŭz'zler, n. (esp.) difficult question or problem.

pyaem'ia, n. blood-poisoning.

pyg'my, n. member of a diminutive race; very small person or thing. adj. pigmy. pygmae'an, a.

pyja'mas (-ahmaz), paja'mas (-ahmaz), n.pl. loose silk or cotton trousers tied round waist, worn by both sexes among Mohammedans. (pop.) sleeping-suit of loose trousers and jacket.

pye'dog, pie-, (Anglo-Ind.) an ownerless dog; pariah dog.

py'lon, n. gateway flanked by towers as in Egyptian temples.

pylor'us, n. opening from stomach into bowels.

pyorrhoe'a (-rēa), n. purulent discharge (esp. in a dental disease).

py'ramid, n. solid figure with triangular or square or polygonal base and sloping sides meeting at apex; monumental stone structure of this shape. (pl.) a billiard-table game. pyram'idal, a. shaped or arranged like a pyramid.

pyre (pīr), n. pile of combustibles for burning a corpse.

pyri'tes (-z), n. sulphide of iron or copper.

pyrom'eter (pī-), n. instrument for measuring high temperatures.

pyrotech'nics, -ny (pīrōtĕk'-), ns. of or like fireworks. ~tic'nics, ~tĕchny ns. art of making or using fireworks. pyrotechnic display. ~tĕc'hnic, a.

Py'rrhic (-rik), a. ~ dance, ancient-Greek war-dance. ~ foot, metrical foot of two short syllables. n. Pyrrhic dance. Pyrrhic foot. ~ victory, victory that is as bad as a defeat.

Py'rrhonism (-ro-), n. doctrine that certainty of knowledge is unattainable. philosophic doubt.

Pythagore'an (or -gŏ-), a. of Pythagoras or his doctrines, esp. the transmigration of souls. n. follower of Pythagoras.

Pyth'ian (-th-) a. of Delphi or the oracle or priestess of Apollo there.

py'thon, n. large non-venomous snake that crushes its prey. familiar spirit, soothsayer. ~ess, n. woman having familiar spirit.

pyx, n. vessel in which the Host is reserved. box in which specimen coins are deposited at the mint. v.t. test coin by weight and assay.

Q

‖ quā, conj. in the capacity of.

quăck, n. harsh sound made by ducks; pretender to medical or other skill, charlatan. v.i. utter quack; talk loudly and foolishly. play the quack. quăck'ery n. quack methods.

Quadrages'ima (-jĭ-), n. first Sunday in Lent. quadrages'imal (-jĭ-), a. lasting 40 days. Lenten.

quadrangle (kwŏd'ranggl), n. four sided figure esp. square or rectangle. (also quad) four-sided court, esp. in colleges. quadrang'ular (-ngg-), a.

qua'drant (-ŏd-), n. quarter of circle's circumference; instrument for taking angular measurements.

quadrat (kwŏd'rĭt), n. square or rectangular block, esp. (abbr. quad) small one used by printers in spacing. quadrate, v.t. & i. (kwodrāt'), square or agree with.

headstrong; (of dog) affected with rabies, mad. rabĭd'ĭty n.
rā'bies (-ĭz), n. canine madness.
rāce¹, n. contest of speed; course of life; strong current in sea, &c.; channel of stream. v.i. & t. go at full speed; compete in speed with; indulge in horse-racing. ~-course, ground for horse-races. ~-horse, horse bred or kept for racing. ~-meeting, horse-racing fixture.
rāce², n. group of persons having common ancestor; the posterity of a family; kindred people; a particular breed of animals; genus or species of plants.
racēme, n. an inflorescence in which separate flowers are attached by short stalks along central stem. ră'cĕmōse, a.
rā'cer, n. runner; race-horse or yacht or vehicle kept for racing.
rā'cial (-shl), a. of a race or races.
răck¹, n. kinds of wooden or metal framework (1) for holding fodder, (2) for keeping various articles on or in, (3) for adjusting the position of something by use of cogs or pegs, (4) for torturing victims by stretching their joints. v.t. & i. torture on the rack; (of disease, &c.) inflict torture or strain. ~-rent, n. highest rent that can be exacted; v.t. extort this from tenant.
răck², n. driving clouds; destruction (esp. ~ and ruin).
răck³, v.t. draw off (wine, cider, &c.) from the lees.
ră'cket¹, ~quet (-kĭt), n. catgutted bat used in tennis, rackets, &c.; (pl.) a ball-game for two or four with rackets in a court of four plain walls; racket-like snow-shoe.
ră'cket², n. uproar, din; bustle, hurry. v.i. live gay life; be much on the move. ~y, a. noisy; dissipated.
răconteur (răkōntẽr'), fem. ~euse (-ẽrz'), nn. teller of anecdotes.
răccoon', n. a bushy-tailed American carnivorous animal.

ră'cy, a. of distinctive quality or vigour; vernacular.
ră'ddle, n. red ochre. v.t. paint with raddle; plaster with rouge.
rā'dial, a. of, in, or having rays or a ray; of a or the radius; of radium.
rā'dian, n. angle at centre of circle subtending arc whose length is equal to the radius.
rā'diance, n. brilliant light; dazzling looks or beauty.
rā'diant, a. emitting rays; issuing or operating radially; beaming with joy &c.; bright or dazzling. n. point from which heat or light radiates.
rā'diāte, v.t. & i. (-āt), diverge or emit from a centre; emit rays of light or heat; send or broadcast by wireless; be arranged like spokes; disseminate (joy &c.). rādiā'tion, n., rā'diātive, a. rā'diātor, n. (esp.) appliance for warming room, &c., by radiation of heat; engine-cooling apparatus in motor-car.
ră'dical, a. of, from, or going to the root; fundamental, inherent, essential; primary; thorough. n. one desiring radical reforms; a word that is itself a root, not a derivative. ~ism, n. radical politics.
ră'dicle, n. part of seed that develops into the root; root-like subdivision of nerve or vein.
rā'dio, n. wireless telegraphy and telephony; X-rays, Hertzian rays, and their applications. v.t. & i. telegraph or broadcast by wireless; photograph by X-rays; treat with radium. ~-phone, wireless signalling station. ~ station, wireless transmitting station.
radio-, of rays or radiation; of radium. rādioăc'tive, a. emitting radiation; emitting invisible rays that penetrate opaque matter and produce electrical effects. ~activ'ity, n. rā'diograph (-ahf), n. instrument recording sunshine; image on sensitive plate given by X-rays.

rays. v.t. secure such image of. radiom'eter, n. instrument showing conversion of radiant energy into mechanical force. radios'copy, n. examination by Röntgen rays.

rad'ish, n. plant with fleshy pungent root eaten raw.

ra'dium, n. a metal yielded by pitchblende and named from its radio-active power.

ra'dius, n. (pl. -ii) straight line from centre to circumference of circle or sphere; any of a set of spokes or other objects diverging from a point like radii of a circle; the thicker and shorter bone of the forearm.

ra'dix, n. (pl. -ices, -ixes), number or symbol used as basis of numeration scale.

raff, n. riff-raff. ~ish, a. of dissipated appearance; disreputable.

raff'ia, n. kind of palm; fibre from its leaves.

raf'fle, n. lottery in which article is assigned by drawing lots or throw of dice. v.t. & i. sell by raffle; compete in raffle.

raft (-ah-), n. collection of logs, casks, &c., fastened together in the water for transportation; flat floating structure of timber.

ra'fter (-ah-), n. one of the sloping beams of a roof.

rag[1], n. torn or frayed piece of woven material; remnant; (contempt.) flag or handkerchief or newspaper. ~time, music with much syncopation as in negro melodies. ~wort, a yellow-flowered wild plant.

rag[2], n. kinds of hard coarse stone breaking in slabs.

rag[3], v.t. & i. (sl.) scold; torment, tease, play rough jokes on; engage in rag. n. (sl.) noisy disorderly conduct or scene; spree, lark.

rag'amuffin, n. ragged dirty fellow.

rage, n. violent anger; a fit of this; object of widespread temporary popularity. v.i. rave, storm; be violent; be madly angry.

rag'ged (-g-), a. shaggy, hanging in tufts; torn or frayed; wearing rags. ~robin, a crimson-flowered wild plant.

Rag'lan (coat), n. coat with no shoulder-seams, the sleeves running up to the neck.

ragout' (-ōō-), n. meat in small pieces stewed with vegetables and highly seasoned.

raid, n. sudden incursion to secure military advantage, booty, &c.; surprise visit by police. v.t. & i. make raid upon; make raid (into).

rail, n. level or sloping bar as part of fence or gate, &c.; iron bar making part of the track of a railway or tramway. v.t. furnish or enclose with rails. ~road, n. railway. v.t. & i. transport or travel by rail; (colloq.) send or put through with great speed. ~way, road laid with rails for the transit of trains with passengers and goods; *light railroad.

rail[2], n. kinds of bird.

rail[3], v.i. use abusive language. rail'ery, n. banter.

rail'ing, n. fence or barrier.

rai'ment, n. clothing, apparel.

rain, n. condensed moisture of atmosphere falling visibly in separate drops; (pl.) the rains, (Anglo-Ind. colloq.) the rainy season. v.i. & t. send down rain; fall or send down in showers. ~bow, arch of prismatic colours formed in rain or spray by the sun's rays. ~fall, quantity of rain that falls within given area in given time. ~gauge, instrument for measuring rainfall. rain'y, a. in or on which rain falls, showery.

raise (-z), v.t. (-sable), set upright; make stand up; rouse; build or breed; utter; put or take into higher position; extract from earth; increase amount of, heighten level of; levy, collect, procure. *n. increase in wages, a rise.

rai'sin (-zn), n. dried grape.

‖ raison d'être (rā'zawn dā'tr), n.

rătafī'a, -fee' (-fēa, -fē), *n.* liqueur flavoured with almonds, &c.; biscuit so flavoured.

rătaplăn' *n.* drumming sound.

rătch'ĕt, rătch, *nn.* set of teeth in edge of bar or wheel with catch allowing motion in one direction only.

rāte¹ *n.* statement of numerical proportion between two sets of things; standard or way of reckoning; (measure of) value, tariff charge, cost, relative speed; assessment levied by local authorities. *v.t. & i.* estimate worth or value of; consider, regard as; subject to payment of a local rate; (Naut.) class under a certain rating. ~payer, person liable to pay local rates.

rāte² *v.t.* scold angrily.

rā'table, *a.* liable to payment of municipal rates. ~bility *n.*

rā'tel (rah-) *n.* S. Afr. carnivorous quadruped.

rāthe (-dh) *a.* (arch.) coming or blooming early.

rah'ther (-dh-), *adv.* more truly; to a greater extent; somewhat; for choice; sooner; (colloq., in answer) most emphatically assuredly.

răt'ify *v.t.* (-fiable), confirm or accept by signature or other formality. ~fica'tion, *n.*

rā'ting¹ *n.* amount fixed as local rate; (Naut.) person's class in ship's books; tonnage-class of racing yacht.

rā'ting² *n.* angry scolding.

rā'tio (-shiō), *n.* (pl. -os) the relation or proportion of one thing to another.

rătiō'cinate, *v.i.* reason formally; use syllogisms. ~tion, ~tor *nn.* ~tive, *a.*

ră'tion (or rā-), *n.* fixed daily allowance of food served out. *v.t.* limit (person, food) to rations.

ră'tional (-sho-), *a.* able to reason; sensible, sane, moderate; of or based on reasoning. ~ism, *n.* the rejection of doctrines not consonant with reason. ~ist, *n. & a.*; ~istic, *a.*; ~ity, *n.*

rătionā'lē (-sho-), *n.* fundamental reason or logical basis.

ră'tionalize (-sho-), *v.t.* (-zable), bring into conformity with reason. ~zation, *n.* (esp.) co-operative and scientific organization in industry.

răt'lin(e), -ling, *n.* (usu. pl.) small lines fastened across ship's shrouds like ladder-rungs.

rattăn' *n.* palm with long thin many-jointed stems; cane of this.

răt'ten, *v.t.* molest (workman or employer) by abstracting or injuring tools or machinery.

răt'tle, *v.i. & t.* give out rapid succession of short sharp sounds; cause such sounds by shaking something; move or fall with rattling noise; say or recite rapidly; make move quickly; (sl.) shake nerves of, fluster, frighten. *n.* instrument or plaything made to rattle; set of horny rings in rattlesnake's tail; rattling sound; incessant talk. ~snake, venomous snake with rattle. răt'tler, *n.* (sl.) first-class specimen; rattlesnake.

răt'ty *a.* (sl.) irritable, touchy.

rau'cous, *a.* hoarse; harsh-sounding.

rau'pō (row-) *n.* New Zealand bulrush used for thatching roofs, &c.

răv'age, *v.t. & i.* (-geable), lay waste, plunder; make havoc. *n.* (usu. pl.) devastation.

rāve, *v.i. & t.* talk wildly or deliriously or enthusiastically; (of sea or wind) howl or roar.

răv'el, *v.t. & i.* entangle or disentangle; separate into strands. *n.* tangle, complication.

rāve'lin (-vl-), *n.* (fortif.) outwork of two faces forming salient angle outside main ditch in front of the curtain.

rā'ven¹ *n.* large black bird of crow kind; (attrib.) black.

răv'en² *v.t. & i.* seek prey or plunder; devour voraciously. ~ous, *a.* voracious; famished.

ravine' (-ēn), *n.* deep narrow

gorge; mountain-cleft. ~-buck, ~-deer, the Indian gazelle.

rav'ish, v.t. carry off by force; commit rape upon; enrapture, fill with delight. ~ment, n.

raw, a. uncooked; unwrought; crude, inexperienced, unskilled; stripped of skin, sore, sensitive to touch; (of weather) damp and chilly. n. a raw place on the skin. ~-boned, gaunt.

ray¹, n. single line or narrow beam of light; beginning of enlightening influence; marginal part of daisy &c. v.i. & t. come or send out in or like rays.

ray², n. kinds of edible sea-fish allied to shark.

ray'on, n. artificial silk. P

raze, rase (-z) v.t. (-sable, -sabld), completely destroy; wipe out.

ra'zor, n. instrument for shaving. ~-back, sharp ridge; kind of half-wild hog. ~-bill, kinds of bird. ~-fish, ~-shell, bivalves with shell like razor-handle.

razz'le(-dazzle), n. (sl.) excitement, bustle; spree; undulating merry-go-round.

Rē, prep. in the matter of.

re- pref. attachable to any verb or verbal derivative with the senses once more, anew, afresh, repeated, back. For words with this prefix, if not found below the root-words should be consulted.

reach, v.t. & i. stretch out, extend; stretch out the hand, &c.; get as far as, attain to, arrive at; amount to; pass or take with outstretched hand. n. act of reaching, range of the hand; power of the mind; compass, scope; continuous extent, esp. a straight stretch of river.

react', v.i. produce reciprocal or responsive effect; respond to stimulus; undergo change due to some influence.

reac'tion, n. return of previous condition succeeded by interval of the opposite; response to stimulus; retrograde tendency in politics, &c.; (Chem.) action set up by one substance in another. ~ary, a. retrograde; recoiling from progress. n. retrograde person. ~ist, n.

read, v.t. & i. (read pr. rĕd), interpret mentally; divine; peruse and reproduce mentally or vocally written or printed words; study by reading; find (thing) stated, find statement, in print; interpret in certain sense. ~able, a. interestingly written; legible. ~ability, n.

read'er, n. (esp.) publisher's private critic; printer's proof-corrector; university lecturer; book of selections for educational purposes. ~ship, n. office of university reader.

read'ing, n. perusal of books; literary knowledge; entertainment at which something is read; variation found in another MS. or book; interpretation or view taken of; one of the three stages of a Bill in each House of Parliament. ~-desk, desk for supporting book, &c. ~-room, room in club, &c. for persons wishing to read.

rea'dily (rĕd-), adv. without reluctance; willingly; easily.

rea'diness (rĕd-), n. prompt compliance; quickness in argument or action; prepared state.

rea'dy (rĕd-), a. with preparations complete; in fit state; willing; quick; facile; within reach; unreluctant; fit for immediate use or action. adv. beforehand; in readiness. n. position in which rifle is held before the present; (sl.) ready money. ~-made, (of clothes) made to standard sizes. ~ money, actual coin; payment on the spot. ~ reckoner, book of tables for use in commerce, &c.

rē'agent, n. (Chem.) substance used to detect presence of another by reaction.

real (rā ahl), n. Spanish monetary unit (about 2½d.).

real¹ (rē al), a. actually existing or occurring; objective; genuine; consisting of immovable property such as land or houses.

recollect′ *v.t.* succeed in remembering; call to mind. **~ion**, *n.* person's memory or time over which it extends; remembrance.

recommend′ *v.t.* commit to the care of; commend as fit for employment, &c.; advise (course of action, &c.). **~a′tion**, *n.* statement meant to recommend; quality that recommends something. **~atory** *a.*

recommit′, *v.t.* commit anew; refer back for further consideration. **~ment**, **~tal**, *nn.*

rec′ompense, *v.t.* (*-sable*), requite; make amends to; compensate. *n.* reward; requital; compensation.

rec′oncile, *v.t.* (*-lable*), make friendly after estrangement; make resigned; harmonize; make compatible; show compatibility of. **~ment**, *n.* **reconcilia′tion**, *n.*

rec′ondite, *a.* abstruse; obscure.

recondi′tion, *v.t.* overhaul and refit ship, &c.

reconnaissance (*-nis-*), *n.* reconnoitring survey or party.

reconnoi′tre (*-ter*), *v.t.* & *i.* (*-tring*), approach and try to learn position and condition or strategic features of (enemy district); make reconnaissance.

reconstitute, *v.t.* (*-utable*), piece together into an indivisible whole; constitute again. **~tion**, *n.*

record, *v.t.* (rĭkôrd′), register; put in writing or other legible shape; celebrate. *n.* (rĕk′ôrd), recorded state; register; report of proceedings; document or object that records (e.g. gramophone disk); facts known about person's past; best performance on record; limit hitherto attained.

record′er *n.* chief judicial officer of city or borough holding court of quarter sessions; (hist., mus.) a kind of flute.

recount′ *v.t.* narrate; tell in detail. **~al**, *n.*

recoup′ (*-ōōp*), *v.t.* compensate, indemnify. **~ment**, *n.*

recourse′ (*-ōrs*) *n.* resorting to some source of help.

recov′er (*-kŭ-*), *v.t.* & *i.* regain possession or use or control of; reclaim; secure restitution or compensation by legal process; bring or come back to life, health, or normal state or position; get over, cease to feel effects of; retrieve. **recov′ery** (*-kŭ-*), *n.* act or process of recovering.

rec′reant, *a.* craven, cowardly apostate. *n.* a recreant person. **rec′reancy** *n.* apostasy.

rec′reate *v.t.* & *i.* (*-table*), refresh, entertain; indulge in recreation. **~tion**, *n.* pastime; relaxation; amusement. **~tive**, *a.*

re-create′, *v.t.* create over again.

recrim′inate, *v.i.* indulge in mutual or counter charges; retort accusation. **~tion**, **~tor**, *nn.*; **~tive**, **~tory** *aa.*

recrudesce′ (*-ōō-*), *i.* (of sore, disease, discontent, &c.) break out again. **~des′cence**, *n.* fresh outbreak. **~des′cent**, *a.*

recruit′ (*-ōōt*) *n.* newly enlisted soldier; person who joins a society &c. *v.t.* & *i.* enlist recruits; replenish, reinvigorate; recover health. **~ment**, *n.*

rec′tal, *a.* of the rectum.

rec′tangle (*-nggl*), *n.* plane rectilinear four-sided figure with four right angles. **rectang′ular**, *a.* shaped like rectangle; placed at right angles. **rectangula′rity**, *n.*

rec′tify, *v.t.* (*-fiable*), put right; correct; exchange for what is right; (Chem.) refine, purify. **~fication**, *n.*

rectilin′ear, **~eal**, *aa.* in or forming a straight line; bounded or characterized by straight lines.

rec′titude, *n.* moral uprightness.

rec′to, *n.* right-hand page of open book; front of leaf.

rec′tor, *n.* parson of parish receiving tithe; head of some educational or religious institutions; clergyman of Protestant Episcopal Church in charge of parish. **~ial**, *a.*; **~ship**, *n.* **rec′tory**, *n.* parish rector's benefice or house.

rec′tum, *n.* final section of the large intestine.

recum'bent, *a.* lying, reclining. **recum'bency** *n.*

recū'perāte, *v.t.* & *i.* (-rable), restore, be restored or recover, from exhaustion, illness, loss, &c. ~tion, ~tor *nn.* ~tive, *a.*

recūr', *v.i.* go back in thought or speech, return to mind, occur again; be repeated. **recŭr'rence**, *n.* return. ~rent, *a.* recurring.

recūrve, *v.t.* & *i.* (-vable) bend backwards. ~vate, *a.* recurved.

rĕc'ŭsant (-z-), *n.* person who refuses submission or compliance, esp. (hist.) one who would not attend Anglican services. **rĕc'ŭsancy** (-z-), *n.*

rĕd, *a.* of a colour varying from crimson to orange, having to do with bloodshed, burning, violence, or revolution. *n.* red colour; red cloth or clothes red ball at billiards. ~admiral, a butterfly. ~breast, (the robin. ~cent, copper cent. ~coat, British soldier. ~cross, St. George's cross, emblem of England (emblem of) ambulance service in war. ~ensign, flag of British merchant-ships. ~flag, symbol of revolution battle-signal, danger-signal. ~-handed, in the act of crime. ~herring, smoked herring subject raised to distract attention from the point in hand. ~-hot, heated to redness (fig.) furious, excited. ~lead, a pigment. ~light, danger signal on railways, &c. ~poll, kinds of bird. ~shank, kind of snipe. ~skin, American Indian. ~start, a song-bird. ~tape, excessive adherence to forms in official transactions. ~triangle, emblem of the Y.M.C.A. ~wing, kinds of bird.

rĕdac'tion, *n.* putting into literary form editing or re-editing new edition. ~tor, *n.*

rĕdăn', *n.* field-work with two faces forming salient angle.

rĕdd, *v.t.* (Sc.) clear up, arrange, tidy put right.

rĕdd'en, *v.t.* & *i.* make or grow red. **rĕdd'ish**, *a.* rather red.

rēde, *v.t.* (arch.) advise: read (riddle). *n.* (arch.) advice tale.

rĕdeem, *v.t.* buy back recover by expenditure of effort compound for by payment, save, rescue reclaim deliver from sin make amends for, compensate. **redeem'er**, *n.* one who ransoms or redeems title of Christ. **redemp'tion**, *n.* redeeming or being redeemed.

rēdin'tegrāte, *v.t.* (-grable) restore to wholeness or unity re-establish. ~tion, ~tor *nn.*

rĕd'olent, *a.* smelling strongly of suggestive of. ~nce, *n.*

redou'ble (-dŭbl), *v.t.* & *i.* intensify, increase, multiply.

redoubt (-owt), *n.* detached out work without flanking defences.

redoubt'able (-owt-), *a.* (of opponent, &c.) formidable.

redound *v.i.* contribute (to the end (to one's advantage, &c.).

redrĕss *v.t.* put right again remedy make up for. *n.* redressing compensation, reparation.

redūce *v.t.* bring down; lower: weaken impoverish; diminish subdue convert to other form suit or adapt to. ~cible, *a.*

redŭc'tion, *n.* reducing or being reduced a rule in arithmetic.

redŭn'dant, *a.* superfluous excessive pleonastic copious luxuriant. **redŭn'dancy** *n.*

redū'plicāte, *v.t.* (-cable), make double repeat. ~ation, *n.* repetition. ~tive, *a.*

ree'bŏk, rhee- (or rā-), *n.* a S. Afr. antelope.

re-ĕc'hō (-k-), *v.t.* & *i.* echo go on echoing.

reed, *n.* kinds of water or marsh plant with tall straight stalk; vibrating part of some musical instruments, a weaver's instrument. **reed'ed**, *a.* (esp.) with vibrating reeds.

re-ĕd'ify *v.t.* (-fiable), build up again (now fig.).

reed'y *a.* abounding in reeds, like a reed (of voice) scratchy like a reed instrument.

reef, *n.* one of several strips along top or bottom of sail that can be taken in; ridge of rock, sand, &c., about the level of the water's surface; lode or vein of auriferous quartz; bed-rock. *v.t.* take in reef(s) of (sail). **reef'er**, *n.* close double-breasted stout jacket; (sl.) midshipman.

reek, *n.* foul or stale smell; smoke, vapour, exhalation. *v.i.* smell unpleasantly; emit vapour, steam; emit smoke.

reel, *n.* kinds of winding-apparatus; cylinder for holding wound cotton, &c.; staggering motion; a Scottish dance. *v.t.* & *i.* wind on reel; rattle off without pause; sway, stagger; be shaken; be in a whirl; be dizzy.

reeve', *n.* (hist.) magistrate of town or district; (Canada) president of village or town council.

reeve' *v.t.* (Naut.) pass rope, &c., through ring, &c.

reeve' *n.* female of the ruff.

refec'tion, *n.* slight meal; refreshment by food or drink.

refec'tory (or ref'i-), *n.* room for meals in monastery &c.

refer' *v.t.* & *i.* trace or ascribe to; assign to; send on or direct to some authority or source of information; make allusion to. **ref'erable**, *a.*

referee' *n.* arbitrator; person chosen to decide between opposing parties; umpire. *v.i.* act as referee.

ref'erence, *n.* referring of something to another authority; allusion; direction to page, book, &c., where information may be found; person vouching for another. ~ *library*, library of books that can be consulted but not taken away.

referen'dum, *n.* system by which a question is submitted to the direct vote of the electorate.

refine' *v.t.* & *i.* (-nable), free from impurities or defects; purify, clarify; make elegant or cultured; employ subtlety of thought or language. ~**ment**, *n.* fineness of taste or feeling or manners; subtle piece of arrangement or reasoning.

refi'ner, *n.* purifier, (esp.) person who refines sugar, metal, &c. **refi'nery**, *n.* place where sugar, &c. is refined.

refit' *v.t.* & *i.* renew or repair ship; (of ship) undergo refitting. *n.* process of refitting. ~**ment**, *n.*

reflect' *v.t.* & *i.* throw back (light, heat, sound); (of mirror) show image of; reproduce to eye or mind; throw discredit on; meditate, consider; make disparaging remarks on. **reflec'tion**, *n.* reflected light, heat, colour, or image; thing that brings discredit on; a thought. ~**ive**, *a.* throwing back images; meditative. ~**or**, *n.* (esp.) appliance for reflecting light or for reflecting image in telescope.

re'flex, *n.* reflected light or colour or glory; image in mirror, &c.; a reflex action. *a.* reactive; recoiling; introspective. ~**ive**, *a.* (Gram.) implying agent's action upon himself; *n.* a reflexive word or form.

re'fluent (-ŏŏ-), *a.* back-flowing (of tide, blood, &c.). **re'flux**, *n.* backward flow.

reform' *v.t.* & *i.* make or become better; abolish or cure abuses. *n.* removal of abuses; amendment; improvement.

reforma'tion, *n.* change for the better, esp. in political or religious or social affairs. **reform'ative**, *a.* tending to reform.

reform'atory *a.* reformative. *n.* type of school for juvenile offenders abolished 1933.

reform'er, *n.* an advocate of reform; leader in the Reformation.

refract' *v.t.* (of water, air, glass, &c.) deflect (light) where it enters obliquely from a medium of different density. ~**ion**, *n.* ~**ional**, ~**ive**, *aa.* **refrac'tor**, *n.* refracting medium or lens of telescope.

refrac'tory *a.* stubborn; unmanageable; rebellious.

refrain'¹, n. recurring phrase or line, esp. at end of stanzas.
refrain'², v.i. & t. abstain from doing something; keep oneself aloof, check oneself (*from*).
refrangible (-j-), a. refractable.
refresh', v.i. & t. reanimate, reinvigorate; freshen up (memory); (sl.) take drink or food. ~er, n. extra fee to counsel in prolonged case; (sl.) a drink. ~ment, n. thing that refreshes (esp. pl.) food.
refri'gerant, a. & n. (substance) serving to refrigerate.
refri'gerate, v.t. (-rable) make cool or cold; freeze or preserve (food, &c.) by exposure to extreme cold. ~tion, n. ~tor, n. refrigerating apparatus.
ref'uge, n. shelter from pursuit or danger or trouble; person or thing that provides it. refugee', n. person taking refuge abroad to escape persecution.
reful'gent, a. shining, gloriously bright. reful'gence, n.
refund', v.t. & i. pay back; reimburse. ~ment, n.
refu'sal (-z-), n. act of refusing; chance of taking a thing before it is offered to others.
refuse, v.t. & i. (rifūz'), reject; deny what is solicited or required; not accept. n. (ref'ūs), what is left as worthless or not wanted.
refute', v.t. prove falsity or error of; rebut by argument. ref'utable, a.; refūta'tion, n.
regain', v.t. recover possession of; reach (place) again.
re'gal, a. of or by kings; magnificent. regal'ity, n.
regale', n. choice repast. v.t. & i. entertain choicely with, give delight to; feed oneself choicely.
rega'lia (-lĭa), n.pl. insignia of royalty used at coronation, &c.; insignia of an order.
regard', v.t. & i. gaze upon; give heed to, take into account; have respect or reverence for. n. gaze; attention, heed, care; relation; kindly or respectful feeling; (pl.) good wishes. ~ant, a. (Herald.) looking backwards. ~ful, a. not neglectful (*of*). ~less, a. & adv. taking no account of.
regatt'a, n. meeting for boat or yacht races.
regelate', v.i. (of fragments of ice, snow, &c.) be fused into frozen mass. ~tion, n.
re'gency, n. office of regent; commission acting as regent; regent's period of office.
regen'erate, v.t. & i. (-āt) (-rable), invest with new and higher spiritual nature; improve moral condition of; breathe more vigorous life into. a. (-ĭt) spiritually born again; reformed. ~ā'tion, n. ~tive, a.
regen'erator, n. (esp.) fuel-saving fire-brick device in furnaces.
re'gent, n. person administering kingdom during minority, absence, or incapacity of monarch; *member of governing board in some universities.
re'gicide, n. killer or participator in killing of a king; king-killing. regicī'dal, a.
regime, ré- (rāzhēm'), n. method of government; prevailing system of things.
re'gimen, n. prescribed diet and habits; (Gram.) syntactic dependence between words.
re'giment (-jĭm-), n. permanent unit of army consisting of several battalions or troops or companies. v.t. form into regiment(s), organize in groups. regimen'tal, a. of a regiment. regimen'tals (-z) n.pl. regimental uniform. ~ation, n.
re'gion (-jn), n. tract of country; separate part of the world, &c.; sphere or realm; part round some bodily organ. ~al, a.
re'gister, n. book in which items are recorded for reference; official list; compass of voice or instrument; recording indicator of speed, &c. v.t. (-trable), set down formally; record in writing; enter or cause to be entered in some register; express (surprise,

of further evidence being obtained. n. such recommittal.

remark' v.t. & i. take notice of, perceive; observe; say by way of comment; make comment on. n. noticing; comment; a thing said. ~able, a. worth notice; exceptional; striking.

rem'edy, n. cure for disease or any evil; healing medicine or treatment; redress. v.t. rectify; make good. reme'diable, reme'dial, rem'ediless, aa.

remem'ber, v.t. retain in the memory; not forget; make present to, tip; convey greetings from, put in mind of. ~brance, n. memory, recollection; keepsake; (pl.) greetings conveyed through third person. ~brancer, n. title of certain officials.

remind' v.t. put in mind of, cause to remember. remind'er n. speech or thing that reminds.

reminis'cence, n. remembering; fact or incident of which one remembers the occurrence. reminis'cent, a. recalling the past, retrospective; reminding one of.

remiss' a. careless of duty; negligent; lacking energy. ~ible, a. that may be remitted. ~ion, n. release; forgiveness, pardon.

remit' v.t. & i. pardon (sins, &c.); refrain from exacting or inflicting (debt, punishment, &c.); abate, slacken; refer (matter) to some authority; transmit. ~tance, n. money sent to person. ~tent, a. & n. (fever) that abates at intervals.

rem'nant, n. small remaining quantity or piece or number.

remon'strance, n. remonstrating.

remon'strant, a. of or in remonstrance. n. person who remonstrates.

remon'strate, v.i. & t. make protest; urge in remonstrance.

remorse' n. bitter repentance; compunction. ~ful, a. filled with repentance. ~less, a. deaf to compassion.

remote' a. far apart; far away in place or time; not closely related, distant from; out-of-the-way, secluded.

remount' v.t. & i. go up, get on to (hill, horse, &c.) again; provide with fresh horse(s). n. a horse to replace one killed or worn out.

remo'vable (-moo-), a. that can be removed. removabil'ity, n.

remo'val (-moo-), n. dismissal from a post; change to another place.

remove' (-oov), v.t. & i. take off or away from place occupied; convey to another place; dismiss; change one's residency (p.p.) distant from. n. stage in gradation, promotion to higher form at school; a form in some schools.

remu'nerate, v.t. (-rable), reward; pay for service rendered. ~tion, n. what is received as pay. ~tive, a. profitable. ~tor, n.

renais'sance, n. revival of arts and letters in 14-16 cc.; style of art and architecture developed by it; any similar revival.

re'nal, a. of the kidneys.

renas'cence, n. rebirth; renaissance. renas'cent, a. springing up anew; being reborn.

rencoun'ter -contre (-tr), n. encounter duel casual meeting.

rend, t. & i. (rent), tear or wrench; split or divide.

ren'der, v.t. give in return; pay as due, deliver up; present, submit; portray; execute, translate; melt (fat) down. ren'dering, n. translation or portrayal.

rendezvous (ron'divoo), n. (pl. same, pr. -dooz), place appointed for assembling or meeting; meeting by appointment. v.i. meet at rendezvous.

rendi'tion, n. (rare) surrender of place or person; translation, act of rendering or performing.

ren'egade, n. deserter of party or principles; apostate.

renew' t. & i. make new or as good as new; patch, fill up, replace begin, make, say or give anew. renew'al, n.

ren'net n. curdled milk from

calf's stomach, or artificial preparation, used in curdling milk for cheese, &c.

re'nnet², n. kinds of dessert apple.

renounce' v.t. (-ceable) consent formally to abandon; surrender, give up; repudiate, withdraw from, discontinue; forsake.

re'novate, v.t. (-vable), restore to good condition or vigour; repair. renova'tion, -tor, nn.

renown' n. fame, high distinction; being celebrated. ~ed, a. famous.

rent¹ p.t. & p.p. of rend.

rent² n. large tear in garment, &c.; gap, cleft, fissure.

rent³ n. periodical payment for use of land, house, room; hire for machinery &c. v.t. & i. take, occupy or use at a rent; let or hire for rent; be let (at). ~-charge, periodical charge on land, &c. reserved to one who is not the owner. re'ntal, n. sum payable as rent.

renuncia'tion, n. renouncing; document expressing it; self denial; giving up of things.

rep¹, repp, reps, n. corded upholstery fabric.

rep² n. (sl.) dissolute person.

repair'¹ v.i. resort; go (to)

repair'² v.t. restore to good condition, renovate, mend; remedy; make amends for. n. restoring to sound condition; condition for working or using. ~able, a.

re'parable, a. (of loss, &c.) that can be made good.

repara'tion, n. recompense for injury; compensation; amends.

repartee' n. witty retort.

repast' (-ah-), n. a meal, esp. one of specified quality

repa'triate (or -pă-), v.t. restore to native land. ~tion, n.

repay' v.t. & i. (-paid), pay back return, retaliate; requite, recompense. ~ment, n.

repeal' v.t. annul, revoke. n. repealing, revocation.

repeat' v.t. & i. say or do over again; recite, rehearse; reproduce; recur. n. (Mus.) passage to be repeated; repeating or thing repeated. repeat'edly adv. several times. repeat'er, n. (esp.) repeating watch; (teleg., &c.) a device for automatically retransmitting signals, &c. from one circuit to another. ~ station, station having a number of repeaters.

repel' v.t. drive back, repulse; ward off; be repulsive or distasteful to. repell'ent, a. (of manner, &c.) unsociable, uninviting; (of task, &c.) formidable, unattractive.

repent' v.i. & t. wish one had not done something; feel regret or penitence about something. ~ance, n.; ~ant, a.

repercu'ssion (-shn), n. recoil after impact; (fig.) indirect effect of event, &c.; reverberation.

rep'ertoire (-twahr), n. stock of pieces, &c. that performer or company is prepared to give. rep'ertory n. place for finding something; store of information; repertoire.

repeti'tion, n. repeating or being repeated; copy replica; (also, in schools, rep) saying by heart, piece to be so said.

repine', v.i. fret, be discontented.

replace' v.t. (-ceable) put back in place; take place of; (pass.) be superseded. ~ment, n.

reple'nish, v.t. fill up again. (p.p.) fully stored. ~ment, n.

replete' a. filled, well stocked, stuffed, sated. reple'tion, n.

rep'lica, n. duplicate of work made by the artist; (loosely) copy, facsimile. replica'tion, n. making of replicas or copies; echo; (Law) plaintiff's reply to defendant's plea.

reply' v.i. & t. (-liable), make answer, respond. n. replying; what is replied.

report' v.t. & i. bring back account of; tell as news; make official or formal statement; inform against; take down (speeches, &c.), or write description of for publication; give

account of. n. common talk, rumour; repute; account given or opinion formally expressed after investigation; reproduction or epitome of speech or law case, esp. for newspaper publication; sound of explosion. reportʹer, n. (esp.) person reporting for newspaper.

repose¹ (-z), v.t. (-sable) place (trust, &c.) in.

repose² (-z) v.t. & i. (-sable), rest, lay to rest, give rest to; be lying or laid; be supported or based on. n. rest, sleep, peaceful state, tranquillity; ease of manner. ~ful, a.

reposʹitory (-z-), n. receptacle; place where things are stored.

repoussé (rĕpōōʹsā), a. (of metal) hammered into relief from reverse side. n. repoussé work; a piece of it.

reprehend, v.t. rebuke, censure. ~henʹsible, a. blameworthy. ~henʹsion (-shn), n. censure, blame.

representʹ (-z-), v.t. place likeness of before mind or senses; make out to be; allege that; describe or depict as; play (character); stand for, correspond to; be substitute or deputy for. ~ʹtion, n. (esp.) a calling of attention to something.

represenʹtative (-z-), a. typical of a class; containing typical specimens; of or based on the representation of constituencies. n. specimen or typical embodiment of; person's agent; person representing a constituency.

repressʹ, v.t. keep under; put down; suppress. ~ible, a.; ~ion, n.; ~ive, a.; ~or, n.

repriеveʹ, v.t. (-vable), suspend the execution of. n. remission or commutation of capital sentence.

repʹrimand (-ahn-), n. official reproof. v.t. administer reproof to.

reprintʹ, v.t. print again; print another edition of. n. (rēʹprint), another printing; a new edition.

repriʹsal (-zl), n. retaliation.

reproachʹ, v.t. upbraid, scold; (of look, &c.) convey reproach to. n. upbraiding, censure; thing that brings discredit. ~ful, a. conveying reproach.

repʹrobate, v.t. (-ăt); -bable), express or feel disapproval of; (of God) cast off. a. (-ĭt) cast off by God; hardened in sin; unprincipled. n. (-ĭt), a reprobate person. reprobaʹtion, (esp.) rejection by God. ~tor, n.

reproduceʹ, v.t. & i. produce again; produce copy or representation of; carry on (species, &c.) by breeding or propagation. ~cible, a. reproducʹtion, n. (esp.) breeding or propagation; a copy of something. reproducʹtive, a.

reproofʹ, n. blame or an expression of it. reproveʹ (-ōōv), v.t. (-vable), rebuke, blame.

repʹtile, n. crawling animal, of the class including snakes; a mean grovelling person (often attrib.).

repubʹlic, n. a State in which the supremacy of the people is formally acknowledged. repubʹlican, a. of or characteristic of a republic; ᴬof the Republican party (opp. Democratic). n. advocate of republican government; ᴬmember of the party favouring liberal interpretation of the Constitution, extension of federal power, and protective tariff. ~ism, n.

repuʹdiate, v.t. & i. (-iable), disown, disavow, deny; refuse to recognize or obey (authority) or discharge (obligation). ~ation, n.

repugʹnance, n. aversion, disinclination; inconsistency or incompatibility of ideas, tempers, &c. repugʹnant, a. distasteful; contradictory (to), incompatible.

repelʹ, v.t. (-lled), drive back; rebuff, reject. n. defeat, rebuff. repulʹsion (-shn), n. tendency of bodies to repel each other; aversion. ~sive, a. exciting repulsion; loathsome.

repʹutable, a. of good repute.

reputaʹtion, n. what is generally said or believed about a person's or thing's character.

repute', *n.* what is generally thought or supposed; reputation. **reput'ed**, *p.p.* & *a.* generally considered to be or regarded as.

request', *n.* asking for something; thing asked for; being sought after, demand. *v.t.* seek permission to do; ask, entreat.

re'quiem, *n.* mass for the dead; musical setting for this.

require' *v.t.* (-rable), demand, order; ask as of right; lay down as imperative; need. **~ment**, *n.* thing needed.

req'uisite (-z-), *a.* needed. *n.* thing needed.

requisi'tion (-z-), *n.* formal demand, usu. made in writing; order to furnish supplies for army &c. *v.t.* demand supply or use of, press into service.

requite' *v.t.* (-table), make return for; reward or avenge; give in return. **requit'al**, *n.*

rere'dos (rērd-), *n.* ornamental screen covering wall above back of altar.

rescind' *v.t.* abrogate, revoke, cancel. **rescis'sion** (-zhn), *n.*

re'script, *n.* edict or official announcement.

res'cue, *v.t.* (-uable), deliver from attack, custody, danger or harm. *n.* deliverance, succour.

research' (-sėr-), *n.* search, inquiry; endeavour to discover facts by study or investigation. *v.i.* engage in research.

resem'ble (-z-), *v.t.* be like; have similarity to. **~blance**, *n.*

resent' (-z-), *v.t.* show or feel indignation at; retain bitter feelings about. **~ful**, *a.*; **~ment**, *n.*

reserva'tion (-z-), *n.* reserve; express or tacit limitation or exception; tract reserved for Indian tribe.

reserve' (-z-), *v.t.* (-vable), postpone use or enjoyment or treatment of; hold over, retain possession or control of by stipulation; (*p.p.* as *adj.*) reticent, uncommunicative. *n.* something reserved for future use; tract reserved for native tribe or wild animals; (sing. or pl.) troops held in reserve; forces outside regular army and navy liable to be called out in emergencies; (in games) extra player chosen in case substitute should be needed; limitation or qualification; self-restraint in artistic expression; reticence, lack of cordiality. **reser'vedly** (-z-), *adv.* guardedly, without openness. **reserv'ist** (-z-), *n.* member of reserve forces.

res'ervoir (-ervwâr), *n.* place where anything is kept in store; receptacle for fluid, esp. one for storing water.

reside' (-z-) *v.i.* have one's home (at, in, &c.); be in residence; (of rights, &c.) be vested in. **res'idence** (-z-), *n.* residing; place where one resides, abode. **res'idency** (-z-), residence of British political agent at Indian native court. **res'ident** (-z-), *a.* residing, located. *n.* permanent inhabitant; British political agent. **residen'tial** (-z-, -shl), *a.* of private houses, based on residence. **residen'tiary** (-z-, -sha-) *a.* bound to or involving or provided for official residence. *n.* ecclesiastic bound to reside.

res'idue (-z-), *n.* remainder, what is left over; the rest of an estate when liabilities have been discharged. **resid'ual** (-z-), *a.* left as residuum; resulting from subtraction. **resid'uary** (-z-), *a.* of the residue of an estate; residual. **resid'uum** (-z-), *n.* (pl. -dua), amount not accounted for in calculations; substance left after combustion, &c.; lowest stratum of population.

resign (-zīn), *v.t.* & *i.* relinquish, surrender, reconcile (oneself) to; give up office, retire. **resigna'tion** (-z-), *n.* resigning of an office; uncomplaining endurance. **resigned'** (-zīnd), *a.* having resigned oneself; content to endure; submissive.

resil'ience (-zilyens) *n.* power of resuming the original form after

compression, &c.; elasticity. resil'ient (-zilyent), a.

res'in (-z-) n. adhesive substance exuding from certain plants. v.t. apply resin to. ~ous, a.

resist' (-z-), v.t. & i. stop course of; successfully oppose; repel; be proof against; abstain from. ~ance, n. resisting; power of resisting; stopping effect. ~ible, a. ~less, a. too strong to be resisted.

reso'luble (-z-), a. capable of being resolved into elements.

res'olute (-zoloot), a. firm of purpose; determined, constant.

resolu'tion (-zoloo-), n. resolute temper or character or conduct; thing resolved on; formal expression of opinion of meeting; separation into components.

resolve' (-z-), v.t. & i. (-vable), disintegrate, analyse, break up into parts; convert or be converted into; (Mus.) convert (discord) or be converted into concord; solve, settle; decide upon; pass vote by resolution. n. a mental resolution; courage.

res'onant (-z-), a. echoing, resounding; continuing to sound. res'onance (-z-), n.

resort' (-z-), v.i. (with to) adopt as expedient or method; go to (person) for aid or advice; frequent. n. resorting to an expedient; place frequented for some purpose or quality.

resound' (-z-), v.i. ring or echo; produce echoes, go on sounding, fill place with sound; (of fame, &c.) be much talked of.

resource' (-sôrs), n. (pl.) means of supplying a want, stock that can be drawn on; expedient, device; means of passing the time. ~ful, a. good at devising expedients.

respect' n. deferential esteem; (pl.) message or attention conveying this; heed or regard to; reference or relation to. v.t. regard with deference; avoid insulting or injuring or interfering with, treat with consideration.

respec'table, a. deserving respect; of fair social standing, honest and decent; of some amount or size or merit. ~bility n.

respect'ful, a. showing deference.

respec'tive, a. each's own; proper to each; individual.

respire' v.t. & i. (-rable), breathe; breathe (air, &c.) in and out again; take breath. respira'tion, n. breathing; single taking in and expelling of breath. res'pirator, n. appliance worn over the mouth and breathed through by invalids, &c. res'piratory, a.

res'pite, n. delay permitted in the discharge of an obligation or suffering of a penalty; interval of rest or relief. v.t. grant or bring respite to.

resplen'dent, a. brilliant, glittering. ~ence, ~ency nn.

respond' v.i. make answer; show sensitiveness to (action, stimulus) by behaviour or change; be answerable or liable to make payment. respon'dent, a. in the position of defendant; n. defendant in a divorce suit.

response' n. answer given in word or act; set answer of congregation; feeling or movement effected by stimulus, &c.

responsibil'ity n. being responsible; charge, trust.

respon'sible, a. liable to be called to account; of good credit or position, trustworthy.

respon'sions (-shnz), n.pl. first of three examinations for the Oxford B.A. degree.

respon'sive, a. answering; by way of answer; responding readily to some influence.

‖ ressal'lah (-sahla), n. in India, a squadron of native cavalry.

‖ ressaldar' n. native captain in Indian cavalry regiment.

rest¹ v.i. & t. be still; cease from exertion or action; lie in sleep or death; be tranquil; give relief or repose to; lie or rely on; be fixed on; lean for support on; be propped against; repose trust in. n. repose or sleep; resting; a prop or support or steadying-place; pause in music, elocution,

metre, &c. ~-house, in India, a building in which travellers may obtain rest and shelter a dawk bungalow
rest², v.i. remain in specified state. n. the remainder, what remains; the others.
res'taurant (-tar-), n. place where refreshments may be had.
rest'ful, a. quiet, soothing.
rest'-harrow (-ō), n. a shrub.
restitu'tion, n. restoring of property &c. to its owner; reparation.
res'tive, a. (of horse) jibbing, refractory; (of person) fretful or obstinate under control.
rest'less, a. disinclined to rest never still; fidgety
restora'tion, n. act of restoring; recovery
restor'ative, a. tending to restore health or strength. n. restorative medicine or food or agency
restore', v.t. (-rable) give back, make restitution of replace, put back re-establish.
restrain' v.t. check or hold in; keep under control, repress; confine. ~edly, adv. with moderation without exuberance or exaggeration.
restraint' n. restraining or being restrained check; confinement self-control avoidance of exaggeration reserve.
restrict' v.t. confine, bound, limit. ~ion, n. something that limits action. ~ive, a.
result' (-z-), v.i. follow as a consequence end in specified way n. what results consequence issue; product of calculation. ~ant, a. resulting as the outcome of conflicting tendencies; n. composite effect given by such conflict.
resume' (-z-), v.t. & i. (-mable) take again or back; reoccupy begin again; recommence. resump'tion, n.; ~ive, a.
‖ résumé (rāz'oomā), n. summary
resur'gent, a. rising again after subsidence or defeat or disappearance. ~nce, n.
resurrect' (-z-), v.t. (coll.) exhume; revive practice or memory of.
resurrec'tion (-z-), n. the coming to life at the last day revival from disuse, &c.
resus'citate, v.t. & i. (-itable), revive; return or restore to life. ~tion, ~tor, nn. ~tive, a.
retail, n. (rē'tāl), sale of goods in small quantities. adv. (rē'tāl), by retail. v.t. & i. (ritāl') sell by retail; be retailed; recount.
retain', v.t. keep possession of, keep in mind; secure services of by preliminary fee. ~er, n. retaining fee; (hist.) dependant of nobleman, &c.
retal'iate, v.t. & i. (-iable) repay in kind; retort upon person tax imports by way of reprisal. ~tion, ~tor, nn.; ~tive, ~tory, aa.
retard' v.t. make slow or late delay progress or accomplishment of. ~ation, ~ment, nn.
retch, v.i. make motion of vomiting. n. such motion.
reten'tion, n. retaining. ~ive, a. having the power or character little of retaining things.
ret'icence, n. reserve in speech; uncommunicativeness. ~nt, a.
retic'ulate' ~lated, aa. having the appearance of or markings like network divided into mesh-like compartments. retic'ulate', v.t. mark with reticulations. ~tion, n. net-like marking or arrangement (usu. in pl.). ret'icule, n. lady's netted or other bag.
ret'ina, n. (pl. -as, -ae), layer at back of eyeball sensitive to light.
ret'inue, n. great person's suite of attendants.
retire' v.i. & t. (-rable), withdraw from place or company or occupation; retreat; recede go to bed; compel to retire from office. n. order for troops to retire. retired (-ird), a. that has retired from office, &c.; secluded. retire'ment (-īrm-), n. seclusion; state of having retired from office, &c. retir'ing, a. shy; fond of seclusion.

retort' v.t. & i. requite in kind; make repartee or counter-charge (p.p.) recurved, bent back. n. thing done in retaliation or said as repartee, &c. vessel with bent neck used in distilling. kinds of receptacle used in gas-making, &c.

re-touch (-tŭch), v.t. improve by giving new touches.

retrace' v.t. (-ceable), trace back to source; go back over again.

retract' v.t. & i. withdraw or pull back; be retracted or retractable; withdraw (promise, &c.) recant. ~ation, n. recanting, revoking. ~ile, a. that can be drawn back. ~ility n. ~ion, n. pulling back. ~ive, a. serving to pull back. ~or, n.

retreat' v.i. go back, retire; recede, slope away. n. act of or military signal for retreating withdrawing into seclusion place of seclusion or shelter.

retrench' v.t. & i. reduce amount of, cut down; economize. ~ment, n. reduction of expenses; cutting off; inner trench and parapet provided against loss of outer defences.

retribu'tion, n. recompense, esp. for ill deeds. retrib'utive, a.

retrieve' v.t. & i. (-vable) regain possession of; rescue from bad state, restore to good state repair; find and bring in game. retriev'al, n. recovery restoration. retriev'er, n. dog used for retrieving game.

retroces'sion (-shn) n. ceding back of ceded territory.

ret'rograde, a. directed backwards; reversing progress. v.i. move backwards, recede; revert.

retrogress', v.i. move backwards; deteriorate. ~ion, n. deterioration; backward movement. retrogres'sive, a.

ret'rospect, n. what one looks back upon. retrospec'tion, n. meditation on the past. ~ive, a. of or in retrospection; lying behind one; applicable to what has already happened.

return' v.t. & i. come or go back; revert. give, send, or pay back; say in reply; elect as member for a constituency. n. returning or being returned; what is returned. profits of undertaking official report.

reu'nion (-ūyon), n. renewal of unity; social gathering.

reunite' v.t. & i. join again.

reveal' v.t. make known by supernatural means; disclose, betray; show let appear.

reveil'le (-văl, -vāl), n. (Mil.) waking signal.

rev'el, v.i. make merry be riotously festive; take keen delight in. n. a merry-making.

revela'tion, n. revealing or being revealed; what is revealed; striking disclosure.

rev'elry, n. revelling.

revenge' (-nj), v.t. (-geable), satisfy oneself by retaliation; avenge; take vengeance. n. desire for vengeance act that satisfies this. ~ful, a. eager for revenge; vindictive.

rev'enue, n. annual income, esp. that of a State department collecting State revenue.

rever'berate, v.t. & i. (-rable) echo or throw back or reflect (sound, light, heat). ~a'tion, n. echo, rolling sound. ~tor, n. reflector, reflecting lamp.

revere' v.t. (-rable), regard with deep and affectionate or religious respect.

rev'erence, n. revering or being revered; deep respect; (joc.) title given to priest. v.t. revere.

rev'erend, a. deserving reverence by age, character, or associations; esp. as prefix to clergyman's name.

rev'erent, a. feeling or showing reverence. reveren'tial (-shl), a. due to or full of reverence.

rev'erie, n. musing; a day-dream; brown study

rever'sal, n. reversing or being reversed.

reverse a. contrary, inverted, upside down. v.t. & i. (-sible), turn

the other way round or up or inside out; invert, transpose; revoke, annul. *n.* the contrary defeat, check; back of coin, &c. ~sible, *a.* ~sibility *n.*

rever'sion (-shn), *n.* reverting, return to former state or habit passing of an estate or office at appointed time back to grantor or his heirs; right of succession to such estate. ~ary *a.* ~er, *n.* holder of reversionary right.

revert' *v.i.* return to former state recur in thought or talk fall in by reversion. ~ible, *a.* subject to reversion.

revet'ment, *n.* facing of masonry concrete, fagots, &c. on rampart or embankment.

review' (-vū) *n.* revision survey inspection retrospect, critique of book, &c. periodical in which events, books, &c. are reviewed. *v.t.* & *i.* view again survey look back on hold review of (troops, &c.) write review of (book) review'er (-vūer), *n.* writer of reviews.

revile' *v.t.* (-lable), call by ill names abuse, rail at.

revise' (-z) *v.t.* (-sable), examine and amend faults in. *n.* proof sheet embodying corrections made in earlier proof revi'ser *n.* one who re-examines for correction, revi'sion (-zhn) *n.* revising; revised edition or form.

revi'sory (-z-), *a.* of revision.

revi'val, *n.* reviving or being revived; reawakening of fervour ~ism, ~ist, *n.n.* organization, organizer of religious revival.

revive' *v.t.* & *i.* (-vable), come or bring back to consciousness, life, vigour, notice, or vogue, revi'ver, *n.* (*sl.*) stimulating drink.

reviv'ify *v.t.* (-fiable), restore to animation, activity vigour or life. ~fication, *n.*

rev'ocable, *a.* that may be revoked.

revoca'tion, *n.* act of revoking.

revoke' *v.t.* & *i.* rescind, withdraw cancel; (Whist, &c.) neglect to follow suit though able to. *n.* (Whist, &c.) revoking.

revolt' *v.i.* & *t.* rise or fall away or go over in rebellion feel revulsion; affect with disgust. *n.* insurrection; rebellious mood sense of loathing. ~ing, *a.* disgusting, horrible.

revolu'tion (-lōō-), *n.* revolving; single completion of orbit or rotation fundamental change; forcible substitution of new government or ruler for the old. ~ary, *a.* involving great change; of political revolution; *n.* instigator &c. of political revolution. ~ize, *v.t.* completely reconstruct.

revolve' *v.i.* & *t.* (-vable) turn round rotate, go rolling along. revol'ver *n.* (esp.) pistol that will fire several shots without reloading.

revue' *n.* loosely constructed play or series of scenes satirizing current events.

revul'sion (-shn), *n.* sudden violent change of feeling (Med.) counter-irritation. ~ive, *a.*

reward (-wôrd) *n.* return or recompense for service or merit requital for good or evil. *v.t.* give or serve as reward.

Rey'nard (rĕn-) *n.* the fox.

rhab'domancy *n.* divination by the rod dowsing.

Rhadaman'thus, *n.* stern judge. ~thine, *a.*

rhap'sody *n.* an enthusiastic highflown utterance or composition, rhapsod'ical, *a.* rhap'sodist, *n.* person who writes rhapsodies.

Rhe'nish, *a.* Rhine wine.

rhet'oric, *n.* art of speaking or writing effectively; inflated or exaggerated language. rhetor'ical, *a.* of the nature of rhetoric oratorical. rhetori'cian (-shn), *n.*

rheum (-ōō-), *n.* watery secretion in eyes, nose, or mouth.

rheumat'ic (-ōō-), *a.* of, suffering from, subject to, causing, or caused by rheumatism. *n.* rheumatic patient; (pl.) rheumatism. rheumat'icky (-ōō-), *a.* (colloq.) like or having rheumatism.

rheu'matism (-ōō-) *n.* disease

marked by inflammation and pain in the joints.
rheum'y (-oo-), a. affected with rheum; (of air) damp, raw
rhinoc'eros, n. large animal with horn or two horns on nose.
rho'dium (rō-), n. a hard white metal extracted from the ore of platinum.
rhododen'dron, n. evergreen shrub with large flowers.
rhomb, rhom'bus, nn. (pl. -bs, -buses, -bi), equilateral but not right-angled parallelogram, diamond or lozenge. rhom'bic, a. rhomb-shaped. rhom'boid, n. parallelogram neither equilateral nor right-angled. rhomboid'al, a.
rhu'barb (-oo-), n. plant with fleshy leaf-stalks cooked for food; purgative from root of a Chinese plant.
rhyme, rime, n. identity between terminal sounds of words or verse-lines; a poem with rhymes; word providing a rhyme. v.i. & t. (-mable), write rhymes; exhibit rhyme. rhy'mer, rhyme'ster (-ms-), nn. writer of rhymes.
rhy'thm (-dh-), n. measured flow of words in verse or prose; movement with regular succession. rhyth'mic, -al (-dh-), aa.
rib, n. one of the curved bones round the upper part of the body; ridge along surface serving to support or strengthen or adorn, e.g. curved timber to which boat's planks are nailed. ribbed, (-bd) a. rib'less, a.
rib'ald, a. scurrilous, irreverent, indecent. n. a ribald person. —ry, n. ribald talk.
rib'bon, rib'and, n. silk or other fine material woven into narrow band; piece of this used for adornment; (pl., sl.) reins.
ri'bes (-ēz), n. kinds of plant including currants, &c.
rice, n. pearl-white seeds of an oriental plant used as food; the plants. —paper, used by Chinese artists for painting on.
rich, a. wealthy, having riches; fertile; valuable; (of dress, &c.) splendid, costly; (of food) containing large proportion of fat, butter, eggs, sugar, &c.; highly amusing; abundant. rich'es (-iz), n. wealth; valuable possessions. rich'ly, adv. fully
rick¹, n. stack of hay, corn, peas, &c. v.t. form into rick.
rick², See wrick.
rick'ets, n. children's disease with softening of bones, bow-legs, &c. rick'ety, a. of, like, or having rickets; shaky, insecure.
rick'sha, n. = jinricksha.
ric'ochet (-shā), n. skipping on water or ground of a cannon-ball or bullet; hit made after it. v.i. & t. (-cheted, -cheting, or -chetted, -chetting), skip once or more; hit or aim at with ricochet shot.
rid, v.t. (past ridded, rid; p.p. rid), disencumber or relieve of; abolish. rid'dance, n.
rid(d)'el, n. (eccl.) altar-curtain.
rid'dle¹, n. question designed to test one's ingenuity in divining an answer; puzzling fact, thing, or person.
rid'dle², n. coarse sieve. v.t. sift; pierce in many places with shot (also fig.).
ride, v.i. & t. (rode, ridden pr. ri'dn), sit on and be carried by horse, &c.; go on horseback, bicycle, train, or other conveyance; manage a horse; lie at anchor; float buoyantly; oppress, tyrannize over. n. journey in public conveyance; spell of riding on horse, bicycle, &c.; road, esp. through wood, for riding. ri'der, n. in vbl. senses; (also) additional clause amending or supplementing document; expression of opinion, recommendation, &c. added to verdict. ri'ding, n. in vbl. senses; a. used for riding on; intended for a rider. —breeches, breeches of shape meant for riding. —habit, lady's long skirt for riding. —master, one who teaches riding. —school, place where riding is taught.
ridge, n. line of junction in which

two sloping surfaces meet; long narrow hill-top, mountain range. ridged (-jd), ridg'y aa.

rid'icule, v.t. (-lable), make a laughing-stock of; represent as absurd; deride. n. treatment of a person or thing as ridiculous. ridic'ulous, a. deserving to be laughed at as foolish or absurd.

riding¹. See ride.

ri'ding², n. administrative division of Yorkshire or New Zealand.

rife, pred.a. of common occurrence, prevailing, current, numerous.

riff-raff, n. the rabble, disreputable people.

ri'fle, v.t. search and rob; make spiral grooves in (gun, &c.). n. musket with rifled barrel; (pl.) troops armed with these. ~ brigade, certain regiments of British army. ~man, soldier with rifle; member of rifle brigade. ri'fling, n. arrangement of the grooves in a rifle.

rift, n. fissure, chasm, crack.

rig¹ n. trick, dodge, swindle. v.t. manage by trickery.

rig² v.t. provide ship with spars, ropes, &c.; furnish with clothes or equipment; set up hastily or as makeshift. n. way ship's masts, sails, &c. are arranged; person's look as determined by clothes, &c.; *carriage or equipage, esp. with its horses. rigg'ing (-g-) n. ship's spars, ropes, &c.

right (rit), a. straight; just, proper, correct, true; on or in the right hand; in good or normal condition; not mistaken. v.t. & i. restore to or recover proper position; make reparation; avenge, vindicate, rehabilitate; correct, set in order. n. what is just; fair treatment; justification; (pl.) right condition, true state; right-hand region or part or direction. adv. straight; all the way; completely, exactly; justly, properly, correctly, truly; to right hand. ~ angle, an angle equal to that made by vertical and horizontal straight lines as in letter L. ~-minded, having virtuous inclinations. ~ whale, kind yielding best whalebone.

righteous (rī'chus) a. virtuous, upright, just, honest.

right'ful (rit-) a. legitimately entitled to; justifiable.

right'ly (rit-) adv. justly, correctly, properly, justifiably.

ri'gid, a. that cannot be bent; inflexible, harsh. rigid'ity, n.

rig'marole, n. meaningless talk or string of words.

‖ri'gor (or ri-), n. sudden chill with shivering. ‖~ mortis, stiffening of body after death.

rig'our (-ger) n. severity, strictness, harshness; cruel extremity of cold, &c. rig'orous, a.

rig'sdag, n. Danish Parliament.

rile, v.t. (sl.) raise anger in.

rill, n. tiny stream.

rim, n. outer ring of wheel not including tire; raised edge or border, margin, verge.

rime¹ old form of rhyme.

rime² n. hoar-frost. v.t. cover with rime. ri'my a.

rind, n. bark, peel; skin of bacon, outer crust of cheese.

rin'derpest, n. disease of ruminants, cattle-plague.

ring¹ n. circlet of gold, &c. worn esp. on finger; circular thing; enclosure for circus-riding, boxing, betting, &c.; combination of persons acting together for control of market or policy. v.t. encompass; fit with ring, put ring in nose of (pig, bull). ~-dove, wood-pigeon. ~-leader, instigator in mutiny, riot, &c. ~-ouzel, bird allied to blackbird. ~-tail, kinds of hawk, eagle, and opossum. ~-worm, skin-disease in circular patches.

ring² v.i. & t. (rang, rarely rung; p.p. rung), give forth clear resonant sound; (of place) resound, re-echo; (of ears) be filled with sensation as of bell ringing; make ring; ring bell; announce or summon by sound of bell. n. ringing sound, resonance; act of ringing bell; set of church bells.

ring'let, n. curly lock of hair; hanging curl. ~ed, ~y, aa.

rink, n. stretch of ice used for curling or skating; floor for roller-skating.

rinse, v.t. (-sable), pour water into and out of to remove dirt, &c.; wash lightly; cleanse thus. n. a rinsing.

ri'ot, n. tumult, disorder; disturbance of the peace by a crowd; loud revelry; loose living; unrestrained indulgence or display. v.i. make or engage in a riot; revel. ri'otous, a.

rip¹, v.t. & i. cut or tear or split, esp. with a single quick motion; strip off or away or open up thus; (of material) be ripped; (of ship, &c.) rush along. n. act of ripping; long tear or cut. rip'per, n. one who rips; (sl.) first-rate person or thing. rip'ping, a. (sl.) splendid, first-rate; enjoyable.

rip², n. worthless horse; dissolute person.

ripar'ian, a. of or on the river-bank. n. riparian owner.

ripe, a. ready to be reaped, gathered, eaten, used, or dealt with; mature. ri'pen, v.t. & i. mature; make or grow ripe.

riposte', n. quick return thrust in fencing (also fig.). v.i. deliver riposte.

rip'ple, n. ruffling of water's surface; small wavelet; babble of water. v.t. & i. form or flow in ripples; sound like ripples; make ripples in. rip'plet, n.

rise (-z), v.i. (rose pr. rōz; risen pr. ri'zn), get up from lying or sitting or kneeling; get out of bed; cease to sit for business; make revolt; ascend, soar; project or swell upwards; come to surface; have origin, flow from. n. upward incline; social advancement; increase in rank, price, amount, wages, &c.; origin; riser of stair. ri'ser (-z-), n. (esp.) vertical piece connecting two treads of staircase. ri'sing (-z-), n. (esp.) insurrection; boil or pimple.

ris'ible (-z-), a. inclined to laugh; of laughter. ~bility, n. inclination to laugh; risible faculties.

risk, n. chance of bad consequences. v.t. expose to chance of injury or loss; venture. ris'ky, a.

risqué (ris'kā), a. of doubtful propriety; suggestive of indecency.

riss'ole, n. fried ball or cake of meat or fish mixed with bread-crumbs, &c.

rite, n. a religious or solemn ceremony of observance.

rit'ual, a. of or with rites. n. performance of ritual acts; prescribed order for performing religious service. ~ism, n. attaching of great importance to ritual. ~ist, n. ~istic, a.

ri'val, n. person or thing that competes with another. v.t. vie with; be comparable to. ~ry, n. being rivals; emulation.

rive, v.t. & i. (rived, riven pr. ri'vn), strike or rend asunder; wrench apart; be split.

riv'er, n. large natural stream of water flowing in a channel. ~-horse, hippopotamus.

riv'erain, riv'erine, aa. of or characteristic of a river.

riv'et, n. bolt used in fastening together plates of metal, &c. v.t. clinch; fasten with rivets; fix one's eyes, &c. upon; engross.

riv'ulet, n. small stream.

rix'-dollar, n. (hist.) silver coin and money of account in some continental states.

roach, n. a fresh-water fish.

road, n. way prepared to travel on; way one means to take, route; (usu. pl.) piece of water near the shore in which ships can ride at anchor. ~-hog, reckless motorist, &c. ~-house, inn. ~-metal, broken stone for road-making. ~stead, road for ships (see above). ~way, main part of road.

roam, v.i. & t. ramble, wander about. n. a rambling walk.

roan¹, a. (of animal) with coat of which the prevailing colour is

thickly interspersed with another. *a.* & *n.* roan horse, cow &c.
roan², *n.* soft sheepskin leather used in bookbinding.
roar (rōr) *n.* loud deep hoarse sound as of lion, or the voice in rage or pain or loud laughter. *v.t.* & *i.* emit roar; talk or sing or laugh loud; (of horses) make loud noise in breathing from disease. roar'er (rōr'), *n.* (esp.) roaring horse. roar'ing (rōr-) *a.* noisy boisterous brisk.
roast, *v.t.* & *i.* cook or heat by exposure to open fire or sun undergo roasting; (sl.) banter. *a.* roasted. *n.* roast meat.
rŏb, *v.t.* & *i.* violently or feloniously despoil; deprive of; commit robbery. ~ber, ~bery *nn.*
rōbe, *n.* long loose garment (often pl.) such garment as sign of rank or office or profession. *dressed skin of buffalo, &c. used as rug or garment. *v.t.* & *i.* invest (person) in robe; assume one's robes.
rŏb'in (also ~ redbreast), *n.* a small red-breasted bird *the migratory thrush.
rō'bot, *n.* an apparently human automaton; an intelligent and obedient but impersonal machine machine-like person.
robust' *a.* of strong health and physique; not weakly vigorous sensible, straightforward. robus'tious, *a.* boisterous.
rŏc, *n.* gigantic bird of Eastern tales.
rŏch'et, *n.* surplice-like vestment of bishop or abbot.
rŏck¹ *n.* solid part of earth's crust a mass of this large detached stone or boulder. ~ crystal, silica or quartz in hexagonal prisms. ~dove or ~pigeon, kind haunting rocks. ~ salt, salt found stratified in free state. ~work, rockery
rŏck² *n.* (hist.) distaff.
rŏck³, *v.t.* & *i.* make oscillate oscillate move to and fro in cradle or in the arms sway from side to side. rŏck'er, *n.* one of the curved bars on which a cradle, &c. rocks *rocking-chair
rŏck'ery *n.* rough stones piled for growing plants on.
rŏck'et¹ *n.* kinds of flowering plant.
rŏck'et² *n.* cylindrical case that can be projected by ignition of contents, used in fireworks, signalling, &c. *v.i.* (of pheasant, &c.) fly straight upwards fly fast and high.
rŏck'y *a.* of rock full of rocks rugged, hard, as rock.
rococ'ō, *a.* with much conventional decoration (obs.) antiquated. *n.* the rococo style.
rŏd, *n.* slender straight round stick or metal bar, wand, switch cane or birch for flogging measure of 5½ yards.
rode, *p.t.* of ride.
rō'dent, *n.* animal of the order Rodentia or gnawers, including rats, mice, beavers, &c.
*rōdē'ō (-dā-), *n.* round-up of cattle for branding; exhibition of cowboys skill at riding, &c.
rŏdomontāde, *n.* boastful talk, brag. *v.i.* talk boastfully
rōe¹ *n.* (collect. sing.) small kind of deer ~buck, male roe.
rōe² *n.* mass of eggs in female fish. soft ~, male fish's milt.
rogā'tion, *n.* (usu. pl.) special supplications chanted on the rogation-days or three days before Ascension Day
rōgue (-g), *n.* rascal, swindler, knave mischief-loving child; arch or sly person elephant living apart from the herd and of savage temper any large wild animal of similar character horse inclined to shirk work on racecourse or in hunting-field. rō'guery (-gər) *n.* rō'guish (-gĭ-), *a.*
*roil (roil), *v.t.* render (water, &c.) turbid annoy *roil'y (roi-), *a.* turbid.
rooinek, rōōi-, *n.* new-comer esp. British or European immigrant, in S. Africa (in Boer war) British soldier

rois'terer, n. noisy reveller; jovial swaggerer. ~ing, a. & n. of, or conduct of, a roisterer.
rôle (rōl), n. actor's part; one's task or function.
rōll, n. cylinder formed by turning paper, cloth, &c. over and over on itself without folding; document in this form, register, list; more or less cylindrical mass of something; rolling motion or gait; continuous sound of thunder or drum or shouting. v.t. & i. move or send or go in some direction by turning on axis; sway or rock; undulate, show undulating motion or surface; sound with vibration; flatten with roller; make into or form a roll; make by rolling. ~-call, calling over of list of persons. rō'ller, n. (esp.) cylinder used alone or as part of machine for smoothing, pressing, crushing, spreading printer's ink, rolling cloth on, &c.; long swelling wave. rō'lling, a. turning on an axis; moving from side to side. ~-pin, roller for pastry-making. ~-stock, railway company's wagons and trucks.
rŏll'ick, v.i. be jovial and boisterous (esp. in part. as adj.).
rō'ly-pō'ly, n. pudding of paste covered with jam and rolled up; (attrib.) podgy.
Romā'ic, n. language of modern Greece. a. of or in Romaic.
romal', rūmal' (-ahl), n. (E. Ind.) silk or cotton handkerchief; thin silk or cotton fabric with handkerchief pattern.
Rō'man, a. of the ancient or modern city of Rome, of the people or the State or the Christian Church of Rome. n. member of ancient Roman State; inhabitant of Rome; Roman Catholic; (Print.) roman type. ~ candle, tube discharging coloured balls in fireworks. ~ Catholic, member of the Church of Rome. ~ numerals, letters denoting numbers used by ancient Rome and still used for certain purposes. ~ type, plain upright type, opp. italic.
romance', n. vernacular language of old France developed from Latin; (collect.) the languages so developed (R-); medieval tale of chivalry; tale with scenes and incidents remote from ordinary life; episode or love affair suggesting romance. a. (of languages) developed from Latin (R-). v.i. exaggerate or distort the truth. romă'ncer, n. writer of romances; a fantastic liar.
Rōmanĕsque' (-ĕsk), a. (Archit.) in the style prevailing between the classical and Gothic periods. n. this style.
Romā'nic, a. (of languages) Romance; Romance-speaking. n. Romance languages.
Rō'manize, v.t. & i. ([illegible]), make Roman or Roman-Catholic; adopt or cause to adopt Roman-Catholic beliefs or practices. ~zation, ~ism, ~ist, nn.
romă'ntic, a. marked by or suggestive of or given to romance; fantastic, visionary; (of literary or artistic method, &c.) preferring grandeur or passion or irregular beauty to finish and proportion. n. romanticist. ~cism, n. adherence to romantic methods. ~cist, n. writer of the romantic school.
Rŏm'any, n. a gipsy; the gipsy language. a. gipsy.
Rōme, n. city, ancient State, Empire, or Church of Rome. ~ward, a. & adv., ~wards, adv., in the direction of Roman-Catholicism.
Rō'mish, a. papistical.
rŏmp, v.i. play together with chasing, wrestling, &c. n. child given to romping; (of girl or woman) tom-boy. rŏm'per, n. (sing. or pl.) child's overall.
rŏn'deau (-dō), rŏn'del, nn. artificial forms of short poem with refrain.
Röntgen (rŭnt'yen) (or X-)rays, n. pl. form of radiation penetrating many substances impervious

to ordinary light. rönt'genogram (röntyen-), n. photograph taken by Röntgen rays.

rood, n. crucifix, esp. on rood screen. quarter of an acre. ~-loft, gallery on rood-screen. ~-screen, wooden or stone carved screen separating nave and choir.

roof, n. upper covering of house or building; top of covered vehicle. v.t. cover with roof. be roof of. ~-tree, ridge-pole of roof. roof'er, n. (colloq.) letter of thanks sent by departed visitor. roof'ing, n. material used for roof.

rook¹, n. (Chess) the castle.

rook², n. black hoarse-voiced bird of crow tribe; sharper, esp. at dice and cards. v.t. win money from at cards, &c., esp. by swindling; charge extortionately. ~ery n. colony of rooks; crowded cluster of mean houses.

room, n. space occupied or that might be occupied by something; capaciousness or ability to accommodate contents. opportunity scope; apartment in a house. (pl.) apartments or lodgings. v.i. *occupy room(s) or share room(s) with. *room'er, n. occupier of room(s) only, eating out. room'ful (-ōōl) n. (pl. -ls). room'y a. spacious, not confined.

roost, n. bird's resting-place. v.i. settle for sleep. be perched or lodged for the night. ~er, n. (esp.) the domestic cock.

root¹, n. part of plant that fixes it to the earth and conveys nourishment from the soil to it. (pl.) fibres or branches of this. (usu. pl.) plant(s) with edible roots. part of organ, &c. serving as a root. source, means of growth, basis. (Math.) the factor of a quantity which multiplied by itself gives that quantity; original element from which words are formed. v.t. & i. take or cause to take root, establish firmly; pull up by the root; turn up ground in search of food; (often rout, pr. rowt) find or bring out after search, &c. rummage. root'let, n. small root. root'y n. (Mil. sl.) bread.

*root², v.i. (sl.) be active for another by giving encouraging applause or support. ~er, n.

rope, n. stout line made by twisting together strands of hemp, flax, hide, or wire. v.t. (-pable), fasten with rope, put rope on. enclose or mark off with rope; *(western U.S.) catch with lariat. ~-dancer, performer on tightrope. ~-walk, long piece of ground in which rope is twisted. rō'py a. (of liquid) developing glutinous stringy formation.

rō'quet (-kĭ), n. striking of a croquet-ball against another. v.t. & i. make roquet; hit (ball) thus.

rôr'qual, n. whale with dorsal fin.

rosā'ceous (-zāshus), a. of the Rosaceae or family of plants including the rose.

rō'sary (-z-), n. rose garden, bed, arbour, or pergola. prayer made up of aves, glorias, and paternosters. string of beads for keeping count of these.

rōse¹ (-z), n. (prickly shrub bearing) a beautiful and fragrant red, yellow or white flower; nozzle of watering-pot; Pale crimson, pink. ~-bud, bud of the rose. a young girl. ~-colour, rosy red, pink. (fig.) pleasant state or outlook. ~-water, scent made from roses. ~ window circular window usu. with spoke-like tracery. ~-wood, kinds used in cabinet-making and named from their smell.

rose² p.t. of rise.

rō'séate (-z-), a. rose-coloured.

rōse'mary (-zm-), n. evergreen fragrant shrub.

rosĕtte' (-z-), n. rose-shaped ornament made of ribbons, &c., or carved in stone, &c.

Rosicru'cian (-zĭkrōō'shan), a. of a society devoted to occult lore. n. member of this.

ro'sin (-z-), n. resin, esp. in solid form. v.t. rub with rosin.

ro'ster (or rŏ-), n. list or plan showing turns of duty

ro'stral, a. (of column, &c.) adorned with actual or sculptured beaks of captured ships (Nat. Hist.) of or on the rostrum.

ro'strate, a. (Nat. Hist.) having a rostrum. rostrā'ted, a. rostrate (of column, &c.) rostral.

rostri'form, a. beak-like.

ro'strum, n. (pl. -ra, -s), platform for public speaking; pulpit, office, &c., that enables one to gain the public ear (Rom. Ant.) beak of war-galley (Nat. Hist.) beak, stiff snout, beak-like part.

rō'sy (-z-), a. coloured like a red rose.

rot, v.i. & t. undergo decay by putrefaction or from want of use; cause to rot, make rotten. n. decay, rottenness; a sheep-disease; (sl.) nonsense, undesirable state of things; (Crick., &c.) sudden series of failures.

rō'ta, n. list of persons acting, or duties to be done, in rotation.

rō'tary, a. acting by rotation. R~ Club, U.S. and British society for international service to humanity. Rotā'rian, n. member of Rotary Club.

rotā'te', v.i. & t. (-atable), move round axis or centre; revolve; arrange or take in rotation. ~tion, n. rotating; recurrent series or period; regular succession. ~tional, rō'tative, aa. ~tor, n. revolving apparatus or part. rō'tatory, a.

rote, n. mere habituation, unintelligent memory

rō'tograph (-ahf), n. photographic print, esp. of MS. or book

rō'tor, n. rotary part of machine; upright revolving cylinder on ship taking the place of masts and sails.

rott'en, a. affected with rot; perishing of decay; inefficient, worthless; (sl.) beastly

rott'er, n. (sl.) person or thing of little worth.

rotund', a. rounded, plump; sonorous, grandiloquent. rotun'da, n. circular building, esp. with dome. rotun'dity, n.

rou'ble (rōō-), n. Russian silver coin (formerly 2s. 1½d.)

‖roué (rōō'ā), n. debauchee.

rouge (rōōzh) n. red powder used to colour cheeks and lips. v.t. & i. colour, adorn oneself, with rouge. ~et-noir (-ā-nwahr'), card-game on table with red and black marks on which stake is laid.

rough (rŭf), a. of uneven or irregular surface; not smooth or level; hairy, shaggy; coarse in texture; violent; stormy; boisterous; riotous; harsh, unfeeling; deficient in finish; incomplete; approximate. adv. in rough manner. n. turbulent fellow of the lower-class. v.t. secure (horse) against slipping by insertion of projecting nails or spikes in shoes. ~cast, a. coated with mixed lime and gravel; (of plan, &c.) imperfectly elaborated; n. plaster of lime and gravel; v.t. coat with roughcast; prepare (plan, &c.) in outline. ~hew, shape out roughly. ~house, (sl.) horse-play indulge in horse-play. ~luck, (colloq.) worse fortune than one deserves. ~neck, (sl.) coarse vulgar person. ~shod, (of horse) having shoes with projecting nail-heads.

rough'en (rŭ'fn), v.t. & i. make or grow rough.

roulade (rōōlahd'), n. quick succession of notes.

rouleau (rōōlō'), n. (pl. -s or -x, pr. -z), cylindrical packet of coins; coil or roll.

roulette (rōō-), n. gambling game on table with revolving centre.

round, a. spherical or circular or cylindrical; entire, continuous, all together; candid. n. round object; revolving motion, circuit, cycle, series; (Mil.) officer's inspection of guards and sentries; (Golf) playing of all holes in

course once. (Mus.) kind of canon for three or more equal voices. one bout or spell; one stage in competition. adv. circularly, with rotation; with return to starting-point; by circuitous way. prep. so as to encircle or enclose; about. v.t. & i. invest with or assume round shape; pass round or double, make a turn. ~about, a. circuitous, circumlocutory; n. circuitous way, piece of circumlocution, merry-go-round. ~arm, (of bowling) delivered with arm horizontal. ~head, member of the Parliament party in 17th-c. civil war. ~numbers, numbers stated without odd units, &c. ~robin, written petition with signatures in circle to conceal order in which they were written. ~sman, tradesman's employee going round for orders, &c.; police officer below sergeant with duties of inspection.

roun'del, n. small disk; roundeau.

roun'delay, n. short simple lay with refrain; bird's song.

roun'der, n. (pl.) a ball game; (sing.) player's complete circular run as unit of scoring in it; (sl.) habitual loafer or drunkard.

round'ly, adv. bluntly, plainly; in thoroughgoing way.

roup¹ (rowp) n. & v.t. (Sc.) sale, sell, by auction.

roup² (rōōp) n. kinds of poultry-disease. rou'py (rōō-) a.

rouse (-z) v.t. & i. (-sable), stir up from sleep or quiescence; cease to sleep; become active.

rout¹ n. disorderly retreat of defeated troops; party of revellers or rioters; (arch.) large evening party. v.t. put to rout.

rout² See root.

route (rōōt, Mil. rowt) n. way taken in getting from starting-point to destination. (Mil.) formal written marching orders. ~march, march of battalion, &c. for training purposes.

routine (rōōtēn'), n. fixed order of doing things.

rōve, v.i. wander without settled destination, move from place to place; (of eyes) look in changing directions. rō'ver¹ n. wanderer, senior boy scout; (Croquet) player or ball that has passed all hoops but not pegged out.

rō'ver², n. pirate.

row¹ (rō), n. more or less straight line of objects; a rank or file; line of seats.

row² (rō) v.t. & i. propel boat with oars; convey in boat; row race with; be member of boat's crew. n. spell of rowing.

row³ n. (colloq.) disturbance, noise, dispute; free fight; being reprimanded. v.t. reprimand, rate. row'ing, n. scolding.

rowan (rō'an, row'an) n. (Sc.) the mountain ash; its berry.

rowd'y, a. noisy and disorderly. n. a rowdy person. ~ism, n.

row'el, n. spiked revolving disk at end of spur.

row'lock (rŭl-) n. appliance serving as fulcrum for oar.

roy'al, a. of, from, suited to, worthy of, a king; belonging to family of, in service or under patronage of, a king or queen; splendid, first-rate. n. a royal stag, mast, or sail (see below); a size of paper. ~mast, ~sail, above topgallant mast and sail. ~stag, stag with head of 12 or more points. ~standard, square banner with royal arms. roy'alist, n. supporter of monarchy. roy'alty, n. being royal; royal persons; royal licence to work minerals; payment by lessee of mine to landowner; payment to patentee for use of patent or to author &c. for each copy sold.

rŭb, v.t. & i. subject to friction; polish, clean, abrade, chafe, make dry, make sore, by rubbing; take (stain, &c.) out; freshen or brush up; come into contact with; get frayed or worn by friction. n. spell of rubbing. rŭbb'ing, n. (esp.) reproduction on paper of sepulchral brass or stone by rubbing.

rŭbb'er[1], *n.* tough elastic substance made from coagulated juice of certain plants; india-rubber; person or appliance employed to rub; *(colloq.)* rubber overshoe. *v.t.* stare impertinently. **~neck**, *(sl.)* inquisitive person; excursion motor-car.

rŭbb'er[2], *n.* three successive games between same sides or persons at whist, cribbage, backgammon, &c.; winning of two games in rubber; third game, when each side has won one.

rŭbb'ish, *n.* waste or worthless matter; litter, trash; nonsense. **rŭbb'ishy**, *a.* of no value.

rŭb'ble, *n.* fragments of stone.

*rube (rōōb), *n.* farmer.

ru'bicund (rōō-), *a.* ruddy, red-faced.

ru'bric (rōō-), *n.* heading or passage in red or otherwise distinguished lettering; direction for conduct of divine service inserted in liturgical book.

ru'by (rōō-), *n.* crimson or rose-coloured precious stone; glowing red colour; a size of type (5½ point, as this). *a.* ruby-coloured.

ruche (rōōsh), *n.* frill or quilling of gauze, lace, &c.

rŭck[1], *n.* main body of competitors left out of the running.

rŭck[2], **rŭc'kle**, *v.t.* & *i.* crease, wrinkle (usu. up).

ru'cksack (rōō-), *n.* kind of knapsack slung from shoulders.

rŭc'tion, *n.* *(sl.)* dispute, row.

rŭdd, *n.* a fresh-water fish.

rŭdd'er, *n.* flat piece hinged to stern of ship or boat for steering with. **~less**, *a.*

rŭd'dle, *n.* red ochre. *v.t.* mark or colour with ruddle.

rŭdd'y, *a.* freshly or healthily red; of red or reddish-brown.

rude (rōōd), *a.* primitive, simple, in natural state; uncivilized, uneducated; roughly made; coarse; violent; vigorous, hearty; insolent, offensive.

ru'diment (rōō-), *n.* *(pl.)* elements or first principles of a subject; germ of something undeveloped; *(zool.)* part or organ imperfectly developed as having no function. **rudimen'tary** (rōō-), *a.* not going beyond the rudiments; undeveloped.

rue[1] (rōō), *n.* a bitter-leaved evergreen shrub.

rue[2] (rōō), *v.t.* repent of; wish undone or unbeaten. **~ful**, *a.* dejected, downcast.

rŭff[1], *n.* projecting starched and goffered neck-frill; band of feathers, hair, or colour round bird's or beast's neck; kind of pigeon.

rŭff[2], *n.* bird of sandpiper kind.

rŭff[3], *n.* trumping at whist. *v.t.* & *i.* trump.

rŭff'ian, *n.* rough lawless person; a bully. **~ism**, *n.*; **~ly**, *a.*

rŭf'fle, *v.t.* & *i.* disturb smoothness or tranquillity of; swagger about. *n.* frill of lace, &c.; ripple.

ru'fous (rōō-), *a.* reddish-brown.

rŭg, *n.* thick woollen wrap or coverlet; floor-mat.

Rŭg'by or **~ football**, or *(sl.)* **rugg'er** (-g-), *n.* form of football in which ball may be carried.

rŭg'ged (-g-), *a.* of rough uneven surface; harsh, austere; *(colloq.)* vigorous, robust.

rugose' (rōō-), *a.* wrinkled, corrugated. **rugos'ity** (rōō-), *n.*

ru'in (rōō-), *n.* downfall; fallen or impaired state; (often *pl.*) remains of building, &c. that has suffered ruin. *v.t.* reduce (place) to ruins; bring to ruin; be the ruin of. **ruinā'tion** (rōō-), *n.* perdition. **ru'inous** (rōō-), *a.* in ruins; bringing ruin.

rule (rōōl), *n.* principle to which action conforms or should conform; canon, test, standard; normal state of things; sway, government, dominion; a law or code of laws to be observed by a society and its members; order made by judge; carpenter's measure; *(typog.)* thin slip of metal for separating headings, columns, &c. *v.t.* & *i.* (-lable,

exercise sway or decisive influence over; keep under control; be guided by pronounce authoritatively that; make line(s) with ruler; (of prices, &c.) have a specified general level. ru'ler (rōō-), n. person, &c. bearing rule strip or cylinder of wood, &c. for ruling lines. ru'ling (rōō-), n. (esp.) authoritative pronouncement.

rŭl'ley, n. (pl. -eys), flat four wheeled dray lorry.

rŭm¹ n. spirit made from sugar cane; (colloq.) any intoxicating liquor. *—runner, (sl.) smuggler of intoxicants.

rŭm², a. (sl.) queer, strange.

rŭm'ble, v.i. make sound as of distant thunder heavy cart, &c. n. rumbling sound hind part of carriage arranged as extra seat or for luggage.

ru'minant (rōō-), n. animal that chews cud. a. of the ruminants.

ru'minate (rōō-), v.i. chew the cud (fig.) meditate upon, ponder over. —tion, n.; —tive, a.

rŭmm'age, v.t. & i. (-geable), ransack make search in; fish out. n. search, esp. of ship by Customs officers. —sale, sale of unclaimed articles at docks, &c., or of odds and ends at bazaar, &c.

rŭmm'er, n. large drinking-glass.

rŭmm'y a. (sl.) queer strange. n. a card game, usu. with four to six players and two packs of cards.

rumour (rōōm er), n. general talk or current statement of doubtful accuracy v.t. give currency to as a rumour.

rŭmp, n. tail-end of beast or bird; person's posterior.

rŭm'ple, v.t. crease, tousle.

rŭn, v.i. & t. (ran run), go with speed, smooth motion, or regularity; compete in race, &c. spread rapidly flow or emit contents work or be in action (of bus, &c.) ply; be current, operative, or valid; be worded; enter (horse, candidate) for race or contest; set or keep going, control operations of get (contraband) past coastguard, smuggle in. n. act or spell of running unit scored at cricket, way things tend to move rapid fall *small stream, watercourse continuous stretch or spell or course, long series or succession general demand enclosure for fowls, range of pasture licence to make free use of.

rŭn'agate, n. (arch.) vagabond.

rŭn'away, n. a fugitive horse bolting (also attrib.).

rune (rōōn), n. (usu. in pl.) letter(s) of early Teutonic alphabet mark(s) of mysterious significance resembling them. ru'nic (rōō-), a.

rŭng¹ n. short stick fixed as crossbar, esp. in ladder.

rŭng², p.t. & p.p. of ring²

rŭn'let¹ n. cask for wine, &c.

rŭn'let² n. small brook.

rŭnn'el, n. brook gutter

rŭnn'er, n. a racer; messenger; kinds of twining bean creeping stem issuing from plant's stem and capable of rooting itself; sliding ring on rod, &c. —up, competitor beaten only in final round of contest.

rŭnn'ing, a. consecutive successive; flowing, cursive; discharging (matter). n. act of moving quickly way race proceeds; discharging matter.

rŭnt, n. ox or cow of small breed.

rupee' (rōō-), n. Indian monetary unit and silver coin, 1s. 6d.

rŭp'ture, n. breaking, breach breach of harmonious relations tumour resulting from protrusion of some internal part through an aperture in the membrane, &c. enclosing it; hernia. v.t. & i. (-rable), burst (cell, membrane, &c.); sever (connexion) affect with or suffer hernia.

rur'al (roor-), a. in or of or suggesting the country rurali'ty n.; —ize, v.t.; —ization, n.

ruridecā'nal (roor-), a. of rural dean or deanery

ru'sa (rōō-), n. large E.-Ind. deer.

ruse (rōōz), n. indirect device, stratagem.

rush¹ n. marsh plant with slender pithy stem, its stem; (attrib.) made of rush; (fig.) thing of no value. ~-candle, candle with rush pith as wick. ~light, rush candle. rush'y a. abounding in rushes.

rush² v.t. & i. impel or carry along violently and rapidly; take by sudden assault; run precipitately or with great speed, go or do without proper consideration; *(sl.) entertain candidate for election to college fraternity &c. n. act of rushing; violent or tumultuous advance; spurt, charge, onslaught; *contest between two (university) classes for temporary possession of a flag, &c.

rusk, n. piece of bread pulled or cut off and rebaked; kinds of light biscuit.

russ'et, a. of soft reddish-brown. n. russet colour; rough-skinned russet-coloured apple.

Ru'ssia (-sha). ~ leather, n. a leather prepared with birch-bark oil.

Ru'ssian (-shn), Russ (arch.), n. native, language, of Russia. a. of or from Russia. ~ boots, high unlaced and unbuttoned boots with leather uppers round the calves. ~ize, v.t.; ~ization, n. Russ'ophil, n. & a. friend of or friendly to Russia. Russ'ophobe, n. & a. opponent of or opposing the Russians. ~pho'bia, n.

rust, n. yellowish-brown coating formed on iron by oxidation and corroding it; plant-disease with rust-coloured spots. v.i. & t. contract or affect with rust. lose quality or efficiency by disuse.

rus'tic, a. of or *like country people* or peasants; uncouth; of rude workmanship. n. countryman. rus'ticate, v.i. & t. (-cable), retire to or live in the country; send down (undergraduate) from university for a time as punishment. rustica'tion, n. rustic'ity n.

ru'stle (-sl), n. sound as of blown leaves or pattering rain. v.i. & t. make or cause to make rustle; go with rustle.

rus'ty¹ a. rusted, affected with rust; rust-coloured; discoloured by age. impaired by disuse.

rus'ty² a. rancid.

rut¹ n. track sunk by passage of wheels. beaten track, groove. rut'ted, rutt'y aa.

rut² n. periodic sexual excitement of male deer, &c.

ruth¹ rut¹ (rōōt) n. (Anglo-Ind.) native vehicle or carriage.

ruth² (rōōth), n. pity compassion, tenderness. ~less, a.

ruthe'nium (rōō-), n. a hard brittle metal found in the ore of platinum.

rye, n. a grain used for fodder, &c. *(colloq.) rye whisky.

rye-grass (ri'grahs), n. kinds of fodder-grass.

ry'ot, n. Indian peasant, husbandman, or cultivating tenant. ry'otwar (-wâr), a. (of land tenure in India) characterized by direct settlement between Government and cultivators, without the intervention of zemindar or landlord. n. the ryotwary system.

S

sabbatar'ian, a. opposed to sabbath-breaking. n. person of such views. ~ism, n.

sab'bath, n. the rest-day appointed for Jews on the last and for Christians on the first day of the week. ~-breaker, n.

sabbat'ic, -al, aa. of or appropriate to the sabbath. ~ year, the seventh year in which Israelites were to cease tilling; *period of freedom from lectures, &c. allowed professor for purposes of travel, research, &c.

sa'ble, n. small dark furred beast, its skin or fur; the tincture or colour black; (pl.) mourning garments. a. black, gloomy.

sab'ot (-ō), n. shoe hollowed out

from one piece of wood. sab'otage, n. intentional damage done by workmen to plant, &c.

sa'bre (-er), n. cavalry sword with curved blade. v.t. cut down or wound with sabre. sa'bretache (-rtăsh), n. cavalry officer's satchel hanging from belt by long straps.

săc, n. bag of membrane forming a cavity or enclosing a cyst, &c.

să'ccharin (-ke-), n. intensely sweet substance got from coal-tar. să'ccharine (-ke-), a. of or containing or like sugar.

săcerdō'tal, a. priestly; ascribing mysterious powers to, or claiming excessive authority for, the priesthood. ~ism, ~ist, nn.

săch'em, n. Amer. Ind. chief; eminent person.

sa'chet (-shā), n. small bag of perfume.

săck¹, n. large bag of coarse textile stuff; amount which a sack holds; *(Baseb.) bag serving as base; kinds of loose gown or coat; sacking of town. v.t. put in sacks; subject (town, &c.) to unrestrained pillage and licence; (colloq.) dismiss from employment. ~cloth, coarse stuff such as sacks are made of. sack'ful (-ōōl), n. ~ing, n. material used for sacks.

săck², n. (hist.) kinds of white wine from Spain, &c.

săck'but, n. obsolete kind of trumpet.

sā'cral, a. of the sacrum.

să'crament, n. a symbolic religious ceremony, esp. baptism and the eucharist; the ~, the eucharist. ~al, a. săcramĕ'ntalism, ~ist, nn. ascription, ascriber, of great importance or efficacy to the sacraments. săcramĕntă'rian, n. sacramentalist; a. holding or dictated by sacramentalist views.

sā'cred, a. consecrated or held dear to a deity; dedicated or appropriated to some person or purpose; hallowed by religious association; inviolable.

să'crifice, n. the slaughter of a victim, or presenting of a gift, or doing of an act, to propitiate a god; such victim or gift or act; the giving up of something. v.t. & i. offer as sacrifice; offer sacrifice to; give up (one's life, interests, &c.) as of inferior importance to something else. săcrifi'cial (-shl), a.

să'crilege, n. violation of what is sacred. săcrilĕ'gious (-jus), a.

sā'cring, n. (arch.) consecration of elements in the mass; ordination of bishop, sovereign, &c. ~-bell, bell rung at elevation of the Host.

sā'crist, să'cristan, nn. official in charge of the sacred vessels, vestments, relics, &c. of a church; a sexton. să'cristy, n. sacristan's repository.

să'crosanct (or săk-), a. secured against outrage or violation by religious awe. ~sanc'tity, n.

sā'crum, n. the compound bone forming the back of the pelvis.

săd, a. sorrowful; showing or causing sorrow; incorrigible; (of colour) dull. sădd'en, v.t. & i.

să'ddle, n. rider's seat on back of horse or on bicycle; joint of mutton or venison consisting of the two loins. v.t. & i. put saddle on; saddle one's horse; burden (person) with task, &c.; put blame upon. ~-bag, one of a pair of bags laid across horse behind saddle. sădd'ler, n. maker of saddles and harness. sădd'lery, n. saddler's trade or wares.

sā'dism, n. sexual delight in cruelty. ~ist, n. ~is'tic, a.

‖ safā'ri, n. (E. Afr.) hunting or other expedition.

sāfe, a. uninjured, out of danger; affording security or not involving danger; cautious; reliable; sure. n. cupboard for meat, &c.; strong-box for valuables. ~-conduct, immunity from arrest or harm granted to a person.

sāfe'guard (-gard), n. proviso or other device against foreseen risks. v.t. protect by precaution or stipulation. ~ing, n. (Econ.)

protection of certain industries by levying duties on imports of the same character as the home product.

safe'ty (-fti-), n. being safe; freedom from danger or risks. ~-lamp, miner's lamp so protected as not to ignite fire-damp. ~-razor, razor with guard protecting skin from cuts. ~-valve, automatic vent relieving excessive pressure of steam; (fig.) outlet for excitement.

saf'flower, n. a thistle-like plant, *cultivated for the dye obtained from its flowers*, the red dye produced from this.

saff'ron, n. orange-coloured stigmas of the Autumnal Crocus; the colour of these. a. saffron-coloured.

sag, v.i. sink unevenly under pressure; hang sideways or show downward curve in middle. n. state of sagging.

sa'ga (sah-), n. medieval tale of Scandinavian heroes.

saga'cious (-shus), a. having or showing insight and practical wisdom. saga'city, n.

sage[1] n. kitchen herb with dull greyish-green leaves.

sage[2] a. wise, judicious, experienced. n. person credited with profound wisdom.

sa'go, n. (pl. -os), starch prepared from palm-pith and used in puddings, &c.

sah'ib, n. (fem. sahib), Englishman or European in India as spoken of or to by natives; also used as a title affixed to the name or office of a European; occasionally used as a specific title among Hindus and Mussulmans (*Khan Sahib*, *Tipu Sahib*).

said, p.t. & p.p. of say.

sail, n. piece of canvas extended on rigging to catch wind and propel vessel; (collect., with number) ships; wind-catching apparatus attached to arm of a windmill; spell of sailing. v.i. & t. progress by use of sail; start on voyage; navigate ship; traverse sea; go with flight or gait comparable to motion of sailing-ship. sail'er, n. ship of specified sailing-power.

sail'or, n. seaman or mariner. ~-hat, n. sailor's hat.

sain'foin, n. a fodder-plant.

saint, n. canonized person (for use as pref. abbr. St., see St.); one of the blessed dead or other of the company of heaven; saint-like person. saint'ed, a. canonized or deserving to be so; hallowed. saint'hood (-t-h-), n. saint'lin, ~ly, a. very free from human weakness.

sake, n. used chiefly in phr. *for the ~ of, for — 's or my &c. ~*, out of consideration for; in the interest of, because of; owing to.

saki'ah (sahk-), n. Eastern water-wheel for irrigation.

sal (sahl), saul, n. valuable Indian timber (tree).

salaam' (-lahm), n. Oriental salutation 'Peace'; Indian obeisance. v.i. make salaam.

sal'able, a. fit for sale; finding purchasers. ~bility, n.

sala'cious (-shus), a. lustful, lecherous. sala'city, n.

sal'ad, n. vegetables prepared as food without cooking. ~-oil, refined olive-oil.

sal'amander, n. lizard-like animal supposed to live in fire; elemental spirit of fire; cook's implement for scorching things brown.

sala'mi (-lah-), n. Italian sausage highly salted.

sal'ary, n. fixed periodical payment made to person for his services. sal'aried (-rid), a.

sale, n. buying-and-selling transaction; public auction; disposal of stock at low prices. ~s'man, ~s'woman, shop assistant; middleman between producer and retailer. ~s'manship, skill in finding customers.

*saler'atus, n. impure potassium or sodium bicarbonate as ingredient in baking-powder

Sal'ic, Salique (-ĭk) *a.* ~ *law*, law excluding females from dynastic succession.

salicyl'ic, *a.* made from or involving the use of salicylic acid. ~ *acid*, an antiseptic and antirheumatic substance.

sa'lient, *a.* prominent, conspicuous, standing out; (of angles) pointing outwards. *n.* a salient angle; a bulge in a line of trenches. **sa'lience**, *n.*

sa'line, *a.* impregnated with salt(s), like salt. *n.* solution of salt and water. **salin'ity**, *n.*

sali'va, *n.* the liquid of the mouth. **sal'ivary**, *a.* of or producing saliva.

sal'low[1] (-ō), *n.* low-growing kinds of willow.

sal'low[2] (-ō), *a.* of sickly yellow or pale brown. *v.t.* & *i.* grow or make sallow.

sal'ly, *n.* rush of besieged upon besiegers, sortie; a piece of banter. *v.i.* make military sally; go for a walk or expedition. ~-*port*, opening in fortifications provided for making of sallies.

Sal'ly Lunn, *n.* kind of tea-cake.

salmagun'di, *n.* highly seasoned dish of chopped meat, anchovies, eggs, &c.; a medley.

sal'mi (-ē), *n.* ragout, esp. of game-birds.

salmon (săm'on), *n.* silver-scaled fish with orange-pink flesh. *a.* salmon-coloured. ~-*colour*, orange pink. ~ *trout*, fish resembling salmon.

‖salon (săl'awn), *n.* reception-room or reception of great lady.

saloon, *n.* large room fit for assemblies, &c.; large cabin for ship's passengers; railway car, &c. without compartments; public room or gallery for specified use; *drinking-bar.

salpiglos'sis, *n.* a garden flower allied to petunia.

sal'sify, *n.* plant with fleshy root cooked as vegetable.

salt (sawlt), *n.* substance obtained from sea-water by evaporation or from the earth by mining or pumping, and used as seasoning or preservative of food; sodium chloride; (fig.) the zest of; wit; experienced sailor; (Chem.) compound of basic and acid radicals. *a.* containing, tasting of, or treated with salt; bitter, pungent. *v.t.* preserve or season or treat with salt. ~-*cellar*, vessel holding salt for table use. ~-*pan*, hollow near sea, or vessel, used in getting salt by evaporation.

salta'tion, *n.* leaping, dancing; sudden transition. **sal'tatory**, *a.*

sal'tire, *n.* a St. Andrew's cross (X) dividing a shield, &c. into four compartments.

saltpetre (sawltpē'ter), *n.* substance used in making gunpowder, &c.; potassium nitrate.

salu'brious (-lōō-), *a.* health-giving. **salu'brity** (-lōō-), *n.*

Salu'ki (-ōōkĭ), *n.* breed of dog, Arabian gazelle-hound.

sal'utary, *a.* wholesome in operation, resulting in good.

salute' (-ōōt), *n.* gesture of respect, esp. at meeting or parting; (Mil., Naut.) prescribed movement or use of flags or discharge of guns in sign of respect; (joc.) a kiss. *v.t.* & *i.* make salute or salutation to; greet; kiss. **saluta'tion**, *n.* act of, words used in, saluting.

sal'vage, *n.* rescue of property from loss at sea or by fire; payment made for its rescue. *v.t.* rescue thus; *(army sl.) appropriate for one's own use.

salvar'san, *n.* drug used esp. in syphilis. P

salva'tion, *n.* fact or state of being saved from sin and its consequences. *S*~ *Army*, religious organization based on a military model. ~*ist*, member of Salvation Army; revivalist.

salve (sălv), *n.* healing ointment; something that soothes. *v.t.* (-*vable*), anoint; smooth over or palliate; soothe, harmonize.

sal'ver, *n.* tray for handing refreshments, &c.

sal'vō[1], *n.* (pl. -*os*), a reservation or proviso.

sal'vō[2], *n.* (pl. -*os*), simultaneous

discharge of guns as salute, or in battle; round of applause.
sal vola'tile, n. solution of ammonium carbonate, used as restorative in fainting, &c.
sal'vor, n. person or ship effecting salvage.
Sam, n. In phr. stand ~, bear the expense. ~ Browne, army officer's belt and straps.
sam'bo, n. half-breed, esp. of negro and Indian parents; *(S-) name used in speaking of or to any male negro.
sam'bur, n. Indian elk; often applied to soft leather produced from its hide.
same, a. uniform; unvarying; unchanged; identical; aforesaid, previously referred to.
Sa'mian, a. & n. (native) of Samos. ~ ware, fine pottery found on Roman sites.
sam'ite, n. rich medieval dress-fabric of silk.
sam'let, n. young salmon.
Sammy, n. (pl. -mies) Indian who washes clothes.
Sammy, n. (Anglo-Ind. army sl.) a Hindu idol (corruption of swami). ~-house, idol-temple.
samovar', n. Russian tea-urn.
Samoyed (-oy-), n. light-coloured Arctic sledge-dog.
*samp, n. (porridge of) coarsely ground Indian meal.
sam'pan, n. any small boat of Chinese pattern; *an eight-foot punt.
sam'phire, n. cliff plant used in pickles.
sa'mple (sah-), n. small part taken from a quantity to give an idea of the whole; specimen or pattern. v.t. take samples of; try the qualities of.
sa'mpler (sah-), n. girl's piece of embroidery.
sam'sonite, n. an explosive.
sam'urai (-oori), n. member of military caste in old Japan; army officer in modern Japan.
sanator'ium, n. (pl. -ia), establishment for treatment of invalids; place resorted to for its climate.
san'ative, ~tory aa. tending to health, curative.
sanc'tify, v.t. (-fiable), consecrate, make holy; purify from sin. ~fication, n. sanctimo'nious, a. making a show of piety. sanc'timony, n. sanctimoniousness.
sanc'tion, n. penalty or reward attached to a law; influence that causes a rule to be observed; authoritative permission. v.t. attach or give sanction to; authorize or countenance (action).
sanc'tity, n. saintliness; sacredness or inviolability.
sanc'tuary, n. place recognized as holy or inviolable; church or holiest part of it; private retreat; place of protection.
sanc'tum, n. holy place; person's private room.
sanc'tus, n. the hymn Holy holy holy in the Communion.
sand, n. powder produced by the wearing down of flint, &c.; (pl.) expanse of it. v.t. sprinkle or mix with sand. ~bag, n. bag filled with sand for use in fortification or as weapon; v.t. & i. fortify with, fill and place, sandbags; hit (person) with sandbag. ~glass, reversible glass with sand, used in measuring time. ~martin, kind nesting in sandy banks. ~paper, n. roughened paper for smoothing wood, &c.; v.t. rub with this. ~piper, kinds of bird. ~stone, rock of compressed sand.
san'dal, n. sole without upper attached to the foot by thongs. san'dalled (-ld), a.
san'dalwood, n. kinds of scented wood.
sand'-blind, a. dim-sighted.
sand'wich, n. two slices of bread with meat or other relish between; v.t. insert (thing, statement, &c.) between others of a different kind. ~board, pair of boards with advertisements carried by ~man.
sand'y, a. abounding in sand; yellowish-red (of hair).

sane, a. of sound mind; not mad; (of views) moderate, sensible.
sang, p.t. of sing.
sang'a, -ar (-ngr), n. breastwork of stones in Indian hill-fighting.
sang-froid (sahnfrwah'), n. coolness in danger or difficulty.
sanguinary (-nggwi-), a. attended by or delighting in bloodshed.
sang'uine (-nggwin), a. habitually hopeful, optimistic; bright and florid; blood-red.
sanguin'eous (-nggwi-), a. of blood; of full-blooded temperament; blood-coloured.
San'hedrim (-ni-), n. supreme council and court of justice in ancient Jerusalem.
san'itary, a. of the conditions that affect health, esp. with regard to dirt and infection. sanita'tion, n. improving of sanitary conditions.
san'ity, n. saneness.
sank, p.t. of sink.
sans (-z), prep. (arch.) without. ~culotte', n. republican of lower classes in French Revolution. ~serif', a. without serifs.
San'skrit, -crit, n. the ancient and sacred language of India.
Saorstat Eireann (sayrstah-ain), n. the Irish Free State.
sap¹, n. the vital juice of plants; (fig.) vitality; v.t. drain of sap; exhaust the vigour of. ~head, foolish person. ~less, a. (esp.) effete. ~ling, n. young tree. sapp'y, a. full of sap.
sap², n. digging of siege-trenches; covered siege-trench; (sl.) studious or hardworking person; v.t. & i. approach (place) by sap; dig siege-trenches; undermine (wall, &c.); destroy (faith, &c.) insidiously; (sl.) work hard at books, &c. sapp'er, n. (esp.) private of the Royal Engineers.
sap'anwood, sapp-, n. wood yielding red or yellow dye from tropical Asia.
sap'id, a. savoury; not tasteless; not insipid. sapid'ity, n.
sa'pience, n. wisdom, knowledge. sa'pient, a. aping wisdom, would-be wise.
saponā'ceous (-shus), a. soapy.
Sapph'ic (săf'ĭk), a. & n. of Sappho (Lesbian poetess). ~ stanza, ~ verse, in Greek metres used by Sappho.
sapphire (săf'īr), n. a transparent blue precious stone; its colour, azure. a. of sapphire blue.
sap'rophyte, n. plant living on decayed vegetable matter.
sarabănd', n. a slow Spanish dance.
Să'racen, n. Arab or Moslem of time of crusades. Sarace'nic, a. (esp.) of Moslem architecture.
Sarato'ga, n. lady's large travelling trunk.
sar'casm, n. a taunt, bitter or wounding remark. sarcas'tic, a.
sarcoph'agus, n. (pl. -gi) stone coffin.
sard, n. a variety of cornelian.
sardine¹, n. (Bibl.) sard.
sardine² (-ēn), n. small fish of herring kind usu. tinned in oil.
sardon'ic, a. grimly jocular; full of bitter mockery.
sard'onyx, n. onyx in which layers alternate with sard.
‖ sar'ee, sar'i (-ah-), n. Indian lady's mantle or robe, drawn about the head and body; the material of which this is composed.
sargass'ŏ, n. (pl. -os), kinds of floating sea-weed.
‖ sarong', n. kind of tartan skirt worn by Malays and Javanese.
sarsaparill'a, n. kinds of smilax; drug made from their roots.
sarse'net, sar'c- (-sn-), n. soft silk fabric used in lining.
sartor'ial, a. of tailors or clothes.
sash¹, n. scarf worn baldric-wise as part of uniform or round waist as ornament.
sash², n. frame holding window glass, usu. made to slide up and down in grooves.
săs'safras, n. N. Amer. tree with medicinal bark.
Sassenach (-ch soft guttural), n. & a. (Sc.) Englishman.
sat, p.t. of sit.
Sā'tan, personal name for the Devil. satan'ic, a. diabolical.

scalene, a. unequal-sided.
scall'ion (-yon), n. Welsh onion.
scall'op, sco-, n. bivalve shell-fish with shallow shells edged with small semicircular lobes; (pl.) edging imitating scallop-edge. v.t. cut in scallops. ~ing, n. scallop-edging.
scall'ywag, n. (sl.) scamp; scapegrace; *native white in southern States accepting reconstruction measures after the Civil War.
scalp, n. skin and hair of the upper part of the head; this torn off as trophy by Red-Ind. victor. v.t. take scalp of; criticize savagely; *(sl.) make small quick profit by speculating in tickets, &c.
scal'pel, n. light surgical knife.
scal'per, scau'per (-aw-), n. gouge used by engravers.
scammo'ny, n. a purgative resin.
scamp, n. rascal, good-for-nothing. v.t. do (work) negligently.
scam'per, v.i. run like frightened animal or playing child; take a scamper through. n. scampering run; gallop on horseback; rapid tour or course of reading.
scan, v.t. & i. test metre of (line, &c.) by examining feet, &c.; (of line, &c.) be metrically correct; scrutinize closely (horizon, face, &c.).
scan'dal, n. general feeling that something is an outrage; what causes such feeling; malicious gossip. ~ize, v.t. shock. ~ous, a. outrageous; causing or given to scandal; shameful.
Scandina'vian, a. of the region including Denmark, Sweden, Norway and Iceland. n. the S. family of languages; a S. native.
scan'dium, n. an element found in the Scandinavian yttrium metals.
scan'sion (-shn), n. metrical scanning.
scanso'rial, a. (of birds, &c.) climbing; adapted for climbing.
scant, a. barely or not sufficient. v.t. stint (food, &c.).
scant'ling, n. small beam, esp. one under 5 in. square; size to which stone or timber is to be cut; modicum, small amount.
scan'ty, a. barely sufficient, of small amount or extent.
scape, n. shaft of column; long leafless flower-stalk springing from root.
scape'goat, n. person bearing blame due to others.
scape'grace, n. rascal, ne'er-do-weel (often playfully of child).
scap'ula, n. (pl. -lae), the shoulder-blade. scap'ular, a. of the scapula. n. kind of monastic vestment; bandage for shoulder-blade.
scar[1] n. mark left on the skin, &c. by a wound, &c. v.t. & i. mark with scar; form into a scar.
scar[2] scaur (-ôr), n. precipitous craggy part of mountain side.
scar'ab, n. ancient gem cut in the form of a beetle.
scar'amouch, n. buffoon, boastful coward; killer, scamp.
scarce, a. not plentiful; rare; hard to find. adv. scarcely. ~ness, n. (esp.) rarity.
scarce'ly (-sli), adv. hardly only just; surely not.
scar'city, n. insufficiency; prevailing want of food; dearth.
scare, v.t. (-rable), strike with sudden terror; startle and frighten. n. unreasoning terror; commercial panic. ~crow, figure set in field, &c. to scare birds; badly dressed or grotesque-looking person.
scarf[1] n. a joint uniting two pieces of timber endwise. v.t. join with scarf.
scarf[2] n. (pl. -ves, -fs), long strip of material worn round neck, over shoulders, or from shoulder to opposite hip; necktie. ~pin, ~ring, ornamental fastenings for necktie. ~skin, outer layer of the skin, epidermis.
scar'ify, v.t. (-fiable), (Surg.) make slight incisions in, scratch skin or surface of all over; (fig.) criticize mercilessly; loosen surface of soil. ~fication, n.
scarlati'na (-tē-), n. scarlet fever.

scar'let, *n.* brilliant red colour; scarlet cloth or clothes. *a.* of this colour. ~ *fever*, infectious fever with scarlet rash. ~ *runner*, scarlet-flowered climbing bean.

scarp, *n.* steep slope, esp. the inner side of the ditch in fortification. *v.t.* make steep or perpendicular.

scathe (-dh), *n.* harm suffered. *v.t.* injure by blasting or withering up. ~*less*, *a.* unharmed.

scat'ter, *v.t.* & *i.* throw or put here and there; sprinkle; disseminate; disperse; flee or make flee in all directions.

scav'enger (-j-), *n.* person employed to remove refuse from the streets; animal feeding on carrion. ~*ing*, scavenger's work.

scenar'io (shĭ-), *n.* (pl. -os), table of scenes, &c. in play or opera or cinema play.

scene, *n.* theatre-stage, arena for display (now only fig.); place of actual or fictitious occurrence; piece of continuous action that forms part of a play; agitated colloquy esp. with display of temper; hangings and woodwork used in dressing up a stage; landscape or view. **sce'nery**, *n.* stage scenes; the natural features of a district. **sce'nic**, *a.* of or on the stage; picturesque.

scent, *v.t.* discern by smell; make fragrant or rank; apply perfume to; sniff to detect the odour of. *n.* characteristic odour of something; fragrance; smell left by an animal enabling hounds to track it; (Hare and Hounds) paper laid to guide runners; sense of smell.

scep'tic (sk-), *n.* person who questions the truth of religious doctrines; person indisposed to accept as true the received opinion on any particular subject. ~*al*, *a.*; **scep'ticism** (sk-), *n.*

scep'tre (-ter), *n.* rod symbolizing sovereignty. **scep'tred** (-terd), *a.*

sched'ule (sh- *or* sk-), *n.* table of details or items. *v.t.* (-dūl), make schedule of; include in schedule.

scheme (sk-), *n.* systematic arrangement proposed or in operation; outline, syllabus; plan of action; artful design. *v.i.* & *t.* make plans; intrigue. **schē'mer** (sk-), *n.* contriver, plotter.

scher'zo (sk- -ts-), *n.* kind of lively.

schism (sĭ-), *n.* a separation or division in a Church; offence of causing such separation. **schismat'ic** (sĭz-), *a.* tending to or guilty of schism; *n.* schismatic person. ~*al*, *a.*

schist (sh-), *n.* crystalline rock whose components are arranged in layers. **schis'tose** (sh-), *a.* schist-like, laminated.

schnapps (shn-), *n.* a spirit resembling Holland gin.

schol'ar (sk-), *n.* child at elementary school; learned person; student receiving assistance from university or other funds after a competitive examination. ~*ly*, *a.* erudite; of, or as of, a learned man. ~*ship*, erudition; position of a scholar (last sense).

scholas'tic (sk-), *a.* of schools or education; academic or pedantic; dealing in logical subtleties. **scholas'ticism** (sk-), *n.*

scho'liast (sk-), *n.* writer of scholia. **scho'lium** (sk-), *n.* (pl. -ia), ancient grammarian's marginal note on passage or word in classical author.

school[1] (sk-), *n.* shoal of fish.

school[2] (sk-), *n.* institution for giving instruction to the young; its buildings; its pupils; lesson-time; group of thinkers or artists with common inspiration or characteristics. *v.t.* discipline, bring under control, train or accustom; tutor. ~*boy*, ~*girl*, boy or girl still at school. ~*fellow*, member past or present, of same school. ~ *house*, head master's boarding-house as opposed to others. ~*ma'am*, schoolmistress. ~*man* (-an), theologian dealing with doctrine by the rules of Aristotelian logic. ~*master*, ~*mistress*, head or

assistant master or mistress in school.

schoo'ner (sk-), n. fore-and-aft rigged ship.

schottische (shŏtēsh'), n. kind of polka.

skiag'raphy (ski-), skia- n. art of shading in drawing, &c.; photography by Röntgen rays (usu. sk-). **ski'agram**, n. Röntgen-ray picture.

sciat'ic, a. *of the hip*; of or having sciatica. **sciat'ica**, n. neuralgia *of hip and thigh*.

sci'ence, n. systematic and formulated knowledge; any branch of such knowledge; the physical or natural sciences as a whole; trained skill in boxing, games, &c. **scientif'ic**, a. according to the principles of science; of or concerned with science or the sciences; having or requiring trained skill. **sci'entist**, n. person learned in one or more of the natural sciences.

‖ **scil'icet**, adv. (abbrev. sc., scil.) that is to say.

scim'itar, -itar, n. short curved Oriental sword.

scintill'a, n. shred or atom.

scin'tillate, v.i. sparkle, twinkle; emit sparks. **scintilla'tion**, n.

sci'olism, n. assumption of knowledge; accomplishment based on fancied wisdom. **sci'olist**, n.

sci'on, n. shoot cut for grafting; young member of family.

scis'sors (-zerz), n.pl. cutting implement of pair of blades.

sclerot'ic, a. hard, firm. n. hard opaque coating of eye outside iris forming the white of the eye.

scoff, v.i. speak derisively of; mock or jeer at. n. mocking words; taunt. **scoff'er**, n. (esp.) person who jibes at religion.

scold, v.t. & i. find fault noisily; rail; rate or rebuke. n. railing or nagging woman. **~ing**, n. a rebuke or railing.

sconce¹ n. bracket-candlestick.

sconce² n. (colloq.) the head.

sconce³ n. fort or earthwork.

sconce⁴ v.t. (-ceable), inflict forfeit for offence against table etiquette. n. such forfeit.

scone (or -ŏn), n. soft cake of barley-meal or wheat-flour.

scoop, n. short-handled deep shovel for grain, flour, sugar, &c.; spoon-like instrument; coal-scuttle; (sl.) exclusive piece of news. v.t. lift, hollow out with a scoop.

scoot, v.i. (sl.) dart, shoot along, make off. **scoot'er**, n. child's scooting toy; machine worked by *motor as substitute for bicycle*.

scope, n. outlook; sphere of observation or action; extent to which person or thing may act or can range; outlet, vent.

scorbu'tic, a. of or affected with scurvy. n. scorbutic person.

scorch, v.t. & i. burn surface of so as to discolour or injure or pain; become so discoloured; (of motorist or cyclist) go at unreasonably high speed. **~er**, n. (sl.) fine specimen of its kind.

score, n. notch cut; line cut or scratched or drawn; reckoning; number of points made by player or side in game; detailed table of these; (Mus.) copy of concerted piece. v.t. & i. (-rable), mark with incisions or lines; slash, furrow; enter item to customer; record (runs, &c.) in game score; make or be credited with so many at cricket, &c.; (Mus.) write out score; secure an advantage. **scor'er**, n. (esp.) keeper of score at cricket, &c.

scor'ia, n. (pl. -iae), slag; (pl.) clinker-like masses of lava.

scorn, n. disdain, contempt, derision; object of contempt. v.t. hold in contempt; abstain from, refuse to do, as unworthy. **~ful**, a. contemptuous.

scor'pion, n. lobster-like arachnid with jointed stinging tail.

scot¹ n. (hist.) tax or rate. **~-free**, a. exempt from payment; unharmed or unpunished.

Scot², n. native of Scotland.

scotch¹, v.t. (arch.) disable or wound; prevent (wheel, barrel

from moving downhill by means of wedge, &c. n. line marked on ground in hop-scotch; wedge used to scotch wheel, &c.

Scotch² a. of Scotland or its inhabitants. n. the form of English spoken in the Scottish Lowlands. **Scots**, **Scottish**, a. & n. Scotch. (The Scotch usually prefer *Scottish* or *Scots* (*Scotsman*, *-woman*), but the English rarely use these forms except in official contexts). **Scott'icism**, n. Scotch phrase, &c.

scoun'drel, n. wicked unscrupulous person; villain. **—ism**, n.

scour¹ (-owr), v.t. rub bright or clean; rub out; clear out. n. act or process of scouring.

scour² (-owr), v.i. & t. rove, range go along hastily esp. in search or pursuit.

scourge (skûrj), n. (arch.) whip for chastising persons; person or thing regarded as instrument or manifestation of divine wrath. v.t. chastise; afflict.

scout¹ n. man sent out to reconnoitre; boy scout (see boy); ship designed for reconnoitring; small fast single-seat aeroplane. v.i. go out or act as scout. **—master** officer directing scouts or boy scouts.

scout² v.t. reject with scorn.

scout³ n. a college-servant at Oxford.

scow, n. flat-bottomed boat.

scowl, v.i. wear sullen look frown. n. scowling aspect.

scrab'ble, v.i. scrawl; scratch or grope or scramble about.

scrag, n. skinny person or animal; inferior part of neck of mutton (sl.) neck. v.t. garrotte; throttle. **scragg'y** a. thin and bony

scram'ble, v.i. & t. make way by clambering, &c.; struggle with competitors to secure a share of something. n. climb or rough walk; eager struggle for share of something.

scran, n. (sl.) food, victuals.

scrap, n. small detached piece; shred or fragment; (pl.) odds and ends, leavings; picture or passage cut from newspaper; (sl.) quarrel, fight. v.t. & i. discard as past use; break up; (sl.) quarrel or fight. **—book**, book in which cuttings, &c. are kept.

scrape, v.t. & i. (*-pable*) level, polish, clean, erase, or abrade with scraping implement; scrape draw along with grating or vibration, play fiddle, &c. thus move one's feet noisily on the floor; make a clumsy bow; be parsimonious; get or amass by economy or with difficulty. n. act or sound of scraping; awkward predicament. **scra'per**, n. (esp.) metal edge outside door for scraping boots on.

scrapp'y a. fragmentary; disconnected; "full of fight, pugnacious.

scratch, v.i. & t. score or wound slightly with claws or nails or something pointed; rub with the nails to relieve itching; make hole, strike out, mark through, by scratching; erase name of, withdraw, from list of competitors, &c. n. wound or mark or sound made by scratching, slight wound or cut; act of scratching oneself; starting-line for race; competitor in handicap receiving no start. a. scratched together; impromptu; done at short notice. **scratch'y** a.

scrawl, v.i. & t. write in hurried untidy way. n. hurried writing.

***scrawn'y**, a. lean, scraggy

scream, v.i. & t. utter piercing cry; laugh uncontrollably; speak or sing with excessive loudness. n. piercing cry; paroxysm of laughter; (sl.) ludicrous occurrence. ***— of a bunch**, lot of good fellows, (contempt.) good-for-nothings.

scree, n. slope covered with loose stones (often in pl.)

screech, n. scream of fright or pain or anger. v.i. & t. utter screech say in screeching tone. **—owl** the barn owl.

screed, n. long tiresome letter or passage or harangue.

screen, *n.* piece of furniture designed to shelter from observation, draughts, or excess of heat or light; partition between nave and choir; sheet for display of lantern pictures; riddle for sorting coal, &c. into sizes. *v.t.* shelter; hide; protect from detection or penalties; show on cinema screen; sort (coal, &c.) with screens.

screw (-ōō), *n.* cylinder with spiral ridge called the thread running round it outside (*male* ~) or inside (*female* ~); metal male screw with slotted head for holding pieces of wood, &c. together; wooden or other screw as part of appliance for exerting pressure; oblique curling motion; miser or extortioner; (sl.) salary; unsound horse. *v.t.* & *i.* fasten or tighten with screw; press hard on, oppress; be miserly; extort out of. ~-driver, tool for turning screws by the slot. ~ propeller, shaft with spiral blades projecting from ship's stern and propelling it by revolving. ~ steamer, propelled by screw propeller. screwed (-ōōd), *a.* (sl.) drunk.

scrib'ble, *v.t.* & *i.* write hurriedly or carelessly; be an author or writer. *n.* scrawl, hasty note.

scribe, *n.* person who can write; (hist.) clerk or secretary; (Bibl.) interpreter of Jewish law.

scrimm'age, **scrum**, *n.* tussle, confused struggle, brawl (usu. scrum); (Rugby football; usu. scrum; abbr. scrum) mass of all the forwards with ball on ground in the middle. *v.i.* & *t.* be engaged in scrimmage.

scrimp, *v.t.* & *i.* skimp. ~y *a.* scanty, stinted.

scrim'shank, *v.i.* (mil. sl.) shirk duty. scrim'shanker, *n.*

scrip[1] *n.* (arch.) wallet.

scrip[2] *n.* provisional certificate of money subscribed to company &c.; (collect.) such certificates.

script, *n.* handwriting; type imitating handwriting. scripto'rium, *n.* (pl. -ia), writing-room.

scrip'ture, *n.* the Bible; (attrib.) taken from or relating to the Bible; sacred book. scrip'tural (-cher-), *a.* based on the Bible.

scriv'ener *n.* (hist.) drafter of documents; a notary.

scrof'ula, *n.* constitutional disease with glandular swellings. ~lous, *a.* affected with scrofula.

scroll, *n.* roll of parchment or paper; book of the ancient roll form; scrolltoned ornament imitating roll of parchment.

scro'tum, *n.* (pl. -ta), the pouch containing the testicles.

scrounge (-j), *v.t.* (collog.) appropriate without leave.

scrub[1] *v.t.* & *i.* rub hard with something coarse or bristly. *n.* scrubbing.

scrub[2] *n.* brushwood, stunted trees; insignificant person; stunted animal or plant. ~by *a.*

scruff, *n.* back of the neck.

scrum. See scrimmage.

scrump'tious (-shus), *a.* first-rate.

scrunch, *n.* & *v.t.* & *i.* crunch.

scru'ple (-ōō-), *n.* weight-unit of 20 grains; very small quantity; feeling of doubt or hesitation about something. *v.i.* hesitate owing to scruples. scru'pulous (-ōōp-), *a.* careful not to offend conscience; marked by extreme care. scrupulos'ity *n.*

scruta'tor (-ōō-), *n.* investigator.

scrutineer' (-ōō-), *n.* official conducting scrutiny of votes.

scru'tinize (-ōō-), *v.t.* (-zable), look closely at; examine critically.

scru'tiny (-ōō-), *n.* critical gaze; detailed examination; official examination of votes cast in election to test their validity.

scud, *v.i.* run or fly straight and fast; skim along; (Naut.) run before the wind. *n.* scudding motion; vapoury driving clouds.

scuf'fle, *v.i.* struggle confusedly with pushing about, &c. *n.* piece of scuffling; disorderly fight.

scull, *n.* one of the small oars of which a pair is worked by rower. *v.t.* & *i.* use sculls; propel boat with sculls. scull'er *n.* sculling boat; one who sculls.

scull'ery, n. back kitchen in which dishes are washed, &c.

scull'ion (-yon), n. dish-washer.

sculp'tor, ~tress, nn. person, woman, who sculptures.

sculp'ture, n. art of forming representations by chiselling, carving, casting, or modelling; a work or works of sculpture. v.t. & i. (-rable), represent in or adorn with or do sculpture. ~ral, a. sculpturesque' (-sherĕsk), a. fit for or suggesting a sculpture.

scum, n. impurities that rise to surface of liquid; (fig.) the worst part or offscourings of.

scup'per, n. hole in ship's side letting off water from deck.

scupp'er, v.t. (sl.) surprise and massacre; sink (ship, crew); do for.

scurf, n. flakes on surface of skin; scaly incrustations on metal, &c. scurf'y, a.

scu'rrilous, a. grossly or obscenely abusive. scu'rril(e), a. (arch.) scurrilous. scurril'ity, n. scurrilous quality; scurrilous talk.

scu'rry, v.i. run hurriedly esp. with short quick steps. n. act or sound of scurrying; bustle.

scur'vy, a. paltry dishonourable contemptible. n. a disease due to lack of fresh food.

scut, n. short tail, esp. of rabbit, hare, or deer.

scutch'eon (-chon), n. escutcheon.

scut'tle, v.i. run in fussy or startled way.

scut'tle, n. coal-scuttle; amount of coal that fills a coal-scuttle.

scut'tle, n. hole with lid in ship's deck or side or in roof or wall. v.t. make hole in ship, esp. for purpose of sinking.

scut'tle, v.i. scurry; make off; retreat in undignified way. n. hurried gait; act of scuttling.

scythe (-dh), n. mowing and reaping implement swung with both hands. v.t. cut with scythe.

sea, n. expanse of salt water; the ocean; swell of the sea, great billow; vast quantity or expanse of something. ~board, coast region. ~breeze, breeze at sea, breeze on land from direction of sea. ~cunny, steersman or quartermaster in a ship manned by lascars. ~cow, manatee or other sirenian. ~dog, kinds of seal, dogfish, old sailor. ~faring, a. occupied in sea voyages. n. such occupation. ~front, part of town facing the sea. ~god, ~goddess, god or goddess supposed to reign over the sea. ~gull, a sea bird. ~horse, steed of a sea-god's chariot; walrus, hippocampus. ~kale, a table vegetable. ~level, mean level of sea's surface as used in reckoning heights of hills, &c. and as barometric standard. ~lion, kinds of large eared seal. ~man (-an), sailor, person expert in navigating ship. ~mew, gull. ~piece, picture of a scene at sea. ~plane, aeroplane constructed for rising from and alighting on water. ~port, town with harbour. ~rover, pirate. ~scape, sea-piece. ~serpent, kinds of snake living in sea; an imaginary sea monster. ~sick, suffering sickness caused by motion of ship, &c. ~side, places or an unspecified place close to sea as residence or resort. ~urchin, echinus. ~weed, plant growing in sea.

seal, n. piece of wax, &c. impressed with device and attached to document, or to envelope or receptacle or door; gem or metal stamp used in making seal; act or gift regarded as ratification of. v.t. affix seal to; stamp or fasten or certify as correct with seal; ratify; close securely or hermetically; stop up; set significant mark on. ~ing-wax, composition for sealing letters, &c.

seal, n. kinds of amphibious marine animal of which some have valuable fur. v.i. hunt seals. ~skin, skin of fur-seals as material for garments, &c.

seam, n. line of junction between two edges, esp. those of two

pieces of cloth, &c. turned back and sewn together; line of separation between strata; thin stratum separating thicker ones. v.t. join by sewing; mark or score with seams, fissures, wrinkles, &c. ~less, a. (esp. of garment) made in one piece. seam'stress, semp'- (sĕms-), n. sewing-woman. seam'y a. marked with or showing seams.

séance (sā'ahns), n. a sitting of a society &c.; a meeting for exhibition or investigation of spiritualistic phenomena.

Seanad Eireann (shăn'ath ār'ĕn), n. Upper Chamber of the Irish Free State Legislature.

sear, v.t. wither or blast; scorch with hot iron; make callous.

search (sėr-), v.t. & i. look to find something; probe or penetrate into; (part. of scrutiny &c.) thorough or critical. n. act of searching; investigation; quest. ~light, electric arc-light or reared to send concentrated beam in desired direction.

sea'son (-zn), n. one of the divisions of the year; proper or fit time; time when something is plentiful or in vogue or active. v.t. & i. bring or come into efficient or sound condition by exposure, use, lapse of time, &c.; flavour or make piquant. ~able, a. suitable to the season; opportune. ~al, a. depending on or varying with the seasons. ~ing, n. (esp.) flavouring materials.

seat, n. thing made or used for sitting on; chair, &c. on which sitter rests; occupation of this as member of council, committee, &c.; country-house; manner of sitting a horse. v.t. make sit; provide sitting accommodation for; place (oneself) in sitting posture; put new seat to; establish in a position. -sea'ter, n. motor-car, aeroplane, &c., with seats for specified number.

sēbā'ceous (-shus), a. fatty; secreting oily matter.

sec, a. (of wine) dry.

se'cant (or sē-), a. cutting. n. secant line, esp. radius of circle produced through end of arc to meet tangent to other end.

sécateurs (sĕk'atĕrz), n. pruning shears.

secc'otine (-ēn), n. kind of glue.

secēde', v.i. withdraw formally from a Church or other body.

sece'ssion (-shn), n. act of seceding. ~ist, n. (esp., hist.) believer in State's right of secession.

'seck'el, n. kind of small juicy pear.

seclude' (-ōōd), v.t. keep retired or away from company or resort. seclu'sion (-zhun), n. secluding; secluded place or state.

sec'ond, a. next after the first; of subordinate importance or value; inferior. n. person who wins second place; second-class honours; supporter chosen by duellist or pugilist to see fair play; the sixtieth part of minute or of an angular degree; (pl.) goods of second quality, esp. coarse flour. v.t. back up, give one's support to; (mil.; pr. sĭkŏnd') remove (officer) temporarily from his regiment or corps with a view to staff or other extra-regimental employment. ~ division, prison treatment less rigorous than that of ordinary offenders. ~-hand, (of clothes, books, furniture, &c.) bought after use by another. ~-rate, of inferior quality. ~ sight, faculty enabling the owner to see future or distant occurrences as if present. ~ string, person or thing kept in hand as resource if the one preferred should fail. ~ wind, recovery of one's wind in course of exercise after being out of breath. ~ly adv. in the second place.

sec'ondary a. not primary; of the second rank or kind; supplementary. ~ education, ~ school, for those who have had primary instruction.

sĕc'onder, *n.* person who formally seconds a motion in order that discussion may proceed.

sē'crecy, *n.* keeping of secrets; privacy; concealment.

sē'cret, *a.* kept from general knowledge or view; unrevealed; confidential; (of place) secluded; (of person) keeping a matter to himself. *n.* a secret matter; privacy.

sĕc'retaire, *n.* escritoire.

sĕcretār'ial, *a.* pertaining to a secretary. **sĕcretār'iate**, *n.* secretaryship; body of secretaries.

sĕc'retary, *n.* person employed to deal with correspondence, collect information, and prepare business; minister in charge of a specified State department. ~ **bird**, African bird with crest likened to pen stuck behind the ear. ~**ship**, *n.*

sēcrēte', *v.t.* (-*table*) put into place of concealment; (Physiol.) produce by secretion. ~**tion**, *n.* act of secreting; (Physiol.) the sorting out by a gland or other organ of some special substance from blood or sap; substance so sorted out. **sēcrē'tory**, *a.* of physiological secretion.

secretive (sĭ'krĭ-, sēkrē'-), *a.* given to making secrets; intentionally uncommunicative.

sĕct, *n.* a party in a Church; any religious denomination; adherents of a school of thought.

sĕctār'ian, *a.* of or confined to a religious denomination. *n.* bigoted adherent of a sect. ~**ism**, *n.* **sĕc'tary**, *n.* sectarian.

sĕc'tion, *n.* severance with the knife; part cut off; one of the parts into which something is divided; (in the colonies and U.S.) one of the areas into which undeveloped land is divided; part of community &c., having separate interests or characteristics; the cutting of a solid by a plane, the plane figure given by this. ~**al**, *a.*

sĕc'tor, *n.* the part of a circle, ellipse, &c. enclosed by two of its radii and the arc cut off by them; plane figure of this shape; (Mil.) any of the parts into which the space occupied by opposing armies is distributed.

sĕc'ūlar, *a.* concerned with the affairs of this world; temporal; lasting for ages; occurring once in an age or century. *n.* a layman; one of the secular clergy (parish priests, &c.). ~**ism**, *n.* doctrine that the basis of morality should be non-religious. ~**ist**, *n.*; ~**istic**, *a.* **sĕcūlă'rity**, *n.* ~**ize**, *v.t.* make secular; make worldly. ~**ization**, *n.*

sēcūre', *a.* untroubled by danger or fear; impregnable; safe. *v.t.* (-*rable*) fortify; confine, fasten, or close securely; obtain; guarantee; make safe.

sēcūr'ity, *n.* secure state of feeling; thing that serves as a guard or guarantee or pledge; certificate of stock, &c.

sēdăn', ~ **chair**, 17th–18th c. vehicle seated for one and carried by two chairmen on poles; (sedan) enclosed automobile seating four or more persons including driver.

sēdāte', *a.* collected, composed; free from agitation; serious.

sĕd'ative, *a.* tending to soothe. *n.* sedative drug.

sĕd'entary, *a.* sitting much; done in a chair. **sĕdĕr'unt**, *n.* sitting of ecclesiastical or other court, or of a company in conversation.

sĕdge, *n.* waterside plants resembling coarse grass, growing in a mass. **sĕdg'y**, *a.*

sĕdĭl'ia (or -ĭl-), *n.pl.* stone seats for priests in south wall of chancel, usu. canopied.

sĕd'iment, *n.* matter that settles to bottom of liquid; dregs.

sēdĭ'tion, *n.* conduct or speech inciting to rebellion. ~**tious**, *a.*

sēdūce', *v.t.* (-*cible*), lead astray; induce to commit sin or crime; deprive of chastity. **sēdŭc'tion**, *n.* seducing; thing that tends to seduce; attractive quality. ~**tive**, *a.* alluring.

sĕd'ūlous, a. persevering, diligent, assiduous; painstaking.

sē¹, n. diocese of a bishop.

sē², v.t. & i. (saw, seen) have or use the power of perceiving with the eye; descry, observe, look at; discern mentally; be a passive spectator of; grant interview to; accompany as escort.

sēd, n. the germs of flowering plants that are sown for reproduction; a single grain of this; offspring; the germ of some movement or development. v.i. & t. go to seed, produce or let fall seed; arrange (draw) so that strongest players do not meet in earlier rounds of tournament. ~ling, young plant raised from seed. ~sman (-an), dealer in seeds. seed'y, a. shabby looking; out of sorts, feeling ill.

sē'ing, or ~ that, prep. & conj. since; inasmuch as.

sēk, v.t. & i. (sought pr. sawt), make search or inquiry for, try to get, ask; resort to for advice or health.

sēm, v.i. have the air or appearance of being; have the sensation of; be apparently perceived to do or have done. ~ing, a. ostensible apparent but perhaps not real. ~ingly, adv. in appearance at least. ~ly, a. decorous, becoming.

sēn, p.p. of see²

sēp, v.i. ooze out, trickle percolate. ~age, n.

sēr¹, n. one who sees visions; inspired person; prophet.

sēr², n. an E.-Indian weight, varying in different parts of India from over 3 lb. to 8 oz. also, a measure of capacity (1 litre, or 1·76 pint).

sēr'fish, n. an E.-Indian fish of mackerel kind.

sēr'band, n. kind of Indian muslin.

sēr'sucker, n. thin cotton fabric with crapy or slightly puckered surface.

sē'saw, n. backward-and-forward or up-and-down motion as of a saw; game in which two children sit one at each end of a plank and move each other up and down; vacillation. v.i. play at seesaw; move with seesaw motion, vacillate.

sēthe (-dh) v.i. & t. be agitated or in ebullition; boil.

sĕg'ment, n. part cut off or separable from the other parts of something; part of circle or sphere cut off by straight line or plane intersecting it. ~al a.

sĕg'rĕgāte, v.t. (-gable) take from the rest and set apart for some purpose. sĕgrĕgā'tion, n.

Seid'litz pow'der (sĕd-), n. an aperient.

seigneur (sānyĕr'), **seignior** (sā'nyer), n. feudal lord; lord of manor. seigniorage (sā'nyerĭj), n. duty levied on bullion coined; mineral royalty &c. seigniory (sā'nyerĭ), n. feudal lordship; a feudal domain. seignior'ial (sānyôr'-), a. of a seignior.

seine (sān) n. large fishing-net.

seise. See seize.

sei'sin (sē-), n. possession of land by freehold.

seis'mic (sīz-), a. of earthquakes. seismograph (sīz'mograhf), seismom'eter, ~meters, nn. instruments showing occurrence, force, place, &c., of earthquakes. ~ograph'ic, ~ol'ogy nn. recording, study of seismic phenomena.

seize (sēz), v.t. & i. (-zable). (Law: use, spelt seise) put in possession of; take possession of by warrant or legal right; confiscate; take or lay hold of forcibly or suddenly; snatch; comprehend quickly or clearly. seizure (sē'zher), n. seizing or being seized; a stroke of apoplexy &c.

sĕl'dom, adv. rarely; not often.

sēlĕct', a. chosen for excellence; picked, choice; exclusive. v.t. pick out as best or most suitable. selĕc'tion, n. selecting; what is selected. ~ive, a.; ~or, n.

sēlē'nium, n. a non-metallic element.

selenog'raphy *n.* study or mapping of the moon.

self, *n.* (pl. selves) person's or thing's own individuality or essence; one's own nature or state or interests or pleasure; (Commerc., joc.) myself, yourself himself, &c.

self- is prefixed to a large number of words which explain themselves; e.g. *self-taught*, taught by oneself. In the list which follows only such words are given as seem to require further explanation. self-act'ing, *a.* automatic. —asser'tion, *n.* insistence on one's claims. —bind'er, *n.* reaping-machine that binds sheaves as it goes. —cen'tred, *a.* preoccupied with one's own personality or affairs. —col'oured, *a.* of one colour all over. —command' *n.* power of controlling one's emotions. —con'scious, *a.* (esp.) embarrassed or unnatural in behaviour from inability to forget oneself. —contained' *a.* compact or complete in itself; uncommunicative. —defence' *n.* (esp.) in phr. in —defence, not by way of aggression art of —defence, boxing. —deni'al, *n.* voluntary abstention from pleasurable things. —destruc'tion, *n.* suicide. —determina'tion, *n.* free will; (Pol.) choice of polity or allegiance exercised by a nation. —deter'mined, *a.* exercising or effected by free will. —devo'tion, *n.* giving up of oneself to a cause, &c. —esteem *n.* favourable opinion of one's character and abilities. —evident, *a.* needing no demonstration. —examina'tion, *n.* analysing of one's motives, &c. —existent, *a.* not derivative. —forget'ful, *a.* unselfish. —help *n.* practice of fending for oneself. —import'ant, *a.* (esp.) pompous. —indul'gence, *n.* —indul'gent, *a.* yielding to temptations of pleasure or ease. —in'terest, *n.* exclusive regard to one's own advantage. —love *n.* self-esteem, self-interest selfishness. —mortifica'tion, *n.* asceticism. —possessed' *a.* unperturbed, cool. —preserva'tion, *n.* instinct impelling living things to go on living and avoid injury. —reli'ant, *a.* relying on one's own exertion ready to take responsibility. —respect' *n.* consciousness of conforming to a worthy standard of conduct and thought. —restraint' *n.* avoidance of excess of any kind. —right'eous, *a.* laying stress on one's own virtue. —sacrifice, *n.* postponing of one's interest and desires to others'. —same, *a.* the very same. —satisfied, *a.* conceited. —seek'ing, *a.* & *n.* seeking one's own advantage only. —sown, *a.* sprung from chance-dropped seed. —start'er *n.* electric appliance for starting motor without turning crank handle. —styled, *a.* having taken the name without right. —suffi'cient, *a.* presumptuous, forward, bumptious. —suffi'cing, *a.* independent. —will *n.* wilfulness, obstinacy.

self'ish, *a.* deficient in consideration for others, actuated by self interest. self'less, *a.* oblivious of self incapable of selfishness.

sell, *v.t.* & *i.* (sold), make over or dispose of in exchange for money keep stock of for sale betray for money or other reward (sl.) disappoint, trick, take in.

selt'zer, ~ wa'ter (-wa-), *n.* a mineral water. ~ogene, *n.* apparatus making aerated waters.

sel'vage, -vedge, *n.* edge of cloth so woven that it cannot unravel. sel'vaged, -vedged, *a.*

semantics, *n.pl.* semasiology

sem'aphore, *n.* signalling apparatus of post with arms used on railways, &c., military signalling by operator's two arms or two flags. *v.t.* & *i.* signal, send, by semaphore.

semasiol'ogy (or -si-), *n.* branch of philology concerned with meanings.

sem'blance, *n.* outward aspect; superficial appearance.

se'men, *n.* generative fluid.

seme'ster, *n.* college or university half-year in U.S., Germany, &c.

semi-, *pref.* the half of, partly, little more than, occurring in each half. **~breve**, *n.* whole note or time occupied by it. **~chorus** (-k-), *n.* half or part of a choir; passage performed by it. **~circle**, *n.* half of a circle or its circumference. **~co'lon**, the stop (;). **~detached'** (-cht) *a.* (of house) joined to another on one side only. **~fi'nal**, *n.* the match or round preceding the final. **~offi'cial** (-shl), *a.* coming, but not formally owned as coming, from an official source. **~quaver**, *n.* half a quaver; note with double-hooked stem. **~tone**, *n.* interval approximately equal to half a tone on the scale. **~vowel**, *n.* sound, or letter representing it, that is partly vowel and partly consonant.

se'minal (or sē-), *a.* of seed or semen; germinal, reproductive; prolific with consequences.

sem'inary, *n.* place or society or state of things favourable to the production of some quality or class; R.-C. training-school for the priesthood; (now rare) school; *private or endowed school or theological school.

Semit'ic, *a.* descended from Shem; Jewish; of the same family of languages as *Hebrew*. *n.* Semitic language.

semoli'na (-lē-), *n.* hard grains left after bolting of flour.

sempiter'nal, *a.* eternal.

sempstress. See seamstress.

sē'nary, *a.* on basis of six.

sen'ate, *n.* State council of ancient Rome; modern legislature upper chamber in some parliaments; governing body of some universities. **sen'ator**, *n.* member of senate. **senator'ial**, *a.*

send, *v.t.* & *i.* (sent), have conveyed, or bid go, to a destination; dispatch messenger or message; propel or cause to move or issue; grant or inflict. **~off**, *n.* friendly demonstration at or before person's departure.

senes'cent, *a.* growing old.

sen'eschal (-shl), *n.* steward of mediaeval great house.

se'nile, *a.* incident to, or characteristic of, old age. **senil'ity**, *n.*

se'nior, *a.* elder in age or standing; of higher degree. *n.* person of advanced age or long service; one's elder or superior in standing. **senio'rity**, *n.*

sen'na, *n.* aperient prepared from cassia.

senn'it, *n.* (hist.) signal on trumpet, &c.

sen'night (-nīt), *n.* (arch.) week.

sensa'tion, *n.* perception by means of the senses; stirring of strong common emotion amongst an audience or community; situation, &c. that effects this. **~al**, *a.* **~alism**, *n.* doctrine that sensation is the only source of knowledge; addiction in writers, &c. to the use of sensation. **~alist**, *n.*

sense, *n.* any of the special bodily faculties by which sensation is roused; ability to perceive; (pl.) person's sanity or soundness of mind regarded as based on the normal action of the senses (sight, hearing, smell, taste, and touch); practical wisdom; meaning. *v.t.* perceive by sense; *(colloq.) understand. **~less**, *a.* wildly foolish; in a state of unconsciousness.

sen'sible, *a.* having or showing good sense; judicious; not unaware or unmindful of; perceptible by the senses. **~bility**, *n.* capacity to feel; susceptibility to

sen'sitive, *a.* very open to or acutely affected by external impressions; touchy or quick to take offence; responsive to or recording slight changes. **~plant**, kind of mimosa drooping at a touch. **sensitiv'ity**, *n.* degree of sensitiveness.

sen'sitize, *v.t.* (-zable), render sensitive; prepare paper to receive

photographic impressions. ~za'tion, n.

senso'ry (sĕnsŏr'ĭ), a. of the senses or sensation or the sensorium. sensor'ium, n. the seat of sensation in the brain.

sen'sual (-sū-, -shoo-), a. depending on the senses only and not the intellect or spirit; self-indulgent, carnal, licentious. ~ist, ~al'ity nn. pursuer, pursuit, of fleshly gratification. sen'suous, a. stimulating or operating through the senses; aesthetic.

sent, p.t. & p.p. of send.

sen'tence, n. word or set of words complete in itself; declaration of punishment to be inflicted; such punishment. v.t. state sentence of; declare condemned to.

senten'tious (-shus), a. aphoristic, pithy; affectedly or pompously formal. ~ly adv.

sen'tient (-shi-), a. that feels or is capable of feeling.

sen'timent, n. a mental feeling; motto, thought expressed in words; tendency to be swayed by feeling; mawkish tenderness. sentimen'tal, a. swayed or dictated by shallow emotion; designed to excite or gratify the softer emotions. ~ism, ~ity nn.

sen'tinel, sen'try nn. soldier posted to keep guard; (-try) soldier's watch or duty. sentry-box, cabin for sentry.

se'pal, n. calyx-leaf.

sep'arable, a. capable of being disjoined. ~bility, n.

sep'arate, a. physically disconnected; distinct, individual, of individuals. v.t. & i. (-āt) make separate, sever; come asunder; secede from; go different ways; part company; cease from cohabitation. separa'tion, n. separating; disunion. sep'aratism, sep'aratist, nn. withdrawn, one who withdraws or advocates withdrawal, from political union, religious body, &c. ~tive, a.

se'pia, n. brown pigment made from fluid secreted by cuttle-fish.

se'poy, n. Indian soldier in British-Indian army.

sep'sis, n. septic state.

sept, n. clan, esp. in Ireland.

Septem'ber, n. ninth month.

septe'nary, a. & n. of or involving the number seven; set of seven. septenn'ate, n. seven-year period of office. septenn'ial, a. of or for every seven years.

sep'tic, a. causing or caused by putrefaction.

septicaem'ia (-sē-), n. blood-poisoning. ~ic, a.

septuagenar'ian, n. person between 69 and 80.

Septuages'ima, or ~ Sunday, n. the third Sunday before Lent.

sep'tuagint, n. the Greek version of the Old Testament.

sep'ulchre (-ker), n. tomb. v.t. lay in sepulchre. sepul'chral (-kral), a. of sepulchres or sepulture; (of voice, &c.) funereal, gloomy. sep'ulture, n. burying, laying in sepulchre.

se'quel, n. what follows after; after effects; upshot. seque'la, n. (pl. -lae), disease, &c. consequential on another.

se'quence, n. succession; coming after or next; unbroken series; set of things belonging next each other. se'quent, a. coming after, following as a result or logical conclusion.

seques'ter, v.t. seclude, isolate, set apart. seques'trable, a. liable to sequestration. seques'trate, v.t. confiscate; (Law) divert or appropriate income of (property) to satisfaction of claims against its owner. ~tion, n. ~tor, n. person administering sequestered estate.

se'quin, n. former Venetian gold coin about 9s.; coin-like ornament sewn on dresses, &c.

serac', n. one of the castellated masses formed in glacier ice by intersection of crevasses.

sera'glio (-ahlyō), n. (pl. -os) harem; Turkish palace.

serai' (-rī, -rah'ĭ) n. in various Eastern countries, a building

for the accommodation of travellers with their pack-animals.
serai'² (rī, -rah'ī), n. (Anglo-Ind.) a long-necked earthenware (or metal) flagon for water.
serang' n. (Anglo-Ind.) native head of a Lascar crew.
‖ sera'pe (-ah-), n. shawl or plaid worn by Spanish-Americans.
se'raph, n. (pl. -im, -phs), one of the highest of the nine orders of angels. seraph'ic, a. fervent or beautiful as a seraph.
Serb, ~ian, aa. & nn. (native, language) of Serbia.
sere, a. withered, dried up.
serenade' n. music sung or played at night below person's window. v.t. give serenade to.
serene' a. clear and calm; placid, unperturbed. seren'ity, n. serenness.
serf, n. (hist.) one of the class of labourers bound to and transferred with the soil. ~age, ~hood, ~dom, nn. serf's condition.
serge, n. a durable twilled worsted fabric.
sergeant (sar'jent), n. army warrant officer (regimental ~-major, company ~-major) or non-commissioned officer (colour-~, sergeant, lance-~); police officer between inspector and constable.
sē'rial, a. of or in a series; (of story, &c.) issued in instalments. n. serial story.
‖ seria'tim, adv. point by point in order.
sē'ries (-ēz), n. number of things of which each is similar to the preceding, sequence, succession.
se'rif, n. fine cross-line finishing off stroke of a letter.
sē'rio-com'ic, a. combining the serious and the comic; jocular.
sē'rious, a. thoughtful, earnest; important; demanding thought; sincere; not negligible.
serjeant (sar'jent), n. member of highest class (abolished 1880) of barristers.
ser'mon, n. piece of religious exhortation delivered from the pulpit; an admonition. ~ette', n. short sermon. ~ize, v.i. talk like a preacher.
ser'ous, a. of or like serum.
ser'pent, n. snake, esp. of large kinds; treacherous or cunning person; obsolete wind-instrument; kind of firework. serpen'tine, a. like or as of a serpent; writhing, tortuous, meandering; cunning, treacherous; n. kind of dull-green mottled stone; a skating-figure.
ser'rate, serra'ted, aa. notched like a saw. serra'tion, n.
ser'ried (-rĭd), a. shoulder to shoulder; in close order.
se'rum, n. watery animal fluid, esp. the thin part of blood as used for inoculation.
ser'vant, n. person who has undertaken to carry out the orders of an employer, esp. one engaged in household work; word of civility used in signatures to letters.
serve, v.t. & i. (-vable), be servant to; do service or be useful to; suffice, satisfy; set food on table; distribute, hand food or goods; make legal delivery of (writ, &c.); set ball in play at tennis; treat (rotting,) retaliate on. n. (Tennis, &c.) service or turn to serve.
ser'vice, n. being servant; servant's status; master's or mistress's employ; department of royal or public employ; persons employed in it. (pl.) the armed forces; set of vehicles, &c., plying at stated times; work done for another; benefit conferred on, exertion made for, another; use, assistance; liturgical form for use on some occasion; meeting of congregation for worship; legal serving of writ, &c.; set of dishes, &c., for serving meal; (Tennis, &c.) act or manner or turn of serving. ser'viceable (-safd), a. useful, durable.

serviette, *n.* table-napkin.

ser'vile, *a.* of slaves, like or as of a slave; cringing, mean-spirited, without independence. **servil'ity**, *n.* **ser'vitor**, *n.* henchman or servant (arch.); (Oxf. Univ. hist.) student assisted out of college funds in return for menial services. **ser'vitude**, *n.* slavery or bondage.

ses'ame, *n.* E. Ind. plant or its oil-yielding seeds.

sesquipeda'lian, *a.* a foot and a half long.

ses'sile (or -il) *a.* (of flower, leaf) attached directly by the base without stalk.

ses'sion (-shn), *n.* being assembled for deliberative or judicial business; period during which such meetings are held; (Sc. & U.S.) school or university term. Court of Session, supreme civil court of Scotland. **ses'sional** (-shon-), *a.*

ses'terce, *n.* the ancient Roman coin, worth 2½ (later 4) asses, used in stating sums of money.

set¹ *v.t.* & *i.* (*set*) put, lay, cause to stand, station; place ready, dispose suitably, fix in position, cause to work, apply oneself to work; impose or propound for solution or answer; give an edge to (razor, saw); unite and secure in place after fracture; sow or plant or imbed; arrange (type) ready for printing; provide (poems, words) with music; make insertions in surface with (gold, gems, &c.); curdle, solidify, harden; take shape; develop into maturity; (of sun, moon) sink below the horizon; (of tide, current of feeling, &c.) have motion, gather force; show or feel tendency (e.g. of batsman) playing with confidence; (of dog) take rigid attitude showing presence of game; (of garment) adapt itself to figure; affix (one's seal, signature, name, &c.) to; adjust hands or mechanism of (clock, trap); fix the eyes on; direct and keep (one's hopes) on; clench (one's teeth). *n.* setting of sun; direction of current or wind; attack directed at configuration, hang or fit; slip or shoot for planting. **~back**' a check or relapse. **~down**, a rebuff or snub. **~off**, thing set off against another, counterpoise, compensation. **~out**' things set out, a display. **~square**, draughtsman's appliance for drawing lines at certain angles. **~to**' bout of fighting or argument.

set² *n.* number of things or persons that belong or consort together, series, collection, group, clique; group of games in tennis, &c. counting as unit to side winning more than half of them.

set'on, *n.* thread or tape passed below skin and left with ends protruding to draw off a discharge.

settee' *n.* seat accommodating two or more.

set'ter, *n.* dog trained to set.

set'ting, *n.* music of a song, &c. environment or accessories set ting a thing off.

set'tle¹ *n.* bench with high back and box below seat.

set'tle² *v.t.* & *i.* establish or become established in an abode or place or way of life; sit or make sit down for a stay; cease from wandering; determine, agree upon, decide, appoint; (of bird, fly, &c.) alight; colonize (country); subside, sink; descend as sediment; deal effectually with; dispose of; pay (bill). **~ment**, *n.* terms on which property is settled on person; or deed stating these; in India, the process of assessing the Government land-tax over a specific area; a colony; place of bride; company of persons established in a poor district as a centre of social life; (U.S. & colonies) a small village. **sett'ler**, *n.* early colonist.

sev'en, *a.* & *n.* one more than six, 7, VII. **~fold**, *a.* & *ad.* **sev'enth**,

a. & n. ~ly adv. in the seventh place.

seventeen, a. & n. seven and ten, 17, XVII. ~th, a. & n.

sev'enty, a. & n. seven times ten, 70, LXX. ~fold, a. & adv. sev'entieth, a. & n.

sev'er, v.t. & i. disjoin, separate, divide in two; cut or break off, take away. ~ance, n. severing, severed state.

sev'eral, a. a good many, three or more; separate, diverse, distinct, individual, respective. pron. three or more of the previously mentioned persons or things. sev'erally adv. separately, respectively.

severe' a. austere, strict; unsparing, vehement; arduous, exacting, unadorned, concise, not luxuriant; censorious. seve'rity n. severe quality, harsh treatment or manifestation.

Sèvres (sāvr) n. a kind of porcelain.

sev'ery n. (Archit.) compartment of vaulted ceiling.

sew (sō) v.t. & i. (p.p. sewn, sewed, pr. sōn, sōd), use needle and thread or sewing-machine; fasten or join or enclose by sewing. sewing-machine, apparatus in which needle is worked mechanically.

sew'age, n. matter conveyed in sewers. sew'er, n. covered underground drain carrying off refuse of houses and towns. sew'erage, n. drainage by a system of sewers.

sewn, p.p. of sew.

sex, n. being male or female; males or females collectively. ~ appeal, attractiveness to opposite sex.

sexagenar'ian, a. & n. (person) between 60 and 70.

Sexages'ima, or ~ Sunday n. the second Sunday before Lent.

sexages'imal, a. proceeding by sixties; of sixty; sixtieth.

sexcenten'ary n. 600th anniversary.

sexenn'ial, a. lasting six years; occurring once in six years.

sex'tan, a. (of fever, &c.) recurring every fifth day.

sex'tant, n. instrument including a graduated arc equal to a sixth of a circle for taking angular measurements.

sextet' n. (musical work for) six voices, singers, instruments, or players, in combination.

sex'to, n. (pl. -os), book formed by folding sheets into six leaves.

sextodec'imo, n. (abbr. 16mo), sheet of paper folded in 16 leaves, book made by folding thus.

sex'ton, n. officer charged with care of a church and its belongings and with bell-ringing and grave-digging.

sex'tuple, a. sixfold. v.t. & i. multiply, exceed by six times.

sex'ual, a. of sex, a sex, or the sexes.

shabb'y, a. worn or threadbare, dressed in shabby clothes; disgraced, mean; paltry, scurvy.

shab'rack, n. cavalry saddle-cloth.

‖ shahbunder' (-ah-), n. an officer at native ports in the Indian seas.

shack' n. rough cabin or shed of logs, mud, &c.

*shack' n. balls picked up as worthless fish, &c. ~bait.

*shack' v.t. chase after a ball, &c., retrieve.

shac'kle, n. fetter enclosing ankle or wrist; (pl.) handcuffs; kind of coupling-appliance. v.t. fetter, hamper.

shad, n. kinds of fish.

shadd'ock, n. fruit like large orange; tree bearing it.

shade, n. comparative darkness or obscurity; the darker parts of a picture; (usu. pl.) cool retreat; slight difference, small amount; unreal thing; screen excluding or moderating light or heat; glass cover. v.t. & i. (-able), screen from light; make dark; pass by degrees into another shade of colour, opinion, &c. shad'ily, a. giving or situated in shade; of doubtful honesty, disreputable; inferior.

shad'ow (-ō) *n.* patch of shade; dark figure projected by body that intercepts rays of light; person, &c. attending another like such shadow; unsubstantial or unreal thing; phantom or ghost; shade; dark part of room, &c.; obscurity; shelter or protection. *v.t.* set forth vaguely or prophetically, dog, watch secretly. **shad'owy** (-ōi), *a.* not luminous; gloomy; unsubstantial, unreal.

shaft (-ah-), *n.* rod of spear, lance, or arrow; slender cylinder connecting the parts of a machine; stem, stalk; column between base and capital; arrow; ray of light; one of the bars between which horse, &c., is harnessed to vehicle; hole serving as access to mine, &c.

shag, *n.* a rough mass of hair; coarse kinds of fine-cut tobacco. **shagg'y** (-g-), *a.* hairy, rough-haired; rough, rugged.

shagreen, *n.* kinds of untanned leather with roughened surface; shark-skin.

shah, *n.* king of Persia.

shake, *v.t.* & *i.* (*shook*, *shaken*; -*kable*), move violently or quickly up and down or to and fro; tremble or rock or vibrate, or cause to do so; jolt or jar; brandish; weaken or make less stable. *n.* shaking, jolt, jerk, shock; (*Mus.*) rapid alternation of two notes. ~*down*, bed improvised of straw or bedding laid on floor. **shā'ker** *n.* member of American religious celibate sect.

Shakespear'ian (-pēr-), *a.* of, as of, Shakespeare.

shak'o, *n.* (*pl.* -*os*), form of peaked military cap.

shā'ky, *a.* unsteady, trembling, infirm, tottering, wavering.

shale, *n.* kinds of clay rock like slate but softer. **shā'ly** *a.*

shall (-ăl, -al), *v.aux.* (*pres.* *I* &c. *shall*, *thou shalt*; *past* & *condit.* *I* &c. *should*, *thou shouldst*; *neg.* forms *shall not* or *shan't*, *should not* or *shouldn't*) forming compound tenses or moods expressing command, obligation, condition, intention, prophecy and other senses.

shalloon, *n.* light cloth for linings and dresses.

shall'op, *n.* light boat.

shallot', *n.* kind of onion.

shall'ow (-ō), *a.* of little depth; superficial. *n.* shallow place, shoal. *v.t.* & *i.* decrease in depth.

shalt. See **shall**.

sham, *v.t.* & *i.* feign, pretend to be. *n.* piece of pretence, person pretending to be what he is not, counterfeit thing. *a.* pretended, counterfeit.

‖ **shā'ma**[1] (-ah-), *n.* cereal cultivated in India, yielding a millet-like grain used as food.

‖ **shā'ma**[2] (-ah-), *n.* an Indian song bird.

‖ **sham'ba**, *n.* (*E.-Afr.*) cultivated plot of ground.

sham'ble, *v.i.* go with shuffling ungainly gait. *n.* such gait.

sham'bles (-lz), *n.pl.* butchers' slaughter-house; scene of carnage.

shame, *n.* feeling of humiliation excited by consciousness of guilt or from some other cause; state of disgrace or ignominy or discredit. *v.t.* make ashamed, bring disgrace on, force by shame into or out of something. ~*faced*, *a.* bashful, shy. ~*less*, *a.* lacking shame, impudent, cynical.

shamm'y, *n.* chamois-leather.

shampoo', *v.t.* treat head of person with lather and rubbing. *n.* a shampooing.

sham'rock, *n.* kinds of trefoil or clover serving as national emblem of Ireland.

shan'drydan, *n.* light two-wheeled Irish cart; rickety old-fashioned vehicle.

shan'dygaff, *n.* beer and ginger-beer mixed.

shanghai' (-hī), *v.t.* (*Naut. sl.*) drug and ship as sailor. *n.* (*Austral.*) a catapult.

shank, *n.* leg or part of it between knee and ankle; stem or shaft of something.

shan't. See shall.

shantung', n. soft undressed Chinese silk, usu. undyed.

shan'ty, n. hut, hovel.

shape, n. configuration, form; external appearance, guise; orderly arrangement, proper condition; pattern or mould. v.t. & i. (-pable), fashion into desired or definite shape, form; devise, plan; direct one's course; call up image of; assume form. ~less, a. lacking definite form, irregularly made. ~ly, a. well formed or proportioned.

shard, sherd, n. (arch.) fragment of broken pottery.

share, n. the part that falls to an individual out of a common stock or burden or achievement; one of the equal parts of a company's capital entitling holder to profits; the cutting part of a plough. v.t. & i. (-rable), apportion among others; possess or use or endure jointly with; have share or be sharer (with person, in thing). ~holder, owner of shares in a company.

shark, n. large voracious sea-fish; extortioner or swindler.

sharp, a. with fine edge or point, not blunt; peaked or pointed; abrupt or angular or steep; keen, pungent; shrill, piercing; biting, harsh, severe, painful; acute, sensitive; vigilant, clever, unscrupulous; speedy; (Mus.) above normal pitch, (of note) a semitone higher than the natural note, (of key) having sharp or sharps in signature. n. (Mus.) a sharp note. ~set, hungry. ~shooter, skilled shot posted where marksmanship is required. **sharp'en**, v.t. & i. make or grow sharp; give an edge to; make quick; make hungry; make painful or severe. **sharp'er**, n. person who lives by fraud.

Shas'tra, Shas'ter (-ah-), n. one of the sacred Hindu writings. **Shastri**, n. one learned in these.

shat'ter, v.t. & i. break suddenly in pieces; wreck, utterly destroy.

shave, v.t. & i. (-vable), clear off hair, beard, &c. by passing along the skin a sharp-edged blade; pare (wood, &c.); pass close to without touching. n. being shaved by oneself or another; narrow margin by which contact or failure or success is missed. ~tail (army sl.) second lieutenant. **sha'ver**, n. (colloq.) youngster. **sha'vings** (-z), n.pl. [illegible].

Sha'vian, a. of, in the manner of, G. B. Shaw a dramatist.

shaw, n. thicket or copse.

shawl, n. rectangular piece of woven or netted fabric worn over shoulders or head or round neck.

shawm, n. medieval form of oboe.

shay, n. (arch., joc.) chaise.

she, pron. (obj. her, poss. her and hers, pl. they, &c.), the female in question; also of a ship, train, country, or other thing personified as female.

shea, n. W.-Afr. tree yielding a vegetable butter (~butter).

shead'ing (-ea-), n. administrative tithing or division, of which there are six, in the Isle of Man.

sheaf, n. (pl. -ves), bundle of cornstalks tied together after reaping; bundle of arrows, papers, or other long objects. v.t. (also sheave) make into sheaves.

shear, v.t. & i. (sheared; p.p. shorn, rarely sheared), cut with sword, &c.; clip, take off, with shears; (fig.) fleece or strip bare; (Mech.) distort or rupture by the strain called shear. n. (Mech.) the kind of strain to which the rivet of pivoted shears is subjected; (pl.) clipping instrument of two blades moving on a rivet; (pl.) hoisting apparatus of two or more poles. ~ling, sheep once shorn.

sheath, n. (pl. pr. -dhz), close-fitting cover esp. for blade or tool; investing membrane, &c. **sheathe** (-dh), v.t. (-thable), put into sheath; protect with a casing.

sheave, n. wheel with grooved edge as in a pulley.

shebang', n. (sl.) hut, dwelling; institution, business.

shed¹, v.t. (shed), let or have fall off (hair, clothes, feathers, horns, leaves); let or make flow (tears, blood); diffuse or radiate.

shed², n. a roofed shelter for storing things, keeping cattle in, &c.

sheen, n. bright, gleaming. n. radiance, brightness. **sheen'y** a.

sheep, n. (pl. same) timid beast kept in flocks for the mutton and wool and leather it yields; (pl.) pastor's flock; sheepish person. ~-cote or -cot, a shelter for sheep. ~-fold, enclosure for penning sheep in. ~-run, large sheep-walk, esp. in Australia. ~-shank, a pair of hitches shortening a rope without cutting it. ~-walk, tract of land as sheep-pasture. **sheep'ish**, a. (esp.) bashful or embarrassed in manner.

sheer¹ a. mere, unqualified, absolute; perpendicular. adv. perpendicularly; directly; clean.

sheer² v.i. swerve or change course (esp. of ship).

sheet, n. rectangular piece of linen, &c. as part of bedclothes; broad thin flat piece of iron or glass or other material; complete piece of paper as made; wide expanse of water, flame, &c.; rope or chain at lower corner of sail for changing its tension or position. v.t. cover with sheet; secure (sail) with sheet. ~-anchor, large anchor used only in emergencies; (fig.) last dependence.

sheik(h) (-āk, -ēk), n. Arab chief; head of Arabian or Mohammedan tribe, family, or village.

shek'el, n. a Jewish weight and coin; (pl., sl.) money, riches.

shel'drake, n. a bright-plumaged wild duck; *masc.*; **shel'duck**, n. female sheldrake.

shelf, n. (pl. -ves), horizontal slab or board projecting from wall or forming one tier of bookcase or cupboard; ledge on cliff-face, &c.; reef or sand-bank.

shell, n. hard outer case enclosing birds' eggs, nuts, some seeds and fruits, some molluscs and crustaceans, &c.; the mere walls of a house; explosive artillery projectile; light coffin. v.t. & i. take out of shell; remove shell or pod from; bombard or fire shells at. ~-back, (sl.) old sailor. ~-fish, aquatic shelled mollusc (e.g. oyster) or crustacean (crab, &c.). **shell'y** a.

shellac' n. lac melted into thin plates for making varnish. v.t. varnish with this.

shel'ter n. protection against exposure to harm; screen or cabin affording shelter. v.t. & i. serve as shelter to; shield; take shelter.

shelve¹ v.t. & i. (-vable), put (books, &c.) on shelf; lay aside or defer consideration of.

shelve² v.i. slope gently.

shep'herd (-perd), n. man who tends sheep; (fig.) a pastor. v.t. tend or drive sheep; (fig.) marshal like sheep. ~-ess, n.

Sher'aton, n. severe 18th-c. style of furniture.

sherb'et, n. Eastern cooling drink of fruit-juice, &c.; effervescing drink made by mixing a chemical powder with water.

shereef n. a descendant of Mohammed, used as title of certain Arab princes.

sher'iff, n. a county or other official entrusted with certain administrative functions.

sher'ry, n. a white Spanish wine.

shew **shewbread**. See show.

shibb'oleth, n. a word or custom or principle regarded as a test; a party catchword.

shield, n. piece of defensive armour carried on the left arm to ward off cuts and thrusts; (fig.) person or thing that protects one; (Herald.) representation of shield with coat of arms on it. v.t. protect or screen.

shift, v.t. & i. change or move from one position to another; change form or character; use expedients. n. an expedient or resource; a contrivance or piece

of evasion; rotation. a relay of workmen, time for which relay works; (arch.) chemise. —less, a. bad at finding expedients; incapable. shift'y, a. (of wind) variable; addicted to indirect courses or deceit.

shig'ram, n. Bombay name for a kind of hack gharry or palanquin-carriage.

shikar' n. (Anglo-Ind.) hunting; sport (shooting and hunting); game. v.i. & t. hunt animals for sport. hunt (animal).

shikar'ee (-ri), -ri, shikar'ry n. (Anglo-Ind.) hunter; sportsman's native attendant.

shik'ra, n. small Indian hawk, sometimes used in falconry.

shille'lagh (-lā), n. cudgel.

shil'ling, n. silver coin, 20 to the £, or 12d. (abbr. s.).

shill'y-shally n. vacillation. a. vacillating. v.i. vacillate.

shimm'er n. tremulous or faint light. v.i. shine with this.

shin, n. the bony front of the lower leg. v.t. kick the shins of.

shin'dig, n. (sl.) social function.

shin'dy, n. free fight; commotion.

shine, v.i. & t. (shone), emit or reflect light; be bright, glow; be brilliant or admirable in some respect or sphere; (colloq., with past and p.p. *shined*) put a shine on (boots, grate, &c.). n. sunshine; lustre on a surface, a polishing; (sl.) shindy, fuss; (pl., sl.) capers, tricks. shi'ner, n. (sl.) sovereign or other coin; (pl.) money; *kinds of small fresh-water fish.

shingle' (shing'gl), n. slip of wood used as roof-tile; *a small signboard. v.t. cover (roof of house) with *shingles*; crop the hair so as to give the effect of overlapping shingles; *roof with a shingle.

shingle' (shing'gl), n. pebbles in a mass as on sea-shore. shing'ly (-ggl-), a.

shingles (shing'glz), n.pl. acute skin inflammation along nerve tracks.

Shin'to, n. the native religious system of Japan, partly ousted by Buddhism. adherent of this. —ism, —ist, nn.

shin'ty n. game resembling hockey; stick used in it.

shi'ny, a. with bright surface; (of cloth, &c.) worn smooth.

ship, n. large sea-going vessel, esp. one with bowsprit and three or more masts; (boating sl.) boat. v.t. & i. put or receive (goods, &c.) on board ship; go or take service on board ship as passenger or sailor; fix (mast, rudder, &c.) in its working place; lay (oars) inside boat. —money (hist.) tax for providing navy. —shape, in good order, well arranged. —wreck, n. ship's undesigned sinking or destruction (fig.) utter ruin; v.t. & i. bring to or suffer ruin or failure. —wright, shipbuilder. ship'ment, n. putting of goods, &c. on board; goods shipped. ship'per, n. (esp.) importer or exporter. ship'ping, n. (esp.) ships, the ships of a country, &c.

shire, n. county; chiefly used as suffix (pron. -sher) in names of many counties.

shirk' v.i. & t. avoid or get out of (duty, &c.). n. a shirker.

*shirr, n. elastic webbing; elastic thread woven into fabric; gathered trimming, gathering in costumery. v.t. gather (material) with parallel threads run through.

shirt, n. man's sleeved undergarment; woman's blouse with collar and cuffs. —ing, n. shirt material. shirt'y, a. (sl.) in a bad temper; angry.

shiv'er' n. small fragment, splinter. v.t. & i. break to shivers.

shiv'er' v.i. tremble with cold or fear; show or feel a vibratory movement or thrill. n. momentary shivering. shiv'ery a.

shoal' n. great number of fish swimming together; multitude of persons or things. v.i. (of fish) form shoals.

shoal² *a.* (of water) shallow. *n.* shallow place in sea, &c., submerged sandbank. *v.i.* get shallower. **shoal'y**, *a.*

shock¹, *n.* group of corn-sheaves stood together in field.

shock², *n.* unkempt mass or head of hair.

shock³ *n.* violent concussion or impact; sudden and disturbing physical or mental impression; state produced by this. *v.t.* affect with horror or disgust; appear scandalous or improper or outrageous to. **~er**, *n.* sensational novel, &c. **~ing**, *a.* scandalous, improper; very bad.

shod, *p.t.* & *p.p.* of shoe.

shodd'y *n.* fibre got by shredding old cloth; cloth partly made of this. *a.* counterfeit and trashy.

shoe (-ōō), *n.* outer covering of leather or other material for the foot; thing like a shoe in use or shape. *v.t.* (*shod*; part. *shoeing*), fit with shoes or shoe. **~black**, boy &c., who cleans shoes of passers-by. **~flower**, (Anglo-Ind.) the flower of the Hibiscus Rosasinensis. **~horn**, horn or metal scoop for helping shoe over the heel. **~maker**, maker of boots and shoes.

shone, *p.t.* & *p.p.* of shine.

shook, *p.t.* of shake.

‖**shook'ary** *n.* (Anglo-Ind.), a small tent with steep sloping roof.

shoot, *v.t.* & *i.* (*shot*), come or go swiftly or suddenly; discharge or propel quickly (gun, bullet, &c.); wound or kill with gun; shoot game or fire at target; (of bud, &c.) issue; (of plants) put forth buds; jut out or rise sharply up; (Assoc. football) take a shot at goal; (Joinery) plane edges of board accurately. (Cinemat.) photograph with cine-camera. *n.* bud or young branch; inclined plane down which water may flow or objects slide; shooting-party. **~ it**, say what you have on your mind. **shoot'er**, *n.* (esp.) ball that shoots at cricket.

shoot'ing, *n.* (esp.) right of shooting over estate, &c. an estate rented to shoot over. **~-box**, sportsman's lodge for use in shooting season. **~ star**, point of light seen to glide across sky.

shop, *n.* building or room for retail sale of goods; workshop or place of manufacture. one's place of business; talk about one's work. *v.i.* visit shops to buy things. **~keeper**, owner of retail shop. **~lifter**, pretended customer who steals goods. **~-steward**, person elected by his fellow workmen as their spokesman on conditions of work, &c. **~walker**, person directing customers in large shop.

shore¹ *n.* beam set obliquely against wall, &c. to prop it. *v.t.* (-rable), prop with shore.

shore² *n.* land that skirts sea or lake or river. **~ward**, *adv.* & *a.*

shorn, *p.p.* of shear.

short, *a.* not long in space or time not tall; soon traversed or finished; of less than the named amount, &c.; failing to reach the measure or quality of; scon over; concise; angrily curt (of pastry clay metal) crumbling or breaking easily. *adv.* abruptly; before or without reaching the end without going to the length of. *n.* a short vowel or syllable or the short mark (˘); (*pl.*) garment like trousers cut off above the knee. **~bread**, **~cake**, of flour, butter, and sugar; rich teacake often served with fruit. **~ circuit**, electric circuit made through a small resistance. **~coming**, failure to reach a standard or perform a duty defect. **~ commons**, scanty allowance of food. **~hand**, kind of writing enabling reporter to keep pace with speaker. **~handed**, not having the full number of men required. **~horn**, a breed of cattle. **~sighted**, having short sight; deficient in foresight. **~tempered**, easily angered.

short'age, n. a deficiency in number or amount. short'en, v.i. & t. become or make shorter or short; curtail. short'ly adv. before long, soon; in a few words, briefly

shot v.t. & p.p. of shoot. a. woven of different-coloured warp and woof so that the colour changes with the point of view

shot² n. attempt to hit something by shooting, throwing, or striking, or to attain an end or solve a question; discharging of a gun, &c.; person of specified skill in shooting; cannon-ball; (collect.) leaden pellets used at each discharge of gun. v.t. load (gun), weight, with shot.

should (-ŏŏd), p.t. of shall.

shoul'der (shōl-), n. point of body at which arm or foreleg or wing is attached; projection or expansion comparable to human shoulder; (pl.) the back from shoulder to shoulder; (sing.) beast's foreleg as joint of meat. v.t. & i. push with the shoulder, jostle; hoist on to or lay across one's shoulders; assume responsibility. —blade, either flat bone of back jointed with the arm-bone.

shout, n. loud cry from person or company calling attention or expressing joy defiance approval, &c. v.i. & t. emit shout or shouts; speak loudly

shove (-ŭ-), v.t. & i. & n. push (colloq.). —halfpenny modern form of shovelboard.

sho'vel (-ŭv-), n. spade-like scoop for shifting earth, &c. v.t. shift with shovel or spade. —board, game of propelling disks or coins over partitioned surface.

sho'veller (-ŭv-), n. (esp.) the spoonbill duck.

show (-ō), v.t. & i. (p.p. shown, rarely showed; also spelt shew, shewn, shewed) let be seen; disclose, manifest; offer for inspection; exhibit; demonstrate, make understand. n. showing; outward appearance; ostentation, pomp, pageant or display; (sl.) concern or undertaking. show'bread, twelve loaves displayed in Jewish temple and renewed each Sabbath. show'man (-an), manager of spectacle or travelling show. —room, room in which goods are kept for inspection.

show'er, n. brief fall of rain or of hail or sleet; great number of descending missiles, letters, presents, kisses, &c.; (U.S.) gathering in honour of a bride at which each guest brings a present. v.i. & t. descend or send or give in a shower. show'ery, a. rainy

show'y (-ōĭ), a. of attractively brilliant appearance; making a good show

shrank, p.t. of shrink.

shrap'nel, n. shells packed with bullets and timed to burst short of the objective; part of bomb, &c. so scored as to break and scatter

shred, n. scrap, rag, fragment, torn-out fibre. v.t. & i. cut or tear to shreds; fray

shrew (-ōō), n. small long-snouted mammal, like mouse feeding on insects; scolding woman. —ish, a. given to scolding.

shrewd (-ōōd), a. sagacious, penetrating; (of guess, &c.) near the truth; (of cold, &c.) sharp, severe.

shriek, v.i. & t. & n. scream.

shriev'alty n. shrievalty. [illegible]

shrift, n. shriving.

shrike, n. kinds of bird with hooked toothed beak.

shrill, a. piercing and high-pitched in sound. v.i. & t. sound shrilly; utter or send out (song, &c.) thus.

shrimp, n. sea crustacean an inch or two long; diminutive person.

shrine, n. casket or tomb holding relics; sacred or revered place.

shrink, v.i. & t. (shrank; shrunk), grow smaller; make (flannel, &c.) smaller by soaking or other treatment; recoil or retire or

Shrink, ~age, n. tendency to diminish in size or number amount of diminution.

shrive, v.t. (arch. shrove, shriven), give absolution to, confess.

shriv'el, v.t. & i. contract into wrinkled or curled-up state.

shroff, n. banker or money changer in the East in the Far East a native expert employed to detect bad coin. v.t. examine, sift (coin, &c.).

shroud, n. winding-sheet; (fig.) concealing agency (usu. in pl.) set of ropes forming part of standing rigging. v.t. clothe for burial cover or disguise.

Shrove'tide, Shrove Tuesday, ns. the three days, the day before Ash-Wednesday.

shrub[1] n. (arch.) drink of rum and lemon-juice, &c.

shrub[2] n. woody plant of less size than tree. shrubb'ery, n. plantation of shrubs.

shrug, v.t. & i. raise the shoulders momentarily as gesture of indifference, &c. n. such motion.

shrunk, p.t. & p.p. of shrink.

shudd'er, n. spasm of shivering. v.i. experience a shudder.

shuf'fle, v.i. & t. drag one's feet, walk thus change position of playing-cards, papers, &c. by mixing shift (persons) into each other's place; juggle with words, equivocate; make or let slip off. n. act of shuffling shuffling gait or step; interchange of positions. piece of equivocation. shuf'fler, n. (esp.) prevaricator.

shun, v.t. keep clear of eschew.

'shun, abbr. of attention! as word of command.

shunt, v.t. & i. divert (train, &c.) or diverge on to a side track. n. a shunting (Electr.) a conductor joining two points of a circuit and enabling part of current to be diverted.

shut, v.t. & i. (shut), move (door lid, lips, &c.) into position to stop an aperture; close door &c. of (room, box, eye, &c.) bring (knife, book, &c.) into folded-up or contracted state become shut.

shut'ter, n. (esp.) appliance for blocking up window or excluding light from camera lens one of the separate parts of a compound shutter.

shut'tle, n. boat-shaped weaving-implement on which weft-thread is shot across between warp-threads. shut'tlecock, n. cork fitted with crown of feathers so as to fly when struck with battledore.

shy[1] v.t. & i., & n. (colloq.) throw esp. at a mark.

shy[2] a. avoiding observation bashful, elusive (sl.) short (of). v.i. start aside in alarm. shy'er, n. shying horse.

*shy'ster, n. tricky unreliable person person without professional honour esp. tricky lawyer.

Siamese' (-z), a. of Siam. n. Siamese native or language.

sib'ilant, a. hissing. n. a sibilant letter or set of letters. sib'ilance, n. sib'ilate, v.t. & i. pronounce with sibilance.

sib'yl, n. pagan prophetess; fortune-teller old hag. sib'ylline, a. oracular

sice n. the six on dice.

sice, syce, n. (Anglo-Ind.) groom also, an attendant who follows on foot a mounted horseman or a carriage.

sick, a. vomiting or disposed to vomit surfeited or tired of ill, despondent (sl.) mortified. sick'en, v.i. & t. grow ill or show signs of illness, feel nausea or loathing. sick'ener, n. (sl.) event, &c. that makes one weary of something.

sic'kle, n. reaping-hook with semi-circular blade.

sick'ly a. apt to be ill or cause illness languid, pale indicating nausea mawkish.

sick'ness, n. being ill, disease, sleeping ~, fatal African disease marked by somnolence and nerve-paralysis. sleepy ~, a world-wide recently identified disease, distinct from sleeping

sickness, though *bilious* is a mark of both.

side, n. one of the surfaces bounding an object; either surface of thing regarded as having only two; one of the lines bounding a superficial figure; the part of the body that is to the right or left; one aspect of a thing; one of two contrasted parties or sets of opponents; slope of a hill; (sl.) swaggering air or assumption of superiority. v.i. *to take side with*, espouse the cause of. ~arms, swords or bayonets. ~board, table or chest against dining-room wall. ~burns, short side whisker. ~car, *jaunting car*; car for passenger(s) attachable to side of motor-cycle. ~light, (fig.) incidental illustration of or information on a subject. ~long, oblique; not direct. ~saddle, saddle for rider with both feet on same side of horse. ~show, minor attraction at an exhibition, &c. ~slip, v.i. skid; (Aeronaut.) move sideways instead of forwards; n. skid; side movement. ~s'man (-zm) assistant to churchwarden. ~stroke, kinds of swimming. ~track, n. siding or by-path. v.t. shunt; postpone consideration of or dealing with. ~walk, (esp. U.S.) footway at side of road. ~ways, adv.

sid'ereal, a. of, determined by means of, the stars.

Sidi (sed'i), n. an African, negro; now chiefly used in comb. ~boy.

si'ding, n. short track by side of railway for shunting; boards forming sides of timber building.

si'dle, v.i. walk sideways, esp. in deferential approach.

siege, n. operations of encamped force for gaining possession of fortified place; besieging or being besieged (often fig.).

sienn'a, n. a rich reddish-brown pigment or its colour.

sierr'a, n. chain of jagged mountains, esp. in Spain or America.

siest'a, n. midday rest usual in hot countries.

sieve (siv), n. utensil with network or perforated bottom through which liquids or fine particles can pass. sift, v.t. separate with or pass through a sieve; subject (facts, &c.) to close scrutiny.

sigh (si) v.i. draw deep breath as in weariness, &c. *mourn or yearn for*; express with sighs. n. act or sound of sighing.

sight (sit), n. faculty of vision; seeing or being seen; range of or region open to vision; scene or spectacle; precise aim with gun or observing instrument, appliance attached to gun, &c. for assisting this; (colloq.) large quantity. v.t. catch sight of, esp. by coming near; adjust sights of (gun, &c.). ~seer, person going round to see the sights. sightly (sit-), a. not unsightly.

sign (sin), n. mark traced on surface, &c.; thing used as symbol of something; indication; symptom or presage or token of; miracle as evidence of supernatural power; password; trace or spoor of animal; signboard; gesture used instead of words. v.t. & i. mark with a sign; affix one's name or initials to; make sign to. ~board, board with inscription, &c. on or in front of inn, shop, &c. ~post, post supporting signboard or set up at crossroads, &c. to guide travellers.

sig'nal, a. of marked quality or importance; notable. n. sight or sound meant to convey orders or information; message made up of such signals. v.t. & i. make signals; direct, transmit, or announce by signal. sig'nalize, v.t. (-zable), make notable; lend distinction to.

sig'natory, n. party to a treaty or other signed agreement.

sig'nature, n. signed name or initials (*of* on.) indication of key or time following clef; (Print.) distinction letter or figure at foot of first page of book-sheet.

sig'net, n. small seal, esp. one set in finger-ring.

signif'icance, n. expressiveness meaning; importance, reason why thing is significant.
signif'icant, a. full of meaning highly expressive important.
significa'tion, n. (esp.) sense or acceptation of a term, &c.
sig'nify, v.t. & i. (-iable) be a sign or presage of; have as meaning intimate or announce.
Signor (sēn'yôr), Signora (sēnyôr'a), Signorina (sēnyorē'na), nn. (pl. -ri, -re, -ne). Italian gentleman, married lady, unmarried lady (as titles = Sir and Mr, Madam and Mrs., Miss)
Sikh (sik, sēk), n. member of a military sect in the Punjab.
si'lence, n. abstinence from speech or noise secrecy; taciturnity absence of sound. v.t. (-ceable), reduce to silence by stifling, overpowering, confuting, &c. si'lencer, n. (esp.) apparatus deadening sound of gas escaping from oil-engine, &c. si'lent, a. keeping or marked by or done in silence; soundless, mute; tacit, taciturn.
silhouette' (-lōō-) n. portrait of head or figure cut from black paper or done in solid black on white; outline of object seen against the light. v.t. represent by, or exhibit in, silhouette.
si'lica, n. a mineral forming quartz and the chief part of flint, sand, &c. silic'eous (-lishus), a.
silk, n. fibre composing silkworms' cocoons; thread prepared from it; cloth woven of this; (pl.) silk garments. (attrib.) made of silk; silk-like hibiscus styles of female flower of maize; artificial ~, imitation of silk by fibre mechanically produced. ~worm, caterpillar of mulberry feeding moth. silk'en, a. made of silk. sil'ky a like silk in softness or lustre.
sill, n. slab of wood or stone at foot of window or doorway
sill'abub, n. dish of cream or milk curdled with wine, &c.
sill'adar, n. (Anglo-Ind.) irregular cavalryman who provides his own horse and arms.
sill'y, a. foolish, imprudent, thoughtless weak of intellect (arch.) harmless, innocent. n. a silly person. ~ point, ~ short leg, placed close up to batsman.
si'lo, n. (pl. -os), pit or airtight chamber for storing green crops for fodder.
silt, n. sediment deposited by moving water. v.t. & i. block or be blocked up with silt.
Silur'ian, a. & n. (of) a series of rocks forming the lowest subdivision of the Palaeozoic.
sil'van, syl' a. of the, having, woods; rural.
sil'ver, n. a white lustrous precious metal coins made of it vessels or implements made of it. a. made of silver. v.t. & i. coat or plate with silver make or become silvery ~ fox, fox with valued black fur and white tail-tip. ~-gilt' of silver gilded over. ~ paper, tinfoil. ~ point, art of drawing, drawing done, with silver pencil on prepared paper ~ side, best side of round of beef ~smith, a worker in silver ~-tongued, eloquent, ~-weed, silvery-leaved wayside plant. sil'very a. like silver in whiteness and lustre having the clear soft resonance of a silver bell.
sim'ian, a. monkey-like. n. an ape or monkey
sim'ilar a. having resemblance to; of the same kind; (Geom.) identical in shape. simila'rity n.
sim'ile, n. a comparison of two things for the purpose of illustration or ornament.
simil'itude, n. guise or outward appearance; simile; copy
sim'mer, v.t. & i. be or keep just bubbling or hissing below boiling point be in a state of suppressed anger or laughter n. simmering state.
simo'niac, n. person guilty of simony simoni'acal, a.
si'mony n. trafficking in church preferment.

simoom', n. hot desert sand-wind.
'simp, (sl.) n. fool, simpleton.
sim'per, v.i. & t. smile in silly or affected way. n. such smile.
sim'ple, a. of one element or kind; not complicated or elaborate or adorned; unsophisticated, artless, natural; inexperienced; humble; easily solved or understood or done. n. (arch.) herb used in medicine. **—hearted**, **—minded**, aa. ingenuous.
sim'pleton (-pl-), n. foolish or half-witted person.
simpli'city, n. artlessness; weakness.
sim'plify, v.t. make simple or easy to understand. **—fication**, n.
simula'crum, n. (pl. -ra), shadowy likeness or mere pretence of.
sim'ulate, v.t. (-lable), feign; pretend to have or feel; counterfeit. **sim'ulant**, a. having the appearance of. **simula'tion**, **—tor**, nn.
simulta'neous, a. occurring at the same time. **simultane'ity**, n.
sin, n. transgression against divine law; an offence against any code. v.i. commit sin; offend against.
since, prep. in the period between some specified time and the present. conj. since the time when; seeing that; inasmuch as. adv. since then or that.
sincere', a. not given to simulation; not simulated or assumed. **sincer'ity**, n.
sin'ciput, n. head from forehead to crown.
si'ne, L. prep. = without. **s~ di'e** (dī'ī), indefinitely (of adjournment). **s~ qua non**, indispensable condition or qualification.
si'necure (or sī-), n. office of honour or profit with no duties attached to it. **—curist**, n. holder of sinecure.
sin'ew, n. tough fibrous animal tissue; tendon; (pl.) muscles, bodily strength; (usu. pl.) motive power of. **sin'ewy**, a.
sin'ful, a. of the nature of sin; guilty of sin.
sing, v.i. & t. (sang or arch. sung, sung), utter words with musical modulations; make humming or whistling sound; celebrate in verse. ~n. (colloq.) large social gathering for singing. **—song**, monotonous rhythm or cadence in reading, &c.; (colloq.) impromptu vocal concert. **—er**, n.
singe (-j), v.t. & i. (-geing), apply fire to the surface or ends of; rid them of hair or feathers or nap; suffer singeing.
single (sing'gl), a. one only, not double or multiple; individual; of, for, or with one person or thing; unmarried. n. a single game; hit, &c. that counts one. v.t. choose out for attention or treatment of some kind. **—file**, advance in which every member of the party is straight behind his leader. **~-foot**, horse's racking gait. **—handed**, without assistance from others. **—hearted**, free from duplicity or mixed motives. **—minded**, true to one object. **—stick**, fencing with basket-hilted stick.
sing'let (-ngg-), n. man's close-fitting undershirt or vest of cotton or wool.
sing'leton (-ngg-), n. player's only card of a suit; lone person.
singu'lar (-ngg-), a. extraordinary, uncommon, surprising; eccentric; (Gram.) of the form used in speaking of a single thing or person. n. (Gram.) the singular number, a singular word. **singula'rity** (-ngg-), n.
Sinhalese (-ēz), a. of Ceylon. n. Sinhalese native or language.
sin'ister, a. of evil omen; ill-looking; wicked, dishonest; (Herald.) on left side of shield (i.e. right as seen by observer).
sink, v.t. & i. (sank or arch. sunk; sunk or in adj. use (arch.) sunken), fall slowly downwards; decline; disappear below horizon or surface of liquid; droop; subside; gradually expire; lower or let down; send below, (to) the bottom; bore or construct

below ground; engrave; invest (money); decrease the value of. n. receptacle with outflow pipe into which dirty water, &c., is thrown. sinking-fund, moneys set aside for the gradual extinction of a debt.
sink'ing, n. (esp.) internal sensation of collapse caused by hunger or apprehension.
Sinn Fein (shin fān) n. Irish movement aiming at national revival in language, &c., as well as independence.
sinn'er, n. a sinful person.
sin'ter, n. a mineral incrustation.
sin'uous, a. with many curves, meandering. sinuos'ity n. (esp.) a bend in a stream, &c.
sip, v.t. & i. drink by successive spoonfuls or small mouthfuls. n. one such mouthful.
si'phon, n. a curved tube for conveying liquids over edge of vessel; bottle with tap from which aerated water is forced out by pressure of gas.
sipp'et, n. one of the pieces of toast or fried bread served with soup, mince, &c.
sir, n. used as vocative to master or superior or male stranger, or to boy or inferior who is being rebuked; title preceding Christian name of knight or baronet.
sirdar', n. (Anglo-Ind.) the Government of India; head of government or household; house-steward; native accountant.
sirdar', n. Oriental military chief or general; (since 1882) British commander-in-chief of Egyptian army.
sire, n. father or male ancestor; horse's or other beast's male parent; (voc.) Your Majesty.
si'ren, n. (Gk. Myth., pl.) winged women living on a rock and with sweet song luring mariners to destruction; sweet singer; dangerously fascinating woman or pursuit; hooting-instrument used for sound-signals.
Si'rius, n. the dogstar.
sirloin. See surloin.
sirki', n. (Anglo-Ind.) upper part of the culm of a species of tall reed-grass, native to India; matting made of this.
sir'loin, n. best part of loin of beef.
siroc'co, n. (pl. -os), hot moist oppressive wind reaching Italy from Africa.
sirrah, arch. voc. of sir used in anger, &c. 'sirree' (colloq.) vocative of sir.
si'sal, n., ~ grass, ~ hemp, fibre from leaves of agave.
sis'kin, n. a small songbird.
sis'soo, n. valuable Indian timber tree, timber obtained from it.
'sis'sy, n. effeminate boy or man; (voc.) sister, young girl.
sis'ter, n. daughter of same parents as another person; female fellow-member of class or sect or human race; nun or member of sisterhood; hospital nurse in authority over others; institution, &c. on same lines or of same origin (usu. attrib., as the ~ university). ~-in-law, one's husband's or wife's sister or brother's wife. ~hood, n. (esp.) society of women bound by monastic vows or devoting themselves to religious or charitable work. sis'terly a.
Sisyphe'an, a. (of toil) endless and fruitless; vainly toilsome.
sit, v.i. & t. (sat) rest upon the buttocks; keep one's seat on (horse, &c.); (of Parliament, &c.) be in session; (of bird) rest on perch, hatch eggs by sitting on them in nest; (of things) lie or rest or be situated; (with for) represent constituency in Parliament; let artist take one's portrait. sitt'er n. (esp.) person sitting for portrait; (sl.) with reference to shooting bird sitting, easy job, easy shot at goal, &c. sitt'ing, n. (esp.) time for which person or assembly sits continuously; seat in church appropriated to a person. ~-room, parlour.
sit'ar, n. a form of guitar properly having three strings, used in India.

site, *n.* ground on which town or building stands, stood, or is to stand.

‡ **strin′gee** (-|-) *n.* (*Anglo-Ind.*) coloured cotton carpet or rug.

sit′uate, (*archaic*), **sit′uated**, *aa.* in specified situation.

situa′tion, *n.* site and surroundings of a place, &c.; posture of affairs; the way one is placed; post as servant or wage-earner.

six, *a.* & *n.* one more than five, 6, VI. **~fold**, *a.* & *adv.* **~penny bit**, piece, silver 6d. **sixth**, *a.* & *n.* next after fifth. **~ form**, highest form in public school. **sixth′ly** *adv.* in the sixth place.

sixte, *n.* one of the positions in fencing.

sixteen′ *a.* & *n.* one more than fifteen, 16, XVI. **~th**, *a.* next after fifteenth. **sixteen′mo** or 16mo, 16 leaves or 32 pages to sheet of printed book.

six′ty *a.* & *n.* six times ten, 60, LX. **~fold**, *a.* & *adv.* **six′tieth**, *a.* & *n.*

si′zar, *n.* undergraduate at Cambridge, &c., receiving college assistance on the ground of poverty.

size, *n.* relative bigness or dimensions; glutinous substance used to give surface to paper, stiffen cotton, &c. *v.t.* sort in sizes or make conform to a size; glaze or stiffen with size; (with *up*) estimate size of, (*colloq.*) form judgement of (person).

siz′zle, *n.* & *v.i.* (make) sound as of frying.

sjam′bok (sh-), *n.* heavy hide whip used in S. Africa.

skald (-awld), *n.* ancient Scandinavian poet. **skal′dic** (-awl-), *a.*

skate¹, *n.* kinds of ray-fish.

skate², *n.* one of a pair of implements attachable to the boots and enabling wearer to glide over ice. *v.i.* & *t.* go, perform, on skates.

skedad′dle, *v.i.* (*sl.*) make off.

skein (-ān), *n.* bundle of yarn or thread or silk.

skel′eton, *n.* the hard framework of an animal or plant; the dried bones of a person, &c., as in life; an epitome or abstract; **~ key**. **skel′etal**, *a.*

sketch, *n.* a rough, merely outlined, or unfinished drawing or painting; a rough draft or general account of something; a short light entertainment. *v.t.* & *i.* make sketches; draw or design or describe (object, plan, events) in sketchy way. **sketch′y** *a.* lacking detail or finish.

skew *a.* not askew; not in straight line or at right angles, oblique.

skew′bald (-awld), *a.* with patches of white and some colour other than black.

skew′er, *n.* wooden or metal pin with which meat is held together. *v.t.* run skewer through.

ski (*skē*, *shē*), *n.* Norwegian snow-shoe of wood about 8 ft. by 4 in. *v.i.* (**ski′d**) go on ski.

skid, *n.* piece of wood, &c., serving as support or roller or check; iron shoe or other device to check vehicle's pace; slide of wheel on muddy ground; *timber track on which logs are drawn or slid. *v.t.* & *i.* support or move or check with skid; (of wheel, &c.) slide instead of keeping true motion.

skier (*skē′er*), *n.* person using ski.

skiff, *n.* kinds of small light boat.

skil′ful, *a.* expert; adroit.

skill, *n.* practical ability; expertness. **skilled** (-ld), *a.* (*esp.*) not untrained or amateur.

skil′ly *n.* thin gruel or soup.

skim, *v.t.* & *i.* take the scum or cream off; read superficially; glide over (*surface*) with light or occasional contact or parallel flight, &c. **~ milk**, milk from which cream has been skimmed. **skim′mer**, *n.* skimming utensil.

skimp, *v.t.* & *i.* supply scantily with necessaries; be parsimonious with; live parsimoniously. **skimp′y** *a.* insufficient; lean.

skin, *n.* natural covering of the body or one layer of this; peel or rind; complexion; hide of flayed animal. *v.t.* strip the skin

from; flay peel heal over with new skin. —deep, merely superficial. ~flint, miser. *—game, (sl.) swindle. skin'ny a. lacking flesh; rather thin.

skip v.i. & t. caper, frisk jump lightly from ground; use skipping-rope; omit parts in reading. n. skipping motion, esp. slight jump; spell of skipping with the rope. —jack, jumping toy made from merrythought; kinds of jumping insect, &c. skipping-rope, length of rope used in girls' game of skipping.

skip² n. captain of side at bowls or curling.

skip³ n. cage, bucket, &c., in which men or materials are lowered or raised in mines or quarries.

skipp'er, n. captain of ship, esp. of small trading ship (army sl.) first sergeant of a company

skirl, n. sound of bagpipes. v.i. make skirl.

skirm'ish, n. irregular or unpremeditated fight. v.i. engage in desultory fighting.

skirt, n. woman's outer garment hanging from the waist, or this part of a complete dress, part of coat, &c. that hangs below the waist; border or outlying part (sl.) girl. v.t. & i. go or be situated along the edge of; coast along side of.

skit, n. light piece of satire or burlesque.

skitt'ish, a. (of horse, &c.) playful, frisky excitable; (of persons) sportive, given to indiscretions.

skit'tle, n. one of the nine wooden pins set up to be bowled at in the game of skittles.

skoal, scoal, n. toast.

skua, n. a large gull.

skulk, v.i. move stealthily or lurk; shirk danger or duty.

skull, n. bony case of the brain the bones of the head.

skunk, n. N. Amer. animal of weasel kind; its fur; (sl.) mean person. *v.t. (sl.) defeat (opponent) without his scoring.

sky n. the vault of heaven, the firmament heaven; a region. v.t. (-ied), hit (ball) high into the air hang (picture) high on wall. —blue, azure. ~lark, n. the common lark; v.i. play about play tricks. ~light, glazed opening in roof or ceiling or sloping wall. —scraper, very tall building. sky'er n. high hit at cricket.

Skye or ~ **terrier,** n. a breed of dog.

slab, n. flat thin piece of some rigid material.

slack, a. sluggish, not busy, remiss relaxed loose. n. slack part of a rope small coal; (pl.) trousers. v.i. & t. idle or be remiss, slake (lime, thirst); fall off in vigour, speed, &c. —lime, slaked lime. slack'en, v.t. & i. loosen, relax be remiss. slack'er, n. (esp., sl.) idler person who scamps his work.

slag, n. vitreous smelting-refuse clinkers.

slain, p.p. of slay

slake, v.t. assuage or satisfy (thirst, &c.), disintegrate (lime) by combination with water

slam, v.t. & i. shut with a bang; throw or put down with a bang. n. sound made thus.

slan'der (-ah-), n. false report maliciously uttered to person's injury v.t. utter slander about. —ous, a.

slang, n. expressions in common colloquial use but not regarded as standard English words or uses of them peculiar to a class. v.t. (sl.) use abusive language to. slang'y a. of the nature of slang

slant (-ah-), v.i. & t. be or put in an oblique position, slope. n. position between horizontal and vertical.

slap, v.t. strike with palm of hand; smack. n. such stroke. —dash, a. impetuous; happy-go-lucky; adv. at random.

slash, v.t. & i. make sweeping cut with sword, knife, whip, &c.; make long gashes in. n. slashing stroke or gash. *slash'ing, n. place in forest where trees have been felled or blown down.

site, *n.* ground on which town or building stands, stood, or is to stand.

sitringee (-jē) *n.* (Anglo-Ind.) coloured cotton carpet or rug.

si'tuate, (arch.), **si'tuāted**, *aa.* in specified situation.

situā'tion, *n.* site and surroundings of a place, &c.; posture of affairs; the way one is placed; post as servant or wage-earner.

six, *a.* & *n.* one more than five, 6, VI. **~fold**, *a.* & *adv.* **~penny bit**, **piece**, silver 6d. **sixth**, *a.* & *n.* next after fifth. **~ form**, highest form in public school. **sixth'ly** *adv.* in the sixth place.

sixte, *n.* one of the positions in fencing.

sixteen' *a.* & *n.* one more than fifteen, 16, XVI. **~th**, *a.* next after fifteenth. **sixteenmo'** or **16mo**, 16 leaves or 32 pages to sheet of printed book.

six'ty *a.* & *n.* six times ten, 60, LX. **~fold**, *a.* & *adv.* **six'tieth**, *a.* & *n.*

si'zar, *n.* undergraduate at Cambridge, &c., receiving college assistance on the ground of poverty.

size, *n.* relative bigness or dimensions; glutinous substance used to give surface to paper, stiffen calico, &c. *v.t.* sort in sizes or make conform to a size; glaze or stiffen with size; (with *up*) estimate size of, (colloq.) form judgement of (person).

siz'zle, *n.* & *v.i.* (make) sound as of frying.

sjam'bok (sh-), *n.* heavy hide whip used in S. Africa.

skald (-awld), *n.* ancient-Scandinavian poet. **skal'dic** (-awl-), *a.*

skate[1] *n.* kinds of ray-fish.

skate[2], *n.* one of a pair of implements attachable to the boots and enabling wearer to glide over ice. *v.i.* & *t.* go, perform, on skates.

skedad'dle, *v.i.* (sl.) make off.

skein (-ān), *n.* bundle of yarn or thread or silk.

skel'eton, *n.* the hard framework of an animal or plant; the dried bones of a person, &c., as in life; an outline or abstract; nucleus. **skel'etal** *a.*

sketch, *n.* a rough, merely outlined, or unfinished drawing or painting; a rough draft or general account of something; a short light entertainment. *v.i.* & *t.* make sketches; draw or design or describe (object, plan, events) in sketchy way. **sketch'y** *a.* lacking detail or finish.

skew, *a.* set askew; not in straight line or at right angles, oblique.

skewb'ald (-awld), *a.* with patches of white and some colour other than black.

skew'er, *n.* wooden or metal pin with which meat is held together. *v.t.* run skewer through.

ski (*also* shē), *n.* Norwegian snow-shoe of wood about 8 ft. by 4 in. *v.i.* (**ski'd**) go on ski.

skid, *n.* piece of wood, &c. serving as support or roller or check; iron shoe or other device to check vehicle's pace; slide of wheel on muddy ground; timber track on which logs are drawn or slid. *v.t.* & *i.* support or move or check with skid; (of wheel, &c.) slide instead of keeping true motion.

skier (shē'er), *n.* person using ski.

skiff, *n.* kinds of small light boat.

skil'ful, *a.* expert; adroit.

skill, *n.* practised ability; expertness. **skilled** (-ld), *a.* (esp.) not untrained or amateur.

skil'ly *n.* thin gruel or soup.

skim, *v.t.* & *i.* take the scum or cream off; read superficially; glide over (surface) with light or occasional contact or parallel flight, &c. **~ milk**, milk from which cream has been skimmed. **skimm'er**, *n.* skimming utensil.

skimp, *v.t.* & *i.* supply scantily with necessaries; be parsimonious with; live parsimoniously. **skimp'y** *a.* insufficient; lean.

skin, *n.* natural covering of the body or one layer of this; peel or rind; container [illegible] of flayed animal. *v.t.* strip the skin

from, fay peel; heal over with new skin. ~-deep, merely superficial. ~-flint, miser. ~-game, (sl.) swindle. skin'ny a. lacking flesh; rather thin.

skip¹ v.i. & t. caper, frisk; jump lightly from ground; use skipping-rope; omit parts in reading. n. skipping motion, esp. slight jump; spell of skipping with the rope. ~-jack, jumping toy made from merrythought; kinds of jumping insect, &c. skipping-rope, length of rope used in girls' game of skipping.

skip² n. captain of side at bowls or curling.

skip³ n. cage, bucket, &c., in which men or materials are lowered or raised in mines or quarries.

skip'per, n. captain of ship, esp. of small trading ship; (army sl.) first sergeant of a company.

skirl, n. sound of bagpipes. v.i. make skirl.

skirm'ish, n. irregular or unpremeditated fight. v.i. engage in desultory fighting.

skirt, n. woman's outer garment hanging from the waist, or this part of a complete dress; part of coat, &c. that hangs below the waist; border or outlying part. (sl.) girl. v.t. & i. go or be situated along the edge of; coast along side of.

skit, n. light piece of satire or burlesque.

skitt'ish, a. (of horse, &c.) playful, fidgety, excitable; (of persons) sportive, given to indiscretions.

skit'tle, n. one of the nine wooden pins set up to be bowled at in the game of skittles.

skoff, scoff, n. food.

sku'a, n. a large gull.

skulk, v.i. move stealthily or lurk; shirk danger or duty.

skull, n. bony case of the brain; the bones of the head.

skunk, n. N.-Amer. animal of weasel kind; its fur; (sl.) mean rascal. v.t. (sl.) defeat (opponent) without his scoring.

sky n. the vault of heaven, the firmament; heaven; a region. v.t. (-ied), hit (ball) high into the air; hang (picture) high on wall. ~-blue, azure. ~-lark, n. the common lark. v.i. play about; play tricks. ~-light, glazed opening in roof or ceiling or sloping wall. ~-scraper, very tall building. sky'er, n. high hit at cricket.

Skye or ~ terrier, n. a breed of dog.

slab, n. flat thin piece of some rigid material.

slack, a. sluggish, not busy, remiss; relaxed, loose. n. slack part of a rope; small coal; (pl.) trousers. v.i. & t. idle or be remiss; slake (lime, thirst); fall off in vigour, speed, &c. ~-lime, slaked lime. slack'en, v.t. & i. loosen, relax; be remiss. slack'er, n. (esp. sl.) idler; person who scamps his work.

slag, n. vitreous smelting-refuse; clinkers.

slain, p.p. of slay.

slake, v.t. assuage or satisfy (thirst, &c.); disintegrate (lime) by combination with water.

slam, v.t. & i. shut with a bang; throw or put down with a bang. n. sound made thus.

slan'der (-ah-), n. false report maliciously uttered to person's injury. v.t. utter slander about. ~-ous, a.

slang, n. expressions in common colloquial use but not regarded as standard English; words or uses of them peculiar to a class. v.t. (sl.) use abusive language to. slang'y a. of the nature of slang.

slant (-ah-), v.i. & t. be or put in an oblique position; slope. n. position between horizontal and vertical.

slap, v.t. strike with palm of hand; smack. n. such stroke. ~-dash, a. impetuous; happy-go-lucky; adv. at random.

slash, v.t. & i. make sweeping cut with sword, knife, whip, &c.; make long gashes in. n. slashing stroke or gash. slash'ing, n. place in forest where trees have been felled or blown down.

slat, n. strip of wood or metal.
slate, n. kinds of rock easily split into thin smooth plates; trimmed plate of this used esp. in roofing or for writing on. v.t. (-table), roof with slates; reprimand or criticize severely; (*pol.*) suggest as candidate. sla'ty a.
slatt'ern, n. untidy or slovenly woman. —ly a. untidy.
slaughter (-awt-), n. killing of animals for food; slaying, esp. of many persons or animals at once. v.t. kill thus. —house, shambles. —ous, a. murderous.
Slav (-ahv), a. & n. (member) of any of the E. Eur. peoples allied in race to the Russians.
slave, n. one who is another's property; helpless victim of some dominating influence; a drudge. v.i. work like a slave, drudge. —driver, overseer of slaves at work; (*fig.*) exacting employer. sla'vey, n. (sl.) pl. -eys, maid-of-all-work.
sla'ver¹ n. ship or person engaged in the slave-trade.
sla'ver², n. saliva running from the mouth; (*fig.*) gross flattery. v.i. & t. let slaver flow; beslaver in kissing, &c.; (*fig.*) fawn upon or flatter.
sla'very, n. slave's condition; slave-holding as an institution.
sla'vish, a. abject, servile.
Slavo'nian, Slavo'nic, aa. of the Slavs. nn. Slavonic language or person.
slaw, n. salad of sliced cabbage.
slay, v.t. (slew pr. -oo; slain), kill.
sledge¹, sled, sleigh (slā), nn. vehicle on runners instead of wheels, for use esp. on snow. v.i. & t. go, convey in sledge, &c.
sledge², —hammer, nn. blacksmith's heavy hammer.
sleek, a. soft and smooth; sleek haired or skinned; of well-fed comfortable appearance. v.t. make sleek by stroking.
sleep, n. condition in which the eyes are closed and the nervous system inactive; a spell of this. v.i. & t. (slept), be or fall asleep; be dormant or inactive. lie in the grave. —walker, somnambulist. sleep'er, n. sleeping person; one of the logs on which rails rest. sleeping-sickness, see sleepy. sleep'less, a. failing to get sleep. sleep'y, a. feeling the need of sleep; habitually indolent; lacking life (of fruit) over-ripe. sleepy sickness, see sickness.
sleet, n. snow or hail falling mixed with rain. sleet'y a.
sleeve, n. part of garment that encloses the arm.
sleigh. See sledge¹.
sleight (slīt), n. dexterity; artifice. ~ of hand, juggling.
slen'der, a. of small girth or breadth; slim; scanty.
slept, p.t. & p.p. of sleep.
sleuth'-hound (slōō-), n. bloodhound (fig. of detective, &c.).
slew¹ also slue, v.t. & i., & n. turn or swing from one direction to another (often round).
slew² p.t. of slay.
slice, n. thin broad piece cut off or out as with a carving-knife; a share of; slicing motion; cook's flat scoop. v.t. & i. (-ceable), cut into slices; take (piece) off with carving motion; strike (water, ball) incorrectly in rowing and golf.
slick, adv. (colloq.) without friction; completely; clean, right.
slick'er, n. waterproof coat.
slide, v.i. & t. (slid; -dable), progress smoothly over a surface; slide on the feet on ice; slide or cause to slide or go unnoticed or imperceptibly. n. act of sliding; track for people or toboggans or goods or part of machine to slide on. slip of glass with object or picture sliding into microscope or magic lantern. sliding scale, schedule for automatically varying a thing.
slight (-īt), a. slender, frail-looking; inconsiderable; scanty; inadequate. v.t. treat or speak of as not worth attention, fail in courtesy or respect to. n. marked failure of respect.

slim, a. of slender make; not stout or thick-set; (sl.) crafty.

slime, n. fine oozy mud or glutinous substance. **sli'my**, a. of or like or covered with slime; slippery; servile.

sling¹ n. strap used in hurling stones; kinds of appliance for supporting a hanging weight. v.t. & i. (*slung*), hurl with sling; throw; suspend.

sling² n. kind of toddy.

slink, v.i. (*slunk*) go stealthily or with sneaking air. n. (sl.) a slinking fellow.

slip¹ n. cutting from a plant; slim girl or boy; narrow piece of material or paper.

slip² v.i. & t. slide momentarily by accident; lose footing or balance thus; make casual mistake; make way unobserved or quietly; let go or cease to check or hold; escape from, give the slip to. n. act of slipping; casual mistake; leash for slipping greyhounds; artificial slope; inclined plane on which ships are built or repaired; *place for vessel to lie between wharves; one of the fielders behind wicket on off side, (*sing.* or *pl.*) this part of the field; under-bodice; pillow-case. **~shod**, slovenly about the feet; (fig.) careless or inaccurate. **slipp'er**, n. loose indoor shoe. **slipp'ery**, a. hard to move on or tread without slipping; hard to hold on to; shifty; unreliable. **slipp'y**, a. slippery.

slit, v.t. & i. make long cut in; tear lengthwise; cut in strips. n. long cut; long narrow aperture.

slith'er (-dh-), v.i. (colloq.) go slipping and bumping.

slobb'er, v.i. & t. beslaver; display maudlin emotion. n. slaver; maudlin talk. **slobb'ery** a.

sloe, n. (the blackthorn or its bluish-black fruit.

slog, v.i. & t. hit hard, esp. with bat or fist; work or walk doggedly. n. hard random hit.

slo'gan, n. Highland war-cry; party catchword; motto.

sloid, **sloyd**, n. a system of manual training used in schools.

sloop, n. kind of one-masted fore-and-aft rigged ship.

slop¹ v.i. & t. spill; flow or let flow over edge of vessel; wet thus. **~shop**, shop selling ready-made clothes. **slopp'y** a. wet with rain-pools or slops; slipshod; maudlin. **slops**, n.pl. dirty or waste water of kitchen, &c.; liquid food; ready-made clothes.

slop² n. (sl.) policeman.

slope, n. position or direction downwards; piece of rising or falling ground. v.i. & t. (-*pable*), have or show slope; slant; (sl.) make off, saunter about.

slot¹ n. slit provided in machine for something to be inserted or work in. **~ machine**, one operated by coin placed in slot.

slot² n. track of deer, &c.

sloth, n. laziness, indolence; kinds of S. Amer. mammal of sluggish habits. **~-bear**, large-lipped black shaggy honey-eating bear of India and Ceylon. **sloth'ful**, a. indolent.

slouch, n. ungainly carriage of body; downward droop of hat-brim. v.i. & t. stand or go with slouch; droop; give slouch to.

slough¹ (-ow) n. miry place hard to pass through or get out of (often fig.). **slough'y** (-owi), a.

slough² (sluf), n. snake's cast skin; dead tissue dropping off from living flesh. v.i. & t. cast off slough; drop off as slough.

slo'ven (-uv-), n. person of careless untidy habits. **~ly**, a. careless in person or methods of work.

slow (-ō), a. taking a relatively long time; dull-witted, stupid; reluctant to do; (of clock, &c.) behind true time. adv. slowly. v.i. & t. reduce one's speed; reduce the speed of (train, &c.). **~coach**, person slow in action.

slow-worm (slō -wûrm) n. reptile between snake and lizard.

sloyd, see sloid.

sludge, n. thick mud.

slug. See slow[1]

slug[1] n. kinds of shell-less snail; roughly formed bullet. slugg'ard, n. lazy person. slugg'ish (-g-), a. slowly-moving, inert, indolent.

*slug[2] v.t. & i. hit hard, slog; work doggedly.

sluice (-oos), n. sliding gate for adjusting outflow or inflow of water; channel carrying off surplus water. v.t. & i. (-ceable), let water off with sluice; flood or scour with flow of water.

slum[1] n. dirty crowded district in a town. slumm'y, a.

*slum[2] n. (Army sl.) soup, stew.

slum'ber, n. & v.i. sleep. ~ous, a. (esp.) soporific; peaceful.

slump, n. sudden fall in prices or demand. v.i. fall thus.

slung, p.t. & p.p. of sling.

slunk, p.t. & p.p. of slink.

slur, v.t. make continuous or run into one; mark (notes) with a slur; obscure, minimize. n. stigma; piece of slurring; (Mus.) curved line over notes that are to be slurred.

slush, n. thawing snow; mud; (sl.) silly sentiment. slush'y, a.

slut, n. slovenly woman; (loc.) girl. slutt'ish, a.

sly, a. crafty, wily; secretive; underhand. ~boots, sly person.

smack[1] n. flavour; a tincture or dash of. v.i. taste of; be suggestive or show a trace of.

smack[2] n. sloop, esp. for fishing. ~s'man (-an), man on smack.

smack[3], n. slap, sounding blow loud kiss. v.t. & i. strike with palm or something flat; part lips noisily; crack (whip).

small (-awl), a. not large or big; little in size, power, importance, number or amount; mean, paltry. ~-arms, hand fire-arms. ~ fry, young fish in a shoal; (fig.) the youngsters of a family or school, &c. ~ hours, night time after midnight. ~-pox, a contagious disease, often fatal or disfiguring. ~-talk, ordinary talk on social occasions.

smalt (-awlt), n. glass coloured deep blue with cobalt; pigment made by pounding it.

smart, a. of some severity, sharp; brisk; quick witted; quick in movement; of fresh or well-dressed or fashionable appearance. v.i. feel acute pain; be felt as painful; rankle. n. stinging pain. smart'en, v.t. & i.

smash, v.t. & i. break to pieces; bring or come to disaster; utterly defeat; bring or drive (fist, vehicle, &c.) violently down, into, &c.; hit (ball) violently downwards over net. n. breaking to pieces or the sound of it; violent fall or collision; sudden disaster or bankruptcy; smashing stroke in lawn-tennis. adv. with a smash.

smatt'ering, n. a slight knowledge of something. smatt'erer, n. person with a smattering.

smear, v.t. & i. daub grease, ink, &c. on surface; stain or obscure thus; be blurred. n. mark left by smearing. smear'y, a.

smell, n. the sense peculiar to the nose; the quality perceived by this; act of inhaling to test smell. v.t. & i. (smelt), possess or exercise sense of smell; perceive or detect by smell; have or emit a smell; be redolent of. ~er, n. (esp., sl.) nose, a blow on it. ~y, a. evil-smelling.

smelt[1] p.t. & p.p. of smell.

smelt[2] v.t. melt (ore); extract (metal) thus.

smelt[3] n. a small edible fish.

smew, n. kind of duck.

smi'lax, n. kinds of climbing plant.

smile, n. a relaxation of the features expressive of pleasure, amusement, contempt, &c.; bright aspect of nature, &c. v.i. & t. give or wear a smile; express (assent, &c.) with smile.

smirch, v.t. & n. stain, soil.

smirk, n. conceited or inane smile. v.i. & t. smile thus.

smite, v.t. & i. (smote; smitten rarely smit); strike, hit.

chastise, defeat, kill, infatuate; p.p. captivated by. n. (sl.) hard hit at cricket.

smith, n. worker in iron or other metal. smith'ery, n. smith's work. smith'y (-dhi-) n. blacksmith's workshop, forge.

smitten, p.p. of smite.

smock, n. chemise (arch.); smock-frock. v.t. adorn with close gathers like those of a smock-frock. —frock, linen gown with body adorned with gathers or smocking as old-fashioned costume of agricultural labourers.

smoke, n. visible vapour emitted by burning substance; spell of tobacco-smoking; (sl.) cigar. Cape —, a cheap kind of brandy drunk in South Africa. v.i. & t. (-kable), emit smoke or steam (of chimney or room-fire) discharge smoke into room; stain, dim, fumigate, preserve, drive out, with smoke; inhale or exhale smoke of (cigar, tobacco, pipe, &c.); (school sl.) blush; (Austral. sl.) get away as quickly as possible, slope. —stack, funnel of steamer or locomotive. smo'ker, n. (esp.) person who smokes tobacco; (colloq.) carriage for smokers in train; concert at which smoking is allowed; ~man's informal gathering. smo'ky a. suggestive of or pervaded by smoke.

smooth (-dh), a. of even surface; free from projections and roughness; (of passage, progress, &c.) untroubled by storm or obstacles; not hairy; conciliatory or plausible or flattering. v.t. make smooth, get rid of. —bore, unrifled gun. —spoken, —tongued, plausible, flattering.

smote, p.t. & p.p. of smite.

smo'ther (-ŭdh-), v.t. kill by stopping breath of or excluding air from; suppress; hush up; overwhelm with caresses. n. dense smoke, steam, or dust.

smou'lder (smō-) v.i. burn without flame or in suppressed way (often fig.). n. such burning.

smudge, n. blurred dirt-mark, esp. on paper or the face. v.t. & i. (-geable), produce smudge; become blurred, blur. smu'dgy a.

smug, a. self-complacent; prim, unenterprising. n. (university sl.) man lacking social qualities and athletic interests.

smu'ggle, v.t. & i. convey by stealth, esp. to evade payment of *custom-duty*; be a *smuggler*.

smut, n. flake of soot, smudge made by it; obscene talk; plant-disease with blackening of grain, &c. v.t. mark or infect with smut(s). smu'tty a.

snack, n. a slight hasty meal; a share, portion.

sna'ffle, n. simple bridle-bit without curb.

snag, n. jagged projecting stump or point. snagged (-gd), snag'gy (-gi) aa. beset with snags.

snail, n. kinds of mollusc, esp. the common creeping snail.

snake, n. kinds of scaly limbless reptile, some poisonous, others harmless to man. v.t. draw (log, &c.) along, out, or up. —stone, porous or absorbent substance regarded as efficacious in curing snake-bite or as a remedy against poison. sna'ky a. snake-like; treacherous-looking.

snap, v.i. & t. make sudden audible bite (esp. of dogs); speak with sudden irritation; break in two with sharp noise; close or work with a click; photograph or shoot by snap-shot; catch or jump at eagerly. n. act or fact or sound of snapping; spring fastening; sudden brief spell of specified weather; (attrib.) brought about by surprise; (sl.) photograph taken by snap-shot; a round game of cards; (sl.) easy task; also with a snap. —dragon, plant with flowers that can be made to gape and shut lit. mouth; Christmas game of snatching raisins from dish of lighted brandy. —shot, n. shot fired without time for deliberate aim; taking of photo-

graph with hand camera working instantaneously or picture so got. v.t. & i. take such photograph; get such photograph of. snap'pish, snap'py a. given to snapping; petulant.

snare, n. trap, esp. of the running noose kind, for small animals (also fig.). v.t. (-rable), take in snare (lit. & fig.).

snarl, v.i. & t. show teeth and growl, as a dog; speak ill-temperedly. n. act or sound of snarling; snarled remark, &c.

snatch, v.t. & i. seize quickly, eagerly or unexpectedly; take thus (up, down, away, off, from). n. sudden outstretching of hand to get something; sudden endeavour; short burst or spell. snatch'y, a. in short spells; variable.

sneak, v.i. & t. go furtively; (school sl.) peach; (sl.) carry off unobserved; filch. n. cowardly underhand person; telltale; ball bowled to run along ground at cricket. *sneak'ers, n.pl. soft-soled noiseless shoes. sneak'ing, a. (esp. of feelings) persisting in spite of reason.

sneer, n. derisive smile or remark. v.i. & t. put on or utter sneer; affect by sneering.

sneeze, n. explosive sound made through the nostrils. v.i. make sneeze. —weed, *the plant Helenium autumnale* or other species of the same genus; (Austral.) an odorous herb convertible into snuff. —wood, a South-African timber tree; its timber.

snell, n. short line of gut, &c. fastening fish-hook to line (snood).

snick, v.t. make slight cut in; (Crick.) deflect ball with slight touch. n. such cut or touch.

snick'er, v.i. neigh or whinny gently. n. such sound.

snide, a. (sl.) counterfeit, bogus. n. snide jewellery, &c.

sniff, v.i. & t. draw in air audibly with the nose; smell (flower &c.) by sniffing. n. act or sound of sniffing; a breath of air, &c. sniff'y, a. (colloq.) disdainful, not devoid of bad smell.

snig'ger (-g-), n. half-suppressed laugh. v.i. laugh thus.

snip, v.t. & i. cut with scissors. n. such cut; piece cut off.

snipe, n. marsh game-bird with long straight *bill*. v.i. & t. go snipe-shooting; (Mil.) fire shots from cover; shoot at thus. sni'per, n. one who fires from cover.

snipp'et, n. small piece cut off; (pl.) odds and ends of news.

sniv'el, v.i. run at the nose; be lachrymose. n. running mucus; lachrymose state or talk.

snob, n. person whose conduct or opinions are influenced by considerations of social position or wealth. snobb'ery, n.; —bish, a.

snood, n. (Hist.) fillet for the hair; any of the short lines attaching hooks to sea-fishing line.

snook'er, n. game on billiard-table combining pool and pyramids.

***snoop**, v.i. (colloq.) pry or sneak about.

snooze, v.i. & n. nap, doze.

snore, n. snorting or grunting noise often made by sleepers in breathing. v.i. make this.

snort, n. explosive sound made by driving breath out through the nose, esp. by horses or by indignant persons. v.i. & t. make this sound, express (defiance, &c.) or say with it. snort'er, n. (sl.) violent gale; performance, &c. remarkable for force.

snout, n. beast's nose and mouth; (contempt.) person's nose; a nozzle.

snow (-ō), n. the light white flakes in which frozen vapour falls to earth; white substance or colour. v.i. & t. fall as snow; fall or sprinkle like snow; turn (hair) white. —ball, n. snow pressed or rolled into hard ball, esp. as missile; the guelder-rose; v.i. & t. throw snowballs at; have game of this. —drift, bank of snow heaped by wind. —drop, early

white-flowered plant. ~-line, level above which snow lies permanently in a region. ~-plough, machine pushing snow aside to clear track. ~-shoes, boards or strong frames attachable to feet for walking on snow without sinking in. ~ under, cover (as) with snow; overwhelm with numbers, &c. snow'y (-ōĭ), a., tending to snow; snow-white.

snub, v.t. rebuff with words or coldness. n. a snubbing. a. (of nose) stumpy or turned up.

snub'ber, n. device for checking recoil of motor-car springs.

snuff, n. black excrescence on wick of lighted candle. v.t. & i. rid (candle) of snuff; put out or trim with snuffers or fingers. snuff'ers (-z), n.pl. wick-trimming scissors.

snuff, v.i. & t. sniff (now rare); take snuff. n. powdered tobacco for sniffing up as stimulant or sedative; medicinal powder similarly used. snuff'y, a. discoloured with snuff-taking.

snuf'fle, v.i. & t. make sniffing sounds; speak like one with a cold. n. snuffling utterance.

snug, a. sheltered, well-enclosed, comfortable; (of income, &c.) sufficing for comfort. snugger'y (-g-), n. person's private room arranged for comfort; bar-parlour of inn. snug'gle, v.i. & t. lie or draw close for warmth or in affection.

so, adv. in that way; in the same way; to the same extent as; to a surpassing degree; accordingly, as it seems; also. conj. (arch.) provided that. int. of approval, &c. pron. (after say, &c.) that. it, these things; (after or) that sort of number or amount. ~-and-so, substitute for name of person or thing. ~-called, called by that doubtfully deserving that name. ~ far as, to the extent to which. ~ long, farewell till our next meeting. ~ long as, provided that. ~ so, (colloq.) not very well or good; fair.

soak, v.t. & i. place or leave or lie in liquid for saturation; drench; make wet by percolation; take up (liquid) by absorption; booze, be a soaker. n. a soaking. soak'er, n. (esp.) soaking shower; hard drinker.

soap, n. substance used in washing, consisting of fat or oil combined with alkali. v.t. & i. apply soap to; wash with soap. ~-bubble, iridescent globe made by blowing through pipe after dipping it in soap-suds. ~-stone, kind of massive talc with greasy feel. ~-suds, froth of soapy water. soap'y, a. like or impregnated with soap; (fig.) unctuous or flattering.

soar (sôr), v.i. fly high; mount to a great height (also fig.).

sob, n. convulsive drawing of breath, esp. in weeping. v.i. & t. weep or breathe or speak with sobs. ~-stuff, pathos, sentimental writing.

so'ber, a. not drunk; not given to drink; moderate, sane, tranquil; (of colour) quiet. v.t. & i. make or become sober. sobri'ety, n. soberness.

so'briquet (-kā), sou- (sōō-), n. nickname.

soc'cer, n. (sl.) Association football.

so'ciable (-sha-), a. fitted for or disposed to companionship or conversation. n. carriage, double tricycle, or settee, with special arrangement of seats; *informal reception. ~bility, n.

so'cial (-shl), a. living in communities; unfitted for solitary life; concerned with the mutual relations of men or classes; relating to society. n. social gathering. so'cialism (-sha-), n. principle that individual liberty should be contrictly subordinated to the interests of the community; social equality; collectivism. ~ist, n. ~istic, a. ~ize, v.t. make social or socialistic. ~ization, n. sociali'ty (-shĭ-), n. social'ity, n. social mode of life;

any social community; the upper classes, people of fashion; company or companionship; an association of persons; (U.S.) members of church congregation.
sociol'ogy, n. study of the history and nature of human society. sociolo'gical, a.; —gist, n.
sock¹, n. short stocking not reaching knee; inside sole for use in shoe; light shoe of ancient comic actors.
sock², v.t. hit. n. blow of fist or missile. adv. squarely.
sock'et, n. natural or artificial hollow for something to fit into or revolve in. —ed, a.
so'cle, n. plinth, esp. as pedestal of statue or column.
Socrat'ic, a. of, like, following, worthy of, Socrates.
sod, n. piece of turf pared off; (poet.) surface of the ground.
so'da, n. one of the compounds of sodium in common use, esp. sodium carbonate or bicarbonate; soda-water. —water, water made effervescent for use as a drink.
sod'den, a. saturated with liquid; heavy and doughy; stupid with drink. v.t. make sodden.
so'dium, n. an alkaline metal.
sod'omy, n. unnatural sexual intercourse, esp. between males.
so'fa, n. long stuffed seat with raised ends and back.
soft (-aw-), a. not hard; yielding to pressure; malleable or plastic or easily cut; smooth or fine textured; mellow or rainy; not loud or strident, low-toned; (of air, &c.) balmy; gentle, quiet, conciliatory; easily touched, compassionate; flabby, feeble, luxurious, half-witted. n. silly weak person. adv. softly. int. (arch.) hold, stop, not so fast. —drink, (sl.) non-alcoholic liquor. —job, work light in proportion to the pay. —sawder, flattery, blarney. —soap, liquid soap; (sl.) flattery. soften (saw'fn), v.t. & i. make or grow soft. soft'y (sawf-), n. half-witted person.
sogg'y (-g-), a. waterlogged.
soi-disant (swah' dē zahn'), a. self-styled, pretended.
soil¹, v.t. & i. smear or stain with dirt, &c.; tarnish, defile; show stains, &c. n. dirty mark. —pipe, sewage or waste-water pipe. soil'less (-l-l-), a.
soil², n. the ground; upper layer of earth, mould.
soirée (swah'rā), n. evening party, esp. for talk or discussion.
sojourn (sŭj'ern), n. temporary stay at a place. v.i. make sojourn.
so'la, n. tall pithy-stemmed swamp-plant of India; the pith of this employed in making light hats. —topi, Indian sun-helmet of the pith.
sol'ace, n. & v.t. (-cable), comfort in distress or disappointment.
so'lan, —goose, n. gannet.
so'lar, a. of or reckoned by the sun.
sola'tium (-shi-), n. (pl. -ia), sum, &c. received as compensation.
sold, p.t. & p.p. of sell.
so'lder (sod-), n. fusible alloy used in joining the edges of less fusible metal. v.t. join with solder.
sol'dier (-jer), n. member of army; private or N.C.O. in army; military commander of specified ability; (sl.) red herring. v.i. serve as soldier. —like, —ly, a. —ship, n. military skill. sol'diery (-jeri), n. soldiers as a class.
sole¹, n. kinds of flat fish; undersurface of foot, part of shoe or stocking below this; lower surface or base of certain things (e.g. plough, golf-club). v.t. (-lable), provide (boot) with sole.
sole², a. one and only; exclusive or restricted to a single person, &c.; (arch.) alone, unwed.
sol'ecism, n. flagrant offence against grammar, idiom, or etiquette. solecis'tic, a.
sol'emn (-m), a. accompanied with ceremony; impressive; grave or deliberate; pompous. solem'nity, n. solemn rite; solemnness. sol'emnize, v.t. (-zable), celebrate (festival); duly perform (rite, esp. wedding). —zation, n.

sol-fa (-ah), *n.* use of the note-names in singing. *v.t.* & *i.* sing thus and not with words.

solic'it, *v.t.* ask repeatedly or urgently; importune; request or invite. solicita'tion, *n.*

soli'citor, *n.* (esp.) member of branch of legal profession chiefly concerned with advising clients and preparing their cases.

soli'citous, *a.* anxious, concerned; eager to do; desirous of. soli'citude, *n.* being solicitous.

so'lid, *a.* of stable shape; of the same material throughout; sound or reliable; of three dimensions. *n.* a body or substance of stable shape; (Geom.) a body or magnitude of three dimensions. solid'arity, *n.* community of interests, feelings, and action. solid'ify, *v.t.* & *i.* (-ifiable), make or become solid. ~ification, *n.*; solid'ity, *n.*

soli'loquy, *n.* talking to oneself; piece of such talk. ~quize, *v.i.* indulge in soliloquy.

so'litaire, *n.* a gem set by itself or the stud, &c. adorned with it; kinds of game for single player.

so'litary, *a.* living alone; without companions; unfrequented; single; lonely; sole. *n.* a recluse. so'litude, *n.* being solitary; a solitary place.

so'lo, *n.* (pl. -os), song or instrumental piece for single performer; (Cards) kind of whist in which one player opposes three or undertakes certain other tasks. ~ist, *n.* performer of solo.

sol'stice, *n.* time at which the sun is farthest from the equator and appears to pause before returning. solsti'tial, *a.*

sol'uble, *a.* dissolvable in liquor; (of problem) solvable. ~bility, *n.*

so'lus, *pred. a.* alone, unaccompanied (esp. in stage directions).

solution (-lōō-), *n.* dissolving or being dissolved; conversion of solid or gas into liquid state by mixture with a liquid called the solvent; solving of a problem.

solve, *v.t.* (-vable), find or supply the answer to or way out of (difficulty &c.). solvabil'ity, *n.*

sol'vency, *n.* being pecuniarily solvent. sol'vent, *a.* capable of acting as dissolver; having money enough to meet one's liabilities. *n.* solvent liquid or substance; an agency that saps belief, &c.

som'bre (-ber), *a.* gloomy, dismal; dark-coloured.

sombre'ro (-ārō), *n.* (pl. -os), broad-brimmed felt hat.

some (sŭm, sum, sm, to emphasize), *a.* an unspecified amount or number of; an appreciable or considerable amount of; conjecturally the specified number or amount; (sl. & U.S.) of surpassing magnitude or quality; worthy of the name. *pron.* some people; some specimens of the class in question, some number or amount of. *adv.* (sl. & U.S.) somewhat; rather; a good deal. ~body, some person, a person of importance. ~how, in some way or for some reason or other. ~one, somebody. ~thing, *n.* some thing, esp. as substitute for more precise term. ~time, (arch.) formerly, quondam. ~times, now and then; at one time or other. ~what, in some degree, a certain amount. ~where, in or at some place.

Som'erset House (sŭ-), *n.* London building used for keeping of proved wills and Inland Revenue offices.

so'mersault, -set (sŭ-), *n.* acrobatic feat of turning heels over head and alighting on feet.

somnam'bulism, *n.* walking about during sleep. ~list, *n.* ~listic, *a.*

somnif'erous, *a.* inducing sleep, narcotic.

som'nolent, *a.* half asleep; inducing sleep. som'nolence, *n.*

son (sŭn), *n.* one's male child; descendant; native of a country; devotee or slave of. ~-in-law, daughter's husband. ~ship, *n.*

so'nant, *a.* (Phonet.) involving voice. *n.* a sonant letter.

sona'ta (-nah-), n. instrumental piece in several movements.
song, n. singing, vocal music; set of words for singing; poetry; a poem. ~-bird, bird of the singing kinds. ~ster, n. singer; song-bird; poet. ~stress, n.
sonn'et, n. piece of rhymed verse containing fourteen ten-syllable lines; (loosely) any short poem. sonneteer' n. composer of sonnets.
so'nny (sŭ-), n. small boy
sonor'ous, a. having a resonant or rich or powerful sound.
‖ sōō'jee, n. (food prepared from) flour of Indian wheat.
soon, adv. after no long interval; relatively early; readily, willingly.
soot, n. black powdery substance rising in the smoke of coal, wood, &c., and adhering to the sides of chimneys, &c. v.t. mark with soot; apply soot as fertilizer.
sooth, n. (arch.) verity, the truth. ~sayer, diviner, prognosticator.
soothe (-dh), v.t. (-thable), calm (person, nerves, &c.); alleviate (pain); humour (person, vanity).
soot'y, a. of soot; black as or with soot.
sop, n. piece of bread, &c. soaked in gravy, milk, &c.; bribe offered to pacify. v.t. & i. soak; take up by absorption; drench; be wet through.
soph'ism, n. a false argument meant to deceive. soph'ist, n. reasoner willing to avail himself of fallacies that will help his case. sophis'tic, ~al, aa. sophis'ticate, v.t. & i. spoil the simplicity or naturalness of; corrupt or tamper with. ~tion, ~tor, nn. soph'istry, n. use of sophisms; a sophism.
soph'omore, n. second-year student at college or university. sophomor'ic, a. immature, lowbrow.
soporif'ic, a. sleep-producing. n. a soporific drug or agency.
sopp'y, a. soaked; swampy; full of mawkish sentiment.

sopra'no (-ah-), n. (pl. -os), highest female or boy's voice, treble; soprano singer.
sor'cery, n. witchcraft. sor'cerer, ~ess, nn. man, woman, practising sorcery.
sor'did, a. squalid, mean; ignoble; impelled by low or mercenary or selfish ends.
sore, a. (arch.) grievous; suffering bodily or mental pain; with the skin broken or inflamed or ulcerated. n. a sore place, esp. with suppuration; a sore subject. adv. grievously.
sorg'hum (-gum), n. kinds of grass including millet and Chinese sugar-cane.
so'rel, n. kinds of sour-leaved herb.
so'rrow (-ō), n. mental pain or what causes it. v.i. feel sorrow; mourn. ~ful, feeling or causing sorrow.
so'rry, a. pained at or regretful over something; feeling pity for some one; ridiculously bad. so'rrily adv.; so'rriness, n.
sort, n. a kind or variety. v.t. arrange in sets according to size or quality or other standard; pick out as of one sort.
sor'tie (-ē), n. sally of besieged party.
sorti'tion, n. lot-casting; distribution by lot.
S.O.S. (ĕsōĕs), wireless code-signal of extreme distress.
sot, n. man constantly stupid with drink. sott'ish, a.
‖ sott'o vo'ce (-chā), adv. in an undertone.
sou (sōō), n. (the French ½d.
‖ sowc'ar (-owr-), n. Hindu banker or money-lender.
sou'chong (sōōsh-), n. a choice black tea.
Soudanese (sōōdanēz'), a. of the Soudan. n. Soudanese native.
souffle (sōōf'lā), n. dish made of beaten whites of egg.
sough (sŭf), sow, sŏŏ), n. sighing or moaning of wind. v.i. make a sough.
sought, p.t. & p.p. of seek.

soul (sōl), *n.* the immaterial part of man regarded as immortal; the organ of emotion, thought, and will; human being; spirit, essence. **~less**, *a.* (esp.) destitute of the humane emotions.

sound¹, *n.* audible air vibration; what is or may be heard; mere noise as opposed to meaning. *v.i.* & *t.* emit sound; convey specified impression; (cause) of imposing sound or import; produce sound from (bugle, &c.); give signal thus; celebrate; pronounce; test condition of (heart, &c.) with stethoscope, &c.

sound², *a.* free from disease or defects or corruption or heresy; of good quality throughout; reliable, not fallacious; (of sleep) unbroken. *adv.* soundly.

sound³, *n.* a strait; swimming-bladder of cod and some other fishes; kind of surgical probe. *v.t.* & *i.* measure depth of sea, &c. with the lead; examine surgically; try to elicit the views of. **sound'ings** (-z), *n. pl.* depth of sea, &c. as taken with the lead.

soup (sōōp), *n.* liquid food made by stewing bones, meat, vegetables, &c. **~ and fish**, (sl.) evening dress.

‖ **soupçon** (sōō'psawṅ), *n.* a dash or trace or tinge of.

sour (-owr), *a.* tasting like unripe fruit or vinegar; (of bread, &c.) spoilt by fermentation, &c.; (of soil) dank; peevish or morose. *v.t.* & *i.* turn sour. **~sop**, a W.-Ind. fruit and tree.

source (sōrs), *n.* place from which stream issues; fountain-head; origin; place of origin.

souse, *v.t.* & *i.* put in pickle; souse or go with a plunge into liquid. *n.* plunge into liquid; sound of this. *adv.* with a souse.

soutane (sōōtahn'), *n.* long buttoned gown worn by R.-C. priests as outer garment.

south, *n.* point of horizon directly opposite north. *adv.* towards or in the south. *a.* situated in or towards the south; facing south; coming from south. **~-east**, region half way between south and east (*adv.* & *a.* like south). **~-easter**, wind from south-east. **~-easterly**, towards or coming from the south-east. **~-eastern**, belonging to the south-east, or in that direction. **~-eastward**, towards the south-east. **~-eastwardly**, in a south-eastern direction. **~-eastwards**, towards or in the south-east. **~ pole**, see pole². **~-west**, &c., like south-east, &c. **sou'therly** (sŭdh-), *a.* & *adv.* (of direction) towards, (of wind) from, south or thereabouts. **sou'thern** (sŭdh-), *a.* situated in or belonging to or characteristic of the south. **~ Cross**, a constellation. **sou'therner** (sŭdh-), *n.* native of the south. **south'ward**, *a.*, *adv.* & *n.* **~wards**, *adv.* **sou'thernwood**, a scented wormwood. **southron** (Sc. sŭdh'rnl), southerner or Englishman.

souvenir (sōō'venēr), *n.* thing given or kept in memory of a person or place or event.

sou'-wes'ter, *n.* south-west wind; waterproof hat with neck-flap.

sov'ereign (-vrin), *a.* supreme and exempt from external control; having supreme power. *n.* a sovereign ruler; British gold coin of £1. **sov'ereignty** (-vrin-), *n.* supreme power.

Soviet, *n.* any of the councils elected by the workers and soldiers of a district in revolutionary Russia, or of a smaller number elected by these, or the all-Russian congress of delegates from these latter.

sow¹ (sō), *v.t.* & *i.* (p.p. sowed or sown), scatter or plant seed for reproduction; propagate.

sow² *n.* female pig. **~-bread**, kind of cyclamen.

‖ **sowar**¹ *n.* (Anglo-Ind.) native horseman or mounted orderly, policeman, &c.; native trooper, esp. one belonging to the irregular cavalry.

sowarr'y (-ah-), *n.* (Anglo-Ind.) mounted attendants of a person

of high rank, State official, &c.

soy n. (sauce prepared from) soya-bean).

soy'a-bean, n. Asiatic plant rich in oil, used as food, &c.

spa ((-ah), n. place resorted to for medicinal water.

space, n. an interval between things; regions beyond ken, room available or required; a period or interval of time. v.t. (-cable), set at intervals. **spa'cious** (-shus) a. having ample space roomy

spade[1] n. broad-bladed digging-tool with long handle. **—work**, preparatory work of an arduous kind. **spade'ful** (-ool), n.

spade[2] n. one of the four patterns of playing-card pip.

spadger (-jer), n. (sl.) sparrow.

spaghetti (-get-), n. kind of macaroni.

spake, p.t. of speak.

spalpeen' n. (Ir.) mean fellow youngster.

span[1] n. utmost distance between tips of thumb and little finger nine inches; short distance or time; distance from support to support of an arch or roof; an arch of a bridge; pair of draught animals. v.t. measure by hand-spans; (of bridge, roof &c.) cross or cover, esp. with single span.

span[2], p.t. of spin.

span'drel, n. space between either shoulder of arch and surrounding rectangular framework.

spangle (-ng-) n. (usu. in pl.) small spangle of glittering metal sewn on garments, &c. (fig. of stars, &c.), spangled (-ld), a.

Spaniard (-yard), n. native of Spain. **Span'ish**, a. of Spain or the Spaniards or their language.

span'iel (-yel) n. kind of large-eared long-haired dog.

spank, v.t. & i. slap with the hand; go at a great pace. n. a slap. **spank'er**, n. (sl.) fast horse or fine specimen of something (sl.); fore-and-aft sail on mizen-mast. **spank'ing**, a. (sl.) excellent.

span'ner, n. gripping-tool for working nuts, &c.; wrench.

spar[1], n. stout pole of the kind used for ship's yards, &c.

spar[2] n. kinds of crystalline mineral.

spar[3], v.i. (of game-cock, &c.) strike out with the spurs; box (fig.) engage in banter or repartee.

spare, v.t. & i. (-rable), abstain from hurting or destroying; let off; dispense with; find time, &c. for something; be, prove have (thing, &c.) out of one's superfluity. a. that is to spare, superfluous; kept in reserve; frugal; lean. n. spare part for substitution in machine; (bowl-ing or ninepins) knocking down all the pins with two bowls. **— rib**, joint of pork consisting of ribs closely trimmed. **— room**, guest-chamber.

spark, n. fiery particle of burning substance, flash of light between two neighbouring electric conductors; a gay young fellow. v.i. & t. emit sparks; apply electric spark to, ignite or affect thus. **sparking-plug**, device for firing explosive mixture in motor-engine.

spar'kle, v.i. seem to emit sparks; radiate or flash or reflect successive small flashes; be bright with shifting points of light. n. sparkling effect; glitter. **spark'-let**, n. small spark; least possible amount of a quality.

spar'row (-ō) n. small bird haunting houses, &c. **—hawk**, small kind of hawk.

sparse, a. thinly scattered.

Spartan, n. native of ancient Sparta. a. as of the Spartans.

spasm, n. convulsive muscular contraction; violent access of emotion. **spasmod'ic** (-iz-), a. sudden and violent; intermittent.

spat[1] n. spawn of shellfish.

spat[2] p.t. of spit.

spat, abbr. of spatterdash.

spatch'cock, n. a fowl split open and grilled immediately after

being killed. v.t. cook thus; insert (items of news, &c.) sandwich-fashion in middle of something.

spate, n. sudden river-flood.

spa'tial (-shl), a. of or in or relating to space.

spa'tter, v.t. & i. fly or send (mud, &c.) flying in drops or splashes; besprinkle. n. a spattering fall. ~dash (now usu. spat), gaiter of cloth, &c. covering instep and ankle. ~dock, the yellow water lily.

spa'tula, n. instrument with edgeless blade for spreading ointment, mixing pigments, &c.

spa'vin, n. kind of tumour on horse's leg. spa'vined (-nd) a.

spawn, n. eggs of fish, frogs, molluscs, &c. (contempt.) progeny. v.t. & i. produce or deposit spawn; produce by spawning (contempt.) generate.

speak, v.t. & i. (spoke & arch. spake spoken), utter words in the ordinary way say something hold conversation; make a speech utter or pronounce. *speak'easy n. an illicit bar. speak'er, n. (esp.) person of specified skill in speech-making, official president of House of Commons. speaking-trumpet, instrument magnifying sound of voice. ~tube, tube conveying voice from one room, &c. to another.

spear, n. hunter's or foot-soldier's thrusting or hurling weapon. v.t. pierce or wound with spear. ~mint, common garden mint.

spec, n. (sl.) speculation.

spe'cial (-shl) a. of a peculiar or restricted kind; of or for a particular person, occasion, or thing. n. a special constable, edition, train, &c. ~ constable, private person sworn in for special occasion. ~edition, newspaper containing later intelligence than earlier editions. ~ train, extra train for special purpose. spe'cialist (-she-), n. person devoting himself to a single branch of his profession or subject. specia'lity (-shi-), n. specialness; particular item distinctive quality. spe'cialize (-she-), v.t. & i. (-zable), make special adapt for a particular purpose, be a specialist. ~zation, n. spe'cialty (-shl-), n. a speciality.

spe'cie (-shē), n. money in the shape of coin.

spe'cies (-shēz) n. a class of things having some common characteristics, a subdivision of a genus a sort, kind.

specif'ic, a. definite, distinctly formulated; possessing the properties that characterize a species. n. a specific remedy. spe'cify v.t. (-fiable), make specific or definite mention expressly; give the name of. specifica'tion, n. (esp.) any or all of the details specified in a contract or patent.

spe'cimen, n. part or piece to show nature of the whole; a sample.

spe'cious (-shus), a. fair-seeming plausible.

speck¹ n. small spot or stain or particle. v.t. mark with specks.

speck² n. (U.S. & S.Afr.) fat meat, bacon, pork; fat of seals, whales, &c., blubber.

spe'ckle, n. small spot, esp. as natural marking on skin, &c. v.t. mark thus (usu. in p.p.).

spe'ctacle, n. a public show or noteworthy scene; (pl.) pair of lenses to correct or assist defective eyesight, set in a frame. spe'ctacled (-ld), a. wearing spectacles. specta'cular, a. of the nature of a show

specta'tor, n. looker-on; person present at a performance.

spe'ctral, a. ghost-like, unreal; of the spectrum.

spe'ctre (-ter), n. a ghost fear of an expected calamity

spe'ctroscope, n. instrument for producing and examining spectra.

spe'ctrum, n. (pl. -ra) the

of high rank, State official, &c.
soy n. (sauce prepared from) soy-bean).
soy'a-bean, n. Asiatic plant rich in oil, used as food, &c.
spa (-ah), n. place resorted to for medicinal water.
space, n. an interval between things; regions beyond hm. room available or required; a period or interval of time. v.t. (-ceable), set at intervals. **spa'cious** (-shus), a. having ample space, roomy.
spade[1] n. broad-bladed digging tool with long handle. —work, preparatory work of an arduous kind. **spade'ful** (-fool), n.
spade[2] n. one of the four patterns of playing-card pip.
spadger, -d'jer, n. (sl.) sparrow.
spaghetti (-gĕ-), n. kind of macaroni.
spake, p.t. of speak.
spalpeen' n. (Ir.) mean fellow, rapscallion.
span[1] n. utmost distance between tips of thumb and little finger; nine inches; short distance or time; distance from support to support of an arch or roof; an arch of a bridge; pair of draught animals. v.t. measure by hand-spans; (of bridge, roof, &c.) cross or cover one, with single span.
span[2] p.t. of spin.
span'drel, n. space between either shoulder of arch and surrounding rectangular framework.
spangle (spăng'gl), n. (usu. in pl.) small piece of glittering metal sewn on garments, &c. (fig. of stars, &c.). **spangled** (-g'ld), a.
Span'iard (-yerd), n. native of Spain. **Span'ish**, a. of Spain or the Spaniards or their language.
span'iel (-yel), n. kinds of large-eared long-haired dog.
spank, v.t. & i. slap with the hand; go at a (fast) pace. n. a slap. **spank'er**, n. (coll.) fast horse or fine specimen of something; (nl.) fore-and-aft sail on mizen-mast. **spank'ing**, a. (sl.) excellent.

span'ner, n. gripping-tool for working nuts, &c.; wrench.
spar[1] n. stout pole of the kind used for ship's yards, &c.
spar[2] n. kinds of crystalline mineral.
spar[3], v.i. (of game-cock, &c.) strike out with the spurs; box; (fig.) engage in banter or repartee.
spare, v.t. & i. (-rable), abstain from hurting or destroying; let off, dispense with; find (time, &c.) for something; be frugal; have (thing, &c.) out of one's superfluity. a. that is to spare, superfluous; kept in reserve; frugal; lean. n. spare part for substitution in machine; (bowling or ninepins) knocking down all the pins with two bowls. ~ rib, joint of pork consisting of ribs closely trimmed. ~ room, guest-chamber.
spark, n. fiery particle of burning substance; flash of light between two neighbouring electric conductors; a gay young fellow. v.i. & t. emit sparks; apply electric spark to ignite or affect them. **sparking-plug**, device for firing explosive mixture in motor-engine.
spar'kle, v.i. seem to emit sparks; radiate or emit or reflect successive small flashes; be bright with shifting points of light. n. sparkling effect; glitter. **spark'let**, n. small spark; least possible amount of a quality.
spa'rrow (-ō), n. small bird haunting houses, &c. —hawk, small kind of hawk.
sparse, a. thinly scattered.
Spar'tan, n. native of ancient Sparta. a. as of the Spartans.
spasm, n. convulsive muscular contraction; violent access of emotion. **spasmod'ic** (-z-), a. sudden and violent; intermittent.
spat[1] n. spawn of shellfish.
spat[2] p.t. of spit.
spat[3], abbr. of spatterdash.
spatch'cock, n. a fowl split open and grilled immediately after

being killed. v.t. cook thus; insert (item of news, &c.) sandwich-fashion in middle of something.

spate, n. sudden river-flood.

spā'tial (-shl), a. of or in or relating to space.

spa'tter, v.t. & i. fly or send (mud, &c.) flying in drops or splashes; besprinkle. n. a spattering fall. ~dash (now usu. spat), gaiter of cloth, &c. covering instep and ankle. *~dock, the yellow water lily.

spa'tula, n. instrument with edgeless blade for spreading ointment, mixing pigments, &c.

spa'vin, n. kind of tumour on horse's leg. spa'vined (-nd), a.

spawn, n. eggs of fish, frogs, molluscs, &c. (contempt.) progeny. v.t. & i. produce or deposit spawn; produce by spawning; (contempt.) generate.

speak, v.t. & i. (spoke & arch. spake; spoken), utter words in the ordinary way; say something; hold conversation; make a speech; utter or pronounce. *speak'easy, n. an illicit bar. **speak'er**, n. (esp.) person of specified skill in speech-making; official president of House of Commons. speaking trumpet, instrument magnifying sound of voice. ~-tube, tube conveying voice from one room, &c. to another.

spear, n. hunter's or foot-soldier's thrusting or hurling weapon. v.t. pierce or wound with spear. ~mint, common garden mint.

spec, n. (sl.) speculation.

spe'cial (-shl), a. of a peculiar or restricted kind; of or for a particular person, occasion, or thing. n. a special constable, edition, train, &c. ~ constable, private person sworn in for special occasion. ~ edition, newspaper containing later intelligence than earlier editions. ~ train, extra train for special purpose. spe'cialist (-sha-), n. person devoting himself to a single branch of his profession or subject. speciali'ty (-shi-), n. specialness; particular item; distinctive quality. spe'cialize (-sha-), v.t. & i. (-zable), make special; adapt for a particular purpose; be a specialist. ~zation, n. spe'cialty (-shl-), n. a speciality.

spē'cie (-shi), n. money in the shape of coin.

spē'cies (-shēz), n. a class of things having some common characteristics; a subdivision of a genus; a sort, kind.

speci'fic, a. definite, distinctly formulated; possessing the properties that characterize a species. n. a specific remedy. **spe'cify**, v.t. (-fiable), make specific or definite mention separately, give the name of. **specifica'tion**, n. (esp.) any or all of the details specified in a contract or patent.

spe'cimen, n. part or piece to show nature of the whole; a sample.

spē'cious (-shus), a. fair-seeming, plausible.

speck[1], n. small spot or stain or particle. v.t. mark with specks.

speck[2], n. (U.S. & S.Afr.) fat meat, bacon, pork; fat of seals, whales, &c., blubber.

spe'ckle, n. small spot, esp. as natural marking on skin, &c. v.t. mark thus (usu. in p.p.).

spe'ctacle, n. a public show or noteworthy scene; (pl.) pair of lenses to correct or assist defective eyesight, set in a frame. **spe'ctacled** (-ld), a. wearing spectacles. **specta'cular**, a. of the nature of a show.

specta'tor, n. looker-on; person present at a performance.

spe'ctral, a. ghost-like, unreal; of the spectrum.

spe'ctre (-ter), n. a ghost; fear of an expected calamity.

spe'ctroscope, n. instrument for producing and examining spectra.

spe'ctrum, n. (pl. -ra), the

coloured band into which a beam of light is decomposed.

spec'ulāte, *v.i.* & *t.* Indulge in thought of a conjectural theoretical kind; wonder or guess how, &c.; buy and sell stocks or goods in the hope of profiting by changes in market value; deal in transactions of a risky kind. ~tion, ~tor, *nn.*; ~tive, *a.*

spec'ūlum, *n.* (*pl.* -la), surgical instrument for dilating orifices to facilitate examination; mirror used for some scientific purpose.

sped, *p.t.* & *p.p.* of speed.

speech, *n.* speaking; a spoken remark or what is said continuously by one speaker; language. **speech'ify**, *v.i.* make speeches; hold forth oratorically in conversation. **speech'less**, *a.* unable to speak for overpowering emotion.

speed, *n.* dispatch, rapidity; relative rate of motion or action. *v.i.* & *t.* (sped), go fast; smooth the way of; give prosperity to. ~om'eter, *n.* speed-indicator in motor-car, &c. ~-trap, trap to catch speeding motorists. ~way, course for fast driving of horses or motors. **speed'y**, *a.* prompt, expeditious, going at great rate.

speed'well (-d), *n.* a blue-flowered plant.

spell[1], *n.* words used as charm; fascination exercised by person or thing. *v.t.* & *i.* (spelt or spelled), write or name the letters of (word); spell words correctly. ~binder, speaker who can hold audience spellbound. ~bound, held with attention as by a spell.

spell[2], *n.* time devoted to or taken by something; (Austral.) a period of rest from work, &c.

spelt[1], *p.t.* & *p.p.* of spell[1].

spelt[2], *n.* German wheat.

spel'ter, *n.* zinc.

spen'cer, *n.* kinds of short over-jacket.

spend, *v.t.* & *i.* (spent), pay out (money); expend or use up; pass in some place or occupation; (*p.p.*) exhausted. ~thrift, person who wastes his money.

Spense'rian (-sĕ-), *a.*, *pl.* stanza of the kind used in Spenser's *Faerie Queene*.

spent, *p.t.* & *p.p.* of spend.

sperm, *n.* semen. ~whale, whale yielding spermaceti.

spermace'ti, *n.* substance got from head of sperm-whale.

spermat'ic, *a.* of sperm.

spermatorrhoe'a (-rēa), *n.* involuntary spermatic emission.

spermatozo'ön, *n.* (*pl.* -zoa), fertilizing filament in semen.

spew, *v.t.* & *i.* (vulg.) vomit.

sphag'num, *n.* (*pl.* -na), kinds of moss growing in bogs and peat and used as packing, &c.

sphere, *n.* solid figure having all points of its surface equidistant from a point within it; a ball or globe so shaped; field of action or province or scope. **spher'ical**, *a.* sphere-shaped; concerned with spheres. **sphēr'oid**, *n.* body of approximately spherical shape. **spheroid'al**, *a.*

sphinc'ter, *n.* ring-muscle closing and opening orifice.

sphinx, *n.* figure of crouching lion with woman's head.

spice, *n.* aromatic or pungent vegetable substance used in flavouring. *v.t.* flavour with spice or with wit, &c. **spi'cery**, *n.* spices; aromatic scents.

spick and span, *a.* trim, smart.

spi'cy, *a.* having much spice, aromatic; piquant, racy.

spiel, *n.* talk, speech. *v.i.* make speeches.

spi'der, *n.* kinds of eight-legged web-spinning animal.

spiffing, *a.* (*sl.*) excellent.

spig'ot, *n.* vent-peg or part of tap by which flow is controlled.

spike, *n.* sharp projecting point; long nail; an inflorescence of many sessile flowers set closely on long common axis. *v.t.* furnish with spikes; transfix; plug vent of gun with spike.

spike'nard (-kn-), *n.* aromatic substance got from an Eastern plant.

spill¹, v.t. & i. (spilt or spilled), let (liquid, powder) run out from receptacle (of liquid, &c.) run out thus; shed; (of horse, vehicle, &c.) throw or upset or let fall. n. (colloq.) fall from horse or vehicle.

spill², n. strip of wood or folded piece of paper for lighting candles, &c.

spil'likin, spil'kins, n. one of the wooden or ivory slips thrown in a heap in the game of spillikins, to be removed each without disturbing the rest.

spilt, p.t. & p.p. of spill¹

spin, v.t. & i. (spun or span, spun), make thread by drawing out and twisting together the fibres of wool, &c.; make (web, &c.) by extrusion of fine viscous thread; compose (story &c.); turn or cause to turn like a top or wheel. n. revolving motion. spinning-jenny, early form of spinning-machine. ~-wheel (hist.) household spinning-apparatus with fly wheel and treadle.

spin'ach (-ĭj), n. a vegetable eaten boiled.

spi'nal, a. of the spine.

spin'dle, n. slender rod serving to twist and wind thread in spinning; a varying quantity of yarn or thread.

spin'drift, n. scudding spray at sea.

spine, n. the backbone or vertebral column; the central line of a roof or the like; thorn or prickle. ~less, a. (esp.) lacking backbone or character.

spin'el, n. scarlet ruby-like precious stone.

spin'et, n. (hist.) musical instrument of harpsichord kind.

spinn'aker, n. large extra sail of racing yacht.

spinn'eret, n. spinning-organ in spider, silk-worm, &c.

spinn'ey, n. (pl. -eys) copse.

spin'ster, n. unmarried woman.

spir'acle, n. air-hole, blow-hole.

spirae'a, n. kinds of garden plant allied to meadowsweet.

spir'al, a. coiled in a plane, or as round a cylinder or cone. n. spiral curve or course.

spir'ant, a. & n. ~ letter or sound, consonant during the pronunciation of which the passage of breath does not wholly cease.

spire, n. tapering structure in form of tall cone or pyramid rising from tower-top.

spir'it, n. the element in man regarded as separable from and animating the body; a person from the mental or moral point of view; an apparition; a person's disposition or mental attitude; exhibition of courage or energy or vivacity; (pl.) state of cheerfulness or despondency; (sing. or pl.) distilled alcoholic liquor. v.t. convey mysteriously away. spir'ited, a. showing courage or enterprise. spir'itless, a. despondent; lacking energy; abject.

spir'itual, a. concerned with the spirit or soul or with religion; unworldly; mental, intellectual. spiritual'ity, n. spir'itualize, v.t. ~iza'tion, n.

spir'itualism, n. belief in the possibility of communication with the dead or other spirits. ~ist, n. & a.

spir'ituous, a. of the nature of or containing distilled spirit.

spirt. See spurt.

spit¹, n. pointed rod on which a joint of meat, &c., is stuck for roasting; point of land running out into the sea, &c. v.t. stick (meat, &c.) on spit; run (person, &c.) through with sword, &c.

spit², v.t. & i. (spat & arch. spit), eject saliva from the mouth; (fig.) utter curses, &c.; (of cat) show anger by spitting sound. n. spittle. ~fire, angry cat; hot-tempered person. snappish dog.

spit³, n. spade-depth.

spite, n. ill will, malice. v.t. mortify intentionally; show malice towards. ~ful, a. animated or dictated by spite.

spit'tle, n. saliva. spittoon', n. pan to spit into.

splash, v.t. & i. agitate (liquid) so that drops of it fly about; be thus agitated or flung about; wet or stain or spatter by splashing; fall into or go through water or mud with splashing. n., splashing or the sound or mark made by it; a dash or patch of colour. ~board, mudguard in front of driver.

splay, v.t. & i. construct (aperture) with divergent sides; be so shaped or set; carry one's feet with toes turned abnormally out. n., extent to which aperture is splayed. a., splayed.

spleen, n., abdominal organ acting on the blood; moroseness, irritability. ~wort, kinds of fern.

splen'did, a. magnificent, admirable, glorious. splendif'erous, a. (sl.) extremely good. splen'dour (-der), n. splendidness.

splenet'ic, a. morose; liable to fits of ill-temper. splen'ic, a. (Anat., Med.) of the spleen.

splice, v.t. (-ceable), unite (pieces of rope or wood) into one length by interweaving strands or by scarfing; (sl.) join in matrimony. n., junction by splicing.

splint, n., slip of wood, &c., bound on to keep broken bone in position while it sets.

splin'ter, n., pointed, sharp-edged, or narrow fragment broken off from some hard material. v.t. & i., break into splinters; come off as a splinter.

split, v.t. & i. (split), divide into parts; burst by expansion or pressure from within; deprive of or lose unity. n., splitting; fissure, rent; schism.

splotch, n. daub, smear.

splurge, n., ostentatious display of wealth, &c. v.i. make splurge.

splutt'er, v. & n. = sputter.

spoil, n. (in collect. sing. or pl.), plunder taken from enemy; emoluments of office, &c.; things found or acquired. v.t. & i. (spoilt or spoiled), plunder, deprive of; impair; make useless or inefficient; injure by indulgence; (of food, &c.) decay or go bad. ~sport, meddler.

spoke¹ n., any of the radiating bars connecting wheel's hub and felloe, or of the projecting handles of a steering-wheel; rung of ladder. ~shave, tool for planing spokes, &c.

spoke² p.t. of speak.

spokes'man (-ks-), n. (pl. -men), person deputed to voice the opinions of others.

spolia'tion, n., pillaging; devastation; despoiling.

spon'dee (-di), n., metrical foot of two long syllables. ~aic, a.

sponge (-ŭnj), n., kinds of aquatic animal or animal-colony; skeleton of a sponge used as absorbent in bathing, cleansing surfaces, &c.; mop for cleaning cannon-bore; hard drinker; sponger. v.t. & i. (-geable), wet or cleanse with sponge; soak up with sponge; live as a parasite on. spon'ger (-ŭnj-), n., (esp.) person who habitually sponges on others. spon'gy (-ŭnji), a., of porous elastic absorbent texture.

spon'son, n., platform projecting from ship's side.

spon'sor, n., godfather or godmother; person who answers or gives security for another. ~ship, n.

spontan'eous, a., resulting from natural impulse; not forced or suggested or caused from outside; not deliberate or laboured. spontane'ity, n.

spoof (sl.), n. hoaxing; hoax; deception. v.t. subject to spoof.

spook, n., a ghost.

spool, n., bobbin or reel.

spoon, n., shallow oval bowl with long handle; kinds of hollow-faced golf-club. (sl.) person in love. v.t. & i., lift with spoon; (Crick., &c.) strike feebly upwards; (sl.) make love. ~bill, kinds of bird. spoo'ny (sl.), a. in love; amorous; n. silly person.

spoon'erism, n., accidental transposition of sounds in successive words.

spoon'ful (-ōōl) *n.* (pl. -ls), amount that fills a spoon.
spoor, *n.* animal's trail.
sporad'ic, *a.* occurring only here and there. ~al, *a.*
spore, *n.* one of the germs by which flowerless plants are reproduced.
spo'rran, *n.* pouch hung in front of kilt.
sport, *n.* fun or diversion; a pastime of an outdoor or athletic kind; such pastimes collectively; (pl.) meeting for athletic competitions; an animal or plant that deviates from type; (sl.) sportsman, good fellow. *v.i.* & *t.* gambol, play; toy or play or trifle with; (colloq.) exhibit on one's person or premises. ~ing, *a.* sportsmanlike; devoted to sport. ~ive, *a.* playful. sports'man (-en) person fond of hunting and such sports; person ready to risk failure or to act fairly towards opponents. ~like, *a.*; ~ship, *n.*
spot, *n.* small mark or stain; pimple on skin; blemish in character; a particular area or place or locality. *v.t.* & *i.* mark with spot(s); (of material) show spots readily; (colloq.) pick out or detect or identify. spotted fever, cerebro-spinal meningitis. spot'less, *a.* absolutely clean; (fig.) without blemish. spott'y, *a.*
spouse (-z), *n.* husband or wife; (pl.) married pair.
spout, *n.* projecting tube or lip for liquid to issue from; jet of liquid. *v.t.* & *i.* discharge or issue in a jet; discharge liquid; (colloq.) declaim or recite.
sprain, *v.t.* wrench (joint) so as to cause pain and swelling. *n.* such injury.
sprang, *p.t.* of spring.
sprat, *n.* a small sea-fish; small child, thin person.
sprawl, *v.i.* & *t.* fall or lie with limbs flung out; throw limbs about; be of irregular form.
spray, *n.* branched shoot or twig with its flowers or leaves; piece of jewellery of similar form; liquid flying in fine drops. *v.t.* sprinkle with spray. spray'er, *n.* apparatus for sprinkling with insecticide or other spray.
spread (-ĕd) *v.t.* & *i.* extend the surface of, cause to cover larger surface, by unrolling, unfolding, smearing, flattening, &c.; diffuse or be diffused; lay out on a surface. *n.* extent or compass of a thing; expanse; diffusion; (sl.) meal provided; (Commerce) difference between cost of manufacture and selling price. ~ eagle, figure of eagle with wings and legs spread in heraldry, &c. ~eagleism, noisy nationalism, with reference to the spread eagle as U.S. emblem.
spree, *n.* bit of fun; carouse, drunken frolic.
sprew (rōō) (S. Afr.) a bird of the genus *Spreo*, characterized by its iridescent plumage; a glossy starling.
sprig, *n.* small wedge-shaped headless nail; twig or shoot of some plant; (fig.) scion.
spright'ly (-īt-), *a.* vivacious, lively, brisk.
spring, *v.i.* & *t.* (sprang, sprung) well up from below ground; burst forth from soil or root or stem; rise from a base; be descended from; jump from the ground; bring suddenly into action or view. *n.* springing motion; place where water or oil wells up; motive or source of action; the season of early vegetation; piece of metal, &c. used to exert elastic force. ~bok, S. Afr. gazelle. ~halt, horse-disease with convulsive movement in lifting hind leg. ~ tide, high tide occurring after full and new moon. ~tide, season of spring. springe (-j), *n.* noose or snare. spring'er, (arch.) support from which arch springs; breed of spaniel. spring'y, *a.* having elasticity.
sprinkle (sprĭng'kl), *v.t.* scatter in small drops or particles. sprink'ling, *n.* (esp.) a few here and there.

sprint, v. & v.i. run for short distance at utmost speed.
sprit, n. small spar extending fore-and-aft sail diagonally
sprite, n. elf or fairy
sprout, v.i. & t. put forth shoots, hair, &c.; have sprout. n. shoot of plant; (pl.) Brussels sprouts
spruce¹ (-ōōs), a. of trim smart appearance.
spruce² (-ōōs), n. (also ~ fir), kind of fir. ~ beer, medicinal beverage from spruce.
sprue (-ōō) n. tropical disease with ulcerated mouth, &c.
sprui't (-rōō-), n. (S. Afr.) small stream or watercourse, usually almost or altogether dry except in the wet season.
sprung, p.t. & p.p. of spring.
spud, n. kind of weeding implement; (sl.) potato.
spume, n. & v.i. froth, foam. spū'my, a.
spun, p.t. & p.p. of spin.
spunk, n. mettle, grit.
spur, n. pricking instrument worn on horseman's heel; thing that acts as an incitement; projection on back of cock's leg or at base of flower; ridge running out from mountain mass. v.t. & i. put spurs to; incite to action.
spurge, n. plant with juice used to destroy weeds.
spu'rious, a. not genuine; counterfeit; pretended.
spurn, v.t. push away with the foot in contempt; reject (offer, &c.) contemptuously
spu'rrier, n. spur-maker.
spurt, spirt, v.i. & t. burst forth in a jet; eject thus (usu. ~ out); increase the pace; go at high speed for short time; burn. -spirt. n. a jet or burst; a spurt.
sputter, v.i. & t. move the lips with repeated spitting action; speak with incoherent haste.
sputum, n. ejected saliva.
spy, n. person secretly collecting and reporting information. v.t. & i. act as spy (upon); discern by scrutiny. ~-glass, telescope.
squab (-ŏb) n. unfledged bird; short fat person; cushion, couch. a. short and plump.
squa'bble (-ŏ-), n. & v.i. quarrel about trifles.
squad (-ŏd) n. party of men being drilled or employed together.
squa'dron (-ŏd-), n. division of cavalry regiment consisting of two troops; number of warships grouped into a temporary unit; division of R.A.F. consisting of three flights. ~-leader, officer of R.A.F. in command of a squadron.
squails, n. (pl.) table-game like bowls and curling; disk used.
squa'lid (-ŏl-), a. dirty or wretched with neglect or want.
squall (-awl), v.i. scream (esp. of babies). n. scream; sudden violent storm of wind, esp. at sea and with rain. squa'lly (-aw-), a. (of weather) boisterous.
squa'lor (-ŏ-), n. squalidness.
squa'nder (-ŏ-), v.t. spend wastefully; scatter lavishly
square, a. of the shape of an equilateral rectangle; of equal breadth and length; (of number) that is a square; balanced or even (with), in proper position or relation (with); (of dealings, &c.) honest or fair. adv. squarely. n. an equilateral rectangle; an area or flat object or piece of material of approximately this shape; a space in town enclosed by houses; body of troops presenting four fronts; L-shaped or T-shaped gauge; product of a number multiplied by itself; (sl.) a square meal. v.t. & i. (-rable), make square; be square or tally with; (sl.) secure silence or acquiescence of by persuasion or bribery. ~-leg, fielder on batsman's left nearly level with wicket. ~ root, factor that multiplied by itself gives so and so.
squash (-ŏ-), v.t. & i. squeeze flat or into pulp; force into small space; snub or suppress; pack tight. n. crowded state; a crowd; game played with soft ball and rackets.

squat (-ŏt) v.i. sit on one's heels, or on ground with knees drawn up. a. short and thick, dumpy. **squat'ter** (-ŏt-), n. (esp.) Australian sheep-farmer; person settling on land without title.
squaw, n. Amer. Ind. woman.
squawk, n. gull's or similar cry. v.i. utter squawk.
squeak, n. short shrill cry or sound; (sl.) close affair. v.i. utter or emit squeak; (sl.) peach.
squeal, n. shrill sustained cry as of child or animal in pain or terror. v.i. utter squeal; (sl.) confess, betray by confession.
squeam'ish, a. fastidious, of delicate stomach or conscience.
squeegee', n. implement with rubber edge, used to push moisture off a smooth surface.
squeeze, v.t. & i. (-zable), exert pressure on from opposite or all sides; oppress, crush; extract information by pressure; wring (water, juice, money, &c.) from something; force (object) or force oneself into or through a tight place. n. act of squeezing; crowded state; a forced exaction or impost made by Asiatic officials or servants; a forced charge or levy. **squeezabil'ity**, n. (esp.) lack of moral firmness.
squelch, v.t. & i. (colloq.) make sucking sound as of boot drawn out of stiff mud; suppress.
squib, n. small firework thrown by hand; lampoon.
squid, n. kinds of cuttle-fish.
squiff'y, a. (sl.) slightly drunk.
squill, n. plant of lily kind used in medicine.
squint, v.i. have the eyes turned in different directions; (colloq.) look sideways or through small aperture. n. squinting set of the eyeballs; (colloq.) a glance.
squire, n. landed gentleman; (hist.) knight's attendant; justice of the peace, local judge. v.t. escort (lady). **squir'archy** (-kĭ), n. the landed class. **squireen'**, n. small landowner esp. in Ireland.
squirm, v.i. (colloq.) writhe like a worm, wriggle.
squir'rel, n. bushy-tailed arboreal rodent.
squirt, v.t. & i. shoot out in a jet, esp. from a syringe; direct such jet upon. n. syringe; jet of water, &c. from it.
St., abbrev. of Saint prefixed to names.
stab, n. a thrust or wound with a sharp pointed implement or weapon; sudden acute pain or attack. v.t. & i. pierce or wound with something pointed; aim stab at.
sta'ble¹, a. abiding, likely to endure; firm, steady, constant. —bility, n. **stab'ilize**, v.t. make stable. **stab'ilizer**, n. (esp.) aircraft's fixed horizontal tail-plane.
sta'ble², n. building in which horses are kept; racehorses of a particular stable. v.t. put or keep or accommodate in a stable. —companion, horse of same stable; (colloq.) member of same school, club, &c. **sta'bling**, n. stable-accommodation.
stab'lish, v.t. make stable.
stacca'to (-ahtō), a. (Mus.) with sharp separation of notes.
stack, n. pile of hay or sheaves or the like; number of things laid on one another; number of chimneys side by side. v.t. form into stacks.
sta'dium, n. (pl. -ia), foot-race course in anc.-Gk. athletic contests; modern athletic ground.
staff (-ahf) n. (pl. -s, and arch. and mus. staves), stick or pole as weapon or support or as symbol of office; (Mus.) the set of parallel lines on which notes are written; body of officers attached to a commander; body of assistants by whom an institution or business is carried on. v.t. provide (institution, &c.) with staff.
stag, n. male of red or other large deer; (Stock Exch.) person who applies for allotments in new concerns with a view to selling

at once at a profit. ~-beetle, kind of beetle with antler-like mandibles.

stage, n. a platform of boards; the part of a theatre on which the actors perform; the acting profession; the theatres of a country; scene of action; one phase or period of a development; stopping-place; interval between stopping-places. v.t. (-geable), put (play) on the stage; (fig.) arrange with a view to effect. ~-coach, running by stages between two places. stā'ger, esp. old ~, person of experience.

stagg'er (-g-), v.i. & t. go unsteadily as if about to fall; make stagger; shake conviction, &c., of. n. act of staggering; (pl.) giddiness as horse and cattle disease. stagg'erer (-g-), n. (esp.) event, &c. that staggers one.

stag'nant, a. without current or tide; motionless; inert, sluggish; unchanging. stagnate' v.i. be stagnant. stagnā'tion, n.

stā'gy, a. theatrical.

staid, a. of sober demeanour.

stain, v.t. & i. discolour, soil; make coloured mark on; (fig.) sully, blemish; be stainable. n. colouring liquid for staining; stained spot; fact that sullies a person's reputation. stain'less, a.

stair, n. (pl.) set of fixed steps connecting different floors; one such step. ~-case, flight or flights of stairs.

stake, n. stout stick or post pointed for driving into ground; post to which a person was tied who suffered death by burning; amount staked in a wager or match; (pl.) amount contended for in a match; horse-race, &c., for stakes. v.t. (-kable), fix, or mark out or off, or hedge in, with stakes; risk (money, credit, &c.) on an issue.

stal'actite, n. deposit of carbonate of lime hanging like icicle from roof of cave. stal'agmite, n. similar deposit rising like spike from floor of cave.

stale, a. lacking freshness, out of condition from lapse of time or over-use. v.t. & i. (-lable), make stale by over-use.

stal'emate (-lm-), n. state of chess-game counting as draw; (fig.) deadlock in proceedings. v.t. reduce (opponent) to stand-still without defeating him.

stalk[1] (-awk), n. slender stem of plant or flower, &c.

stalk[2] (-awk) v.t. & i. make furtive approach to with a view to killing or catching; walk with slow strides or in haughty manner. n. stalking gait; attempt to stalk game, &c.

stall (-awl), n. compartment for one animal in stable or cow-house; space appropriated to one dealer in market or bazaar; a numbered seat in theatre; (pl.) row of seats facing wall of choir or chancel; (sing.) one such seat, or canonry, &c. entitling holder to it. v.t. & i. put or keep (beast) in stall; (of motor engine) stop working; (of aeroplane or airman) become unstable by loss of speed.

stall'ion (-yon), n. male horse.

stal'wart (-awl-), a. tall and strong; courageous. n. resolute member of party in politics, &c.

stā'men, n. male or pollen-bearing organ in flower.

stam'ina, n. staying power.

stamm'er, v.i. & t. speak haltingly; utter (excuse, &c.) stammeringly. n. such speech.

stamp, v.t. & i. bring foot down with force on the ground or on an object; crush (ore, &c.) with downward blows; mark (paper, &c.) with stamped impress; affix postage stamp to; (of action, &c.) serve to distinguish. n. stamping of foot; stamped impress; piece of printed paper affixed as indication of amount of postage paid on a letter or to secure validity of a document.

stampēde', n. rush of horses or cattle or people under sudden common impulse, esp. panic.

v.i. & t. (-ded), make, or cause to make, such rush.

stance, n. position taken for stroke in golf or cricket.

stanch. See staunch.

stan'chion (-shun), n. firm metal or timber post, esp. as upright giving lateral support.

stand, v.i. & t. (stood). be in stationary upright position; rise up; assume stationary position; maintain position; (of ship) sail in specified direction; place (thing) on its base or end; successfully endure, put up with; (colloq.) pay for on another's behalf or give (drink, &c.). n. stationary position; resistance to attack; pedestal or rack, &c. on or in which things may be placed; structure with tiers of seats for spectators at races, &c. ~by, basis of reliance. ~-offish, cold or distant in manner. ~point, point of view. ~still, arrest of progress. ~ treat, pay cost of entertainment.

stan'dard, n. distinctive flag; specimen or specification by which something may be tested; required degree of some quality; (attrib.) corresponding to the standard, of recognized authority or prevalence; upright stock on which rose, &c. is grafted; an upright support for a lamp, &c. **stan'dardize**, v.t. (-zable), make conform to a standard.

stan'ding, a. of a permanent kind; constantly ready for use; on one's feet; (of jump) done from both feet without run. n. established repute or position.

stand'ish, n. (arch.) inkstand.

'stand'patter, n. politician who is for strict adherence to party platform, esp. on tariffs.

stan'hope (-nop), n. kind of light open carriage.

stank, p.t. of stink.

stan'nary, n. tin-mine; tin-mining district. **stan'nic**, a. of tin.

stan'za, n. one of the metrically equal groups of lines into which some poems are divided.

sta'ple, n. piece of wire or metal bent into U-shape for driving into wood, &c.; important or principal article of commerce in a district or country; chief element in something; quality of fibre in wool or flax or cotton.

star, n. any celestial body normally seen as a point of light; rayed figure or object representing a star as ornament, &c.; asterisk; brilliant or prominent person; chief actor or actress; person's destiny or luck. (pl.) influences deciding one's lot. v.t. & i. mark or adorn with star(s); perform as star actor. ~fish, sea animal with five or more radial arms. ~light, light of the stars.

star'board (-berd), n. right side of ship, &c., from point of view of person facing forward. v.t. turn (helm) to starboard.

starch, n. principle present in potatoes, corn, and other plants, having digestive value and used also as stiffening for linen, &c. v.t. stiffen with starch. **starch'y**, a. like starch; stiff of manner.

stare, v.i. & t. (-rable), (of eyes) be wide open; look with staring eyes and fixed gaze at. n. staring gaze. **star'ing**, a. (esp.) too conspicuous to escape attention (of colour, pattern, &c.).

stark, a. rigid, esp. in death; (of folly, &c.) sheer or unmitigated; (arch.) resolute, strong. adv. completely (~ mad, naked).

star'ling, n. small bird noted for chatter, thievery, &c.

star'ry, a. set with stars; bright as a star; star-like.

start, v.i. & t. make sudden involuntary movement due to surprise, &c.; begin journey or operations; set up or set going; send off (runners in race, &c.) by word or signal; (of ship's timbers) burst away at joint. n. sudden involuntary movement; departure from starting-place; sending or going off of competitors in race; commencement of

th, as (rewlge) ; ê = ī ; ĕ, ẽ, = ẽ ; ꝥ ꝥ = t, l and see p. 4. = U.S.

operations; amount of distance or time allowed to competitor in race, &c. star'ter, n. (esp.) person giving signal for start of race; competitor actually starting in race. start'ing, a. In comb. ~-gate, removable barrier for securing fair start in horse-races. ~-post, place from which competitors start in race. ~-price, the odds on or against a horse at the start of a race.

star'tle, v.t. give shock of surprise to. star'tler, n. startling fact or statement.

starve, v.i. & t. (-vable), die or suffer acutely from lack of food or (arch. or dial.) cold; (part. colloq.) hungry; keep without or short of food. starva'tion, n. starve'ling (-vl-), n. person who is or looks ill-fed.

sta'sis, n. stoppage of circulation of any of the fluids of the body.

state, n. existing position or condition of something; rank; ceremonial pomp; civil community having its own government and law. v.t. (-table), put into form of a statement; say as of knowledge that. ~-room, capitol; meeting-place of a State legislature. ~ rights, rights and powers not delegated to United States but reserved to individual States. ~-room, room reserved for ceremonial occasions; passenger's private cabin on ship. state'ly (-tl-), a. marked by grand dignity; imposing; elevated. state'ment (-tm-), n. presentation of a fact or problem. states'man (-tsm-), n. sagacious far-sighted practical politician; influential public man.

stat'ic, -al, aa. of statics; at rest, in equilibrium. stat'ics, n. pl. branch of physics concerned with bodies at rest and forces in equilibrium.

sta'tion, n. place held by some person or used for some purpose; in India, a place where the English officials of a district, or the officers of a garrison (and in a fortress) reside; the aggregate society of such a place; rank of life; post of observation or defence; stopping place for railway trains. v.t. assign (person) his station. ~-master, official controlling railway station. sta'tionary (-sho-), a. still, not in motion; not progressive.

sta'tioner (-sho-), n. dealer in stationery. sta'tionery (-sho-), n. writing-materials and connected goods.

stat'ist, statisti'cian (-shan), nn. expert in statistics. statis'tical, a. statis'tics, n. pl. numerical facts systematically collected on a subject; science of statistics.

stat'uary, a. of or for statue-making. n. the statuary art; a sculptor.

stat'ue, n. sculptured figure of person or animal. statuesque' (-sk), a. statue-like in pose or immobility. statuette', n. statue of much reduced scale.

stat'ure (-yer), n. bodily height.

sta'tus, n. position held by a person or community; one's standing or rank; the status quo, or ~ quo ante, the posture of affairs as it was up to some date or event.

stat'utable, a. according or not contrary to statute law.

stat'ute, n. a legislative enactment; an ordinance made by a corporation. stat'utory, a. of the nature of, or enacted by a statute.

staunch, stanch (-ahn-), v.t. (stan-, -aw-), check flow of (esp. blood, wound). a. (staw-, -aun-), constant to obligations or purpose; unfaltering in service or loyalty.

stave, n. one of the wooden strips of which a cask's sides consist; a fragment of song. v.t. (stove or staved) (with in) break hole in (cask, boat); (with off) ward off with difficulty or for a time.

stay, n. rope connecting a mast or spar with other part of ship as support; a prop or support; a check or delay; a sojourn or [illegible]

duration; stamina or staying-power; (pl.) corset. *v.t.* & *i.* check or cause to stop; abstain from departing; occupy temporary quarters at; maintain position; show capacity for prolonged effort. stay'er, *n.* (esp.) person or animal of great staying-power.

stead (stĕd), *n.* place, room. In phr. *in one's ~,* in his or instead of him; *stand one in good ~,* serve his need well. **stead'fast** (-ast), *a.* showing constancy; immovable. **stea'ding** (stĕd-), *n.* farmstead.

stead'y (stĕd-), *a.* firm in position; constant in motion or direction or action; not hurried or perturbed; free from wildness or intemperance. *v.t.* & *i.* (-eidd), make or become steady.

steak (stāk), *n.* slab of meat or fish suitable for grilling.

steal, *v.t.* & *i.* (*stole, stolen*), secretly carry off or appropriate; come or go noiselessly or unnoticed. **stealth** (stĕl-), *n.* evasion of notice. **stea'lthy** (stĕl-), *a.* practising or done by stealth; carefully noiseless.

steam, *n.* the gas into which boiling water turns, fitted for use as motive power; any vapour or exhalation. (attrib.) worked by steam. *v.t.* & *i.* subject to action of steam as method of cooking, softening, &c.; send off steam; (of steam-ship or those on board) go, be driven, by steam. **~-boat,** steam-ship. **~-engine,** locomotive or stationary engine worked by steam. **~-roller,** (esp.) force for crushing opposition. **~-ship** (abbr. *s.s.*), ship propelled by steam. **steam'er,** *n.* (esp.) steam-ship or steam-driven boat; utensil for steaming vegetables, &c.

ste'arin, *n.* fatty substance in suet and tallow. **ste'atite,** *n.* kind of talc, soapstone.

steed, *n.* a horse.

steel, *n.* kinds of alloy of iron with carbon or other elements; steel rod for whetting knives on. (attrib.) made of, or hard as, steel. *v.t.* harden (oneself) against a thing or to do some action. **~-yard,** weighing-apparatus with graduated arm along which a weight slides. **steel'y,** *a.* suggestive of steel.

steep¹, *v.t.* keep in liquid or some medium till saturated or impregnated.

steep², *a.* (of slope) descending or rising rapidly; hard to climb up; (*sl.*, of story &c.) taxing patience or credulity. *n.* (poet.) steep hill. **steep'en,** *v.t.* & *i.* **stee'ple,** *n.* high church tower running into spire. **~-chase,** cross-country horse-race or foot-race. **~-jack,** workman who repairs steeples, tall chimneys, &c.

steer¹, *n.* a young male ox.

steer², *v.t.* & *i.* manage rudder or guiding-apparatus; direct (ship, motor-car, &c.) thus. **~age,** *n.* steering, direction; the accommodation to which lower-class passengers are restricted in ship. **~sman,** person steering.

stein'bock (stīn-), *n.* kinds of small South African antelope; the Alpine ibex.

stell'ar, *a.* of stars.

stem¹, *n.* the main body of a tree or plant springing from the root; (fig.) family stock; slender shaft; (Philol.) the common base from which a set of inflected or derivative forms is made; the upright or forward-slanting piece at ship's bow by which the converging sides are connected.

stem², *v.t.* make headway against, resist the force of; not be carried away by (current, &c.).

stench, *n.* overpowering or noxious or persistent stink.

sten'cil, *n.* thin plate of metal, &c., punched with pattern, which is reproduced on other surfaces by washing it with colour, &c. *v.t.* reproduce (pattern) or mark (surface) by use of stencil.

steno'graphy, *n.* shorthand. **~pher,** *n.* **stenograph'ic,** *a.*

stentor'ian, *a.* (of voice) loud; (of person) with stentorian voice.

step, *v.i.* & *t.* go or come in speci-

fied direction by alternate change of the feet; perform (dance); (Naut.) set up (mast) in step. n. complete movement of one leg in walking or running or dancing; distance gained by it; footstep or footfall; surface trodden on in ascending or descending; a degree in a scale of promotion, &c.; (pl.) short ladder with flat steps. stepping-stone, n. stone placed in stream, &c. to provide dryshod crossing; (fig.) a means to an end.

step-, *pref.* made akin only so by death of one and remarriage of the other of a wedded pair, e.g. ~child, -son, -daughter, &c.

step'ney, n. (pl. -neys), extra rim and tire formerly carried on motor-car to be attached to wheel whose tire has collapsed.

steppe, n. level treeless plain.

stereo-, *pref.* solid. stereog'raphy, n. the delineation of solid forms on plane surface. ster'eoscope, n. optical apparatus by which two views of something taken at slightly different angles are combined into one picture. stereoscop'ic, a. ster'eotype, n. printing-plate cast from a mould of set-up type; v.t. make stereotypes; print from stereotypes; (fig.) fix the form permanently; (p.p.) conventional, unvarying.

ster'ile (or -il), a. barren, unproductive; not bearing seed; (Med.) sterilised. steril'ity, n. ster'ilise, v.t. (-sable), rid of microbes, &c. by boiling or other means.

ster'ling, a. (of money and gold and silver) of the standard British value; (of character &c.) sound, genuine; of solid worth.

stern¹, a. enforcing obedience; harsh; severe.

stern², n. ship's or boat's hinder end; rump; tail. ~most, a. nearest to stern. ~ sheets, space in boat between stern and rowers' thwarts.

ster'num, n. (pl. -na), the breast-bone.

stertorous, a. (of breathing) laboured and noisy.

stet, direction on proof-sheet to printer to disregard a correction.

steth'oscope, n. instrument making patient's heart-action and other internal sounds audible to user. stethoscop'ic, a.

stet'son, n. slouch hat worn by American soldiers.

steve'dore, n. man employed in ship-loading.

stew¹, v.t. & i. cook by long simmering in vessel with little liquid; sweat or swelter in hot close atmosphere; (sl.) swot. n. dish of stewed meat; (sl.) acute apprehension. stewed, a. (sl.) drunk.

stew², n. tank or pond for storing live fish.

stew'ard, n. person paid to manage another's estate or house, or to cater for some society or ship; official managing an entertainment, meeting, or show. ~ess, n. (esp.) female attendant in passenger ship. ~ship, n. (esp.) charge committed to one.

stick¹, v.t. & i. (stuck), stab or transfix; impale on spike, &c.; "cheat"; thrust point of (needle, &c.) into; remain stuck in; keep position as if rooted or embedded; adhere to something; attach or fasten with glue, &c.; remain constant to a person, purpose, &c.; (colloq.) put up with.

stick², n. thin wooden rod serving various purposes; rod-shaped piece of chocolate, sealing-wax, or the like; (colloq.) stiff or shy or dull person. ~-insect, any insect of the family *Phasmidae*, from its resemblance to branches or twigs of trees.

stick'lac, n. lac in its natural state of incrustation on twigs.

stic'kleback (-kelb-), n. small spiny-backed fish.

stick'ler, n. person who particularly insists on the importance of accuracy, discipline, &c.

stick'y, a. tending to stick or adhere to things.

stiff, *a.* hard to bend or mould, not soft; difficult to achieve or perform; (of limb, &c.) aching owing to previous exertions; cold or formal in manner. stiff-necked, stubborn, mulish. stiff'en, *v.t.* & *i.*

sti'fle, *v.t.* & *i.* smother; cause difficulty of breathing or feeling of oppression or constraint to; feel such oppression.

sti'fle, *n.* horse's joint between hip and hock.

stig'ma, *n.* moral spot or stain or brand; (pl. -ata) marks corresponding to Christ's wounds; (Anat., &c., pl. -s, -ata) kinds of small spot or orifice on or in surface. **stig'matize**, *v.t.* (-zable) cast imputation at; describe opprobriously as.

stile, *n.* set of steps or posts to enable persons to pass over a fence, wall, &c.; upright timber of door or window.

stilett'o, *n.* (pl. -os), small dagger; seamstress's eyelet-pricker.

still, *n.* apparatus for distilling spirits, &c. ~-room, housekeeper's room in large house.

still, *a.* motionless; hushed; undisturbed by movement or noise. *n.* a hushed state; interval of quiet. *v.t.* quiet, calm; lull to rest. *adv.* nevertheless, for all that. ~-born, born dead. ~ life, fruit or furniture or the like as painting subjects. **stil'ly** *a.* without sound.

stilt, *n.* one of a pair of poles with brackets raising walker's feet several inches above the ground. **stil'ted**, *a.* high-flown or bombastic (of style).

Stil'ton, *n.* kind of cheese.

stim'ulant, *a.* producing transient increase of vital energy. *n.* a stimulant drug or food.

stim'ulate, *v.t.* (-lable), apply stimulus to; spur to action or increased vigour. ~tion, ~tor *n.*; ~tive, *a.*

stim'ulus, *n.* (pl. -li), rousing influence; thing that evokes activity in tissues, &c.

sti'my *n.* (Golf) player's position with opponent's ball obstructing his put. **stim'ied** (-mid) *a.*

sting, *n.* tubular point with which poison is injected by bee or nettle or the like; wound, puncture, or pain produced by it; any acute bodily or mental pain; pungency. *v.t.* & *i.* (stung), puncture with sting; cause sharp pain to; wound the feelings of; be pungent; (of bodily part) feel acute pain; (sl.) cheat. **sting'er**, *n.* (esp. colloq.) smart blow, sharp frost. **stin'gy** (-jĭ), meanly averse to spending; niggardly.

stink, *v.i.* (stank or stunk; stunk), have foul or nasty smell. *n.* foul or nasty smell; (pl., sl.) chemistry or natural science as subject of study. ~wood, (S. Afr. & Austral.) name given to various trees the wood of which has an unpleasant odour; the wood of any of these trees.

stint, *v.t.* supply on a niggardly scale; keep so supplied. *n.* limitation of supply or effort; allotted amount of work, &c.

sti'pend, *n.* a salary. **stipen'diary** (or sti-), *a.* receiving fixed pay. *n.* paid police magistrate.

stip'ple, *v.t.* & *i.* use dots instead of lines in engraving or painting or drawing. *n.* dotted work.

stip'ulate, *v.t.* & *i.* state to be part of one's terms. ~a'tion, *n.* a demand stated as condition of consent to an agreement.

stir, *v.t.* & *i.* cause motion in; set or keep moving; excite, rouse, touch the feelings of. *n.* slight motion seen or heard after stillness; act of stirring; liveliness or display of interest on the part of many people.

sti'rrup, *n.* rider's foot-rest.

stitch, *n.* acute pain in side induced by running, &c.; single pass of needle, or the work effected by it, in sewing or crochet or the like. *v.t.* & *i.* sew. ~wort, a plant.

stith'y (-dhĭ), *n.* anvil, forge.

stra'ddle, v.t. & i. separate (one's feet or legs) laterally; stand or sit across with straddled legs. n. act or attitude of straddling.

strafe (-ahf, -af), v.t. (mil. sl.) worry with shells, bombs, sniping, &c.; reprimand or thrash.

stra'ggle, v.i. lack compactness; be or move in loose irregular order, stray or lag behind.

straight (-āt), a. without curve or angle; not curved or crooked; (of objects) in a straight line with or parallel or perpendicular to; correctly placed or in proper order; going direct to the mark; honest or candid. adv. in a straight line; direct; with good aim. ~arm, straightforward thrust. ~forward, devoid of guile or complexity. ~ ticket, party programme without modification. ~way, immediately. straighten (-āt-), v.t. & i.

strain¹, n. a breed or stock.

strain², v.t. & i. stretch tightly; make taut or tense; injure by over-exertion or exacting too much; wrest from true meaning; hold in tight embrace. (p.p.) forced or fastidious; strain one's muscles or faculties; tug at; come near breaking under pressure; pass (liquid) through strainer. n. condition of a body subject to stress; severe demand upon person or thing; injury due to such demand; (pl.) music or verse of specified tendency; (sing.) tone or tendency in speech or writing. strain'er, n. (esp.) appliance through which liquid is poured to be cleared of matter suspended in it.

strait, a. narrow; strict. n. narrow water-passage connecting two seas or large bodies of water; (pl.) ill-supplied state, need, difficulty. ~laced, over-scrupulous; puritanical. strait'en, v.t. restrict, confine (arch.); reduce to straits.

strand¹, n. land along sea or other water. v.t. & i. run aground; (p.p., fig.) in difficulties.

strand², n. one of the strings or wires twisted round each other to make a rope.

strange (-j), a. foreign, alien, unfamiliar or not known (to); surprising; eccentric.

stra'nger (-j-), n. person in a place or company that he does not belong to; person strange to some one or to something; used as voc. for sir, &c.

strangle (străng'gl), v.t. kill by squeezing the windpipe.

strangulate (-ngg-), v.t. (-lable), prevent circulation through (vein, intestine) by compression. ~tion, n. strangling.

strap, n. strip of leather or other material, esp. one fitted with a buckle to serve as a band. v.t. secure with strap; apply strapping to; thrash with strap. strapp'ing, a. stalwart; tall and strong; n. (esp.) adhesive plaster in strips for surgical use; a flogging.

strappa'do, n. (pl. -os), torture in which victim was let fall from a beam to the distance allowed by the rope attaching him to it. v.t. subject to this.

strata. See stratum.

strat'agem, n. device for deceiving the enemy; a clever plan.

strat'egy, n. the art of war, esp. the part of it concerned with the conduct of campaigns. strate'gic, -al (or -ē-) aa. of, dictated by serving the ends of, strategy. strat'egist, n. expert in strategy.

strath, n. Scotch river-valley. ~spey' (-ā), a Scotch dance.

strat'ify, v.t. & i. (-fiable), form into strata. ~fication, n.

stra'tum, n. (Geol.; pl. -ta), layer of deposited matter forming part of earth's crust (also fig.).

stra'tus, n. (pl. -ti), low horizontal sheet of cloud.

straw, n. dry cut stalks of grain as material; single stalk of this; straw hat. ~berry, wild and garden fruit or the plant bearing it. ~-boss, assistant foreman.

straw'y, a. of flavour of inferior eggs and tea.

stray, v.i. go astray *from* (the track, flock, virtue, &c.), wander aimlessly. n. strayed beast or child. (Wireless, usu. in pl.) atmospherics. a. strayed; sporadic or isolated.

streak, n. irregular line or band, esp. one distinguishable by colour; (fig.) strain or element in character. v.t. mark with streaks. streak'y a.

stream, n. body of running water; moving mass or crowd; large quantity of something that moves along. v.i. flow out or along; run with liquid; (of banner, &c.) be blown out horizontally. stream'er, n. pennon; ribbon attached at one end to float in wind. stream'let, n.

street, n. town or village road lined with houses.

strength, n. being strong; degree of strongness; number of persons present or available. streng'then, v.t. & i. add to the strength or number of; grow stronger.

stren'uous, a. making or requiring great exertions.

streptococ'cus, n. (pl. -ci pr. -kī) chaplet-shaped bacterial organism.

stress, n. pressure or tension or compulsion; emphasis, accent. v.t. lay stress on; emphasize.

stretch, v.t. & i. make taut; increase the length or size of by tension; undergo such increase; exert to the utmost; misrepresent by exaggeration; reach out (one's hand, legs, &c.); be of specified extent, run or be spread out in specified direction. n. act of stretching; expanse or tract; spell. stretch'er, n. (esp.) hand-barrow on which disabled person can be laid and carried; board in boat for rower to steady his feet against.

strew (-ōō), v.t. (p.p. strewn, strewed), scatter (sand, &c.) over a surface; spread (surface) with sand, &c.

stri'a, n. (pl. -ae) slight score or ridge on a surface. stri'ated, a. marked with striae. stria'tion, n. making or possession or arrangement of striae.

stricken. See strike.

strick'le, n. rod used in strike-measure.

strict, a. precisely defined or limited; requiring implicit obedience without deviation.

stric'ture, n. (usu. in pl.), comment(s) of a critical or censorious kind; (Med.) constricted state of a duct.

stride, v.i. & t. (strōde; -dden) walk with long steps; traverse in one step; bestride or stand astride of. n. single walking or running step; gait in regard to length of stride.

stri'dent, a. of loud harsh sound.

strife, n. quarrels, hostilities.

strike, v.i. & t. (past *struck*; p.p. struck and arch. *stricken*, -ken), hit; deliver blows (lit. or fig.); propel with blow; come sharply into contact with; dash against or on something; make (coin, medal) by stamping; agree on (bargain); enter the mind or rouse the attention of; extract (fire, spark) by percussion; ignite (match) by rubbing; take down or remove (flag, sail, tent); put oneself into (an attitude); (of clock) sound the time, (of hour &c.) be sounded; (of workmen) go on strike; lower flag in sign of surrender; take root. n. concerted refusal of workmen to work till higher wages are paid or some grievance is remedied; (*general* ~, strike by workmen of all or most trades with a view of securing some common object; *sympathetic* ~, strike by unaggrieved trade to give moral support to aggrieved one on strike); *(bowling or ninepins) levelling all the pins with one bowl; *(Baseball) batsman's actual hitting of, or attempt to hit, pitched ball; (oil) sudden success at finding petroleum.

&c., or in financial operation. ~-breakers, outsiders got in to replace strikers. ~-measure, measuring of grain, &c. by passing rod across top of heaped vessel to ensure its being full and no more. ~-pay, subsistence money paid to strikers by trade-union. strick'en, p.p. & adj. smitten with disease or burdens or grief; far gone in years. stri'ker, n. (esp.) workman on strike.

string, n. twine or fine cord; a length of this or some other material serving to tie or attach or work something; one of the stretched pieces of cord or catgut or wire producing the notes of musical instruments; set of *things threaded on a string*; set of things, &c., coming successively (*first, second*, ~), competitor &c. relied on in this order. v.t. & i. (*strung*) thread on a string; put (facts, &c.) together; bring (person, &c.) to state of tension; put a stringed instrument in tune; provide with strings. stringed (-ngd), a. (of musical instrument) provided with strings.

strin'gent (-j-), a. strict, binding, precise; leaving no discretion. strin'gency (-j-), n.

strin'gy (-ngi), a. fibrous, like string.

strip, v.t. & i. remove clothes or covering *from*; dismantle, deprive of covering or belongings; put off one's clothes. n. long narrow piece of something.

stripe, n. long narrow band differing in colour or texture from the surface on either side; (Mil.) N.C.O.'s chevron (pl., esp. of lowest grade); (usu. pl.) a blow with scourge; flogging. striped (-pt), a.

strip'ling, n. youth whose frame has not yet filled out.

strive, v.i. (*strove, striven*), try hard, struggle; engage in strife with; contend against.

strode, p.t. of stride.

stroke, n. blow, shock given by blow; sudden favourable turn of luck; movement of a *recurrent* or regulated kind; (the oarsman nearest the stern who sets the stroke; the sound of a clock's bell; sweep of the pen or pencil or brush, mark left by it. v.t. (-ōkd), pass the hand gently along (hair, hand, &c.); act as stroke to crew.

stroll, v.i. walk leisurely along; rove from place to place. n. short leisurely walk. stroll'er, n. (esp.) strolling actor.

strong (in stronger -ngg-, &c., -ngg-), a. having power of resistance; tough, firm, healthy; muscular; powerful in numbers or resources; having any quality in a *great* degree; energetic, decided, vigorous. ~-box, -room, box or room of special strength for keeping valuables. ~-hold, fortress or citadel.

strop, n. appliance for sharpening razors; (Naut.) band of rope or iron round pulley. v.t. sharpen on strop.

stro'phe, n. ~ and antistrophe, two sections of an ancient-Gk. choric ode answering metrically to each other.

strove, p.t. of strive.

struck, p.t. & p.p. of strike.

struc'ture, n. way in which things hold together; the supporting framework or essential parts of a building or any complex whole. struc'tural (-cher-), a. (esp.) of the essential framework.

strug'gle, v.i. throw the limbs about in violent effort to get free; make one's way with difficulty; make great efforts under difficulties. n. spell of struggling; effort under difficulties; hard contest.

strum, v.t. & i. play tune, &c. monotonously on piano, &c. n. strumming sound.

strum'pet, n. prostitute.

strung, p.t. & p.p. of string.

strut, n. bar forming part of a framework; strutting gait. v.t. & i. walk in stiff pompous way;

strengthen or support (framework) with strut.
strych'nine (-ĭk-, or -ēn) n. poisonous alkaloid used in small doses as nerve-stimulant.
stub, n. stump of tree, tooth, &c., remaining rooted; fag-end of cigar, pencil, &c. v.t. rid (ground) of stubs; dig (root, &c.) up.
stub'ble, n. stumps of grain left sticking in ground.
stubb'y a. short and stiff.
stubb'orn, a. unyielding; not docile or amenable to control.
stucc'o, n. (pl. -os), kinds of plaster for facing walls. v.t. face with stucco.
stuck, p.t. & p.p. of stick.
stud¹, n. projecting nail-head or similar knob on a surface; post to which laths are nailed; removable double-headed button for two or more button-holes. v.t. set with or as with studs.
stud², n. number of horses kept for breeding, racing, &c.
stud'ding, n. wood, lath and plaster, &c., of partitions.
stu'dent, n. person undergoing instruction in some branch of learning; person of studious habits; a bookish person.
stu'dio, n. (pl. -os), artist's workroom; room in which cinema or broadcast items are performed.
stu'dious, a. given to study or reading; attentive to; careful.
stud'y n. acquiring of information, esp. from books; pursuit of some branch of knowledge; meditation; piece of work, esp. in painting, done as practice or experiment; room used for literary work or owner's private business. v.t. & i. (-died) make an object of study; devote time and thought to understanding (subject, &c.); scrutinize. (p.p.) deliberate or intentional.
stuff, n. material; substance or things of uncertain kind or inferior quality; woollen fabric. v.t. & i. pack tightly or cram into; block up; eat greedily; overeat oneself; (colloq.) gull or hoax. stuff'ing, n. (esp.) seasoning used in stuffing meat, &c., padding of furniture, &c. stuff'y a. lacking ventilation; close or oppressive or fusty; (sl.) angry.
stul'tify v.t. (-fied), exhibit in ridiculous light; undo the work or effect of. ~fication, n.
stum'ble, v.i. lurch forward, have partial fall; be checked in speech; (with at) feel scruples or doubts about; (with upon) come across unexpectedly. n. act of stumbling. stumbling block, circumstance causing difficulty or hesitation.
stu'mer, n. (sl.) worthless cheque; counterfeit coin or note.
stump, n. part of a felled or fallen tree that remains projecting from the ground; remnant of something; any of the three uprights of a cricket wicket; wooden leg; (pl., colloq.) legs. v.i. & t. walk on, or as on, wooden legs; (of wicket-keeper) put out batsman while he is out of his ground; (of question, &c.) be too hard for, embarrass. stump'er, (sl.) wicket-keeper. stump'y a. thickset.
stun, v.t. knock senseless; overwhelm or stupefy by shock. stunn'ing, a., stunn'er, n. (sl.) amazingly good, first-class (specimen).
stung, p.t. & p.p. of sting.
stunk, p.t. & p.p. of stink.
stunt¹ v.t. check growth of. (p.p.) undersized or ill-developed.
stunt², n. (sl.) special effort or display; esp. aerobatics.
stupe, n. (Med.) pledget or fomentation-flannel.
stu'pefy v.t. (-fied), dull the wits or senses of. stupefac'tion, n.
stupen'dous, a. amazing; of vast size or importance.
stu'pid, a. unintelligent; uninteresting. stupid'ity n.
stu'por n. dazed or torpid state; utter amazement.
stur'dy a. not easily knocked down or pushed aside; strong; of independent character.
stur'geon (-jn), n. kinds of large edible fish.

stut'ter, v.i. & t. speak with checks at and repetitions of certain sounds; utter thus.

sty¹ n. (pl. -ies) enclosure in which pigs are kept; filthy room or dwelling.

sty² n. (pl. -ies) inflamed swelling on edge of eyelid.

Sty'gian, a. of or as of Styx or Hades; murky.

style¹ n. (Bot.) narrowed extension of ovary bearing stigma.

style² n. pointed rod with which the ancients wrote on wax-coated tablet; pen or pencil; style-shaped implement; manner of writing, speaking, &c.; mode of address, shape or make or appearance of a garment or vehicle or the like. v.t. describe by specified term or designation. **sty'lish**, a. in the prevailing fashion; well-appointed. **sty'list**, n. writer or other artist intent rather on style than matter. **stylis'tic**, a. **sty'lograph** (-ahf), colloq. **sty'lo** (pl. -os), reservoir pen. **stylograph'ic**, a.

styp'tic, a. that checks bleeding. n. a styptic substance.

suasion (swā'zhn), n. reasoning or advice as incentive.

suave (sw-), a. bland, polite; of soft flavour. **suav'ity** (sw-), n.

sub¹, n. (colloq.) subaltern; subscription; substitute.

sub² L. prep. = under, used esp. in: **sub ju'dice** (joo-), under judicial consideration, still to be decided. **~ ro'sa** (-z-), in confidence, under pledge of secrecy. **~ silen'tio** (-shi-), tacitly, in secret fashion. **~ vo'ce** (abbr. s.v.), in the article on that or a specified word.

sub-, pref. denoting inferiority of rank or defect of quality; below, under; deputy.

subahdar' (soobə-), (Anglo-Ind.) n. chief native officer of company of Sepoys.

subac'id, a. slightly acid.

sub'altern, n. commissioned officer of lower rank than captain.

subaq'ueous, a. below water.

subaudi'tion, n. mental supplying of what in sense is taken to be implied, though not expressed.

subclass', n. subdivision of a class.

subconscious (-shus), a. partially or imperfectly conscious.

subcontract'or, n. contractor under a previous contractor.

subcutā'neous, a. below the skin.

subdivide', v.t. & i. divide further. **~divi'sion** (-zhn), n. subdividing; one of the parts resulting.

subdue', v.t. (-uable), get the upper hand of; tame; soften, tone down. **subdu'al**, n.

subed'itor, n. assistant editor of a newspaper or other literary undertaking. **~ship**, n. **subed'it**, v.t. act as sub-editor of.

subja'cent, a. situated below.

sub'ject¹, a. under government; politically dependent; owing obedience to; liable or exposed or prone to. adv. (with *to*) conditionally upon; on the assumption of. n. person subject to political rule; member of a State or of a subject State; (Gram.) thing about which something is predicated; theme of discussion, description, &c.; person of such-and-such proclivities.

subject'², v.t. subdue; expose, render liable; submit to. **subjec'tion**, n.

subjec'tive, a. relating to the subject as opposed to the object; (pop.) imaginary; (of art and artists) expressing the artist's point of view rather than transcribing external realities. **subjec'tivism**, n. doctrine that all knowledge is subjective only and incapable of objective proof. **subjectiv'ity**, n.

subjoin', v.t. add at the end.

sub'jugate (-joo-), v.t. (-gable), bring into subjection. **~tion**, n.

subjunc'tive, **~ mood**, a. & n. a mood named as being common in subordinate or dependent clauses.

sublease', n. letting to another party of what the lessor himself holds on lease. **sublet'** v.t. let to another person.

sŭb'limate[1], n. product of sublimation. sŭb'limate[2] v.t. (-atable), subject to or produce by sublimation (rare exc. in p.p.). sŭblimā'tion, n. process of converting a substance by heat into vapour and allowing this to solidify; also used fig. of emotions, &c.

sublime, a. exalted; surpassing; so impressive as to inspire awe or wonder. v.t. (-mable), make sublime, subject to or extract by sublimation.

sublim'inal, a. (Psychol.) of sensations) present without being consciously apprehended.

sublim'ity, n. being sublime.

sublu'nary (-lōō-) a. merely terrestrial, of this world.

sŭb'marine (-ēn) a. below sea. n. submersible boat, esp. for torpedo work.

submerge' v.t. & i. (of water, &c.) cover the whole of, contain below the surface; (of submarine, &c.) sink; (p.p., fig.) plunged in debt or want. submer'gence, n.

submerse' (-st), a. put or growing under water. ~sible, a.; ~sibility, n.; ~sion, n.

submi'ssion (-shn) n. submitting; theory &c. submitted. ~ive, a. unresisting, meek, tractable.

submit' v.t. & i. accept without resistance; give way, yield; present for consideration; represent.

subnorm'al, a. below normal.

subord'inate[1] a. of inferior importance or rank. n. person working under another. subord'inate[2] v.t. (-nable), treat or regard as subordinate. ~tion, n. subordinate state. ~tive, a.

suborn' v.t. induce to commit perjury or other crime. ~ā'tion, n.

subpoe'na (-pēn-), n. writ commanding person's attendance in court of justice.

subscribe v.t. & i. (-bable), sign (one's name or a document), express adhesion to, contribute to fund or object. subscri'ber, n.

sŭb'script, a. written below

subscrip'tion, n. subscribing; share or sum subscribed.

sŭb'sequent, a. coming after, posterior to. sŭb'sequence, n.

subserve' v.t. (-vable), serve as means towards. ~vience, n. ~vient, a. conducive as means to; obsequious.

subside' v.i. fall to the bottom, sink to normal level; cave in, settle down lower in ground or water; abate, die away; fall silent. sŭb'sidence, n.

subsid'iary a. serving to help or supplement, not of primary importance; supplementary to.

sŭb'sidize, v.t. (-zable), pay subsidy to, support by subsidies.

sŭb'sidy n. money grant to sovereign, or to another State in return for support; money grant from State to private concerns held to be of public utility or to meet urgent necessities.

subsist' v.t. & i. exist, support life, find sustenance for. ~ence, n. subsisting; what one lives on or by.

sŭb'soil, n. stratum of earth just below surface.

sŭb'stance, n. the essence or most important part of anything, gist, purport, matter; reality; solidity, actual possessions.

substan'tial (-shl) a. having substance; not illusory, not inconsiderable; not of doubtful credit.

substan'tiate (-shi-), v.t. (-tiable), give good grounds for (charge, statement). ~tion, ~tor nn.

sŭb'stantive, a. expressing existence; having separate existence, not subsidiary. n. noun. substantī'val, a.

sŭb'stitute, n. person or thing performing some function instead of another. v.t. (-tutable), put in exchange (for). ~tion, ~tor, nn.

substra'tum, n. lower layer, basis.

substruc'tion, n. vaults or other masonry &c. serving as foundation. sŭb'structure, n. an underbuilding; a foundation, basement.

subtĕn'ant, n. tenant holding of a tenant. ~ancy, n.
subtend' v.t. (of line) be opposite (angle, arc)
sub'terfuge, n. evasion, esp. in argument or excuse.
subterrā'nean, a. underground.
sub'title, n. secondary title of a book, &c.
subtle, subtil (sŭt'l), a. pervasive by tenuity; baseless; hard to analyse or apprehend; ingeniously minute. sub'tilize (-īz), v.t. subtlety, subtility (sŭt'lti), n. subtleness; a fine distinction.
subtract' v.t. deduct (part, quantity, number) from, esp. with a view to ascertaining the remainder. ~ion, n. (esp.) subtracting process. ~or, n. sub'trahend, n. what is to be subtracted in a subtraction sum.
sub'urb, n. outlying district of city. subur'ban, a.
subven'tion, n. grant of money in aid of an institution, &c.
subver'sion (-shn), n. subverting. ~ive, a. tending to subversion.
subvert' v.t. effect destruction or overthrow of (religion, &c.)
sub'way, n. underground passage, esp. for foot-passengers; *underground railway
succeed' (-ks-), v.i. & t. come next after and take the place of; be successor to; inherit; attain one's purpose.
success' (-ks-), n. favourable issue; attainment of one's object, prosperity; person or thing that turns out well. ~ful, a.
succe'ssion (suksĕshn), n. a following in order; series of things in succession; right of succeeding to, esp. a throne. ~ive, a. following in succession; running. ~or, n. person or thing succeeding to another.
succinct' (-ks-), a. (arch. of clothes or wearer) girded up; (of style, &c.) terse, brief.
*succ'otash, n. beans and Indian corn boiled together
succour (-kêr), v.t. come to the assistance of. n. aid given at time of need.
succ'ulent, a. juicy, thick and fleshy. succ'ulence, n.
succumb' (-m), v.i. be vanquished; give way to; die.
such, a. of the kind or degree indicated by the context or circumstances. pron. that; the action, &c. referred to; other such things. ~-and-such, (a) certain. ~as (arch.), all who. ~like (vulg.), a. of such kind; pron. other such things.
suck, v.t. & i. draw (milk, liquid) into the mouth; imbibe or gain (knowledge); roll the tongue about, squeeze in the mouth (sweets, &c.); use sucking action. n. act or spell or process of sucking; (school sl.) (pl.) sweets, (sing. or in pl. as excl.) a sell. ~-in, (sl.) a sell. sucking-pig, unweaned pig.
suck'er, n. (esp.) shoot springing from plant's root beside and not from the stem; organ in animals or part of apparatus adapted for adhering by suction to surfaces; pump-piston; *(sl.) simpleton, greenhorn.
suck'le, v.t. feed (young) from breast or udder.
suck'ling, n. unweaned child or other mammal.
suc'tion, n. sucking; removal of atmospheric pressure from any interior space so as to allow the pressure to act externally.
sudd, n. vegetable matter obstructing the White Nile.
sudd'en, a. occurring unexpectedly or without warning; abrupt, hurried.
sudorif'ic, a. promoting or secreting sweat. n. a sudorific drug.
Sud'ra (sōō-), n. lowest of four great Hindu castes.
suds (-z), n.pl. soap-froth.
sue, v.t. & i. (-suable), prosecute in court; make petition to.
suède (swād), n. undressed kid-skin.
su'et, n. fat enclosing kidneys of ox, &c.

sŭff'er, *v.t.* & *i.* undergo, be subjected to, pain or damage or punishment; allow to go on. **~ance**, *n.* tacit consent; abstention from objection. **~ing**, *n.* what one has to endure.

suffice', *v.i.* & *t.* (-cible), be enough; meet the needs of. **suffi'ciency** (-shn-), *n.* enough of something; a competence. **suffi'cient** (-shnt) *a.* sufficing, enough of.

sŭff'ix[1] *n.* letter or syllable(s) appended in word-formation. **suffix'**[2] *v.t.* append thus.

sŭff'ocāte, *v.t.* & *i.* (-cable), kill by stopping respiration; impede breath or utterance of; gasp for breath. **suffocā'tion**, *n.*

sŭff'ragan, *n.* assistant bishop in charge of part of diocese. *a.* (of see or bishop) subordinate.

sŭff'rage, *n.* (usu. pl.) intercessory petition(s) in liturgy; vote; right of voting at elections. **suffragĕtte'**, *n.* woman who agitated for woman suffrage. **suff'ragist**, *n.* advocate of extending the franchise, esp. to women.

suffūse' (-z), *v.t.* (of liquid, hue, blush, tears, &c.) spread as from within over the surface of. **suffū'sion** (-zhn), *n.*

sū'fi (sōō-), *n.* Mohammedan pantheist.

su'gar (shŏŏ-), *n.* kinds of sweet crystalline substance for use in cookery, &c.; flattery; (Chem.) kinds of soluble sweet fermentable carbohydrate. *v.t.* & *i.* sweeten or coat with sugar; (U.S. & Canada) make maple-sugar. **~cane**, grass yielding sugar. **~loaf**, conical mass of refined sugar. **~plum**, sweetmeat. **su'gary** (shŏŏ-), *a.*

suggĕst' (suj-), *v.t.* cause (idea) to present itself; give a hint or inkling of; propose for acceptance. **~ible**, *a.* (esp.) open to hypnotic suggestion. **~ibility** *n.* **suggestion** (sujes'chon), *n.* suggesting; theory or plan suggested; suggesting of prurient ideas. **suggĕs'tive** (suj-), *a.* full of suggestion; suggesting the idea of; suggesting prurient ideas.

sū'icīde, *n.* self-murderer; self-murder. **suici'dal**, *a.*

suit (sūt) *n.* suing, petition, seeking of woman's hand; prosecution of claim in law-court; any of the four sets into which pack of cards is divided; set of clothes; set of pyjamas or armour or sails. *v.t.* & *i.* adapt (or make appropriate to; (*p.p.*) well fitted; meet the requirements of; agree with, comport with; be convenient. **~case**, travelling bag.

suit'able (sūt-), *a.* suited to or for, fitted for the purpose. **~bility** *n.*

suite (swēt), *n.* retinue; set of rooms, furniture, &c.; set of dance-tunes.

suit'or (sūt-), *n.* wooer; plaintiff or petitioner in suit.

sŭlk, *v.i.* be sulky. *n.pl.* sulky fit or state. **sŭl'ky** *a.* silent or inactive or unsociable from resentment or ill temper.

sŭll'age, *n.* filth, refuse.

sŭll'en, *a.* passively resentful; unforgiving, ill-humoured.

sŭll'y *v.t.* (-liable), soil, tarnish; be a stain on; discredit.

sŭl'phāte, *n.* a salt of sulphuric acid. **sŭl'phīde**, *n.* compound of sulphur with element or radical. **sŭl'phīte**, *n.* salt of sulphurous acid.

sŭlphō'nal, *n.* a hypnotic drug.

sŭl'phur (-er), *n.* pale-yellow non-metallic element burning with blue flame and stifling smell; kinds of sulphur-coloured butterfly. *v.t.* treat with sulphur. **sŭl'phurāte**, *v.t.* impregnate with sulphur. **sulphur'eous**, *a.* of or like sulphur. **sŭlphurĕtt'ed**, *a.* having sulphur in combination. **sulphū'ric**, *a.* combining sulphur in its higher combining proportion. **sŭl'phurous**, *a.* containing sulphur in its lower combining proportion.

sŭl'tan, *n.* Mohammedan sovereign. **sulta'na** (-tah-), *n.* sultan's wife; kind of seedless raisin. **sŭl'tanate**, *n.* sultanship.

sul'try, a. hot and close.

sum, n. total resulting from addition of items; summary; particular amount of money; an arithmetical problem. v.t. & i. collect into or express as one total; (with up) set out arguments on both sides, gather up in review.

sum'marize, v.t. (-zable), make or be a summary of.

summ'ary, a. dispensing with details or formalities; done with dispatch. n. brief account; résumé, epitome.

summa'tion, n. finding of total.

summ'er, n. second or hot season. v.i. & t. pass (the summer); pasture (cattle) for the summer. ~ time, that indicated by clocks advanced in summer by one hour to prolong use of daylight.

summ'er, n. large beam or stone serving as lintel or base of arch or the like.

summersault. See somersault.

summ'it, n. highest point, top (esp. of mountain, or fig. of ambition, fortune, &c.).

summ'on, v.t. send for; demand the presence of (a person, esp. witness or defendant) appear; convoke; demand surrender of; muster up courage, &c., to do. summ'ons (-nz), n. (pl. -ses), authoritative call to attend or do something; citation to answer in court; v.t. serve with summons.

‖ sum'mum bo'num, n. the chief good.

sump, n. pit or well for reception of superfluous water &c.

sum'pitan (-an), n. blow-gun made by Malays from a hollowed cane, from which poisoned arrows are shot.

sump'ter, n. pack (~-horse, ~-mule, &c.).

sump'tuary, a. regulating expenditure (of laws against luxury).

sump'tuous, a. of costly richness.

sun, n. the heavenly body that the earth travels round and receives light and warmth from; such light or warmth; any fixed star with satellites. v.t. & i. expose to sun; sun oneself. ~-bath, exposure of naked body to sun. ~-bathe, take sun-bath. ~-beam, ray of sun. ~-blind, external window-shade. ~-dew, small bog-plant. ~-dog, parhelion. ~-down, sunset. ~-downer (Austral.) tramp who times his arrival for the evening; (S.-Afr.) drink at sundown. ~-fish, a fish of large globular kind. ~-flower, plant with large golden-rayed flowers. ~-parlour, a room with windows on three sides, so arranged as to get sun at all hours. ~-rise, (moment of) sun's rising. ~-set, (moment of) sun's setting. ~-shade, parasol. ~-shine, sunlight, area illuminated by it; cheerfulness or bright influence. ~-spot, one of the dark patches sometimes observed on sun's surface. ~-stroke, acute prostration from excessive heat of weather.

*sun'dae (-dā), n. ice cream served with crushed fruit or syrup.

Sun'day (-dĭ), n. first day of the week. ~-school, held on Sunday for religious teaching.

sun'der, v.t. sever.

sun'dry, a. divers, several. n. (in pl. only) oddments; items that need not be specified.

sung, p.t. & p.p. of sing.

sunk, p.t. & p.p. of sink.

sunn, ~-hemp, n. E.-Ind. hemp-like fibre.

sunn'y, a. bright with or as sunlight; diffusing cheerfulness.

‖ sunnya'sa, -yasi (-ăsĭ), n. Brahmin in the fourth stage of his life wandering fakir or religious mendicant.

sup, v.t. & i. drink by sips. n. mouthful of liquid.

sup, v.i. take supper; make one's supper off or on specified food.

su'per, n. (sl.) supernumerary actor. a. (of fact, yards, &c.) superficial or in square measure; (shop) superfine.

superann'uate, v.t. (-uable), dis-

miss or discard as too old send into retirement with a pension. superannua'tion, n.

superb' (soo-, su-), a. of the most impressive or exalted kind.

su'percargo, n. (pl. -oes), person in merchant ship managing sales, &c. of cargo.

supercil'iary, a. of the brows, over the eye. supercil'ious (-yus), a. exhibiting contemptuous indifference; insolently nonchalant.

supereroga'tion, n. doing of more than duty requires. supererog'atory a.

superfi'cial (-shl), a. of or on the surface only without depth. superficial'ity (-shi-) n.

superfi'cies (-shiez) n. a surface, esp. with reference to its area.

su'perfine, a. affecting great refinement; of extra quality.

superflu'ity (-loo-), n. superfluous amount; what is over.

super'fluous (soopĕrflŏŏ-), a. not needed; more than enough.

superhu'man, a. more than human.

superincum'bent, a. lying on the top of something.

superinduce', v.t. (-cible) bring on (sleep, &c.) by external influence.

superintend' v.t. & i. arrange and oversee the working of. ~ence, n. ~ent, n. official manager.

supe'rior (soo-) a. higher in place, upper; better in some respect; superior to the average; inaccessible to temptation, adversity &c. n. person superior to one in rank or in some quality, head of monastery &c. superio'rity (-ŏ-) n.

super'lative (soo-), a. of the highest degree. (Gram.) ~ *degree* the adj. and adv. forms expressing the highest or a very high degree. n. the superlative degree or form; a word in the superlative.

su'perman, n. (pl. -men), the ideal man, superior to moral restrictions, of Nietzsche. ~man'like, a. superior to earthly things.

super'nal, a. heavenly; divine.

supernat'ural (-chŏŏ-), a. due to or manifesting some agency above the forces of nature. ~ism, ~ist, nn. belief, believer in the existence of the supernatural.

supernu'merary a. in excess of the normal or necessary number. n. extra person.

superpose' (-z), v.t. lay (thing) on or upon another. superposi'tion, n. such laying.

superscrip'tion, n. inscription over something.

supersede' v.t. (-dable), appoint or adopt another person or thing in the place of; oust or take the place of. ~ses'sion (-shn), n. superseding.

supersti'tion, n. credulity regarding the supernatural; misdirected reverence. supersti'tious (-shus) a. marked by superstition.

su'perstructure, n. what rests on a foundation; a building in relation to its foundation.

su'pertax, n. tax on incomes above a certain amount levied in addition to ordinary income-tax.

supervene' v.i. occur as an interruption in or change from some state. ~ven'tion, n.

supervise' (-z) v.t. (-sable), oversee watch or direct the carrying on or work of. ~vi'sion (-zhn), n. su'pervisor (-z-), n. *(esp.) officer of elected board administering a township.

supine'[1] a. lying facing upwards; quiescent, indolent.

su'pine[2] n. Latin verbal noun used in special constructions.

sup'per, n. a meal taken late in the day.

supplant' (-ah-), v.t. oust, esp. by craft.

sup'ple, a. easily bent; flexible artfully compliant; adroit.

sup'plement, n. thing added to supply deficiencies, amplify previous account, &c.; an addition to the regular number of a periodical. supplement'[2] v.t. make additions to (information, &c.). supplemen'tal, ~ary aa.

sŭpp'liant, a. supplicating; expressive of supplication.
sŭpp'licāte, v.t. & i. (-cable), make humble petition to or for. sŭpplicā'tion, n. ~tory, a.
supply', v.t. furnish, provide; fill (place) as substitute. n. providing of what is needed; stock, store, (pl.) necessaries.
support', v.t. carry weight of; prop up, give strength to, encourage; endure, tolerate; supply with necessaries; lend assistance to. n. supporting or being supported; person or thing that supports. support'er, n.
suppose' (-z), v.t. (-sable), assume in default of knowledge; be inclined to think; (p.p.) reputed. sŭpposĭ'tion (-zĭ-), n. thing supposed, surmise. suppositi'tious (-zĭtish-), a. spurious.
suppŏs'itory (-z-), n. medicinal cone or cylinder placed in orifice to dissolve.
suppress', v.t. (-ible), put an end to the existence or activity of; avoid giving vent to; withhold from publication, keep secret. ~ion, ~or, nn.
‖ sŭppressio vĕ'ri, n. hiding of truth; tacit misrepresentation.
sŭpp'urāte, v.i. form pus, fester. sŭppurā'tion, n.
suprem'acy (sū-), n. being supreme; highest authority.
supreme' (sū-), a. highest in authority or rank; of the uttermost importance or merit.
sur'a (-ōō-), n. the fermented sap of various species of palm.
sur'a² (-ōō-), n. in Hindu demonology a good angel or genie.
sur'ah, n. kind of soft twilled, usu. one-coloured, silk.
surat' (-ōō-), n. kind of cotton grown in the Bombay Presidency; also coarse cotton goods usu. uncoloured.
surcease' (ser-), v.i. & n. (arch.) cease, cessation.
sûr'charge¹, n. extra load or charge; fine for under-stamping, &c.; expenditure reached as unauthorized and to be refunded.

surcharge'² (ser-), v.t. (-geable), overload; exact surcharge from; fine (person etc.) as surcharge.
sûr'cingle, n. band round a horse's body.
sûr'coat, n. (hist.) mantle worn over armour.
surd, a. & n., (Math.; also ~ number) root, irrational; (Phonet.; also ~ letter, sound), unvoiced letter or sound.
sure (shoor), a. having adequate reason for belief; convinced of; reliable, unfailing; faithful; certainly (arch.). ~ly, adv. with certainty. surety (shoor'tĭ), n. certainty (arch.), security; person who goes bail for another's appearance in court or payment of sum.
surf, n. foam of sea breaking on shore or rocks.
sûr'face (-ĭs), n. the outside of a body; outward aspect of material or immaterial thing. ~-car, electric street-car. ~man, workman keeping permanent way of railway in order.
sûr'feit (-fĭt), n. excess, esp. in food; satiety. v.t. & i. overfeed; satiate with, be satiated.
surge, v.i. move in or as in waves. n. surging motion; waves.
sûr'geon (-jn), n. person skilled in surgery; medical practitioner having diploma qualifying him to practise surgery. sûr'gery, n. manual treatment of injuries or disorders of the body; surgeon's consulting room; medical practitioner's dispensary. sûr'gical, a. of or by surgery; of surgeons.
sûr'icate (-ĭt), n. S.-Afr. animal resembling polecat and ferret.
surl'y, a. sour in manner; rudely unsociable; churlish.
‖ sur'ma (soor-), soor'ma, n. (E. Ind.) black powder consisting of sulphide of antimony or of lead, used by Indian women for staining the eyebrows and eyelids.
surmise (sermīz'), n. suspicion of the existence or nature of something. v.t. & i. (-sable), suspect the existence of; form surmise.

surmount' (ser-) *v.t.* overcome, get the better of, be on top of.

surmŭll'ĕt (ser-), *n.* red mullet.

sûr'nāme, *n.* the name common to all members of a family. *v.t.* (-nable) give (person) surname.

surpass' (serpahs'), *v.t.* outdo, excel. (part.) supereminent.

sûr'plĭce, *n.* loose white vestment worn by officiating clergy and choristers. **sûr'pliced** (-st) *a.*

sûr'plus, *n.* amount left over when requirements have been met. **sûr'plŭsage**, *n.* wasteful excess.

surprise (serprīz') *n.* catching of person(s) unprepared; emotion excited by the unexpected event, &c. exciting this. *v.t.* (-sable) capture by surprise; attack or come upon at unawares; astonish. **surprī'sing** (serprīz-), *a.* unlooked-for.

†surra (sŏŏ'ra, sŭ'ra), *n.* disease of horses and other domestic animals in India, China, and other countries.

surrĕn'der, *v.t.* & *i.* relinquish possession of, esp. to another upon his demand; give oneself up, cease from resistance. *n.* surrendering.

sŭrrĕptĭ'tious (-shus) *a.* done by stealth, underhand.

***sŭ'rrey**, *n.* kind of four-wheeled two-seated pleasure carriage or automobile.

sŭ'rrogate, *n.* deputy of bishop or his chancellor; *judge with jurisdiction over probate of wills, &c.

surround' *v.t.* come or be all round; encompass, environ. ~ings, *n.pl.* all that environs one.

sûr'tăx, *n.* additional tax.

sûr'tout (-ōō), *n.* overcoat.

surveill'ance (servāl-) *n.* watch kept on suspected person, &c.

survey' (servā'), *v.t.* take general view of, scan; determine the boundaries, size, position, &c. of country, estate, &c. **sûr'vey** (-vā), *n.* casting of eyes or mind over something; piece of land surveying. **survey'or** (servā'er), *n.* official inspector of; person who surveys land professionally.

survī'val (ser-) *n.* surviving; relic of the past.

survive (ser-) *v.t.* & *i.* (-vable), outlive; be still alive or existent. **survī'vor**, *n.*

sŭ'swĭn, *n.* (Anglo-Ind.) camel-driver.

suscĕp'tible, *a.* impressionable, touchy; admitting of; accessible or sensitive to. ~bility, *n.* **suscĕp'tive**, *a.* concerned with the receiving of emotional impressions.

sŭ'sĭ (sōō-), *n.* E. Ind. cotton fabric with stripes of different coloured silk.

suspĕct' *v.t.* have an impression of the existence or presence of; be inclined to think that; doubt the innocence or genuineness or truth of. *pred.a.* open to suspicion. *n.* suspected person.

suspĕnd' *v.t.* hang up; delay, put off; deprive of office for a time. **suspĕn'der**, *n.* (esp., *pl.*) *trouser braces; attachments holding up socks, &c.

suspĕnse' *n.* anxious uncertainty about some issue; undetermined state. ~sion, *n.* suspending. ~sive, ~sory, *aa.*

suspĭ'cion (-shn), *n.* feeling of one who suspects; partial or unconfirmed belief, esp. that something is wrong. **suspĭ'cious** (-shus), *a.* feeling or justifying suspicion; distrustful.

sustain' *v.t.* bear weight of, keep from falling; enable to last out, undergo, suffer (loss, &c.); uphold, decide in favour of; keep up. **sŭs'tenance**, *n.* nourishing quality; food (lit. or fig.). **sŭstentā'tion**, *n.* (rare) supporting of life.

sŭt'ler, *n.* camp-follower selling food, &c.

Sū'tra (sōō-), *n.* set of aphorisms in Sanskrit literature.

suttee', *n.* Hindu widow who immolates herself on her husband's pyre; this custom. ~ism, *n.*

sū'ture, *n.* seam-like articulation of two bones or parts at their edges; (Surg.) stitching of wound; thread or wire used.

su'zerain, *n.* feudal lord; sovereign or State having general or nominal control over semi-independent State. **su'zerainty** *n.*

swab (-ŏb), *n.* mop or absorbent pad or cloth for cleaning; (Naut. *sl.*) epaulet; clumsy fellow. *v.t.* clean with swab.

swa'ddle (-ŏ-), *v.t.* wrap (esp. infant) up tight and warm. **swaddling clothes**, baby-wraps.

Swade'shi (-dā-), *n.* movement in India for boycotting British goods as means of bringing political pressure to bear.

swag, *n.* (*sl.*) burglar's booty; gain made by jobbery &c.; (Austral.) tramp's or bush-traveller's bundle.

swagg'er (-ăg-), *v.i.* behave arrogantly; talk boastfully. *n.* swaggering gait or manner or talk; dashing behaviour. *a.* smart or fashionable.

swa'gman (-ăg-), *n.* (Austral. *sl.*) tramp or bush-traveller.

swain, *n.* young rustic; bucolic lover; (joc.) suitor.

swale, *v.t.* & *i.* burn, set fire to (gorse, brushwood, &c.).

swa'llow¹ (-ŏlō) *v.t.* & *i.* make or let pass down one's throat; engulf; accept credulously; recant (one's words). *n.* gullet; act of swallowing.

swa'llow² (-ŏlō), *n.* kinds of fork-tailed swift insectivorous bird. **~-tail**, forked tail; kinds of butterfly and humming-bird; swallow-tailed coat.

swam, *p.t.* of *swim*.

Swami (-ahm-) *n.* a Hindu idol; title for a Hindu religious teacher; also (attrib.) applied to jewellery ornamented with figures of Hindu deities. **~-house**, idol-temple or shrine.

swamp (-ŏ-), *n.* piece of wet spongy ground; marsh. *v.t.* overwhelm, flood, soak (with water, &c.); overwhelm by superior numbers or quantity. **swa'mpy** (-ŏ-), *a.*

swan (-ŏn), *n.* large long-necked usu. white water-bird. **~-song**, person's last production or achievement. **swa'nnery** (-ŏ-), *n.*

swank (*sl.*), *n.* showing off; swagger. *v.i.* behave with swank.

swaraj' (-ahj), *n.* Home-rule or self-government as the watchword of Indian Nationalists. **~ist**, *n.* & *a.*

sward (-ŏrd), *n.* expanse of short grass.

sware, *p.t.* of *swear*.

swarm¹ (-ŏrm), *n.* large number of insects, birds, horsemen, &c. moving about; cluster of bees. *v.i.* move in or (of bees) form a swarm; congregate in numbers.

swarm² (-ŏrm), *v.i.* & *t.* climb (rope, pole, &c.) by clasping with knees and hands.

swar'thy (-ŏrdhĭ), **swart** (-ŏrt) (arch.), *aa.* dark-hued; sunburnt.

swash (-ŏ-), *v.i.* & *t.* make the sound of water washing about. *n.* sound of swashing water. **~'buckler**, bully bravo.

swas'tika, *n.* cross of equal arms with rectangular continuations.

swath (-aw-; *pl.* pr. -dhz), **swathe¹** (-dh), *nn.* band of cut grass, or of cleared ground, left after one passage of mower; (-e only) wrapping, bandage. **swathe²** (-dh), *v.t.* (-*thable*), enclose (limb, person) in bandages or wraps.

sway, *v.i.* & *t.* have unsteady swinging motion; waver; give swaying motion to; have influence over; rule over. *n.* swaying motion; rule, government.

swear (swār), *v.i.* & *t.* (*swore* & arch. *sware*; *sworn*), take oath; promise on oath; use profane oaths; cause to take oath, administer oath to. *n.* spell of profane swearing.

sweat (-ĕt), *n.* moisture exuded from the skin; perspiration; sweating state; (colloq.) drudgery or toil. *v.i.* & *t.* exude sweat; emit like sweat; toil, drudge; get maximum of work for minimum of pay out of. **swea'ter** (-ĕt-), *n.* (esp.) thick woollen jersey; sweating employer. **swea'ty** (-ĕt-), *a.*

Swede, *n.* native of Sweden; (*s-*) Swedish turnip. **Swe'dish**, *a.* & *n.* (language) of Sweden.

swee'ny, *n.* atrophy of muscle, esp. of shoulder, in horse.

sweep, *v.i.* & *t.* (*swept*) glide swiftly, go majestically; extend in continuous curve or line or slope; impart sweeping motion to; clear everything from; clear of dust or soot or litter with broom. *n.* sweeping motion or extension; curve in road, &c.; long oar worked by standing rower(s) on barge, &c.; chimney sweep. ~**stake(s)**, gamble on horse-race, &c., in which entrance money goes to drawer(s) of winner.

sweet, *a.* tasting like sugar or honey; smelling like perfume; melodious; fresh; not sour or bitter; gratifying; dear, beloved; amiable, gentle; (colloq.) very pretty. *n.* sweetmeat; (usu. pl.) sweet dish(es) such as puddings, tarts, jellies; (pl.) delights; darling. ~**bread**, pancreas or thymus-gland, esp. of calf as food. ~**briar**, wild fragrant-leaved rose-tree. ~**heart**, either of pair of lovers. ~**meat**, sugar-plum or bonbon. ~**pea**, garden annual with showy scented flowers. ~**potato**, tropical plant with tuberous roots used for food. ~**william**, garden flower of many coloured varieties. **sweet'en**, *v.t.* & *i.* **sweet'ing**, *n.* kind of apple.

swell, *v.i.* & *t.* (p.p. *swollen*, arch. *swoln*, rarely *swelled*), (cause to) grow bigger or louder; dilate, expand; rise or raise up; bulge out; increase in volume or force or intensity. *n.* act or state of swelling; heaving of sea after a storm; (colloq.) person of distinction or of good society or of fashionable appearance. *a.* (colloq.) of distinction; smart, finely dressed. ~**mob**, class of well-dressed pickpockets. **swell'ing**, *n.* (esp.) temporary protuberance due to bruise, &c.

swel'ter, *v.i.* be oppressive or oppressed with heat.

swept, *p.t.* & *p.p.* of *sweep*.

swerve, *v.i.* & *t.* (*-vable*), diverge from regular line of motion (lit. & fig.); cause (ball) to swerve in air. *n.* swerving motion.

swift, *a.* speedy, quick, prompt. *adv.* swiftly. *n.* long-winged insectivorous bird.

swig (sl.), *v.i.* & *t.* take draughts of. *n.* draught of liquor.

swill, *v.t.* & *i.* rinse (often *out*); drink greedily. *n.* rinsing; inferior liquor; hogwash or slops.

swim, *v.i.* & *t.* (*swam*; *swum*) float on or at surface of liquid; progress in water by working limbs or body; make swim; be flooded with moisture; walk, &c. with gliding motion; have dizzy effect or sensation. *n.* spell of swimming. **swimm'ingly**, *adv.* with easy unobstructed progress.

swin'dle, *v.t.* & *i.* cheat, defraud. *n.* imposition, fraud.

swine, *n.* (sing. & pl.) kinds of non-ruminant omnivorous animal, (pop.) pig, hog; bestial or degraded person, lover of filth. **swi'nish**, *a.* bestial, filthy.

swing, *v.i.* & *t.* (*swung*), move with to-and-fro motion; sway like a pendulum, door, &c.; oscillate; go with swinging gait. *n.* act of swinging; oscillation; swinging gait or rhythm; seat slung by ropes or chains for swinging.

swinge (*-j*), *v.t.* (part. *-geing*) strike hard; (part.) huge.

swingle (swing'gl), *n.* swinging bar of flail; flax-beating implement. *v.t.* beat (flax). ~**tree**, pivoted bar to which traces are attached in cart, plough, &c.

swipe, *v.t.* & *i.* (Crick.) hit hard and recklessly; *(sl.) steal. *n.* reckless hard hit; (pl.) inferior beer.

swirl, *n.* whirling motion of water as drawn by suction; eddy. *v.i.* flow with or show swirl.

swish, *v.t.* & *i.* flog with birch; swing (cane, &c.) audibly through air; make a move with such sound. *n.* swishing sound or motion.

Swiss, *a.* of Switzerland. *n.* Swiss native. ~ roll, kind of jam-sandwich rolled up.

switch, *n.* flexible shoot cut from tree; kinds of mechanism for making and breaking connexion of railway points, electric circuit, &c. *v.t.* & *i.* whip with switch; transfer with switch; turn off or on. ~-back, zigzag railway for steep slopes.

swiv'el, *n.* ring and pivot connecting two parts so that one can revolve without the other. **swiv'elled** (-ld), *a.*

swollen, **swoln**, *p.p.* of swell.

swoon, *v.i.* & *n.* (have) fainting fit.

swoop, *v.i.* come down with the rush of a bird of prey; make sudden attack. *n.* plunge of bird of prey; sudden raid.

swop, **swap** (-ŏ-), *v.t.* & *i.* (sl.) exchange, barter.

sword (sōrd), *n.* weapon with long blade for cutting or thrusting (lit. & fig.); bayonet. ~-bill, long-billed humming-bird. ~-fish, fish with upper jaw elongated to sharp weapon. ~-grass, gladiolus, kinds of sedge. ~s'man (-sm-), person of some skill in use of sword. ~s'manship, *n.*

swore, *p.t.*, **sworn**, *p.p.*, of swear.

swot (school sl.), *v.i.* & *t.* work hard, esp. at books; *hit hard. *n.* hard study; task requiring it; one who swots; hard blow.

swum, *p.p.* of swim.

swung, *p.t.* & *p.p.* of swing.

syb'arite, *n.* luxurious effeminate person. **sybarit'ic**, *a.*

syc'amine, *n.* (Bibl.) black-mulberry tree.

syc'amore, *n.* large timber-tree allied to maple.

syce. See sice.

sychōmōre, *n.* kind of fig-tree.

syc'ophant, *n.* flatterer, toady. **syc'ophancy**, *n.*; **sycophan'tic**, *a.*

sy'enite, *n.* kind of grey crystalline rock. **syenit'ic**, *a.*

syll'abary, *n.* set of characters representing syllables. **syllab'ic**, *a.* representing a syllable; of or in syllables. **syll'able**, *n.* word or part of word containing one vowel-sound. *v.t.* (poet.) utter (name, word).

syll'abus, *n.* (pl. -bi, -buses), abstract of subjects of a lecture or course; programme of hours.

syll'ogism, *n.* form of reasoning consisting of two propositions, called major and minor premises, from which a third called the conclusion is deduced. **syllogis'tic**, *a.* **syll'ogize**, *v.i.* & *t.* use syllogisms; put into syllogistic form.

sylph, *n.* elemental spirit of the air; slender girl.

sym'bol, *n.* an emblem or representation of something; mark or character. ~ol'ic, ~ical, *aa.*; ~ism, *n.*; ~ize, *v.t.* (-sable), be a symbol of; represent or refer to by a symbol; treat as symbolic.

symm'etry, *n.* right proportion of parts; harmony. ~symmet'rical, *a.*

sympathet'ic, *a.* expressing or feeling sympathy; (of pain, &c.) caused by pain to some one else or in another part.

sym'pathize, *v.i.* feel or express sympathy (with).

sym'pathy, *n.* participation in feeling; being affected similarly to another by his sensations, &c.; compassion for.

sym'phony, *n.* harmonious sounds; elaborate orchestral composition of several contrasted but related movements; instrumental prelude, interlude, or close, to a song accompaniment.

sympos'ium (-z-), *n.* (pl. -ia), philosophical or other friendly discussion; set of articles on one subject from various writers.

symp'tom, *n.* manifestation in the body that indicates disease; sign of the existence of something. **symptomat'ic**, *a.*

syn'agogue (-ŏg), *n.* Jewish congregation or its place of meeting.

syn'chronous (-ngk-), *a.* of the same date or moment; simultaneous. **syn'chronize** (-ngk-), *v.i.* & *t.* (-zable), occur at the same time; ascertain or set

forth the time-correspondence of. ~ni'tion, n.

syn'copāte, v.t. (-pable) shorten by omission of interior letter(s) (Mus.) invert rhythm of (note, tone) by beginning it on unaccented beat. ~ā'tion, n. syn'copē, n. syncopation (Med.) fainting.

syn'dic, n. member of syndicate or committee; foreign magistrate.

syn'dicalism, n. a movement among industrial workers having as its object the transfer of the means of production and distribution from their present owners to unions of workers.

syn'dicate, n. committee of delegates or syndics; association of persons or bodies formed to advance common interests.

syne, Sc. for since.

synec'dochē (-kĭ), n. (Gram.) extended acceptation by which a part may be named for the whole (e.g. 50 sail, i.e. ships).

syn'od, n. assembly of a Church for deliberation; a council or convention. synod'ic, ~al, aa.

syn'onym, n. word identical in sense and usage with another of the same language. synon'ymous, a. synon'ymy, n. redundant collocation of synonyms for emphasis.

synop'sis, n. (pl. -opsēs) summary conspectus. synop'tic, a. affording a synopsis. ~al, a.

synovi'tis, n. inflammation of membrane secreting the lubricating fluid in a joint.

syn'tax, n. sentence-construction or its rules. syntac'tic, a.

syn'thesis, n. (pl. -esēs), combining of elements or parts or ingredients into a system or whole. synthet'ic, a. proceeding by or resulting from synthesis; (of rubber, indigo, &c.) artificial.

syph'ilis, n. venereal disease.

syphon, syren. See si-

Sy'riac, n. & a. (in) the language of ancient Syria.

syrin'ga (-ngg-), n. shrub with white scented flowers.

sy'ringe (-j), n. tube with nozzle and piston into which liquid is drawn to be ejected in stream. v.t. sluice or spray with syringe.

sy'rup, n. water thickened with sugar; condensed sugarcane juice; refined molasses, treacle. sy'rupy, a.

systal'tic, a. having systole and diastole; pulsatory.

sys'tem, n. complex whole; set of connected things or parts; organization; method; (principle of) classification. systemat'ic, a. methodical; according to a plan, not casual. sys'tematize, v.t. (-zable) ~zā'tion, n.

sys'tolē, n. contraction of heart or other organ alternating with diastole.

T

ta (tah), int. (nursery &c.), = thank you.

Taal (tahl), n. The ~ Cape Dutch language.

tab, n. small flap of some material attached to a thing as handle or ornament. keep ~s on, keep under observation.

tab'ard, n. (hist.) knight's garment worn over armour; herald's official dress.

tab'aret, n. fabric of alternate satin and watered-silk stripes.

tabb'y, n. kind of watered silk; female cat; old maid or female gossip. ~-cat, cat of grey with dark stripes.

tab'ernacle, n. the tent used as a sanctuary by the Israelites; a temporary habitation; nonconformist meeting-house; canopied niche or receptacle; large church.

tab'inet, n. watered fabric of silk and wool.

tab'leau (-ō), n. mental picture; graphic description.

ta'ble, n. piece of furniture with flat top on which things may be placed; slab of wood or stone; set of facts or figures arranged in columns; level area, flat surface.

v.t. lay on the table; tabulate. ~d'hôte (tahbl-dōt') hotel dinner provided for all comers at fixed hour and price. ~land, level tract at higher level than surrounding country.

tab'leau (-lō), n. (pl. -eaux or -ōz), dramatic or effective situation suddenly brought about. ~ vivant (tăb'lō vē vahn); pl. -eaux -ts, group of silent motionless persons arranged to represent a scene.

tab'let, n. small slab, esp. for the display of an inscription; (usu. pl.) set of thin slips for entering memoranda on; dose of some drug in form of small slab.

tab'loid, n. compressed dose of some drug. P

taboō' a. (among Polynesians, &c.) setting apart of a person or thing as sacred or accursed; a ban or prohibition by general consent. a. inviolable or prohibited. v.t. put under taboo.

ta'bor, n. (arch.) small drum.

tab'ouret (-bĕrĭt), n. low stool.

tab'ūlar, a. shaped like a table-top or board; splitting into slabs; displayed systematically in columns. tab'ūlāte, v.t. (-lable), arrange (figures, &c.) in tabular form. tabūlā'tion, n.

tach, n. (Bibl.) clasp, link.

ta'cit, a. unspoken, not worded; implied but not expressed. ta'citurn, a. given to silence, talking little. tacitur'nity, n.

tack, n. small sharp broad-headed nail; long stitch used in fastening materials lightly together; rope, &c. for securing sail-corner in certain position; ship's obliquely windward course as determined by position of sails; (fig.) line of action; (Naut.) food. v.t. & i. nail with tacks; stitch slightly together; annex or append to; (Naut.) make tack or series of tacks; (fig.) change one's policy.

tac'kle, n. gear or appliances for something; ropes and pulleys used in working sails, hoisting weights, &c.; (Footb.) act of tackling. v.t. grapple with; try to defeat or solve or accomplish; (Footb.) seize and stop (player carrying ball).

tact, n. delicate perception of the right thing to do or say; adroitness in dealing with others. ~ful, ~less, aa.

tac'tics, n.pl. (often as sing.), art of disposing troops or warships; procedure adopted for carrying out a policy. tac'tical, a. tacti'cian (-shn), n.

tac'tile (or -il) tac'tual, aa. of or having the sense of touch.

tad'pōle, n. larva of frog, toad, &c., esp. while it presents only a round head and a tail.

tael (tāl), n. Chinese weight (1¼ oz.) and money of account (about 3s.).

taff'eta, n. light thin lustrous silk fabric.

taff'rail, taff'erel (-fril), n. rail round ship's stern.

Taff'y, n. (colloq.) Welshman.

tag, n. metal point of shoelace, &c.; loose or ragged end; stock phrase. v.t. furnish with tag; tack or fasten on. ~-day, day for public solicitation of funds.

tahsil'dar (-sēl-), n. (Anglo-Ind.) chief revenue officer of a subdivision of a district.

tail¹ n. member prolonging animal's body backwards; slender prolongation or appendage; lower or inferior or later part of something. v.i. dwindle away, fall off in size or number. ~board, hinged or removable back of cart. ~coat, man's coat divided behind into tails. ~light, light carried at back of train, car, cycle, &c. ~race, part of mill-race below the wheel.

tail² n. provision limiting possession of an estate to a person and his heirs or to a special class of these. a. limited by a tail.

tail'or, n. maker of outer garments, esp. for men. v.i. & t. be or work as tailor; make clothes for. ~ess, n. ~-bird, kinds of

Asiatic passerine birds with nests of joined leaves.

taint, n. sullying spot, blemish; latent disease. v.t. & i. introduce corruption or disease into; infect, be infected.

take, v.t. & i. (took, taken; -kable), seize, grasp, capture; appropriate, steal; receive into the mind; receive as medicine; convey or conduct; catch or come upon; captivate, win; secure photograph of; prove attractive, be in demand. n. amount of fish caught, money received, &c. ~-in, a deception or trick. ~-off, piece of mimicry; place jumper springs from. ta'king, a. state of agitation; (pl.) amount of money received; a. attractive or captivating; catching or infectious.

tal'apoin, n. Buddhist monk; kind of W. Afr. monkey.

talc, n. kinds of mineral, often in thin glass-like plates.

tale, n. narrative or story; report of alleged facts; full number.

tal'ent, n. weight and money of account of some ancient nations, varying from 56 lb. and £200 upwards; faculty or aptitude for something; high mental ability. ~-money, bonus to professional cricketer &c. for especially good performance. tal'ented, a. having high ability.

tal'ipot, n. a palm of South India, noted for its great height and enormous fan-shaped leaves.

tal'isman (-z-), n. object endowed with magical powers.

talk (tawk), v.i. & t. say words, hold conversation, gossip or spread reports; discuss; give utterance to; use as a medium of communication. n. conversation or a spell of it; rumour; mere words. ta'lkative (tawk-), a. fond of talking.

ta'lkies, n.pl. (colloq.) cinematographic film in which the characters speak.

tall (tawl), a. of more than average stature or height; higher than surroundings; (sl.) boastful, hard to believe, excessive. ~boy, high chest of drawers or one mounted on high legs or a table.

tal'low, n. harder kinds of fat melted down for use in making candles, soap, &c.

tal'ly, n. piece of wood scored with notches for the items of an account and split into halves of which each party kept one; such half; account or score so kept; counterpart or duplicate of a thing. v.i. correspond (with).

tally-ho', int. & n. huntsman's view-halloo; large four-in-hand coach or drag. v.i. & t. cry tally ho; urge on (hounds) thus.

Tal'mud, n. body of Jewish law and legend as expounded in the Academies of Palestine (200–375) and Babylon (200–500).

tal'on, n. claw, esp. of bird of prey (usu. in pl.).

taluk' (-ōōk), -uk, n. district in India subject to revenue collection by native officer; tract of proprietary land in India. taluk'dar (-ōōd-), n. such officer; proprietor of a taluk.

tam'arind, n. tropical tree or its fruit, used in medicine, &c.

tam'arisk, n. feathery-leaved evergreen common at seaside.

tama'sha (-mah-), n. (Ang.-Ind.) a show or function or occasion.

‖ tambook'ie (-ōō-), a. of or belonging to Tambukiland. ~ grass, ~ wood, a wild grass and timber of S. Africa.

tam'bour (-oor), n. drum (arch.); circular frame for stretching embroidery work on. tambourine' (-bēn), n. musical instrument made of a hoop with parchment stretched on one side and small cymbals set in slots.

‖ tambreet', n. (Austral.) a native name of the ornithorhyncus or duckbilled platypus.

tame, a. (of animals) domesticated, tractable; lacking spirit; uninteresting, insipid. v.t. (-mable) make tame, domesti-

cate; break in; humble. ~less, a. untamable. tamabil'ity n.

Tam'il, n. member, language, of non-Aryan race of S. E. India.

Tamm'any, n. organization of the Democrats in New York, sometimes used as a byword for political and municipal corruption.

tam-o'-shan'ter, tamm'y, n. round Scotch cap.

tamp, v.t. plug (blasting-hole) with clay &c. to intensify force of explosion. tamp'ing, n. substance used for this.

tam'pan (-ăn), n. a S.-African species of insect remarkable for the venom of its bite.

tam'per, v.i. meddle; make unauthorized changes; exercise underhand influence.

tan, n. bark of oak, &c. crushed in pits for tanning hide; the yellowish brown of tanned leather; the bronze of sunburnt skin. a. yellowish-brown. v.t. & i. convert (hide) into leather by steeping in infusion of tan; (of sun, &c.) bronze skin; (of skin, &c.) become bronzed; (sl.) thrash.

tan'a (tah-), tann'a, n. in India, a police station, formerly a military station or fortified post.

tanadar' (tah-), tannadar', n. head officer of police station, formerly commander of a military post.

tan'dem, adv. with two or more horses, &c. harnessed one behind another. n. vehicle driven tandem; bicycle, &c. with two or more seats behind each other.

tang, n. part of tool that fits into handle; pungent taste; resonant sound of bell, &c. v.i. make a resonant sound.

tang'a (-ngg-), n. a name (originally of a weight) given in India, Persia, and Turkestan to various coins (or moneys of account).

tan'gent (-j-), n. straight line that meets a curve at a point but if produced does not intersect it at that point. ~gen'tial (-shal), a.

Tangerine' (-ēn), a. of Tangier. n. a native of Tangier; kind of small orange.

tan'gible (-j-), a. perceptible by touch; real, palpable. ~bility, n.

tangle (tăng'gl), n. confused mass of intertwined string, &c. confused state. v.t. & i. bring or come into a tangle; ensnare.

tang'o (-nggō) n. (pl. -os), S.-Amer. dance.

tank, n. Indian reservoir for irrigation, &c.; large receptacle for storing liquid; natural pool or pond. (Mil.) steel box travelling by motor power, containing crew and guns, and serving as peripatetic fort in battle.

tank'ard, n. tall mug of pewter, &c. for beer.

tank'er, n. ship with tank for carrying mineral oil in bulk.

tann'er¹, n. one who tans.

tann'er², n. (sl.) sixpence.

tann'ic acid, tann'in, nn. kinds of astringent vegetable substance.

tan'sy (-zi), n. an aromatic herb.

tan'talize, v.t. (-zable), torment with disappointment; raise and then dash the hopes of. ~zation, n. tan'talum, n. a metal used for electric-lamp filaments. tan'talus, n. stand containing visible but inaccessible spirit-decanters.

tan'tamount, pred.a. coming to the same thing as; equivalent.

tan'tra, n. each of a class of recent Sanskrit religious works dealing chiefly with magic.

tan'trum, n. burst of petulance.

Tao'ism (tah-ō-, tow-), n. religious doctrine of Lao-tsze, Chinese philosopher.

tap¹, n. cock through which liquid is drawn from cask or through pipes; wine or beer from a particular tap. v.t. prepare (cask, liquor) for drawing by inserting tap; draw off fluid by incision; draw supplies or information from. ~room, bar-room in which liquor is drawn or served. ~root, long tapering root from which rootlets spring.

tap², v.t. & i. strike a light blow; knock gently. n. light blow or

sound; (pl.) man's dinner-call in barracks (Mil. & Nav., pl.) signal on trumpet, &c. for extinguishing lights in quarters. ~-dancing, dancing with rhythmical tapping of feet.

tape, n. narrow strip of linen, &c. serving as flat string; strip of paper paid out with successive messages from recording telegraph instrument; piece of tape or thin strip of metal marked for measuring (also ~-measure).

ta'per n. wick with coat of wax, &c. for conveying light; (arch.) candle. a. diminishing in thickness towards one end. v.t. & i. be or make taper.

tap'estry n. fabric in which a weft of coloured wools or silks forming pictures or designs is worked into a warp of hemp or flax; woven fabrics imitating this. tap'estried (-rid), a.

tapio'ca, n. grains prepared from cassava for use as food.

ta'pir (-er), n. American mammal with flexible proboscis.

ta'pis (-ē, -ēs), n. On the ~ under discussion.

tapp'et, n. arm, cam, &c., used in machinery to impart intermittent motion.

tap'ster n. attendant serving liquor at an inn, &c.

tar, n. dark thick liquid distilled from wood or coal; (colloq.) sailor. v.t. coat with tar.

ta'ra ~-fern, n. edible fern of New Zealand, &c., a variety of the common brake.

tarantell'a, n. rapid whirling S. Ital. dance; music for it. taran'tism, n. hysterical impulse to dance. taran'tula, poisonous S. European spider.

tarax'acum, n. drug made from dandelion.

tarboosh', n. tasselled skull-cap worn by Mohammedans.

tar'dy a. slow to act, come, or happen; behind time.

tare¹ n. (usu. in pl.) vetch, esp. the kind grown as fodder; (pl.) noxious weeds among corn.

tare² n. amount deducted for wrapping, &c. in ascertaining net weight; weight of motor vehicle without fuel or load.

tar'get (-g-), n. shooting-mark, esp. a round butt divided by concentric circles; butt for scorn, &c., objective. targe, n. (arch.) buckler or shield.

ta'riff, n. schedule of customs duties; duty on goods; table of fixed charges at hotel, &c.

tar'latan, n. thin open muslin.

tarn, n. small mountain lake.

tar'nish, v.t. & i. dull lustre of or discolour (metal) by oxidation; lose lustre or colour; sully or dim (reputation, &c.). n. tarnished state or look.

tarpaul'in, n. canvas coated with tar; sheet or covering of this.

tar'pon, n. a large sea-fish common on south coast of U.S.

ta'rragon, n. kind of wormwood.

tarragō'na, n. Spanish wine like port.

ta'rry¹, a. smeared with tar.

ta'rry² v.i. defer going or coming (there); stay; wait.

tar'sia, n. wood mosaic.

tar'sus, n. (pl. -si), the seven small bones of the ankle; bird's shank. tar'sal, a.

tart¹, a. of acid taste; bitter or acrimonious.

tart², n. fruit pie; piece of pastry with jam, &c. in it.

tar'tan, n. cloth woven in coloured stripes crossing at right angles.

tar'tar¹, n. substance deposited in cask by fermentation of wine; incrustation that forms on the teeth. tartă'ric, a.

Tar'tar² n. native of Tartary; intractable person or child.

Tar'tarus, n. place of torture in Hades; hell. Tartar'ean, a.

tartlet, n. tart of size for single portion.

task (tah-), n. piece of work to be done. v.t. impose task on; (of task) prove trying to.

tass'el, n. tuft of cords, &c. attached to curtain, garment.

tea'poy, *n.* small three- or four-legged table, esp. for tea.

tear¹ (tār), *v.t.* & *i.* (*tore*, *torn*), break coherence of by pulling apart; make rent in (clothes, &c.) by tearing; disunite; pull away, down, *from*, *off*, *up*, *out*, by tearing or snatching; go vehemently; suffer tearing. *n.* torn hole or slit.

tear², *n.* drop let fall from the eye. **~ful**, *a.* in or given to tears.

tear'ing (tār-), *a.* vehement.

tease (-z), *v.t.* (-*sable*), importune or banter; pick (wool, &c.) into separate fibres; comb or card dress (cloth) with teasels. **tea'sel**, **-zle** (-z-), *n.* dried prickly flower-head used for raising nap on cloth; plant producing these. **teas'er** (-z-), *n.* (*colloq.*, *sl.*) hard question or task.

teat, *n.* nipple of breast or udder.

tech'nical (tĕk-), *a.* of, in, or peculiar to a particular art or science or craft; pertaining to the mechanical arts. **~li'ty**, *n.* being technical; a technical term. **tech'nics** (tĕk-), *n.pl.* doctrine of the arts; technique. **technique** (tĕknēk'), *n.* manner of artistic execution, mechanical skill in art. **technol'ogy**, *n.* a treatise on the arts, explanation of terms of art. **~o'gical**, *a.*

Ted'dy bear (bār), *n.* child's toy bear.

Te De'um, *n.* a canticle.

te'dious, *a.* tiresomely long, prolix. **te'dium**, *n.* weariness produced by tediousness.

tee¹, *n.* small mound on which golfer places ball before making first stroke; mark aimed at in curling, quoits, &c. *v.t.* & *i.* place ball on tee.

tee², *n.* umbrella-shaped, usu. gilded, ornament crowning tope or pagoda.

teem, *v.i.* swarm *with*; be prolific.

teen, *n.* woe, misfortune.

teens, *n.pl.* the ages 13 to 19, esp. in the phrase *in one's ~*.

teeth, see tooth.

teethe (-dh), *v.i.* cut one's teeth, esp. the milk-teeth.

teeto'tal, *a.* of or advocating total abstinence. **~ism**, *n.* **~ler**, *n.* total abstainer.

teeto'tum, *n.* top with four sides lettered to decide spinner's luck; any top spun with the fingers.

teg'ument, *n.* a covering; the skin as the covering of the body.

tehr, **tahr** (tār), *n.* Himalayan wild goat.

telaesthe'sia (-zha), *n.* (*Psych.*) direct perception of distant occurrences or objects not effected by the recognized senses.

tel'amon, *n.* (*Archit.*) male figure as bearing pillar.

tel'egram, *n.* message by telegraph.

tel'egraph (-ahf), *n.* instantaneous conveyance of messages by means of electricity or by signals; semaphore; apparatus for this; scoring-board with large figures. *v.t.* & *i.* send message by telegraph; make signals; convey &c. by signals. **telegraph'ic**, *a.* **teleg'raphist**, *n.* operator of telegraph. **teleg'raphy**, *n.* use of the telegraph, making, &c. of telegraphic apparatus.

telekine'sis, *n.* (*Psychol.*) movement at a distance from the motive cause or agent without material connexion.

tel'emark, *n.* expert swing turn in skiing used to change direction or to stop short.

telemechan'ics, *n.pl.* art of transmitting power by wireless, and so controlling machinery from a distance.

teleol'ogy, *n.* doctrine of final causes. **~o'gical**, *a.* **~gist**, *n.*

telep'athy, *n.* communication of impressions from mind to mind without the aid of the senses. **telepath'ic**, *a.* **telep'athist**, *n.* believer or expert in telepathy.

tel'ephone, *n.* apparatus for transmitting speech or sounds to distant hearer. *v.t.* & *i.* send message by telephone. **telephon'ic**, *a.* **teleph'onist**, *n.* telephone operator. **teleph'ony**, *n.*

umbrella, &c. tassel-like catkin, &c. tas'selled (-ld) a.

taste, n. the sense peculiar to the tongue or mouth; the quality in substances discerned by it; liking for certain food, &c. personal preference; aesthetic discernment. v.t. & i. (-table), perceive or try the taste of; eat small portion of; have specified taste smack of. **~ful**, a. done in, having, good taste. **~less**, a. insipid; without taste. **tas'ter**, n. (esp.) person who selects teas, wines, &c. by tasting. **tas'ty** a. savoury, not insipid.

tat¹ See tatting.

tat² (taht), taut, n. (E.-Ind.) coarse canvas made from various fibres, esp. jute, and used as sacking.

tat³ tatt. See tattoo¹

tat⁴ tatt. See tatty

tat'ter, v.t. & i. tear or fall into pieces. n.pl. torn state. **~demal'ion** (or -dal-), n. ragged fellow

tat'ting, n. edgings, &c. made by netting thread; process of making them. **tat**, v.t. & i. do this.

tat'tle, v.i. gossip idly; repeat or discuss scandal. n. gossip, idle talk.

tattoo¹ (tatōō'), n. beat of drum, esp. in camp, &c. (also of bugle-call) at night; elaboration of this with music and marching as spectacle.

tattoo² (tatōō'), v.t. mark (skin, &c.) by puncturing and rubbing in pigment. n. practice of tattooing; tattooed pattern.

tat'too³ n. a native-bred Indian pony; abbrev. tat[illegible].

tat'ty n. (Anglo-Ind.) matting of cuscus-grass hung and kept wet to cool and perfume the air; abbrev. tatt.

taube (tow'be) n. (obs.) type of German aeroplane.

taught, p.t. of teach.

taunt, n. thing said to anger or wound a person. v.t. assail with taunts; reproach with.

taut, a. drawn tight; fit for use. **taut'en**, v.t. & i.

tautol'ogy n. repetition, esp. the addition of words that add nothing to the sense. **tautolo'gical**, a.; **~gise**, v.i.

tav'ern, n. inn or restaurant.

taw n. large playing-marble.

taw'dry, a. pretentious but common, like cheap finery.

taw'ny, a. of orange-brown colour.

tawse (-z), n. (Sc.) slit thong for chastising children.

tax, n. legally levied contribution to State revenue. v.t. impose tax on; be a severe test of; (Law) fix proper amount of (costs); charge (person) openly with. **~able**, a.; **~ability**, n. **taxa'tion**, n. taxes or their imposition.

tax'i, **~cab**, nn. motor cab fitted with taximeter. v.i. & t. (-ied), go, convey in taxi; (Aeronaut., of machine and pilot) go along ground or water. **taxim'eter**, n. automatic fare-indicator.

tax'idermy n. art of preparing, stuffing, and mounting the skins of animals with lifelike effect. **~mist**, n.

tazza (tah'tsa), n. saucer-shaped cup, esp. one mounted on a foot.

tea, n. dried leaves of the tea-plant, infusion of it as a drink; afternoon meal. **~cloth**, small ornamental linen table-cloth; also drying-cloth. **~cup**, (usu.) china cup holding about quarter-pint. **~fight**, (sl.) tea-party. **~garden**, place where tea is served out-of-doors to customers. **~gown**, lady's loose ornamental gown. **~plant**, kinds of Chinese and Indian shrub yielding tea. **~rose**, pale yellow tea-scented variety of rose.

teach, v.t. & i. (taught pr. tawt), impart knowledge or skill; give instruction or lessons; instil, inspire with. **~able**, a. (esp.) apt at learning. **~ability**, n.

teak, n. durable E. Ind. timber used in ship-building, &c.

teal, n. (collect. sing. for pl.) small fresh-water duck.

team, n. set of draught animals; a side of players at football, &c. **~ster**, n. team-driver.

te'poy, n. small three- or four legged table, esp. for tea.
tear¹ (târ), v.t. & i. (tore, torn) break coherence of by pulling apart; make rent in (clothes, &c.) by tearing; discerp; pull away, down, from, off, up, out, by tearing or snatching; go vehemently; suffer tearing. n. torn hole or slit.
tear² n. drop let fall from the eye. ~ful, a. in or given to tears.
tear'ing (târ-), a. vehement.
tease (-z), v.t. (-sable), importune or banter, pick (wool, &c.) into separate fibres, comb or card dress (cloth) with teasels. tease'l, -zle (-z-), n. dried prickly flower head used for raising nap on cloth; plant producing these. teas'er (-z-), n. (esp., sl.) hard question or task.
teat, n. nipple of breast or udder
tech'nical (tĕk-), a. of, in, or peculiar to a particular art or science or craft; pertaining to the mechanical arts. ~ĭ'ity, n. being technical; a technical term. tech'nics (tĕk-), n.pl. doctrine of the arts; technique. technique (tĕknēk'), n. manner of artistic execution; mechanical skill in art. technol'ogy, n. a treatise on the arts; explanation of terms of art. ~ŏ'gical, a.
Tedd'y bear (bâr), n. child's toy bear
Te Dē'um, n. a canticle.
tē'dious, a. tiresomely long; prolix. tē'dium, n. weariness produced by tediousness.
tee¹, n. small mound on which golfer places ball before making first stroke; mark aimed at in curling, quoits, &c. v.t. & i. place ball on tee.
tee², n. umbrella-shaped, usu. gilded, ornament crowning tops of pagoda.
teem, v.i. swarm with, be prolific.
teen, n. woe, misfortune.
teens, n.pl. the ages 13 to 19, esp in the phrase in one's ~
teeth. See tooth.
teethe (-dh), v.i. cut one's teeth, esp. the milk-teeth.
teetō'tal, a. of or advocating total abstinence. ~ism, n. ~ler n. total abstainer
teetō'tum, n. top with four sides lettered to decide spinner's luck; any top spun with the fingers.
teg'ument, n. a covering; the skin as the covering of the body
tehr, tahr (tăr), n. Himalayan wild goat.
telaesthē'sia (-zhă), n. (Psych.) direct perception of distant occurrences or objects not affected by the recognized senses.
tĕl'amon, n. (Archit.) male figure as bearing pillar.
tĕl'egram, n. message by telegraph.
tĕl'egraph (-ahf) n. instantaneous conveyance of messages by means of electricity or by signals; semaphore apparatus for this; scoring board with large figures. v.t. & i. send message by telegraph; make signals; convey &c. by signals. tĕlegraph'ic, a. telĕg'raphist, n. operator of telegraph. telĕg'raphy, n. use of the telegraph making, &c. of telegraphic apparatus.
telekinē'sis, n. (Psychol.) movement at a distance from the motive cause or agent without material connexion.
tĕl'emark, n. expert swing turn in skiing used to change direction or to stop short.
telemechan'ics, n.pl. art of transmitting power by wireless, and so controlling machinery from a distance.
teleŏl'ogy, n. doctrine of final causes. ~ŏ'gical, a. ~gist, n.
telĕp'athy, n. communication of impressions from mind to mind without the aid of the senses. telepăth'ic, a. telĕp'athist, n. believer or expert in telepathy
tĕl'ephone, n. apparatus for transmitting speech or sounds to distant hearer. v.t. & i. send message by telephone. telephŏ'nic, a. telĕph'onist, n. telephone operator. telĕph'ony, n.

tĕlĕphotŏg′raphy, *n.* photographing of distant objects by means of a combination of telescope and ordinary photographic lens.

tĕl′ergy, *n.* force affecting telepathy.

tĕl′escope, *n.* tube, or set of tubes sliding into each other with lenses or mirrors for magnifying the image of a distant object. *v.t.* & *i.* be capable of increase or decrease of length by sliding like telescope tubes; cause to do this; (of railway carriages, &c.) be driven into each other. **telĕsco′pic**, *a.* **telĕs′copy**, *n.* use and making of telescopes.

tĕlĕvi′sion (-zhon), *n.* electrical transmission of images.

tĕll, *v.t.* & *i.* (**told**), relate or narrate; utter or express in words; betray secret or inform against person; produce marked effect. **~′tale**, person who peaches. **tĕll′er**, (esp.) one of four M.P.'s selected to count votes in House of Commons divisions.

tĕl′pher, *n.* travelling unit in telpherage. **~age**, *n.* automatic electric transport of goods, &c.

tĕmĕr′ity, *n.* rashness.

tĕm′per, *v.t.* bring to proper consistence or hardness; mitigate severity of. *n.* degree of hardness and elasticity in steel, &c.; composure under provocation, &c.; disposition or mood; anger.

tĕm′pera, *n.* distemper-painting.

tĕm′perament, *n.* the whole of a person's natural tendencies as determined by his physical constitution; idiosyncrasy. **~al**, *a.*

tĕm′perance, *n.* avoidance of excessive indulgence, esp. in alcohol; (attrib.) non-alcoholic.

tĕm′perate, *a.* avoiding excess; remote from extremes.

tĕm′perature, *n.* thing's degree of heat.

tĕm′pest, *n.* violent storm. **tempĕs′tuous**, *a.* stormy; turbulent.

Tĕm′plar, *n.* member of the mediæval military religious order of the Temple; occupant of chambers in Inner or Middle Temple.

tĕm′ple[1], *n.* building treated as the dwelling place or devoted to the worship of a god.

tĕm′ple[2], *n.* flat part of head between forehead and either ear.

tĕm′poral, *a.* of or in or denoting time; earthly; secular; lay.

tĕmporăl′ity, *n.* (esp., pl.) religious body's temporal possessions.

tĕm′porary, *a.* lasting or meant to last only a short time.

tĕm′porize, *v.i.* so act as to gain time by concealing one's intentions; avoid committing oneself.

tĕmpt, *v.t.* risk angering; rouse or try to rouse appetite or impulse in; draw or allure into. **~ā′tion**, *n.* tempting or being tempted; thing that attracts; impulse. **~er**, **~ress**, *nn.*

tĕn, *a.* & *n.* one more than nine, 10, X. **~fold**, *a.* & *adv.*; **tĕnth**, *a.* & *n.*; **~ly** *adv.*

tĕn′able, *a.* that can be maintained against attack or objection; that can be held for period or by class of persons. **~bility** *n.*

tĕn′ace, *n.* (Whist), *Major tenace*, **~**, best and third best, *minor*, second and fourth best, cards in play of a suit.

tenā′cious (-shus), *a.* clinging tightly; slow to relinquish anything; retentive. **tenă′city** *n.*

tĕn′ancy, *n.* tenant's position.

tĕn′ant, *n.* person who rents land or house from a landlord; occupant of a place. *v.t.* hold or live in as tenant. **~ry** *n.* the tenants of an estate, &c.

tĕnch, *n.* a fresh-water fish.

tĕnd[1], *v.i.* have a certain tendency.

tĕnd[2], *v.t.* take care or be in charge of; look after.

tĕn′dance, *n.* tending.

tĕn′dency, *n.* aptness to move or act in a particular direction or way; bent or drift.

tĕndĕn′tious (-shus), *a.* designed to advance a cause.

tĕn′der, *v.t.* & *i.* make offer of or present for acceptance; send in a tender. *n.* an offer; statement of sum for which one will contract to do something.

tĕn'der², n. (esp.) vessel attending larger one with stores, &c.; car attached to locomotive with coal, &c.

tĕn'der³, a. not tough; needing careful treatment; delicate; susceptible; loving, affectionate. ~foot, (sl.) person new to his surroundings, greenhorn. ~loin, undercut of sirloin; (sl.) (T-) amusement district of New York and other cities.

tĕn'don, n. cord of dense tissue attaching muscle to bone, &c. stone. tĕn'dinous, a.

tĕn'dril, n. one of the thread-like shoots by which some climbing plants cling.

tĕn'ement, n. an abode or dwelling-place, esp. a flat or suite of rooms or room rented in a house.

tĕn'ĕt, n. doctrine held by a party, sect, &c.

tĕnn'er, n. (colloq.) £10 note.

tĕnn'is, n. ball-game played with rackets in walled court with net. lawn-tennis.

tĕn'on, n. projection that fits into mortise.

tĕn'or, n. prevailing course or routine of one's life or habits; general purport; (Mus.) music for, singer with, highest adult male voice.

tĕnse¹, n. form taken by verb to indicate time of action, &c.

tĕnse², a. stretched to tightness; strained or highly strung.

tĕn'sile (or -īl), a. of tension; capable of being stretched.

tĕn'sion (-shn), n. effect produced by forces pulling against each other; tense or highly strung state; suppressed excitement.

tĕnt¹, n. portable shelter or dwelling of canvas for encamped soldiers, &c. tĕn'ted, a.

tĕnt², n. (arch.) roll of linen, &c. used to probe or cleanse or plug a wound, &c. v.t. apply tent to.

tĕnt³, n. deep-red wine much used in the Eucharist.

tĕn'tacle, n. slender flexible appendage serving as organ of touch in some animals. tĕn-tac'ūlar, tĕntăc'ūlar, a.

tĕn'tative, a. done as an experiment or to feel the way.

tĕn'ter, n. cloth-stretching frame. ~hooks, hooks to which the cloth is fastened.

tĕn'ūous, a. of thin or rarefied or fine-drawn quality or meagre amount. tĕnū'ity, n.

tĕn'ūre (-yer), n. the holding of property or office; the conditions or period of such holding.

tĕp'id, a. between cool and warm. tĕpĭd'ity, n.

tĕr'aphim, n. (pl. -phs, -phim, -phims) small image as domestic oracle among ancient Hebrews.

tĕratŏl'ogy, n. the narration or study or doctrine of miracles; the study of animal and vegetable monstrosities. ~ŏ'gical, a.

ter'cel, ter'cel, n. male hawk.

tĕrcĕntĕn'ary, a. of 300 years. n. 300th anniversary.

tĕ'rebinth, n. a turpentine-yielding tree. tĕrebin'thine, a. of the terebinth; of turpentine.

terē'do, n. (pl. -os), mollusc boring into submerged timber.

tĕrgiversā'tion, n. act of apostasy; change of principles; making of conflicting statements.

tĕrm, n. limited period; period during which university or school or judicature is at work; (pl.) stipulations made, conditions offered or accepted, payment offered or asked, footing or relation between parties; word or phrase considered as the name or symbol of something; (pl.) phraseology or language. v.t. name, call so-and-so.

tĕr'magant, n. virago, scold.

tĕr'minable, a. that can be terminated; (of annuity) payable for a term of years only.

tĕr'minal, a. of or forming the last point or terminus of a, occurring in each, term. n. the terminal part of something; railway terminus.

tĕr'minate, v.t. & i. bring or come to an end; end in. ~tion, n. ending; way something ends; last syllable of word. ~tor, n.

terminol'ogy, n. the terms used in a science, &c. ~logical, a.
ter'minus, n. (pl. usu. -i), station at end of railway line, &c.
ter'mite, n. an insect destructive to timber the white ant.
tern, n. a sea-bird sea-swallow
ter'nary a. composed of three.
Terpsichore'an (-ke-), a. of dancing or the muse Terpsichore.
te'rra, L. & It. for earth. ~ cotta (kŏt'a), fine hard brownish-red pottery; a work of art made in it its colour. ~ firma (fĕrm a), dry land.
te'rrace, n. raised level walk natural shelf or one made for vine-growing, &c. in hillside row of houses.
terrain' n. a tract of country
te'rrapin, n. kinds of turtle and tortoise.
terra'queous (or -ā-) a. of land and water.
terrene', a. terrestrial consisting of earth.
terres'trial, a. of or on the earth; of or on dry land. n. inhabitant of the earth.
te'rrible, a. exciting or fit to excite terror grievous.
te'rrier, n. kinds of small active dog fond of burrowing. (colloq.) member of Territorial Force.
terrif'ic, a. causing great terror; of tremendous intensity, violently impressive. te'rrify v.t. (-fiable), frighten severely
terrine' (-ēn), n. pot such as pâté de foie gras is sold in.
territor'ial, a. of territory or land landed; of districts. n. member of Territorial Army. T~ Army or Force, home-defence army raised on local basis.
te'rritory a. land, or region, under the dominion of a ruler or State; (T) part of the national territory separately organized but not yet given State rights.
te'rror n. extreme fear; terrifying person or thing. ~ism, n. systematic intimidation. ~ist, n. te'rrorize, v.t. (-zable), practise terrorism upon. ~iza'tion, n.

te'rry a. (of pile-fabrics) with loops uncut. n. terry velvet, &c.
terse, a. concise; brief and forcible in style.
ter'tian (-shn), a. & n. (fever, disease) whose paroxysms occur every other day
ter'tiary (-sha-), a. of the third degree.
ter'tius (-shus), a. (in schools) third of the name.
tess'ellated, a. of or resembling mosaic; having finely chequered surface. ~lā'tion, n. tessellated chequering. tess'era, n. (pl. -ae), one of the small cubes or blocks of which mosaic consists.
test n. trial determining a thing's quality or genuineness or fitness for a purpose; standard serving this end. v.t. put to the test; try or severely try ~-match, one of the matches (out of those in a cricket tour, &c.) that are to count towards the total result.
test², n. the hard unarticulated shell of some invertebrates. testa'ceous (-shus), a. with such shell. testa'cean (-shn), n. shellfish or other testaceous mollusc.
tes'tament, n. a will; Old, New, T~, divisions of the Bible (colloq.) copy of the New Testament. testamen'tary a. of or by or in a will.
testa'mur (-er), n. certificate of having passed university examination.
tes'tate, a. having a will. n. person who dies testate. testā'tor, ~trix, nn.
tes'ter, n. canopy over a bed; (arch.) sixpenny piece.
tes'ticle, n. either of the semen-secreting glands.
tes'tify v.i. & t. (-fiable), bear witness to; give evidence; solemnly declare (one's faith, &c.).
testimō'nial, n. certificate of character or qualifications; gift testifying to the esteem felt for the recipient.
tes'timony n. witness borne; thing that testifies to something; (Bibl.) the tables of the

Mosaic law (pl.) the teachings of God.

tes'ty, a. irascible; short-tempered.

tet'anus, n. disease with continuous painful contraction of voluntary muscles.

tetch'y, a. easily put out, touchy, ticklish to deal with.

tête-à-tête (tāt'ahtāt'), n. the being together of two persons without listeners, their talk.

teth'er (-dh-), n. rope, &c. by which grazing animal is restricted to a radius; scope of one's knowledge, &c. v.t. fasten with tether.

tet'rachord (-k-), n. scale series of four notes. ~al, a.

tet'rad, n. the number four, set of four.

tet'ragon, n. plane rectilineal figure of four angles and four sides. tetrag'onal, a.

tetrahē'dron (-e-h-, or -hē-), n. (pl. -ra, -rons), solid figure contained by four plane sides or faces. ~al, a.

tetral'ogy, n. group of four dramatic or operatic works.

tetram'eter, n. verse of four measures.

tē'trarch (or te-, -k), n. ruler of a quarter or other division of a Roman province. ~y, n. tetrarch's office or district.

tet'ter, n. kinds of skin-disease.

Teuton'ic, a. of the Germans, of the races or languages closely allied to the German. n. the Teutonic language before its division into German, &c.

text, n. the wording of a composition, authentic form of a document or passage or book, passage serving as a theme to comment upon, any sentence selected from Scripture. ~book, manual, book set for study. tex'tual, a. of or in the text.

tex'tile (or -īl), a. of weaving, woven. n. (usu. in pl.) textile fabric(s). tex'ture, n. arrangement of threads in textile fabric, arrangement of constituent parts, structure, (of skin, rock, &c.).

‖ thakur, thakoor (thah'koor), n. (E. Ind.) used as a title and term of respect, = Lord, Master, &c. also applied to a chief or noble, esp. of the Rajpoot race.

tha'ler (tah-), n. German silver coin (3s.)

thall'ium, n. rare soft white metallic element used in alloys and glass-making.

than (dhan) conj. & prep. introducing second member of comparison.

thane, n. gentleman below rank of earl and above that of ordinary freeman in Anglo-Saxon times.

thank, v.t. express gratitude to. n. (always pl. exc. in comb.) expressions of gratitude. ~offering, gift made in gratitude. ~sgiving, (esp.) rendering of thanks to God (*T~ Day, day set apart annually for this). thank'ful, a. grateful (for) greatly pleased that. ~less, a. ungrateful; earning no thanks.

thar (tār), n. goat-antelope of Nepal.

that, a. (dhăt), pl. those (dhōz), serving to identify with a gesture or to particularize without needless description, often in contrast with this. demonst. pron. (dhăt; pl. those), representing in the sing. a noun denoting a thing with the adj. that or the, and in the pl. a noun denoting persons or things with the adj. those or the. adv. (dhăt), ~ far, ~ much, as far as much, as that. rel. pron. (dhet), introducing a clause that identifies by defining or restricting. conj. (dhet), introducing substantival clauses and adverbial clauses of purpose or consequence.

thatch, n. roofing of straw or rushes. v.t. roof with thatch.

thaumatur'gy, n. working of wonders, the miraculous. ~gic, a.

thaw, v.i. & t. release or escape from frozen state; warm into liquid state or animation. n. cessation of frost.

the (dhĭ before vowel, dhe before consonant), a. serving to describe as unique, or particularize as needing no identification, or to denote a particular person or thing. adv. preceding comparatives (e.g. the more the merrier).
theatre (thi'ater) n. building for dramatic performances; room or building of similar form for lectures, surgery, &c.; scene or locale of. theat'rical, a. of or for the theatre or acting; sensational or showy or flashy. (n.pl.) dramatic performances).
thee. See thou.
theft, n. stealing; larceny.
their (dhār), a. of or belonging to them. theirs (dhārz), pron. & pred.a. corresponding to their.
the'ism, n. belief in a divine creation and conduct of the universe. the'ist, n. theis'tic, a.
them. See they.
theme, n. a subject or topic; school exercise on set theme; (Mus.) the or a leading melody in a piece. themat'ic, a. (Mus.).
themselves (dhemselvz) pron. serving as emphatic and reflexive form to they.
then (dh-), adv. at that time, after that, next; under those circumstances; accordingly. n. that time. a. then-existing.
thence (dh-) adv. from there; from that. ~forth, ~forward, adv. from that time forward.
theoc'racy n. government of a State in which God is the sovereign and religion the law. theocrat'ic, a.
theod'olite, n. instrument for measuring angles in surveying.
theog'ony n. an account or theory of the genesis of gods.
theolo'gian, n. person learned in theology. theolog'ical, a. of, in, or for the study of theology.
theol'ogy, n. the science treating of God and His relations to man.
theoph'any n. a visible manifestation of a god.
theor'bo, n. (pl. -os), double-necked lute of 17th century.
the'orem, n. (Geom.) proposition to be proved.
theoret'ic, -al, aa. of, in, or of the nature of theory; speculative. theoret'ics, n.pl. theory as opposed to practice.
the'orist, n. person given to theorizing; holder of a theory.
the'orize, v.i. evolve theories; indulge in theorizing.
the'ory (thē-), n. a view held; supposition explaining something; the sphere of speculation as distinguished from that of practice.
theos'ophy, n. any speculative system basing knowledge of nature on intuitional or traditional knowledge of God. theosoph'ic, -al, aa., theos'ophist, n.
therapeut'ic, a. of, for, or tending to the cure of disease. therapeut'ics, n.pl. curative branch of medicine. ther'apy, n.
there (dhār) adv. in or at that place; yonder; at that point; to that place or point. n. (after prep. only) that place or point. int. drawing attention to anything. ~abouts, near the place or amount or time. ~after, thenceforward. ~at, at that or that place; on that account. ~by, by that means or agency. ~fore, for that reason; accordingly. ~in, in it or them; in that respect. ~of, of that, of this. ~to, to that place, &c. ~upon, as an immediate consequence of; directly after that. ~with, with it; thereupon. ~withal, besides.
therm, n. unit of heat used in measuring gas.
ther'mal, a. of heat; of hot springs. therm'ic, a. of heat.
thermantid'ote, n. apparatus for cooling the air, used in India.
thermi'on, n. an ion emitted by an incandescent substance. thermion'ic valve, n. appliance converting wireless waves to vibrations audible in telephone for broadcasting.
thermodynam'ics, n. science of the relation between heat and mechanical energy.

thermŏm′eter, *n.* instrument for measuring temperature, usu. by the expansion of mercury or alcohol in a sealed and graduated glass tube. thermomĕt′ric, ~al, *aa.* thermŏm′etry *n.*
ther′mos, *n.* vacuum flask. P
thēsaur′us, *n.* (pl. -rī) storehouse of information, &c.; dictionary or encyclopaedia.
these. See this.
thē′sis (or -ē-), *n.* (pl. theses pr. -ēz), proposition that one essays to prove; composition supporting thesis.
Thes′pian, *a.* of tragedy or the drama. *n.* actor or actress.
thews (-z), *n.pl.* person's muscular strength.
they (dhā) *pron.* (obj. them, poss. their), serving as pl. of he, she, it.
thick, *a.* of considerable or specified thickness; made of thick material; closely set; dense; hard to penetrate; of stiff consistence; (col.) intimate or intemperate; (of line, &c.) broad, not fine. *n.* thick part of any tapering object; crowded or important point of. *adv.* with thick voice. ~-set, set closely together; having stout limbs and sturdy frame. ~-skinned, not sensitive to criticism or rebuff. thick′en, *v.t.* & *i.* make or become thicker. thick′et, *n.* a tangle of shrubs or trees. thick′ness, *n.* dimension other than length and breadth; being thick in any sense; a layer of material.
thief, *n.* (pl. -eves), one who takes away by stealth what belongs to another. thieve, *v.i.* steal things. thiev′ery *n.* stealing. thiev′ish, *a.* given to thievery.
thigh (-ī), *n.* the leg above the knee.
thim′ble, *n.* metal finger-cap used to push needle with. ~rig, sharpers' game at fairs, &c. with three thimbles and a pea. ~ful (-fool), *n.* (pl. -fuls), small dram, drop of spirits, &c.
thin, *a.* of little thickness; having little flesh, skinny, meagre; of watery consistence; of feeble sound; (of infusions, &c.) weak; not crowded or numerous; (of excuse, &c.) easily seen through. *v.t.* & *i.* make or grow thin. ~-skinned, abnormally sensitive.
thine. See thy.
thing, *n.* any possible object of thought; a material object; a person or animal regarded in pity or contempt or affection; (pl.) the course of events, one's belongings or clothes or implements. ~amy, ~umajig, ~umbob, *nn.* person or thing whose name one forgets.
think, *v.t.* & *i.* (thought pr. -awt), have one's mind at work; hold the opinion; have the half formed intention of. think′er, *n.* (esp.) person of philosophic mind. think′ing, *a.* (esp.) reflective; given to independent thought.
third, *a.* next after second. *n.* one of three equal parts. ~ degree, a close interrogation or severe treatment of a prisoner by the police to extort an admission or confession. ~ man, (Crick.) fielder between point and short slip. third′ly *adv.* in the third place.
thirst, *n.* sensation or state of requiring drink; vehement desire *for* or *of* glory, &c. *v.i.* crave *for* or *after*; be physically thirsty. thirs′ty *a.* feeling thirst; craving for some satisfaction; (of soil) parched; (of work) causing thirst.
thirteen, *a.* & *n.* one more than twelve, 13, XIII. ~th, *a.* & *n.*
thirty, *a.* & *n.* three times ten, 30, XXX. ~two-mo, 32mo, book with 32 leaves to the sheet.
this (dh-), *a.* & *pron.* (pl. these pr. -z), the person or thing close at hand or drawn attention to.
this′tle (-sl), *n.* kinds of prickly plant common as weeds; Scottish national emblem and order of knighthood. ~down, thistle-seeds. this′tly (-sli), *a.* overgrown with thistles.

thith'er (dhidh-), adv. to that place. ~wards, adv.

thole, n. peg in gunwale of rowing-boat serving as fulcrum for oar; one of two such pegs making a rowlock.

thong, n. strip of hide or leather.

thor'ax, n. the part of the trunk between the neck and the abdomen. thorā'cic, a.

thor'ium, n. a rare white metallic element, burning brightly when heated in oxygen.

thorn, n. a prickle on a plant; kinds of thorny plant, esp. the hawthorn. thorn'y, a. abounding in thorns; difficult to tackle.

thorough (thŭ'rŏ), adv. & prep. (arch., poet.) through. a. complete; radical; in all respects; out-and-out. ~bass, bass part with harmonies; the science of harmony. ~bred, a. of pure breed; (of horse) of pedigree recorded in the stud book; n. thoroughbred horse or person. ~fare, right of way; road, &c. not closed at either end. ~going, uncompromising; out-and-out. ~paced, practised.

thorp, n. (arch.) village.

those. See that.

thou (dh-; obj. thee), pron. of 2nd pers., now replaced by you, except in addresses to God or in Quaker or dialect speech.

though (dhō), adv. (colloq.) all the same, none the less, however. conj. and yet.

thought (-awt), n. thinking as a process or a faculty; a conception or mental image formed in the process. p.t. & p.p. of think. thought'ful (-awt-), a. engaged in meditation; giving signs of original thought; considerate. ~less, a. careless of consequences; due to want of thought.

thous'and (-z-), a. & n. ten hundred, 1000, M. ~fold, a. & adv. ~th, a. & n.

thrall (-awl), n. (hist., poet.) bondsman; bondage. thral'dom (-awl-), n. bondage.

thrash, thresh, v.t. & i. (usu. -ash) separate the grain from corn by beating with flails or trampling or with machinery; (-ash) beat with stick or whip; (colloq.) defeat in fight or contest. thrash'er, thresh'er, n. kind of shark; *thrush; person or machine that threshes. thrash'ing, n. a whipping; a defeat. thresh'ing, n. process of threshing corn. ~floor, ~machine, on, with, which corn is threshed.

thrasonĭ'cal, a. bragging.

thread (-ĕd), n. a length of spun flax, cotton, silk, or other such fibre; thin cord of twisted yarns; theme of argument, &c.; the ridge or groove running spirally round a screw. v.t. pass thread through (needle, beads); make way through. ~bare, with nap worn off and threads showing; hackneyed.

threat (-ĕt), n. declaration of intention to punish or hurt; indication of coming evil. threat'en (-ĕ'tn), v.t. & i. use threat to; intimidate with; portend; (of evil) seem to impend.

three, a. & n. one more than two, 3, III. ~fold, a. & adv. thrice repeated; consisting of three. ~pence (thrĕp-), 3d. ~penny bit, piece (thrĕp-), silver 3d. ~ply (orig. as n.) wood made by gluing together three layers. ~quarter, a. (of portrait) including body to below hips or presenting face between full and profile; n. (Rugby football) player stationed between halves and full-back. ~score, sixty.

thren'ody, n. song of lamentation.

thresh. See thrash.

thresh'old, n. plank or stone forming bottom of doorway; entrance.

threw, p.t. of throw.

thrice, adv. three times.

thrift, n. saving ways; sparing expenditure; the sea-pink. ~less, a. wasteful. thrif'ty, a. economical.

thrill, n. a nervous tremor due to intense emotion; a wave of pas-

action; a tremulous sound. v.t. & i. feel thrills or vibrate (with); stir thrills in. thrill'er, n. (esp.) sensational play or tale.

thrive, v.i. (throve, thriven) prosper, grow vigorously.

throat, n. front part of the neck; or either or both of the passages through it to the stomach and lungs; narrow passage or entrance. throat'y, a. (of voice) hoarsely resonant.

throb, v.i. (of heart, arteries, blood) pulsate with abnormal force; (of persons, pain, &c.) have or give the feeling of pulsation. n. palpitation; single beat of pulsation.

throe, n. (usu. in pl.) a violent spasm, esp. (pl.) those of childbirth.

throne, n. chair of state for sovereign, bishop, &c. v.t. enthrone.

throng, n. press of people crowding; a crowd. v.t. & i. come in great numbers; flock into; crowd.

thros'tle (-sl), n. song-thrush.

throt'tle, v.t. compress the throat of; strangle, choke; check with throttle-valve. n. throttle-valve. ~-valve, valve regulating supply of steam, &c. in engine, &c.

through (-rōō), prep. from end to end or side to side of; between the sides of; by agency, means, or fault of; by reason of. adv. through something; from end to end; *finished (speaking). a. going, concerned with going, through; (of travelling) going all the way without change of line, &c. ~out, adv. in every part or respect; prep. from end to end of; in every part of.

throw (-ō), v.t. & i. (threw pr. -rōō, thrown pr. -ōn), launch (object) into the air with some force; fling off (rider); throw; use as missile; throw ball, &c. with jerking motion of arm; worst decisively in wrestle, &c.; throw dice; put (garment, &c.) carelessly over something; twist (silk, &c.) into thread. n. act of throwing or being thrown. ~-off, the start in hunt or in any quest or joint operation. ~ out, reject (bill, &c.) by votes; put (batsman) out by throwing at wicket; embarrass (speaker) by interruption.

thrum¹, n. unwoven end of a warp-thread left when the finished web is cut away; any short loose thread.

thrum², v.t. & i. pluck at (strings); thrum harp, &c.; strum; drum with the fingers, &c.; make drumming sound. n. sound of thrumming.

thrush¹, n. kinds of song-bird.

thrush², n. throat-disease in children; foot-disease in horses.

thrust, v.t. & i. push; make a lunge or stab with weapon; intrude oneself; force (person) upon. n. a stab or lunge; pushing force exerted by one part of a structure on another.

thud, n. sound made by impact of non-resonant things.

thug, n. member of an extinct association of robbers and stranglers in India; cut-throat, ruffian. ~gee', ~gery, ~gism, nn. thugs' practices.

thumb (-um), n. the one of the five fingers opposable to the other four. v.t. soil or wear (book, document). ~-print, impression of thumb taken as means of identifying person. ~screw, instrument of torture squeezing the thumb.

thump, v.t. & i. hit so as to produce a thud; hit with fist; pummel. n. sound of thumping; a blow with fist. thum'per, n. (esp., sl.) big specimen; outrageous lie. thum'ping, a. (sl.) big.

thun'der, n. the sound made by lightning; any loud rumbling; (usu. pl.) authoritative censure or threats. v.i. & t. emit thunder or thunders; utter or say out loudly. ~bolt, lightning-flash regarded as missile or destroying agency; punitive decree, &c. ~struck, utterly taken aback by

thith'er (dhidh-), *adv.* to that place. ~wards, *adv.*

thole, *n.* peg in gunwale of rowing boat serving as fulcrum for oar; one of two such pegs making a rowlock.

thong, *n.* strip of hide or leather.

thor'ax, *n.* the part of the trunk between the neck and the abdomen. thorac'ic, *a.*

thor'ium, *n.* a rare white metallic element, burning brightly when heated in oxygen.

thorn, *n.* a prickle on a plant; kinds of thorny plant, esp. the hawthorn. thorn'y, *a.* abounding in thorns; difficult to tackle.

thorough (thŭ'ro), *adv.* & *prep.* (arch., poet.) through. *a.* complete; radical; in all respects; out-and-out. ~bass, bass part with harmonies; the science of harmony. ~bred, *a.* of pure breed; (of horses) of pedigree recorded in the stud book; *n.* thoroughbred horse or person. ~fare, right of way; road, &c. not closed at either end. ~going, uncompromising; out-and-out. ~paced, practised.

thorp, *n.* (arch.) village.

those. See that.

thou (dh-; obj. thee), *pron.* of 2nd pers., now replaced by you, except in addresses to God or in Quaker or dialect speech.

though (dhō), *adv.* (colloq.) all the same, none the less, however. *conj.* and yet.

thought (-awt), *n.* thinking as a process or a faculty; conception or mental image formed in the process. *p.t.* & *p.p.* of think. thought'ful (-awt-), *a.* engrossed in meditation; giving signs of original thought; considerate. ~less, *a.* careless of consequences; due to want of thought.

thou'sand (-z-), *a.* & *n.* ten hundred, 1000, M. ~fold, *a.* & *adv.*; ~th, *a.* & *n.*

thrall (-awl), *n.* (hist., poet.) bondman; bondage. thral'dom (-awl-), *n.* bondage.

thrash, thresh, *v.t.* & *i.* (thrash -sh) separate the grain from corn by beating with flails or trampling or with machinery; (-ash) beat with stick or whip; (colloq.) defeat in fight or contest. thrash'er, thresh'er *n.* kind of shark; "thrush; person or machine that threshes. thrash'ing, *n.* a whipping; a defeat. thresh'ing, *n.* process of threshing corn. ~floor, ~machine, on, with, which corn is threshed.

thrason'ical, *a.* bragging.

thread (-ĕd), *n.* a length of spun flax, cotton, silk, or other such fibre; thin cord of twisted yarns; theme of argument, &c.; the ridge or groove running spirally round a screw. *v.t.* pass thread through (needle, beads); make way through. ~bare, with nap worn off and threads showing; hackneyed.

threat (-ĕt), *n.* declaration of intention to punish or hurt; indication of coming evil. threat'en (-ĕtn), *v.t.* & *i.* use threat to; intimidate with; portend; (of evil) seem to impend.

three, *a.* & *n.* one more than two, 3, III. ~fold, *a.* & *adv.* thrice repeated; consisting of three. ~pence (thrĕp-) 3d. ~penny bit, piece (thrĕp-), silver 3d. ~ply (*a.*, as *n.*) wood made by gluing together three layers. ~quarter, *a.* (of portrait) including body to below hips or presenting face between full and profile; *n.* (Rugby footb.) player stationed between halves and full-back. ~score, sixty.

thren'ody, *n.* song of lamentation.

thresh. See thrash.

thresh'old, *n.* plank or stone forming bottom of doorway; entrance.

threw *p.t.* of throw.

thrice, *adv.* three times.

thrift, *n.* saving ways; sparing expenditure; the sea-pink. ~less, *a.* wasteful. thrift'y, *a.* economical.

thrill, *n.* a nervous tremor due to intense emotion; a wave of sen-

motion; a tremulous sound. v.i. & t. feel thrills or vibrate (*with*); stir thrills in. thrill′er, n. (*colloq.*) sensational play or tale.

thrive, v.i. (*throve*, *thriven*), prosper, grow vigorously.

throat, n. front part of the neck, or either or both of the passages through it to the stomach and lungs; narrow passage or entrance. throat′y, a. (of voice) hoarsely resonant.

throb, v.i. (of heart, arteries, blood) pulsate with abnormal force; (of persons, pain, &c.) have or give the feeling of pulsation. n. palpitation; single beat of pulsation.

throe, n. (usu. in pl.) a violent spasm, esp. (pl.) those of childbirth.

throne, n. chair of state for sovereign, bishop, &c. v.t. enthrone.

throng, n. press of people crowding; a crowd. v.i. & t. come in great numbers; flock into; crowd.

thro′stle (-sl) n. song-thrush.

throt′tle, v.t. compress the throat of, strangle, choke; check with throttle-valve. n. throttle-valve. ~-valve, valve regulating supply of steam, &c. in engine, &c.

through (-rōō), prep. from end to end or side to side of; between the sides of; by agency, means, or fault of; by reason of. adv. through something; from end to end; *finished (speaking). a. going, concerned with going, through (of travelling) going all the way without change of line, &c. ~out, adv. in every part or respect; prep. from end to end of; in every part of.

throw (-ō), v.t. & i. (*threw* pr. -rōō; *thrown* pr. -ōn) launch (object) into the air with some force; fling off (rider) thus; use as missile; throw ball, &c. with jerking motion of arm; worst decisively in wrestle, &c.; throw dice; put (garment, &c.) carelessly over something; twist (silk, &c.) into thread. n. act of throwing or being thrown. ~-off, the start in hunt or in any quest or joint operation. ~ out, reject (bill, &c.) by vote; put (batsman) out by throwing at wicket; embarrass (speaker) by interruption.

thrum[1] n. unwoven end of a warp-thread left when the finished web is cut away; any short loose thread.

thrum[2] v.i. & t. pluck at (strings) thrum harp, &c.; strum; drum with the fingers, &c., make drumming sound. n. sound of thrumming.

thrush[1] n. kinds of song-bird.

thrush[2] n. throat-disease in children; foot-disease in horses.

thrust, v.t. & i. push; make a lunge or stab with weapon; intrude oneself, force (person) upon. n. a stab or lunge; pushing force exerted by one part of a structure on another.

thud, n. sound made by impact of non-resonant things.

thug, n. member of an extinct association of robbers and stranglers in India; cut-throat, ruffian. ~gee, ~gery, ~gism, nn. thugs′ practices.

thumb (-um) n. the one of the five fingers opposable to the other four. v.t. soil or wear (book, document). ~-print, impression of thumb taken as means of identifying person. ~screw, instrument of torture squeezing the thumb.

thump, v.t. & i. hit so as to produce a thud; hit with fist; pummel. n. sound of thumping; a blow with fist. thum′per, n. (*colloq.*, *sl.*) big specimen; outrageous lie. thum′ping, a. (*sl.*) big.

thun′der, n. the sound made by lightning; any loud rumbling; (usu. pl.) authoritative censure or threats. v.i. & t. emit thunder or thunders, utter or say out loudly. ~bolt, lightning-flash regarded as missile or destroying agency; positive decree, &c. ~struck, utterly taken aback by

an event or discovery. thun'dering, a. & adv. (sl.) very big, very. thun'derous, a. as loud as thunder. thun'dery, a. oppressive.

thu'rible, n. censer.

Thurs'day (-zdĭ), n. the fifth day of the week.

thus (dh-), adv. in this way, in the manner indicated; accordingly; so far, to this extent.

thwack. See whack.

thwart (-ôrt), v.t. frustrate or foil. n. rower's seat.

thy (dh-), attrib.a. of or belonging to thee. thine (dh-), pron. & a. related to thy as mine to my.

thyla'cine, n. zebra-wolf, a Tasmanian carnivorous marsupial.

thyme (tīm), n. kinds of herb with fragrant aromatic leaves.

thy'mol, n. a strong disinfectant.

thyr'oid (-ĕr-), a. (Anat.) ~ cartilage, in larynx enclosing vocal chords. ~ gland or body, vascular body adjacent to larynx.

thyr'sus (-ĕr-), n. (pl. -si), staff tipped with pine-cone ornament as attribute of Bacchus.

thyself' (dh-), pron. serving as refl. and emphat. form of thee.

tiar'a, n. conical cap of ancient Persians, &c.; Pope's diadem; jewelled band worn in the front of the hair by ladies.

tib'ia, n. the shin-bone.

tic, ~ douloureux (dōōlerōō'), n. neuralgia with twitching of face muscles.

‡ticca (or tĭk'ka), a. (E. Ind.) engaged on contract, hired. ~ gharry, hired carriage.

tick¹, n. the beat or sound of a watch or clock; a slight sound; a small mark. v.i. & t. (of clock) make tick; set tick against. ~ off, (sl.) reprimand. ~ over, (of motor) run slowly with gears disconnected. ~er, n. (sl.) watch. ~-tack, n. manual signalling on race-courses.

tick², n. kinds of insect parasite.

tick³, n. case of mattress or bolster; ticking.

tick⁴ (sl.), n. credit, booking of debts; on tick, defer payment. v.i. & t. go tick, give tick; buy or sell (things) on tick.

tick'et, n. card or paper securing admission, &c., to its holder or serving as label or notice. (U.S.) list of party candidates. v.t. attach label to.

tick'ing, n. strong material for bed-ticks.

tic'kle, v.t. & i. itch, make itch, with light touches; stir sense of humour in; poke or knead in the ribs, &c., to produce convulsive laughter. tick'lish, a. sensitive to tickling; (of affairs) difficult to handle.

tick'ey (tĭk'ĭ), n. (S.-Afr., colloq.) threepenny-piece.

ticpolon'ga (-ngga), n. venomous serpent of India and Ceylon.

tide, n. the rise and fall of the sea occurring twice in a lunar day; a trend of opinion or *feeling*. v.i. be carried by the tide. ti'dal, a. of, due to, or *affected* by the tide.

ti'dings (-z), n.pl. news received.

ti'dy, a. neat, orderly; methodically arranged. (colloq.) considerable. n. antimacassar; bag or receptacle for odds and ends. v.t. make tidy, put in order.

tie, v.t. & i. (part. tying), fasten with cord; form into knot or bow, tie lace, &c. of shoe, &c.; hamper; make equal score or run dead heat or draw game. n. necktie; uniting or connecting element; thing that hampers; draw or dead heat or equal score; match between winners of previous contests. ~-up, strike or lock-out.

tier, n. (pl.) two or more rows of things, or platforms, &c., parallel but at different levels; (sing.) one of such rows, &c.

tierce, n. (Fencing) position for guard, parry or thrust; sequence of three cards; medium-sized cask for wine or provisions.

tiff, n. quarrel between lovers or friends. v.i. have a tiff.

tiff n. draught of liquor. v.t. & i. sip, drink; (Anglo-Ind.) lunch.
tiff'any n. gauzy silk or muslin.
tiff'in, n. (Anglo-Ind.) light meal, esp. of curried dishes and fruit; lunch. v.i. & t. take tiffin, lunch; provide with tiffin.
ti'ger (-g-), n. large striped feline beast of prey; smart-liveried small boy as groom; (sl.) supplementary cheer, prolongation, final burst (three cheers and a tiger). —cat, kinds of smaller animal resembling tiger. —lily, with dark-spotted orange flower. **ti'gerish** (-g-), a. (esp.) as cruel or relentless as a tiger.
tight (tīt), a. pulled from both ends or every direction; close packed or firmly fixed; compact; gripping or clinging close; (sl.) drunk. n.pl. tight costume of acrobats, &c. adv. tightly. —rope, rope stretched tight for performer to walk, &c. on. —wad, (sl.) stingy person. **tight'en** (tīt-), v.t. & i. make or become tight.
ti'gress, n. female tiger.
til, n. (E.-Ind.) the plant *Sesamum indicum*, chiefly used in comb. —oil, —seed oil, oil obtained by bruising til seeds.
til'bury n. Light two-wheeled carriage.
til'de (-dĭ), n. the mark placed in Spanish over n (ñ) to indicate a following y-sound.
tile, n. thin piece of burnt clay for roofing, &c.; (sl.) hat. v.t. cover, &c. with tiles.
ti'ka, n. Hindu caste-mark on forehead.
till prep. up to, as late as; conj. up to the time when; to the degree that.
till n. money-drawer in shop-counter.
till v.t. cultivate (land). **till'age**, n. preparation of land for crop-bearing; tilled land.
till'er, n. lever by which rudder is turned.
tilt n. tilted position; movement in which one end or side becomes higher than the other; act of tilting with lance. v.t. & i. be or become or put on the tilt; (of mediaeval knights, &c.) charge with lance at each other or at a mark; (fig.) direct argument or satire at or against.
tilt n. awning of cart.
tilth, n. tillage.
tim'ber, n. wood as material for building or carpentry; a beam; large standing trees. —toes, (sl.) wooden-legged or heavy-treading person. **tim'bered** (-erd), a. made of, or partly of, timber; (of country) wooded.
timbre (tăn'bər), n. characteristic quality of a musical sound or a voice apart from its pitch.
tim'brel, n. (Bibl.) tambourine.
time, n. the successive states of the universe regarded as a whole; any definite or indefinite portion of time; a period with its events or characteristics; a season or distinguishable part of the year or day; amount of time allowed, taken, or available; an appointed interval; a breathing space; so many reckonings of a multiplicand (×); rate at which musical notes or steps succeed one another; time of day as shown by clock, &c. v.t. (-mable) choose right time for; appoint time for; take the time of (races, &c.). —honoured, venerable by antiquity. —keeper, one who records time; clock or watch. —piece, clock or watch. —server, servile person; selfish opportunist. —table, synopsis of hours of work, starting and arrival times of trains, &c. **time'ly** (-mlĭ), a. opportune, occurring at right time.
tim'id, a. easily frightened; apprehensive. **timid'ity** n.
tim'orous, a. timid; shrinking or shy with timidity.
tin, n. a white metal much used for coating iron to preserve it from rust; a vessel or box of tin or tin-plate; (sl.) money. v.t. coat with tin; seal up (fruit, meat, &c.) in tins for preservation.

~foil, foil of tin or some white alloy for preservative wrappings. *~ hat, (sl.) helmet. ~ Lizzie, nickname for Ford motor-car. ~plate, sheet-iron coated with tin. ~tack, tin-coated tack.

tinc'ture, n. colour or other surface marking in heraldry; a tinge of colour; a smack of some quality or accomplishment; medicinal solution of a drug. v.t. (-rable), colour slightly, tinge; imbue or slightly modify the appearance or character of. tincto'rial, a. of or for dyeing.

‖ tin'dal, n. (E. Ind.) native petty officer of lascars; foreman of a gang of labourers.

tin'der, n. inflammable material in which the spark from flint and steel used to be caught; dry rotten wood.

tine, n. one of the prongs or teeth or points of a fork, comb, deer's horn, &c.

tinge (-nj), v.t. (-geable), colour slightly (with). n. tendency to or trace of some colour; slight admixture of a feeling or quality.

tingle (ting'gl), v.i. feel pricking or thrilling sensation.

tink'er, n. itinerant mender of kettles, &c. v.i. work ineffectively.

tinkle (ting'kl), n. sound of or as of small bell. v.t. & i. make or cause (bell) to make tinkle. tink'ler, n. (sl.) small bell.

tin'sel, n. decorations of bright metal foil or threads; tawdry brilliance; flashiness. (attrib.) flashy. tin'selled (-ld), a.

tint, n. one of the varieties of a colour; a faint colour spread over a surface. v.t. colour slightly or conventionally; wash or suffuse with colour.

tintinnabula'tion, n. tinkling.

ti'ny, a. very small.

tip, n. the finer end of a thing, the extremity remote from base or butt or root; piece added to give durability to a tip, &c.; slight glancing stroke with cricket-bat, &c.; slight tilting push; gift given to schoolboy, waiter, driver, &c.; piece of information as to probable winner of race; a good dodge or recipe. v.t. & i. put tip on; give tip to; strike (ball, &c.) with tip or side of bat, &c.; tilt, incline, upset. ~-and-run, cricket in which batsman must run if bat touches ball. ~cat, game with a stick and short tapering piece of wood. ~staff, sheriff's officer. ~toe, the point of the toe. ~top, exceedingly good.

tipp'et, n. covering of fur &c. for the shoulders.

tip'ple, v.t. & i. be given to drink; habitually drink a good deal of. n. alcoholic drink.

tip'ster, n. purveyor of sporting tips.

tip'sy, a. unsteady in gait or speech with drink; drunk.

tirade, n. piece of vehement denunciation or rant.

tire[1], n. metal rim enclosing felloe; rim-cover of rubber &c. attached to wheel; (arch.) headdress, attire. v.t. put tire or tires on; (arch.) dress (hair), attire.

tire[2], v.t. & i. become unequal to or indisposed for further exertion, grow sick of; reduce to these states. ~less, a. of inexhaustible energy. ~some, a. trying to the temper; annoying; tedious.

tir'o, n. a beginner.

tissue (-sū, -shōō), n. a woven fabric, esp. of gauzy texture; (fig.) a network of lies, &c.; any of the coherent substances of which organic bodies are composed. ~-paper, thin soft unsized paper for wrappings, &c.

tit, n. (titmouse; (arch.) horse, girl. ~lark, small lark-like bird.

Ti'tan, n. the sun (poet.); person far beyond others in genius or power; huge person or animal, &c. ~ess, n. Titan'ic, a.

tita'nium, n. a dark-grey metallic element.

tit'bit, n. dainty morsel; piquant item of news, &c.

tithe (-dh), n. a tenth; originally a tenth of the annual produce of

land devoted to the support of the clergy now converted into rent charge. v.t. (-thable), subject (property, owner) to tithe.

tit'illate, v.t. (-lable), stimulate as by tickling. ~tion, ~tor, nn.

tit'ivate, v.t. & i. (colloq.) make smart, smarten oneself.

ti'tle, n. name of a book or other work of art; heading of a chapter, &c.; word or phrase indicative of a person's status; right to ownership of property; just or recognized claim to thing or to do something. ~-deed, legal document establishing right to property. ~-page, page of book exhibiting its name, authorship, &c. ti'tled (-ld), having title of nobility.

tit'mouse, n. (pl. -mice), kinds of small active bird.

titt'er, v.i. laugh covertly. n. such laugh.

tit'tle, n. small mark, an iota; least quantity or trifling point.

tit'tle-tattle, n. & v.i. gossip.

titt'up, v.i. go mincingly or jerkily; bob up and down. n. such gait or movement.

tit'ular, a. such in name irrespective of the reality; giving or serving as a title. n. nominal holder of a benefice, &c.

tmē'sis, n. (Gram.) intrusion of a word or words between the parts of a compound word.

to, prep. (tōō emphat. or at end of clause, tŏŏ before vowel, to before consonant), in the direction of; as far as; not short of; also, introducing indirect obj. of vb. &c., or as mark of inf. adv. to or in the required position; to a standstill; in closed state. ~ and fro, backwards and forwards; from place to place. ~day', this day; on or during this day. ~morrow, the day after to-day. ~night', the coming or present night.

toad, n. frog-like amphibian breeding in water but living chiefly on land; repulsive person. ~eater, toady. ~flax, a yellow-flowered plant. ~stool, kinds of umbrella-shaped fungus. toad'y, n. sycophant, obsequious parasite. v.t. play the toady to. ~ism, n.

toast, n. bread sliced and browned, esp. before the fire; the drinking of a health or the sentiment, &c. so honoured. v.t. & i. brown (bread) or cook (bacon, &c.) or warm (oneself, &c.) before the fire; drink to the health of.

tobacc'o, n. (pl. -os), narcotic leaves from which cigars and snuff are made, esp. the preparations for use in pipes or cigarettes. ~nist, n. dealer in tobacco.

tobogg'an, n. hand-sledge, used esp. in the sport of coasting down snow or ice slopes.

tō'by, n. mug in the shape of a man in a three-cornered hat.

Tōc H, n. society with many branches carrying on comradeship from the great war.

tō'co, n. (sl.) blows or reprimands.

toc'sin, n. alarm-signal on bell.

tod, n. (dial.) fox.

tod'dle, v.i. go with small child's short unsteady steps; (joc.) saunter, walk. n. toddling child; (joc.) a stroll.

todd'y, n. drink of whisky or other spirit with hot water and sugar; palm-tree sap, or fermented liquor made from it.

tō'dy, n. W. Ind. bird related to kingfisher.

toe, n. any of the five members in which front of human foot ends; corresponding part in bird or beast; part of shoe or stocking covering toes. v.t. kick (sl.); touch with the toes; (Golf) strike faultily with tip of club.

toff, n. (sl.) gentleman or one who passes or dresses as such.

toff'ee (-fi), n. sweet-stuff of boiled butter and sugar.

tog, v.t. (sl.), fit with or dress in togs (usu. ~ out).

tō'ga, n. civil attire of citizen of ancient Rome; a plain piece of woollen stuff so disposed as to drape the whole person except the head and right arm.

togĕth'er (-dh-), *adv.* in or into company or combination or juxtaposition; simultaneously.

tŏgs (-z), *n.pl.* (sl.) clothes. tŏg'gery (-g-), *n.* (sl.) togs.

toil, *v.i.* work laboriously or incessantly at; make slow painful progress. *n.* severe labour, drudgery. ~some, involving toil. ~worn, said of persons, faces, limbs, &c.

toil'et, *n.* process of dressing; style of dress, a costume; (attrib.) used in the toilet.

toils (-z), *n.pl.* net, snare.

tō'ken, *n.* indication; something that serves as a symbol, keepsake, distinctive mark, or guarantee. ~ money, coins of higher nominal than intrinsic value.

tō'la, *n.* unit of weight in Indian empire, =180 grains troy.

tŏl'erable, *a.* not beyond endurance; fairly good.

tŏl'erance, *n.* tolerant temper or ways. tŏl'erant, *a.* disposed or accustomed to tolerate others or their opinions; broad-minded.

tŏl'erāte, *v.t.* allow the existence or occurrence of without authoritative interference; put up with. ~ā'tion, *n.* tolerating, esp. the recognition of free thought and practice in religious matters.

tōll¹, *n.* charge payable for permission to pass a barrier, use a market or harbour, &c.; (hist.) proportion of corn kept by miller as payment for grinding. ~bar, ~gate, barriers preventing passage without payment of toll.

tōll², *v.t.* & *i.* sound (bell) with slow succession of strokes; strike (hour) or announce or mark (death) thus. *n.* tolling sound.

tolu' (or tō'lū), *n.* a fl. Amer. tree and balsam. tō'luene, tō'luol (or tō-l-), *n.* liquid with smell like benzene and burning taste, yielding many compounds.

tŏm, *n.* a male, esp. a male domestic bird or cat. ~boy, romping girl. ~ cat, male cat. ~fool', *n.* buffoon; *v.i.* show misplaced levity or ineptitude. ~foo'lery, buffoonery; trifling. ~noddy, simpleton. ~tit, titmouse, esp. the blue tit.

tŏm'ahawk (-a-h-), *n.* war-axe of N.-Amer. Indians. *v.t.* kill or wound with tomahawk.

tomā'tō (-ah-), *n.* (pl. -oes) pulpy red or yellow fruit; the plant bearing it.

tōmb (tōōm), *n.* a grave; burial-vault; sepulchral monument. ~stone, memorial stone standing or laid over grave.

tŏm'bac, -k, *n.* kinds of copper-and-zinc alloy.

tŏmbō'la, *n.* kind of lottery with fancy articles for prizes.

tōme, *n.* large book or volume.

tŏmm'y, *n.* (sl.) food; Tommy Atkins, T~ Atkins, British private soldier. ~rot, (sl.) nonsense; folly.

tŏm'tŏm, *n.* native Indian drum gong. *v.i.* beat tomtom.

tŏn (tŭn), *n.* measure of weight, 20 cwt.; unit of measurement for ship's tonnage, 100 cub. ft. tŏ'nnage (tŭ-), *n.* ship's cubic content or carrying-capacity; sum of the tonnage of shipping; charge per ton on freight.

tonăl'ity, *n.* (mus.) relation between the tones of a musical scale; colour-scheme of picture.

tōne, *n.* sound, esp. with reference to pitch, quality and strength; musical sound; modulation of voice to express emotion, &c.; proper condition of the bodily organs; tint or shade of colour; prevailing character of morals, sentiments, &c. *v.t.* & *i.* give desired tone to; modify tone of; be in harmony with.

tŏng'a (-ngg-), *n.* light and small two-wheeled carriage or cart used in India.

tŏngs (-z), *n.pl.* (also *pair of* ~), kinds of two-limbed grasping implement for lifting what is not to be handled.

tongue (tŭng), *n.* muscular organ in the mouth used in tasting, speaking, masticating, &c.;

faculty or manner of speaking a language; tongue-like piece or part. ~-tied, incapable or slow of speech.

tŏn'ĭc, a. tending to restore bodily tone; bracing. n. a tonic medicine or agency; (Mus.) key note. ~ sŏl-fa' (-ah), a musical notation used esp. in teaching singing.

tŏn'jŏn, jŏn-, n. (E. Ind.) kind of sedan-chair slung on a pole and carried by four bearers.

tŏnk, v.t. (sl.) hit (bowling, person) hard; defeat easily in contest.

tonneau. See ton.

tŏnn'eau (-nō), n. rounded rear body of some motor-cars.

tŏn'sĭl, n. gland at either side of back of mouth. tŏnsĭlĭ'tĭs, n. inflammation of tonsil.

tŏn'sure (-sher) n. shaving of the head or of a patch on the crown as clerical symbol; bare patch so made. v.t. subject to tonsure.

tŏntine' (-ēn) n. loan or fund the surviving subscribers of which receive annuities increasing as they become fewer.

tōō, adv. in addition; as well; moreover; in an excessive degree.

took, p.t. of take.

tōōl, n. instrument designed to help or enable the hand(s) to apply force; person used to forward another's purposes. v.t. & i. dress (stone) with chisel; impress design on (leather book-cover); (sl.) drive (team, coach, &c.); convey or go in carriage, &c.

tōōn, n. E.-Ind. tree with close-grained red wood, much used for furniture, &c.

tōōt, n. sound of horn, &c. v.t. & i. emit toot; sound (horn, &c.).

tōōth, n. (pl. teeth), any of the set of bone-like bodies rooted in the jaws and used esp. in biting; projection comparable to a tooth. ~ache, ache in tooth. ~brush, brush for cleaning the teeth. tōōth'ful (-ōōl), n. (sl.) drop of brandy &c. ~some, a. (of food) delicious.

tōō'tle, v.i. & t., & n. toot (esp. with repetition); twaddle.

tŏp[1] n. the summit or the upper part or the surface of something; the highest place or rank; the highest degree (utmost) of or at or on the top; platform round top of lower mast; (pl.) parts of hunting-boots representing flaps turned down round calves. v.t. & i. cover top of or crown with; cut off top of (tree); be at the top of; surpass. ~-boots, boots with tops. ~coat, overcoat. ~gallant (top- or tog-) mast, sail, yard, rigging, immediately above topmast and topsail. ~-hat, high silk hat. ~-heavy, apt to topple from being over-weighted above. ~knot, bow of ribbon or bunch of hair or tuft of feathers worn or growing on top of head. ~mast, mast next above the lower mast. ~sail (-sl), square sail next above lowest. tŏpp'er, n. (sl.) top-hat. tŏpp'ing, a. (sl.) excellent.

tŏp[2] n. toy to which spinning motion is given by means of whip or piece of cord.

tō'păz, n. a precious stone of various colours, esp. yellow.

tōpe[1] n. kind of small shark.

tōpe[2] v.i. drink to excess. tō'per, n. person given to drink.

tōpe[3] n. (Anglo-Ind.) a clump, grove, or plantation of trees; in Upper India, chiefly of fruit-trees.

tōpe[4] n. Buddhist monument, usu. dome or tower.

tō'pĭ, tō'pee, n. originally applied by Indian natives to the European hat, now specialized in Anglo-Ind. as a name for the sola topi, sun-hat or helmet. ~-wallah, ~-wala, Indian name for a European because he wears a hat.

tō'piary, a. of the clipping of trees, &c. into fantastic shapes.

tŏp'ĭc, n. subject of conversation or theme of discourse; thing talked of. tŏp'ĭcal, a. having reference to current events.

top'most, a. uppermost.
topog'raphy, n. local geography; features of a district or description of them. **topog'rapher**, n. expert in topography. **topograph'ic**, ~al, aa.
top'ple, v.t. & i. be unsteady or lean as if about to fall; fall or cause to fall.
topsy-tur'vy, adv. & a. upside down; in inverted position or way; in confusion. ~dom, n.
toque (-k), n. woman's brimless hat.
tor, n. rocky hill-top.
torch, n. inflammable stick or rope that can be carried as a light.
torchon (tôr'shon) n. coarse loose kind of lace.
tore, p.t. of tear.
to'reador, n. Spanish, esp. mounted, bull-fighter.
torment, n. (tôrm'ent), severe bodily or mental suffering or the cause of it. v.t. (tôrment'), subject to torment; importune, tease. ~or ~ress, nn.
tor'mentil, n. a trailing yellow flowered herb.
torn, p.p. of tear.
torna'do, n. (pl. -oes), very violent storm over a limited area.
torpe'do, n. (pl. -oes), a fish inflicting electric shocks when touched; kinds of explosive mine or petard, cigar-shaped self-propelled submarine missile that can be aimed at a ship, &c., and explodes on touching it. v.t. & i. hit or damage with, discharge, torpedoes; (fig.) make ineffective. ~-boat, small fast war-ship discharging torpedoes.
tor'pid, a. benumbed, dormant; sluggish; dull. **torpid'ity** n.
tor'por n. suspended animation; apathy
Torps, n. (Nav. sl.) ship's torpedo officer.
torque (-k), n. metal necklet worn by ancient Britons, Gauls, &c.
to'rrent, n. rush of water; downpour of rain; volley of abuse. **torren'tial** (-shl), a.
to'rrid, a. intensely hot.
tor'sion (-shn), n. (school.) twisting. **tor'sional** (-sho-), a.
tor'so, n. (pl. -os), trunk of a statue apart from head and limbs; unfinished work.
tort, n. breach of a duty imposed by law whereby some person acquires a right of action for damages.
tor'toise (-tus), n. four-legged reptile enclosed in a horny shell. ~shell (-tush-) esp. as material with patches of brown and transparent yellow used for combs, spectacles, &c.; (attrib.) of or like tortoiseshell.
tor'tuous, a. winding, indirect; involved. **tortuos'ity** n.
tor'ture, n. infliction of pain, esp. to extort something from victim; agony. v.t. (-rable), subject to torture; distort.
Tor'y, n. member of the political party opposed to change and supporting existing institutions; a Conservative. ~ism, n.
tosh, n. (sl.) twaddle, nonsense, easy bowling, &c.
toss, v.t. & i. move with fitful to-and-fro motion; fling or roll about; drain (liquor) off at a draught; throw upwards; throw up coin to decide question by which face falls uppermost. n. tossing motion; upward throw or lob of ball, &c.; tossing of coin or decision so given.
tot[1] n. (colloq.) small child; small mug; dram of liquor.
tot[2] n. (colloq.) addition sum or its result. v.t. & i. add together; (of expenses, &c.) mount up.
to'tal, a. complete, comprising the whole. n. sum of all items; total amount. v.t. & i. amount to; reckon total of. **total'ity**, n. being total; an aggregate.
to'talizator, -iser, **tote**[1] (sl.), nn. device registering number and amount of bets staked on race with a view to dividing the total among backers on winner
to'talize, v.t. combine into a total.
tote[2] v.t. carry, bear (burden, load).

tō'tem, *n.* hereditary emblem of a tribe or clan or group of primitive people giving its name to the tribe, &c. **~ism**, *n.* stage of development of which totems are characteristic.

tŏtt'er, *v.i.* be insecure on base, &c. oscillate as if about to fall; go with feeble steps.

tŏ'ty, *n.* (Anglo-Ind.) man of low caste employed as messenger and odd man.

toucan (tōō-), *n.* large-billed S. Amer. bird.

touch (tŭch), *v.t.* & *i.* come into or be in contact with; strike lightly; deal with (subject) momentarily; tint in parts or slightly with; concern; stir sympathy or other emotion in. *n.* act or fact of touching; the sense of feeling; style of execution or treatment; (Footb.) sides of field outside touch-lines. ***~back**, (Amer. footb.) touching ball to ground behind one's own goal-line to anticipate opponent. **~ down**, (Rugby footb.) touch ball on ground behind one's own goal-line to anticipate opponent; (Amer. footb.) score six points by touching the ball to ground behind opponents' goal-line. **~down**, (Rugby footb.) act of touching down. **~hole**, hole through which fire was set to the charge in guns. **~line**, (Footb.) either side-boundary of ground. **~paper**, paper steeped in nitre so as to burn slowly for igniting fireworks, &c. **~stone**, black jasper, &c. used for testing alloys of gold, &c.; (fig.) standard, criterion. **~wood**, wood in soft rotten state usable as tinder. **tou'ching** (tŭ-), *a.* pathetic or moving; *prep.* about; as regards. **tou'chy** (tŭ-), *a.* apt to take offence; over-sensitive.

tough (tŭf), *a.* of strongly cohesive substance or great endurance; hard to masticate; not easily injured or broken; hard to tackle or overcome; *(sl.) depraved, criminal, vicious. *n.* street ruffian. **tough'en** (tŭf-), *v.t.* & *i.*

toupee (tōō-), **toupet** (tōō'pā), *n.* front of false hair.

tour (toor), *n.* roving journey including stops at various places; short journey for pleasure; rambling excursion. *v.i.* & *t.* go on a tour; go through (country &c.) so. **tour'ist** (toor-), *n.* holiday traveller.

tour'maline (toor-), *n.* a mineral with electric properties and used as gem.

tour'nament (toor-), *n.* mediaeval tilting-match between two sides, or meeting for tilting and similar contests (arch. journey); contest in any game of skill between a number of competitors.

tourniquet (toorn'ĭkā), *n.* appliance for stopping blood-flow in artery.

tou'sle (-zl), *v.t.* pull about; make (hair, person) untidy.

tout, *n.* spy on horses in training supplying information to tipsters, &c.; person soliciting custom. *v.i.* act as tout; employ touts; canvass, solicit custom.

‖ **tout ensemble** (tōōt ahnsahⁿ'bl), general effect of a thing as viewed in a glance.

tow[1] (tō), *n.* fibres of flax, &c. prepared for spinning.

tow[2] (tō), *v.t.* draw along through water by rope or chain; drag along behind one. *n.* towing, being towed. **~line**, **~rope**, rope for towing (also *towing-line*, *-rope*). **~path**, path along canal, &c. to tow barges from (also *towing-path*). **tow'age** (tō'ĭj), *n.* towing or its cost.

toward[1] (tō'ard), *a.* (arch.) towardly; (pred. only) about to occur; in train.

to'wardly (tōer-), *a.* (arch.) promising, propitious.

toward(s) (tōrdz, towordz'), *prep.* in the direction of; not much short of or less than; in relation to; as contribution to.

tow'el, *n.* cloth for drying with after washing. **towel'ling**, *n.*

material for towels. (sl.) thrashing or severe defeat.

tow'er, n. tall strong structure, often forming part of church or other large building; fortress, &c. having a tower; (fig.) source of strength, protector. v.i. be of outstanding height or greatness, soar aloft. (part.) high, lofty (of rage, &c.) violent. tow'ered (-erd), a. having towers.

town, n. any collection of houses larger than a village and having a more independent local government; the inhabitants of a town. ~ clerk, secretary to the corporation of a town. ~ council, elective body administering town. ~ hall, the municipal building of a town. ~ship, one of the parishes into which a large original parish has been divided; (U.S. & Can.) administrative subdivision of a county, tract of land six miles square; (Austral.) site laid out for town. ~s'man, ~s'people, inhabitant, people, of a town.

tox'ic, a. of or caused by, or acting as poison. toxicol'ogy ~gist, ~ism. tox'in, n. a poison, esp. one secreted by a microbe and causing some particular disease.

toy, n. a plaything; a trinket or curiosity; (attrib.) mimic, not meant for real use. v.i. exchange caresses, play or dally with.

trace, n. mark left behind; indication of the existence or occurrence of something; slight amount; of strap or chain or rope by two of which a vehicle is drawn. v.t. (-ceable), follow or make out the course of by means of traces; detect or make out by scrutiny &c.; make tracing of, delineate. ~ability, n. tra'cery, n. stone open-work as in head of a Gothic window; laced ornamentation. tra'cing, n. a reproduction of the lines of a drawing, &c. made with the aid of transparent paper &c.

trache'a (-kēa), n. the windpipe. tracheot'omy (or k -kĭ-), n. surgical incision in trachea.

track, n. continuous line showing where something has passed; a path, esp. one beaten by use; prepared racing-path; a two-rail railway line; (pl.) footsteps. v.t. follow or hunt down or find out by means of traces. ~athletics, running, jumping, putting the weight, &c. ~less, a.

tract, n. a region or expanse of indefinite extent and shape; (Anat.) area of organ or system; a short treatise. Tract'arian, a. & n. (adherent of) Tractarianism. ~ism, n. the Oxford High Church movement, whose leaders issued Tracts for the Times.

trac'table, a. easily managed; docile. ~bility n.

trac'tate, n. (arch.) treatise.

trac'tion, n. hauling, drawing force. ~ engine, steam engine for drawing load on roads, ploughs, &c. trac'tor n. traction engine, aeroplane with engine in front.

trade, n. dealing in commodities for profit; a particular branch of this or persons engaged in it; person's commercial or industrial calling. v.i. & t. (-dable), deal in the way of trade; have commerce with. ~ mark, manufacturer's registered device or name to distinguish his goods. ~s'man (-sm), shopkeeper. ~s'people, tradesmen and their families. ~ union, association of workmen for the protection and promotion of common interests. ~ wind, constant wind blowing towards the equator from NE. and SE.

tradi'tion, n. oral transmission of knowledge or belief from one generation to another; tale or belief or custom so transmitted. ~al, ~ary aa.

traduce, v.t. (-cible), slander. ~ment, n. censure, obloquy.

traf'fic, v.i. & t. trade (in goods, &c.); sacrifice (honour, &c.) for gain. n. trading; dealings with;

coming and going of persons and vehicles, or conveyance of goods by road, rail, or water.

trăg'acănth, *n.* a gum used esp. as a vehicle for drugs.

tragē'dian, *n.* author of or actor in tragedies. tragĕdienne', *n.* tragic actress.

tră'gedy, *n.* a drama of elevated theme and diction and with unhappy ending; a tragical occurrence. tră'gic, *a.* of or in the style of tragedy; tragical. tră'gical, *a.* calamitous; of a terrible nature. tragicom'edy, *n.* a play or an event, in which tragic and comic elements are combined.

trail, *v.t.* & *i.* draw along as an appendage; be so drawn; walk wearily along; (of plant) hang or spread downwards; (Mil.) carry (rifle) hanging level in one hand muzzle forward. *n.* a trailing growth; soldier's position with rifle trailed; track or scent or other sign of passage left behind by moving object; beaten track through wild region. trail'er, *n.* (esp.) trailing plant; wheeled vehicle drawn by another.

train, *v.t.* & *i.* put in the way to efficiency by instruction and practice; make physically fit for contest; guide growth of (plant); direct (cannon) on mark; (colloq.) travel by train. *n.* trailing prolongation of robe or gown; string of persons or animals; person's retinue; succession of events; a locomotive with the wagons it draws; railway travel; a line of gunpowder laid as an explosive charge. ~bands, (hist.) citizen soldiery of 16th–18th centuries. ~bearer, person holding up train of another's robe. ~man, brakeman or porter on railway train. train'er, *n.* (esp.) person who trains racehorses or athletes.

train-oil, *n.* whale-blubber oil.

trait (trā), *n.* item in a portrait, description, or character.

trai'tor, *n.* person guilty of a betrayal; one who acts disloyally. ~ous, *a.*; ~tress, *n.*

trajĕc'tory, *n.* path of a body moving under given forces.

tram, *n.*, (also ~-car) car for passengers, &c., moved by horse or cable or electric traction along tramway; (also ~way) line of rails laid in road for tram-cars. *v.i.* travel by tram.

trămm'el, *n.* kind of fishing-net; (usu. pl.) hampering influence, restraint. *v.t.* hamper.

tramp, *v.i.* & *t.* walk with firm heavy tread; traverse (road, &c.) on foot. *n.* sound (as) of troops marching; person who tramps the roads esp. as a vagrant; freight-ship running on no regular line. tram'ple, *v.t.* & *i.* tread heavily on.

trance (-ah-), *n.* abnormal state of suspended consciousness.

trăn'quil, *a.* serene, undisturbed. tranquil'lity, *n.*; ~lize, *v.t.*

transăct' (-s-), *v.t.* do or carry on (business). ~ion, *n.* any piece of commercial or other dealing; (pl.) proceedings of a society. ~or, *n.*

transăl'pine (-z-), *a.* beyond the Alps from the Italian point of view, extra-Italian.

transatlăn'tic (-z-), *a.* on the American side of the Atlantic; (of ship, &c.) crossing the Atlantic.

transcĕnd', *v.t.* be or pass beyond the range of; be too high for; surpass; soar above. transcen'dence, ~dency, *nn.* ~dent, *a.* of supreme merit or quality. transcenden'tal, *a.* not based on experience; supernatural. ~ism, ~ist, *nn.* belief, believer in some form of transcendental philosophy.

transcontinĕn'tal (-z-), *a.* traversing a continent.

transcrībe', *v.t.* copy out; reproduce in ordinary writing. trăn'script, *n.* product of transcription. transcrip'tion, *n.* act of transcribing.

trăn'sept, *n.* transverse part of cruciform church; arm of this.

transfer', v.t. (trănsfẽr'), shift from one position or receptacle to another. n. (trăns'fer), transference, conveyance of property to new owner, document effecting this; design, &c. that can be transferred from one surface to another. ~able, a.; ~ability, n.; ~ence, n. transferring.

transfig'ure (-ger), v.t. change the aspect of; invest with a more spiritual or elevated character. transfigura'tion, n.

transfix' v.t. pierce with lance, &c.; (of horror &c.) root (person) to the spot; paralyse the faculties of.

transform' v.t. change the form or character of. ~a'tion, n. transforming or being transformed. transform'er, n. apparatus for changing the voltage of an alternating current supply.

transfuse' (-z), v.t. cause (fluid, &c.) to pass from one vessel, &c. to another; inject (extraneous blood or other liquid) into the veins or blood of. ~sion, n.

transgress' (-s-), v.t. & i. infringe (law &c.); overstep (limit laid down); sin. ~ion, n. (esp.) a sin. ~or, n.

tran'sient (-z-), a. quickly passing away; fleeting. tran'sience, n.

tran'sit (-s-), n. passing across, over, through, or from place to place; passage of heavenly body across the sun's disk, &c.

transi'tion, n. passage from one state, subject, or set of circumstances to another. ~al, a.

tran'sitive, a. (of verb) requiring a direct object expressed or understood.

tran'sitory (-s-), a. of a passing nature, merely temporary.

translate', v.t. (-table) give the sense of in another language; interpret (obscure statement, conduct, &c.); remove (bishop) to another see. transla'tion, n. art or act or product of translating. ~tor, n.

translit'erate (-z-), v.t. (-rable), write word in the more or less corresponding letters of another language. ~tion, ~tor, nn.

translu'cent (-zlōō-), a. allowing light to pass through. ~nce, n.

transmarine (-z- -ēn), a. beyond sea.

transmi'grate (-z- or -mī-), v.i. migrate. ~tion, n. migration.

transmiss'ible (-z-), a. that may be transmitted. ~bility, n.

transmiss'ion (-zmishn), n. sending from one place to another.

transmit' (-z-), v.t. effect conveyance of; pass on; communicate. transmit'ter, n. apparatus for transmitting wireless signals. ~ting station, n. station sending out telegraphic messages or telephony by wireless.

transmute' (-z-), v.t. (-table), change the form, nature, or substance of. ~tabil'ity, ~ta'tion, nn.; ~tative, a.

transocean'ic (-zōsh-), a. beyond, crossing, the ocean.

tran'som, n. a cross-beam, esp. a lintel or a horizontal bar in a mullioned window.

transpar'ent, a. that can be clearly seen through; plainly apparent. transpar'ence, n. being transparent. ~cy, n. transparence; kinds of picture, &c. visible by the passing of light through them.

transpire' v.t. & i. (-rable), emit (vapour) or pass off through pores of skin, &c.; emerge into knowledge; (vulg.) happen. ~ration, n.

transplant' (-ah-), v.t. uproot and replant elsewhere. ~ation, n.

transport, v.t. (trănspŏrt'), convey by land or sea; (hist.) deport (convict) beyond sea; fill with ecstasy rage, &c. n. (trăns'pŏrt), transporting; ship conveying troops, military stores, &c. transporta'tion, n.

transpose' (-z), v.t. (-sable), change the order or serial place of; (mus.) put into another key. transposi'tion (-z-), n.

trans-ship' (-nsh-), v.t. shift to or from another ship or conveyance. ~ment, n.

transubstantiate (-shi-), v.t. change into a different substance. —tion, n. (esp.) conversion of the eucharistic elements into the body and blood of Christ.

transverse (-s-), a. set or acting crosswise.

tranter, n. (dial.) carrier, hawker.

trap¹, n. animal-catching apparatus or device; scheme for catching or detecting; contrivance for throwing something into the air to be shot or struck at; curve in drain-pipe, &c.; two-wheeled spring carriage; trap-door. v.t. catch in trap; ensnare or beguile. —door, horizontal door in floor or roof or ceiling.

trap², n. kind of dark volcanic rock.

trap³, v.t. furnish with trappings. n. (pl.) baggage or belongings.

traipse (-ps), v.i. (colloq.) trudge wearily or like a slattern.

trapeze, n. gymnastic apparatus of cross-bar and two ropes hung as a swing. trapezium, n. any irregular quadrilateral. trapezoid, n. quadrilateral with no two sides parallel.

trappings (-z), n.pl. ornamental cloth spread over horse in processions, &c.; embellishments.

trash, n. worthless stuff; rubbish; nonsense. trashy, a.

travail (-vāl), n. pangs of childbirth; laborious effort. v.i. toil; be in labour.

travel, v.i. & t. make journey(s); go in specified manner, &c.; (of eye, memory, &c.) pass from point to point. n. travelling; spell of it. traveller, n. person who travels or is travelling; commercial traveller. traveller's joy, a wild clematis. travelogue (or -lŏg), n. illustrated lecture-narrative of expedition, &c.

traverse, v.t. (-sable), go or be right through or across; oppose (allegation, &c.) with denial or objections; shift direction of (gun) laterally. n. contradiction of opponent's allegation; thing, esp. part of structure, that crosses another.

travesty, n. an imitation or description that misrepresents the original. v.t. make or be a travesty of.

trawl, n. large wide-mouthed net dragged by boat along bottom of fishing-bank; *long sea-fishing line buoyed and supporting short lines with baited hooks. v.i. use trawl. trawler, n. trawling boat; man engaged in trawling.

tray, n. flat shallow vessel used for carrying small articles.

treachery (-ĕch-), n. violation of faith; perfidy. treacherous (-ĕch-), a. guilty of or involving treachery; (of memory, &c.) apt to fail at need.

treacle, n. uncrystallized syrup got in refining sugar.

tread (-ĕd), v.i. & t. (trod, trodden), set one's foot or feet down; (of foot) be set down; traverse (road, &c.) on foot; press in or down by treading; perform (dance). n. manner or sound of walking; top surface of stair. —mill, cylinder turned by treading on steps projecting from it. treadle (-ĕdl), n. lever worked by foot and working bicycle or lathe or other machine; v.i. work treadle.

treason (-z-), n. violation by a subject of his allegiance to sovereign or State; betrayal; treachery. —able, —ous, aa. involving or (-ous) guilty of treason.

treasure (-ĕzher), n. accumulated wealth; precious metals or gems or a hoard of them; valued thing or person. v.t. (-rable), set store on as dear or valuable; hoard, store up. treasurer (-ĕzhe-), n. person responsible for the funds of an institution or society; *officer below Secretary of the Treasury.

treasury (-ĕzhe-), n. place where treasure is kept; funds or revenue of a State or institution or society; the State department controlling the revenue.

treat, v.t. & i. act or behave towards in a specified way; deal

with or apply process to provide with gratuitous entertainment; negotiate. n. thing that gives rare pleasure; feast given to school-children, &c.
treat'ise, n. written or printed exposition of a subject.
treat'ment, n. mode of dealing with a person or thing.
treat'y, n. formally signed contract between States; negotiations or bargaining between persons.
tre'ble, a. three times as great as, pertaining to the highest vocal or instrumental part. n. (Mus.) soprano voice or singer. v.t. & i. multiply or be multiplied by three.
tree, n. perennial plant with single woody self-supporting main stem called the trunk; piece or framework of wood. —creeper, kinds of small bird.
tre'foil (or -ē-), n. kinds of plant with three-lobed leaves, clover, shamrock, &c.; ornament in architecture, &c.
trek (S. Afr.), v.i. & t. (of ox) draw vehicle, pull load; migrate or journey with one's belongings in ox-waggons. n. act of trekking; migration of body of persons in this way. trek'ker, n.
trell'is, n. grating of light wooden or metal bars, used as support for creepers, fruit trees, &c. trell'ised (-st), a.
trem'ble, v.i. shake with fear, excitement, or weakness; quiver. n. trembling, shiver.
tremen'dous, a. terrific, momentous; (colloq.) great.
trem'or, n. thrill of fear or other emotion; emotional vibration of voice; trembling; quiver.
trem'ulous, a. trembling, vibrating, quivering; agitated.
trench, v.t. & i. cut or dig into pits or ditches; dig so as to bring subsoil to top; encroach (upon) verge or border closely (upon). n. deep ditch, esp. one dug by troops as shelter from enemy's fire; groove, wrinkle.
trench'ant, a. sharp, keen; incisive, decisive. trench'ancy, n.
trench'er, n. (arch.) wooden platter for cutting bread on.
trend, v.i. bend or turn away in specified direction; show a certain tendency. n. general direction or tendency or drift.
trepan'[1], n. surgeon's cylindrical saw for making opening in the skull. v.t. use trepan on.
trepan'[2], v.t. decoy, ensnare.
trephine (-ēn, -īn), improved form of trepan with centre-pin, &c. v.t. use trephine on.
trepida'tion, n. tremulous agitation; perturbation of mind.
tres'pass, v.i. enter unlawfully upon another's ground; (arch.) transgress, sin; encroach (upon person's time, &c.). n. act of trespassing; (arch.) a sin or offence.
tress, n. (pl.) a woman's or child's flowing hair; (sing.) a lock or curl or braid of hair.
tres'tle (-sl), n. kind of timber support used in making a temporary table, platform, &c.
tret, n. (hist.) allowance of 4 lb. in 104 lb. formerly made to purchasers of some goods.
trews (-ōōz), n.pl. tartan trousers worn by some Scots regiments.
tri'ad, n. group of three.
tri'al, n. putting to the test; probation; thing that tries one's endurance, &c.; law-court's investigation of a cause.
tri'angle (-nggl), n. figure bounded by three straight lines; musical instrument consisting of steel rod bent into triangle; tripod of three poles joined at top for hoisting, &c.; triangle-shaped frame. triang'ular (-ngg-), a. triangle-shaped, three-cornered. triang'ulate (-ngg-), v.t. divide (area) into triangles for surveying purposes. —tion, n.
tri'as, n. division of rock underlying the Jurassic. trias'sic, a.
tribe, n. group of people under recognized chiefs; set of people banded together (usu. con-

tems &c.); (Zool., &c.) subdivision of order or family. tri'bal, a.

tri'brach (-k), n. metrical foot of three short syllables.

tribula'tion, n. affliction.

tribu'nal (or -ī-), n. court of justice.

trib'une¹, n. apse of basilica; bishop's throne; dais, rostrum.

trib'une², n. an officer of anc. Rome chosen by the people; popular leader or demagogue.

trib'ute, n. periodical payment exacted by one prince or State from another; thing done or said or given as a mark of respect, &c. trib'utary, a. of the nature of or paying tribute; (of stream, &c.) running into or auxiliary to a greater one; n. tributary State or person or stream.

trice, v.t. (Naut., with up) haul up and lash in place. n. short time, an instant.

tri'ceps, n. a muscle with three points of attachment.

trichinop'oli, n. (abbr. trich'i), kind of Indian cheroot.

trichino'sis (-k-), n. disease due to presence of hair-like worms in the muscular tissue.

trichot'omy (-k-), n. classification into three parts.

trichromat'ic (-kr-), a. of or in three colours.

trick, n. stratagem, piece of guile, dodge; a practice, habit; practical joke; piece of juggling or out-of-the-way feat; the cards played in, or the winning of, one round. v.t. cheat or beguile. trick'ery, n. deceitful conduct.

tric'kle, v.i. flow drop by drop. n. trickling flow.

trick'ster, n. deceiver, knave.

trick'sy, a. given to pranks. trick'y, a. crafty; prone to deceit, full of pitfalls; ticklish.

tri'colour (-ŭler), n. French national flag of three vertical stripes of blue, white, and red.

tri'cycle, n. three-wheeled velocipede. v.i. go on tricycle.

tri'dent, n. three-pronged fish-spear borne as sceptre by Neptune and Britannia.

trien'nial, a. lasting three years; happening or done every three years. n. triennial plant; every third anniversary of event.

tri'fle, n. thing of slight value or importance, small amount; cold sweet of whipped cream, sponge-cake, &c. v.i. be frivolous; indulge in levity; amuse oneself. tri'fling, a. of no importance.

trifo'liate, a. three-leaved; (of leaf) having three leaflets.

trifor'ium, n. (pl. -ia), arcade or gallery above nave and choir arches.

tri'form, a. having or appearing in three forms.

trig, a. trim, spruce, smart. v.t. smarten, deck; wedge or prop up; check motion of (wheel, &c.) with wedge, &c. n. wedge, &c. used to trig wheel.

trigg'er (-g-), n. lever by pressing which a catch is released and some mechanism set in motion, esp. that of a gunlock.

tri'glyph, n. tablet with three vertical grooves occurring at regular intervals in a Doric frieze.

trigonom'etry, n. science of the relations between the sides and the angles of triangles.

trilat'eral, a. three-sided. n. triangle; trilateral district, &c.

tril'by, n. soft felt hat of Tyrolean shape; (pl., sl.) feet.

triling'ual (-nggw-), a. of, in, speaking, three languages.

trill, n. quavering or vibrating sound. v.i. & t. produce trill; warble; pronounce with trill.

tril'lion (-lyon), a. & n. a million million million; *a million million.

tri'lobite, n. kind of fossil crustacean.

tril'ogy, n. set of three connected plays or other literary works.

trim, a. in good order, neat; not loose or ungainly. v.t. & i. clip or garnish the edges, &c. of (shrub, turf, beard, garment, dish of food, &c.); clip (twigs, &c.) off or away; adjust balance or inclination of (ship, sails); (colloq.) rebuke, thrash. n. state

of readiness or fitness. trimm'ing, n. (esp.) anything used to adorn a garment; (pl.) accessories.
trim'eter, n. verse consisting of three measures.
trinitrotol'uol, -luene, nn. a high explosive (abbr. T.N.T.).
trin'ity, n. a union of three parts; *the T—*, the three persons of the Godhead. Trinitar'ian, n. believer in the Trinity.
trink'et, n. trifling ornament, esp. one worn on the person.
trino'mial, trinom'ial, aa. employing three names.
tri'o, n. (pl. -os), *composition for three parts*; set of three performers; three persons, &c.
tri'olet, n. eight-line poem with strict rhyme-scheme.
tri'onal, n. a hypnotic and anaesthetic drug.
trip, v.i. & t. go lightly and quickly along; catch one's foot and stumble; commit a blunder or moral lapse; cause (person) to fall by entangling his feet. n. travelling-excursion, esp. for pleasure; ship's voyage; stumble, *tripping-up*.
triparti'te, a. divided into three parts. triparti'tion, n.
tripe, n. part of stomach of ox, &c. as food; (sl.) inferior stuff, nonsense, easy bowling, &c.
tri'plane, n. aeroplane with three planes.
tri'ple, a. threefold; consisting of three parts. v.t. treble (rare). trip'let, n. set of three things, esp. three successive lines of rhyming; (pl.) three children at a birth. trip'licate, v.t.; trip'licate, a. —a'tion, n.
tri'pod (or -i-), n. three-legged or three-footed stand. tri'pos, n. honour examination at Cambridge or list of the successful *candidates in three classes*.
tripp'er, n. person who goes on a pleasure trip, esp. for a day.
trip'tych (-k), n. altar-piece, &c. of three folding panels.
tri'reme, n. ancient warship with three banks of oars.
trisect' v.t. divide into three equal parts. —ion, n.
trisyll'able, n. word of three syllables. trisyllab'ic, a.
trite, a. well-worn; hackneyed.
tri'ton, n. attendant of the sea-god Poseidon with fish-tail.
trit'urate, v.t. (-rable), grind to powder or paste. —tion, n.
tri'umph, n. processional entry into anc. Rome of victorious general; being victorious; signal success. v.i. attain victory or success; exult over. trium'phal, a. of or used in or celebrating a *triumph*. trium'phant, a. victorious; successful; exultant.
trium'vir, n. (pl. -vi, -irs), member of a board of three. trium'virate, n. any party or set of three persons.
tri'une, a. three in one.
triv'et, n. iron tripod or bracket for kettles, &c. to stand on.
triv'ial, a. ordinary, [unimportant]; trifling. triviali'ty, n. (esp.) commonplace remark.
tro'chee (-kē), n. metrical foot consisting of a long and a short syllable. trocha'ic (-k-), a. of or in trochees; n.pl. trochaic verse.
trod, trodden, p.t. & p.p. of tread.
troglodyte, n. cave-dweller.
Tro'jan, a. of Troy. n. native of Troy; (colloq.) first-class worker or fighter.
troll v.i. & t. sing in snatches; fish by drawing bait along in the water.
troll n. kinds of supernatural being in Scandinavian mythology.
troll'ey, n. (pl. -eys), kinds of low truck; contact-wheel of electric tram-car worked by overhead wire; electric street-car (also —car).
troll'op, n. disreputable or slatternly girl or woman.
trombone, n. powerful instrument of trumpet-kind with sliding tube.
troop, n. set of congregated persons or animals; captain's cavalry unit; (pl.) embodied

soldiers. v.i. come together or go along in numbers. troop'er, n. cavalry private; °member of State police-force.

tropaeo'lum, n. Indian cress, kinds of trailing plant with spurred yellow or scarlet flowers.

trope, n. figure of speech.

trō'phy (or -ŏ-), n. pile of the enemy's spoil set up by ancient army after victory; thing kept as prize or memento.

trop'ic, n. parallel of latitude 23° 27' N. or S. of equator; circle of celestial sphere limiting sun's N. or S. declination; (pl.) the regions of the torrid zone. trop'ical, a. of or as of the tropics.

trŏt, n. quadruped's medium pace, lifting one fore-foot and hind-foot simultaneously; human being's gentle run; a spell of trotting. v.i. & t. go at the trot; (joc.) go on foot; make (horse, &c.) trot. trŏtt'ers, n.pl. animal's feet as food; (pl.) person's feet.

trŏth, n. faith; fidelity.

trō'tyl, n. trinitrotoluol.

trou'badour (-ōō- -oor), n. mediaeval romantic or amatory poet.

trou'ble (trŭb-), n. disquiet; disturbed, harassed, grieved, or incommoded state or its cause; pains bestowed. v.t. & i. ruffle (water, peace, &c.); inflict trouble on or be a trouble to; trouble oneself. ~some, a. causing difficulty or annoyance or discomfort. ~lous, a.

trough (-awf), n. long narrow shallow receptacle for liquid, &c., to stand in; channel or hollow comparable to this.

trounce, v.t. (-ceable), inflict severe punishment or defeat on by word or deed.

troupe (-ōō-), n. set of acrobats, performing animals, or the like.

trou'sers (-zerz), n.pl. loose two-legged outer garment from waist to ankles.

trousseau' (-ōōsō), n. (pl. -s or -x pr. -z), bride's outfit.

trout, n. fresh-water fish yielding sport to fly fishers. ~let, n.

trō'ver, n. action to recover value of goods wrongfully taken or detained.

trow (-ō), v.i. (arch.) think or be of the opinion that.

trow'el, n. flat-bladed tool for spreading mortar, &c.; scoop for lifting small plants, &c.

troy or ~-weight, n. the weight used for gold, silver, and gems.

tru'ant (-ōō-), n. child who absents himself from school without leave; person neglecting a duty, &c. tru'ancy, n.

truce (-ōō-), n. cessation of hostilities by agreement for a time.

trŭck, v.t. & i., & n. barter, exchange; °small commodities, esp. vegetables raised for market. ~ system, paying in goods instead of money.

trŭck², n. kinds of vehicle for moving goods or cattle.

trŭ'ckle, n. a small wheel or castor; truckle-bed. v.i. cringe (to); act in a servile manner. ~-bed, a low wheeled bed that can be pushed in below a higher one.

trŭ'culent, a. of or showing bellicose merciless temper.

trŭdge, v.i. go on foot; toil along. n. a walk.

trŭdg'en, n. (also ~ stroke), swimming with alternate right and left over-arm strokes.

true (-ōō), a. in accordance with fact or reality; genuine; loyal or faithful or constant (to). ~ bill, grand jury's verdict sending case for trial.

truf'fle, n. subterranean fungus used for seasoning dishes.

tru'ism (-ōō-), n. statement too obviously true or too hackneyed to be worth making.

trŭll, n. harlot.

tru'ly (-ōō-), adv. with truth; sincerely; loyally; accurately.

trŭmp¹, n. (whist, &c.) card of the suit that ranks above other suits for one game; (colloq.) a good fellow. v.t. & i. defeat with trump; play a trump. ~ card,

card dealt last and deciding which suit is trumps.
trump², n. (arch.) trumpet-blast.
trum'pery, n. worthless finery; things of no real value; unsound reasoning. a. tawdry and worthless; fallacious.
trum'pet, n. wind-instrument of loud clear tone; trumpet-toned organ-stop; ear-trumpet. v.t. & i. blow the trumpet; proclaim loudly; advertise. ~ major, chief trumpeter of cavalry regiment. trum'peter, n. (esp.) cavalryman giving signals on trumpet.
truncate', v.t. (-able), cut off the tip of. ~tion, n.
trun'cheon (-chn), n. short staff or baton as symbol of authority; policeman's short club.
trun'dle, v.t. & i. roll or bowl along; push or draw (wheelbarrow); bowl at cricket (colloq.).
trunk, n. woody stem of tree; person's or animal's body; the main body of anything; elephant's prehensile nose; travelling-box or portmanteau. ~ call, call on telephone trunk-line. ~-line, main line of railway &c.; telephone line from town to town. ~ road, main highway.
trun'nion (-yon), n. projection on either side of cannon enabling it to rest on the carriage.
truss, n. bundle of hay or straw; timber tie helping to support roof or bridge; surgical appliance worn on the body in rupture. v.t. make into trusses; support with truss(es); tie up (fowl) compactly for cooking.
trust, n. firm belief that a person or thing may be relied upon; charge, &c. committed to one; trusteeship; property committed to trustee(s); combination of producing firms designed to prevent outside competition. v.t. & i. put trust in; treat as reliable; commit to care of; hope earnestly; allow credit to. ~-deed, document creating a legal trust. ~worthy, deserving of trust. trustee', n. person or member of board entrusted with the administration of trust property. trust'ful, ~ing, aa. believing; not given to suspicion. trus'ty, a. loyal, faithful.
truth (-ōō-), n. (pl. pron. -dhz), being true or truthful; what is true; a true statement. ~ful, a. wont to tell the truth; true.
try, v.t. & i. (-ier, -iable), test; make severe demands on; make an attempt at; apply or become candidate for; (of judge, &c.) examine and pronounce upon (case). n. attempt; (Rugby football) touching-down of ball by player behind adversaries' goal-line, giving the right to player to carry ball in front of goal and try to score a goal from a place-kick. ~ out, (colloq.) enter as competitor for (team, &c.). ~sail (-sl), small fore-and-aft sail set with gaff. try'ing, a. (esp.) exhausting; exasperating; difficult to bear.
trypanosome, n. kinds of blood-parasite.
tryst, n. (arch.) time and place for meeting; assignation.
Tsar, &c. See Czar &c.
tsetse, n. S. Afr. fly fatal to horses, cattle, dogs, &c.
tub, n. open wooden vessel used for washing and other purposes; (colloq.) sponge-bath or use of it; (colloq.) broad short ship or boat; boat used for rowing practice, as ~-pair, -four, &c. (for so many oarsmen). v.t. & i. bathe in tub; take out (racing crew) in tub-pair, &c., for practice; plant or pack in tub.
tu'ba, n. large low-toned trumpet kind of organ-stop.
tub'by, a. tub-shaped; (of persons) short and fat.
tube, n. long hollow cylinder; structure serving for passage of fluid, &c., or as receptacle; a tubular electric railway.
tu'ber, n. one of the swellings formed at the root of some plants and putting forth buds.
tu'bercle, n. one of the small

granular tumours formed in the lungs or other organs in consumption. tūbĕr'cūlar, a. (esp.) of the nature of tuberculosis. tūbĕrcūlō'sis, disease marked by tubercles and a characteristic bacillus, esp. consumption of the lungs. tūbĕr'cūlous, a.

tū'berōse, -ous, aa. having tubers. n. (-ōse) plant with creamy-white fragrant flowers.

tū'bing, n. indefinite length of tube or quantity of tubes.

tū'būlar, a. tube-shaped; having or consisting of tubes.

tŭck, n. fold sewn in a garment; (sl.) eatables, esp. sweets, &c. v.t. make tuck(s) in (garment); roll or gather up (sleeve, skirt, &c.); dispose or stow compactly; ~ in, (sl.) eat heartily; ~-in, ~-out, (sl.) feast; ~-shop, pastrycook's, esp. one frequented by schoolboys. tŭck'er, n. (esp.) kind of lace or linen falling collar worn by women and children; (sl.) food.

*tŭck'er, v.t. tire, weary.

Tuesday (tū'zdĭ), n. third day of the week.

tū'fa, tŭff, nn. kinds of coarse rock.

tŭft, n. number of feathers, threads, hairs, or grass-blades growing or joined together in a cluster or knot; small chin-beard. ~-hunter, one who seeks the society of titled persons. tŭf'ty, a.

tŭg, v.t. & i. pull hard, pull violently at; tow. n. hard pull; small powerful steamboat for towing ships. ~-of-war, trial of strength between two sides pulling opposite ways on a rope.

tui (tōō'ĭ) n. species of New Zealand bird, a mocking-bird, or parson-bird.

tūĭ'tion, n. giving of lessons; instruction.

tū'lip, n. plant with single bright bell-shaped flower.

tulle (tūl) n. soft fine material for veils and dresses.

tul'si (tōō-) n. (E. Ind.) species of basil, sacred to Vishnu, cultivated by the Hindus as a sacred plant.

tul'war, n. Indian sabre.

tumasha. See tamasha.

tŭm'ble, v.i. & t. have a fall; suffer downfall; turn somersaults and do acrobatic feats; toss to and fro; disarrange, rumple. n. a bodily fall; untidy state. ~-down, in ruinous state, in bad repair. tŭm'bler, n. (esp.) acrobat; kinds of pigeon with peculiar flight; stemless drinking-glass. ~ful, n.

tŭm'brel, -il, n. tip-cart, esp. for dung; ammunition cart.

tū'mid, a. swollen, swelling, inflated, pompous. tūmĭd'ity, n.

tū'mour (-mer) n. a local swelling, esp. from morbid growth.

tŭm'-tŭm[1] n. W.-Ind. dish of boiled plantains beaten soft in a mortar. tŭm'-tŭm[2] n. (Anglo-Ind.) light vehicle, dog-cart.

tū'mŭlt, n. riot, angry demonstration of a mob; uproar or din; confused state of mind. ~ūous, a. vehement, uproarious.

tū'mŭlus, n. (pl. -lī) sepulchral mound.

tŭn, n. large cask for wine; brewer's fermenting vat.

*tū'na, n. Californian tunny.

tūne, n. the succession of notes or chords forming the music of a song or other piece; melody or air; correct intonation in singing or playing. v.t. & i. (-nable) adjust the notes of (piano, &c.) or the instruments of (band) to be in tune with each other; (fig.) be in harmony with. tuning-fork, instrument giving a particular note when struck. tūne'ful (-fl), a. melodious.

tŭng'sten, n. a metallic element.

tū'nĭc, n. kinds of sleeved garment extending below waist; (colloq.) undress military coat, esp. of private; (Zool.) leathery envelope of ascidia, &c.; (Anat.) membrane enclosing an organ.

tŭnn'el, n. artificial subterranean passage. v.t. & i. make tunnel; make one's way by tunnelling.

tŭnn'y, n. large edible sea-fish.

tŭp, n. (dial.) a ram.

tū'pėlo, n. kinds of large tree growing in swamps in southern U.S.

toque (tōk), n. kind of Canadian knitted cap.

tū quō'que, n. answer made to a charge by accusing the accuser of the same thing.

tûr'ban, n. man's oriental head-dress of coiled linen or silk; kinds of woman's brimless hat.

tûr'bid, a. muddy, thick; not clear or lucid. turbĭd'ĭty, n.

tûr'bine, n. kinds of rotary motor driven by water or air or steam.

tûr'bot, n. large flat-fish.

tûrbū'lent, a. given to making disturbances, riotous, insubordinate. tûr'bulence, n.

Tûr'cō, n. (pl. -os), member of French Algerian troops. ~phil, ~phobe, see Turk.

tūreen', n. deep covered dish for soup.

tûrf, n. short grass with the surface earth bound together by its roots; the ~, horse-racing; (Ir.) peat or a slice of it cut as fuel. v.t. lay (ground) with turf. tûrf'y, a.

tûr'gid, a. (of language, &c.) bombastic, rhetorical. turgĭd'ĭty, n.

Tûrk, n. member of the Ottoman race; an unmanageable child. Tûr'cophil, a. & n. friendly to, friend of, the Turks. ~phobe, a. & n. opposing, or opponent of, the Turks.

Tûr'key, n. (pl. -eys), the country ruled by the Turks; large bird bred as food. ~buzzard, kind of vulture. T~ carpet, of a kind made in Turkey. ~cock, male turkey noted for its strut and gobble; (fig.) pompous person. T~ stone, kind used for hones.

Tûr'kish, a. of Turkey or the Turks. n. the Turkish language. ~ bath, hot-air bath followed by massage and other treatment. ~ delight, kind of sweetmeat.

Tûrk'oman, (pl. -ans), member of certain Central-Asian Tartar tribes.

tûrm'eric, n. powdered root used as dye-stuff, stimulant, and condiment.

tûrm'oil, n. din; commotion.

tûrn, v.t. & i. move partly or completely round; face or make face in another direction; place with another side up; diverge; have recourse to; subject to or undergo a change of substance, form, or quality; shape in lathe; turn sour. n. act or fact or process of turning; changed direction; road, &c., diverging from another; alternation, rotation, or regular succession; single part of such alternation; act of kindness or malice. ~buckle, device for connecting parts of metal rod. ~coat, person who changes sides. ~cock, man regulating water from the main. ~down, (colloq.) reject (proposal, its maker, &c.). ~in, go into a house, &c. in passing; go to bed. ~key, (arch.) gaoler. ~over, semicircular tart made by folding pastry on itself; amount turned over in trade. ~pike, bar or gate across road for toll-collecting. ~screw, screwdriver. ~spit, (hist.) one who turned a spit; (contempt.) one engaged in a menial occupation. ~stile, revolving barrier on a footpath; admission-gate with four revolving arms. ~ turtle, capsize. tûrn'er, n. (esp.) lathe-worker. tûrn'ery, n. (esp.) wooden articles made on lathe. tûrn'ing, n. (esp.) road diverging from larger one.

tûrn'ip, n. plant with root used as vegetable and fodder.

tûrp'entine, n. kinds of resin got from terebinth and other trees; oil made from turpentine.

tûrp'eth, n. cathartic root of an E. Ind. plant.

tûrp'itūde, n. baseness.

tûrq'uoise (-koiz), n. opaque green gem.

tŭ'rrĕt, n. small tower forming part of a building; circular low tower for gun and gunners in ship or fort. ~ed, a.

tur'tle[1] n. kinds of dove noted for cooing and amativeness.
tur'tle[2] n. marine reptile encased in horny shell; turtle soup. ~soup, made from the green turtle.
tush, int. of contempt or annoyance (arch.). **tush'ery** n. literary use of archaisms such as *tush*.
tusk, n. long pointed tooth, esp. one projecting from mouth as in elephant or boar.
tusser. See tussore.
tus'sive, a. of a cough.
tus'sle, n. & v.i. struggle, wrestle.
tuss'ock, n. clump of grass, &c.
tuss'ore, tuss'er, n. kinds of Indian silk-worm; their silk; fabric made from it.
tut, int. of impatience.
tu'telage, n. guardianship; restraint exercised over another's conduct. **tu'telary** a. giving protection.
tu'tenag, n. white alloy like German silver, imported from China and E. Indies.
tu'tor, n. private teacher; college official directing studies of undergraduates; (Law) guardian of a minor. v.t. & i. make one's living as tutor; exercise restraint over. ~ess, n.; ~or'ial, a.; ~ship, n.
***tuxe'do**, n. dinner-jacket.
twa'ddle (-ŏ-), n. talk not worth hearing. v.i. utter twaddle.
twain, arch. form of two.
twang, n. sound made by plucking string of banjo, harp, bow &c.; quality of voice compared to this. v.i. & t. emit or make twang.
tweak, v.t. grip with fingers or beak and twist or jerk. n. such grip and jerk; (sl.) dodge. **tweak'er**, n. (sl.) catapult.
tweed, n. rough-surfaced cloth used for clothes.
tween'y, n. between-maid, servant assisting two others; (also) small cheap cigar.
twee'zers (-z), n.pl. minute pincers for pulling out hairs or picking up small objects.
twelfth, a. next in order after eleventh. n. each of twelve equal parts; *the* ~, 12 Aug. as opening day of grouse-shooting. *Twelfth-day*, the Epiphany, 6 Jan. ~-night, the night of Twelfth-day formerly celebrated with games and feasting.
twelve, a. & n. one more than eleven, 12, XII. ~fold, a. & adv. ~month, period equal in length to a year. ~mo, or 12mo, sheet folded into 12 leaves; book of such size.
twen'ty, a. & n. twice ten, 20, XX. ~fold, a. & adv. **twen'tieth**, a. & n. ~four-mo or 24mo, sheet folded into 24 leaves; book of such size.
twice, adv. two times, on two occasions; doubly.
twid'dle, v.i. twist idly about. n. act of twiddling.
twig[1], n. any of the minor shoots of a tree or shrub.
twig[2], v.t. & i. (colloq.) observe, notice; catch the meaning of.
twi'light (-līt), n. the half light following sunset and preceding sunrise.
twill, n. fabric so woven as to have a surface of parallel ridges. v.t. weave thus (usu. p.p.).
twin, n. (pl.) two persons born at a birth; (sing.) one of twins; person or thing that is the counterpart of another. a. born as (one of) twins; consisting of two similar parts.
twine, n. cord twisted to the thickness used for tying small parcels. v.t. & i. (-nable), make (string, &c.) by twisting strands; coil or wind round or about something.
twinge (-j), n. a transitory sharp pain.
twin'kle (twing'kl), v.i. shine with rapidly pulsating or dancing light; sparkle; (of eyelids and eyes) close and open. n. twinkling; slight flash of light; gleam of amusement in eyes or face.
twirl, v.t. spin or swing or twist quickly and lightly round. n. twirling motion; pen-flourish.
twist, v.t. & i. wind (strands) about

each other; distort, wrench out of shape; (of ball, river, &c.) take curved course. n. twisting; twisted state; a moral obliquity or mental peculiarity; kinds of mixed drink; (sl.) hunger.
twit, v.t. taunt (with).
twitch, v.t. & i. give a momentary sharp pull at; quiver or jerk spontaneously. n. sharp light pull; slight muscular strain.
twitt'er, v.i. (of birds) utter a succession of tremulous sounds. n. twittering; state of tremor.
two (tōō), a. & n. one more than one, 2, II. —edged, having an edge on both sides; (fig.) cutting both ways, ambiguous. —fold, a. & adv. —handed, to be wielded with both hands; (of game, &c.) for two players. —pence (tŭp'ns), 2d. —penny (tŭp'ni), a. costing 2d.; (colloq.) insignificant. n. kind of beer; (sl.) one's head. —ply, of two strands or layers. —some, n. two-handed game.
tyke, n. (colloq.) a cur.
tympanum, n. (pl. -na), drum of the ear; (Archit.) space enclosed in a pediment or between a lintel and an arch above.
Tyn'wald (-wold), n. Isle of Man legislature.
type, n. person, thing, or event serving as illustration, symbol, or specimen; a letter or other character used in printing; collection or fount of this. v.t. & i. (-pable) execute on or use typewriter. —setter, compositor. —writer, keyed machine enabling user to produce printed characters instead of writing.
ty'phoid, a. & n. (also — fever), a fever attacking the intestines.
typhoon, n. violent hurricane of the China seas. typhon'ic, a.
ty'phus, n. a contagious fever.
typ'ical, a. true to type; fit to serve as a type; characteristic.
typ'ify, v.t. (-fiable) represent by a type; foreshadow; be a type of. —fica'tion, n.
ty'pist, n. user of typewriter.
typog'raphy, n. printing as an art. typograph'ic, —al, aa.
tyrann'ical (or ti-), tyr'annous, aa. given to or characteristic of tyranny.
tyrann'icide (or ti-), n. killer or killing of a tyrant.
ty'rannize, v.i. exercise tyranny (usu. over).
ty'ranny, n. cruel and arbitrary use of authority.
ty'rant, n. oppressive or cruel sovereign or commander or master.
tyre, n. (Anglo-Ind.) curdled milk and cream.
tyre, tyro. See tire, tiro.
Tzar. See Czar.

U

U, u (ū), letter and n. U-boat, German submarine. U-bolt, U-tube, &c., shaped like U.
ūbiqu'ity, n. being everywhere or in an indefinite number of places at once. —tous, a.
ūdd'er, n. mammary glands of cattle, &c. —less, a.
ug'ly, a. unpleasing or repulsive to sight; vile; threatening; ill-natured, quarrelsome. ug'lify, v.t. (colloq.); —ness, n.
Uh'lan (ōō'- ū-), n. lancer, esp. of German army.
ukase', n. Russian edict.
ul'cer, n. open sore on external or internal surface of body; (fig.) corrupting influence. —ed (-erd), —ous, aa.; ul'cerate, v.t. & i.
ul'na, n. (pl. -nae), inner of two bones of fore-arm. ul'nar, a.
ul'ster, n. long loose overcoat.
ulter'ior, a. situated beyond; not immediate; beyond what is seen or avowed.
ul'timate, a. last, final; fundamental or primary. ultimā'tum, n. final statement of terms.
ul'timo, adv. (abbr. ult.), in last month.
ul'tra, n. advocate of extreme views or measures.
ultra-, prefixed to adj. and their derivatives with the sense 'beyond what is usual or reasonable'

ŭltramarine′ (-ēn), a. situated beyond sea. n. a blue pigment.
ŭltramŏn′tāne, a. situated south of the Alps; favourable to the absolute authority of the Pope. n. ultramontane person.
ŭltra-vī′olet, a. (of invisible rays of the spectrum) beyond the violet rays.
ŭl′tra vī′rēs (-ē), beyond one's power or authority.
ū′lŭlāte, v.i. howl, hoot. ~tion, n.
ŭm′bel, n. an inflorescence in which flower-stalks spring from one point and form a corymb-like flower-head. ŭm′bellate, ŭmbĕllĭf′erous, aa.
ŭm′ber, n. natural pigment like ochre but darker and browner. a. umber-coloured.
ŭmbĭlĭcal (-bĭl′ or -bĭlī′-), a. of or connected with the navel; central. ŭmbĭl′icate, a. navel-shaped. ŭmbĭlī′cus, n. navel; (Bot., &c.) navel-like formation.
ŭm′brage, n. sense of slight or injury, offence; shade, what gives shade. ŭmbrā′geous (-jus), a. abounding in shade.
ŭmbrĕl′la, n. light circular canopy of silk, &c. on stick carried in hand as protection against rain, folded up when not in use.
ŭm′laut (ōōm′lowt), n. vowel-change due to partial assimilation to a following sound.
ŭm′pire, n. person chosen to decide question; person chosen to pronounce decisions in cricket, &c. v.i. act as umpire.
ŭm′pteen, a. (sl.) a good many.
ŭn- pref. (1) before adjj. = 'not', 'the reverse of'; (2) before nouns = 'lack of', 'freedom from'; (3) before verbs = 'undo', 'remove'. Words with this prefix being practically unlimited, many of those with an obvious meaning are not given here.
ŭnabāshed′, a. not ashamed.
ŭnabā′ted, a. in full strength.
ŭnaccŏm′panied (-ŭm-), a. not attended; without accompaniment.
ŭnaccŏm′plished, a. unfinished; lacking accomplishments.
ŭnaccoun′table, a. not to be explained; (of persons) not responsible.
ŭnaccŭs′tomed, a. not usual.
ŭnadvī′sedly (-z-), adv. indiscreetly, imprudently.
ŭnaffĕc′ted, a. free from affectation; sincere; not affected by.
ŭnalloyed′, a. unmixed; pure.
ŭnanĭm′ity, n. agreement.
ūnăn′imous, a. all of one mind; held or given with one accord.
ŭnăn′swerable (-ahnser-), a. that cannot be refuted.
ŭnas′ked, a. (esp.) spontaneously.
ŭnassū′ming, a. making little of one's own merits or status.
ŭnattăch′ed, a. not belonging to particular regiment or college, &c.
ŭnaware′, a. not aware (of).
ŭnawares′ (ŭnawār′z), adv. unexpectedly; by surprise.
ŭnbăck′ed, a. unsupported; having no backers (esp. in betting); (of horse) unbroken.
ŭnbăl′anced, a. (esp., of the mind) disordered, violently impulsive.
ŭnbănk′, v.t. cause (fire) to burn by removing ashes from top.
ŭnbăr′, v.t. remove bar from (gate, &c.), unlock, open (often fig.).
ŭnbea′ten, a. not beaten, not surpassed.
ŭnbecŏm′ing (-ŭm-), a. indecorous, not befitting; not suited to.
ŭnbeknown, -st (ŭnbĭnō′n, colloq.), adv. not known.
ŭnbelief′, n. incredulity; disbelief. ŭnbeliev′er, n. atheist, agnostic. ~ving, a. atheistic or agnostic; unduly incredulous.
ŭnbĕnd′, v.t. & i. change from bent position; straighten; relax from strain; be affable. ~ing, a. inflexible; austere.
ŭnbĭd′den, a. not commanded; not invited.
ŭnblŭsh′ing, a. shameless.
ŭnbŏs′om (-bōō-), v.t. pour out (secrets, &c.); relieve (oneself) of.
ŭnbound′ĕd, a. (esp.) infinite.
ŭnbrī′dled, a. unrestrained.
ŭnbrō′ken, a. not broken; not subdued; not interrupted.

unburd'en, v.t. (esp.) relieve (oneself) by confession, &c.
uncall'ed-for (-kawl-), a. impertinently intruded.
uncann'y, a. weird, mysterious.
unceremon'ious, a. informal; abrupt, wanting in courtesy.
uncert'ain (-tin), a. not certainly knowing or known; not to be depended on; changeable.
unchan'cy (-ahn-), a. (Sc.) unlucky; inconvenient; uncanny.
unchar'itable, a. (esp.) censorious; severe in judgement.
unchristian (-kris tyan), a. contrary to the Christian character.
unchurch', v.t. deprive of status as a church; excommunicate.
un'cial (-shl), a. of or written in a kind of writing resembling capitals found in 4th–8th cent. MSS.; n. uncial letter or MS.
uncir'cumcised (-zd), a. (fig.) heathen; unregenerate.
unciv'il, a. ill-mannered; rude.
uncle (ŭng'kl), n. father's or mother's brother, aunt's husband; (sl.) pawnbroker.
unclean', a. not clean, foul; unchaste; ceremonially impure.
unc'o, adv. (Sc.) very; exceptionally.
uncock', v.t. let down hammer of (gun) gently.
uncoil', v.t. unwind.
uncome-at-able (-um-), a. (colloq.) not accessible or attainable.
uncomely (-kŭm'li), a. wanting grace or beauty.
uncomm'on, a. unusual, remarkable; adv. (colloq.) remarkably.
uncommun'icative, a. reserved.
uncom'promising (-z-), a. refusing compromise; unyielding.
unconcern', n. freedom from anxiety; indifference. ~ed, a. free from anxiety. ~edly, adv.
uncondi'tional, a. not subject to conditions; absolute.
uncon'scionable (-sho-), a. inconsiderate; making excessive or unreasonable demands.
uncon'scious (-shus), a. not aware of; devoid of consciousness.
unconsid'ered (-erd), a. disregarded.
unconstitu'tional, a. opposed to a country's constitution.
unconstraint', n. freedom from constraint. ~ed, a.
unconven'tional (-shn-), a. not bound by convention or custom; free in character or treatment.
uncork', v.t. draw cork from (bottle); give vent to (feelings).
uncou'ple (-kŭ-), v.t. release (dogs, &c.) from couples or coupling.
uncouth' (-ōō-), a. strikingly lacking in ease or polish.
uncov'enanted (-kŭ-), a. not bound on or subject to a covenant.
uncov'er (-kŭ-), v.t. & i. remove covering from; disclose.
uncrit'ical, a. disinclined or incompetent to criticize; not according to the principles of criticism.
uncrowned, a. (esp.) of person having power but not office of a king.
unc'tion, n. anointing for medical purposes or as rite; thing used in anointing; affected enthusiasm; gush; gusto. unc'tuous, a. full of unction; greasy.
uncut', a. (esp., of book) with full untrimmed margins.
undaun'ted, a. fearless.
undeceive', v.t. free from deception. ~d, a. not deceived.
undeci'ded, a. not settled; irresolute.
undefen'ded, a. (esp., of suit) in which no defence is put in.
undemon'strative, a. not given to showing strong feelings.
undeni'able, a. that cannot be denied or disputed.
undenomina'tional, a. (esp.) of no particular sect.
un'der, prep. in or to position lower than; below; inferior to; less than; liable to; bound by; in the time of. adv. in or to a lower place or subordinate position.
underact', v.t. act inadequately.
underbid', v.t. make bid for contract lower than (another).
un'derbred, a. vulgar, ill-bred.
undercharge', v.t. charge too little for (thing) or to (person).

un'derclothes (-ōz, -ōdhz), n.pl. clothes worn beneath outside garments.
un'dercroft (-craw-), n. crypt.
un'dercurrent, n. current flowing beneath surface (often fig.).
undercut', v.t. reduce (prices) in competition; (Golf) hit (ball) so that it rises high.
underdo' (-ōō), v.t. cook insufficiently (esp. in p.p. underdone).
underdress', v.t. & i. dress too plainly or lightly.
under-es'timate, v.t. form too low an estimate of.
undergo', v.t. be subjected to, suffer.
undergrad'uate, n. student beneath rank of graduate.
un'derground' adv. & a. beneath the ground.
un'derhand' adv. & a. clandestine(ly), not above-board.
un'derhand' a. & n. (Crick.) (bowling) from level of the knee.
underlay', v.t. lay something under (thing), esp. (Print.) lay paper under (types, illustrations) to secure a better impression. n. piece of paper for underlaying.
underlet' v.t. sublet.
underlie' v.t. lie or be situated under (stratum, &c.); be the basis of (conduct, &c.).
underline' v.t. draw line under (word, &c.) to secure emphasis or represent italics. n. (un'der-), (Print.) descriptive line(s) below an illustration.
un'derlinen, n. linen or other underclothing.
un'derling, n. a subordinate.
underman', v.t. furnish (ship, &c.) with too few men.
undermine' v.t. make mine or excavation under; injure (reputation, &c.) by secret means; injure (health, &c.) insidiously.
un'dermost, a. in lowest place.
underneath' adv. & prep. at or to a lower place (than), below.
underpay' v.t. pay (workman) inadequately.
underpin' v.t. place support of masonry under (wall, bank).

un'derplot, n. subordinate plot of play or novel.
underprop', v.t. put prop under.
underquote' v.t. announce lower price than (other dealer).
underrate' v.t. under-estimate.
undersell' v.t. sell cheaper than (person).
undersigned (-sīn-), a. whose signature(s) appear(s) below.
undersized' a. of less than the usual size.
understand' v.t. & i. (-stŏŏd), comprehend, perceive the meaning of; infer; take for granted; supply (word) mentally.
understand'ing, n. intelligence, intellect, insight; thing agreed upon, stipulation; (pl., sl.) feet, legs, shoes, &c.
understate' v.t. put (numbers, &c.) too low. ~ment, n.
understock' v.t. supply (farm, &c.) with insufficient stock.
un'derstrapper, n. a subordinate.
un'derstudy, n. one who studies theatrical part in order to replace usual actor at short notice. v.t. be understudy of.
undertake' v.t. & i. (-tŏŏk, -tāken; -taking) bind oneself to perform; make oneself responsible for. un'dertaker, n. (esp.) one who manages funerals. undertak'ing, n. (esp.) task, enterprise. un'dertaking, n. management of funerals as a trade.
underten'ant, n. tenant's tenant.
un'dertone, n. subdued tone, esp. in speaking; subdued colour.
un'derwear (-wār), n. underclothing.
un'derwood, n. brushwood.
un'derworld (-wĕ-), n. antipodes; infernal regions; lowest social stratum.
underwrite' v.t. & i. (esp.) sign and deliver (policy of insurance); practise marine insurance. un'derwriter, n. marine insurer.
undesign'edly (-zīn-), adv. without intention.
un'dies, n.pl. (sl.) underclothing.
undigest'ed, a. (esp. fig., of facts, &c.) ill-arranged.

undig'nified, a. lacking or inconsistent with dignity.
undisguis'edly (-iz-) adv. openly without disguise.
undo' (-ōō), v.t. annul; unfasten (parcel, coat, &c.); ruin the prospects or reputation of. undone' (-ŭn), not done; ruined.
undoub'tedly (-owt-) adv. without doubt.
undress', v.t. & i. take off the clothes of; take off one's clothes. un'dress', n. ordinary dress, opp. to full dress or uniform (often fig. and attrib.).
undue', a. excessive; disproportionate; improper.
un'dulate, v.i. have wavy motion or look. ~a'tion, n. wavy motion or form; gentle rise and fall. ~atory, a. rising and falling.
undu'ly, adv. wrongly; improperly; excessively.
undy'ing, a. immortal.
unearth' (-ĕr-), v.t. draw out from concealment; discover. ~ly, a. supernatural, not of this world; weird.
uneconom'ic, a. (esp., of rent) too low to repay owner and builder.
uneas'y (-ē-), a. disturbed or uncomfortable in body or mind.
unemploy'able, a. & n. (person) unfitted or unsuitable for paid employment. unemploy'ed, a. not used; lacking employment. unemploy'ment, n. lack of employment; state of things in which many workers cannot find work.
unend'ing, a. having no end.
une'qual, a. not equal to; of varying quality.
unequiv'ocal, a. not ambiguous; plain; unmistakable.
unerr'ing, a. not erring or failing or missing the mark.
unessen'tial (-sh-), a. not essential; not of the first importance.
une'ven, a. not level or smooth; not uniform or equable.
unexam'pled (-ahm-), a. without precedent.
unexcep'tionable (-shon-), a. with which no fault can be found.

unexpired, a. still running.
unfail'ing, a. not failing; not running short.
unfair', a. not equitable or honest or impartial.
unfash'ioned (-shon-), a. not brought into shape.
unfas'ten (-ahsn), v.t. undo; untie. ~ed, a. not secured.
unfeel'ing, a. lacking sensibility; harsh; cruel.
unfeign'edly (-fān-), adv. sincerely.
unfem'inine, a. (esp.) not becoming a woman.
unfit', a. not fit, unsuitable. v.t. make unsuitable for. ~ted, a. not fit, not fitted. ~ting, a. unsuitable.
unfix', v.t. loosen, detach.
unfledged', a. (fig.) undeveloped.
unfold', v.t. & i. spread out; reveal; become opened out; develop.
unformed', a. shapeless.
unfor'tunate, a. unlucky; unhappy; ill-advised. n. unfortunate person.
unfoun'ded, a. without foundation; not yet founded.
unfun'ded, a. (of debt) floating; not funded.
unfurl', v.t. & i. spread out (sail, &c.); become spread out.
unfurn'ished, a. not supplied with; without furniture.
ungain'ly, a. ill-made; awkward-looking; clumsy.
ungallant (-găl'ant), a. not attentive to women; not brave.
ungen'tle, a. harsh; rude; ill-bred. ~manly, a. violating the code observed by gentlemen.
ungov'ernable (-gŭ-), a. unruly; licentious; wild; violent.
ungra'cious (-shus), a. not kindly or courteous.
ungrammat'ical, a. contrary to rules of grammar.
ungroun'ded, a. unfounded.
ungrudg'ing, a. done or given with good will.
unguar'ded (-gar-), a. not guarded; incautious; thoughtless.
un'guent (-ngw-), n. any soft substance used as ointment or for lubrication.

ung'ulate (-ngg-), a. hoofed. n. hoofed mammal.
unhall'owed (-ōd), a. having evil associations; unholy.
unhand', v.t. take one's hands off (person).
unhan'dy, a. not dexterous; clumsy.
unhap'py, a. unlucky; wretched.
unhealth'y (-hĕl-), a. sickly; not conducive to health.
unhinge' (-j), v.t. remove from the hinges; (fig.) make crazy.
unho'ly, a. impious, wicked.
unhook', v.t. open (dress, &c.) by detaching its hooks.
unhorse', v.t. throw (rider) from the saddle, cause to dismount.
unhouse', v.t. deprive of shelter; drive from home.
unicam'eral, a. one-chambered.
ū'nicorn, n. fabulous animal with horse's body and single straight horn; narwhal; kinds of horned beetle, &c.
ū'niform, a. unvarying; conforming to same rule. n. uniform dress worn by members of same body. uniform'ity, n. being uniform, sameness, consistency.
ū'nify, v.t. (-fiable) make one or uniform. ~fication, n.
unilat'eral, a. (of contracts, &c.) binding one side only.
unilit'eral, a. (of word-roots, &c.) consisting of one letter.
unimpeach'able, a. giving no opening to censure.
uninform'ed (-md), a. ignorant; uninstructed.
uninspired', a. commonplace.
unintell'igible, a. not such as can be understood.
uninvi'ting, a. unattractive.
ū'nion (-yon), n. uniting together; coalition; marriage; concord, agreement; parishes consolidated for administration of poor laws; workhouse of such union; fabric of mixed materials; U~ Jack, national ensign of United Kingdom. ~-suit, combinations (garment). ū'nionist (-nye-), n. member of a trade-union; upholder of legislative union between Great Britain and Ireland. ~ism, n.
unique' (-ēk), a. being the only one of its kind; having no like or equal or parallel.
unisex'ual, a. having pistil or stamens but not both.
ū'nison, n. unity of pitch; concord; agreement.
ū'nit, n. the number one; individual thing, person, or group; quantity chosen as standard by which other things may be expressed.
unitar'ian, n. one who denies doctrine of the Trinity. ~ism, n.
ū'nitary, a. of unit or units.
unite', v.t. & i. (-table), join together; make or become one; combine; consolidate; agree.
ū'nity, n. oneness; being one or single or individual; concord.
ū'nivalve, n. mollusc of one valve.
univers'al, a. general; belonging to or done by all persons or things; applicable to all cases. universal'ity, n. univers'alize, v.t. (-zable) treat as or make universal.
ū'niverse, n. all existing things; all creation; all mankind. univers'ity, n. educational institution for instruction or examination of students, with the power of conferring degrees.
unkempt' (ŭn-k-), a. of rough or uncared-for appearance.
unknown' (un-nōn), a. not known; unidentified. n. unknown person or quantity.
unlab'oured (-berd), a. (of style) easy, spontaneous.
unlearn' (-ẽrn), v.t. expel from one's memory; rid oneself of (false information, habit, &c.). ~ed (-id), a. not well educated. unlearnt' (-ẽrnt), or ~ed (-nd), (of lesson, &c.) not learnt.
unleash', v.t. remove leash of (dog); also used fig.
unleav'ened (-lĕ-), a. not mixed with fermenting matter.
unless', conj. if not; except when.
unlett'ered (-erd), a. illiterate.
unlicked', a. not licked into shape; (fig.) undefeated.

unsophis'ticated, a. artless, innocent; not adulterated.
unsound', a. not sound; diseased; rotten; erroneous; unreliable.
unspeak'able, a. good or bad beyond description; inexpressible.
unspott'ed, a. not marked with any stain; not contaminated.
unstā'ble, a. not fixed; inconstant; irresolute.
unstea'dy (-ĕd-), a. not firm or steady; shaking; reeling.
unstitch', v.t. undo stitches of.
unstop', v.t. free from obstruction; remove stopper from.
unstrained', a. not forced; not put through a strainer.
unstring', v.t. remove the strings of; weaken nerves of (usu. in p.p. unstrung); remove (beads, &c.) from string.
unstressed', a. not pronounced with stress.
unstud'ied, a. not premeditated; easy; natural; spontaneous.
unsubstan'tial (-shl), a. having little or no solidity or reality.
unsuit'ed (-ūt-), a. not fit *for*; not adapted *to*.
unsworn', a. not bound by oath.
unsymmet'rical, a. not characterized by symmetry.
untack', v.t. detach, separate; remove tacks from.
untend'ed, a. not watched or looked after.
unthink'able, a. such as it is impossible even to form a notion of; (colloq.) unlikely.
unthink'ing, a. thoughtless.
unthread' (-ĕd), v.t. take thread out of (needle).
untie', v.t. undo knot or cords of; liberate from bonds.
until', prep. till, to; till the time, point, or degree that.
untime'ly (-ml-), a. & adv. inopportune(ly); premature(ly).
un'to (-ōō), prep. (arch.) to.
untold', a. not told; uncounted; beyond count.
untoward (-tō'erd), a. (arch.) perverse; awkward; unlucky.
untrained', a. not instructed; not prepared for race, &c.
untrue' (-ōō), a. not true, false; not faithful or loyal *to*; deviating from correct standard.
untruth' (-ōōth), n. being untrue; falsehood; lie.
untu'tored (-erd), a. uninstructed; not taught or schooled.
unū'sual (-zhōō-), a. not usual; remarkable.
unutt'erable, a. above or beyond description.
unval'ued, a. not esteemed or prized; not priced.
unvar'nished, a. not varnished or embellished.
unveil' (-vāl), v.t. disclose; uncover; reveal (secrets, &c.).
unversed', a. not experienced or skilled in.
unwarr'antable (-wŏ-), a. unauthorized; not guaranteed.
unwear'ying, a. indefatigable; persistent; continual.
unwell', a. not in good health; indisposed.
unwept', a. not wept for.
unwiel'dy, a. cumbersome or clumsy or hard to manage.
unwill'ing, a. reluctant; not willing or inclined.
unwind', v.t. & i. draw out at length; become drawn out.
unwise' (-z), a. foolish; imprudent; injudicious.
unwished', a. not desired.
unwitt'ing, a. unaware of the state of the case.
unworld'ly (-wer-), a. not worldly; spiritual.
unworthy (-wer'dhĭ), a. not worthy or befitting the character *of*; discreditable.
unwritt'en (-tn), a. not written; oral; traditional.
unyield'ing, a. firm; obstinate.
unyoke', v.t. & i. release from yoke; (fig.) cease work.
up, adv. to or in a higher place, amount, value, &c.; to the place in question; completely or effectually. prep. to a higher point of; at a higher part of. ~ against, confronted with (task). ~ to (a person), confronting him as his part.

ū'pas, *n.* (usu. ~-*tree*) Javanese tree yielding arrow-poison.
upbraid', *v.t.* chide, reproach.
ŭp'bringing, *n.* education.
ŭp cast (-ah-), *n.* upward throw; shaft through which air passes out of mine.
ŭp-coun'try (-kŭ-), *adv.*, ŭp'country (-kŭ-), *a.* towards the interior; inland.
upheav'al (-p-h-), *n.* heaving up, esp. of part of earth's crust; (fig.) vast social or other change.
uphill (-p-h-), *adv.*, ŭp'hill (-p-h-) *a.* (sloping) upwards; (fig.) arduous, difficult, laborious.
uphold' (-p-h-), *v.t.* give support or countenance to; maintain, confirm (decision, verdict).
uphol'ster (-p-h-), *v.t.* furnish (room, &c.) with hangings, furniture, &c.; provide (chair, &c.) with covering, &c. ~er, ~ery, *nn.*
ŭp'keep, *n.* cost or means of maintenance.
uplift', *v.t.* raise up. *ŭp'lift, *n.* intellectual or moral improvement of community.
ŭp'land, *n.* (usu. in pl.), the higher parts of a country; *a.* higher in situation.
upon, *prep.* on; *take* ~, assume.
ŭpp'er, *a.* higher in place; situated above; higher in rank or dignity; *n.* upper part of shoe. ~most, *a.* highest in rank or place; on or to the top. ŭpp'ish, *a.* self-assertive; pert.
upraise' (-z), *v.t.* raise up, exalt.
upright, attrib. *a.* (ŭp'rīt), erect, vertical; strictly honourable or honest; pred. *a.* (uprīt'), in upright position; *n.* (ŭp'rīt), post or rod fixed upright.
uprise' (-z), *v.i.* rise up. ŭprī'sing (-z-), *n.* rising from bed; rebellion, riot.
ŭp'roar (-ôr), *n.* tumult; noisy clamour. ŭproar'ious, *a.* noisy.
uproot', *v.t.* tear up by the roots.
upset', *v.t.* & *i.* overturn, be overturned; disturb the temper or digestion of; *n.* upsetting.
ŭp'set, *a.* In phr. ~ *price*, lowest selling price of property in auction, &c.; reserve price.
ŭp'shot, *n.* final issue, conclusion; general effect.
ŭp'side-down, *adv.* & *a.* with the upper part under; inverted; in total disorder.
upsides' (-dz), *adv.* In phr. *get* ~ *with*, turn the tables on.
upstairs' (-z), *adv.*, ŭp'stairs), *a.* on, to, of, an upper story.
upstand'ing, *a.* well set up, erect; (of wages) fixed, not variable.
ŭp'start, *n.* person who has risen suddenly from humble position (often attrib.).
ŭp'stroke, *n.* upward line in writing.
ŭp'take, *n.* (Sc.) apprehension.
ŭp'throw (-ō), *n.* (esp.) upward displacement of rock on one side of fault.
ŭp'ward, -s (-z), *adv.* towards a higher place.
ūrā'nium, *n.* heavy white metallic element found in pitch-blende, &c.
ûr'ban, *a.* of, or living or situated in, a city or town.
urbane', *a.* courteous, suave, refined. urbăn'ity, *n.*
ûr'chin, *n.* boy, youngster.
Urdu (oor'doo), *n.* Hindustani.
ūr'ēa, *n.* (Chem.) soluble colourless crystalline compound.
ūrē'ter, ūrē'thra, *nn.* ducts by which urine passes into and from the bladder.
urge, *v.t.* (-geable), drive forcibly; hasten; entreat earnestly; advocate pressingly; *n.* impulsion, yearning. ûr'gent, *a.* pressing; requiring immediate attention; importunate. ûr'gency, *n.*
ūr'ic, *a.* of urine.
ū'rim, *n.* ~ *and thummim*, objects connected with breastplate of the Jewish high priest.
ūr'ine, *n.* fluid discharged from the bladder. ūr'inal, *n.* place provided, invalid's bed convenience, for passing urine.
ûrn, *n.* vase anciently used for storing ashes of the dead; vase-shaped vessel with tap for tea, coffee, &c.

ur'sine (or -īn), a. of or like a bear.
us (ŭs, ŭz), pl. obj. of I.
ū'sage (-z-), n. manner of using; treatment; customary practice.
ūse¹ n. using; employment; right of using; custom; wont.
ūse² (-z), v.t. & i. (-sable) employ for a purpose; consume as material; avail oneself of; (p.t. or inf.) be accustomed; (p.p. pr. -st) accustomed.
ūse'ful (-sf-), a. of use, serviceable; efficient. ūse'less, a. unavailing; serving no useful purpose; (sl.) fit for nothing.
ū'ser (-z-), n. one who uses anything. ū'ser² (-z-), n. (legal) continued use or enjoyment of a right.
ush'er, n. officer or servant acting as doorkeeper of court, &c., showing persons to seats, or walking before persons of rank; under-teacher. v.t. act as usher to; precede (person) as usher; show in. —ship, n.
us'quebaugh (-aw), n. whisky; cordial made of brandy &c.
ū'sual (-zhoō-), a. such as commonly occurs; habitual.
ū'sufruct (-z-), n. right of enjoying the use of another's property without power to alienate.
ū'surer (-zhe-), n. one who practises usury.
ūsurp' (-z-), v.t. & i. seize by force; assume wrongfully. ūsurpā'tion, —er, nn.
ū'sury (-zhe-), n. lending of money at exorbitant interest; such interest. ūsūr'ious (-z-), a.
ū't, (ut) as, ū'—sū'pra, ū'— in'fra, as shown above, below.
ūten'sil, n. vessel or appliance in common and domestic use.
ū'terus, n. the womb. ū'terine (or -in), a. of the uterus.
ūtilitā'rian, a. holder of utilitarianism. a. based on or inspired by utility or utilitarianism. —ism, doctrine that the morality of actions is to be tested by their utility.
ūtil'ity, n. usefulness; profitableness. —man, actor of small parts.
ū'tilize, v.t. (-zable), make use of; turn to account. —zā'tion, n.
ut'most, a. furthest; extreme.
Ūtō'pia (ū-), n. imaginary island with perfect social and political system. Ūtō'pian (ū-), a. & n. visionary.
ū'tricle, n. cell or small cavity.
ŭtt'er¹, a. (arch. -most), complete; extreme, total; unqualified.
ŭtt'er², v.t. emit audibly; express in words; put (notes, base coin, &c.) in circulation.
ŭtt'erance, n. uttering; spoken words; articulation.
ū'vula, n. (pl. -ae), pendent fleshy part of soft palate.
ŭxor'ious, a. excessively fond of one's wife.

V

vā'cancy, n. empty space; unoccupied post, available place.
vā'cant, a. empty; without occupant or contents; stupid.
vacāte', v.t. (-table), leave vacant; cease from occupying. —tion, n. fixed period of cessation from work.
văc'cināte (-ks-), v.t. inoculate with vaccine to give immunity against smallpox; treat similarly against other diseases. —tion, —tor, nn. văc'cine (-ks-), n. virus of cow-pox as used in vaccination; virus of other diseases similarly used.
văc'illāte, v.i. waver; show indecision. —tion, —tor, nn.
văcū'ity, n. state of emptiness.
văc'ūous, a. (of look, &c.) vacant.
văc'ūum, n. (pl. -ums, -a), space entirely devoid of matter; space exhausted of air. ~ cleaner, apparatus for removing dust, &c., by suction. ~ flask, vessel with two walls separated by vacuum jacket so that liquid in inner receptacle retains its temperature.
vāde-mē'cum, n. handbook, &c. carried about the person.
văg'abond, a. having no fixed dwelling. n. wanderer; idle scamp. —age, —ism, nn.

vagar'y, n. unaccountable proceeding, freak.

vagi'na, n. sheath-like part; passage to womb.

vā'grant, a. wandering, unsettled. n. vagabond; idle and disorderly person. vā'grancy, n.

vāgue (-g), a. indistinct; ill-defined; uncertain.

vail, n. (arch.) gratuity.

vain, a. of an empty nature; showy and valueless; conceited, proud. ~glor'y, n. boastfulness. ~glor'ious, a. boastful.

văl'ance, n. short curtain round frame or canopy of bedstead. văl'anced (-st), a.

vāle¹, n. valley.

‖ vā'lē², int. & n. farewell.

vălēdic'tion, n. saying of farewell. ~tory, a.

văl'entine, n. sweetheart chosen on St. Valentine's day; verses or picture sent to one's valentine on same date.

valer'ian, n. kinds of flowering herb.

văl'ĕt, n. gentleman's servant.

vălētūdinār'ian, n. person compelled or (usu.) disposed to live the life of an invalid.

Vălhăll'a, n. (Norse myth.) banquet-hall of slain heroes; roll or burial-place or collected monuments of a nation's illustrious dead.

văl'iant (-ya-), a. brave.

văl'id, a. sound, well-grounded; having binding force. ~ĭ'ty, n.

văl'idāte, v.t. make valid; ratify. vălidā'tion, n.

valise' (-ēs), n. small portmanteau; soldier's knapsack.

văl'ley, n. (pl. -eys) low area more or less enclosed by hills.

văl'our (-ler), n. courage, esp. in battle. văl'orous, a.

valse (vahls), n. waltz.

văl'ūable, a. of great value or use. n. (pl.) precious things.

vălūā'tion, n. value set upon anything; professional valuer's fixing of the value of property.

văl'ūe, n. worth or utility; price equal to the worth of the thing bought; equivalent. v.t. estimate value of; esteem, have high opinion of.

vălve, n. kinds of device for controlling the passage of liquid or gas or the like through pipes, &c.; (Anat.) membraneous part of organ allowing flow of blood, &c. in one direction only; one shell of oyster, &c. văl'vūlar, a. of an anatomical valve.

vămp¹, n. upper leather of front of shoe. v.t. & i. repair by patching; improvise.

*vămp², n. (sl.) adventuress; flirting woman or girl. v.t. & i. (of woman) allure; flirt.

văm'pīre, n. ghost that sucks blood of sleeping persons; bloodsucking bat; person who preys on others; *adventuress, woman who exploits men.

văn¹, n. winnowing-machine; wing of large bird.

văn², n. front of an army or fleet when advancing or in battle array. ~guard, advance guard.

văn³, n. large covered vehicle for conveyance of goods.

vanā'dium, n. rare white metallic element.

văn'dal, n. wilful or ignorant destroyer of works of art, &c. ~ism, n.

vāne, n. weather-cock; blade of windmill, screw propeller, &c.

vanĭll'a, n. plant of orchid kind; its fruit; extract of this.

văn'ish, v.i. disappear; fade away; dwindle to nothing.

văn'ĭty, n. unsubstantial or unreal thing; empty display; vain pride in oneself. ~bag, ~case, carried on the person and containing small mirror, &c.

văn'quish, v.t. conquer, overcome.

vă'ntage (vah-), n. advantage.

văp'id, a. insipid; lacking interest; dull. vapĭd'ĭty, n.

vā'porize, v.t. & i. (-orīz), convert or be converted into vapour. ~izā'tion, n. ~izer, n. vaporizing apparatus. vā'porous, a. in the form or consisting of vapour.

vā'pour (-per), n. moisture in the air; steam or mist or smoke; (pl.) nervous irritability or depression. v.i. indulge in extravagant talk. vā'poury a. resembling vapour.

vār'iable, a. apt to vary; not constant. n. a variable quantity or thing. ~bility n.

vār'iance, n. state of discord or discrepancy.

vār'iant, a. different; variable. n. a different form, spelling, type, reading, &c.

vāriā'tion, n. deviation from a standard or type; difference.

vă'ricose, a. (of veins, &c.) permanently and abnormally dilated.

vār'iegated, a. showing patches of different colours.

varī'ety, n. diversity; absence of uniformity; collection of different things; sub-species of a class. ~ entertainment, show of mixed kind, e.g. of dramatic trifles, songs, juggling, and acrobats; so ~ theatre.

vārior'um, a. with the notes of various commentators.

vār'ious, a. of several kinds; diverse; divers.

var'let, n. menial; rascal.

varn'ish, n. resinous solution applied to a surface to make it shine. v.t. apply varnish to.

vār'y, v.t. & i. make or become different; modify; fluctuate.

vās'cular, a. having vessels for conveying blood, sap, &c.

vase (vahz), n. vessel of the water-jar kind, used mainly as ornament or to hold cut flowers.

văs'eline (-ēn), n. ointment and lubricant got from petroleum. P

văss'al, n. (hist.) holder of land by feudal tenure; (poet.) dependant. ~age, n. vassal's condition.

vast (vah-), a. of huge extent, amount, or size; (colloq.) great.

văt, n. huge tub, cistern, or other vessel. ~ful, n. (pl. -ls).

Văt'ican, n. the Pope's residence; papal government.

vătĭ'cināte, v.t. & i. prophesy foretell. ~ātion, n. prophecy.

vaudeville (vōdv-), n. dramatic trifle interspersed with songs and dances; variety entertainment.

vault, n. arched roof or ceiling; room, cellar, tomb, or other space covered in with vault; the sky; any subterranean cellar; grave lined with brick, &c.; act of vaulting. v.t. & i. make (roof, ceiling) in arched form; spring over something with the hand resting on it. vault'ing, n. the arched work composing a vaulted roof or ceiling.

vaunt, v.i. & t., & n. boast.

veal, n. calf-flesh.

Vē'da (vā-), n. (also in pl.) Hindu scriptures written in old Sanskrit. Vē'dic (vā-), a.

Vēdān'ta, n. system of Hindu philosophy founded on the Veda. ~tic, a.

vĕdĕtte', n. mounted sentinel placed in advance of outpost.

veer, v.i. (of wind) change direction; (fig.) change one's opinion.

vĕ'getable, a. of the plant kind; derived from or concerned with plants. n. a plant, esp. one of the kind grown for food.

vĕgetār'ian, n. believer in vegetable diet and in abstinence from meat. ~ism, n.

vĕ'getāte, v.i. live a plant's life; be stationary. ~tive, a. ~ātion, n. plants collectively; plants growing in a place.

vē'hement (vēim-), a. violent; fervent. vē'hemence (vēim-), n.

vē'hicle (vēi-), n. carriage or cart or other land conveyance; means of expressing or diffusing opinions, &c. vēhĭc'ular, a.

veil (vāl), n. piece of transparent material to hide or protect the face; curtain; pretext. v.t. & i. cover with veil; hide, conceal.

vein (vān), n. membranous tube through which blood flows; rib of leaf; fissure in rock filled with deposited matter; streak; temporary mood.

vĕld(t) (-lt), n. S.-Afr. tract of land with little or no forest; wild grassland.

vēlle'ĭty, n. wishful state not prompting to action.
vĕl'um, n. fine parchment.
vēlŏ'cĭpēde, n. (arch.) bicycle or tricycle.
vēlŏ'cĭty n. rate of motion, esp. of inanimate things.
velours (-oor), n. kinds of plush used for hats, &c.
vĕl'vĕt, n. silk fabric with thick short pile (attrib.) made of, or soft as, velvet. vĕlvĕteen', n. cotton fabric with velvet-like pile. vĕl'vĕty a.
vē'nal, a. mercenary, guilty of taking bribes. vēnăl'ĭty, n.
vĕnd, v.t. (-dable), carry on the sale of (goods). vĕn'dĭble, a. saleable. vĕndee', n. one to whom thing is sold. vĕn'dor, n. seller.
vĕndĕtt'a, n. blood-feud.
veneer' v.t. cover (wood, table, &c.) with thin coating of finer wood. n. thin coat of wood superficial disguise.
vĕn'erable, a. entitled to veneration, title of an archdeacon.
vĕn'erāte, v.t. regard with deep respect feel veneration for.
vĕnerā'tion, n. profound respect; reverent regard. ~tor n.
vĕnēr'eal, a. of sexual intercourse.
vĕn'ery, n. (arch.) hunting.
Vĕnē'tian (-shn), a. of Venice. n. a Venetian person. ~ blind, window-blind of slats hung on cords. ~ mast, tall parti-coloured pole used in decorations.
vĕn'geance (-jns), n. retribution punishment inflicted on a wrong-doer. vĕnge'ful (-jf-), a. bent on vengeance.
vē'nial, trivial; far from unpardonable. vēnĭăl'ĭty n.
vĕn'ison (-nzn), n. deer flesh.
vĕn'om, n. the poison of snakes, &c. (fig.) rancour spite, esp. as expressed in words. ~ous, a.
vē'nous, a. of the veins.
vĕnt, n. small outlet or inlet for air smoke, &c., anus of fish, &c. v.t. utter pour forth.
vĕn'tĭlāte, v.t. (-lable), cause air to circulate in (room, &c.); purify by air; submit to discussion. ~tion, n. ~tor, n. appliance for ventilating room, &c.
vĕn'tral, a. of or on the belly
vĕn'trĭcle, n. cavity or chamber in the body, esp. one of those in the heart or brain.
vĕntrĭlŏ'quĭsm, n. act or art of producing vocal sounds in such a manner that they appear to come from another place. ~ist, n.
vĕn'ture, n. risky undertaking hazard speculative action. v.t. & i. summon up courage to do dare to utter, hazard. ~some, a. disposed to take risks hazardous.
vĕn'ue, n. district in which a case must be tried (pop.) meeting place, rendezvous.
Vē'nus, n. Roman goddess of love the planet second in order from the sun; a beautiful woman.
verā'cious (-shus) a. truthful not false. verā'city n. truthfulness.
verăn'dah (-da), n. open portico along side of house.
vĕrb, n. the part of speech which serves to express action, passion, or existence. vĕrb'al, a. of or concerned with words, oral; word for word. verbā'tim, adv. & a. word for word.
verbē'na, n. kinds of fragrant leaved flowering plant.
vĕrb'iage, n. needless array of words. verbōse' a. prolix exuberant in use of words. verbŏs'ĭty n. verbiage. [vĕrb'um sat. sapiĕn'tī (abbr. verb. sap.)] a word is enough to the wise.
vĕrd'ant, a. abounding in green foliage; green and fresh (fig.) inexperienced. ~ancy n.
vĕrd-antique (-ēk), n. an ornamental building-stone.
vĕrd'ict, n. decision of jury; opinion arrived at.
vĕrd'igris, n. green rust of copper
vĕrd'ure (-dyer), n. mass of green vegetation.
vĕrge, n. border-line or brink. v.i. incline downwards or in specified direction.
vĕr'ger, n. staff-bearer of bishop, &c. official who has care of the interior of a church, &c.

vĕ'rify v.t. (-fiable), ascertain the truth or correctness of; bear out or fulfil (prediction, &c.). verifica'tion, n. confirmation.
vĕ'rily adv. in truth.
verisimili'tude, n. air of being true; likelihood.
vĕ'ritable, a. real, actual; agreeable to fact.
vĕ'rity n. truth; a true statement or fact.
ver'juice (-ōōs), n. sour juice of unripe fruit.
vermicell'i, n. wheaten paste in threads for cooking.
ver'micide, n. drug for killing worms.
ver'miform, a. worm-shaped.
vermil'ion (-yon), n. bright red colour; a. vermilion coloured.
ver'min, n. collect. (usu. with pl. verb), creatures injurious to crops, &c. parasites; vile persons. ~ous, a.
vernac'ular, a. (of language) of one's own country; n. the native tongue; homely speech.
ver'nal, a. of or in the spring.
ver'nier, n. small movable scale for obtaining fractional parts of the subdivisions of a fixed scale.
vĕ'ronal, n. an opiate.
verŏn'ica, n. flowering shrub.
ver'satile, a. turning readily from one occupation to another; capable of dealing with many subjects. versatil'ity n.
verse, n. metrical composition; a verse line; a stanza; numbered subdivision of a Bible chapter. versed (-st), a. experienced (in. ver'sicle, n. liturgical sentence to be said or sung by minister and congregation alternately.
ver'sify v.t. & i. (-fiable), turn into or relate in verse; make verses. versifica'tion, n. ver'sifier, n. maker of verses.
ver'sion (-shn), n. a particular translation of a book, &c., or account of an incident, &c.
ver'so, n. left-hand page of open book, or back of leaf.
verst, n. Russian measure of length, about two-thirds of a mile.

ver'sus, prep. against (as Smith v. Brown).
vert, n. & a. (Herald.) green.
ver'tebra, n. (pl. -ae), single segment of the backbone. ver'tebral, a. ver'tebrate, a. having a backbone; n. back-boned animal.
ver'tex, n. (pl. -tices), thing's topmost point. ver'tical, a. perpendicular; straight up and down; upright.
verti'go, n. (pl. -os) dizziness.
ver'vain, n. plant formerly credited with sacred properties.
verve (vārv), n. enthusiasm; energy; vigour.
ver'vet, n. small S. Afr. monkey often employed by organgrinders.
vĕ'ry, a. real; true; truly such. adv. in the fullest sense; in a high degree.
Vér'ey (?) n. ~ light projected from ~ pistol, for temporarily illuminating part of battlefield, &c.
ves'icle, n. small bladder or blister or bubble.
ves'pers, n. (pl.) evening-service. ~tine, a. of, done or appearing in, the evening.
vess'el, n. receptacle for holding liquid, &c.; ship or boat; (Anat.) duct, canal, holding or containing blood or other fluid.
vest, n. body-garment worn next the skin; (shop) waistcoat. v.t. & i. place the right to (property, power) in a person; (of property &c.) be so vested in.
ves'ta, n. a wax match.
ves'tal, a. vowed to chastity; virgin. n. vestal virgin; nun.
ves'tibule, n. ante-chamber; entrance-hall; enclosed platform at end of railway train.
ves'tige, n. trace, evidence (merely) particle.
vest'ment, n. garment, esp. one worn officially.
ves'try n. part of church in which vestments are kept; in nonconformist churches, a room used esp. by ministers and deacons; a parochial assembly. ~man, n.

ves'ture, n. (poet.) clothing.
vesu'vian, n. fusee.
vet, (colloq.) n. veterinary surgeon. v.t. examine or treat.
vetch, n. kinds of plant of pea family used for fodder.
vet'eran, n. person with long experience of service.
vet'erinary a. of or for the diseases of domestic animals. n. a veterinary surgeon.
vē'tō, n. (pl. -oes), constitutional right to reject a legislative enactment any prohibition. v.t. exercise veto against forbid.
vex, v.t. cause distress or annoyance to; disturb. vexā'tion, n. being vexed, annoying circumstance. vexā'tious (-shus) a. vexing designed merely to annoy vexed (-kst) a. much debated.
‖ vi'a (vī'a), prep. passing through; going by way of.
vī'aduct, n. arches or other structure carrying railway or road across valley or dip.
vī'al, n. small vessel for holding liquid medicine.
‖ vi'a mē'dia, n. middle course between extremes.
vī'ands (-z) n.pl. articles of food victuals.
vī'at'icum, n. the eucharist as administered to the dying.
vibrāte' v.t. & i. move rapidly to and fro thrill quiver oscillate. ~tion, n. vibrating oscillating. ~tor n. vibrating part in electric instruments. ~tory a.
vic'ar, n. person of parish of which the tithes have been impropriated. ~age, n. vicar's house or office vicar'ial, a. of a vicar. ~ious, a. acting as substitute; done or suffered by one person on behalf of another.
vice¹ n. habitual indulgence in evil any particular form of depravity serious fault; defect or blemish; (in horses) ill-temper.
vice² n. appliance with two jaws in which things may be gripped and held steady.
‖ vi'ce prep. in place of; in succession to.
vice-, prefix in nouns denoting official who acts for or is second in rank to another.
vicegē'rent (-j-), n. holder of delegated authority.
vice'roy (-sr-), n. ruler with royal authority in a dependency. ~alty n. viceroy's office. vicerē'gal (-sr-), a. belonging to a viceroy. vicereine' (-srān), n. viceroy's wife.
vi'ce ver'sa, adv. the other way round.
Vichy (water) (vē'shē), n. a mineral water.
vi'cinage, n. neighbouring district. vicin'ity (or vi-), n. neighbourhood; nearness.
vi'cious (-shus), a. of the nature of or addicted to vice; ill-tempered; (of reasoning) faulty unsound.
vicis'situde (or vi-), n. a change of fortune; (pl.) ups and downs.
vic'tim, n. person or animal slain sacrificially; person sacrificed to attain some object; sufferer from some untoward event. vic'timize, v.t. (-ōōrz) make (person, &c.) the victim of a swindle, one's spite, &c. ~izā'tion, n.
vic'tor, n. conqueror; winner of a contest.
victor'ia, n. light open four-wheeled carriage with seat for two. V~ Cross (abbr. V.C.), decoration for conspicuous act of bravery. Victor'ian, a. of, in, or characteristic of, the reign of Queen Victoria; n. person of that period.
vic'tory n. the winning of a battle or contest. victor'ious, a. conquering, triumphant. vic'tress, n. female victor.
victual (vĭ'tl), n. (in sing. or usu. pl.), food and drink provisions. v.t. & i. supply with victuals; take in store of victuals. victualler (vĭt'ler) n. food-purveyor; licensee of a public-house (usu. licensed ~).
vicu'gna, -u'na (-ōōnya), n. S.-Amer. wool-yielding mammal.
‖ vi'dē, v. (imperat. (abbr. v.), see (specified passage or work). ‖~

supra, infra, see above, below. **vide'licet**, adv. (abbr. viz., usu. spoken as namely), that is to say, namely.

vie, v.i. enter into rivalry with.

view (vū), n. inspection by eye; survey; prospect; range of vision. v.t. survey with eyes or mind; hold specified view of. ~less, a. invisible.

vigesimal, a. of or pertaining to twenty; based on the number twenty.

vi'gil, n. eve of a festival; watch ing, keeping awake. ~ant, a. watchful; on the watch. ~ance, n. ~ance committee, self-organized body for maintenance of order in unquiet time or place, or for keeping watch over the morals of a district. vigilan'te, n. member of vigilance committee.

vignette (vinyet'), n. illustration in book not enclosed in definite border; portrait showing only head and shoulders with shaded background.

vig'our (-ger), n. activity and strength of body or mind. vig'orous, a. active; forcible.

vi'king, n. northern sea-robber of 8th–10th cc.

vila'yet (-ahyĕt), n. Turkish province.

vile, a. depraved, base; worthless; despicable.

vil'ify, v.t. speak ill of; defame. vilifica'tion, n.

vil'la, n. country residence; detached suburban house. ~dom, n. suburban society.

vil'lage, n. assemblage of dwellings in the country; *minor municipality governed by a president and three or more trustees. vil'lager, n. dweller in village; rustic.

vil'lain (-an), n. wicked schemer; (joc.) sly rogue. ~ous, a. worthy of a villain. vil'lainy (-ani), n. crafty wickedness.

vil'lein (-lin), n. (hist.) feudal tenant. ~age, n. villein's tenure or relation to superior.

vim, n. (sl.) forcefulness, energy.

vinaigrette' (-nig-), n. smelling-salt bottle.

vin'dicate, v.t. (-cable), justify; establish the truth of; avenge. ~tion, ~tor, nn.; ~tory, a.

vindic'tive, a. bent on revenge; (of act, &c.) inspired by resentment or meant to punish.

vine, n. the plant that bears grapes; *climbing plant.

vin'egar, n. acid liquid got from various alcoholic liquors. vin'egary, a. sour.

vi'nery, n. greenhouse for vines. **vine'yard** (-ny-), n. vine-plantation.

vi'nous, a. of, like, or due to wine.

vin'tage, n. the grape-gathering season or its yield; wine. vint'ner, n. (arch.) wine-seller.

vi'ol, n. mediaeval instrument from which the violin, &c. were developed. viol'la, n. large violin used for alto or tenor.

vi'ola', n. pansy of short-coloured kinds.

vi'olate, v.t. (-lable), transgress; infringe; break in upon; ravish. viola'tion, vi'olator nn.

vi'olence, n. force; violent conduct or treatment; impetuousness.

vi'olent, a. of great and harmful force; vehement; intense.

vi'olet, n. kinds of wild and garden flower usu. of bluish-purple colour. a. violet-coloured.

violin', n. four-stringed musical instrument played with bow. ~ist, n. violin-player.

vi'olist, n. viol-player.

violoncell'o (-ch-), n. (pl. -os), large bass violin. ~cell'ist (-ch-), n.

vi'per, n. kinds of venomous snake, esp. the adder; (fig.) malignant or treacherous person. ~ous, a. (fig.).

vira'go, n. (pl. -os), fierce or abusive woman.

vi'relay, n. form of short-lined poem on two rhymes.

vir'gin, n. girl or woman who has not known sexual intercourse. a. chaste, unsullied; never yet

used. ~'ity, n. virgin's state. vir'ginal, a. of virgin purity; n. (sing. or pl.) kind of spinet.
Virgin'ia, n. tobacco from Virginia. ~ creeper, vine-like creeper. ~ reel, dance like Sir Roger de Coverley.
virile (vĭ'-, vĭr'-), a. having masculine vigour or strength; of a mature man. viril'ity, n.
virtu (-ōō), n. connoisseurship in art. virtuō'sō, n. (pl. -si pr. -sē), art-connoisseur. virtuos'ity, n.
vir'tual, a. such in practice though not in name.
vir'tue, n. moral goodness; any particular form of moral excellence; female chastity. vir'tuous, a. practising virtue, morally good, chaste.
vi'rulent (-rōō-), a. powerful venomous, malignant. ~nce, n.
vir'us, n. the poisonous element by which infection is communicated.
vise. Now usu. form of visé.
vis'age (-ĭ-), n. the face, esp. as revealing temperament, &c.
viscerd. See visor.
vis-à-vis (vēzahvē) adv. facing. prep. opposite to, in face of. n. person facing one.
vis'cera, n.pl. the internal organs of the body. vis'ceral, a.
viscid, viscosity. See viscous.
vis'cose, n. cellulose dissolved to the viscous state in which it can be spun into yarn for use as artificial silk.
viscount (vī'k-), n. peer ranking between earl and baron. ~ess, n. viscounty, ~cy (vī'k-), n. viscount's patent.
vis'cous, vis'cid, aa. of a semi-fluid clinging consistence like treacle or gum. viscos'ity, n.
visé, visa (vē'zā, -zah), n. indorsement on passport. v.t. mark with visé.
vis'ible (-ĭ-), a. to be seen, conspicuous. visibil'ity (-ĭ-), n. (esp.) atmospheric conditions for discerning distant objects.
vi'sion (-zhn), n. act or faculty of seeing; thing seen in a dream. vi'sionary (-zho-), a. apt to see or believe in visions; unpractical; n. person of unpractical ideals; mystic.
vis'it (-ĭ-), v.t. & i. go to call on or stay with or to inspect or stay at; punish or afflict. ~ with, (colloq.) chat with. n. act or spell of visiting. ~ant, n. visitor. ~ā'tion, n. official visit of inspection; affliction as a punishment from God. ~or, n. person who pays or comes on a visit; official with duty of inspecting, &c.
vi'sor (-z-), ~zor, viz'ard (-ĭ-), ~ard, nn. (hist.) movable part of helmet covering face; mask. (visor) stiff rounded peak in front of man's cap.
vis'ta, n. long narrow view as between rows of trees (also fig.).
vis'ual (-z-), a. of, concerned with, or used in, seeing. ~ise, v.t. (-zuăl-) make visible; shape into a mental image. ~isation, n.
vi'ta-glass (-ah-), n. a kind of glass allowing ultra-violet rays to pass. P
vi'tal, a. of, concerned with, or essential to, organic life, essential to success, &c.; fatal. n.pl. the vital organs of the body. ~ism, n. doctrine that life originates in a vital principle distinct from physical forces. ~ist, n. ~istic, a. vital'ity (or vit-), n. vital power, hold on life; persistent energy. vi'talise, v.t. (-alīz) endow with life, put vigour into. vitalisā'tion, n.
vi'tamin, n. kinds of factor contained by particular foodstuffs, and regarded as necessary to health.
vi'ticulture, n. vine-growing.
vi'tiate (-shĭ-), v.t. deprive of efficacy; spoil. ~tion, ~tor, nn.
vit'reous, a. of, like, or of the nature of glass. vit'rify, v.t. & i. (-fīable), turn into glass or a vitreous substance. vitrifac'tion, ~fica'tion, nn. such conversion.
vit'riol, n. sulphuric acid or any of its salts; (fig.) caustic speech. vitriol'ic, a. corrosive as vitriol (esp. of abuse, &c.).

vitu'perate, v.t. revile, abuse. ~tion, ~tor, nn. ~tive, a.
vivā'cious (-shus), a. sprightly animated. vivā'city, n.
vivā'rium, n. (pl. -ia) place in which live wild creatures are kept.
vī'va vō'ce, adv. orally. a. oral. n. (abbr. viva), oral examination.
vī'vers (-z), n.pl. (Sc.) food, victuals.
viv'id, a. bright; intense; lively; incisive; graphic.
viv'ify, v.t. put life into; make lively or animated.
vivip'arous, a. bringing forth young alive.
vivisec'tion, n. dissection or other experiment performed on a live animal. viv'isect, v.t. subject to vivisection. ~or, n.
vix'en, n. she-fox; spiteful woman. ~ish, a.
viz. See videlicet.
vizard, vizor. See visor.
vizier' (-ēr) n. Minister of State in Mohammedan countries.
vō'cable, n. a word.
vocab'ulary, n. list of words in a language, arranged alphabetically with definitions.
vō'cal, a. of, with, or for the voice; uttered by the voice. ~ist, n. vocal performer. ~ize, v.t. & i. (-ablz), make sonant; (impart vowel sound to; use the singing voice. ~iza'tion, n.
voca'tion, n. person's sense of being called to a task; occupation or calling. ~al, a.
voc'ative, a. used in addressing. n. vocative case or word.
vocif'erate, v.t. & i. shout, clamour; speak loudly and insistently. ~tion, ~tor, nn. vocif'erous, a. clamorous; loud and insistent in speech.
vod'ka, n. Russian spirit distilled from rye, &c.
vogue (-g) n. popular favour; the fashion.
voice, n. sound uttered by the mouth; a distinguishable quality of voice; the expressed opinion, &c. of; (Gram.) the verbal forms proper to a certain relation of the subject to the action. v.t. (-sable), give voice to.
void, a. empty; vacant; not valid. n. empty space; sense of loss. v.t. invalidate; emit; evacuate.
vol'atile, a. evaporating rapidly; of gay temperament; mercurial. volatil'ity, n. volat'ilize, v.t. & i. (-sable), turn into vapour. volatiliza'tion, n.
volca'no, n. (pl. -oes), mountain or hill with opening(s) through which lava, cinders, gases, &c. are expelled. volcan'ic, a. of, like, or produced by a volcano.
vole, n. kinds of rodent.
voli'tion, n. act or faculty of willing. ~al, a.
volksraad (fōlks'rahd; or fŏl-), n. (hist.) legislative assembly of the Orange Free State.
vol'ley, n. (pl. -eys), simultaneous discharge of a number of rifles, missiles, &c.; (tennis, &c.) player's return of a ball before it has touched the ground. v.t. & i. send, fly, utter or sound in a volley or volleys; return (ball) before it touches ground.
vol'plane, v.i. (of aeroplane or its pilot) descend by gliding without use of engine. n. such descent.
volt (or -ō-), n. unit of electromotive force. vol'tage, n. electromotive force measured in volts. voltā'ic, a. galvanic. voltm'eter, n. instrument for measuring voltage.
volte-face (-tfahs) n. complete change of front.
vol'uble, a. with incessant flow of words. ~bility, n.
vol'ume, n. set of printed sheets bound together and forming a book; moving mass of water or smoke; swell of sound; bulk. volū'minous (or -lōō-), a. running to many volumes or great length; (of drapery &c.) loose or ample.
vol'untary, a. having free will; not subject to or done by compulsion. n. organist's solo in church before, during, or after service. ~rism, n. support of voluntary action.

vŏlunteer', *n.* person who comes forward with offer of service at need; member of non-professional military corps. *v.t.* & *i.* come forward or serve as volunteer; proffer (assistance, &c.).

volŭp'tuary, *n.* person given up to luxury and sensual gratification. **volŭp'tuous**, *a.*

volute', *n.* spiral scroll in stonework, esp. on capitals.

vŏm'it, *v.t.* & *i.* eject food, &c. from stomach through mouth; (fig., of volcano, chimney, &c.) eject violently, belch forth. *n.* matter vomited.

voo'doo, *n.* use of or belief in witchcraft prevalent among W. Ind. and U.S. creoles and negroes. *v.t.* bewitch.

voor'looper (vōōr-), *n.* (S. Afr.) leader of ox wagon.

vora'cious (-shus), *a.* greedy, ravenous. **vora'city** *n.*

vŏr'tex, *n.* (pl. -tices), whirlpool; whirlwind; whirling motion or mass. **vŏr'tical**, *a.* having a whirling motion. **vŏr'ticist**, *n.* (esp.) painter of recent school using vortices.

vō'tary, *n.* person vowed to the service of a god, &c., or devoted to a pursuit. **vō'taress**, *n.*

vōte, *n.* ascertainment or expression of will or opinion by means of ballot, show of hands, roll-call, voice, or otherwise; the right to take part in such vote; number of votes given. *v.t.* & *i.* (-table), give one's vote; decide by majority of votes; (colloq.) pronounce by general consent to be (a success, failure, &c.). **vō'ter**, *n.* (esp.) person with right to vote at election.

vō'tive, *a.* given or consecrated in fulfilment of a vow.

vouch, *v.i.* (with *for*) guarantee, confirm, bear witness to. **vouch'er** *n.* document establishing the payment of money or the truth of accounts.

vouchsafe', *v.t.* condescend to grant or to do something.

vow, *n.* solemn promise or engagement. *v.t.* promise or threaten by vow; aver.

vow'el, *n.* sound capable of forming a syllable; letter representing this, e.g. a, e, i, o, u.

‖ **vox hūmā'na** (-ah-, -mah-), *n.* organ-stop with human-voice tones. ‖ **vox pŏp'ŭli**, *n.* public opinion; the general verdict.

voy'age, *n.* & *v.i.* journey, esp. to some distance, by water.

Vŭl'can, *n.* god of fire and smiths; a smith. **vŭl'canite**, *n.* hard vulcanized rubber. **~ize**, *v.t.* (-zable), treat rubber with sulphur at high temperature.

vŭl'gar, *a.* coarse; mean; low, common; offending against good taste. **vŭl'garism**, *n.* word or phrase used only by the uneducated. **vŭlgar'ity** *n.* **vŭl'garize**, *v.t.* (-zable), infect with vulgarity; spoil by making too common or well known. **~iza'tion**, *n.*

Vŭl'gate, *n.* fourth-century Latin version of the Bible.

vŭl'nerable, *a.* not proof against wounds; offering an opening to criticism, &c. **~bility** *n.*

vŭl'picide, *n.* unsportsmanlike fox-killing or fox-killer.

vŭl'pine, *a.* of or like the fox; of crafty aspect or nature.

vŭl'ture, *n.* kinds of large bird of prey; rapacious person.

W

wad (wŏd), *n.* lump of soft material used to stop hole, &c.; disk of felt, &c. keeping powder or shot compact in gun. *v.t.* secure or stuff up with wad; stuff or protect with wadding. **wa'dding** (wŏd-), *n.* soft material used as stuffing, &c.

waddle (wŏ'dl), *v.i.* walk with slow rocking gait. *n.* such gait.

wadd'y *n.* Australian war-club.

wade, *v.i.* & *t.* (-dable), walk through water or other impeding medium. *n.* spell of wading. **wā'der**, *n.* kinds of long-legged water-bird; (pl.) high waterproof fishing-boots.

wad'i, -dy (wŏ-), n. rocky water-course dry except in rainy season (chiefly of Eastern countries).

wā'fer, n. thin honeycomb-faced biscuit; thin disk of unleavened bread used in the Eucharist; disk of dried paste used to stick papers, &c. together; disk of red paper stuck on law papers instead of seal. v.t. fasten or seal with wafer.

waft (wah-), v.t. convey smoothly through the air or along the water. n. whiff of perfume, &c.

wăg, v.t. & i. shake or wave to and fro. n. single wagging motion; facetious person. ~tail, kinds of small bird.

wāge, n. workman's or servant's periodical pay (usu. pl.). v.t. engage in or carry on (war &c.). wā'ger, n., & v.t. & i. bet.

wăg'gery (-g-), n. facetiousness; a practical joke. wăg'gish (-g-), a. given to waggery; facetious.

wăg'gle, v.t. & i. (colloq.) wag; move unsteadily. wăg'gly, a.

wăg'on, n. four-wheeled vehicle for heavy loads; open railway truck. wăg'oner, n. driver of wagon. wagonette', n. four-wheeled open carriage with facing side-seats.

waif, n. ownerless object or animal; homeless and helpless person; abandoned child.

wail, n. prolonged plaintive cry; wail-like sound. v.i. & t. utter wail; lament for.

wain, n. (poet., &c.) wagon.

wain'scot, n. boarding or wooden panelling on room-wall. ~ing, wainscot or material for it.

waist, n. part of human body below ribs and above hips; part of garment corresponding to waist; bodice; part of ship between forecastle and quarter-deck. ~band, ~belt, worn round waist. ~coat (wā'skŏt, wĕs'kot), garment worn below coat.

wait, v.i. & t. defer action; await or abide (opportunity &c.); act as waiter; attend upon. n. act or period of waiting; (pl.) Christmas carol-singers or musicians going round at night. wait'er, n. an attendant at table; tray salver. wait'ress, n.

waive, v.t. forbear to insist on or exercise, forgo. waiv'er, n. explicit waiving of a right, &c.

wāke[1], n. track left by ship on water (also fig.).

wāke[2], v.i. & t. (past woke, waked; p.p. waked, woken), cease or rouse from sleep; be awake; rouse from sloth or inattention; hold wake over (corpse); disturb with noise. n. fair or merrymaking; (Ir.) watching of corpse before burial. ~ful, a. unable to sleep; vigilant, sleepless. wā'ken, v.t. & i. wake up; make or become awake.

wāle, weal[1], n. ridge raised on flesh by whip, &c. v.t. mark with one.

wā'ler, n. horse for Indian Army from New South Wales.

walk (wawk), n. gait or step; manner of walking; excursion on foot, stroll; track for foot-passengers; round of milkman, &c. v.i. & t. progress by advancing each foot alternately; travel or go on foot; (of farmer, &c.) take charge of (hound puppy); (arch.) conduct oneself in specified way. ~-out, labourers' strike. ~ over, go over course as winner owing to absence of competitor. ~-over, contest won by walking over; easy victory.

wall (wawl), n. upright structure serving as defence of town, side of a building, partition, boundary fence, &c. v.t. provide with wall; block up with wall. ~flower, a fragrant garden plant; lady who sits out dances for lack of partner. ~-paper, covering for room-walls.

wa'llaby (wŏ-), n. kinds of smaller kangaroo.

wa'llah (wŏ-), n. (Anglo-Ind.) person or thing employed about or concerned with something or some man; competition ~, member of I.C.S. appointed by competitive examination; punkah ~

servant who works punkah. canal ~, ship built for voyage by Suez Canal.

wallaroo (wŏ-), n. kinds of larger kangaroo.

wa'llet (wŏ-), n. bag for food, &c. on a journey; leather case for tools, &c. or for papers.

wall-eye (wawl'ī), n. disease of the eye shown by whiteness of the iris. eye affected with this. ~eyed (wawl'īd), a.

wa'llop (wŏ-), v.t. (sl.) thrash. (part.) big, strapping.

wallow (wŏl'ō), v.i. roll about in mud, sand, water &c. (fig.) take gross delight in.

wa'lnut (wawl-), n. edible nut in pair of boat-shaped shells. the tree or its timber.

wa'lrus (wŏ-), n. a long-tusked amphibious mammal.

waltz (wawlz) n. dance in which partners progress gyrating round each other in embrace; piece of waltz-music. v.i. dance waltz; dance round, &c. in joy.

wampee (wŏ-), n. grape-like fruit grown in China and E. Indies. tree yielding this.

wa'mpum (wŏ-), n. strings of shell-beads used by N. Amer. Indians for money or ornament.

wan (wŏn), a. pale, as with illness. languid of look. of cold or dreary aspect.

wand (-ŏ-) n. long slender rod; staff as symbol of authority. conductor's baton.

wa'nder (wŏ-), v.i. go from place to place without settled plan; stray; diverge from the right way. talk irrelevantly; be inattentive or delirious.

wanderoo' (wŏ-), n. kind of monkey with leonine mane and tail.

wane, v.i. (of moon) decrease in size after the full. decline or fall off. n. process of waning.

wangle (wăng'gl), (sl.), v.t. accomplish or secure (job, result) by artful contrivance. n. a fake.

want (wŏ-), n. lack or need of. deficiency, poverty, indigence; desire. v.i. & t. be without or insufficiently provided with; wish, long for, fall short of. wa'nting (wŏ-), a. missing or nonexistent. lacking, unequal to requirements. half-witted; prep. without. minus.

wa'nton (wŏ-), a. sportive, capricious; luxuriant, wild; unchaste; purposeless. n. unchaste woman; wanton person. v.i. sport, gambol. move capriciously.

wa'piti (wŏ-), n. large N.-Amer. deer.

war (wŏr), n. quarrel usu. between nations conducted by armed force. (fig.) hostile relations between persons. v.i. make war. (part.) rival, competing, antagonistic. ~-cry phrase or name formerly shouted in battle. party catchword. ~-paint, put by savages on face and body before battle; (fig.) full dress. ~-path, march of Amer. Indians to make war; (fig.) on the ~, engaged in any kind of conflict. ~-plane, military aeroplane. war'fare (wŏr-), n. state of war. campaigning. war'like (wŏr-), a. martial, military, bellicose.

war'ble (wŏr-), v.i. & t. sing in gentle continuous trilling manner, *yodel. n. warbling sound. war'bler (wŏr-), n. kinds of small bird.

ward (wŏrd), n. custodianship, custody. minor under care of guardian or Court of Chancery. division of a town; division in prison, hospital, or workhouse. (pl.) the indentations in lock and key. v.t. parry (blow). keep off danger &c. ~robe, place where clothes are kept. person's stock of clothes. ~-room, officers' room on man-of-war. war'den (wŏr-), n. president or governor. (arch.) watchman, sentinel. war'denship (wŏr-) n. war'der (wŏr-), n. jailor. war'dress (wŏr-), n. female jailor. war'dship (wŏr-), n. tutelage. guardian's control.

ware[1] n. pottery, metal, &c. in

the form of manufactured articles, (pl.) what one has for sale. ~house, n. (-s) building in which goods are stored or shown for sale. v.t. (-z), place or keep in warehouse. ~houseman (-mn), n. person taking temporary charge of others' furniture; a wholesale dealer in goods.

ware² a. (with, (poet.) wary, v.t. (wĕr, wĕr), (colloq.) look out for, be careful of.

warfare, ~like, see war

war'lock (wŏr-), n. sorcerer.

warm (wŏrm), a. moderately hot; with temperature of skin raised above normal; (of clothing) fit to keep wearer warm; (of feelings, &c.) hearty, cordial, affectionate; (in hide-and-seek) near the object sought. v.t. & i. make or become warm; (sl.) thrash. n. act of warming oneself or something. ~hearted, of affectionate or sympathetic disposition. ~ing-pan, vessel for warming beds; (fig.) person allowed to hold office as stopgap. warmth (wŏr-), n. warmness.

warn (wŏrn), v.t. make aware of; put on guard against; admonish by way of caution or threat. war'ning (wŏr-), n. what is said or done to warn person; event that serves to warn; notice to terminate employment.

warp (wŏrp), n. threads stretched in loom to be crossed by weft; contorted state of warped wood, (mental) bias; rope used in warping a ship. v.t. & i. make or become contorted; distort or bias (person's mind); suffer such distortion; haul (ship) along by means of a rope fixed to an external point.

wa'rrant (wŏ-), n. thing that bears one out in doing something; an authorization, esp. in writing. v.t. serve as warrant for; bear out; guarantee (goods). ~officer, of the class holding warrants from Admiralty or War Office. wa'rrantable (wŏ-), a. that can be warranted, legitimate. ~ee', ~or', nn. person giving, receiving, a guarantee of the quality, &c. of goods. wa'rranty (wŏ-), n. authority or justification; vendor's express or implied undertaking.

wa'rren (wŏ-), n. rabbit colony.

wa'rrior (wŏ-), n. distinguished or veteran soldier; fighting man.

wart (wŏrt), n. small excrescence on the skin; protuberance on tree-trunk. war'ty (wŏr-), a.

wā'ry, a. cautious, circumspect; on the look-out for danger.

was, p.t. 1st and 3rd pers. sing. of be.

wash (wŏ-), v.t. & i. cleanse with liquid; (fig.) purify; wash oneself, esp. one's face and hands; (of fabric, &c.) bear washing; carry along in specified direction, or sweeping over; ~up, clean table utensils after use. n. washing; motion of agitated water; lotion or liquid cosmetic; thin coat of liquid colour applied to paper or wall. ~house, laundry. ~leather, chamois and similar kinds. ~out, (Army sl.) complete failure to effect something; fiasco; "washing away" of a road, dam, &c. ~tub, vessel in which linen is washed. wa'sher (wŏ-), n. a machine for washing; circlet of metal, leather, &c., used as tightener in taps and at junctions of joints. wash'erwoman, n. laundress. wa'shing (wŏ-), n. linen for, at, or from the wash. wa'shy (wŏ-), a. weak, watery.

wasp (wŏ-), n. winged insect with venomous sting. wa'spish (wŏ-), a. irritable; snappish.

wassail (wŏ'sl, wă'sl), n. festive drinking. v.i. hold wassail.

wast, p.t. 2nd pers. sing. of be.

waste, a. not inhabited or cultivated; superfluous; left over. v.t. & i. (-sting), lay waste; squander; use extravagantly; dwindle or pine. n. barren expanse of ground; extravagance; wanton destruction. ~pipe, pipe carrying off superfluous or used water or steam. wā'steful,

n. amount lost by waste. wā'steful (-tf-), a. extravagant, not economical. wā'ster, n. article spoilt in manufacture; (sl.) ne'er-do-well. wā'strel, n. thing spoilt in making; street arab; ne'er-do-well.

watch (wŏ-), n. state of being on the look-out for something, attention, vigilance; (hist.) watchman or body of watchmen; one of the divisions of the night; (Naut.) four-hour spell of duty or half of crew taking it; a timepiece for carrying on the person. v.i. & t. be vigilant, keep watch, be on the watch for; keep under observation, keep guard over. ~-dog, dog kept to give alarm against burglars, &c. ~man, (hist.) man keeping order in the streets; (poet.) sentinel; (mod.) man employed to look after empty building, &c. at night. ~-tower, fortified post of observation. ~word, (hist.) military password; (mod.) phrase summarizing some party principle. wa'tchful (wŏ-), a. vigilant, on the watch.

wa'ter (waw-), n. liquid compound of oxygen and hydrogen; kinds of liquid consisting chiefly of this; a sea, river, or lake; the degree of brilliance and transparence in diamonds, &c. v.t. & i. sprinkle or adulterate or dilute with water; provide or fill (horses, engines, &c.) with water; (of mouth, eyes) secrete or run with water; (p.p., of silk fabric, &c.) having irregular wavy gloss. ~-colour, pigment mixed with water and not oil; picture painted with water-colours. ~course, small stream. ~cress, creeping water-plant used as salad. ~fall, stream falling over precipice. ~fowl, bird(s) frequenting the water. ~-gauge, appliance showing height of water in reservoir &c. ~-hen, red-billed diving bird. ~ing-place, drinking place for beasts; spa, seaside health-resort. ~-lily, kinds of water-plant with floating leaves and flowers. ~-line, line along which surface of water touches ship's side. ~logged, hardly able to float from being filled with water. ~man (-an), boatman plying for hire, skilled oarsman. ~manship, skill shown by expert oarsman. ~mark, faint translucent design on sheet of paper indicating maker, size, &c. ~-melon, elliptical smooth kind with watery juice. ~-plane, aeroplane that can alight on and rise from the water. ~ polo, swimmers' handball game with goals. ~-power, mechanical force obtained from weight or motion of water. ~proof, a. impervious to water; n. such material or garment or sheet. ~-rate, charge for use of public water-supply. ~shed, line of separation between river-basins. ~spout, column of water drawn up from sea to meet a whirling cloud. ~-tight, so tightly closed as to prevent ingress or egress of water. ~way, navigable channel. ~-wheel, kinds of wheel worked by water and working machinery. ~works, establishment for managing public water-supply. wat'ery (waw-), a. soppy; too thin or weak; rainy-looking.

wa'terbury (waw-), n. kinds of cheap American watch.

watt (wŏt), n. unit of electric power.

wa'ttle¹ (wŏ-), n. interlaced rods and twigs as material of fences, walls, or roofs; kinds of Australian acacia used as national emblem; (dial.) a wicker hurdle. v.t. construct of wattle; interlace (twigs, &c.).

wa'ttle² (wŏ-), n. fleshy appendage on head or throat of turkey and other birds. wattled (wŏt'ld), a. having wattle(s).

waul, v.i. squall, cry like a cat.

wave, v.i. & t. (-vable), show motions like those of a flag in the wind; hold up and shake with waving motion; wave one's hand as a signal or direction; give a

wavy form to (hair &c.); undulate. n. ridge of water raised above the level of the surface; such ridge advancing and breaking on the shore; ridge-and-trough oscillation in a fluid medium conveying heat, light, sound, or electricity; a wavy line or surface; a waving of the hand. ~-length, distance between the crests of two successive waves. ~-meter (Wireless) instrument used for measuring wave-lengths, &c. wave'let (-vl-), n.

wa'ver, v.i. be undecided; oscillate unsteadily; show signs of giving way; (of flame) flicker.

wa'vy, a. showing alternate contrary curves; undulating.

wax[1] v.i. grow larger, pass into a state or mood (wax fat, &c.).

wax[2] n. (sl.) fit of anger.

wax[3] n. plastic substance secreted by bees, this used as material for candles and other purposes; kinds of substance resembling wax; (attrib.) made of wax. v.t. smear or polish or treat with wax. ~-bill, kinds of small bird. ~-cloth, kinds of cloth coated with wax; floor-cloth. ~-wing, kinds of small bird. ~-work, wax modelling. wax'en, a. smooth and translucent as wax; plastic as wax.

wax'y, a. resembling wax; (sl.) in a rage; easily enraged.

way, n. road or track for passing along; course, route, method or plan for attaining an object; habitual course or manner of action; a concerted frame of mind; a specified state or condition; (pl.) structure of timber &c. down which new ship slides at launch. ~-bill, list of passengers or parcels on conveyance. ~farer, traveller esp. on foot. ~lay, lie in wait for, esp. to rob or interview. ~leave, rented right of way. ~side, side of road. ~-station, stop intermediate between important stations on railroad. ~-train, one stopping at way-stations.

way'ward, a. childishly self-willed; capricious.

way'zgoose, n. printing-house's annual feast or holiday.

we, pl. subj. of I.

weak, a. wanting in strength or power or number; fragile; feeble; unsound. weak'en, v.t. & i. make or become weak; enfeeble. ~-ling, n. feeble person or animal. ~-ly, a. not robust; ailing. ~-ness, n. infirmity; weak point; inability to resist temptation; foolish liking for.

weal[1] see wale.

weal[2], n. welfare; happiness.

weald, n. a district in S. England. ~-en, a. of the weald.

wealth (wĕl-), n. riches; being rich; abundance. wea'lthy (wĕl-), a. rich; opulent.

wean, v.t. induce (suckling) to feed otherwise than from the breast; cure of, rescue from, habit, specified company &c. n. (Sc.) a child. ~-ling, n. new-weaned child, &c.

wea'pon (wĕp-), n. implement for inflicting bodily harm; means employed in any conflict.

wear[1] see weir.

wear[2] (wār) v.t. & i. (p.t. & p.p. wore) bring (ship) or come about by putting up of helm.

wear[3] (wār), v.t. & i. (wore, worn), be dressed in or have on; carry or exhibit on one's person; have appearance or efficiency of by wearing or using; make (hole, &c.) by attrition; sap the energy of; have lasting quality. n. use as clothes; things worn; capacity for resisting the effects of wear or use.

wear'y, a. tired or tiring. v.t. & i. tire. wear'iness, n. ~-some, a. tedious; monotonous.

wea'sel (-zl), n. small nimble carnivorous beast.

wea'ther (wĕth-), n. state prevailing of such natural conditions as temperature, sunshine, wind and rain. v.t. & i. expose to, or affect by, atmospheric changes; suffer discoloration, &c. from

such exposure; get to windward of; come safely through (storm). ~-beaten, seasoned or injured by exposure to storms. ~-board, sloping board attached at bottom of door to keep out rain; (pl.) a series of horizontal boards with overlapping edges, used as outside covering for walls, &c. ~-bound, kept from proceeding by bad weather. ~-chart, diagram of weather over wide area. ~-cock, revolving metal bird or other pointer showing whence wind blows; (fig.) changeable person. ~-glass, barometer. ~-vane, weathercock.

weave, v.t. & i. (wove; woven and wove), form fabric by interlacing threads, or form fabric out of (threads), esp. in a loom; construct or arrange (story, facts) as by weaving. weav'er, n. loom-worker; kinds of bird making textile nest.

weazen. See wizened.

web, n. woven fabric; amount woven in one piece; cobweb or gossamer or the like; membrane connecting toes, &c., as in bat and duck; connective tissue. webbed (-bd), web-foot'ed, aa. having space between toes, &c., filled with web. webb'ing, n. strong narrow fabric used for girths, &c.; strong edging to finer fabric.

wed, v.t. & i. (wedded; wedded or rarely wed), marry; (fig.) unite (quality to another); (p.p.) firmly attached to a pursuit, &c. wedd'ing, n. marriage ceremony. ~-ring, that used at wedding and worn by married woman.

wedge, n. piece of wood or metal, sharp at one end and gradually growing thicker; anything resembling a wedge. v.t. (-geable), force open or apart, fix firmly with wedge; thrust or pack tightly between other things or persons.

Wedg'wood, n. kind of pottery. P.

wed'lock, n. the married state.

Wednesday (wĕnz'di), n. fourth day of the week.

wee, a. tiny, very small. W~ Frees, nickname for part of the Free Church of Scotland that refused union with the United Presbyterian Church in 1900.

weed, n. wild herb growing where it is not wanted; lanky and weakly horse or person; (colloq.) cigar. v.t. & i. rid of weeds or of inferior parts or members.

weeds (-z), n.pl. mourning worn by widow.

weed'y, a. full of weeds; lanky and weak.

week, n. any period of seven days; the six days other than Sunday. ~-day, day other than Sunday. ~-end, Sunday and parts of Saturday and Monday as holiday, &c. week'ly, a. once a week; of, for, or lasting a week; adv. once a week; n. weekly newspaper.

ween, v.i. (poet.) think or be of the opinion.

weep, v.i. & t. (wept), shed tears for; lament for; shed moisture; abound with wet. weep'er, n. one who sheds tears; funeral sash or widow's veil; (pl.) white cuffs.

weev'il, n. destructive granary beetle. weev'illed (-vild), a.

weft, n. cross-threads of web (formerly woof); (poet., &c.) web.

weigh (wā), v.t. & i. find the weight of; compare merits of; be of specified weight or importance; have influence. ~ anchor, raise it to start voyage. ~-bridge, machine for weighing loaded vehicles. weighing-machine, one of more complicated kind than balance-scales.

weight (wāt), n. gravity as a property of bodies; quantity measured by scales; a body of known weight for use in weighing; a heavy body; a load or burden; influence; importance. v.t. attach a weight to; impede or burden with. weigh'ty (wā'tĭ), a. heavy; momentous; deserving consideration or carrying weight.

weir, wear (wēr), n. river-dam raising level of upper stream.

weird (wērd), *n.* (arch.) one's destiny. *a.* connected with fate; unearthly; (colloq.) queer.

Weis'mannism (vīs-), *n.* a theory of heredity in which transmission of acquired characters is denied.

Welch, *a.* official spelling, in regimental names, of Welsh.

wel'come, *int.* of greeting. *n.* kind or glad reception. *v.t.* (-mable), receive (guest, news, &c.) with apparent pleasure. *a.* received with pleasure; free to use or accept.

weld, *v.t.* & *i.* hammer or press (iron, &c.) into unity; form by welding into some article.

wel'fare, *n.* happiness; prosperous or satisfactory condition.

wel'kin, *n.* (poet.) sky.

well[1], *n.* water-spring; source of knowledge or happiness; shaft sunk in ground to obtain water or oil; shaft in house for stairs, &c. *v.i.* gush out. —head, —spring, fountain-head.

well[2], *adv.* in a satisfactory or praiseworthy manner; probably or reasonably. *a.* in good health; in satisfactory state. *n.* what is good or well. *int.* expressing astonishment, qualified admission, &c. —appointed, having all necessary equipment. —balanced, sane; equally matched. —behaved, orderly. —being, welfare. —born, of good family. —bred, of good manners; (of horse, &c.) of pure stock. —doing, virtuous conduct. —favoured, comely. —informed, having well-stored mind or access to best information. —judged, opportunely or skilfully done. —knit, compact. —made, shapely. —nigh, almost. —regulated, orderly. —spoken, refined in speech. —timed, opportune. —to-do, prosperous. —turned, neatly expressed. —wisher, person who wishes one well. —worn, threadbare; trite.

welladay', *int.* of grief.

Wellingtō'nia, *n.* tree reaching great size. Well'ingtons (-z), *n.pl.* kind of high boots.

Welsh[1], *a.* of Wales; in the Welsh language. *n.* the Welsh language. —man (-an), —woman, *nn.* —mutton, of small mountain sheep. —rabbit, dish of toasted cheese.

welsh[2], -ch, *v.t.* & *i.* (of betting man) decamp without paying winnings. welsh'er, *n.* one who defrauds winners in this.

welt, *n.* rim sewn to shoe-upper for sole to be attached to; a weal. *v.t.* provide with welt; raise weals on; thrash.

wel'ter, *v.i.* wallow; roll in water or mire; be in confused state. *n.* confused mixture. —handicap, —race, —stakes, &c., horse races for heavy-weight riders. —weight, heavy-weight rider; also weight carried apart from weight for age as test; (Boxing) 10 st. 7 lb., *U.S.* 10 st. 6 lb. and below.

wen, *n.* tumour forming permanent swelling below skin.

wench, *n.* girl or young woman (usu. depreciatory); lass.

wend, *v.t.* & *i.* direct (one's way) (arch.); go.

went, *p.t.* of go.

wept, *p.t.* & *p.p.* of weep.

were, wert. *See* be.

were'wolf, were- (wēr'wŏolf), *n.* human being turned into wolf.

Wesleyan (-ēz'lēan, wĕs'-), *a.* of the sect founded by John Wesley. *n.* member of this.

west, *n.* part of horizon where the sun goes down. *a.* & *adv.* from, in, or towards the west. wes'terly, *a.* from or to the west. wes'tern, *a.* of or in the west. west'ward(s), *adv.* towards the west.

wet, *a.* soaked, covered, or supplied with water or other liquid; rainy. (sl.) not prohibiting sale of intoxicants. *v.t.* make wet. *n.* moisture; liquid that wets something; rainy weather; (sl.) a drink. —nurse, woman who suckles another's child.

weth'er (-dh-), n. castrated ram.

whack, thwack, v.t. hit, esp. with stick beat. n. a hit. ~er, a. (sl.) big specimen a lie. ~ing, a. (sl.) huge; n. (sl.) a beating.

whale¹ n. large fish-like marine mammal. v.i. hunt whales. ~-boat, a ship's boat used in whaling. ~bone, elastic horny substance from the jaw of some whales. wha'ler n. whaling ship or seaman on it.

*whale² v.t. thrash, drub. wha'ler n. (sl.) whopper. wha'ling, n. a beating a. (sl.) extraordinarily big or unusual.

wharf (wôrf), n. (pl. -ves, -fs) platform to which ships or barges may be moored to load and unload. ~age, n. wharf accommodation or dues. whar'finger (wôrfinj-), n. wharf-owner.

what (wŏt), a. (interrog.) asking for selection from indefinite number, (exclam.) how great or strange! pron. (interrog.) what thing? what kind of person? &c. (exclam.) what an amount! how much! (rel.) the thing or things that that or those which. ~ever all or any that; though any or anything (after no or any) at all, of any kind. ~not, piece of furniture with shelves for holding knick-knacks. ~soever, emphatic form for whatever.

What'man (-ăn-), n. W~ (paper), brand of paper used for drawing, &c. P

wheat, n. the plants or the grain of kinds of corn from which English bread is chiefly made.

wheat ear, n. a small bird.

wheat'en, a. made of wheat.

whee'dle, v.t. fool by flattery get (thing) out of by wheedling.

wheel, n. circular spoked frame revolving on an axle; an instrument of torture, object resembling a wheel, a steering-wheel; motion of a line of men, &c. changing front on one end as pivot. v.t. & i. push or pull along; go on bicycle, &c. (of bird, &c.) go in curves change front by a wheel order (line of men) to wheel. ~barrow box on two legs and a wheel, with handles for pushing. ~wright, maker and repairer of wheels. wheel'er, n. pole or shaft horse.

wheeze, v.i. breathe with audible friction. n. sound of wheezing actor interpolated joke, &c. wheez'y a. wheezing.

whelk, n. kinds of spiral-shelled marine mollusc.

whelm, v.t. engulf overwhelm.

whelp, n. pup or cub, ill-mannerly child or youth. v.t. & i. bring forth young.

when, adv. (interrog.) at what time? how soon? how long ago? conj. at the time that at whatever time, upon which, although considering that. pron. (interrog.) what time? (rel.) which time. n. time or date. ~ever at whatever time; as soon as, every time that. ~soever, emphatic form of whenever.

whence, adv. (interrog.) from what place or source or cause? (rel., with place &c.) from which to or from the place, &c. whence. conj. and thence and hence. pron. (interrog.) what starting-place or source or cause? (rel.) which source, &c. n. source. ~soever, from whatever place or source.

where (wār) adv. (interrog.) in or to what place, position, or state? in what direction? at what part? (rel., with place, &c.) in which; in or to the place, &c. where. conj. and there, and here. pron. (interrog.) what place? &c. n. place or scene of something. ~abouts' in or near what place? ~'abouts, rough location. ~as, taking into consideration the fact that, in contrast or comparison with the fact that. ~by by which; by what? ~fore, for what reason? on account of which and therefore; the reason. ~in, in which; in what point, &c.? ~of, ~on, of, on, which of, on, what? ~soever,

thing. ~-hearted, unaltered by no doubt or hesitation; heartily felt or done. ~-hog: go the ~ hog, do thing thoroughly. ~-hogger, a thoroughgoing supporter, esp. of protectionism. ~-length, a. (of portrait) including whole figure; n. such portrait. ~sale, n. selling of things in large quantities to be retailed by others. a. & adv. on the wholesale plan; on a large scale. ~some, a. promoting physical or moral health; producing a good effect. wholly (hōl'li), adv. entirely or without abatement; exclusively.

whom. See who.

whoop (hōōp), ~ing. See hoop[2]

whop, v.t. & i. (sl.) thrash, defeat. whop'per, n. (sl.) big specimen, great lie. whop'ping, a. (sl.) very big. n. thrashing.

whore (hōr), n. prostitute.

whorl, n. ring of leaves round stem; raised ridge round cylinder, one turn of spiral.

whor'tleberry (wêr'tlb-), n. bilberry.

whose (hōōz), possessive case of who, and sometimes of which as rel. pronoun.

why, adv. (interrog.) for what reason or purpose? (rel. after reason, &c.) for which. int. expressing discovery, impatience, reflection, objection, conclusion. n. (pl. -ys) reason.

wick, n. strip or thread feeding the flame of lamp or candle with oil or grease; same strip inserted in wound to drain it.

wick'ed, a. sinful, immoral; spiteful; (sl.) very mischievous.

wick'er, n. plaited osiers, &c. as a material (usu. attrib.). ~work, wicker or things made of it. wick'ered (-erd), a.

wick'et, n. small door or gate; turnstile entrance; (Crick.) three stumps with bails in position; the ground between the wickets; number of batting side as an item to be got rid of. ~-keeper, fieldsman stationed close behind batsman's wicket.

wide, a. having the sides far apart; broad, not narrow; open to full extent; far from the mark. (appended to measurement) in width. adv. at or to many points; with wide interval or opening; so as to miss the mark. n. (Crick.) a wide ball. ~-awake, broad-brimmed soft felt hat. ~ ball, ball out of batsman's reach and counting one to his side. ~spread, widely disseminated. wi'den, v.t. & i. make or grow wide.

wi'dgeon (wĭj'n), n. kinds of wild duck.

wid'ow (-ō), n. woman whose husband is dead. v.t. make into a widow or widower. ~-bird, black plumaged African bird. ~hood, n. wid'ower (-ōer), n. man whose wife is dead.

width, n. distance or measurement from side to side; strip of material of a known width. (fig.) wideness of views, &c.

wield, v.t. hold and use (power, sword, pen, &c.).

wife, n. a married woman, esp. in relation to her husband. ~-like, ~ly, aa. ~less, without a wife.

wig, n. artificial head of hair.

wig, v.t. rebuke sharply. ~ging, n. severe reproof.

wight (wīt), n. (arch.) person.

wig'wag, v.t. & i., & n. (Army sl.) signal with flags.

wig'wam, n. N.-Amer. Indian's tent or hut.

wild, a. in the original natural state; not domesticated or cultivated; uncivilized; tempestuous; lawless; out of control; intensely excited; rash, ill-aimed, random. adv. with reckless or incurable lack of self-control. n. wild tract, desert. ~-cat, (fig. of schemes, &c.) reckless, unsound. ~-fire, the combustible liquid anciently used in warfare (now used fig.). ~-goose chase, pursuit of something unlikely to be caught. wil'derness, n. desert; state of being wild or disorderly. wil'ding, n. self-sown plant or its fruit.

wildebeest (wĭl'dĭbāst), *n.* (S. Afr.) the gnu.

wile, *n.* stratagem or trick (usu. in pl.); use of tricks. *v.t.* (-*lable*) lure away, *beguile*, &c.

wil'ful, *a.* committed intentionally; obstinate, wayward.

will, *v.aux.* (pres. *I, he, we, you, they will, thou wilt*; past & cond. *I, he, we, you, they would, thou wouldst* or *wouldest*), forming compound tenses or moods expressing intention, prophecy, conditional result, insistence, habit, &c. *v.t.* desire (thing); long or wish to; desire that; intend unconditionally; compel by will. *n.* faculty by which one decides what one shall do; fixed intention; control exercised over impulse; one's disposition towards others; person's directions written in legal form for disposition of his property after death. **will'ing**, *a.* not reluctant; cheerfully ready or given.

will-o'-the-wisp' (-dh-), *n.* phosphorescent light seen on marshy ground; elusive person or thing.

will'ow (-ō), *n.* pliant-wooded waterside tree yielding osiers and timber for cricket-bats; (colloq.) cricket-bat. ~-herb, kinds of wild plant. **will'owy** (-ōĭ), *a.* lithe and slender.

willy-nill'y, *adv.* whether one likes it or not.

wilt[1]. See will.

wilt[2], *v.i.* & *t.* wither; droop or make (flower &c.) droop.

wi'ly, *a.* crafty, cunning.

wim'ple, *n.* linen head-dress of the kind worn by nuns.

win, *v.t.* & *i.* (*won* pr. *wŭn*), gain as result of fight, contest, bet, or effort; be the victor; persuade, induce to do. *n.* a victory in a game. ~ out, (colloq.) be successful. **win'ner**, *n.* victor. **win'ning**, *a.* attractive; charming; *n.* pl. sum won in gambling, &c. ~-post, post marking the end of a racecourse.

wince, *v.i.* show pain by starting. *n.* such movement.

win'cey, *n.* (pl. -*eys*) woollen (and cotton) material for dresses, &c.

winch, *n.* crank of wheel or axle; windlass.

Win'chester, *n.* repeating rifle.

wind[1], *n.* (wĭ-, in verse often wī-) air moving along, esp. with considerable speed; wind as conveying scent; wind-instruments or their sound; breath as needed in exertion; flatulence. (Army sl.) *in phr. get the ~ up*, be frightened. *v.t.* sound (bugle, horn) by blowing (wī-, *winded* or *wound*); (wĭ-, *winded*) detect presence of by scent; exhaust the wind of; renew wind of by rest. ~-bag, wordy orator. ~-bound, unable to sail for contrary wind. ~-fall, fruit blown down; piece of unexpected good luck, esp. legacy. ~-gall, soft tumour on fetlock. ~-gauge, anemometer. ~-hover, kestrel. ~-instrument, played by blowing or air-current. ~-mill, mill with sails worked by wind. ~-pipe, air-passage from throat to lungs. ~-screen, screen of glass in front of motor-car driver. ~-stick, (sl.) propeller of aeroplane.

wind[2], *v.i.* & *t.* (*wound*) go in spiral or curved course; make one's or its way thus; insinuate oneself; coil, wrap with over lapping; turn, twist. ~ up, draw up with windlass; coil the whole of; tighten coiled spring of; bring or come to an end; put in order. **wind'ing-sheet**, linen in which corpse is wrapped.

wind'lass, *n.* machine on wheel-and-axle principle for hoisting and hauling.

win'dow (-ō), *n.* opening in wall, &c. for admission of light and air; the glass or sashes of a window &c. ~-dressing, art of showing one's wares.

Wind'sor (-z-), ~ chair, strong plain chair of polished wood with curved back. ~ soap, brown scented kind. House of ~, the present royal family.

wind'ward, *a.* in the direction

from which the wind is blowing. n. the windward region. adv. to windward of.

wind'y, a. exposed to or stormy with wind; wordy.

wine, n. fermented grape-juice as drink; fermented drink resembling it made from other fruits, &c.; colour of dregs in wine. ~bibber, tippler. ~cooler, vessel in which wine-bottles are cooled with ice. ~glass, glass for drinking wine. ~press, press in which grapes are squeezed.

wing, n. one of the limbs or organs by which flying is effected; side extension of something, esp. of building or army; winged flight. v.t. & i. equip with wings; send (arrow &c.) in flight; travel, traverse, on wings; wound in wing or arm. W~ Commander, officer in R.A.F. ranking next to Group Captain.

wink, v.i. & t. close and open (one's eye or eyes); wink one eye at a person to give a hint; (with at) affect not to notice, connive at. n. act of winking.

winkle (wing'kl), n. small edible sea-snail.

wi'nnow (-ō), v.t. fan (grain) free of chaff, &c.; fan (chaff, &c.) away or from; sift, examine.

win'some, a. (of person or his manner) winning, engaging.

win'ter, n. last and coldest of the four seasons. v.i. spend the winter at, in, &c. ~garden, glass-covered space with plants as lounge. ~quarters, place to which troops retire for winter. win'try, a. characteristic of winter; (of greeting, &c.) lacking warmth.

wipe, v.t. & i. (-pable), cleanse or dry surface by rubbing with something soft; get rid of (tears, clean (record) out or make clean, by wiping; (sl.) aim sweeping blow at. n. a cleansing rub; blow, stroke; wiper, (sl.) handkerchief.

wire, n. metal drawn out into the form of thread, cord, or tape; telegraphy or a telegram. v.t. & i. (-rable), provide, fasten, &c. with wire; telegraph. ~drawn, (of argument, &c.) of extreme or idle subtlety. ~haired, with stiff loose-lying hair (esp. of dogs). ~puller, politician, &c. who sets puppets moving. ~worm, a plant pest. wire'less (-rl-), a. (esp. of telegraphy or telephony) worked or sent without wires. n. wireless telegraphy or telephony. wir'y, a. (esp.) sinewy or untiring.

wis'dom (-z-), n. experience and knowledge with the power of judging rightly; sagacity; prudence. ~tooth, molar usu. cut at age of about 20.

wise[1] (-z), a. having, showing, or dictated by wisdom; having knowledge; suggestive of wisdom, oracular.

wise[2] (-z), n. (arch.) way or manner or degree.

wi'seacre (-zāker), n. pretentious dullard.

wish, v.i. & t. have or express a desire or aspiration for; want or demand (to do); be inclined well or ill to. n. a desire; the thing desired. wish'ful, a. desirous.

wish'-wash (-ŏsh), n. (sl.) washy drink or talk. wish'y-washy (-wŏ-), a. thin, sloppy.

wisp, n. small bundle or twist of hay, straw, &c.

wist, p.t. of wit.

wistar'ia, n. a mauve-flowered tree.

wist'ful, a. affected with or betraying vague yearnings or unsatisfied desires.

wit, n. (sing. or pl.) intelligence, understanding; imaginative and inventive faculty; amusing ingenuity of speech or ideas; person noted for this. v.t. & i. (arch. pres. wot, wottest; past wist) know; to wit, that is to say, namely.

witch, n. woman using magic; old hag; fascinating girl or woman. v.t. bewitch. ~craft, use of magic. witch'ery, n. witchcraft; power exercised by beauty or eloquence or the like.

witenagemot' (-g) n. (hist.) Anglo-Saxon national council.
with (-dh), prep. in antagonism to; in or into company of, among, beside; having, carrying, or possessed of; in agreement or disagreement with; by means of; on the side of; in the care or charge of; despite, notwithstanding.
withal (-dhawl), adv. (arch.) moreover, as well.
withdraw' (-dh-) v.t. & i. (-drew pr -oo; -drawn) pull aside or back; take away, remove; discontinue the giving or allowing of; retract, unsay; retire or go apart. withdraw'al (-dh-), n.
with'e (-dh, also with), with'y (-dhi), n. tough flexible branch, esp. of willow or osier.
with'er (-dh-) v.t. & i. make or become dry and shrivelled; deprive of or lose vigour or freshness; blast, blight.
with'ers (-dherz), n.pl. ridge between horse's shoulder-blades.
withhold' (-dh-h-) v.t. (-held), refuse to give or put in operation; restrain from action.
within' (-dh-), adv. inside, indoors. prep. inside; not out of or beyond; not transgressing or exceeding. n. the inside.
without' (-dh-), adv. outside, out of doors. prep. outside; not having or feeling or showing; in want of; with freedom from; in absence of. conj. unless. n. the outside, external aspect.
withstand' v.t. (-stood), oppose, hold out against.
withy. See withe.
wit'less, a. silly; thoughtless.
wit'ling, n. facetious person.
wit'ness, n. person giving sworn testimony; person attesting another's signature to document; spectator of an event; person or thing whose existence serves as testimony. v.t. & i. sign (document) as witness to authenticity; be spectator of; serve as evidence or indication of; bear witness.
wit'ticism, n. facetious or witty remark.
wit'tingly, adv. with knowledge of what one is doing.
witt'y, a. showing, or full of, verbal wit.
wi'vern, wy'- n. heraldic winged dragon.
wiz'ard, n. person of extraordinary powers; genius; magician, conjurer. wiz'ardry, n.
wiz'ened (-nd), wiz'en, weaz'en, aa. shrivelled-looking.
wo, whoa (wō a), int. used to stop horse, &c. wo-back' int. used in backing horses.
woad, n. a blue dye.
wob'ble, v.i. sway from side to side; stand unsteadily; vacillate.
woe, n. affliction, bitter grief; (pl.) calamities. ~begone, a. dismal-looking. ~ful, a. feeling affliction; afflicting.
wold, n. open uncultivated tract.
wolf (wŏŏ-), n. (pl. -ves), wild beast allied to dog hunting in packs. v.t. (sl.) devour greedily. ~cub, young wolf; junior boy scout. wo'lfish (wŏŏ-), a.
wo'lfram (wŏŏ-), n. tungsten ore; tungsten.
wolverene, -ine (wŏŏlverē'n), n. N. Amer. carnivore allied to glutton.
wo'man (wŏŏ-), n. (pl. -en, pr. wim'in), adult human female; women or the female sex; a female servant. ~hood, female maturity, womanly character; womenfolk. ~kind, women; the female part of one's family. wo'manish (wŏŏ-), a. effeminate; lacking manliness. wo'manise (wŏŏ-) v.t. & i. make womanish; (of men) be licentious. wo'manly (wŏŏ-), a. having the qualities befitting a woman; not girlish.
womb (wōōm), n. organ of conception and gestation in female mammals.
wom'bat, n. Australian marsupial mammal about size of badger.
won, p.t. of win.
wo'nder (wŭ-), n. strange or remarkable thing or specimen or

from which the wind is blowing. *n.* the windward region. *adv.* to windward of.

win'dy, *a.* exposed to or stormy with wind; wordy.

wine, *n.* fermented grape-juice as drink; fermented drink resembling it made from other fruits, &c.; solution of drug in wine. ~bibber, tippler. ~cooler, vessel in which wine-bottles are cooled with ice. ~glass, glass for drinking wine. ~press, press in which grapes are squeezed.

wing, *n.* one of the limbs or organs by which flying is effected; side extension of something, esp. of building or army. winged flight. *v.t.* & *i.* equip with wings; speed (arrow &c.) in flight; travel, traverse, on wings; wound in wing or arm. W~ Commander, officer in R.A.F. ranking next to Group Captain.

wink, *v.i.* & *t.* close and open (one's eye or eyes); wink one eye at a person to give a hint; (with *at*) affect not to notice, connive at. *n.* act of winking.

winkle (wing'kl), *n.* small edible sea-snail.

wi'nnow (-ō), *v.t.* fan (grain) free of chaff, &c.; fan (chaff, &c.) away or *from*; sift, examine.

win'some, *a.* (of person or his manner) winning, engaging.

win'ter, *n.* last and coldest of the four seasons. *v.i.* spend the winter at, in, &c. ~garden, glass-covered space with plants as lounge. ~quarters, place to which troops retire for winter. **win'try**, *a.* characteristic of winter; (of greeting, &c.) lacking warmth.

wipe, *v.t.* & *i.* (-pable), cleanse or dry surface by rubbing with something soft; get rid of (tears) clean (vessel) out or make clean, by wiping; (sl.) aim sweeping blow at. *n.* a cleaning rub; blow, stroke; wipe (sl.) handkerchief.

wire, *n.* metal drawn out into the form of thread, cord, or tape; telegraphy or a telegram. *v.t.* & *i.* (-rable), provide, fasten, &c. with wire; telegraph. ~drawn, (of argument, &c.) of extreme or idle subtlety. ~haired, with stiff loose-lying hair (esp. of dogs). ~puller, politician, &c. who gets purposes secretly. ~worm, a plant-pest. **wire'less** (wir'l-), *a.* (esp. of telegraphy or telephony) worked or sent without wires. *n.* wireless telegraphy or telephony. **wir'y**, *a.* lean, sinewy or untiring.

wis'dom (-z-), *n.* experience or knowledge with the power of judging rightly; sagacity; prudence. ~tooth, molar usually cut at age of about 20.

wise[1] (z) *a.* having, showing, dictated by wisdom; having knowledge, suggestive of wisdom, oracular.

wise[2] (-z), *n.* (arch.) way or manner or degree.

wi'seacre (-zāker), *n.* would-be wise person, dullard.

wish, *v.t.* & *i.* have or express desire or aspiration for; wish; demand (to do); be inclined or fit to. *n.* a desire, the thing desired. **wish'ful**, *a.* desirous.

wish'-wash (-ŏsh), *n.* (sl.) drink or talk. **wish'y** (-wŏ-), *a.* thin, sloppy.

wisp, *n.* small bundle or bunch of hay, straw, &c.

wist, *p.t.* of wit.

wistar'ia, *n.*

wist'ful, *a.* affected ... yearning vague ... satisfied desires.

wit, *n.* (sing. or pl.) ... understanding ... inventive faculty; ... noted for this. *v.t.* ... pres. wot, wottest; ... know. to wit, that is, namely.

witch, *n.* woman ... hag; fascinating girl. *v.t.* bewitch. ... magic. **witch'ery**, ... craft; power ex... or eloquence or the ...

that exists; the earth, heavenly body supposed to resemble it; specified part of the earth or of mankind; secular interests and affairs; mankind; the people and things concerned in a specified branch of activity; a vast amount. ~-power, powerful State whose policy may affect the world at large. ~-wide, spread over or known to all the world. wor'ldling (wĕr-), n. worldly person. wor'ldly (wĕr-), a. temporal or secular; engrossed in or concerned with the pursuit of wealth or pleasure.

worm (wĕrm), n. kinds of invertebrate limbless creeping animal; internal parasite; insignificant or downtrodden person; spiral part of screw &c. v.t. & i. convey oneself or progress with crawling or wriggling motion; insinuate oneself into favour, &c.; draw (secret, &c.) by craft out of person. ~-eaten, riddled with holes by gnawing of worms; (fig.) old, antiquated.

wor'mwood (wĕr-), n. a bitter herb; source of mortification.

wor'my (wĕr-), a. full of worms or worm-eaten.

worn, p.p. of wear[2]

wo'rry (wŭ-), v.t. & i. shake or pull about with the teeth; be rare or importune; be a trouble or anxiety to; fret oneself. n. thing that causes anxiety or disturbs tranquillity; disturbed state of mind; anxiety.

worse (wĕrs), a. more bad, less good; in or into worse health; in worse condition. adv. more badly. n. worse thing(s); something less good. wor'sen (wĕr-), v.t. & i. grow or make worse.

wor'ship (wĕr-), n. homage or service paid to God; adoration felt for a person or principle; title of respect for a magistrate, esp. a mayor. v.t. & i. adore as divine; honour with religious rites; idolize; attend public worship. ~ful, a. honourable or distinguished.

worst (wĕrst), a. most bad, most ill. adv. most badly. n. the worst part, state, or estimate. v.t. get the better of; defeat.

wor'sted (wŏos-), n. woollen yarn; often used attrib.

wort (wĕrt), n. plant, herb (rare); infusion of malt before it is fermented into beer.

worth[1] (wĕrth), v. (arch.) befall; woe ~ the day, a lamentation.

worth[2] (wĕrth), a. of value equivalent to; deserving or repaying; possessed of. n. what a person or thing is worth; merit. ~less, a. of no value or merit.

worthy (wĕr'dhĭ), a. estimable or deserving respect; deserving of; adequate; suitable to the dignity &c. of. n. a worthy person; a person of distinction.

wot, see wit. would, see will.

would-be (wŏŏd-), a. & adv. vainly aspiring to or intending.

wound[1] (wōō-), n. injury done by cut, stab, blow or tear to animal or vegetable tissues; injury to reputation or pain inflicted on feelings. v.t. inflict wound on.

wound[2]. See wind[2] (...), wind[3]

wove, woven. See weave.

*wow, n. anything extraordinary of its kind.

wrack, n. cast-up sea-weed.

wraith, n. person's double seen shortly before or after his death.

wrangle (răng'gl), n. a noisy argument or dispute. v.i. engage in wrangle. wra'ngler (-ngg-), n. a disputative person; (hist.) first-classman in mathematical tripos; *(western U.S., colloq.) herdsman, cowboy.

wrap, v.t. & i. envelop in folded or soft encircling material; arrange or draw (pliant covering) round or about person, &c. n. shawl or neckerchief or rug. wrapp'er, n. that in which anything is wrapped; dressing-gown.

wrasse, n. a sea-fish.

wrath (-aw-), n. anger, indignation. ~ful, a. angry.

wreak, v.t. give play to.

wreath, n. (pl. pr. -dhz), flowers or leaves fastened together in a

circlet; curl or ring of smoke or cloud. **wreathe** (-dh), v.t. & i. encircle with or as with wreath; (of smoke, &c.) move in wreaths.

wreck, n. destruction or disablement, esp. of ship; ship that has suffered wreck; greatly damaged or disabled building or person. v.t. & i. cause wreck of (ship, hopes, &c.); suffer wreck. **~age**, n. wrecked material; remnants of wreck. **~er**, n. one who wrecks; plunderer of wrecked ships. **~ing**, n. wrecker's action.

wren, n. kind of small bird.

wrench, n. violent twist or pull or tearing off; tool for gripping and turning nuts, &c.; (fig.) painful uprooting or parting. v.t. inflict wrench on; pull by violence; distort (facts).

wrest, v.t. twist, distort, pervert; force or wrench away or extract *from* opponent, &c.

wre'stle (-sl), n. contest in which two opponents grapple and try to throw each other to the ground; a tussle, hard struggle. v.i. & t. have wrestling match with; struggle with or against; (western U.S., colloq.) throw (steer, &c.) for branding.

wretch, n. ill-fated or pitiable person; person without conscience or shame. **wretch'ed**, a. unhappy or in misery; of bad quality; contemptible; unsatisfactory.

wrick, rick, v.t. slightly sprain or strain (neck, back, &c.). n. such hurt.

wrig'gle, v.i. & t. (of worm) twist about, go along thus; make worm-like motions; (fig.) practise evasion. n. act of wriggling.

wright (rīt), n. maker or builder, esp. in comb. as *wheel~, ship~, play~*, &c.

wring, v.t. (wrung), squeeze tightly, compress and twist; break by twisting; extort by importunity. n. act of wringing.

wrinkle (ring'kl), n. crease or furrow of the skin or face; similar mark in other flexible surface; piece of useful guidance. v.t. & i. make wrinkles in; assume wrinkles. **wrink'ly**, a.

wrist, n. joint of hand and arm. **~band** (ris'band), band forming or concealing end of shirt-sleeve. **~let**, something worn round wrist, esp. band of leather as protection or support.

writ, n. what is written (arch. exc. in *Holy Writ*); written command from law-court, &c.

write, v.t. & i. (wrote, arch. writ; written, arch. writ -ĭdn), mark paper or other material with the symbols by which speech is represented to the eye; set down (letter, word, sentence, &c.) thus; compose for publication; write and send letter to; state in book, letter, &c. **wri'ter**, n. one who practises the art of writing; clerk in certain offices; author. *W~ to the Signet* (abbr. W.S.), Scottish solicitor. **wri'ting**, n. penmanship; document; piece of literary work. **~-case**, case for holding one's writing-materials. **~-master**, one who teaches to write. **~-materials**, pens, ink, paper, &c. **~-paper**, paper for writing on.

writhe (-dh), v.i. twist or roll oneself about as in pain; suffer mental torture.

written, p.p. of write.

wrong, a. out of order or condition; contrary to morality; mistaken or in error. adv. amiss; in the wrong direction, with incorrect result. n. what is morally wrong; a wrong action; injustice. v.t. treat unjustly; mistakenly attribute bad motives to. **~doer**, offender. **~doing**, transgression. **~-headed**, perverse and obstinate. **wrong'ful**, a. unwarranted; lacking justification.

wrote, p.t. of write.

wroth (or rō-), a. angry.

wrought (rawt), p.t. & p.p. of work. **~ iron**, iron forged or rolled, not cast.

wrung, p.t. & p.p. of wring.

wry, *a.* distorted turned to one side. ~neck, a small bird.

wych-, *pref.* in tree-names, as wych-alder ~-elm, ~-hazel.

wynd, *n.* (Sc.) alley in a town.

X

X, x (ĕks) *letter* and *n.* (as roman numeral) 10; (Alg.; x) first unknown quantity incalculable influence or factor.

xă'bec (z-), *n.* (hist.) ship of kind used by Mediterranean pirates.

xĕn'on (z-), *n.* (Chem.) heavy inert gaseous element.

X-rays. See Röntgen.

xy'lograph (z-), *n.* wood-engraving also a decorative pattern got by mechanical reproduction of wood-grain. xylŏg'raphy (z-) *n.* art of wood-engraving.

xy'lonite (z-), *n.* celluloid.

xy'lophōne (z-), *n.* musical instrument of wooden bars vibrating when struck.

Y

Y y (wī), *letter* and *n.* (Alg.; y) second unknown quantity.

yacht (yŏt), *n.* light sailing-vessel for racing or pleasure. *v.i.* cruise or race in yacht. ~s'man (-sm-), person who yachts.

yăf'fle, yăf'fil, *n.* the green woodpecker.

yahoo (-a-h-), *n.* bestial person.

yak, *n.* Tibetan ox.

Yale lock, *n.* cylinder lock for doors, &c. P

yam, *n.* a tropical plant or its edible tuber sweet potato.

Yama (yah-), *n.* Hindu god of departed spirits and judge of the dead.

yank¹ *v.t.* & *i.* (sl.) pull (lever, &c.) with a jerk. *n.* sudden hard pull.

Yank² *n.* (sl.) Yankee.

Yank'ee (-ki) *n.* (colloq.) native of New England or of the northern States of America. ~-Doodle, a U.S. song; a Yankee.

yap, *v.i.* & *n.* bark; talk.

yapp, *n.* book-binding with projecting limp leather cover.

yar'borough (-rŭ) *n.* whist or bridge hand with no card above a 9.

yard¹, *n.* the unit of long measure (3 ft.) spar slung across mast for sail to hang from. ~-arm, either end of sail-yard.

yard² *n.* space enclosed by walls or railings, open to the sky usu. attached to a building.

yarn, *n.* any spun thread, esp. coarse wool for knitting, &c. (colloq.) story anecdote.

yă'rrow (-ō) *n.* common kind of milfoil.

yash'mak, *n.* Moslem woman's veil.

yaw *v.i.* (Naut., Aeronaut.) fall off from course by fault of steersman or ship or by design.

yawl, *n.* kinds of ship's boat and yacht.

yawn, *v.i.* open the mouth wide, esp. in sleep or boredom; (of mouth or cavity or chasm) gape or be wide open. *n.* act of yawning.

yaws, *n.* a tropical epidemic and contagious disease of the skin with small red spots, sometimes ulcerating.

ye (yē, yĭ) *pron.* of 2nd pers. pl. nom., now replaced by you except in arch. & poet. & joc. use.

yea (yā), *particle* (arch.) yes.

yean, *v.t.* & *i.* (of ewe, she-goat) bring forth. ~ling, *n.* young lamb or kid.

year, *n.* the time occupied by one revolution of the earth round the sun (about 365¼ days) period from 1 Jan. to 31 Dec. inclusive, or any period of twelve calendar months (pl.) age or old age (pl.) period of several years. ~-book, annual publication bringing information up to date. ~ling, animal between one and two years old. year'ly, *adv.* every year; once a year; by the year. *a.* occurring, &c. yearly.

yearn (yĕrn), *v.i.* be filled with longing or tenderness.

yeast, *n.* yellow frothy substance, got esp. from fermenting malt

liquors and used as fermenting agent, in raising bread, &c. yeast'y a. frothy; in a ferment; (of talk, &c.) empty and swelling.

yell, n. shrill cry of anger, pain, derision, delight, &c.; *students' concerted cheer. v.i. & t. utter yell; utter in yelling tone.

yĕl'low (-ō), a. of the colour of buttercups or gold. n. yellow colour or pigment. v.t. & i. turn yellow. ~ fever, a tropical fever with jaundice. ~(h)ammer, a small bird. ~ men, Chinese, Japanese, Mongols, &c. ~ peril, the danger that yellow men may overwhelm the white civilization. ~ press, sensational and esp. chauvinistic newspapers. ~-wood, name given to several kinds of trees, including satin-wood, podocarpus, &c.

yelp, n. dog's cry of excitement or pain. v.i. utter yelp; *talk in a loud voice, scream.

yĕn, n. (pl. the same) Japanese monetary unit.

yeo'man (yō-) n. man owning and farming small estate; middle-class farmer or countryman. (Navy) petty officer in charge of stores (obs.), of signals. ~ry n. volunteer cavalry force.

*yep, particle yes.

yĕs, particle serving as substitute for affirmative answer, &c. n. the word yes.

yĕs'terday n. the day preceding to-day or the day in question. adv. in the course of or during yesterday. (poet.) yĕs'ter-eve, ~ evening, last evening. ~ morn, ~ morning, yesterday morning. ~ night, last night. ~ year, last year.

yĕt, adv. still; with continuance to this or that time, by this or that time; so far; again, in addition; nevertheless. conj. but at the same time; and yet.

yew, n. dark-leaved evergreen tree or its wood.

Yid'dish, n. form of German used by Jews in Europe and America.

yield, v.t. & i. produce or return as fruit or profit or result; surrender or make submission; give consent, concede, admit. n. amount yielded or produced.

yō'del, n. kind of falsetto warbling practised by Swiss and Tyrolese mountaineers. v.t. & i. utter yodel; utter with yodel.

yō'ga, n. Hindu system of philosophic meditation and asceticism designed to effect the reunion of the devotee's soul with the universal spirit. yō'gi, n. devotee of yoga.

yoicks, int. in foxhunting.

yōke, n. wooden neckpiece by which pair of draught oxen is held together; marriage tie or other bond of union; pair of draught oxen; (fig.) sway, dominion, or servitude; wooden shoulder-piece for carrying pair of pails; shoulder-piece of shirt or coat or blouse. v.t. & i. (-kable), put yoke upon; couple or unite (pair); link; be mated or matched. ~-fellow, partner, esp. in marriage.

yō'kel, n. country fellow.

yolk (yōk), n. yellow part of egg.

yŏn'der, adv. over there; in that direction. a. situated yonder. yŏn, a. (poet., &c.) yonder.

yōre, n. the past; long ago.

yōrk, v.t. bowl out with yorker. yōrk'er, n. ball that pitches immediately under the bat.

Yŏrk'shire (-er), ~ pudding, baked batter eaten with roast beef. ~ terrier, small shaggy dog.

yŏu (ū, yōō, yŭ), 2nd pers. pron., sing. and pl., subj. and obj. and voc., the person(s) addressed. (in general statements) one, a person.

young (yŭ-), a. not far advanced in life, growth, or development; still vigorous; immature; inexperienced. n. (collect.) offspring of animals. young people. ~ man, ~ woman, esp. with my, her, his) sweetheart. ~ish, (colloq.) youngster. young'ling (yŭ-), n. (poet.) young animal or child. young'ster (yŭ-), n. child, esp. active or lively boy

youʹnker (yŭ-) *n.* (arch., colloq.) youngster.

your (ūr, yōr, yŏr, yer), *attrib.a.* of or belonging to you; (arch., colloq.) that we all know of. yours (ūrz, yōrz) *pron.* & *pred.a.* the one(s) belonging to you or of you; *a.* belonging to you; at your service. yourselfʹ (ūr- &c. as in your), *pron.* (pl. -ves), (emphat.) you in person, you in particular.

youth (ūth), *n.* (pl. pr. -thz), being young; the period between childhood and adult age; a young man; young people. ~ful, *a.* young or having the characteristics of youth.

yttʹerbium (ĭ-) *n.* a rare metallic element occurring in gadolinite, &c.

yttʹria (ĭ-), *n.* an earth obtained as a white powder from gadolinite and other rare minerals. yttʹrium (ĭ-), *n.* a rare metal of the cerium group.

yucʹca, *n.* white-flowered garden plant.

Yugoslav. See Jugoslav.

yule (ūl), *n.* the Christmas festival. ~-log, burnt on Christmas Eve. ~-tide, yule.

Z

Z, z (zĕd), letter and *n.* (Alg.) a third unknown quantity.

zaʹny, *n.* (arch.) merry-andrew; fool, buffoon.

Zanzibarʹi, *n.* & *a.* (native) of Zanzibar.

zariʹba (-rē-), -rēʹba, *n.* hedge or palisade protecting camp or village in the Soudan.

zeal, *n.* fervour in a cause; hearty service. zealʹot (zĕl-), *n.* extreme partisan; fanatic. zealʹous (zĕl-), *a.* fervent.

zeʹbra, *n.* striped horse-like quadruped.

zeʹbu, *n.* E. Ind. humped ox.

‖ zeitgeist (tsīt-) *n.* spirit of the times, drift of thought and feeling in a period.

Zealʹandian, *a.* (Zoogeography) of New Zealand.

zemindarʹ, *n.* Bengali landowner paying land-tax.

zemstʹvo, *n.* (pl. -os) elective district council in Russia.

zenaʹna (-ah-), *n.* part of house in which women of high-caste families are secluded in India. (also ~ cloth) a thin dress-fabric. ~ mission, association of women visiting zenanas to spread medical and other reform among inmates.

Zend, *n.* ancient language allied to Sanskrit.

zenʹith, *n.* point of heavens directly above observer; acme or culmination.

zephʹyr (-er), *n.* the West wind personified; light balmy breeze; athlete's thin jersey; kinds of gauzy fabric.

Zeppeʹlin, *n.* (colloq. Zepp) German dirigible airship.

zeʹro, *n.* (pl. -os), figure 0, nought, nil; the point in the scale of a thermometer or other graduated instrument from which positive and negative quantity is reckoned.

zest, *n.* piquancy; keen interest or enjoyment.

zeugʹma, *n.* (Gram.) linking of two words in the same relation to another that is suited to one only of them.

zibʹet, *n.* the Asiatic or Indian civet.

zigʹzag, *n.* a succession of straight lines with abrupt alternate right and left turns; road, ornament, &c. of this form. *a.* forming a zigzag. *adv.* with zigzag course.

zinc, *n.* a white metal much used in the arts.

Zinʹgaro (-ngg-) *n.* (pl. -ri), gipsy.

zinʹnia, *n.* a garden flower.

Ziʹon, *n.* holy hill of Jerusalem; Jerusalem; the Hebrew theocracy; the Christian Church; the Kingdom of Heaven. ~ism, *n.* colonizing of Palestine as modern Jewish scheme. ~ist, *n.* & *a.*

zirʹcon, *n.* Ceylon stone of various colours.

zirconium, *n.* metal found chiefly in zircon.

zith'er, -n, n. stringed instrument with flat sounding-board played on table, &c.

zlo'ty, n. Polish coin (10d.).

zo'diac, n. a belt of the heavens outside which the sun and moon and major planets do not pass.

‖ zollverein (tsōl'fĕrīn), n. union of States having a common customs-tariff against outsiders.

zōne, n. girdle or belt; encircling band of colour &c.; any of the five bands into which the arctic and antarctic circles and the two tropics divide the earth. v.t. encircle as a zone. zō'nal, a.

Zōō, n. (colloq.) zoological garden, esp. that in London.

zoōl'ogy, n. natural history of animals. zoōlo'gical, a. ~ garden, enclosure with trees, ponds, cages, &c., in which wild animals are kept for exhibition. zoōl'ogist, n.

zōōm, v.i. (Aeronaut. sl.) force aeroplane to mount at high speed and steep angle.

zō'ophyte, n. plant-like animal (e.g. sea-anemone, sponge). zōophy'tic, a.

Zŏrŏa'strianism, n. religion taught by Zoroaster and his followers, and held by ancient Magi and modern Parsees.

zouave (zōō'ahv), n. member of French-Algerian infantry corps in uniform of oriental kind; woman's short jacket.

zounds (-z), int. (arch.) of indignation.

Zulu (zōō'lōō) n. member or language of a S.-Afr. tribe.

zuur'veld(t) (zoor-), n. (S.-Afr.) district covered with sour pasturage.

zymŏt'ic, a. of fermentation. ~ diseases, those caused by multiplication of germs introduced from without.

ADDENDA

A

Aberdeen' (terrier), (L-) n. rough-haired Scotch terrier.

A-bomb, n. atomic bomb.

abră'sive, n. a grinding substance.

account. on ~, in part payment on credit.

ăcidō'sis, n. undue acidity of blood.

ăck'-ăck', a. anti-aircraft.

ăc'ronym, n. word formed from initial letters of other words (e.g. Anzac, Nato).

act. Also one of series of short performances in circus or variety programme.

action. ~ stations, positions taken up by troops, &c., before going into action.

after ~s, n.pl. (colloq.) course following main course of (esp. midday) meal.

ā'gar-(ā')gar, n. culture medium for bacteria made from seaweed.

agree. Also: v.t. determine, consent to.

ail'eron, n. lateral-control flap on aeroplane wing.

air ~-borne, (of troops) trained for transport by air to point of attack; (of aircraft) having taken off. ~-conditioning, control of temperature, moisture, &c., of air in room, &c. ~-cooled, (of engine) cooled by current of air. ~graph, letter transmitted by air-mail in microfilm. ~ hostess, female attendant for passengers in an air-liner. ~screw, n. propeller of aircraft. ~ speed, aircraft's speed relative to air through which it is moving. ~-strip, strip of ground for taking off and landing of aircraft.

Air'dale, n. large rough-coated terrier.

alcoholic. Also *n.* person addicted to excessive consumption of alcohol.
alert, *n.* warning of air-raid, period of warning.
all. ~-in, everything included, (of wrestling) with no restrictions. ~-up, (of weight) inclusive of crew, pay-load, and fuel.
a'llergy *n.* condition marked by a different reaction on a reinfection. **allĕr'gic,** *a.* having an ~ (colloq.) antipathetic to.
almoner Also hospital official.
Alopē'cia, *n.* (med.) baldness.
alpha. Also: ~ plus, *a.* of the highest excellence.
ambiv'alent, *a.* having either or both of two contrary values or qualities. ~ence, *n.*
Americium (-shi-), *n.* radio-active metallic element.
amphibian. Also: (vehicle) fitted to travel over both land and water.
anab'olism, *n.* constructive metabolism.
An'derson shelter *n.* arched corrugated-steel air-raid shelter.
Angostur'a (-oor-), *n.* bitter bark used as tonic, &c.
Ang'strom (-ĕm) **ū'nit,** *n.* a hundred-millionth of a centimetre (as unit for short wave-lengths).
anhy'drous, *a.* (chem.) without water of crystallization.
ante, *n.* stake put up by poker-player before drawing new cards. *v.t.* put up (ante). *pay up.
antibiot'ic, *n.* & *a.* (substance) destroying or injuring living organisms, esp. bacteria.
apart'heid (-t-hīt), *n.* racial segregation in S. Africa.
apéritif (ahpā'retēf), *n.* alcoholic appetizer.
aphrodis'iac (-z-), *n.* & *a.* (drug) producing venereal desire.
appease. Also seek to conciliate (potential aggressor) by making concessions.
approve. ~d school, State school for young offenders.
apron. Also hard-surface area on airfield for (un)loading aircraft.
a'qualung, *n.* apparatus carried by diver to supply him with air as required.
arête (arāt'), *n.* sharp mountain ridge.
armour Also: steel plates, &c. protecting motor-car, train, &c., from projectiles. ~ed car, train, one supplied with such armour and (usu.) guns. ~ed column, &c., one equipped with armoured cars, tanks, &c.
a'rris, *n.* sharp edge where two planes, &c., meet.
ar'sine (-ēn), *n.* kind of poison gas.
ascor'bic acid, *n.* vitamin C.
As'dic, *n.* See abbreviations.
ash. the *Ashes,* symbol of victory in cricket test-matches between England & Australia.
A'sian (āsh-) *a.* & *n.* Asiatic.
assault. Also (euphem.) *n.* rape (of woman). *v.t.* rape (woman).
assembly ~ line, group of machines & workers assembling some product.
atomic. Also resulting from or utilizing disintegration of nucleus of atom, as ~ bomb, ~ energy. ~ number, number of unit positive charges carried by nucleus of atom of element. ~ weight, ratio between weight of one atom of the element and $\frac{1}{16}$ of weight of atom of oxygen.
aubergine (ōb'erzhēn), *n.* purple fruit of egg plant.
aubrie'tia (-sha), *n.* spring-flowering dwarf perennial plant.
au'tarchy (-k-) *n.* absolute sovereignty.
au'tarky *n.* (esp. economic) self sufficiency.
authority ~tār'ian, *a.* & *n.* (person) favouring obedience to authority as opp. to individual liberty.
automā'tion, *n.* use of machinery to save manual labour.
aweigh' (awā), *adv.* (of anchor) just lifted from ground in weighing.
axis. Also: (Rome-Berlin ~) alliance between Germany and Italy in Second World War.

B

baby Also ~-sitter, person employed to remain with children while their parents are out.

bachelor ~ girl, unmarried girl living independently.

back. ~-chat, (sl.) retort. ~-cloth, ~-drop, (theatr.) painted cloth at back of stage. ~-fire, premature explosion in cylinder of internal-combustion engine. ~-log, large log forming back of fire. ~ room, place where secret research or other work goes on.

background. Also, (fig.) person's cultural knowledge, education, experience, &c.

back'pedal, v.i. work pedal backwards, (fig.) check forward movement, reverse one's action.

baffle, n. plate, board, &c., hindering or regulating passage of fluid, sound, &c.

Bailey bridge, n. emergency bridge for rapid construction.

bakū, n. fine kind of straw.

balalai'ka (-li-), n. Russian triangular guitar-like musical instrument.

bala'ta, n. dried milky juice of two S.-Amer. trees, used as substitute for gutta-percha.

bale out, v.i. (of airman) leave aircraft by parachute.

ball. ~-point, (of fountain pen) having a tiny ball as its writing point.

balletomā'nia, n. excessive fondness for ballet.

balloon. ~ barrage, anti-aircraft barrier of steel cables supported by captive balloons; barrage ~, one of these. ~-tire, low-pressure motor tire of large section.

ballyhoo' n. noisy or vulgar methods of drawing attention.

bal'sa (or bawl-), n. American tropical tree yielding light, strong wood; raft or float.

barbotī'ne, n. kind of paste made into ornaments for decorating small articles.

barge-board, n. ornamental screen to gable house.

baryt'es (-ēz) n. native sulphate of barium, used as white paint.

basic basic slag, finely ground slag from Bessemer-steel process, used as fertilizer.

bash. Also: n. heavy blow; have a ~ at it, sl. attempt it.

basket. ~-ball, game in which goal is scored when ball is thrown into basket fixed 10 ft. above ground.

basque (bahsk), n. continuation of bodice below waist.

bath'ysphere (-sf-), **bath'yscaphe,** ns. large submersible sphere for deep-sea observation.

baux'ite, n. (min.) earthy mineral, the chief source of aluminium.

beachhead, n. position occupied or held on (hostile) coast.

Beau'fort scale (bō-), n. scale of wind velocity ranging from 0 (calm) to 12 (hurricane).

Bed'lington (terrier), n. short-haired narrow-headed sporting terrier.

behā'viourism (-yer-), n. study and analysis of behaviour as method of psychology.

bel'ga, n. Belgian unit of exchange (= 5 francs).

bellows. Also expansible part of photographic camera.

Benedic'tine, n. monk of order founded by St. Benedict; a liqueur.

Ben'elux, n. Belgium, Holland, and Luxemburg as an economic and political unit.

ben'thos, n. fauna and flora found at sea-bottom.

best. ~ man, bridegroom's supporter.

bikī'ni (-kē-), n. woman's scanty two-piece (sun)bathing outfit.

binge (-j), n. (sl.) drinking-bout, spree.

biochem'istry (-kě-) n. the chemistry of living organisms.

biological biological warfare, involving use of living organisms esp. disease germs.

birth. ~ control, prevention of undesired conception.

black (a.). Also (of goods, &c.) produced or handled or operated

by blacking or non-union labour & so (to be) boycotted. ~ list, list of persons under suspicion, liable to punishment, &c. ~-list, v.t. ~ market, n. illicit traffic in scarce or rationed goods. ~-out, v. obscure (window street, &c.) so that no light is visible from outside or from air; ~-out, n.

blast. Also high-pressure wave of air spreading outwards from an explosion.

blatant. Also flagrant.

blēb, n. blister bubble, on skin or in glass, &c.

bleeder n. (esp.) person subject to excessive bleeding from a slight injury.

blind. Also v.i. (of motorist, &c.) go blindly or heedlessly.

blitz, n. (colloq.) blitzkrieg, esp. intensive aerial attack. v.t. damage, destroy &c., in blitz.

‖**blitz'krieg** (-ēg) n. lightning war violent campaign intended to bring speedy victory

bloc, n. combination of parties, nations, &c., for common purpose; sterling ~ of countries with currencies tied to sterling.

block. ~ letters, separate usu. capital letters resembling those used in printing.

blōke, n. (sl.) fellow

blood. ~ sports, those involving bloodshed or killing of animals.

blow¹ ~ up, inflate, enlarge (map, print) lose one's temper

blue, (n.pl.). Also kind of jazz song with melancholy words. ~-pencil, censor ~-print, photographic print with white lines on blue ground, usu. with tracing of plan, &c., as negative.

bluff (n.). Also: act of bluffing (call person's ~ make him show his cards, also fig.)

bock, n. strong, dark-coloured German beer.

*__bō-hŭnk,__ n. (sl.) Czech immigrant.

*__bolō'ney__ n. (sl.) nonsense, bunkum.

bombard. Also: subject to stream of atomic particles.

border Also ~-line, limit of an area or class. a. that is on such a limit.

book. ~-ends, pair of props to keep row of books upright.

borz'oi (-ōi) n. Intr.

bottle¹ ~-green, dark green. ~-neck, place where wide road, railway, &c., narrows anything obstructing even flow of production, &c. ~-party party to which guests contribute drinks; kind of night-club where drinks ordered in advance may be consumed outside licensed hours.

bow'er³ n. right, left, ~ knave of trumps, other knave of same colour at euchre.

box. ~ on the ear(s), slap on side of head. ~-pleat, two parallel contrary pleats forming raised band.

box-calf (-kahf), n. chrome-tanned calfskin with hatched grain.

brain. ~-storm, sudden cerebral disturbance.

brassière (-yār) n. woman's underbodice supporting breasts.

break, n. Also spell of (good) luck. bad ~, unfortunate remark or ill-judged action.

breeze³ n. small cinders, coke, &c. used to make concrete blocks for building, &c.

Bren gun, n. magazine-fed light machine gun.

brief. Also n. (sl.) airman's instructions. v.t. (air-force sl.) give (airman) instructions for raid, &c.

broad. ~ bean, common flattened variety, ~-tail, fur of very young lamb of Asia Minor

brō'mide. Also: (sl.) trite remark, cliché (from use of bromides as soporifics). ~ paper, photographic printing-paper coated with silver bromide emulsion.

brother Also (Bibl.) kinsman.

bulb. Also electric-light container.

bulge. Also (temporary) increase in numbers or volume.

bulk. ~ buying, purchase by one buyer of all or most of producer's output.

bulldozer, n. powerful caterpillar

tractor pushing broad steel blade in front.
bummaree', n. licensed porter at Smithfield meat-market in London.
bump. Also variation of air pressure causing irregularity in aircraft's motion. ~ off, (sl.) remove by violence, murder.
bur'ble, v.i. bubble or gurgle with mirth.
burl, n. knot in wool or cloth.
bur'ton, n. light handy two-block tackle.
bush¹ ~-telegraph, rapid spread of information, rumour, &c.
business. ~-like, systematic, prompt, well-ordered.
butter¹ ~ muslin, thin loosely woven cloth.
buyer's market, conditions where supply exceeds demand and prices are low

C

cab'riole, a. curved leg characteristic of Queen Anne and Chippendale furniture.
caden'za, n. (mus.) flourish of voice or instrument.
caf'tan, n. Eastern long girdled under-tunic.
ca'gey (-ji), a. not easily deceived.
cairn. ~ (terrier), small short-legged shaggy-haired terrier
cal'ipash, cal'ipee, nn. gelatinous green and yellow substances in turtle(-soup)
call. ~-up, v.t. summon into armed forces, n. such a summons.
calyp'so, n. West-Indian song, usu. topical and extempore.
can ~ned music, (sl.) music recorded for reproduction.
canas'ta, n. card-game resembling rummy
cancan (kahn'kahn), n. high-kicking dance.
candid. ~ camera, small camera for taking informal pictures of people often without their knowledge.
cannon (now usu.) aircraft's shell-firing gun.

cap. Also: payment by non-subscriber for day's hunting.
capital. ~ goods, goods (to be) used in producing commodities.
capitalize. Also use to one's advantage.
car'dan joint, n. one transmitting power by a shaft at any selected angle.
career ~ist, n. person intent mainly on personal advancement and success in life.
carmin'ative, a. & n. (drug) curing flatulence.
car'otene, n. orange pigment found in various plants.
carriage. ~-way (part of) road used by vehicles.
cart. ~-wheel, n. wheel of ~, sideways somersault.
cartog'raphy, n. study of maps and charts. cartograph'ical, a.
cascar'a sagra'da (-ahd-), n. a laxative.
casement. ~ cloth, cotton cloth used for curtains, &c.
cash¹ ~ register, n. till with mechanism for visibly recording sums received.
castor² ~ sugar, powdered white sugar
catab'olism, kata-, n. destructive metabolism.
cat'amite, n. sodomite's minion.
caterpillar ~ wheel, wheel with broad tread in separate sections, for use on rough ground.
cath'ode, n. (electr.) negative pole.
cave ~-man, (also) man of primitive passions and behaviour.
ceiling. Also: maximum altitude of given aircraft; maximum altitude (e.g. weather-conditioned upper limit (prices, wages, &c.).
cel'ophane, n. tough transparent cellulose material. P
cellulose. Also: solution of cellulose acetate or nitrate used in varnishing, &c.
central. ~ heating, heating by hot water or steam conveyed by pipes from central source.
cen'trifuge, n. machine for separating parts of mixture, &c., by rotary motion.

chaise. ~ longue (Fr.), sofa with rest for back at one end only.
chamber. ~ music, for performance in room, not at theatre, church, &c.
change. ~-over, alteration from one system, &c., to another.
|chassé (shă'sā) n. gliding dance-step. v.i. make this.
chat'terbox, n. (col.) person given to foolish talk or gossip.
cheese. Also heavy wooden disk used in skittles.
Chel'sea (-sĭ) bun, n. rolled currant-bun.
chest. ~ of drawers, frame with drawers for clothes, &c.
chew. ~ing gum, preparation of gum(s), esp. chicle, for prolonged chewing.
chian'ti (kiah-) n. red Italian wine.
chi'cle (-kl), n. tough elastic gum obtained from sap of a tropical S. Amer. tree.
china. ~man, n. (crick.) left-handed bowler's off-break to right-handed batsman.
chlor'inate (kl-), v.t. impregnate, purify (water &c.), with chlorine.
chro'matin (kr-), n. (biol.) tissue that can be stained. chro'mosome, one of rods or threads into which chromatin of cell-nucleus is formed before cell-division.
chrome. ~ leather, leather tanned with potassium bichromate.
circle. run round in ~s (colloq.), be fussily busy to no effect.
citronell'a, n. fragrant ethereal oil, which keeps off mosquitoes.
cit'rus, n. & a. (of) genus including lime, citron, orange, lemon, &c.
city. the City, part of London governed by Lord Mayor and Corporation, business quarter of this, commercial circles. ~ editor, editor of financial part of newspaper.
clear. ~ing house, place at which bankers exchange cheques, balances being paid in cash.
click'er, n. foreman of a companionship of compositors.
clinical. ~ thermometer, one for taking patient's temperature.
cloche, n. glass for protecting or forcing plants. a shape of woman's hat.
close¹. ~-up, part of cinema picture taken at short range.
close². ~d shop, a trade, &c., restricted to members of a particular trade union.
coach. Also long-distance bus.
coa'ming, n. raised border round ship's hatches, &c.
*co'ca-co'la, n. aerated non-alcoholic drink. P.
cock¹. ~ salmon, male.
cod'ling¹ n. small cod.
coel'acanth (sēl-), n. & a. (fish) having hollow spine.
coexist. (peaceful) ~ence, (of peoples with different political systems) living in mutual toleration.
cohere. ~r, n. detector of electric waves (through coherence of metal filings in tube).
cold. ~ war, the use in peace-time of propaganda, obstructive diplomacy &c., to attain ends normally sought by war.
comic. Also comic paper. horror ~, pictorial publication full of horrors.
Com'inform, n. Communist International Information Bureau.
commando. Also picked soldier trained for special missions.
commission. royal ~, body of persons appointed by the Crown to inquire into and report on some matter.
com'pact, n. small case for compressed face-powder, rouge, &c.
com'père (-ār), n. introducer of artists at entertainment. v.t. & i. act as compère (to).
composite. C~ order, one of the five orders of architecture.
comprehensive. ~ school, large secondary school providing courses of varied kinds and lengths.
com'press. Also wet cloth applied to inflamed part.
condition, v. Also make fit.
consult'ant, n. consulting physician, engineer, &c.
consumer. ~(s') goods, things

which directly satisfy human needs.
contact. Also (med.) person likely to be contagious through contact with patient; (usu. pl.) person(s) with whom one comes into touch. v.t. get into touch with (person).
contain. ~ment, n. (esp.) policy of building up strength against possible enemy in hope of eventual agreement with him.
contin'uum, n. (philos.) unbroken mass, sequence, tissue.
contract¹ ~ (bridge), form of auction bridge.
cooler Also *refrigerator; *(sl.) prison.
cop, n. (sl.) capture; *policeman.
copy ~cat, (colloq.) imitator. ~writer one who writes or prepares advertising copy for publication.
cor'gi (-g-) n. small Welsh dog.
coro'na, n. kind of Havana cigar F
cor'onary a. resembling, encircling, like a crown.
cor'porative, a. based on corporate action or movement.
corsair Also a pirate.
corvette. Also: small fast naval escort-vessel.
cosh, n. bludgeon. ~boy youth or man armed with cosh. v.t. strike with cosh.
costume. ~ jewellery artificial jewellery for decorative purposes.
[illegible], a. var. of [illegible]nous.
coun'tershaft, n. intermediate shaft driven from main shaft, for supplying power to particular parts of system of machinery.
cover ~age, n. area or amount covered, section of community reached by particular advertising medium. ~ girl, girl or woman whose picture illustrates cover of magazine &c.
crash¹ ~-dive, (of submarine) dive suddenly and steeply. ~ helmet, protective helmet of motor-cyclist, &c.
crêpe. ~ rubber (also) crinkly rubber used esp. for soles of shoes, &c.
cross-cut, a. adapted for cutting across grain.
cross-sec'tion, n. (fig.) comprehensive representative sample.
cru'ral (-oor-), a. (anat.) of leg.
cuckoo. Also a. (sl.) crazy.
curfew Also (mil.) prohibition on going in streets during specified hours of night or day.
cu'rie, n. standard unit of radium emanation.
cut. Also a ~ above one, a degree or stage above one. ~ both ways, (of factor argument, &c.) serve both sides; ~ up rough, show resentment. ~throat, n. murderer. a. intensive, merciless, (of card-game) three-handed.
cy'clotron, n. apparatus for accelerating charged atomic particles by passing them repeatedly through the same electro-magnetic field.

D

daily n. Also: non-resident maid-servant.
dark. ~ ages. Also, period between break-up of Roman Empire (A.D. 395) and end of 10th c.
dash. ~board, (also) partition between engine and front seat of motor-car.
debunk' v.t. (colloq.) remove false sentiment from.
decel'erate, v.t. & i. diminish speed of; slow down.
de-Gauss' (degows'), v.t. neutralize magnetization of (ship, &c.) with encircling current-carrying conductor (~ing belt), esp. as protection against magnetic mines.
degrained' a. (of leather) with grain removed.
dehy'drate, v.t. (chem.) deprive of water.
deme'ntia, n. feebleness of mind as form of insanity.
demera'ra (or -ahra), n. yellowish-brown raw cane sugar.
denier' (-nēr), n. unit of weight in estimating fineness of silk, rayon, & nylon yarn.

dera'tion, v.t. remove from the list of rationed goods.

detergent. Also: soluble non-synthetic substance that emulsifies oils & holds dirt in suspension.

deuter'ium, n. heavy hydrogen, hydrogen of atomic weight 2. **deu'teron**, n. nucleus of deuterium atom.

dial, v. Also make telephone-call by moving disk from successive numbers or letters required to fixed point and letting it return.

diamanté (dēmahn'tā), n. powdered glass, paste brilliants, &c., as ornament.

Dias'pora, n. dispersion, the Jews dispersed among Gentiles.

Diesel (dē'zl) n. ~ engine, type of oil-engine. ~ oil, heavy mineral oil used in ~ engine.

dieti'cian, n. person versed in dietetics.

dipole, n. (pop.) television aerial.

direction. ~al, (wireless) transmitted over narrow angle.

dirn'dl, n. bodice and full skirt imitating Alpine peasant costume. ~ (skirt), full skirt with tight waistband.

dis'cus, heavy disk thrown in athletic exercises.

distribute. Also (print.) separate (type that has been set up) & return each letter to its proper box in the case. ~tion, n.

dither Also vacillate.

dive. Also (of aircraft) plunge steeply downwards (of submarine) submerge. ~-bomber aircraft that drops bombs at end of dive.

division. Also part of county or borough returning a member of Parliament.

do[1] Also (colloq.) party outing.

document. ~ary Also a. & n. (film) based on real life, not on fictional plot.

dog ~-fight, mêlée between aircraft.

dogg'o, adv (sl.) lie ~, make no sign, lie low

dollar Also ~ area, countries whose currencies are linked to that of the U.S.

doo'dle, v.i scrawl aimlessly while one's attention is engaged elsewhere, n. such scrawl.

double. ~ton, n. (cards) two cards only of a suit.

double, n. Also (darts) score in outer ring of board, in which value is doubled (racing) a cumulative bet made on two horses.

dragée (drah'zhā) n. chocolate drop, sugar-coated almond, small silver ball for decorating cake

drape. Also piece of drapery curtain.

dressage (-ahzh) n. training of horse in obedience and deportment.

drogue (-g), n. sea-anchor wind-sock.

dry ~-clean, clean with spirit, &c. without use of water

dub[3] Also give (cinema film) another recording of sound esp. in a different language.

dud. Also a. counterfeit useless, futile.

dumb. ~-iron, one of two curved forward ends of side-members of motor-car chassis.

dummy Also imaginary whist-player his cards exposed and played by his partner (hand of) declarer's partner at bridge.

***dunk**, v.t. & i. dip (bread, &c.) into soup or a beverage while eating.

duralu'min, n. hard tough aluminium alloy used for aircraft, &c. P

dust. ~-bowl, area reduced to desert by drought and dust storms.

E

earth. Also (electr.) ground as medium for completion of circuit, rod, &c., in soil or water to connect conductor to earth. v.t. connect (conductor) to earth.

E-boat, n. enemy motor torpedo-boat.

écru (ā'krōō), *a.* colour of unbleached linen.
ĕctoplasm, *n.* viscous substance exuding from body of spiritualistic medium during trance.
edge. *be on ~,* be irritable.
egg¹. *~-plant,* plant with edible purple or white fruit.
electrocute. Also: kill in any way by electricity.
eliminate. *~tor,* (esp.) apparatus enabling wireless set to use mains current, so eliminating batteries.
ĕm, ĕn, *nn.* units of measurement in printing.
Ĕnō'sis, *n.* union of Cyprus with Greece.
entrepreneur (ahntreprenėr'), *n.* person who assumes risk and control of commercial enterprise.
ĕn'tropy *n.* (phys.) measure of unavailability of system's thermal energy for conversion into mechanical work.
ĕpigŏne, *n.* one of a later (and less distinguished) generation.
equity. Also: E~, actors' trade union; *pl.* stocks and shares not bearing fixed interest.
ĕrg, *n.* unit of work or energy.
Ĕr'ŏs (ĕr-), *n.* god of love, Cupid.
ersatz' (ĕrs-), *n.* & *a.* substitute.
escape. *~ clause,* one specifying conditions under which contracting party is free from obligations. **ĕscapee',** *n.* one who has escaped. *~ist, a.* & *n.* affording, (person) seeking, escape or relief from realities of life.
ethical. Also: (of drugs) conforming to a recognized standard.
euphōr'ia, euph'ory, *nn.* feeling of well-being. **euphŏr'ic,** *a.*
evacuate. Also: remove (person) esp. from place considered dangerous. *~ee',* *n.*
Ĕverglāde, *n.* marshy tract, esp. (pl.) in Florida swamp.
exchange. Also: central telephone office to which subscribers' lines are connected.
ĕxŏphthăl'mic, *a.* (med.) causing protrusion of eyeball.
expend. *~able, a.* likely to be or meant to be sacrificed or destroyed.
ĕxpertise' (-ēz), *n.* expert opinion or skill or knowledge.
expose. Also: subject (photographic plate &c.) to light.
extractive. *~ industries,* those depending on mining & oil.

F

façade. Also: (fig.) frontal or outward appearance.
făctū'al, *a.* concerned with, of the nature of, fact.
fall. *~-out, n.* airborne particles of radio-active materials from explosion of atomic or hydrogen bomb.
fault. Also: *v.t.* find fault with, blame.
fellow. *~-traveller.* Also: one who sympathizes with Communist aims and policy.
ferrō-concrēte, *n.* reinforced concrete.
fiddle. Also: (sl.) *v.* & *n.* act of cheating, *v.* cheat, swindle.
fifth. *~ column,* organized body sympathizing with and working for enemy within country at war &c.; (loosely) traitors, spies. *~-columnist.*
fight. *fighter,* (esp.) *n.* & *a.* (aircraft) designed for aerial combat rather than bombing, &c.
filibuster. *~er, n.* a filibuster.
finesse. Also: (cards) attempt to take trick by lower card, with higher in reserve.
fire. *~-bomb,* incendiary. *~-watcher, n.* person keeping watch for fires caused by fire-bombs, &c.
fish² *~-plate,* either of two plates holding rails together.
fission. Also: splitting of atomic nuclei. *~ bomb,* atomic bomb. *~able* (-sha-), *a.*
fix. Also: mend, repair.
flăk, *n.* German anti-aircraft fire.
flăn (or flahn), *n.* open tart.
flare. Also: *v.* spread gradually outwards. *n.* bright light used as signal, dropped from aircraft

to illuminate target, &c. gradual widening (esp. of woman's skirt).
flat. flatten. ~ out, bring aircraft parallel with ground.
Flĕm'ish, a. of Flanders. n. ~ language.
float-plane, n. aeroplane with floats for alighting on water.
flog. Also, (sl.) sell.
flood. ~-light, copious artificial light projected on buildings, &c., from many directions.
floor. ~ show, entertainment presented on floor of night-club, &c.
flush[3] straight ~, set of cards in regular sequence, royal ~, (poker) straight flush headed by ace.
fly[2] Also ~-past, ceremonial flight of planes past an inspecting officer or other personage.
flying. ~ bomb, jet-propelled, air-borne torpedo. ~ saucer, saucer-like object reported as having been seen at times flying at great speed.
fog. ~-horn, instrument for warning ships in fog.
foot. Also, ~-candle, illumination produced by a standard candle at distance of one foot. ~-plate, platform for driver and fireman in locomotive.
formăl'dĕhȳde, n. colourless gas used in solution as preservative and disinfectant. fŏrm'alin, n. aqueous solution of this.
foundation. ~ garment, woman's supporting undergarment.
fowl. ~-pest, an infectious disease of fowls.
frame, n. Also: single complete image in television.
franc. Also Belgian & Swiss monetary unit.
frănk'furter, n. highly seasoned German sausage.
freeze. Also: make (credits, assets, &c.) temporarily or permanently unrealizable.
fret[3] ~-saw, saw for cutting fretwork.
frigate. Also a large escort vessel.
frog[1] Also: ~-man, person wearing special shoes and gloves for underwater operations.
frō'zen, a. (of credits, &c.) not realizable.
fug, n. fustiness, stuffiness.
fuse[2] Also (electr.) easily fusible wire placed in circuit, and melted by excessive current.
fusion. ~ bomb, hydrogen bomb.
fuss. ~-pot, (colloq.) person who is always making a fuss.
fustanĕll'a, n. man's white kilt in modern Greece.

G

gag. Also choke, retch.
gā'ga, a. (sl.) fatuous, senile.
gă'ggle, n. flock (of geese); (contempt.) company (of women). v.i. (of geese) cackle.
galē'na, n. common lead ore.
*Gall'up poll, n. test of how representative sample of public will vote.
gamma. ~ rays, X-rays of very short wave-length emitted by radio-active substances.
gămm'y, a. (sl., of limb) crippled.
gang. Also v.i. join up, act in concert (with).
găng'ling (-ngg-), a. loosely built, lanky.
garble. Also distort or falsify (facts, statements).
gardē'nia, n. (kinds of tree and shrub with) fragrant white or yellow flower.
gas. ~-mask, mask for protection against poisonous gas.
gasket. Also copper and fibre packing esp. for gas-tight joints in internal-combustion engine.
gau'chō (gow-), n. herdsman of pampas, of mixed European and Amer. Indian descent.
Geig'er counter (gīg-), instrument for detecting charged (atomic) particles or radio-activity.
gel, n. semi-solid colloidal solution.
gene, n. (biol.) one of physiological units held to cause the development in offspring of parental characteristics.

gĕn'ocide, *n.* extermination of a race.
genteel. **~ism**, *n.* word used instead of the ordinary natural word because it is thought to be more genteel.
geophys'ics (-z-), *n.pl.* the physics of the earth. **geophys'ical**, *a.* **geophys'icist**, *n.*
geopŏl'itics, *n. pl.* the politics of a country as determined by its geographical features.
George, *n.* (colloq.) automatic pilot of aircraft.
geriat'rics, *n. pl.*, **gērontŏl'ogy** (g- j-), *n.* science of old age and its diseases. **geriat'ric**, *a.* **geriatri'cian** (-ishn), **gēr'iatrist**, **gērontŏl'ogist** *nn.*
Gesta'pō (gestah-), *n.* German secret police.
gig'olō (zh-), *n.* male professional dancing partner.
***gimm'ick** (g-), *n.* (sl.) tricky device.
glacé (glah'sā), *a.* (of cloth, &c.) smooth, polished; iced, sugared.
glass. Also: **~ wool**, glass in fibre form, used esp. for heat insulation.
glide. **~r**, *n.* engineless aeroplane.
***G-man** (jē), *n.* (sl.) Federal criminal investigation officer.
gil'let (-dil), *n.* = gore[1]
gold. **~ bloc** (of countries with currencies tied to gold). **~ brick**, thing with only a surface appearance of value, fraud. **~-digger** (sl.) coquette who wheedles money out of men.
goo'fy *a.* (sl.) silly, infatuated.
Goth, *n.* one of Germanic tribe

crumbs or grated cheese; dish so cooked.
grĕg'ory powder, *n.* compound powder of rhubarb, an aperient.
gripe, *v.i.* (colloq.) whimper, cry fretfully
ground. **~ speed**, aircraft's speed relative to ground. **~ staff**, mechanics and other non-flying members of aerodrome staff.
gudgeon. Also: pin holding two blocks of stone, &c., together; **~ pin**, that holding piston and connecting-rod together
guide, *v.t.* Also, **~d**, (of missiles) designed for remote control.
guinea. **~-pig**, (also) person used as subject for medical experiment.
gumboot, *n.* rubber boot.
gyr'oplane, *n.* aircraft deriving its lift mainly from freely rotating overhead vanes.

H

haem'atin, *n.* a constituent of haemoglobin.
haemophil'ia, *n.* hereditary incapacity of blood to clot; bleeding.
hag[2] *n.* soft place in moor; firm place in bog.
hair. **~-cut**, trimming of the hair of the head. **~-do** (colloq.), (mode of) hairdressing. **~-spring**, fine spring in watch. **~ trigger**, secondary trigger releasing main one.
halā'tion, *n.* (photog.) spreading of light beyond its proper boundary in negative.

hăm'burger, n. ball or cake of chopped meat fried as a steak; a kind of sausage.
hand, v.t. Also ~-out, information or news officially released.
hang'over n. aftermath of alcoholic excess.
hay ~wire, a. anything tangled. a. in disorder, crazy
H-bomb, n. hydrogen bomb.
head. ~light, powerful light on front of locomotive or car
hear. ~ing-aid, appliance for improving the hearing of deaf people.
Heavi'side (hĕ-) layer n. layer of atmosphere reflecting back wireless waves.
heavy ~ water, deuterium oxide, with same chemical properties as ordinary water but density about 10 % greater.
high. ~light, outstanding feature ~light, v.t. emphasize, make prominent. ~-wing, (of monoplane) with wings set near top of fuselage.
hind¹ ~sight, back sight of gun, (joc.) wisdom after the event.
hitch. ~-hike, v.i. travel by begging lifts from passing vehicles (also simply hitch).
hive. ~ off, (of firm) assign production of some goods to subsidiary company
hold. ~ing company one formed to hold shares in subsidiary companies.
honour Also (golf) right of driving first (cards) ace, king, queen, knave (& in bridge ten).
hook. ~-worm, slender worm infesting men and animals.
hop² Also n. one stage of long-distance flight
hot. Also (of dance music) highly elaborated and florid. ~ dog, (colloq.) hot sausage sandwiched in roll of bread.
Hoo'ver, n. make of vacuum cleaner. v.t. to use a H. on. P
hotel. ~ier, n. hotel-keeper.
humbug. Also kind of sweet meat, usu. flavoured with peppermint.

*humding'er n. (sl.) exceptionally fine person or thing.
Hun, n. one of an Asiatic race ravaging Europe in 4th & 5th centuries (contempt.) German.
hunger ~-march, march undertaken by unemployed to call attention to their condition.
hut'ment, n. camp, temporary offices, &c., of huts.
hydroelec'tric, a. (of electricity) produced by using water-power.
hydrogen. Also ~ bomb, one designed to release a vast amount of atomic energy by the formation of helium from hydrogen.
hydrŏ'lysis, n. decomposition of compound by reaction with water.
hydropon'ics, n.pl. art of growing plants without soil, in water impregnated with chemicals.
hypersŏn'ic, a. (of speed) 10–50 times that of sound.
hȳ'pō, n. (photog.) hyposulphite of soda, used in fixing.
hypodermic. ~ needle, syringe, used in hypodermic injection.

I

ice. Also dry ~, solid carbon dioxide.
idle, v.i. Also: (of engine) run slowly in neutral gear or with no load.
ignition. Also mechanism for starting combustion in cylinder of motor engine.
imā'gō, n. final and perfect stage of insect.
impact. Also effect, influence.
immune. ~ise, v.t. make immune
in. ~-patient, one remaining in hospital during treatment.
incendiary (Also of bomb) made of or filled with inflammatory substance(s) and intended to cause fires, n. incendiary bomb.
incommunica'dō (-ah-), a. without means of communication, in solitary confinement.
indŏc'trinate, v.t. teach imbue with a doctrine, idea, or opinion. ~ā'tion, n.

Indō-Europe'an, a. of the family of languages spoken over greater part of Europe and Asia as far as N. India.

induc'tance, n. (electr.) (measure of) property of causing induction.

infra. ~-red, of invisible rays beyond red end of spectrum.

in'-law n. (colloq.) relative by marriage (usu. pl.).

inop'erable, a. that cannot be operated on.

insem'inate, v.t. sow implant, impregnate. ~ā'tion, n.

intermission. Also: (musical selection during) interval in theatre, &c.

interplăn'etary a. between planets.

interzōn'al, a. lying or occurring between two or more zones, esp. of occupied Germany.

intravēn'ous, a. in(to) a vein or veins esp. by injection.

invert. Also (chem.) convert substance that rotates plane of polarized light to right to one that rotates it to left, or vice versa. a. (chem., of sugar &c.) inverted. inver'tase, n. enzyme that inverts sugar.

Iōn'ic (ī-), a. of Ionia. ~ order, one of the five orders of architecture.

iron. ~ curtain, barrier to passage of information at limit of Soviet sphere of influence. ~ lung, iron case over patient's body for administering artificial respiration by mechanical pumps.

irradiate, v. Also: treat with ultra-violet light or other radiations.

isolate. ~-tionism, n. policy on part of State of keeping aloof from affairs of other States.

isos'celēs (-lēz), a. (of triangle) having two sides equal.

ī'sotope, n. one of two or more forms of an element differing from each other in atomic weight.

Is'rael (iz-), n. Jewish State established in Palestine in 1948. ~ī (izrā'lī) a. & n. (inhabitant) of this State.

it. Also: (colloq.) n. sex appeal.

it² n. (colloq.) Italian vermouth (gin and it).

ivory. Also ~ tower, shelter or refuge from life's unpleasantnesses.

J

J (jā) pen, n. broad-pointed kind.

jay. ~-walker, careless pedestrian.

Jerū'salem (-rōō-) artichoke, n. kind of sunflower with edible tuber.

jet² Also: ~ propulsion, propulsion by reaction of jet of gas. jet, n. aeroplane so propelled.

jig. ~-saw puzzle, picture pasted on board and cut in irregular interlocking pieces with jig-saw.

jink, v.i. (sl.) manoeuvre aircraft, be manoeuvred, jerkily up and down.

jitt'ers, n.pl. (sl.) nerves, state of extreme nervousness. jitt'ery, a. jumpy nervy.

jive, n. kind of jazz. v.i. play jive, dance to jive.

jockey. ~ for position, try to gain a position of (or an unfair) advantage.

jodhpurs' (-oorz), n.pl. long breeches for riding, &c., tight from knee to ankle.

jū'dō (jōō-), n. = ju-jutsu.

*juke-box (jōōk) n. machine that plays gramophone records when coin is inserted.

Jū'lian (jōō-), a. of Julius Caesar ~ calendar, introduced by him.

K

kakistocracy, var. of cacistocracy.

kēpi (kā'pē), n. French soldier's straight-peaked cap.

kī'lō (or kē-), n. abbr. of kilogram(me), kilometre.

kimō'nō, n. long, loose Japanese robe with wide sleeves; dressing-gown like this.

kiosk. Also: structure for public telephone.

kitty n. (cards) pool.

klax'on, n. powerful electric motor-horn. P

Knes'set, n. Israeli parliament.

knock. Also (of engines) make thumping noise.

knot. Also nautical mile per hour.

know ~-how n. practical knowledge.

kraft (-ah-), n. kind of strong packing-paper.

kremlin. The *K*~ (used for) the Russian Government.

L

lama¹ lamas'ery (-mah-), n. monastery of lamas.

lamé (lah'mā), n. & a. (material) with gold or silver thread inwoven.

land. ~-fall, ship's approach to land at end of voyage. ~-mine, explosive mine laid in or on ground; parachute mine.

la'tex, n. fluid secreted by plants, esp. that from which rubber is obtained.

laun'der, v.t. wash (clothes, &c.).

lay¹ ~-by part of road extended to allow vehicle to stop there without interfering with traffic.

leading. ~ edge, forward edge of aircraft's wing.

le'bensraum (lā- -rowm), n. living-space, territory which State believes it needs for its natural development.

lem'on¹ sole, n. kind of plaice.

lep'rechaun (-k-), n. Irish sprite.

leucot'omy, n. incision into frontal lobe of brain to relieve some cases of mental disorder.

Lew'isite (loo-), n. a poison gas.

ley (lā), n. land temporarily under grass.

libi'dō, n. emotional craving prompting any human (esp. sexual) activity.

li'ger (-g-), n. offspring of lion and tigress.

line. Also one of the very narrow vertical sections in which televised scenes are photographed and reproduced.

li'nocut, n. (print from) design cut on block of linoleum.

liquid. Also (of assets, &c.) easily convertible into cash.

liquidate. Also *put an end to, get rid of* (freq. by violent means).

lisle (lil) **thread**, n. fine hard-twisted kind of thread.

liver¹ ~-ish, ~y¹ aa. having a disordered liver.

lobot'omy n. = leucotomy.

logis'tics, n.pl. art of moving, *quartering, & supplying troops, &c.* ~tic, a.

low² ~-wing, (of monoplane) with wings set low in fuselage.

lu'dō, n. game played on board with dice and counters.

Ly'sol, n. a disinfectant. P

M

M. & B. 693, May & Baker sulphopyridine. P

mac, n. (colloq.) mackintosh.

macédoine (-dwahn), n. mixture of fruits or vegetables.

macramé (-ahmi) n. *trimming of* knotted cord.

mad'répore, n. kinds of coral.

magic. Also ~ eye, popular name for selenium cell.

Maginot (mah'zhēnō) **line**, n. French fortified line on Franco-German frontier.

magnal'ium, n. light, tough alloy of aluminium and magnesium.

magnet. magnetic. ~ mine, submarine mine detonated by approach of large mass of magnetic material e.g. ship.

mag'netron, n. (phys.) thermionic tube for generating very high frequency oscillations.

maisonnette (-z-), n. small house; part of house let separately.

make, v. ~-up. Also character of a person.

man. ~-handle, move by force of men alone; handle roughly.

Mă'rathon, n. foot race of abnormal length; contest requiring great endurance.

optic, n. Also (transparent measuring device attached to mouth of spirit bottle.

op'timum, n. (biol.) most favourable conditions; best amount. a. best for biological purposes, most favourable.

orange stick, n. stick of orange-wood for manicuring nails.

order n. Also (archit.) treatment of column and entablature (the Doric, Ionic, Corinthian, Tuscan, Composite, ~).

ŏr'gandie, n. kind of fine stiffish muslin.

ŏrop'ter (float), n. float supporting sweeping wire in mine-sweeping.

Or'pington, n. a breed of poultry.

ŏrthochromăt'ic (-k-), a. (photog.) giving correct relative intensity to colours.

ŏrthodon'tics, n.pl. correction of irregularities in teeth. ŏrthodon'tist, n.

oscillate. Also (of wireless receivers) radiate electro-magnetic waves owing to faulty operation or construction.

out. ~-board, (of motor-boats) having motor attached outside (of motor) so attached. ~moded, a. old-fashioned. ~size, (size) larger than stock sizes.

overall. Also: a. inclusive of everything, total.

over-proof' a. containing more alcohol than proof spirit has.

ō'vershot, a. (of wheel) turned by water flowing above it.

overstrung. Also: (of piano) with strings in sets crossing each other obliquely.

ō'vertone, n. (mus.) harmonic.

oxidā'tion, n. chemical combination with oxygen.

ŏx'y-acĕt'ylene, a. consisting of, involving use of, mixture of oxygen and acetylene (which produces intensely hot flame).

P

paediăt'ric, a. of or dealing with children's diseases.

Pakistan' (pah-, -ahn), n. the Moslem state of India.

pănchromăt'ic (-k-), a. (photog.) equally sensitive to all spectrum colours.

pandĕm'onium, n. (mock title for) great personage.

pannĭ'kin, n. small metal drinking-vessel.

panzer (-tser), a. (German) armoured (division, &c.).

par. Also: (golf) number of strokes a scratch player should require for a hole or course.

par² n. (col.) newspaper paragraph or notice.

parachute. ~ flare, flare dropped by parachute to light target for bombs, &c. ~ mine, large case containing explosive dropped by parachute from aircraft. ~ troops, invading troops landed by parachute. ~ist, n. user of parachute; pl. parachute troops.

păranoi'a, n. mental derangement, esp. when marked by delusions of grandeur, &c.

părashoo'ter, pă'rashot' nn. (col.) member of force acting as guard against parachute troops.

pă'ravane, n. kite-shaped mine-sweeping device holding sweeping wire at angle to ship's side.

pâr'sĕc, n. distance at which annual parallax of star would be one second of arc, as unit of stellar distance.

part. Also ~-timer, part-time worker.

passenger. Also: member of a team who does less than his share.

passe-partout (pahspărtōō'), n. kind of adhesive tape or paper used for framing photographs, &c.

pă'tina, n. incrustation, usu. green, on surface of old bronze; gloss produced by old age on woodwork.

pearlies (pĕr'lĭz), n. pl. costermongers' dress decorated with many pearl buttons.

‖ pêche (pāsh) Mĕl'ba, n. confection of ice-cream and peaches.

pĕdŏl'ogy, *n.* science of soils.

pĕlă'gic, *a.* of, in, on, the open sea.

pel'met, *n.* pendant border concealing curtain-rods, &c.

penicill'in, *n.* drug prepared from the mould penicillium.

pē'nis, *n.* male copulatory organ.

pĕn'tōde, *n.* & *a.* (wireless valve) with five electrodes.

pĕnstē'mon, *n.* bright-flowered garden plant.

pē'on, *n.* (Span. Amer.) day-labourer; (Mex.) enslaved debtor. **~age**, *n.* employment, service, of peons.

perimeter. Also outer boundary of camp or fortification.

pĕristal'sis, *n.* wave of contraction passing down tube such as the alimentary canal. **~tic**, *a.*

pĕrm'alloy, *n.* alloy of nickel and iron very sensitive to magnetic forces, used for cores of telegraph cables. P

permanent. **~ wave**, (abbrev. perm.) artificial wave in hair lasting for some months.

perox'ide, *n.* compound of oxygen with another element containing maximum proportion of oxygen; peroxide of hydrogen used as bleach, antiseptic, &c. *v.t.* bleach with this peroxide.

‖ **persō'na nōn grā'ta**, *n.* unacceptable person.

pĕr'spex, *n.* transparent plastic substitute for glass. P

pĕtrŏl'ogy, *n.* study of the origin, structure, &c. of rocks.

phăg'ocyte, *n.* leucocyte specially active in destroying bacteria, waste matter, &c., in blood or body-tissues.

phăll'us, *n.* image of penis used in religious rites as symbol of generation. **phăll'ic**, *a.*

phenacetin, *n.* antipyretic drug.

photo. Also **~-finish**, end of a race in which a camera is used to determine the winner; very close finish.

phŏtogĕn'ic, *a.* producing light; photographing well.

phŏtosyn'thesis, *n.* process by which the energy of sunlight is trapped by the chlorophyll of green plants & used to build up complex materials.

piccalill'i, *n.* pickle of chopped vegetables, mustard, and spices.

pick. **~-up**, device replacing sound-box in gramophone (for playing record through wireless loud-speaker).

piece, go to **~s**, (fig.) collapse.

pile, atomic **~**, apparatus for the study or utilization of atomic energy.

pilot. Also, *a.* preliminary and experimental. **~ balloon**, small balloon used by meteorologists.

pin. **~-point**, *a.* (of target) small and requiring accurate shooting or bombing. **~-prick**, petty annoyance.

ping, *n.* sound as of bullet's flight. *v.i.* emit ping. **~-pong**, table tennis.

pipe. **~-line**, line of pipes for conveying liquid (esp. oil) to a distance; (fig.) goods in transit from producer to consumer or retailer.

pipĕtte', *n.* slender tube used for transferring or measuring small quantities of liquid.

plănk'ton, *n.* drifting or floating organisms found at or near surface of oceans and lakes.

plăt'ypus, *n.* ornithorhynchus.

Plim'soll. **~ line**, mark, statutory load-line on hulls of British ships. **~s**, *n.pl.* shoes of rubber and canvas.

plough. **~ back**, (fig.) reinvest (profits) in business, &c.

plug. Also: *v.t.* (colloq.) repeat (tune) over and over again.

plummet. Also: *v.i.* plunge straight down.

Plu'to (-ōō-), *n.* small planet whose orbit is beyond that of Neptune.

plutōn'ium (-ōō-), *n.* radio-active element produced from uranium.

ply[1]. **~-wood**, strong thin board made of layers glued together with the grains crosswise.

polar. **pō'larize**, *v.t.* confine vibrations in (light or heat waves, &c.) to single direction or plane

by passing through pelon or other means.
police. ~ state, State controlled by means of political police.
pom'elo (pŏ-), n. small shaddock or grape fruit.
pongee (-ē), n. soft unbleached Chinese silk.
pontificate, v.i. play the pontiff, assume airs of infallibility.
pool. football ~ competition in which a proportion of entry money is awarded to those who correctly forecast result of some football matches.
Portland cement, a cement made from calcined chalk and clay in colour resembling ~ stone, limestone from Portland.
position. Also v.t. place in position; find position of.
pos'itron, n. positive electron.
post. Also Last ~, (mil.) last bugle call of day *apart from Lights out*.
pott, n. a size of paper.
poundage. Also charge on postal order &c.
power. Also v.t. supply (vehicle) with power or a source of power.
pred'ator, n. predatory animal.
pre-emp'tive, a. (bridge) ~ bid, high bid intended to prevent further bidding.
prefab, n. prefabricated house.
prefab'ricate, v.t. make (houses) in sections in factories for assembly at a different place.
pre'puce, n. loose skin covering end of penis.
pressure. Also ~ cooker, vessel for cooking food quickly in high-pressure steam. ~ group, group of persons exerting political pressure.
pretty. Also n. (golf) fairway.
pro, n. (col.) professional.
producer. ~ gas, combustible gas for fuel, &c., produced by passing air and steam through red-hot carbon.
prop², n. (colloq.) aircraft propeller.
prop³, n. (theatr.) stage property.
pros'tate, n. large gland accessory to male generative organs.

protocol. Also: diplomatic etiquette.
psychi'atry (sīk-), n. medical treatment of mental disease.
public. ~ relations, relations of department, organization, &c., with the general public. ~ relations officer, person who gives out information to the public in connexion with some department, &c.
pull. ~-over, woollen jersey put on over the head.
pul'motor (-ōt-), n. apparatus for applying artificial respiration by pumping air &c. into lungs. P
pu'rée (-ā), n. vegetables, meat, &c., cooked and passed through sieve; soup made of this.
pussyfoot. Also v.i. move stealthily, act cautiously.
put. Also ~ across, impose (on persons) with success in deceiving, *succeed in explaining*.
pylon. Also lattice-work structure, esp. one carrying overhead electric cables.

Q

quantum. ~ theory, hypothesis that radiant energy is discharged in discrete amounts.
queen. Also: court-card between king and knave; chess-piece of greatest value.
quis'ling, n. (col.) pro-Nazi traitor or fifth-columnist.

R

[illegible], n. roof (of church).
Rachel' (-sh-), a. (of face-powder) of yellowish-brown shade.
racial. ~ism, n. tendency to, encouragement of, antagonism between different races of men.
racket². Also: (colloq.) scheme for effecting some object illegally; racketeering, n. (esp.) organized blackmail by intimidation. racketeer, n.
ra'dar, n. radiolocation.
radio. Also ~gram, combined wireless receiver and electric gramophone.

radioloca'tion, n. system of detecting approach of aircraft, &c., by reflected radio waves.
reac'tor, n. atomic pile.
*real'tor, n. real-estate agent.
recep'tionist, n. person employed to receive clients.
recession. Also *trade slump.
record. Also v.t. (radio) register (sound or television item or programme) for subsequent reproduction, reproduce (item or programme so registered).
rédeploy'ment, n. improved arrangement of plant and use of personnel in factories.
refla'tion, n. inflation of currency after a deflation.
Reich, n. the German State.
re'ject, n. rejected thing or person.
‖ rentier (rahntyā'), n. person living on investments, &c.
remand. Also ~ home, place of detention for juveniles.
remember. Also Remembrance day 11th November, the anniversary of the armistice of 1918, or the Sunday before this.
remote. ~ control, control of apparatus from a distance by electrically operated device, radio waves, &c.
replacement. Also person or thing that replaces another.
report (n.). Also, periodical statement on a pupil's work, conduct, &c., at school.
rése'da (-z-), n. dull greyish-green colour.
respirator. Also gas-mask.
‖ retroussé (-ōsā), a. turned up (of nose).
rev, n. (colloq.) revolution (of internal-combustion engine).
revers' (-vēr), n. turned-back front edge of garment.
rhine'stone (rīns-), n. kind of rock crystal, paste diamond.
ribbon. ~ building, development, building along sides of main road.
road'ster, n. horse, bicycle, &c., for ordinary use on road.
rough. ~age, n. bran, &c., eaten as a bowel stimulant.
rule. work to ~, make efficiency impossible by keeping every rule strictly as substitute for strike.
ruc'tion, n. (sl.) row, uproar.
run. ~way, n. specially prepared section of airfield for the taking-off and landing of aircraft. ~ning board, foot-board of motor-car, &c.

S

sal ammō'niac, n. ammonium chloride, a white crystalline salt.
salvo. Also number (of bombs) dropped simultaneously from aircraft.
San'ta Claus (-z), n. mythical personage who fills children's stocking with presents at Christmas.
‖ sauerkraut (sowr'krowt), n. German dish of pickled cabbage.
scan. Also (television) resolve (picture) into elements of light and shade for transmission.
schizophrē'nia (sk-), n. mental disease characterized by emotional, but not intellectual, instability.
Schnor'kel, n. long tube for supplying submerged submarine with air for engines and crew.
Scotch. ~ terrier, small rough-haired short-legged kind (colloq. Scot'ty).
scramble. Also v.t. cook (eggs) by breaking into pan with butter, milk, &c., stirring slightly & heating; alter frequency of speech of (telephone conversation) so as to make it unintelligible to eavesdroppers.
screen, v.t. Also scrutinize (personnel, esp. to prevent espionage or political subversion); provide with oscillation damper.
script. Also written examination answers.
scum'ble, v.t. soften (oil-colour) by overlaying with thin coat of opaque colour. n. scumbled effect or part.
sea. ~-anchor, kind of drag keeping vessel, &c., from drifting or with head to wind. ~-shell, shell of shell-fish.

Sea'lyham (-lĭ-am), *n.* kind of terrier.
seize. Also, (of machinery) become stuck, jam, from undue heat or pressure.
self- ~-service, attrib. (of restaurant, shop, &c.) in which customers help themselves to food or goods to be paid for afterwards. *n.* this kind of service.
seller's market, conditions where demand exceeds supply and prices are high.
set¹ Also fix (hair) when damp so that it dries in waves.
set² Also (cinema) built-up scene.
shake, *v.* Also upset the composure of (a person).
shear ~ legs, shear legs, dismasted ship fitted with ~-legs, hoisting shears.
shell (*v.*) ~ out (*sl.*), pay out.
Sher'pa, *n.* one of a Tibetan people living on Himalayas.
Shet'land (pony), *n.* small breed native to Shetland Isles.
shock² ~ tactics, sudden and violent action. ~ troops, picked and highly disciplined body of men.
shoe. ~-string, (colloq.) small or inadequate sum of money. *a.* barely adequate.
short, *n.* Also short-circuit.
shot² *n.* Also scene in cinematograph film. ~-gun, smooth-bore gun for firing small shot at short range.
Siamese. ~ cat, short-haired kind with cafe-au-lait colour and chocolate-brown mask and points.
Siegfried (sē'gfrēd) line, *n.* German fortified line along Franco-German frontier.
sil'icon, *n.* a non-metallic element.
silver ~ fish, silvery insect found in damp places.
sit. ~-down strike, one in which strikers refuse to leave factory mine, &c., in which they work.
skirting-board, *n.* board along bottom of room-wall.
slap'-stick, *n.* harlequin's flexible divided lath; boisterous low comedy of rough kind.
slim. Also *v.t.* reduce weight by dieting, &c.
slip, *n.* Also (*pl.*) bathing-drawers.
slow Also: (of surfaces) tending to cause slowness. ~ motion, (of cinema film) taken at higher speed than normal, so that in projection at normal speed all movements seem slow.
small. Also ~s, *n.pl.* ~ articles of laundry.
smarm'y *a.* (colloq.) unctuously ingratiating, fulsome.
smash, *v.* Also: ~ing, *a.* (sl.) extremely good or good-looking.
smithereens' (-dh-), *n. pl.* small fragments.
smog, *n.* mixture of smoke and fog.
snaffle. Also: *v.t.* (sl.) appropriate, purloin.
snag. Also: obstacle, drawback.
snake. Also: *v.i.* manoeuvre aircraft, be manoeuvred, in sinuous course.
snip, *n.* Also (racing sl.) certainty.
snow Abominable Snowman, (subhuman animal alleged to have been seen, or supposed to leave tracks in the snow on the higher Himalaya mountains.
sock'eye, *n.* blue-back salmon.
sod² (vulg.), **sod'omite,** *n.*, person guilty of sodomy.
soda. ~-fountain, (shop, counter equipped with) vessel in which soda-water is stored under pressure for drawing off.
soffit, *n.* downward surface of top of arch, doorway, &c.
soft. Also: ~ wood, wood of spruce or fir deal.
so'lo. Also: unaccompanied flight. *a.* alone, unaccompanied.
son'ic, *a.* of sound (~ waves) ~ barrier resistance offered by air to object moving at speed near that of sound.
sound ~ box, that part of a mechanical gramophone which contains the needle and the diaphragm.
space. ~-ship, craft for travelling through interplanetary space.
spas'tic, *a.* caused by or subject to

spasmodic), *n.* person suffering from cerebral palsy.
spin, *n.* Also aircraft's diving descent with continued rotation on its axis.
spin'dly, *a.* slender attenuated.
spiritual. Also *n.* religious song peculiar to Amer negroes.
spiv *n.* man, usu. young and flashy exploiting community esp. in black market.
splinter ~ party political party that has broken away from a larger one.
spot. Also *v.i.* act as observer (esp. from the air) of enemy's position, effect of gunfire, approach of aircraft, &c. spott'er *n.* ~light, beam of light concentrated on actor, &c.
sprock'et, *n.* projection on wheel engaging links of chain.
stack, *v.* Also: direct (aircraft) to fly round at different heights until they can land.
stagger, *v.* Also set (like parts of structure, &c.) in overlapping, slantwise, or zigzag arrangement; arrange (hours of work, holidays, &c.) so that they differ from those of others.
stale[2] *v.i.* & *n.* (of horse, &c.) (void) urine
stand. ~ in, deputize *for* ~-in, deputy, substitute.
stay ~-in strike, sit-down strike.
Sten, *n.* small, cheap, mass-produced sub-machine gun, fired from hip.
stereo- stereophō'nic, *a.* (of sound reproduced) giving the effect of coming from more than one direction.
sterile, sterilize. Also: make incapable of producing offspring.
sterling Also ~ area, countries whose currencies are linked to the British pound.
stick[1] Also: ~er, adhesive label.
stick[2] Also number (*of bombs*) dropped in quick succession from aircraft.
still[2], *n.* (cinema) photograph as distinct from moving picture.
stock. Also ~piling, accumulation of strategic stocks of materials.
stooge, *n.* (theatr sl.) person acting as foil for comedian, &c. (sl.) one who is learning to fly; subordinate, puppet.
storm. ~ troops, shock troops, esp. Nazi semi-military organization. ~ troo'per, member of this.
stōvaine, *n.* local anaesthetic, usu. injected into spine.
straddle. Also drop bombs across (target) with first and last at opposite sides or ends of it.
strap. ~-hanger, passenger holding on to strap for want of a seat.
strat'osphere, *n.* layer of atmospheric air lying above troposphere, in which temperature remains constant.
stream'line, *v.t.* shape so as to reduce resistance to air or water
street. ~-walker, prostitute.
strike. Also ~-bound, immobilized by ~.
string Also (*pl.*) conditions attached to offer, &c.
strip (*n.*). Also narrow space in newspaper for small pictures telling a comic or serial story
‖ stu'ka (-ōō-), *n.* German dive-bomber
Styx, *n.* river encompassing Hades; *cross the* ~ die.
sŭb-fūse, *a.* sober-hued.
sub-machine gun, *n.* machine gun of less than usual size.
subsidiary ~ (company), company controlled by another holding more than half its issued share capital.
sub'title, *n.* film caption.
sulphanil'amide, *n.* drug used to counteract streptococcal infections.
sū'percharger, *n.* mechanical device for forcing extra quantity of explosive mixture into cylinder of internal-combustion engine.
supersō'nic, *a.* faster than sound.
sū'personic, *n.* sound vibrations too rapid to be audible
surrē'alism, *n.* movement in painting, literature &c., seeking to express subconscious mind by

images, &c., in sequences or associations such as may occur in dreams. ~ism, n. ~ist, n. & a.

jerry-built, a. lightly built, flimsy.

swash[2] (-ŏ-), a. (typ., of italic capital letters) having top & bottom flourishes.

swot (-ŏt), v.i. slang, cram (tyr).

swing. Also particular kind of jazz music.

switch. ~board, apparatus for varying connexion between electric circuits.

swizzle, n. compounded intoxicating drink.

T

table. ~ tennis, game played on table-top with rackets, net, and light balls.

tacky, a. (of varnish, &c.) in the sticky stage before complete dryness.

take. ~ care of, be adequate provision against, ~ off, (of aircraft) become airborne from rest.

thalidomide, n. (sl.) [illegible].

tear[2] ~-gas, lachrymatory gas.

technical. technician, person skilled in technical details of an art or subject.

tech'nicolor ([illegible]), n. system of *colour photography esp. in films.* P

teddy boy, n. youth affecting style of dress characteristic of Edward VII's reign.

teens. teen-ager, person in his or her teens.

televise, v.t. & n. broadcast in television.

televisable, a. suitable for being televised.

telerecording, n. recorded item or programme (to be) televised.

tell. Also direct (person) to do judge, form an opinion.

telly, n. (sl.) television.

temperature. Also: body ~ above normal.

territorial. ~ waters, maritime waters under jurisdiction of State esp. that part of the sea within three miles of shore

thermite, n. mixture of powdered aluminium and iron oxide producing very high temperature on combustion, used in incendiary bombs, for welding, &c.

thermonuclear bomb, n. hydrogen bomb.

thermostat, n. automatic device for regulating temperature. thermostatic, a.

three. Also ~-decker, novel in three volumes. ~-lane, marked or designed to accommodate three lines of traffic.

thrombosis, n. clotting in blood-vessel.

throw. Also ~-back, reversion to an earlier ancestral type.

tiddler, n. (nursery name for) stickleback.

tigon, n. hybrid offspring of tiger and lioness.

time. ~ bomb, one designed to explode after interval from time of being dropped, placed in position, &c. ~-lag, interval between cause &c., and result or consequence.

tin. ~-pan alley, (fig.) the world of composers and publishers of popular music.

Tokay, n. a Hungarian wine.

token. ~ payment, proportionately *small payment* made esp. by debtor State as indication that debt, or obligation is not repudiated.

tolerance. Also permissible variation in dimension, weight, &c.

tommy-gun, n. (sl.) The name sub-machine gun.

Topsyturvy, n. Hell.

total. Also, (of warfare) in which all available weapons and resources are employed.

totalitarian, a. permitting no rival policies or parties.

touch. (sl.) ~ *for* get (money) out of.

trace. tracer bullet, shell, &c., one having a burning composition in its base which enables its course to be observed.

track. Also wheel-band of tank, tractor, &c.

trac'tor. Also: self-propelled vehicle for hauling other vehicles, farm machines, &c.

trade. ~ cycle, recurrent alternation of trade conditions between prosperity and depression.

traff'icator, n. electrically operated turn indicator on motor vehicle.

trail. ~ing edge, rear edge of aircraft's wing.

trailer. Also: extracts from film exhibited in advance as advertisement.

transport, n. Also means of ~.

trau'ma, n. wound, injury (psychology), emotional shock. traumat'ic, a.

trickle. ~ charger, slow working accumulator charger.

trī'ode, a. & n. (wireless valve) with three electrodes.

trip'lex glass, n. kind of unsplinterable glass. P

trop'osphere, n. layer of atmospheric air extending about 7 miles upwards from earth's surface, in which temperature falls with height.

tuberculin, tūbĕr'cūlin, n. preparation from cultures of tubercle bacillus used esp. as test for tuberculosis.

tūr'bo- in comb. turbine. ~-jet engine, one having a turbine-driven compressor for supplying compressed air to combustion chamber. ~-prop(eller) engine, one having a turbine-driven propeller.

Tus'can, a. of Tuscany. ~ order, one of the five orders of architecture.

tweed. Also: pl. suit of ~.

twenty. ~-five, (hockey &c.) line drawn across ground 25 yds. from each goal.

twin. ~ set, woman's matching cardigan and jumper.

type. ~script, typewritten matter.

U

ukulele (ūkŭlā'lĭ, ū-), n. four-stringed Hawaiian guitar.

ull'age, n. what a cask, &c., wants of being full.

ultracen'trifuge, n. very high-speed centrifuge.

ultramicroscop'ic, a. beyond the range of microscopes.

underline (v.). Also stress, emphasize.

underprivileged (-jd), a. belonging to the lower classes of society.

untouch'able, n. non-caste Hindu (whom caste man may not touch).

up-stage, a. (sl.) supercilious.

utility, a. (of clothes, furniture, &c.), made in austere standardized styles.

V

V abbr. of 'Vengeance' in names of a series of German 'new' weapons used as means of aerial bombardment. V 1, a flying bomb. V 2, a long-range rocket-propelled torpedo.

vamoose' -oose(s), v.i. (sl.) decamp, make off.

vandyke', n. triangular point of deeply serrated or indented border or edge.

veil. Also take the ~, become a nun. ~ing, n. material for veils.

vermouth' (-ōōth, or vĕr'mōōth), n. kind of aperitif.

vī'able, a. capable of living or surviving.

vic, n. V-shaped formation of aircraft.

view. Also ~-point, way of regarding a matter, position.

voile, n. thin semi-transparent dress material.

vol'-au-vent' (-ō-vahn), n. kind of raised pie.

V sign, initial letter of 'victory' made with fore and middle finger of (right) hand.

vulgar. vulgar'ian, n. vulgar person, esp. one who is rich or conspicuous.

vulnerable. Also (contract bridge) having won one game towards rubber.

W

wage. Also ~ freeze, pegging of wage levels.
ward, warden. Also: member of civilian organization for assistance of civil population in air-raids.
water. ~-closet, place for evacuation of bowels with water-supply for flushing pan. ~-glass, solution of sodium silicate used in preserving eggs, &c.
wedge. Also: ~-shaped golf club.
welfare. Also: ~ state, one in which the health and well-being of the citizens are a chief concern of the government.
well. ~-off, in good circumstances, esp. as regards money.
wheel. ~-base, distance between front & rear axles of vehicle.
whip. whipping-boy (fig.) scapegoat.
white. ~ elephant, rare but burdensome possession.
whodunit (hōō-), n. (sl.) mystery or detective story.
***whoopee** (wŏŏ-), n. make ~, rejoice noisily, have a roaring time.
winceyette' (-si-), n. kind of wincey with less wool.
wind¹. ~-sock, canvas cylinder or cone flown from mast-head to show aircraft direction of wind. ~ tunnel, apparatus for testing models of aircraft under known velocities of ~.
wine. ~-sap, large red Amer. winter apple.
wing. Also: one of the broad supporting surfaces of an aeroplane; front mudguard of motor vehicle; (football, &c.) forward, &c., whose place is either side of centre.
wise. ~-crack, (colloq.) smart pithy remark; v.i. make wisecracks.
wish. ~ful thinking, confusion of wishes and expectations.
wonky a. (sl.) shaky, unreliable.
wood. Also: (bowls) a bowl.
work. Also ~ing party, committee, orig. of workers and management, investigating improvements in industrial efficiency &c.

X

xenophobia, n. strong dislike of foreigners.

Y

yaourt (yah'oort), **yogh(o)urt** (yō'goort), n. sour fermented liquor made from milk in Levant.
yellow. Also: (sl.) cowardly.
yes. ~-man, characterless, weakly acquiescent person.

Z

zip, n. light sharp sound. ~-fastener (P.), zipper, n., fastening device consisting of two flexible stringers engaged and disengaged by means of a sliding cam pulled between them.

---

māte, mēte, mīte, mōte, mūte, mōōt; răck, rĕck, rĭck, rŏck, rŭck, rŏŏk; mâre, mēre, mīre, mōre, mūre, part, pert, port; italics, vague sounds; ah, awl, oil, boor, cow, dowry; chin, go, bang, so, ship, thin; dh as (dh)en, zh as (rou)ge; ė = ĭ, ŏŏ = ōō; ÿ ÿ = ĭ, ī and see p. 4. * = U.S.

A. PRONUNCIATION OF PROPER NAMES

This list is intended as a guide to the pronunciation of some difficult proper names frequently met with. It makes no claim to completeness, and many geographical names in particular have had to be omitted.

One or two general points may perhaps be noted here. Classical names ending in -*es* are usually pronounced (-ēz). In New Zealand and most newly-colonized countries all native names are pronounced with all vowels sounded (and pronounced as Italian vowels, i.e. *a* = ah, *e* = ā or ĕ, *i* = ē or ĭ, *u* = ōō). The U.S. pronunciation of some American place-names differs from the usual English pronunciation. In the following list such specifically U.S. pronunciations are preceded by an asterisk. There are many proper names (e.g. Kerr, Smyth) the pronunciation of which varies according to the family or individual referred to; such names have usually been omitted.

The following symbols have been employed in indicating pronunciation, in addition to those in the body of the work.

χ = *ch* in the Scottish pronunciation of *loch*.

ẓ = soft *g* in *ginger*

ñ indicates that the preceding vowel is nasalized.

Aar'on (âr-)
Abbeville (ăb'vēl)
Abĕd'nĕgō
A'bel (ā-)
Ab'ĕlard (ă-)
Abernĕ'thy (ă-)
Abi'jah (-a)
Aboukir (ahbōōkēr')
Abou (ah'bōō)
A'braham (ā-)
Abroa'd (-brōōd)
Aby'dos
Accra (ă'kra or akrah')
Acel'dama (-k or -s-)
Achates (akā'tēz)
Ach'eron (ăk-)
Achilles (akĭl'ēz)
Achit'ophel (ak-)
Ad'elaide (ă-)
A'den (ā-)
Adiron'dack (ă-)
Adonā'is (ă-)
Adō'nis
Adriat'ic (ā-)
Æge'an
Ægi'na
Æ'frio (ā-)
Æne'as
Æne'id
Æ'olus
Æschylus (ē-)
Æ'sop
Afghan (ăf'găn)
Afghanistan (ăfg or -ahn or Afghanistan')
A'gag (ā-)
Agincourt (ăj'ĭnkōrt)
A'gra (ah or ā-)
A'ida (ah-ē-)
Aix-la-Chapelle (ā'ks-lah-shahpĕl')
Aix-les-Bains (ā'ks-lā-băñ)
Ajmer' (ŭj-)
Alabama (ălabah'ma or -băm-)
Alăd'din
Albani (ălbah'nĭ)
A'lbany (aw-)
Alcan'tara (ălcahn-)
Alces'tis (ă-)
Alcibi'ades (ă-, -z)
Aldĕb'aran (ă-)
Alecto'ne (ă-)
Alĕp'pō (ă-)
Algiers (ăljērz')
Allahabad (ăla-habăd')
Allegheny (ălĭgā'nĭ or -ĕnĭ)
Almeria (ă-)
Alsace (ăl'săs or -zas)
Amiens [French city] (ămyăñ')
Amiens [in Shakespeare] (ā'mĭenz)
A'mos (ā-)

Amphit'ryon (ă-)
Anac'reon
An Am (ă-)
Anan'as (ă-)
Anchises (ăngkī'sēz)
Andes (ăn'dēz)
Androclēs (ă-; -ē)
Andromache (ă-; -kē)
Androm'eda (ă-)
Andronicus [in Shakespeare] (ă-)
Angel'ica (ă-)
An'tevin (ă)
Angö'ra (ăngr; or ăng'gora)
Antæ'us (ă)
Anthem (ăn'thĕm)
Anthony (ăn'tonĭ)
Antig'onus (ă-)
Antium (ăn'tĭŭm)
Antræ'dos (ă-)
Antoni'nus (ă-)
Apel'les (-ēz)
Aphrodi'tē (ă-)
Apollina'ris
Apol'lyon
Apen'i chine (ă-; or -ĕch-)
Aqui'nas
Aräch'ne (-kn-)
Aravalli (arah'vallĭ)
Archimedes (ar'kĭmē'dēz)
Aret'ĭus (ä-)
Areopagit'ica (ă-; or -ē-)
Arethū'sa (ă-; -zŭ)
Ar'gentine (ar-)
Argyll (argīl')
Ariad'ne (ă-)
Ar'ïel (ā-)
Aries (ā'rĭēz)
Aristī'dēs (ă-; -z)
Aristoph'anes (ă-; -z)
A'ristŏtle (ă-)
Ari'on (ă-)
Arkansas (ar'kansaw)
Arme'nia (ar-)
Artaxerxes (ar'tagzerk'sēz)
Ar temis (ar-)
Ar'gus (ar-)
A'rundel (ă-)
Asia (ā'shă)
As'cal (ăsk-)
Asmodeus (ăzmōdē')
Astăr'tē (ă-)
Astrakhan (ăstrakăn')
Atalanta (ă-)
A'tē (ā- or ah-)
Athenæ'um (ă-)
Athē'nē
Athens (ă-; -z)

At'ropos (ă-)
Auchinleck (ăf'lĕk)
Auge'as
Augus'tine
Aurē'lius
Autol'ycus
A'valon (ă)
Avignon (ă'vēnyawn)
A von (ā-)
Azores' (-ōrz)
Az'rael (ă-)
Bā'al
Bā'bel
Bab'ylon
Bacchus (-k)
Bach (bahk)
Ba'den (bah-)
Bā'den-Pow'ell (-ĕl)
Bae'deker (bā-)
Bagehot (băj'ĕt)
Bahamas (ba-hah'maz)
Baiæ (bī'ē)
Balearic (or băl-ĭăr'ĭk)
Bal kan (bawl-)
Bal'liol
Balmor'al
Balthazar [in Shakespeare]
Baluchistan (-ŏŏk; or băloochĭst-ahn')
Barotse (bah'rōtō; or bĭ-)
Barab'bas
Barbā'dos (-ōz)
Barbarossa
Bar'mecide
Baro'da
Barra island
Ba'sle
Bā'shan
Basra (-ŭ-; or bŭs-)
Bassanio (-ahn-)
Bastille' (-ēl)
Basu'toland (-ōō-)
Batā'via (or bă-)
Bā'ton Rouge (rōōzh)
Bau cis
Bayeux (bä yĕr')
Bayreuth (bī-roit)
Bea consfield (bĕ- or bē-)
Beauchamp (bē'chum)
Beaulieu (bū'lĭ)
Beaune (bōn)
Bechuana na (bĕchōōah'na or bĕch-)
Beel'zebub (or bēĕl-)
Beethoven (bā'tōven)
Behring (bā- or bē-)
Beira (bī'ra)
Beirut (bā-rōōt)

Bel'gium (-jum)
Be'lial
Belisa'rius (-z-)
Bellerophon
Bellini (-lē-)
Belvoir (bē'ver)
Benares (-z or bē-)
Bengal (bĕngawl')
Ben'tham (-tam)
Berkeley (bark'lĭ)
Berk'ley [America]
Berkshire (bark'sher)
Berlin
Berlioz (bĕr'lēōs)
Bermu'das (-z)
Berwick (bĕr'rĭk)
Bethune [English surname] (bē'tn)
Bicester (bĭs'ter)
Bid'eford
Bir'dlow (-z -ō)
Bilbao'
Bismarck' (-ĭz)
Bilbā ō
Blanc (-ahn)
Blenheim (-ĭm)
Bleriot (blā'riō)
Bloemfontein (-ōō- -ān)
Blücher (blōō'ker)
Boadice'a
Boanerges (-z)
Boers (-kahch-)
Bo'dleian (-dlēan)
Boer (or boor)
Bolingbroke
Bohun (bōōn)
Boleyn (bōōl'in)
Bona'parte (-par-)
Boötes (bō-ō'tēz)
Bordeaux' (-dō)
Borodino
Bo'realis
Bos'ton (baws-)
Bo'tha (-ta)
Botticelli (-chĕl-)
Boulogne (bōōlōn')
Bour'bon (boor-)
Bourchier (bow'cher)
Bow (bō)
Box (or -ō-)
Brabant' (brā-)
Brā mahs (-ah- -z)
Brazil'
Breadal'bane (-awl-)
Brougham (brōōm or brōō'am)
Bruges (brōōzh)
Buccleuch (bŭklōō')
Budolph'alms
Bū'charest (-kar-)
Bū dapest
Buenos Ayres (bō'nōsī'rĭz or bō'ĭn-)
Bulawayo (bōōlawī'ō)
Bul'leigh (-lĭ)
Byr'on
Byrsha (bĭrsh)
Byzan'tium
Cab'ot
Cā diz
Cadog'an (-ŭg-)
Cad'mon (kă-)
Caen (kahn)
Caesar (sē'zer)
Cagliostro (kahlyŏs'trō)
Cai'aphas (kī-)
Cairo (kī'rō)
Caius [Roman name] (kī'us)
Caius [Cambridge college] (kēz)
Cal'ais (-lā or -ĭs or -ĭ)
Caledō nia
Calig'ula
Calli'ope
Cā'mbridge
Camby'ses (-z)
Campa'gna (-ahnya)
Campbell (kăm'bl)
Cā'naan (-nan)
Canberra
Candid cē
Can'opus
Carlo'taeus
Carew' (-rōō)
Carew [Thomas, 1598–1639] (kār'ĭ)
Car'ey
Carlisle' (-īl)
Carmar'then (-dh-)
Carnar'von
Carnegie (-gĭ, or -nā'gĭ)
Carol'ina
Casabian'ca
Cassiope'ia (-ēa)
Castile' (-ēl)
Cathay'
Caterina (or kătrē'na)
Catull'us
Ca'vell
Cavour' (-oor)
Cecil (sĕs'il or sĭs'il)
Cecil'ia
Cellini (chĕlē'nĭ)
Cenci (chĕn'chē)
Cē'res (-z)
Cervan'tes (-z)
Chadwick (-ĭ-)

Ceylon' (sē-)
Chalmers' [illegible]
Chaldea [illegible]
Chal'dees [illegible]
Chal'ice [illegible]
Chamouni [illegible]
Champollion [illegible]
Cha'ring Cross (-ăws; or chă-)
Charlemagne [illegible]
Cha'ron [illegible]
Chartreuse [illegible]
Charyb'dis [illegible]
Chat'ham [illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
Cher'well [illegible]
Chicago [illegible]
Chile
Chiswick [illegible]
Chloe [illegible]
Cholmondeley [illegible]
Chopin [illegible]
Cicero [illegible]
Cimabue [illegible]
Cimarron [illegible]
Cincinnati [illegible]
Cir'cé
Cirencester [illegible]
[illegible]
Clerkenwell [illegible]
Cli'o
Clough [illegible]
Clovelly
Coch'in-Chi'na
Cochabamba [illegible]
Coeur de Lion [illegible]
Colbourne [illegible]
[illegible]
Cologne' [illegible]
Colombo [illegible]
Colón
Colorado [illegible]
Colquhoun [illegible]
[illegible]
Comte [illegible]
[illegible]
Con'stable [illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
Cremona [illegible]
Crichton [illegible]
Crimea

Cro'cé
[illegible]
Culloden
[illegible]
[illegible]
Cyp'rus
Cy'ril
[illegible]
Czech [illegible]
Dae'dalus
[illegible]
[illegible]
Dam'ocles [illegible]
Da'nae
Dante [illegible]
Daph'né
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
De Crespigny [illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
De la Mare [illegible]
Delhi [illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
Der'by [illegible]
De Reszke [illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
Des Moines [illegible]
Detroit
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
Dijon [illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]

Disraeli (-rā'lĭ)
Di'vēs (-z)
Domit'ian (-shĭan)
Don Giovan'ni (jōvah-)
Don Ju'an (jōō'an)
Donne
Donne [John, 1573–1631] (dŭn)
Don Quix'ote (or kwĭks'ot)
Dor'chester (-chĕs-)
Doug'las (dŭg-)
Drey'fus (drā-)
Dub'lin
Dul'wich (-ĭj)
Du'mas (-mah)
Du Maurier (mōr'ĭā)
Dunedin' (ĭn)
[illegible]
Dur'ban
Durham (dŭ'rum)
Dvorak (dvŏr'zhahk)
Ebbw (ĕb'ōō)
Ecclesias'tes (ĭk- -zĭ- z)
Ed'inburgh (ĕ-; burŭ)
[illegible] (ĕ-)
Eif'fel-tower (ī-)
[illegible] (ī'[illegible])
Eire (âr'ĕ)
El Dorado (ĕldorah'dō)
E'li (ē-)
E'lia (ē-)
E'ly (ē-)
Empedocles (ĕ- -z)
Endym'ion (ĕ-)
Eng'land (ĭngg-)
[illegible] (ĕ-)
[illegible] (ĕ-)
[illegible] (ĕ-)
Erewhon (ĕ-)
Erie (ēr'ĭ)
Erin (ĭr'ĭn or ēr'-)
Er'os (ēr-)
[illegible] (ĕ-)
[illegible] (ĕ-)
Etherege (ĕth'erĭj)
E'ton (ē-)
Euboea (ūbē'a)
Eu'clid
Euphra'tes (-z)
Eurip'ides (ūr- -z)
Europe (ūr'op)
Euryd'ice (ūr-)
Euter'pe
Evel'ina (ĕ- -ēna)
Ev'elyn (ē- or ĕ-)
Eyck (īk)
Ezek'iel (ĭ-)

Fa'gin (-g-)
Fal'lodon
Far'quhar (-kwer)
Fa'tima
Fau(l)k'land (fawk-)
Faust (fowst)
Featherstonehaugh (făn'shaw)
Fidel'io (-dā-)
Fiennes (fīnz)
Fie'sole (fē-ā-)
Fig'aro
Fiji (fē-)
Finisterre' (-ār)
[illegible] (-ou)
Flor'ida
Foch (fŏsh)
Folkestone (fōk-)
Fort'inbras
Fotheringay (or -ghā-)
Freud (froid)
Frö'bel (frē-)
Fro'bisher
Froude (frōōd)
Frowde (-owd; or -ōōd)
Gael (gāl)
Gala'pagos (gahlah-)
Ga'len
Galile'o (-lāō)
Galle (gawl)
Gallip'oli
Galsworthy (gawlz'werdhĭ)
Gama'liel
Gan'ges (-z)
[illegible] (g)
[illegible] (g)
[illegible] (g)
[illegible] (g)
[illegible] (g)
Geoffrey (jĕf'rĭ)
Ghats (gawts)
Ghirlandaio (gēr- -dah'yō)
Giaour (jowr)
Gibral'tar (j-; -awl-)
Gid'eon (g-)
Gil'ead (g-)
Gillette' (j-)
[illegible] (j-)
Giotto (j-)
[illegible]
Glamis (glahmz)
[illegible]
Gloucester (glŏs'ter)
Gluck (-ōōk)
Go'a
God'alming
[illegible] (-dah-)
Godi'va

Goethe (gö'te)
Goldsmith
Gotham [Notts.] (gŏt'am)
Gō'tham [New York]
Gounod (gōō'nō)
Gracchus (grăk'us)
Grimal'di (-mäl'-)
Greenwich (grĭn'ĭj)
Greuze (grûz)
Grisy (grē'zē)
Grünewald (-vält)
Groote Schuur (grō'tĕ skoor)
Gros Ventre (grō vänt'r)
Guadeloupe (gwä'dĕ-lōōp')
Guatemala (gwä'tĕ-mä'lä)
Gudrun (gōōd'rōōn)
Guelph (gwĕlf)
Guernsey (gûrn'zĭ)
Guiana (gē-ä'nä)
Guinea (gĭn'ĭ)
Guizot (gē'zō)
Gusta'vus (-tā'-)
Haar'lem (här'-)
Hā'dēs (-ēz)
Hā'fiz
Hāgar
Hague (hāg)
Hā'ïti (hā'tĭ)
Halifax (-făks)
Hal'lam (or hă'-)
[illegible]
Hamilton
Hare'wood (hâr'- ; locally hăr'-)
Hā'roun al Rā'schid (-rōōn ; -shēd)
Harwich (hăr'ĭj)
Hăr'wich [America]
Hassan (has'an)
Havana
Havre (hä'vr)
Hawaii (hä-wī'ē)
Haw'arden (här'- ; or hā'-)
Haworth (or how'ĕrth)
Haydn (hī'-)
Hē'bē
Hē'brides (-ēz)
Hĕc'uba
[illegible]
[illegible] (or hē-[illegible])
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
Hē'raclitus (-ĭ-)
Hĕr'eford
Hĕ'reward
Her'mēs (-ēz)
Hĕrodotus
Hĕro'dĭas
Hērod'otus
Hert'ford [England] (här'f-)
Hert'ford [America]
Herts (härts)
Hesper'idēs (-z)
Hezeki'ah (-zē-)
Hildebrand
[illegible]
Hin'du Kush (-dōō kōōsh)
Hippoc'ratēs (-z)
Hippol'ytus
Hŏbb'ēma
Hō'boken
Hoh'enlinden (hō'ĕn-)
Hol'bein (-bīn)
Hol'born (hō'bĕrn)
Holofer'nēs (-z)
Hō'ly'rood
[illegible]
Hō'mer
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
Hugh'endĕn (hū'-)
[illegible]
Hy'derabad
Hy'dra (-dr-)
[illegible]
Hy'met'tus
Hypā'tia (-shĭa)
[illegible]
Iā'gō (ī-)
Ī'bīs (ī-)
Ī'carus (ī-)
Idaho (ī'dă-hō)
Idō (ī-)
Idomeneus (ī-)
[illegible]
Ilī'on (ī-)
Ilium (ī-)
Illinois (ĭl-)
Immanuel (ĭ-)
Inca (ĭng'-)
[illegible]
In'gelow (ĭn'jē-)
In ter laken (ĭ ; -lā-)
Ithā'ca (ī-)
Iō (ī-)
Ion (ī-)
Iowa (ī-)

Iphigeni'a (ĭ-)
Iquique (ē-kē'kā)
Iraq (ĭrahk')
Irawad'i (ĭ- wŏd-)
I roquois (ĭ- kwoi or kwah)
Isaac (ī'zac)
Isaiah (ī-zī'a)
I'sis (ī-)
Islam (ĭs'lahm)
I'sleworth (ī'zlw-)
Ismailia (ĭsmah-ē'lēa)
Isoc'rates (ī- -z)
Isolde (ēsōl'da)
Ispahan (ĭspa-hahn')
Ith'aca (ĭ-)
Ixī'on (ĭ-)
Jaeger (yā'ger)
Jā'ĕl
Jaipur (jīpoor')
Jāī'rus (or Jī'rus)
Jamai'ca
Janeir'ō (-ē)
Jā'nus
Jā'phĕt
Jā'ques [in Shakespeare] (kwĭz)
Ja'va (jah-)
Je'kyll
Je'na (yā-)
Jĕ'rome (or Jĕrōm')
Jĕr'vaulx (-vō)
Jōb
Jodhpur (jŏd'poor)
Jōhann'esburg
Jō'liĕt
Jōsē'phus
Jungfrau (yōōng'frow)
Kaap stadt (kahp- -t)
Kabul' (-ōōl or kaw'bōōl)
Kalahār'i (kah- -ee)
Kālamazōō
Kandahār' (-da-h-)
Kansas (state) (-zas)
Kan'sas [city] (-zas)
Kara'chi (-rah-)
Kăttĕgăt'
Kē'ble
Kē'dah
Kĕntŭck'y
Kē'nya (or kĕn-)
Kĕr'guelen (-gĭl-)
Keswick (kĕz'ĭk)
Keynes (kānz)
Khartum' (k ; -ōōm)
Khayyam (kī-ahm')
Khy'ber (k h
Kiev (kē'ĕf)
Kiel (kēl)

Kĭl'imanjār'ō
Kĭlkud'bright (-kōō'brĭ)
Knollys (nōlz)
Kō'bĕ
Koh-i-noor (kō-)
Kreisler (krī'sler)
Kreutzer (kroit'ser)
Labouchère (-lōōshār')
Lăch'ĕsis (k)
Laer'tes (-a)
Lafitte (lahfēt')
Lā'gŏs
La Junta (lah hōōn'ta)
L Allegrō (lahlā)
Lancelot (lahnselot)
Lāŏc'ŏŏn
Lapū'ta
Lascelles (lăs'ĕlz)
Las Pal'mas (lahs pahl-)
Laurĕn'cō Marques' (-sō; -kĕ)
Lausanne' (lōz-)
Lăv'ĕngrō
Lā'vĕry (or lă-)
Lavoisier (vwahzyā)
Leam'ington (lĕm-)
Lēăn'der (or lē-)
Lē'da
Le Fevre (lĕ'ver)
Leicester (lĕs'ter)
Leigh (lē)
Leinster (lĕn-)
Leipzig (līp-)
Leith (lē-)
Lē'land
Lē'ly
Lĕn'in
Leominster (lĕm'ster)
Leonardō (lē-ŏn-)
Le Queux (lĕkū')
Lē'thē (or -ĭ)
Leveson-Gower (lōō'sen-gōr')
Leviticus
Ley'den (lī or lā-)
Lhasa (la)
Lie'big (lē-)
Liège (-āzh)
Li'ma (lē-)
Limoges' (-ōzh)
Lin'coln (-kon)
Liszt (-st)
Llan- [as the first element in Welsh names] (hlăn-)
Llewel'lyn (lōō-)
Lohengrin (lō-)
Lon'don (lŭn-)
Longī'nus (-nj-)
Lŏr'elei (-lī)

Los An'geles (-lēez; -z)
Louisia'na (loo-ē-)
Lou'isville (lōō-)
Lourdes (loord)
Lou'vre (loo-)
[illegible] (lŏŏ-)
Ly'cidas
Lycur'gus
Ly'ly
Lyon'nesse
Lysander (līs-)
Lysan'der
Mă'cedon
Machiavel'li (măk-)
Mackay (mă-kī')
Macleod (măklowd')
Madei'ra (-dē-)
Madras' (or -drahs)
Madrid'
Mæce'nas
Maeterlinck (māt-)
Maes'tricht (mās- or māl-)
Mafe'king
Mag'dalen [Biblical name]
Magdalen [Oxford college] (maw'dlin)
Magdale'ne [Biblical name]
Magdalene [Cambridge college] (maw'dlin)
Magel'lan (-g-)
Maggio're (-j-)
Mahdi' (mah-dē; or -dee)
Mahomet (mahŏ'mĕt)
Mainwaring (măn'ering)
Mal'achi (-kī)
Malay'
Malaya'lam (-lahm-)
Mal'herbe (-lārb)
[The] Mall (or mawl)
Mal'ory
Mal'ta (mawl-)
Mal'vern (mawl-)
Mān'at (-ă)
Mā'hon (or măl-)
Marjoribanks (marsh'bănks)
Mărquesas (-kā')
Marseilles' (-sālz)
Mar'tineau (-nō)
Mar'tinique (-ēk)
Mā'ryland (*mĕr-)
Mā'ryleb'one (-lebon, or măr'ĭlbon)
Massil' (-si) (or mah-sē')
Massachu'setts (-tss-)
Mas'singer (-jĭ)
Matabe'le
Mauri'tius (-shŭs)

Maximil'ian (mă-kse-mĭl'-)
Meck'lenburg (-kl-)
Med'ici
Med'ina (-dē-)
Medi'na (-dē-)
Medi'na [America]
Mediterra'nean (mĕ-)
Melbourne
Mel'pomene
Men'ai (-ī)
Men de'lssohn (-son or -zōn)
Mephistoph'eles
Mercator
Mer'edith (-ĭ)
Meredith (-dĭ)
Meredith
Mes'sina
Messi'na (-sē-)
Methu'selah (-k)
Mey'nell (mā- or mĕ-)
Mi'lan'
Michelangelo (-kĕl-)
Mi'lan
Milan' (or mĭl'ăn)
Mil'ton (-ĭ)
Minneapolis
Mississippi
Miran'da
Missouri' (-oor-; *mĭs-)
Missis'sippi (-ĭ)
Mit'ylene
Mo'jave' (-hī)
Mohammed (mō- properly mŏ-hă-)
Mohican (-ē'kŭn)
Mo'lière (-lyār)
Mo'naco (-kō-)
Montaigne' (-tān)
Monta'na (-tah-, -ă-)
Montreal' (-awl)
Mŏ'rocco
Mon'tpellier (-ăr)
Mos'cow (-ō)
Moz'ambique' (-bēk)
Mül'ler (mŭl'ler)
Munich (mū'nĭk)
Mur'ray (-ĭ)
Mu'rillo
My'cenae
My'tilene
Myr'midons (or -ē)
Nairobi (nī-)
Na'mur
Na'ples (or nā'p'lz)
Napo'leon
Natal'
Nav'arre (-ar)
Naz'areth

Nepal' (-pawl')
Neva'da (-vah'; -ă)
Newfoundland' (-fŭnd)
Niag'ara
Nibelung (nē'bĕ-lo͝ong)
Nietzsche (nē'chĕ)
Ni'ger
Ni'le'n
Nizhni (-ē)
Nin'eveh (-vĕ)
Ni'obe
Norwich (nŏr'ĭj)
Nyasa'la
O'ban (ō-)
Ober-Ammergau (ō- -gow)
O'beron (ō-)
Odys'seus (-sūs)
Od'yssey (ŏ-)
Œ'dipus (ē-)
Œno'ne (ē-)
Ohi'o (ō-hī-)
Oklaho'ma (ō-)
Omaha (ō'ma-hah'; -aw)
Oman (ō-mahn')
Oneibanan (ōn'ĭ-bō'nan-ge)
Onta'rio (ŏ-)
Ophe'lia (ō-)
Ores'tes (ō- -ēz)
Ori'on (ō-)
Orle'ans (ŏr'; -ē)
Orleans [America] (ôr'lē-ănz')
Orpheus (ôr'fūs)
Orsino (ôr-sē'nō)
Osi'ris (ō-)
Os'ler (ō-)
Ota'go (ōtah-)
Othel'lo (ō-)
Ottawa (ŏt'a-wa)
Ottum'wa (ō-)
Ouida (wē'da)
Ouse (o͞oz)
Ov'id (ŏ-)
Pach'mann (pahk-)
Paderew'ski (-ĕv'skĭ)
Paganini (-ān-)
Pagliacci (pahl-yahch'ē)
Palame'des (-ēz)
Pal'amon
Palestri'na (-ē-)
Pal'las
Pall Mall (or pĕl'mĕl')
Palmyr'a
Panama (-ah)
Pa'phos
Pa'raguay (-gwā or -gwī)
Parnas'sus
Parsifal

Pas'teur (-ûr)
Patro'clus
Pau (pō)
Pausa'nias
Pavl'a
Peg'asus
Pekin'
Pel'leas (-ăs)
Peloponne'sus
Pe'lops
Penel'ope
Pennsylva'nia
Penthesile'a
Pepys (pēps or pĕp'ĭs or pĕp'ĭs)
Per'dita
Pergole'se (-lāz)
Per'icles (-ēz)
Pe'rrault (-rō)
Perseph'one
Persep'olis
Per'seus (-ūs)
Peru' (-o͞o)
Perugi'no (-o͞ojē-)
Peshawar (pĕ-shô'ĕr)
Pestalozzi (-tsē)
Pesth (-ĕst)
Pe'tra
Pe'trarch (-k)
Petru'chio (-o͞ok- or -o͞och-)
Phae'dra
Phil'lida
Phil'ash (-rē)
Philom'ela
Phile'mon
Pho'cis
Phœ'be (fē-)
Phœnic'ia (fē-)
Pier'rot
Piedmont (pē- or pyĕ- or pyā-)
Pie'rian (or -ē-)
Pietermaritzburg (pē-; or -rĭts')
Pila'tus (-lā-)
Pinero
Piræ'us
Pisa'a (-ē)
Plantag'enet
Pla'to
Pleiad (plī-)
Pliny
Plod'pers
Plu'tarch (-to͞o- -k)
Plym'outh (-ŭth)
Pole Carew (po͞ol' kâr'ĭ)
Polix'enes (-ēz)
Pol'inmo'lo (-ō-o͞o-ō-)
Polyb'ius
Polyhym'nia (-ĭ)

Tuileries (twē'lerē)
Tū'lin' (or ; tū'lin)
Tūrkistān'
Tuskē'gee
Tussaud's' (-sōz)
Ty'chō (-kō)
Tyn'dale (-dl)
Ty'rol (or tirōl' or tirōl')
Ty'rwhitt (-rit)
Ucalē'gon (ū-)
Uh'land (ōō-)
U'bet (ōō- ; or wist)
Uffizi (ōō- ; -tsē)
Upanishads (ū-)
Ur'anus (ūr ; or ū rā'nus)
Urdu (ōōrdōō' or oordōō')
Uriah (ūr-)
Uriel (ū-)
Urquhart (ûrkert)
Uruguay (ōō'rōōgwāy' or -ī)
Ush'ant (ŭ-)
Utah (ū'tah, ū'taw)
U'ther (ū-)
Utrecht (ūtrĕkt')
Valle cia (-sha or -tha)
Valenciennes' (-sēn)
Valhal'la
Val'kyrie
Val'ois (-wah)
Valparai'sō (-ī-)
Van'brugh (-broo)
Vandal
Vas'cō da Ga'ma (gah-)
Vath'ek
Vaughan (vawn)
Vauxhall (vŏks'hawl')
Ve'da (vā-)
Velas'quez (-kwĕz or -kās)
Vēn (vēn'a)
Vērde
Ver'di (vâr')
Vēr'dun (or vâr')
Vēr'gil
Verne (vârn)
Vēronese (-sā)
Vē'raiam (-dō-)
Vesu'vius
Vicky (vik'ē)
Victor'ia
Vī'gō
Vil'lers (-lâr)
Vinci (-chē)
Viola
Vir'gil
Vir'gō
Vosges (vōzh)
Wa'bash (waw-)

Wadham (wŏd'am)
Wag'ner (vah-)
Waldegrave (wawl'g-)
Walpurgis (vălpoor'gis)
Wan'tage (wŏn-)
Wapp'ing (wŏ-)
Wā'ring
Warwick (wŏr'ik)
Watteau (wŏtō')
Wauke'sha (-ē , -sha)
Wear (river) (wēr)
We'ber (vā-)
Wednesbury (wĕnz'b-)
Wei'mar (vī-)
Weis'senfels (vī-b-)
Wel'wyn
Wemyss (wēmz)
We'ser (vā- or wē-)
Whewell (hūl)
Wiesbaden (vēz'bah-)
Wind'sor (-zer)
Wis'bech (-bē)
Wiscon'sin
Wool'wich (ŏŏl)
Wŏt'ton
Worcester (wŏŏs'ter)
Wōrms (v- ; -ō)
Wrek'in (r-)
Wych'erley
Wy'cliff
Wy'combe (-kum)
Wyk'eham (-kam)
Wymondham (wind'am)
Wyō'ming
Xa'vier (z-)
Xen'ophon (z-)
Xerxes (z- ; -z)
Xoxe (kō'zā)
Yeats (yāts)
Yemen (yĕ-)
Yeo'vil (yō-)
Yokohama (-hah-)
Yosem'ite
Ypres (ēpr, wī'perz)
Ysaye (ēzī')
Yucatan' (ū- ; -tahn)
Zachari'ah (-ī-)
Zeiss (tsīs)
Zer'matt (-t)
Zē'nō
Zeus (zūs)
Zimbab'wē (-bah-)
Zō ē
Zō'la
Zōroas'ter
Zurich (zoo'rik)
Zuy'der Zee' (zī-)

B ABBREVIATIONS

A

A., also answer; avancer (on watch-regulator = to accelerate).
a.(djective)
A.A., Automobile Assoc.; anti-aircraft.
A.A.A., Amateur Athletic Assoc., Agricultural Adjustment Administration (U.S.).
A.A.A.S., American Association for the Advancement of Science.
A.A.F., Auxiliary Air Force.
A.A.G., Asst. Adjutant-General.
A.A. of A., Automobile Association of America.
A.A.U., Amateur Athletic Union (of U.S.).
A.B., able-bodied seaman.
A.B.C., the alphabet, alphabetical time-table.
A.B.F.M., American Board of Foreign Missions.
ab init.(io) (= from the beginning).
abl.(ative).
Abp., archbishop.
A.B.S., American Bible Society
abs.(olute)
A.C., Alpine Club, ante Christum (= before Christ); alternating current.
acc., account, accusative.
A.D., anno Domini (= in the year of our Lord).
A.D.C., aide-de-camp, Amateur Dramatic Club.
ad fin.(em) (= towards the end).
ad init.(ium) (= at the beginning).
adj.(ective).
Adj., adjutant.
ad lib.(itum) (= to the extent desired).
Adm., Admiral; Admiralty
adv.(erb)
advt. advertisement.
Æ, third-class in Lloyd's list.
A.E.C., Army Educational Corps.
Aen.(eid).
Aes.(op).
Aesch.(ylus).
aesth.(etics, &c.).
aet., aetat., aetatis (= of his &c. age).
A.E.U., Amalgamated Engineering Union.
A.F., Adm. of the Fleet.
A.F.A., Amateur Football Assoc.
A.F.B.S., American and Foreign Bible Society
A.F.C., Air Force Cross, Australian Flying Corps.
A.F.L., American Federation of Labour
A.F.M., Air Force Medal.
A.F.S., Auxiliary Army Fire Service.
A.F.V., armoured fighting vehicle.
A.G., Adjutant-Gen., air gunner.
A.H.M.S., American Home Missionary Society
A.I., American Institute.
A.Inst.C.E., associate of the Institution of Civil Engineers.
a.l.(s.) autograph letter (signed).
A.L.A., American Library Assoc.
Ala., Alabama. (tuar.)
Alban., of St. Albans (see Cantuar.)
alg.(ebra &c.).
A.M. = M.A.
a.m., ante meridiem (= before noon); anno mundi (= in the year of the world)
A.M.D.G., ad majorem Dei gloriam (= to the greater glory of God).
A.M.G.O.T., Allied Military Government of Occupied Territory
A.M.P.C., Auxiliary Military Pioneer Corps.
A.M.S., Army Medical Staff.
Amer.(ican).
anat.(omy &c.).
anon.(ymous &c.).
ant.(iquities)
anthrop.(ology &c.). [Army Corps.
Anzac, Australia & New Zealand
A.O.C., Army Ordnance Corps.
A.O.D., Advanced Ordnance Depot.
A.P.A., Amer. Philological Assoc.
A.P.C.K., Association for Promoting Christian Knowledge (Church of Ireland).
A.P.D. Army Pay Dept.
A.P.M., Asst. Provost-Marshal.
Apocr.(ypha)

app.(endix).
appro.(val).
Apr.(il).
A.Q.M.G., Asst. Q.M. General.
A.R., annual return.
A.R.A., associate of the Royal Academy.
arch. (aic &c., architectural).
archaeol.(ogy &c.).
archit.(ecture &c.).
A.R.C.M., A.R.C.O., associate of the Royal College of Music, of the Royal College of Organists.
Argyl.(lshire).
A.R.I.B.A., associate of the Royal Institute of British Architects.
Arist., Aristot., Aristotle.
Aristoph.(anes).
arith.(metic &c.).
Ariz.(ona).
Ark.(ansas).
A.R.P., Air-raid Precautions.
arr.(ives &c.).
A.R.S.A., associate of the Royal Society of Arts, of the Royal Scottish Academy.
A.R.W.S., associate of the Royal Society of Painters in Water-colours.
A.S., Anglo-Saxon.
Asaph., of St. Asaph's (see Canterbury).
A.S.C., Army Service Corps.
A.S.C.E., A.S.M.E., American Soc. of Civil Engineers, of Mechanical Engineers.
ASDIC, Allied Submarine Detection Investigation Committee (used for form of hydrophone).
A.S.E., A.S.L.E. & F., A.S.R.S., Amalgamated Soc. of Engineers; Associated Soc. of Locomotive Engineers & Firemen; Amalgamated Soc. of Railway Servants.
ASLIB, Assn. of Special Libraries and Information Bureaux.
Assoc.(iation).
Asst., assistant.
A.S.S.U., American Sunday School Union.
astrol.(ogy &c.).
astron.(omy &c.).
A.T.C., Air Training Corps.
A.T.S., American Temperance Society; American Tract Society; Auxiliary Territorial Service.
A.U., Angstrom unit.
A.U.C., ab urbe condita (= from the founding of Rome).
Aug.(ust).
a.u.n., absque ulla nota (= unmarked).
A.V., authorized version.
A.V.C., Army Veterinary Corps.
avdp., avoirdupois.
A 1, first-class in Lloyd's list.

B

B.(ook).
b., born; bowled.
B, black (of pencil).
B.A., bachelor of Arts; British Academy; British Association.
Bart, baronet.
Bart's, St. Bartholomew's Hospital.
Bath & Well., of Bath & Wells (see Canterbury).
B.B., balloon barrage.
BB, BBB, double-black, treble-black (of pencil).
B.B.C., British Broadcasting Corporation; bromo-benzyl-cyanide (a poison gas).
B.C., before Christ; British Columbia.
B.C.A., Bureau of Current Affairs.
B.C.L., bachelor of Civil Law.
B.Com., bachelor of Commerce.
B.D., bachelor of Divinity.
Bdr, bombardier.
bds, boards (in bookbinding).
B.E., Order of the British Empire.
B.E.A.C., British European Airways Corporation.
Beds., Bedfordshire.
B.E.F., British Expeditionary Force.
Berks.(hire).
B.F.B.S., British & Foreign Bible Soc.
b.h.p., brake horse-power.
bibl.(ical &c.).
B.I.F., British Industries Fair.
biog.(raphy &c.).
biol.(ogy &c.).
B.I.S., Bank of International Settlements.
B.L., bachelor of Law.
b.l., bill of lading.
Bn, battalion.
B.R.C., Brewster Offer
B.O.A.C., British Overseas Airways Corporation.
B.O.T., Board of Trade.
bot.(any &c.).

B.P., British Public, Pharmacopoeia.
b.p., boiling-point.
Bp., bishop.
B.R., British Railways.
brev.(et).
Brit(anniarum) (= of the Britains).
Bros, brothers.
B.Sc., bachelor of Science.
B.S.T., British summer time.
Bt, baronet.
B.Th.U., British thermal unit.
Bucks., Buckinghamshire.
B.U.F., British Union of Fascists.
B.U.P., British United Press.
B.V.M., the Blessed Virgin Mary.
B.W., Board of Works.
B.W.G., Birmingham wire gauge.
B.W.T.A., British Women's Temperance Assoc.
B. & S., brandy and soda.

C

C., Centigrade, Conservative.
c., caught; cent(s); century; chapter; circa; circular; cold; cubic.
C.A., chartered accountant (Scot.).
Caer.(ar)
C.A.G., Civil Air Guard.
Cal.(ifornia).
Cambs., Cambridgeshire.
Can.(ada)
Cant.(icles)
Cantab., of Cambridge.
Cant.T., Canterbury Tales.
Cantuar., of Canterbury (the signature of certain bishops consists of their Christian name(s) or initial(s) followed by an abbreviation of the Latin adj. of place).
C.A.P., chlor-aceto-phenone (a poison gas).
cap.(ut) (= chapter).
caps, capital letters.
Capt.(ain).
Card.(inal).
Carliol., of Carlisle (see Cantuar.).
Cat.(holic)
C.B., Companion of the Bath; confinement to barracks.
C.B.E., Commander of the B.E.
C.C., County Council(lor); cricket club.
cc., chapters; cubic centimetre(s).
C.C.C., Corpus Christi College; Civilian Conservation Corps (U.S.).
C.C.S., casualty clearing station; Ceylon Civil Service.
Cd., Command Paper, series to 1918 inclusive (presented to Parliament by command of His Majesty). See Cmd.
c.d.v., carte-de-visite.
C.E., Church of England; Civil Engineer.
C.E.A., Central Electricity Authority.
C.E.M.A., Council for the Encouragement of Music and the Arts.
Cent.(igrade).
Cestr., of Chester (see Cantuar.).
C.E.T.S., Church of England Temperance Soc.
C.F., Chaplain to the Forces.
cf., confer (= compare).
C.G., coastguard, Coldstream Guards.
cg., centigram.
C.G.M., Conspicuous Gallantry Medal.
c.g.s., centimetre, gramme, second (as elements in a system of physical measurements).
C.G.T., Confédération Générale du Travail (France = General Confederation of Labour).
C.H., Companion of Honour.
ch., chap., chapter.
Ch. Ch., Christ Church.
chem.(ical, &c.).
Ches.(hire).
Chron.(icles)
Ch.(ero) [Imtr.].
Cicestr., of Chichester (see Cantuar.).
C.I.D., Criminal Investigation Dept.; Committee of Imperial Defence.
C.I.E., Companion of the I.E.
c.i.f., cost, insurance, and freight.
C.I.G.S., Chief of Imperial General Staff.
C. in C., Commander-in-chief.
C.I.O., Committee for Industrial Organization (U.S.).
circ., circa, circiter.
C.J., Chief Justice.
cl., centilitre; class; clause.
C.M., common metre.
cm, centimetre.
C.M.B., (certificated by) Central Midwives Board.
Cmd, Command Paper, series from 1919 inclusive. See Cd.

C.M.G., Companion of the Order of St. Michael and St. George.
C.M.S., Church Missionary Soc.
C.N.R., Civil Nursing Reserve.
C.O., *Colonial Office*; commanding officer; conscientious objector.
Co., company; county (in Ireland).
c/o, care of.
C.O.D., cash on delivery.
C. of E., Church of England.
cogn.(ate).
Col., colonel; Colorado; Colossians.
col.(umn).
Coll.(ege).
colloq.(uial &c.).
comp.(arative).
compl.(ement).
con.(tra).
conj., conjugation; conjunction.
Conn.(ecticut).
constr.(uction &c.).
Co-op.(erative Soc.).
Cor., Corinthians; Coriolanus.
Corn.(wall).
Corp.(oral).
correl.(ative &c.).
C.O.S., Charity Organization Soc.
c.p., *candle-power*.
cp., compare.
C.P., Common Pleas; Clerk of the Peace.
Cpl., corporal.
C.P.R., Canadian Pacific Ry.
C.P.R.E., Council for the Preservation of Rural England.
C.R., *Caledonian Ry*.
Cr., credit(or).
cres.(cendo).
crim. con., criminal conversation.
C.S.A., *Confederate States Army*; Confederate States of America.
C.S.C., Conspicuous Service Cross.
C.S.I., Companion of the Star of India.
C.S.M., Company sergeant-major.
C.S.N., Confederate States Navy.
C.T.C., Cyclists' Touring Club.
C.U., Cambridge University.
C.U.A.C., C.U. Athletic Club.
C.U.A.F.C., C.U. Assoc. F.C.
cu.(bic).
C.U.B.C., C.U. Boat Club.
cum.(ulative).
Cumb.(erland).
C.U.R.F.C., C.U. Rugby F.C.
C.V.O., Commander of the Victorian Order.
C.W.A., Civil Works Administration (U.S.).
C.W.S., Co-operative Wholesale Society.
cwt, hundredweight.
c & b, caught and bowled by.

D

d., daughter; dele (= expunge); denarius (= penny); deputy; departs &c.; died.
D.A.A.G., Deputy A.A.G.
D.A.G., Deputy Adj.-General.
dec., deceased.
decl., declension.
decresc., decrescendo.
Dan.(iel).
dat.(ive).
D.B.E., Dame C.B.E.
D.C., da capo (= repeat ab init.); direct current; District of Columbia.
D.C.L., doctor of Civil Law.
D.C.L.I., Duke of Cornwall's L.I.
D.C.M., Distinguished Conduct Medal.
D.D., doctor of Divinity; dono dedit (= gave this as a gift).
D.D.D., dat dicat, dedicat (= gives, devotes, and dedicates this).
D.D.T., dichloro-diphenyl-trichloro-ethane.
Dec.(ember).
def.(inite).
Del.(aware).
del.(ineavit) (= drew this).
Demonstr.(ative).
dep.(arts &c.).
Dept, department.
deriv.(ation &c.).
Deut.(eronomy).
D.F.C., D.F.M., Distinguished Flying Cross, Medal.
D.G., Dei gratia (= by God's grace); Dragoon Guards.
dg., decigram.
dial., dialect &c.; dialogue.
dim., diminuendo; diminutive &c.
div.(ided).
D.L., Deputy Lieutenant.
dl., decilitre.
D.L.I., *Durham L.I.*
D.Lit., doctor of Literature.
D.Litt., (at Aberdeen) Litt.D.
D.L.O., Dead Letter Office.
D.M.I., *Director, Military Intelligence*.

dm., decimetre.
D.N.B., Dictionary of National Biography
do., ditto.
dol.(lars).
D.O.M., Deo Optimo Maximo (= to God the best and greatest)
D.O.R.A., Defence of the Realm Act.
D.O.W.B., Dept. of Works and Buildings.
doz.(en)
D.P., double pole.
D.P.I., Director of Public Instruction.
D.Phil., doctor of Philosophy
Dr debtor doctor
dr.(achm).
Dram. Pers., dramatis personae (= characters of the play).
D.S., dal segno (= repeat from the mark); Distinguished Service.
D.S.C., D.S. Cross.
D.Sc., doctor of Science.
D.S.M., D.S.O., D.S. Medal, Order.
D.T., delirium tremens.
Dunelm., of Durham (see Cantuar.).
D.V., Deo volente (= God willing)
dwt, pennyweight.
dyn.(amics &c.).

E

E.(ast)
E, second-class in Lloyd's list.
Ebor. of York (see Cantuar.).
E.C., E. Central London postal district.
eccl.(esiastical &c.).
Eccles.(iastes)
Ecclus., Ecclesiasticus.
Ecl., Eclogues of Virgil.
E.C.U., English Church Union.
Ed.(itor &c.).
E.D.D., E.D.S., English Dialect Dictionary Society
E.E.T.S., Early English Text Soc.
e.g., exempli gratia (= for instance).
E.G.M., E.M. for Gallantry Military Division.
E.I., East Indies; East Indian.
E.I.S., Educational Institute of Scotland.
electr.(ical &c.)
ellipt.(ical &c.)
E. long.(itude).
E.N.E., east north-east.
E.N.S.A., Entertainments National Service Association.
entom.(ology &c.)
E.P.T. Excess Profits Tax.
Eph.(esians).
E.R. E. Rex; Elizabeth Regina (= Queen Elizabeth).
E.R.P. European Recovery programme.
eschat.(ology &c.)
E.S.E., east south-east.
esp.(ecially).
Esq.(uire)
Esth.(er).
etc.(etera).
eth.(ics &c.).
ethn.(ology &c.).
et seq., et sqq., et sq., et seqq., et sequentia (= and what follows)
E.T.U., Electrical Trades Union.
etym.(ology &c.).
euphem.(ism &c.).
Evang.(elical).
Exch.(equer).
Exc(y), Excellen(cy)
exclam.(ation).
exc., except; excudit (= engraved).
excl.(usive &c.).
ex div.(idend).
Exod.(us).
Exon., of Exeter (see Cantuar.).
exor(s), executor(s)
Ezek.(iel)
E. & O.E., errors and omissions excepted.

F

F.(ahrenheit).
f., feet, feminine, filly; foot, franc(s), from.
f.(orte) (= loud).
F fine (of pencil).
F.A., Football Association.
F.A.A., Fleet Air Arm.
Fahr.(enheit)
F.A.N.Y. First Aid Nursing Yeomanry
F.A.P., First Aid Post, Party
f.a.s., free alongside ship.
F.B.A., fellow of the British Academy
F.B.I., Federal Bureau of Investigation (U.S.); Federation of British Industries.
F.C., football club.
fcap, fcp, foolscap.
F.C.I.S., fellow of the Chartered Institute of Secretaries, Inc.
F.C.S., fellow of the Chemical

F.D., fidei defensor (= defender of the faith).
Feb(ruary).
fem.(ale) (= female).
F.E.I.S., fellow of the E.I.S.
F.E.S., fellow of the Entomological Soc., *of the Ethnological Soc.*
fem.(inine).
ff., fortissimo (= very loud).
F.F.A., F.F.P.S., fellow of the Faculty of Actuaries, of Physicians and Surgeons.
F.G., Foot Guards.
F.G.S., fellow of the Geological Society.
F.H., fire hydrant.
F.H.S., F.I.A., F.I.C., fellow of the Historical Soc., of the Institute of Actuaries, of the Institute of Chemistry.
fid. def. = F.D.
fi. fa., fieri facias (= see it is done).
fig., figure; figuratively &c.
fin. = ad fin.
fl., florin(s); floruit (see flor.).
f.l., falsa lectio (= false reading).
Fla., Florida.
flor.(uit) (= flourished).
F.L.S., fellow of the *Linnean* Society.
F.M., Field Marshal.
F.M.S., Federated Malay States.
F.O., Foreign Office; flying officer.
fo., folio.
f.o.b., free on board.
fol(io).
foll(owing words &c.).
f.o.r., free on rail.
F.P., field punishment; fire-plug.
fp., forte piano (= loud, then soft).
F.P.S., fellow of the Philological Society.
Fr., Father.
Fr(ench).
Fri(day).
F.R.A.S., fellow of the Royal Astronomical Society.
F.R.C.O., fellow of the R.C.O.
F.R.C.P., fellow of the R.C.P., F.R.C.P.E., ditto of Edinburgh.
F.R.C.S., fellow of the R.C.S., F.R.C.S.E., ditto of Edinburgh, F.R.C.S.I., ditto of Ireland.
F.R.G.S., fellow of the R.G.S.
F.R.I.B.A., fellow of the R.I.B.A.
Frl., fräulein (= Miss).
F.R.S., fellow of the Royal Society, F.R.S.E., ditto of Edinburgh.
F.R.S.G.S., F.R.S.L., fellow of the Royal Scottish Geographical Soc., the Royal Soc. of Literature.
F.S., Fleet Surgeon.
F.S.A., fellow of the Society of Antiquaries.
F.S.S., fellow of Royal Statistical Soc.
ft., feet, foot.
fur(long).
fut(ure).
F.Z.S., fellow of the Zoological Society

G

g., guinea; gramme(s).
Ga., Georgia.
Gal(atians).
gal(lon)(s).
G.B.E., Knight (or Dame) Grand Cross of the British Empire.
G.C., George Cross.
G.C.B., Grand Cross of the Bath.
G.C.F., greatest common factor.
G.C.H., Grand Cross of Hanover.
G.C.I.E., Grand Commander of *the Indian Empire.*
G.C.M., greatest common measure.
G.C.M.G., Grand Cross of St. Michael and St. George.
G.C.S.I., Grand Commander of the Star of India.
G.C.V.O., Grand Cross of Royal Victorian Order.
Gen., General; Genesis.
gen., general; genitive.
geog(raphy &c.).
geol(ogy &c.).
geom(etry &c.).
Georg., Georgics of Virgil.
G.G., Grenadier Guards.
G.H.Q., General Headquarters.
G.I., Government issue (U.S.A.; freq. for = enlisted man).
Gib(raltar).
Gk., Greek.
Glam(organshire).
Glos., Gloucestershire.
gm., gramme(s).
G.M., George Medal; Grand Master.
G.M.B., Grand Master of the Bath.
G.M.T., Greenwich mean time.
G.N.R., Great Northern Ry.

G.O.C., General Officer commanding.
G.O.M., grand old man.
G.P., general practitioner.
G.P.I., general paralysis of the insane.
G.P.O., General Post Office.
G.Q.G., Grand Quartier Général.
G.R., General Reserve; Georgius Rex (= King George).
gr., grain(s); grammar.
gram.(mar).
grm., gramme(s).
gs., guineas.
G.W.R., Great Western Ry.
gym.(nasium &c.).

H

h.(our(s)).
H, hard (of pencil).
Hab.(akkuk).
H. & C., hot and cold.
H.A.C., Honourable Artillery Co.
Hag.(gai).
Hants, Hampshire.
HB, hard black (of pencil).
H.B.M., His (or Her) Britannic Majesty.
H.C.F., highest common factor.
H.E., His Excellency; high explosive.
Heb.(rews).
hecto.(gram).
hectol.(itre).
hectom.(etre).
Herod.(otus).
Herts., Hertfordshire.
Hes.(iod).
H.F., high frequency.
hf bd, half-bound.
hf cf, half-calf.
H.G., High German, Holy Ghost, Horse Guard; Horse Guards.
hg., hectogram.
H.H., His (or Her) Highness.
HH, double-hard (of pencil).
hhd, hogshead.
HHH, treble-hard (of pencil).
H.I.H., His (or Her) Imperial Highness.
H.I.M., His (or Her) Imperial Majesty.
H.L., House of Lords.
hl., hectolitre.
H.L.I., Highland Light Infantry.
H.M., Her (or His) Majesty.
hm., hectometre.
H.M.I.(S.), Her Majesty's Inspector (of schools).
H.M.S., Her Majesty's ship.
H.M.T., Her Majesty's trawler.
H.O., Home Office.
Hom.(er).
Hon., honorary; honourable.
Hor.(ace).
Hos.(ea).
h.p., horse-power.
H.Q., head-quarters.
hr, hour.
H.R.H., His (or Her) Royal Highness.
H.S.H., His (or Her) Serene Highness.
H.T., high tension.
ht wkt, hit wicket.
Hunts, Huntingdonshire.

I

I., Island(s) Isle.
i.(ntransitive).
I.A., Indian Army.
Ia, Iowa.
ib., ibid., ibidem (= in the same place).
I.C.S., Indian Civil Service.
I.D., Intelligence Dept.
id.(em) (= the same).
i.e., id est (= that is).
i.h.p., indicated horse-power.
IHS, Jesus.
Il.(iad).
Ill.(inois).
I.L.P., Independent Labour Party.
imperat.(ive).
imperf.(ect).
in., inch(es).
incl.(usive &c.).
incog.(nito).
Ind.(iana).
ind.(icative).
indecl.(inable).
indic.(ative).
inf.(initive); infra (= below).
infin.(itive).
init.(io) (= at the beginning).
I.N.R.I., Jesus Nazarenus Rex Judaeorum (= Jesus of Nazareth King of the Jews).
inst.(ant) (= in the present month).
int.(erjection).
intr.(ansitive).
inv.(enit) (= designed this).
I. of M., Isle of Man.
I. of W., Isle of Wight.

M.I.E.E., M.I.Mech.E., member of the Institute of Electrical Engineers, of Mechanical Engineers.
Min.(istry).
Mk., mark(s).
ml., millilitre.
Mlle, Mademoiselle.
Mlles, Mesdemoiselles.
M.M., Military Medal.
MM, Messieurs.
mm., millimetre.
Mme, Madame.
Mmes, Mesdames.
M.O., medical officer.
Mo., Missouri.
mod.(ern).
mods, moderations.
M.O.H., medical officer of health.
M. O. I., Ministry of Information.
Mon.(mouthshire).
Mont.(ana).
morphol.(ogy &c.).
M.P., member of Parliament; Military Police
m.p., melting-point.
m.p., mezzo piano (= half soft).
m.p.g., m.p.h., miles per gallon, hour
M.P.S., member of the Pharmaceutical Soc.
M.R., Master of the Rolls; Midland Ry; municipal reformer.
Mr (see dictionary).
M.R.A.S., member of the Royal Asiatic Society
M.R.C.P., member of the R.C.P.
M.R.C.S., member of the R.C.S.
M.R.C.S.E., ditto of Edinburgh
M.R.C.V.S., member of the Royal College of Veterinary Surgeons.
M.R.I.A., member of the Royal Irish Academy
Mrs (see dictionary).
M.R.S.T., member of the Royal Society of Teachers.
MS., manuscript.
M.S.L., mean sea level.
MSS., manuscripts.
M.T., Motor Transport.
Mt, Mount.
M.T.B., motor torpedo-boat.
M.T.O., Mechanical Transport Officer.
mus.(ic &c.).
Mus.B., Mus.Bac., Mus.D., Mus. Doc., musicae baccalaureus, doctor (= bachelor, doctor, of Music).
M.V., motor vessel.
M.V.O., member of the Royal Victorian Order
M.W.B., Metropolitan Water Board.
Mx, Middlesex.
myth.(ology &c.).

N

N.(orth).
n., neuter; nominative; noon, noun.
N.A.A.F.I., Navy Army & Air Force Institutes.
N.A.L.G.O., National Assn. of Local Government Officers.
N.A.(S) Nursing Auxiliary (Service).
N.A.T.O., North Atlantic Treaty Organization.
naut.(ical &c.).
nav.(al &c.).
N.B., North Britain; New Brunswick; nota bene (= note well).
n.b., no ball.
N.C., North Carolina.
N.C.B., National Coal Board.
N.C.O., non-commissioned officer.
n.d., no date.
N.C.W., National Council of Women.
N.D.C., National Defence Contribution.
NE., north-east.
Neb.(raska).
N.E.D., New English Dictionary (= O.E.D.).
neg.(ative &c.).
Neh.(emiah).
nem. con., nem. dis., nemine contradicente, dissentiente (= no one objecting, dissenting).
N.E.R.A., National Emergency Relief Administration (U.S.).
neut.(er).
Nev.(ada).
N.F., Newfoundland.
N.F.S., National Fire Service
N.F.U., National Farmers' Union.
N.H., New Hampshire.
N.H.S., National Health Service.
N.J., New Jersey
N.L.(iberal)
N.L.C., N.L.F., National Liberal Club, Federation.
N.Mex., New Mexico.
NNE., north north-east.
NNW., north north-west.
N.O., natural order.
No, numero (= in number) [ber.
N.O.D., Naval Ordnance Dept.
nom.(inative).

non-com., = N.C.O.
Northants, Northamptonshire.
Northumb.(erland)
Norvic., of Norwich (see Cantuar.).
Nos., numbers.
Notts, Nottinghamshire.
Nov.(ember)
n.p., new paragraph.
n.p. or d., no place or date.
N.R.(iding)
nr, near.
N.R.A., National Rifle Assoc., National Recovery Act, Administration (U.S.).
N.S., new style; Nova Scotia.
N.S.A., National Skating Assoc.
N.S.E.C., National Service Entertainments Council.
N.S.P.C.C., Nat. Soc. for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children.
N.S.W., New South Wales.
N.T., New Testament.
Num.(bers).
N.U.R., N.U.S.E.C., N.U.T., N.U.W.S.S., National Union of Railwaymen, Societies for Equal Citizenship, Teachers, Women's Suffrage Societies.
N.W., north-west.
N.W. Prov.(inces)
N.W.T., N. Western Territories.
N.Y., New York.
N.Z., New Zealand.

O

O.(hio).
ob.(iit) (= died).
Obad.(iah).
O.B.E., Officer of the B.E.
obl.(ong).
obs.(olete)
O.C., officer commanding.
Oct.(ober).
oct.(avo).
O.C.T.U., Officer cadets training unit.
Od.(yssey).
O.E., Old English.
O.E.D., Oxford English Dictionary.
O.E.E.C., Organisation for European Economic Co-operation.
O.F., Old French.
O.F.M., Order of Friars Minor.
O.F.S., Orange Free State.
O.H.M.S., on H.M.'s service.
O.K., all correct ("okay).
Okla.(homa).
Ol.(ympiad)
O.M., Order of Merit.
O.N., Old Norse.
onomat.(opoeic &c.)
Ont.(ario)
O.P., opposite prompt side; = O pip Old Playgoers (Club).
o.p., out of print, over proof.
op.(us)
op. cit., opere citato (= the work cited).
O pip, observation post.
opt., optative, option &c.
Oreg.(on)
orig.(inal &c.).
ornith.(ology &c.).
O.S., old style; ordinary seaman; outsize.
O.S.A., O.S.B., O.S.D., O.S.F., of the Order of St. Augustine, Benedict, Dominic, Francis.
O.T., Old Testament.
O.T.C., Officers Training Corps.
O.U., Oxford University.
O.U.A.C., O.U. Athletic Club.
O.U.A.F.C., O.U. Assoc. F.C.
O.U.B.C., O.U. Boat Club.
O.U.D.S., O.U. Dramatic Soc.
O.U.R.F.C., O.U. Rugby F.C.
Ov.(id)
Oxon., Oxfordshire; of Oxford (see Cantuar.).
oz, ounce(s).

P

P (car-)park.
p., page, perch(es)
p.(iano) (= soft).
Pa., Pennsylvania.
palaeog.(raphy &c.).
palaeont.(ology &c.).
par.(agraph).
pass.(ive)
path.(ology &c.).
Pent.(ateuch).
P.A.Y.E., pay as you earn (= Income Tax Payments).
P.C., police constable; post-card; Privy Council(lor).
p.c., per cent.; post-card.
P.D., potential difference.
pd, paid.
P.E.N. (Club), poets, playwrights, essayists, editors, and novelists.
perf.(ect).
per pro.(curationem) (= by proxy)
Pers.(ian).

Ry, railway
R.Y.S., Royal Yacht Squadron.
R, recipe.
R, rupee(s).
Rx, tens of rupees.

S

S., (air-raid) shelter; Signor; soprano; South.
s., second; shilling; singular; son.
S.A., Salvation Army; South Africa; Sturm-Abteilung (= Nazi storm-troops).
Sal.(ut)
Salop, Shropshire.
Sam.(uel)
Sarum., of Salisbury (see Cantuar.).
Sask.(atchewan).
S.A.T.B., soprano, alto, tenor, bass.
S.C., South Carolina; special constable.
SCAPA, Soc. for Checking the Abuses of Public Advertising.
sc., sch. sculpsit (= carved).
scil.(icet) (= to wit).
S.C.M., State certified midwife; Student Christian Movement.
sculps.(it) (= carved).
s.d., several dates.
S. Dak., South Dakota.
S.D.F., Social Democratic Federation.
SE., south-east.
Sec.(retary).
sec.(ond).
sect.(ion)
Sen.(ate).
sen., senr., senior
Sept., September; Septuagint
seq. seqq., = et seq. (earl)
s.f., sub finem (= towards the end).
sf (sforzando) (= with sudden emphasis).
S.G., specific gravity. (phasis)
s.g.d.g. sans garantie du gouvernement (= without Government guarantee).
Sgt., sergeant
S.H., School House
S.H.A.E.F., Supreme Headquarters Allied Expeditionary Force
sh.(illing)
S.I.C., specific inductive capacity
Sing.(ular),
S.J.A.B., St. John Ambulance Brigade.
S.J., Society of Jesus.
Skr., Sanskrit.
S. Lat., South latitude.
S.M., Sergeant-Major short metre.
s.o., sub-office.
Soc.(iety)
sociol.(ogy &c.).
Sons of Sol.(omon).
Soph.(ocles).
S.O.S. (see dictionary).
sov., sovs, sovereign(s) (coin).
S.P.C.K., Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge.
S.P.E., Society for Pure English.
S.P.G. Society for the Propagation of the Gospel.
sp. gr., specific gravity,
S.P.Q.R., senatus populusque Romanus (= the Roman senate and people); small profits and quick returns.
S.P.R. Society for Psychical Research.
sq.(uare).
sq., sqq., et seq.
S.R., Southern Railway
Sr, senior
S.R.N., State registered nurse.
S.R. & O., statutory rules & orders.
S.S., screw steamer; Schutz-Staffel (= Nazi special guard)
SS., Saints.
SSE., south south-east.
S.S.U., Sunday School Union.
SSW., south south-west.
St, Saint; street.
st stone (weight); stumped.
Staffs, Staffordshire
stat.(ics &c.).
St. Ex., Stock Exchange.
stg, sterling.
S.T.P., sacrosanctae theologiae professor (= professor of Sacred Theology).
str stroke oar
S.T.S., Scottish Text Society
sub., subaltern; subscriber; substitute.
subj., subject &c.; subjunctive.
subst., substantive, substitute.
Suff.(rsgan).
suf.(fix).
Sult.(an)
sup.(ra) (= above).
superl.(ative).

suppl.(ement &c.).
Supt., superintendent.
Surg.(eon &c.).
sus. per col., suspensio per collum (= hanging by the neck).
s.v., sub voce, verbo (= under that word).
SW, south-west.
S.W.G., standard wire gauge.
syn.(onym &c.).
S. & M., Sodor & Man.

T

T.(enor).
T.A., Territorial Army.
Tas.(mania)
T.B., torpedo-boat, tuberculosis.
T.B.D., T.B. destroyer.
T.C., Tank Corps; temporary constable.
T.C.D., Trinity College, Dublin.
tech.(nical &c.).
t.e.g., top edge gilt.
temp.(ore) (= in the period of).
Tenn., Tennessee.
Ter.(race).
Ter.(ra).
T.F., Territorial Force.
theat.(rical &c.).
Theoc.(ritus).
theol.(ogy &c.).
theos.(ophy &c.).
Thess.(alonians).
Thuc.(ydides).
Tib.(ullus).
T.I.H., Their Imperial Highnesses.
Tim.(othy).
Tit.(us).
T.N.T., trinitrotoluene.
T.O., turn over.
Toc H., Talbot House.
trans.(itive).
transl.(ation &c.).
T.R.C., Thames Rowing Club.
Treas.(urer).
T.R.H., Their Royal Highnesses.
trig.(onometry &c.)
tr., transpose.
Truron., of Truro (see Cantuar.).
T.S.H., Their Serene Highnesses.
T.U.C., Trades Union Congress.
T.V.A., Tennessee Valley Authority (U.S.).
typ.(ography &c.)
t. & o., taken and offered.

U

u.c., upper case.
U.D.C., Urban District Council, Union of Democratic Control.
U.K., United Kingdom.
U.K.A., United Kingdom Alliance.
ult.(imo) (= in last month).
U.N.O., United Nations Organization.
U.N.E.S.C.O., United Nations Educational, Scientific, and Cultural Organization.
U.N.R.R.A., United Nations Relief and Rehabilitation Administration.
U.P., United Presbyterian; United Provinces.
u.p., under proof.
U.S., United States.
U.S.A., U.S. of America; U.S. Army.
U.S.M., U.S. Mail; U.S. Marine.
U.S.M.A., U.S. Military Academy.
U.S.N., U.S. Navy.
U.S.N.A., U.S. Naval Academy.
U.S.S., U.S. Senate; U.S. ship or steamer.
U.S.S.R., Union of Soviet Socialist Republics.

V

v., verb; versus (= against); vide (= see).
Va., Virginia.
v.a., vb active.
V.A.D., Voluntary Aid Detachment.
var.(iant).
v.aux., vb auxiliary.
vb, verb.
V.C., Vice-Chancellor; Victoria Cross.
V.D., venereal disease.
v.dep., vb deponent.
Ven.(erable).
verb. sap., verb. sat. sap., verbum (satis) sapienti (= a word to the wise).
v.f., very fair.
V.G., Vicar-General.
v.g., very good.
v.i., vb intr.
V.I.P., very important person.
Virg.(il).
viz, videlicet (= namely).
v.l., varia lectio (= variant reading).
v.n., vb neut.
voc.(ative).
vol.(ume).
V.R., Victoria Regina (= Queen Victoria); Volunteer Reserve.

Ry, railway.
R.Y.S., Royal Yacht Squadron.
R, recipe.
R, rupee(s).
Rs, (rare of rupees).

S

S., (air-raid) shelter; Signor; soprano; South.
s., second; shilling; singular; son.
S.A., Salvation Army; South Africa; Sturm-Abteilung (= Nazi storm-troops).
Sall(ust).
Salop, Shropshire.
Sam(uel).
Sarum, of Salisbury (see Cantuar.).
Sask(atchewan).
S.A.T.B., soprano, alto, tenor, bass.
S.C., South Carolina; special constable.
SCAPA, Soc. for Checking the Abuses of Public Advertising.
sc., scil., sculpsit (= carved).
scil(icet) (= to wit).
S.C.M., State certified midwife; Student Christian Movement.
sculp(sit) (= carved).
s.d., several dates.
S. Dak., South Dakota.
S.D.F., Social Democratic Federation.
SE., south-east.
Sec(retary).
sec(ond)s.
sect(ion).
Sen(ate).
sen., senr, senior.
Sept., September; Septuagint.
seq., seqq., = et seq.
s.f., sub finem (= towards the end); sforzando (= with sudden emphasis).
S.G., specific gravity.
s.g.d.g., sans garantie du gouvernement (= without Government guarantee).
Sgt, sergeant.
S.H., School House.
S.H.A.E.F., Supreme Headquarters Allied Expeditionary Force.
sh.(illing).
S.I.C., specific inductive capacity.
sing.(ular).

S.J.A.B., St. John Ambulance Brigade.
S.J., Society of Jesus.
Skr. Sanskrit.
S. lat., south latitude.
S.M., Sergeant-Major; short metre.
s.o., sub-office.
Soc(iety).
sociol(ogy) &c.
Song of Sol(omon).
Soph(ocles).
S.O.S. (see dictionary).
sov., sovs, sovereign(s) (coin).
S.P.C.K., Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge.
S.P.E., Society for Pure English.
S.P.G., Society for the Propagation of the Gospel.
sp. gr., specific gravity.
S.P.Q.R., senatus populusque Romanus (= the Roman senate and people); small profits and quick returns.
S.P.R., Society for Psychical Research.
sq., sqq., et seq.
S.R., Southern Railway.
Sr, senior.
S.R.N., State registered nurse.
S.R. & O., statutory rules & orders.
S.S., screw steamer; Schutz-Staffel (= Nazi special guard).
SS., Saints.
SSE., south-south-east.
S.S.U., Sunday School Union.
SSW., south-south-west.
St, Saint; street.
st., stone (weight); stumped.
Staffs, Staffordshire.
stat(ute) &c.
St. Ex., Stock Exchange.
stg, sterling.
S.T.P., sacrosanctae theologiae professor (= professor of sacred theology).
str., stroke oar.
S.T.S., Scottish Text Society.
sub., subaltern; submarine boat; substitute.
subj., subject &c.; subjunctive.
subst., substantive; substitute.
Suet(onius).
suf(fix).
Suff(olk).
sup(ra) (= above).
superl(ative).

suppl.(ement &c.).
Supt., superintendent.
Surg.(eon &c.).
sus. per col., suspensio per collum (= hanging by the neck).
s.v., sub voce, verbo (= under that word).
SW., south-west.
S.W.G., standard wire gauge.
syn.(onym &c.).
S. & M., Sodor & Man.

T

T.(enor).
T.A., Territorial Army.
Tas.(mania).
T.B., torpedo-boat; tuberculosis.
T.B.D., T.B. destroyer.
T.C., Tank Corps; temporary constable.
T.C.D., Trinity College, Dublin.
tech.(nical &c.).
t.e.g., top edge gilt.
temp.(ore) (= in the period of).
Tenn., Tennessee.
Ter.(ence).
Ter.(ce)
T.F., Territorial Force.
theat.(rical &c.).
Theoc.(ritus).
theol.(ogy &c.).
theos.(ophy &c.).
Thess.(alonians).
Thuc.(ydides).
Th.(ursday)
T.I.H., Their Imperial Highnesses.
Tim.(othy).
Tit.(us)
T.N.T., trinitrotoluene.
T.O., turn over.
Toc H., Talbot House.
trans.(itive).
transl.(ation &c.).
T.R.C., Thames Rowing Club.
Treas.(urer)
T.R.H., Their Royal Highnesses.
trig.(onometry &c.)
trs., transpose.
Truron., of Truro (see Cantuar.).
T.S.H., Their Serene Highnesses.
T.U.C., Trades Union Congress.
T.V.A., Tennessee Valley Authority (U.S.).
typ.(ography &c.).
t. & o., taken and offered.

U

u.c., upper case.
U.D.C., Urban District Council, Union of Democratic Control.
U.K., United Kingdom.
U.K.A., United Kingdom Alliance.
ult.(imo) (= in last month).
U.N.O., United Nations Organization.
U.N.E.S.C.O., United Nations Educational, Scientific, and Cultural Organization.
U.N.R.R.A., United Nations Relief and Rehabilitation Administration.
U.P., United Presbyterian, United Provinces.
u.p., under proof.
U.S., United States.
U.S.A., U.S. of America, U.S. Army.
U.S.M., U.S. Mail, U.S. Marine.
U.S.M.A., U.S. Military Academy.
U.S.N., U.S. Navy.
U.S.N.A., U.S. Naval Academy.
U.S.S., U.S. Senate; U.S. ship or steamer.
U.S.S.R., Union of Soviet Socialist Republics.

V

v., verb; versus (= against); vide (= see).
Va., Virginia.
v.a., vb active.
V.A.D., Voluntary Aid Detachment.
var.(iant).
v.aux., vb auxiliary.
vb, verb.
V.C., Vice-Chancellor; Victoria Cross.
V.D., venereal disease.
v.dep., vb deponent.
Ven.(erable).
verb. sap., verb. sat. sap., verbum (satis) sapienti (= a word to the wise).
v.f., very fair.
V.G., Vicar-General.
v.g., very good.
v.i., vb intr.
V.I.P., very important person.
Virg.(il)
viz, videlicet (= namely).
v.l., varia lectio (= variant reading).
v.n., vb neut.
voc.(ative).
vol.(ume)
V.R., Victoria Regina (= Queen Victoria); Volunteer Reserve.

v.refl., vb reflexive.
V.S., veterinary surgeon.
Vt., Vermont.
v.t., vb trans.
Vulg.(ate).
vul(g)arly (sc.).
vv., verses.

W

W.(est).
w., wide; with.
W.A.A.F., Women's A.A.F.
w.a.f., with all faults.
W.A.F.S., Women's A.T.S.
War(wick)(shire).
Wash.(ington).
W.A.T.S., Women's A.T.S.
W.C., W Central.
w.c., water-closet.
W.C.A., Women's Christian Assoc.; Women Citizens' Assn.
W.D., War Department.
W.D.C., War Damage Contribution.
W.E.A., Workers' Educational Association.
w.f., wrong fount.
W.I., W Indies; Women's Institute.
Wilts(hire).
Winton., of Winchester (see Cantuar.).
Wis.(consin).
wk, week.
W/L, wave length.
W.L.A., Women's Land Army.
W long.(itude).
WNW, west north-west.
W.O., War Office; warrant officer.
Worcs, Worcestershire.
W.P., weather permitting.
W.P.A., Works Progress Administration (U.S.).
W.P.B., waste-paper basket.
W.R., War Reserve (police); West Riding.
W.R.A.F., W.R.N.S., Women's Royal Air Force, Naval Service.
W.R.I., War Risks Insurance.
W.S., writer to the signet.
W.S.P.U., Women's Social and Political Union.
WSW, west south-west.
W.T., wireless telegraphy.
wt, weight.
W Va, W. Virginia.
W.V.S., Women's Voluntary Services.
Wyo.(ming).

X

x.d., x-d., x-div., ex dividend.
Xen.(ophon).
x-i., ex interest.
Xmas, Christmas.
Xt, Christ.
Xtian, Christian.

Y

yd, yard.
y^e, the.
Y.M.C.A., Young Men's Christian Association.
Yorks(hire).
Y.P.S.C.E., Young People's Society for Christian Endeavour.
yr, year.
Y.W.C.A., Young Women's Christian Association.

Z

Zech.(ariah).
Zeph.(aniah).
zool(ogy) &c.

PRINTED IN GREAT BRITAIN
AT THE UNIVERSITY PRESS, OXFORD
BY CHARLES BATEY, PRINTER TO THE UNIVERSITY
800 37